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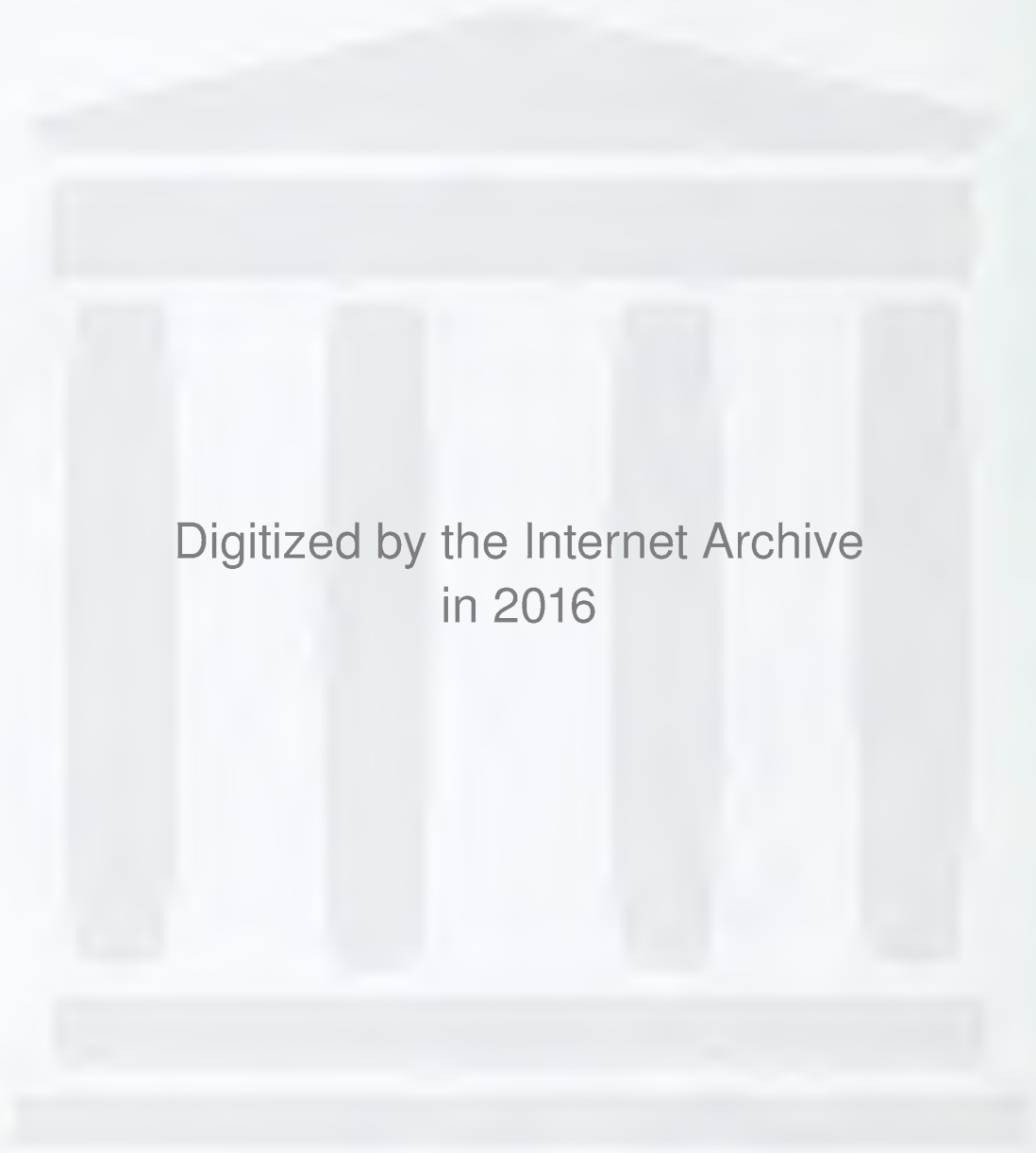
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Memorial Record

OF THE

COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA

AND

CITY OF CLEVELAND,

OHIO

Pt. 2

ILLUSTRATED.

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THE LEWIS PUBLISHING COMPANY.
1894.

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William A.,—both at home. Mrs. Kirkland is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

In political matters, Mr. Kirkland votes with the Republican party, and since October 13, 1890, has held the position of Postmaster. He is the oldest living male representative of this family.

CHARLES CORLETT, deceased, was one of the prominent business men at Warrensville, Ohio. Of his life we make record as follows:

Charles Corlett was born on the Isle of Man, February 27, 1820, son of William and Eleanor (Cain) Corlett, both natives of that place. In July, 1827, the family emigrated to America, and upon their arrival here settled at Newburg, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where the mother died at the age of sixty-seven years. The father reached the advanced age of ninety-two, dying in Cleveland. He was an Episcopalian and took great interest in religious matters. In their family were eight children, four sons and four daughters, namely: William; May Gill, deceased; John, deceased; Thomas, a prominent Episcopal minister of Cleveland, Ohio; Jane Clark; Charles, whose name heads this article; Eliza, deceased; and Eleanor.

In Newburg Charles Corlett was reared, his education being received here and in Cleveland. Early in life he learned the trade of bricklayer, and this trade he has followed for half a century, working in many of the Western States. For fifteen years he was employed by William Hutchings, of Chagrin Falls, Ohio. In 1851 he made the trip from New York to California. It was in 1858 that he settled on the place where he recently died, which was then known as the Bowell farm. This farm comprises ninety-four acres, and is situated two miles and a quarter from the city limits.

Mr. Corlett was married in 1857 to Princilla Bowell, who was born near Warren, Trumbull county, Ohio, daughter of Zadick and Anna (Hill) Bowell, the former a native of Fayette county, Pennsylvania, and the latter of Virginia. Mr. Bowell moved to Ohio at an early day, and here he and his wife spent the residue of their lives, she being seventy-eight at the time of her death and he ninety-three. They had twelve children, some of whom died in infancy, a record of the others being as follows: Angelina, deceased; Thomas, deceased; Margaret, deceased; Nancy, wife of William Stillman, also of Orange township; Rachel, deceased; Princilla Corlett; Eliza Pierson, deceased; and Reese, deceased. Mr. Corlett had four children: Walter H., now engaged in railroading; Arthur R., Assessor for Warrensville township; and Anna Mary and C. Bert, at home. Mr. Corlett died March 4, 1891, a highly honored citizen.

The Corlett family are ranked with the leading people of the community in which they live. Mrs. Corlett is a zealous member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Politically, Mr. Corlett voted with the Democratic party, and for half a century was a member of the I. O. O. F.

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GEORGE W. VAUGHAN, engineer of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, became connected with railroad service in 1881, when he engaged to run the rod for the Pan-Handle Company, on maintenance of way on the Pittsburg Division. Mr. Vaughan was on this work in various capacities for two years, when he became assistant engineer. In 1884 he was appointed supervisor of the third subdivision of the Pan-Handle, performing those duties until February, 1887, when he returned to the position of assistant engineer, filling it about one month, when he joined the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Company as assistant engineer; in February, two years later, was made division engineer, and in February, five years later, was made engineer for the whole line.

Mr. Vaughan was born at Pawcatuck Bridge, Connecticut, November 11, 1859. His com-

mon-school training was reinforced by a systematic course of theory and practice in two New England colleges to prepare him for his professional career,—Warner's Polytechnic College at Providence, Rhode Island, and the Rhode Island Institute of Technology. He was not a boy of unlimited means, or even in easy circumstances, and whatever he accomplished while a student was done, we infer, under some difficulties. During the summer season he was employed on field work, both surface and sewer, putting to practical test his previous winter's term of theory. Prior to taking up his professional studies Mr. Vaughan learned carriage-making, but never followed it. On completing his engineering course he secured a fireman's berth on a passenger steamer on Barnegat bay and Torres river, demonstrating his ability as a first-class fireman. He was secured next by the Potter Printing Press Company, of Plainfield, New Jersey, as draftsman, and the February following went to the Pan-Handle Railroad Company as rodman. Mr. Vaughan is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, and is thoroughly equipped for the profession he has chosen.

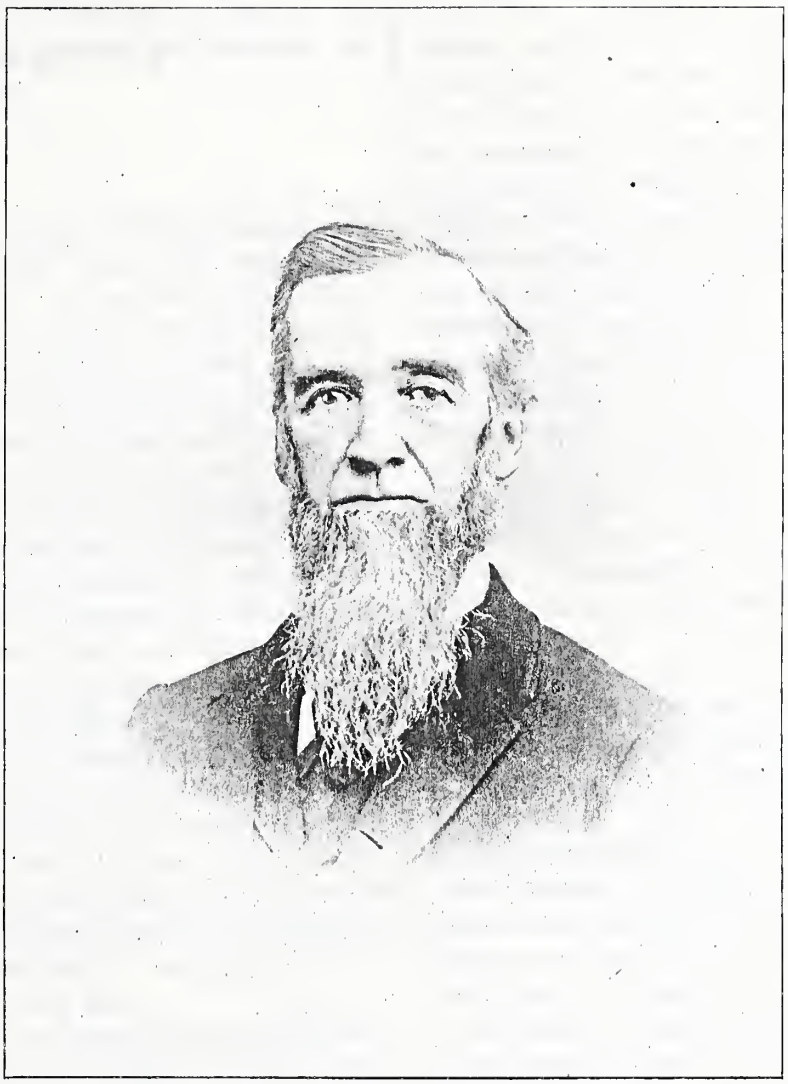
Mr. Vaughan is the son of John G. Vaughan, a carriage-maker and iron-molder, who was born in Rhode Island, in 1826, and died in 1887. He was employed for thirty years with Cottrell & Babcock, printing-press manufacturers of Pawtucket. He married Susanna S. Barber, who bore twelve children, eight of whom are living. In February, 1891, Mr. Vaughan married, in Westfield, New York, Fannie S. Minton, a daughter of John H. Minton, an uncle of George M. Pullman. Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan have one child, Dorothy, aged fourteen months.

JOHN W. WARDWELL, receiver of the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad, and for more than thirty-five years identified with railroad service, was born in Salisbury, Merrimac county, New Hampshire, June 1, 1832. His father was a carriage builder and of moderate means, and was able to provide his children with only such school advantages as were offered in the village school, supplemented by a brief period in Salisbury Academy.

At sixteen years of age young John cast off the student's routine and took up life's sterner duties by entering a dry-goods store in Concord, New Hampshire, as a clerk, and remained there till March, 1851, when the United States & Canadian Express Company offered him a place in their employ as driver and later as messenger, serving till May, 1858, when he went to railroading with the Boston & Montreal Railroad as passenger conductor, and remained with the company until March, 1865, serving in the meantime by promotion as paymaster and cashier, concluding his service in the latter position. His next position was with the Rutland & Burlington Railroad as general agent stationed at Burlington, Vermont. In January, 1870, he retired from this road and became, on August 1st following, general passenger agent of the Concord Railroad, and gave eleven years of his best service in this capacity, retiring in 1881 and accepting the position of freight agent of the Boston & Lowell Railroad, with headquarters in Boston. In January, 1886, he was invited to become general superintendent of the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad, accepting and assuming his duties the same month. This official relation existed until September 15, 1893, when Judge Ricks appointed him one of the receivers of the road.

Mr. Wardwell's father was Reuben Wardwell, born in Pembroke, Merrimac county, New Hampshire, in 1802. He bore the title of Captain because of his service as commanding officer of a company of light infantry, New Hampshire militia. He married Mary Webster, daughter of Israel Webster, a Revolutionary patriot and a tiller of the soil, and died at thirty-six years of age. Jeremiah Wardwell, our subject's grandfather, was likewise born in New Hampshire.

Reuben Wardwell's children were: Jeanette, deceased; Harriet, deceased; George; Charlotte;



R. E. Smith

Abial, deceased; Mary and John W. The last named was married in October, 1853, in Gilmanton, New Hampshire, to Mary J. Fifield, a daughter of Benjamin Fifield, a farmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wardwell are the parents of Charles W., in Cleveland, and Mary F.

Politically Mr. Wardwell was reared and educated a Whig, and cast his first vote for John C. Fremont.

ROLLIN CHASE SMITH, youngest son of Hiram and Anna Smith, was born at the foot of the western slope of the Green mountains, in Monkton, Addison county, Vermont, March 12, 1827. On his mother's side he is the seventh in descent from Aquila Chase, who emigrated from England to Massachusetts in 1630. The stock from which he descended was prolific in eminent men, the greatest of whom perhaps was Salmon Portland Chase, who was twice elected Governor of Ohio, twice United States Senator, was Secretary of the Treasury in the cabinet of Abraham Lincoln, and subsequently Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

The subject of this sketch has been both fortunate and unfortunate, fortunate in being both able and willing to absorb some of the honor necessarily derived from so noble an ancestry, and unfortunate in not being able, though willing, to contribute anything, as he says, to the common fund; but he has contributed considerable, as we shall see.

His paternal grandparents had twelve children, —eleven sons and one daughter. In his father's family were two sons and one daughter, namely: Phebe, born in 1819 and died in childhood; Philemon Brown, born in 1821, and died in Missouri in 1887; and Rollin C., who alone survives.

In the spring of 1835 his father determined to anticipate Horace Greeley's advice and "go West." Accordingly he with his family and household effects embarked on a canal boat at Vergennes, Vermont, which was towed by the steamboat Com. McDonough down Otter creek six miles, to Lake Champlain, and then across that lake to Whitehall, New York, where they exchanged the Commodore for mules, which drew them by way of the Champlain canal to Troy, New York, thence by the Erie canal to Buffalo, and thence they came by the steamer Pennsylvania to the then village of Cleveland, Ohio, where they arrived in June, 1835, weary but undismayed, and all, save the youngest boy, fierce for the coming conflict with the almost unbroken forest. The family first settled in the township of Mayfield, Cuyahoga county, where they remained three years, and then removed to Bedford in the same county. Here Mr. Smith divided his time between hard work—"when he could not evade it," he says—on his father's farm, and hard study, which he seemed to relish more, in the district school, and in a select school at Bedford village, taught, at different periods, by Professors Whipple, Adams and Hawley. Subsequently he continued his efforts to obtain the necessary qualifications for teaching by attending the Twinsburg Institute, a somewhat noted school at Twinsburg, Ohio, managed by Rev. Samuel Bissell, and later at Allegheny College, at Meadville, Pennsylvania.

He read law two years under the direction of Samuel Adams, Esq., of Cleveland, and medicine one and a half years under Dr. S. U. Tarbell, of Bedford, this State, but abandoned the visions both of the woolsack and of a life as "aid to the undertaker," and returned to his "first love," the school-room.

He began his long career as a schoolmaster in the autumn of 1845, in the township of Orange, Cuyahoga county, and ended it in the high school in the township of Warrensville, same county, forty-three years later, having spent his entire life as a pedagogue in the two counties of Cuyahoga and Summit. He has the satisfaction of knowing that he was almost always called, and generally chosen, never having applied for more than three schools in his life. In the meantime he served two terms of three

years each on the Board of County School Examiners in Summit county, and four terms in the same office in Cuyahoga county, also several terms as president of the County Teachers' Institute.

On November 10, 1853, he made the happiest hit of his life by leading, "of her own free will," to the matrimonial altar Miss Isabelle R. Deisman, second daughter of H. L. and Letitia Deisman, and for which stroke of good policy he has been "proud of himself" ever since. He has had seven children, namely: Ida Bell, born in 1856; Charles P., 1858; George S., 1865; Henry L., 1868; Lettie M., 1871; James W., 1875; and Rollin C., Jr., 1879,—all of whom are living except the youngest, who died of scarlet fever at the age of three years and seven months. Ida B. is married to James S. Viers, Esq.; Charles P. is editor and proprietor of a newspaper, "The Bedford News-Register;" George S. is an upholsterer in the chair factory of Hon. V. A. Taylor; Henry L. is a civil engineer; Lettie M. is a compositor and the forewoman in the office of the News-Register; and James W. is a student in the Bedford high school.

About the year 1864 Mr. Smith was again fortunate, in joining Summit Lodge, No. 213, F. & A. M., and soon thereafter became a member of Summit Chapter, No. 74, R. A. M. He had the honor to preside as M. E. H. P. over his chapter for three consecutive terms. Subsequently he dimitted from Summit Lodge and became a charter member of Bedford Lodge, No. 375, F. & A. M., and is now serving his third term as Worshipful Master of the same. He is also P. W. P. in Bedford Division, No. 81, S. of T., and is also "high private" in the "rear rank," as he terms it, in Goldenrod Lodge, No. 467, Knights of Pythias.

In 1882 he was elected Justice of the Peace, served a term of three years and retired, but crowned with all the honors that he craved in that direction.

He is now approaching the evening of life, and is endeavoring so to live that when the summons comes to join the innumerable caravan, he may, sustained and soothed by the belief that his life has not been all in vain, put his hand in that of the grim messenger, and in friendly companionship, without a murmur and without regret, pass on to the great majority, "where the wicked cease from troubling and where the weary are forever at rest."

JAMES LAING has been for many years one of the most extensive dealers in live-stock in Bedford township and has become thoroughly identified with the agricultural interests of this locality.

He was born in Roxburg, Scotland, September 2, 1840, a son of James and Betty (White) Laing, also natives of Scotland. The father emigrated with his family to the United States in 1850, and settled in Ohio, locating 100 acres of land in Cuyahoga county. Here he died in 1859, his wife having passed away in 1850. Both were worthy members of the Presbyterian Church, and politically Mr. Laing voted with the Republican party. They had thirteen children, eleven of whom still survive: Annie, relict of John Dawson; Elizabeth, relict of Horace E. Harriman; and Euphemia, relict of George Thomas,—reside in Bedford township; George and Robert are prosperous farmers in the same locality, the former residing on his fine farm of 240 acres; Margeret is the wife of Robert Forbes, the well-known Bedford merchant; Jessie, wife of John Waller, of Solon; Jane resides in Kansas, wife of Eugene Wilcox; and Mary is the wife of William Walton, of Twinsburg, in Summit county. George White and Andrew died in infancy.

James was a lad of ten years when the family came to Bedford. He was reared on the home farm, and as he grew to manhood developed unusual ability in the management of the various departments of agriculture, but gave his attention more particularly to the purchase of live-stock for the numerous dairies in the

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neighborhood, embarking in the business at the age of eighteen, and visiting at stated periods southerly and westerly portions of the State and sections of Michigan and Indiana. The sturdy young Scotchman soon won for himself a reputation for honesty in business, and with a full share of native tact, coupled with temperate habits and business zeal and integrity, has amassed a fair competence, and gained the confidence and respect of the community. He now owns a valuable tract of 200 acres, chiefly devoted to the grazing of live-stock. The buildings are large and conveniently arranged for the various purposes to which they are devoted.

During the late Civil war Mr. Laing served with honor as a member of the One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. Politically, he supports the principles of the Republican party, but in his close application to personal business has not aspired to public office. He belongs to Royal Dunham Post, No. 177, G. A. R.

Mr. Laing was married in 1880, to Miss Mary, the daughter of James and Eliza Titterington, of Orange township. Our subject and wife are the parents of five children,—Annie D., Mattie P., George Alexander, John W. and J. Leonard.

R. N. BENNET, a well-known and respected citizen of Warrensville township, Cuyahoga county, was born in a log house on the farm which he still owns, June 10, 1831, a son of Robert P. and Olive (Casey) Bennet, natives of Bennington, Vermont., the former born in 1796 and the latter in 1799. The father was a soldier in the war of 1812. In 1818 he came to Warrensville township, where he was among the first settlers, and the country was then inhabited by wild beasts. Mr. Bennet died at the age of eighty-one years, his wife having departed this life when seventy three years old. The former was a farmer by occupation, was first a Whig and later a Republican in his political views, and was a member and zealous worker in the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. and Mrs. Bennet had two children. The daughter Orilla Viana, was born January 28, 1817, was married to Francis Pike, and her death occurred in Ladora, Iowa county, Iowa.

R. N. Bennet, our subject, received his education in the old log schoolhouse of his locality, and was early inured to farm labor. He now owns a fine farm of ninety-eight acres in Warrensville township, where he has a comfortable residence, good barns, and other improvements. January 1, 1855, by Rev. Thomas Smith, he was united in marriage with Anna Cooper, a native of England and a daughter of Thomas and Ann (Wesbel) Cooper, also born in that country. They came to America in 1836, locating in Orange township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. The father died at Warrensville, at the age of eighty-eight years, and the mother died at the home of Mrs. Bennet, in her ninety-fourth year. They had nine children, viz.: William, Mary, Thomas, Eliza, James, Homer (deceased), John, Ennice, Homer and Anna. Mr. and Mrs. Bennet have seven children: Charles M., a resident of Warrensville, is married, and has three children—Lilly, Pearl and George; Hiram, of Chagrin Falls, has one daughter, Nettie; Robert P., a resident, of Cleveland, Ohio; Eliza A., wife of Charles Sayle, of Warrensville, and they have two children, Ennice and Harry; Cora B., wife of William Moore, of Cleveland, and they have one child, Olive Pearl; Olive A., wife of F. Nelson, a resident of this township; and Dolly May, at home. One child, George, died September 1, 1875, at the age of two years.

A. W. PADDOCK, a farmer of Olmstead township, settled there in 1861. He was born in Rockport township, in 1839, a son of Elias Denton and Delia (Nicholson) Paddock. His father, a native of Essex county, New York, came to Cuyahoga county

when a young man, with his father, Anthony Paddock, who came to this county in 1827, settling in Rockport township, where he died. In the same township Mr. Elias Denton Paddock grew up and married, and in 1860 came to Olmstead township, locating on Butternut Ridge, which he ever afterward made his home. He died in 1877. His wife still resides in this township. Of their eleven children five grew up, namely: A. W., who is the subject of this brief sketch; O. I., who resides in this township: he enlisted in 1862, in the Fifteenth Ohio Independent Battery, and served through the war; Mortimer F., who was a member of the same battery, and died here, in 1866; and Herbert L., also a member of the same regiment. He was married in 1868, and went to California in the spring of 1871, and his whereabouts is now unknown.

Mr. Paddock, our subject, was reared in Rockport township, and has been engaged in farming. In 1861 he enlisted in the Eighth Ohio Infantry, Company H, for three months, at the expiration of which time he re-enlisted in the same company and was assigned to the Army of the Potomac, wherein he participated in the battles of Winchester, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Wilderness and Gettysburg, and was honorably discharged in 1864, at Columbus, Ohio. During the service he received a gunshot wound. He now owns a good farm of thirty acres.

In his political views he is a Republican, and in his social relations he has been a member, ever since its organization, of Olmstead Post, No. 634, G. A. R., of which he is the present Commander. Of this body he has been Senior Vicar, Chaplain and Adjutant. He and his wife are members of the Second Congregational Church.

In 1865 in Cleveland, Mr. Paddock married Elmina Stearns, a daughter of Sidney and Martha Stearns, natives of Eastern States and now residing in Michigan. Mrs. Paddock's grandfather, Alvah Stearns, a native of one of the Eastern States, was one of the first settlers in Olmstead township, and resided there during his life. Mr. and Mrs. Paddock have had three children, viz.: Gertie, wife of Henry Daily and residing in Rockport: Mr. Daily is in the railroad service; the other two children are Ruby and Roy.

HENRY A. GRIFFIN, editor of the Sun and Voice, and president of the Voice Publishing Company, was born in the village of Waterdown, near the city of Hamilton, Ontario, of Welsh and English ancestry. Both of his parents died while he was an infant, and at a very early age he was thrown upon his own resources. The village school and a term or two in the Hamilton grammar school, supplemented by independent studies and reading, while earning a living as clerk and bookkeeper, supplied Mr. Griffin with the rudiments of an education.

In 1865, at the age of twenty years, he removed to Wyandotte, Michigan, and engaged in mercantile business on his own account. A taste for literary work induced him to undertake the publication of a newspaper in that town, the Wyandotte Enterprise, in connection with his other business, in 1872. The venture was successful, and four years later the paper was removed to Detroit and thereafter issued under the name of the Wayne County Courier. In 1880 Mr. Griffin sold the Courier and became a member of the staff of the Detroit Evening News, having previously attracted notice by some good special work for that and other Detroit dailies. In 1882 he was assigned to the managing editorship of the Buffalo Telegraph, then owned by the Evening News Company; and a year later moved to Cleveland to accept a position as editorial writer on the Press, which he filled for three years.

In 1886 the late Edward Cowles offered Mr. Griffin a responsible position, with larger opportunities, on the staff of the Leader, which was accepted and filled, until April, 1891, when

he became secretary of the Board of Control and private secretary to Mayor Rose, under the then new Federal plan of municipal government. In February, 1892, he was appointed Director of Police, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Colonel J. W. Gibbons. At the close of Mayor Rose's official term Mr. Griffin purchased a controlling interest in the stock of the Voice Publishing Company.

Mr. Griffin was married in 1867, to Miss Mary Imogene DeKalb, of An Sable Forks, New York, and they have one daughter living.

JOHN COLAHAN, a representative citizen of Cleveland, has been a resident of this city all his life, having been born here, in September, 1840, a son of Samuel and Harriet (Hedges) Colahan, both deceased. His father, a native of Quebec, was a printer by occupation in earlier life, and later was in mercantile business and finally in real estate. He was but five years of age, in 1813, when he was brought to Cleveland, by his parents, who were of Irish and French nativity. Samuel Colahan resided in Cleveland all his life from the age of five years, excepting the two years he spent in Massillon and Circleville. He followed mercantile business until 1838, from which time he was engaged in real estate until his death, in 1886. His wife, a native of Virginia, died in 1887. They had five children.

Early in life Mr. John Colahan engaged in mercantile business, then was a dealer in fire brick, sewer pipe, etc., representing one firm for thirteen years; but since 1874 he has been a dealer in real estate, giving this business his entire attention, and making a specialty of central manufacturing property. He has erected several residences, and is in charge of several large estate. In 1891 he effected one of the largest real-estate deals ever made in this city, the consideration being $241,000 cash, and within the next twelve months he sold upward of $400,000 worth of property. He thoroughly understands his business, as he has from the start evinced a disposition and ability to be thorough, reliable and efficient in the making of sales. The same qualities keep him aloof from "politics," by which term is generally meant political trickery to some extent. He has been active in the business world and one of the most progressive men of the city. He is laboring diligently for the centralization of business at Cleveland, and has already accomplished much in this direction. Is sincere in his efforts, frank and honest, and proposes nothing but what is honorable. He has great hopes for the future greatness of the already great city of Cleveland, believing that in time it will become one of the few first cities in size and business character in the United States. He handles probably as much property as any other man in the city. His office is in the Beckman Block.

In 1867 he married Celia De Long, a native of Summit county, Ohio.

H. M. DOTY, M. D., who has been for many years identified with the interests of Chagrin Falls, is a native of the State of Ohio, born at Bainbridge, Geauga county, September 21, 1848. His parents, Frederick and Harriet Ann (St. John) Doty, were natives of Connecticut and New York respectively; they emigrated to Ohio in 1835, and there passed the remainder of their lives. They reared a family of seven children, three of whom are deceased. When there was a call from the Nation in her hour of need, two of the sons took up arms in her defence, and went bravely to the front; A. M. was a member of the Ninety-ninth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and E. F. served in the navy; the former resides in Portage county, Ohio, but the latter is deceased. The paternal grandfather of our subject was David Doty, a native of Connecticut, and a member of an old family of New England.

Dr. Doty received his literary education in the common schools of Chagrin Falls and at Oberlin, Ohio, and when he had finished his course engaged in teaching. While this profession offered a wide field of usefulness he preferred the more serious calling of medicine. He began the study of the science under Drs. Curtis and Walters, was successively under the tuition of Drs. J. M. Lewis and B. F. Holliday; Prof. John Bennett was also one of his instructors. Entering Western Reserve Medical College, he was graduated with the class of 1873, and immediately thereafter located at Chagrin Falls. Here he has established a large practice and has taken his place among the leading practitioners of the county.

In politics he supports the issues of the Republican party, and has twice been the choice of that body for the office of Mayor of the town. His career in this capacity has been characterized by the faithful and able discharge of his duty. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Golden Gate Lodge, No. 245, F. and A. M., Chagrin Falls Chapter, No. 152, R. A. M., and Oriental Commandery No. 12, K. T., of Cleveland. As a member of the School Board Dr. Doty was untiring in his efforts to raise the standard of education, and has labored zealously to increase the facilities for securing to every youth that training that will make him a safeguard to the Republic which has fostered him.

Dr. Doty was united in marriage in 1874, at Chagrin Falls, to Arvilla P. Goodell. Mrs. Doty was born, reared and educated in this county, and was previous to her marriage prominently identified with the work of the leading educators of the State.

WILLIAM GIFFIN, one of the old retired citizens of Cleveland, was born in Tompkins county, New York, February 13, 1815, a son of John and Lois (Thorp) Giffin, both of whom are now deceased. They reared a family of three children: Louisa J. and Hannah are both deceased, William being the only surviving one. He first emigrated to Ohio in 1835, and after spending two years upon the frontier, returned to New York State. In 1871 he came back to Ohio, and settled in Cleveland where he has since resided. He is a mason and builder by trade, and devoted the best years of life to this work. As his declining years approached he gave up more active pursuits, and is now living in quiet retirement.

He was married in Huron county, Ohio, April 2, 1837, to Miss Jane K. Warner, a daughter of Justice and Mary (Sperry) Warner, and to them were born four children: Louisa J., wife of Charles M. Lusk, is the mother of two sons, Rollin W. and Milton W.; Rollin S. married Elizabeth Pinkney, and they have one daughter, Jessie W.; E. Adaline is the widow of A. K. Hobart, who died in 1882 at the age of thirty-eight years; John W. married Carrie M. Gascoigne, and to them was born one child, Herbert E.; the mother died in 1888, at the age of twenty-eight years. Mr. Giffin's second marriage was to Annis Kidder-Coleman, and thay have one child, Adaline. The mother of this family died April 15, 1893, at the age of seventy-seven years. She had been a member of church over fifty years. From Our Church Greeting, published for the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church, April 23, 1893, the following is quoted:

"Our sister, Mrs. Jane K. (Warner) Giffin, wife of William Giffin, was born in Burlington, Vermont, and came to Cleveland when seventeen years of age. She was married to William Giffin in 1837, and in 1887 they celebrated their golden wedding. They removed to Auburn New York, but returned to Cleveland in 1871, and have ever since made their home on Genesee avenue. On returning to this city she united with the Congregational Church by letter from the Baptist Church of Auburn, New York.

"Mrs. Giffin was a woman of deep spiritual nature and profound religious experience. She was never weary in well doing, and found her

daily joy in unselfish ministries of counsel and help. The word of God was her constant companion and the songs of Zion were often on her lips. The poor and needy always found her a wise adviser and a generous helper, and all whose lives in any way touched hers took knowledge of her, that she lived in daily fellowship with Christ."

Mr. Giffin and the children are Church members. In politics he adheres to the Republican party.

STRATON S. OGILVY, a well known and much respected citizen of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Montrose, Forfarshire, Scotland, June 29, 1820. In his native land he spent the first fourteen years of his life. Then he entered upon a seafaring life, and for eighteen years ran on the Baltic sea, stopping at the various ports of Russia, Sweden and Denmark. After that he spent twelve months in Scotland, studying navigation, and at the end of that time again launched out on the deep. He sailed all over the world, visiting all the different countries on the globe, and crossing the Equator twenty-one different times. For five years he was an apprentice in the employ of W. S. Gladstone. Then he served in the capacity of second mate, later as first mate, and finally as captain. While on a voyage to New York, in 1842, he met with an accident in which both his legs were broken, the result being that he abandoned the sea.

Upon his arrival in America in 1842, Mr. Ogilvy came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, to visit his brother John, and while here he purchased 152 acres of land in Strongsville township, the farm upon which he now lives. Soon after this he returned to Scotland and married Miss Eliza Lourie, and brought his bride with him to Ohio. They made their home on the farm he had purchased for about a year and a half, and then, on account of his wife's declining health, they returned to Scotland. She never fully recovered her health, although she lived for a number of years, and finally died in her native land. They had six children, five of whom reached adult years, namely: David J.; Weller E., who died of lockjaw; Harry; William; and Charles S., who died from the effects of a wound received from an engine while he was working in the machine shops at Cleveland. Mr. Ogilvy continued to reside in Scotland for twenty years, and in the meantime was married there again, the maiden name of his second wife being Mary King. She bore him two children, only one of whom, Charles S., lived. She accompanied him on his return to America, and her death occurred in Strongsville township. His third wife, *nee* Sarah Morris, also died in this township. March 10, 1886, he was married in Cleveland, Ohio, to Mrs. Eliza H. Ody, *nee* Harry, a native of Wiltshire, England, born October 19, 1835. Her first husband, Thomas Ody, died March 9, 1883, leaving her with five children, besides whom four had died, as follows: Thomas, George, Antoinette, John, Adeline, Sarah, Theresa, Francis J. and Amelia. Two of these had married before Mrs. Ody's union with Mr. Ogilvy.

Mr. Ogilvy has resided in Strongsville township since 1863 and farming has been his sole business since that time. He owns 132 acres of fine land, well improved and under a high state of cultivation.

Mrs. Ogilvy has been a member of the Methodist Church since 1866, and for over five years has been Superintendent of the Sunday school.

ANDREW J. AIKEN, chief engineer of the Fairmount water-works, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Brooklyn, Cuyahoga county, this State, January 29, 1834, son of William and Betsey (Clark) Aiken, both natives of Connecticut.

Mr. Aiken was educated in his native town, and early in life chose for his occupation the business of engineer. He ran the engines in

the gristmills of Poe, Kelley and Selden & Sargeant previous to 1862, and that year went on the steam tug, S. C. Ives. He was employed on the lakes from 1862 until 1872. In 1872 he resigned his position on the Magnet and located in Cleveland. For ten years he was first assistant at division pumping station, and for eight years he has occupied his present position. During all this time he has never had a serious accident. On one occasion he risked his own life to save that of another man, and from the effects of injury received thereby was laid up for sixteen days. From the time he started out to make his own way in the world he has never been out of employment, and during his life in Cleveland and elsewhere he has ingratiated himself with his co-workers, his employers, and, indeed, all with whom he has come in contact.

Mr. Aiken was married September 25, 1864, to Miss Catharine Welsh, adopted daughter of Benjamin S. Welsh, of Cleveland. They have a family of seven children, namely: William was engineer on the John Harper, a lake steamer; Louis, machinist; Bettie Louisa, wife of a Mr. Small, has one child, Catherine; Ruth; Harry Lorenzo; Andrew J., Jr.; and Esther.

Of the adopted parents of Mrs. Aiken we make record as follows: Benjamin S. Welsh was one of the early pioneers of northern Ohio. He served in the war of 1812, and afterward for some time in the regular army, being stationed at Mackinaw Island, then a trading post. After his discharge, 1817, he settled in Cleveland, where he was well known as a pioneer tavern keeper for many years. He remained in this city up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1876, at the age of eighty-seven years. His wife, Sophronia Welsh, died in 1872, at the age of seventy-six. Both were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and were people of sterling qualities. Mrs. Welsh was noted far and near as an excellent nurse and good cook. Indeed, few of the pioneers of this city had a warmer place in the hearts of the people here than did this worthy couple. They had a family of four children besides the adopted daughter alluded to, namely: Oscar, who died in 1892, aged seventy years; James, who died in 1883; Lorelle, widow of James B. Wilber, is a resident of Chicago; and Roselia, wife of Henry Hows, of Indianapolis, Indiana.

Politically, Mr. Aiken is a Republican, as are his sons and as also was his father. He is a member of the Marine Engineers. Mrs. Aiken is a member of Beckwith Church.

JOHN BIRD, foreman of the "Big Four" round-house at Cleveland, was born in Toronto, Canada, May 13, 1850. Joseph Bird, his father, was a painter. He married Mary Turreff, a sister of ex-Superintendent Turreff, of the "Big Four," now deceased. Their children are: William, a locomotive engineer on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad; John and Elizabeth, unmarried.

John Bird learned blacksmithing near Toronto, Canada, but when he came to Cleveland in 1872 he went at once to railroading, becoming a fireman for the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company, running between Wellsville and Cleveland. In 1875 he left the Cleveland & Pittsburg and assumed charge of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling round-house at Lorain, Ohio. He was made an engineer in eighteen months and remained so five years, when he took charge of the Mattoon round-house in Illinois, and a year later returned to Cleveland and went into the Nickel Plate service as an engineer, running over the first three divisions of the road and remaining till July 8, 1890, when he quit to accept his present position.

June 12, 1881, Mr. Bird married, in Cleveland, Miss Hannah J., a daughter of Jesse Enoo. Mr. Enoo is one of the oldest residents of Cleveland, and a gentleman who has cast fifty-four annual ballots in this city. He is now eighty-

four years of age and in full possession of all his mental and physical powers. He came to Cleveland from New York, married here Mary Stanfield and reared four children, G. W. H., Hannah J., Mary and Sarah, the two latter being unmarried. Hattie Elizabeth is the only child of our subject, a girl of twelve years.

Mr. Bird is a member of the Royal Arcanum, of the A. O. U. W. and of the "Big Four" insurance association. He holds the office of Chaplain in the S. F. I.

MARTIN BOWEN SCOTT was born March 8, 1801, at Deerfield, Oneida county, New York. His birthplace was upon a farm owned by his father, Nathaniel Scott, whose farm lay about one-half mile west of the line between Herkimer and Oneida counties. He was a descendant of Richard Scott, who landed in Boston in 1633, off the ship Griffin and became the parent tree of the family in America. He moved to Rhode Island, where he was a contemporary of Roger Williams.

He embarked in business very early in life, first in connection with navigation upon the Mohawk river and the Erie canal, from 1822 to 1827, during a part of which period his home was at Utica, New York, and at Little Falls. He was for a time in the employ of Degroff, Watson & Company, which was in that day a leading forwarding house of Schenectady. In 1828 he resided at Whitehall, situated at the head of Lake Champlain, upon which lake he was interested in navigation, as well as upon the Champlain canal. In 1829 he removed to the city of Albany, New York, where he became the manager for Derevaugh, Butler & Company, and later the Thorn & Curtis Company, of Utica, which was of the Utica line of canal boats, the first line of canal boats that ever navigated the Erie Canal and Hudson river. In 1831 he and others formed a stock company called the Albany Canal Tow Boat Company, a steam transportation company between the cities of New York and Albany, and of this he became manager at Albany. In 1835 he removed to the city of New York, a place affording better opportunity for the successful management of the business of this transportation company.

A year later he found his health failing, by reason of his close application to business during a period of fourteen active years, and seeking medical aid it became his plan under the advice of his physician to retire, at least for a time, from a business career. He did so, and then traveled on horseback through the then new States of Indiana, Illinois, Michigan and Wisconsin. It was simply a tour that he made for the benefit of his health, but during his visit to this Western country he not only regained his health but formed a liking for the climate and local advantages afforded by this region, and, especially liking Cleveland, he decided upon coming to this city and making his future home here. His business in Cleveland consisted largely in storing and forwarding grain, and to a considerable extent (for those days) he also became interested in lake shipping, being the owner of several vessels which he operated in connection with his grain business. He built a steam elevator, which was the first brick building erected on the river front. He retired from active business in 1865, but was interested in Cleveland enteprises up to the time of his death, being president of the Mercantile Insurance Company, a director in the old Merchants' Bank, and a trustee of the Society for Savings. He died in 1872.

In 1838 he came to Cleveland, and on the 25th day of March of the following year he married Mary, the daughter of Samuel Williamson, a distinguished and well known citizen of this city, now deceased. Mrs. Scott was born in Cleveland February 11, 1813, and died October 1, 1859. At the time of her death she was the oldest native of Cleveland that had constantly resided in the place from the time of birth. Mr. and Mrs. Scott had seven children,

all of whom save Charles O. are deceased: two grew to maturity. Martin B. died in 1870, from fever contracted in the army service. He was a soldier in the One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio Volunteer infantry, while John W. died in 1873.

Charles O. Scott, one of the leading citizens of Cleveland, was born in this city and educated in the public schools here. After preparing for college in New Hampshire he entered Harvard College, but was not permitted to complete his course at college by reason of failing health. He visited Europe, returned to Cleveland and afterward became interested in the A. S. Herenden Furniture Company as a shareholder. In the interest of this business he was active until 1887, when the business was closed.

Mr. Scott has been a stockholder in a number of manufacturing enterprises, and has been very largely interested in Cleveland real estate, to the development of which he has materially contributed. He has been interested in some two or three allotments, and for the past seven years he has given his time and attention to his own private interests.

He is a young, active and successful business man. Socially, he sustains enviable relations. He is a patron of the Historical Society, being a life member, and is also a member of the Country Club and of the Chamber of Commerce, while politically he is a Republican.

S. W. MATHER, an undertaker and manufacturer of caskets at 1330 Pearl street and 909 Woodland avenue, Cleveland, was born in Herkimer county, New York, July 27, 1849, a son of Asaph and Betsey (Davis) Mather, natives also of that State. The father was born on the same farm, July 14, 1821, and his death occurred in December, 1892. The mother, born in 1822, departed this life in 1875. They were the parents of eleven children, six now living, namely: S. W., our subject; Emonr, a farmer by occupation, married Miss Mary Ann Sawyer; Asaph T., a railroad conductor, married Miss Katie Reynolds; Hattie Jane, wife of Eugene H. Edick, of Cleveland; Mary, now Mrs. Cooley; and William, a farmer by occupation, married a Miss Nottingham. All the children reside in Cattaraugus county, New York, excepting the subject of this sketch. The deceased children are: Huldah, who died at the age of twenty years, was the wife of Benjamin Thomas; Jeremiah, deceased at the age of two years; George, at the age of seventeen years; Henry married Alphreda Potter, and died when twenty-five years of age; and John, deceased in 1873, at the age of twenty-six years.

S. W. Mather, the subject of this sketch, worked at farm labor until twenty-two years of age, was then engaged in the grocery business at Cleveland one and a half years, next worked at the carpenter's trade, and his next venture was to invent a patent fire-lighter. In 1887 he went to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where for a year and a half he engaged in the manufacture of patent fire-lighters. Selling out, he went to Boston, Massachusetts, where he continued in the same business nearly a year. Selling out his interest in the fire-lighter business again, he returned to Cleveland in 1879 and put up an establishment for the manufacture of the step-ladder, and while there he invented a step-ladder and patented it. Here he engaged in making all kinds of ladders, under the name of the Union Ladder Works, which was afterward known as the Union Ladder & Washboard Works. In 1885 he embarked in his present occupation, in the manufacture of caskets. In 1887 the Funeral Reform Association of the United States was formed by Mr. Mather, Dr. Gallentine and Dr. C. B. Hunniston. The association now has the following officers: Dr. C. B. Hunniston, president; E. J. Holmden, vice-president; E. H. Edick, secretary; John Meyer, treasurer; and S. W. Mather, general manager. The terms of membership are $3 for a family, or $1 for a single person, with no further dues or assessments. The asso-

Cyprus Millard

ciation is not a monopoly. It claims no special right, or does it seek to dominate prices or compel patronage. It sells to any person without regard to locality, and it has among its members many of the public-spirited and well known citizens of Cleveland and other cities, leading ministers and other professional men.

Mr. Mather was married September 6, 1887, to Miss Addie Cooley, a daughter of Henry and Candace (McClure) Cooley. Her father is still living in New York, aged sixty-six years, and her mother died in 1885, at the age of fifty-seven years. Both were members of the Presbyterian Church, in which the former has served as Deacon for many years. They had three children: Julia, wife of Walter Searl, of Franklinville, New York; William H., who married Mary Mather; and Addie, wife of our subject. Mr. and Mrs. Mather have had three children, only one of whom is now living, Addie Mae. Our subject and wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In political matters Mr. Mather affiliates with the Republican party. Through his varied and eventful life he has maintained his honor and integrity, and is eminently deserving of the respect and patronage of the community, of which he is an honorable and useful member.

CYRUS MILLARD, proprietor of machine shops at Chagrin Falls, was born in the Kirtland Flats, near where the Mormon temple still stands, in Geauga county, Ohio, February 15, 1816.

His Father, Brazilla Millard, a native of New York, was reared in that State and married there, and emigrated to Geauga county in 1811, settling upon a farm. In 1832 he moved to Fullertown, in the same county, and in 1836 to Indiana, and finally to Oakland county, Michigan, where he died, in his seventy-sixth year. He was supposed to be of Scotch descent. For his wife he married, in New York State, Miss Nancy Moore, a native of that State and reared there, and she died in Oakland county Michigan, in her fiftieth year. Her father, John Moore, also a native of New York, was a Revolutionary soldier and received a pension of $96 per annum. She was a sister of Isaac Moore, who was a prominent citizen of Mentor, this State, being a member of the Ohio House of Representatives one term. His son, C. H., is a prominent citizen of DeWitt county, Illinois.

Mr. Cyrus Millard, the fourth in a family of fourteen children,—nine sons and five daughters,— attended school in the log schoolhouses of the day, in his native place, and at the early age of ten years began to take care of himself, first working upon a farm or at anything else he could find to do, for his clothes and board; for a time he was employed by Elijah Smith, who had aided him in his younger days. He also lived with his uncle, Isaac Moore, who was a good man. In 1832 he began work in a mill and learned the milling business. Being naturally a mechanic, he could make anything that any other man could.

At the age of nineteen years he located in the northern part of Russell township, where he married Miss Sallie Surdam, a native of New York and the second child of Peter Surdam. He again commenced working in a mill, a sawmill and box factory, which he soon purchased, and he owned and ran it for twenty years. Before this, however, he had bought forty acres of land, to which he added by latter purchases until he had 210 acres. In 1866 he sold the farm and mill, and moved to Chester Cross Roads, where he remained twenty years and where his wife died, to whom he had been married just thirty-eight years to a day. March 7, 1843, while Mr. Millard was living at North Russell, his house burned down, and in the disaster also all of his four children and a brother fourteen years old were burned to death,—an event too sad and painful to dwell upon. All truly sympathetic people will feel as deeply upon this subject without words as with them.

March 11, 1886, Mr. Millard moved to Chagrin Falls, where he now lives. By his first mar-

riage there were five children, namely: W. Wellington, Mary, Maria and Martha, who were all burned to death in the fire just mentioned; and Martha (second), born June 7, 1844, is the only one now living, and she is the wife of T. W. Scott, of Chagrin Falls, whose sketch is given elsewhere in this volume. For his second wife Mr. Millard married, April 6, 1873, Miss Rosa Robinson, a native of Orange township, Cuyahoga county, and a daughter of Samuel Robinson, deceased. She was born near where President Garfield was born. By the last marriage one son has been born, by name Creighton, who is living at home with his parents.

As to politics, Mr. Millard was at first a Whig, then a Republican and finally a Prohibitionist, —a very natural succession,—and in religion he is a member of the Disciples' Church, to which he has belonged ever since 1855. He has never used tobacco or drank liquors. He is a self-made man, accumulating what he has by his own industrious habits and honest dealing. He one of only three or four from his native place who has been successful in life.

CALEB OAKES, the oldest living descendant of one of the oldest families of Brecksville township, was born December 8, 1822. His father, Carey Oakes, was born in Hawley, Massachusetts, and married Miss Tamar Easton. Mr. Carey Oakes' father, Calvin Oakes, exchanged land in his native State in 1815 for land in Brecksville township, and early the next year his two sons, Carey and William, left New England for the then far distant West, an ox team their means of transportation, and were forty days on their journey. With $11 in money and in a perfect wilderness, Mr. Carey Oakes, with his family, then consisting of wife and two children (Mary and Francis), began to prepare a home. In company with his brother, he began to clear up 200 acres of the tangled forest, on lot 11, which was covered with beech, maple, black walnut, etc. With health and perseverance they succeeded, and finally sowed fields of grain throughout the tract once so densely covered with forest trees.

Of the two children born in the East, Mary married Doras Lyman and died at Oberlin, Ohio; and Francis, a farmer and a life-long resident of Brecksville township, who died in 1884, aged seventy years. Those born here in Ohio were: Isaac, who lived until December, 1893, a life-long farmer; the next two in order of birth died in infancy; Caleb, our subject, is the next; Henry, now a farmer of Brecksville; Tamar, who married Townsend Horton and died in Brecksville; Martha, now Mrs. Alfred Green, of Iowa; and Carey, Jr., of Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

The first habitation of Carey Oakes consisted of poles and bark, which was shortly afterward supplanted by a more substantial one, being a frame house. On this farm Mr. Oakes lived for a number of years, being a diligent worker. He was a man of powerful frame, six feet two inches high when standing in undressed feet, and weighed 240 pounds. During his life here he never changed his residence. He died June 2, 1871, and his wife January 1, 1881, and they now lie side by side in Center cemetery. As to his political views he had been a Whig. He was one of the first three voters in the township that voted the Abolition ticket. He served as Justice of the Peace two terms. Both himself and wife were members of the Congregational Church.

Mr. Caleb Oakes, whose name heads this memoir, was educated partly at Twinsburg, Ohio, when Professor Bissell was president of the school. On starting from home for this institution of learning Mr. Oakes carried all his clothes (excepting what he was wearing) in a red bandana handkerchief, going on foot and crossing the Ohio canal on a log, no bridge being erected at that time.

May 6, 1850, he married Hannah Horton, who was born August 19, 1829, in Bellvale township, Orange county, New York, a daughter of Milton Horton, who came to Milan,

Huron county, Ohio, in 1834. It was at this place that our subject was married, by Rev. Newton Barrett, a Congregational clergyman. Shortly after his marriage Mr. Oakes exchanged a portion of his place for his present farm, with his brother Isaac, and he has lived here ever since. He has over 200 acres of excellent farm land, which is more than four times the amount he had at first. He is a thorough and systematic farmer, with good business ideas and general good common sense. He is a Republican, but no politician. His wife, who was a member of the Methodist Church, died July 29, 1892, and is buried in Center cemetery. The children are: Lydia, now Mrs. Frank Finch, of Summertown, Tennessee; Emma, at home; Milton, who died at the age of six years; Herbert, who died aged twenty-two years; and Benjamin F., also at home.

GEORGE H. WORTHINGTON is secretary and treasurer of the Cleveland Stone Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, with which important enterprise he has long been associated. The study of the development of a great industry, with due attention to the personal energy and ability that have conserved such progress, must ever be interesting and profitable to those who make note of the commercial and economic problems of the day. The subject of this sketch, who has gained distinctive prestige as one of the successful and capable business men of the Forest City, was born in Toronto, Canada, February 13, 1850, the son of John and Mary (Wellborn) Worthington. John Worthington was born in Staffordshire, England, September 9, 1818, and his death occurred December 25, 1873. His widow still survives him and is a resident of Toronto. He was reared and educated in his native place, and on attaining to years of maturity he betook himself to Canada, where he was married and where he reared his family. He was a contractor and builder, which occupation he followed for many years, operating in both the United States and Canada. He erected the Union Depot at Cleveland and was the contractor for the construction of the Ashtabula & Jamestown Railroad, now a portion of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, and for the Southern & Central Railroad, now a part of the Lehigh Valley system, in the State of New York. He was among the first to import building-stone into Canada. About the year 1850 he came to the United States for the purpose of securing stone for shipment to the province, and it was at this time that he arranged with the Brownhelm stone quarry for its entire output, which of itself was not sufficient to supply his needs. This fact led him to purchase the quarry, and from it he at once commenced to quarry and ship stone to Canada. He operated the quarry very successfully for several years, the entire output being consigned to Canada. Finally he began to place the product upon the market in the States, in the meantime having associated his son, James M., with him in the business. Later on George H., the subject of this sketch, became a member of the firm, whose title was thereupon changed to Worthington & Sons.

No other contractor of the Dominion of Canada was perhaps more prominent than John Worthington, for there he erected many important public edifices and other fine architectural structures, achieving success and renown in his various undertakings. He was a man of sterling qualities, strictly honorable, thoroughly persevering, his success in life being well merited.

He had a family of four sons and three daughters, namely: James M., the president of the Cleveland Stone Company; Minnie, the widow of E. Bendelari; George H., our subject; Fanny, wife of W. W. Keighley, of Toronto; Jane, widow of T. C. Elwood; John H. and Edward E., twins, the former of whom died in Calcutta, India, December 7, 1873.

The immediate subject of this review, George H. Worthington, was reared and educated in Toronto, finishing his school work at the age of

sixteen years, when he entered a wholesale establishment in that city, remaining thus employed for a period of two years. He then entered the employ of his father, who was at the time engaged in carrying out contracts for railway construction in the State of New York. In this field of labor our subject remained for six months, having charge of the entire work under the contracts of his father, who was then taking a trip abroad by reason of impaired health. After the completion of the contracts noted, Mr. Worthington went to Brownhelm, Ohio, and there entered the employ of Worthington & Son, which firm consisted of his father and an older brother. One year later he became a member of the firm of Worthington & Sons. After the death of the father, in 1873, the sons succeeded to the business, but retained the old firm name until the organization of the Cleveland Stone Company was effected.

Besides holding a half interest in the business of Worthington & Sons, George H. Worthington was president of the Berea & Huron Stone Company. Upon the organization of the Beeman Chemical Company Mr. Worthington became interested and is now secretary and treasurer of the same. He is also vice-president of the Cleveland Washboard Company and of the Pike Manufacturing Company, of New Hampshire. He has a financial interest in several other important enterprises in the city of Cleveland, is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, a director of the Masonic Temple Association, a director of the West Cleveland Banking Company, and of the Chamberlain Cartridge & Target Company. It may thus be readily understood that Mr. Worthington is an active and representative business man, one whose ability and honor have been thoroughly tried and proved.

In fraternal affiliations he is prominently connected with the Masonic order, being a member of Tyrian Lodge, No. 370; of Cleveland Chapter, No. 148, and of Oriental Commandery, No. 12, K. T., having been made a member of the commandery in 1874. He has been a thirty-second-degree Mason since 1876, being a charter member of Lake Erie Consistory, and of Al Koran Temple, of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Worthington was married at Mt. Vernon, Ohio, in February, 1878, to Mrs. Hannah L. Weaver. They make their home at the Stillman, the beautiful Euclid avenue hotel.

LORINDA E. (DEMING) SQUIRE, widow of Charles R. Squire, was born in Brunson, Huron county, Ohio, July 31, 1822, a daughter of Amos Deming, who was born in Saundersfield, Massachusetts, March 12, 1800. When Mr. Deming was yet very young the family moved to Avon, Livingston county, New York; and when eighteen years of age he bought the remainder of his time from his father and walked thence to Brunson, Ohio, where he worked for Major Underhill, on a farm and in his sawmill, at $10 a month, until he paid for fifty acres of land near that place. Two years later he returned to New York and was married to Miss Fannie Witherell, and with her came back to Ohio, settling on his new farm. He died there, in 1885: his wife had died many years previously, namely, in 1850. For forty years he was a member of the Congregational Church, and was beloved by all who knew him, as he was so kindly in his nature and conduct. Politically he was a Republican.

He had eleven children, three of whom died in infancy. The living are: Lorinda E., our subject; Perry B., of Chicago; Luey, widow of S. B. Fuller, of Norwalk, Ohio; Mary, wife of Warren Buel, of Albert Lea, Minnesota; Amos, of Saugatuck, Michigan; Marana, now Mrs. I. T. Ray, of Norwalk, Ohio; Matilda R., now Mrs. E. C. Johnson, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Harriet E., who married John Lamkey, of Rock Falls, Illinois.

Mrs. Squire, whose name heads this sketch, was married December 17, 1843, to C. R. Squire, of Brunson, Huron county, Ohio, set-

tled in Wakeman, this State, and a year afterward moved to St. Charles, Illinois, where for two years Mr. Squire was employed in various occupations. Then they came to Cleveland, where Mr. Squire embarked in the wholesale and retail grocery business. First he was clerk for Lemuel Wick, then started out for himself. After a few years he failed, owing to the perfidy of his bookkeeper and clerk, and then he turned his inventive mind to the invention of ore separators (retorts) and crushing machines. Going to New York he interested capital in his enterprise, and spent several years there. Finally he was taken sick and died, October 19, 1891.

Mrs. Squire still resides at 37 Church street, where she and her husband settled in 1864. They had three sons: Charles A., Frank E. and Willie A. Charles married Miss Mattie Bell Cameron in 1877, and has four children,—Charles R., Fred Eugene, LeGrand E. and Katie; Frank married Miss Martha D. Lewis in 1874, and they also have four children,—Leora A., Edith M., Luella M. and Leroy Frank; Willie married, in 1884, Miss Mary Virginia Frazier, of North Carolina, and has two children, —Lorinda E. and Clara A. The three sons are all engaged in railroad work, and in politics Republicans.

Mrs. Squire's mother, *nee* Fannie Witherell, was a native of Vermont, and was taken by her parents to New York in their removal to that State; and Mrs. Squire's father was on the first steamer that ever plied the waters of Lake Erie, when it was beached at Erie during a storm, about 1819 or 1820, and Mr. Squire's father was a Methodist Episcopal minister, and died at the advanced age of eighty-four years.

JOHN G. JAMES, assistant freight agent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, is a gentleman who has come into prominence rapidly as a railroad man, rising from a minor clerkship in the freight office of this road to the position he now occupies in less than one decade from the date of his entering the service of the company, and his being an official of the great Lake Shore system in his present capacity speaks more for the character of his service than any article written for the express purpose of describing that service in detail. It was in 1876 that Mr. James' name was entered on the pay roll as an employe of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company. Two years' service as a freight clerk sufficed to warrant his promotion to the position of chief clerk in the general freight office, and in this capacity he exhibited those characteristics which prompted the management of the road to make him assistant general freight agent seven years later.

Mr. James is an active and influential member of the following committees of the Central Traffic Association, viz.: Rules and Regulations, Iron and Iron Manufactures, Oil Traffic, Uniform Bill of Lading, Relation with Western Roads, Relation with Trunk Lines, Eastbound Percentage Basis and Official Classification. This will indicate his standing in the railroad world more fully than we could do in general description and statements.

Mr. James was born in Belmont county, Ohio, December 24, 1846. His father, William James, was a farmer, born in the same State, but removed to Bureau county, Illinois, in 1852. There he spent the remainder of his life, dying in 1884, at seventy-six years of age.

Maryland was the original American home of the Jameses. A remote ancestor of our subject emigrated to Pennsylvania and settled at Uniontown, and from that point Charles James, the paternal grandfather of our subject, emigrated to Ohio, settling in Tuscarawas county, where he died. William James married, in 1833, Miss Eliza A. Maginnis, a daughter of Daniel Maginnis, formerly of Loudoun county, Virginia. Seven of the eleven children born of this union are yet living, namely: Jacob, at Wyanet; Charles, at Princeton; Albert, at Ohio; Hiram, at Malden, and Mrs. Samuel Conner, of Ohio, —all in the State of Illinois; and Mrs. Orrin W.

Zibble, of Olathe, Kansas, and the of subject this sketch. Two of the deceased are: Harrison W., who died at Glenwood Springs, Colorado, in 1890; and Wesley W., who died at Mendota, Illinois, from injuries received while an employe of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company. The two others died in infancy.

John C. James grew up in the country, employed on his father's farm, until the age of seventeen. The breaking out of the war offered a novel experience, and at the same time an opportunity of going beyond the confines of home, and he took advantage of the opportunity. He enlisted in the Fifty-seventh Illinois Volunteer Infantry, Company B, commanded by Captain Van Steenberg, and was attached for service to the Army of the Tennessee, participating in the battles of the campaign from Chattanooga to Atlanta. After the fall of Atlanta he was engaged at the battle of Allatoona, Georgia, where he received three wounds, one of which caused the amputation of his right foot and ended his military service. His position was on the right flank of the skirmish line, which was driven by a charge of French's Confederate division, the flower of Johnston's army, and fell wounded among the tents of the camp of the Ninety-third Illinois Infantry, where he lay for three hours between two lines of battle, receiving three wounds and four additional balls through his clothes, and 231 bullet holes were found in the officers' tent into which he had crawled! He was confined in hospitals in Rome, Georgia, Chattanooga, and Nashville, Tennessee, and Chicago, Illinois, being discharged from service at the last named place in July, 1865.

Mr. James next turned his attention to getting an education. He passed through the junior year in Western Union College at Fulton, Illinois, teaching in the meantime to secure funds to defray his necessary expenses. He gave up pedagogical work in a short time and turned his attention to abstract work and the examination of land titles, assisting in writing up a set of abstracts for Cuyahoga county, Ohio, having returned to this State in 1870. He was interested also in the preparation of an abstract of titles for Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and conducted the business about five years when he took up railroad work, as before stated.

Mr. James married, in May, 1874, Annie E. Black, a daughter of John C. Black, an early settler in Cleveland, and by occupation a builder and contractor. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. James are: Lawrence W., in the employ of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company at Kansas City, Missouri; Frank T.; Walter M.; and William C.

WILLIAM J. AKERS, one of the proprietors of the Forest City Hotel, Cleveland, was born in Lancashire, England, August 2, 1845, and was an infant when his parents emigrated to America, settling in Cleveland, November 1, same year. His father, John Akers, was a civil engineer by profession, which he followed for years. After arriving in this city he turned his attention to building, and left many monuments of his labors throughout Ohio, in the form of the best buildings of the time, the old jail in Cleveland being one. As he was a man of independent means, he was prepared to take and fulfill large contracts. In 1857, however, he suffered financial ruin, consequent upon the general panic of that year, and soon afterward, in the same year, he died, leaving a wife (*nee* Catherine O'Learie) and four children, the latter being: William J., whose name introduces this sketch; John M., proprietor of the Russell House at Alliance and also of the dining hall at the Cleveland depot; Martha A.; and Mrs. H. A. Bushea. Their mother died in Cleveland, in 1893.

Mr. William J. Akers was a lad of twelve years when his father died, and, being compelled to be industrious at some employment for the support of his mother and the rest of the family, he had little time for schooling or recreation. However, he received considerable aid in his studies at intervals from his mother, a

lady of education and general culture. Among his early cares was the building of the fires at the school building he attended, for which he received $8 a month. He also secured an old horse and wagon and hauled chips to town for sale, thus earning a little sum worth mentioning. Later he obtained a place behind the lunch counter at the depot restaurant, where he was soon promoted clerk, and ere long possessed an interest in the business, and continued to prosper until he became sole proprietor. From the very beginning he was determined to build a fortune, and therefore bent all his energies in that direction. As hotel work seemed best adapted to his tastes, he applied himself to that, and he has owned and managed various hotels and eating houses, as the Cleveland Depot eating house, Russell House at Alliance, the Continental and Gibson Hotels at Crestline, Ohio, and the dining cars over the Bee Line system. In some of the above he was associated with his brother.

In 1889 he formed a partnership with S. T. Paine, formerly for years clerk of the Forest City Hotel. They leased this house, which they have ever since conducted; remodeled it, and are now running the institution according to all the demands of the times, which they know well how to do.

It will be interesting to notice in brief review the past history of this site. First, as early as 1817 the ground was sold for fifty cents; in 1893 an offer of $750,000 was refused for it! The first hotel on this site was the Cleveland Hotel, built in 1825; in 1849 the name was changed to Dunham House, and in 1858 to Russell's Forest City House; in 1868 the name Russell was dropped, and ever since then no change has been made. During the summer of 1893 Messrs. Akers and Paine conducted the Eureka Springs Hotel, one of the favorite resorts of the Keystone State.

In benevolent work Mr. Akers has been one of the most enthusiastic and conspicuous in Cleveland. When the Chicago fire sufferers were in their greatest need of help, he was secretary of the relief committee and a member of the executive committee for the Michigan fire sufferers the same season; was chairman of the Ohio river flood relief committee; member of the relief committee for the sufferers of the Johnstown flood; chairman of the relief committee for the sufferers from the Oil City flood and fire. This list is a record of labor, and many sleepless nights has Mr. Akers had during the past ten years in connection with the Bethel Associated Charities, being a member of the executive committee and of the Board of Managers of Bethel Union.

Two of the most satisfactory undertakings with which Mr. Akers has been connected were the erection of the Masonic Temple at Cleveland and the Masonic Home in Springfield, this State, of both of which he is a trustee. He is a thirty-third-degree Mason: has been Commander-in-Chief of Scottish Masonry for northern Ohio. He has served in all the offices of the Grand Lodge of Masons excepting that of Master of the Grand Lodge,—which, indeed, by the way, was tendered him. Initiated into Masonry in 1868, he received the thirty-third degree in 1886, in which year he was also appointed representative to the Grand Lodge of Kentucky. More locally, he has for three years been president of the Cleveland Masonic Club; is an honorary life member of the Cleveland Grays, and he has been president of the Cleveland Hotel-Keepers' Association ever since its organization. In 1891 he was elected vice-president of the National Hotel Keepers' Association. Politically he is a prominent Republican. For four years he was a member of the Board of Education, for six years a member of the Library Board, and two years a member of the Board of Control of the House of Correction; and he is stockholder in a number of business concerns in this city.

In 1893 he was unanimously nominated (by acclamation) at the Republican Convention as their candidate for Mayor of Cleveland, but was defeated in the election by a small number of votes.

January 2, 1883, is the date of Mr. Akers' marriage to Miss Maud Miller of New York city, who is a member of the Dorcas Society and a member of the Board of Managers of the Old People's Home of Cleveland, and is active in all benevolent movements. Their residence is at 384 Lake street.

WILLIAM HOYT, one of the familiar figures connected with the operating department of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, first began in the service of this line when it was operated west of Cleveland as the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad. His first day's work was completed on the evening of November 5, 1855, as a brakeman under Conductor Simon Woodbury, the first on the division. About fifteen months afterward Mr. Hoyt was capable of running the train, and he was given charge of a freight crew over the same division. In 1868 he received his final promotion, and twenty-five years have now passed since he entered the passenger service. The miles he has passed over in these thirty-eight years would run up into the millions, and the number of passengers he has carried would almost equal the population of the whole United States.

Mr. Hoyt was born in Addison, New York, June 8, 1834, and soon afterward his parents moved to Onondaga county, same State, where he grew up. His father, Nathan G. Hoyt, was a native of Connecticut, born near Ridgefield, that State, and moved to New York State at the age of nineteen years. He learned the trade of cabinet-making at Auburn, that State, and followed it as a means of livelihood in subsequent years. He came to Ohio in 1852, and died in Elyria, this State, in 1882, aged seventy years. For his wife he married Miss Harriet Hoyt,—no relation traceable, but remotely of the same stock probably, as her ancestors were also Connecticut people. She died in 1893, at the age of eighty four years. Their children were: William; Nathan G., Jr., of Wellington, Ohio; Hannah J., who married James Penfield, of Elyria; Mary E., wife of T. B. Prentiss, a Boston printer; and Henry, a conductor on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad in Kansas.

William Hoyt worked with his father four years before coming west, but did not turn his attention in the direction of his trade on reaching the new Western country. January 3, 1858, he married, in Cleveland, Miss Harriet, a daughter of Sheridan Roberts, of Warren, Ohio, who has two living children, the other being Mary A., the wife of T. M. Knight, of Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Hoyt's children are: William, Jr., a baggageman on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, who married Mary White; Lillian and Ida,—both unmarried.

Mr. Hoyt is a Master Mason of Cleveland City Lodge.

DR. FRANK W. SOMERS, a young and promising physician, with an office at 1545 Lorain street, West Cleveland, was born January 25, 1863, at Chardon, Geauga county, Ohio. His father, Lyman Somers, was born in New York State and removed to Ohio about 1840, and is now a resident of Chardon.

Dr. Somers obtained a preliminary education in the public schools of his native town and engaged in school-teaching for four years, and then began the study of medicine in the Cleveland Medical College, from which institution he holds a diploma, and after receiving a diploma from the Huron Street Hospital (Institute), he entered upon the practice of his profession. While in college he was on the dispensary staff and also took charge of the clinique. In one month he treated 161 cases. In his individual practice he is fast gaining prominence. He is a member of the Canal Dunham Medical Association, and is otherwise prominently associated in his profession.

In March of 1886, Dr. Somers wedded Josie Bartell, of Chardon. He is also a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and in politics

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he is a conservative man, being a Republican; yet he is a very warm friend of the cause of temperance and has embraced a very considerable portion of the principles of the Prohibition party.

LEVERETT TARBELL was born at Chagrin, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, now Willoughby, Lake county, November 27, 1819. His father, Colonel Abner Chapman Tarbell, was born in Colchester, New London county, Connecticut, August 4, 1791, and died January 3, 1869, aged seventy-seven years, on the farm on which he located on coming to Willoughby in 1817, and which is now owned and occupied by Frank Rockefeller,—"Lakeland." Before leaving New England he learned the tanning, harness-making and shoemaking trades, which were of inestimable value to him during the first years of his life in Ohio.

To illustrate the condition of this part of Ohio at the time of its settlement, it must be said that he needed chains to haul the timber together to be burned, and a kettle in which to cook food. To obtain these articles Mr. Tarbell went to Cleveland, fourteen miles away, on horseback, and bought a bar of iron, which he took home upon the horse, and from which a short-linked chain was forged by a blacksmith named Titus. This chain is now in the possession of one of his descendants. On another trip he purchased an iron kettle and carried it to his home in the same manner.

In politics he was originally a Whig, and subsequently a stanch Republican.

In 1816 he was married to Lucy Parks Jones, a daughter of Asa Jones, who served as a soldier through the Revolutionary war, including the campaign which ended at Valley Forge. She was a typical New England woman, well educated for the times, but thoroughly domestic in her habits and tastes. She passed away October 4, 1836, respected by all who knew her. In the spring of 1838 he married Miss Mary K. Watson, who bore him two sons: George W., who lives in Madison, Lake county, Ohio; and Abner Helon, who resides at Wickliffe, on a part of the old homestead. She was a very estimable woman, of good family, and made for him a happy home during the remainder of his life. She died in Willoughby in the year 1875. Leverett Tarbell, the subject of this sketch, is one of three children by the first marriage of Abner C. and Lucy P. Tarbell. The eldest, Dr. S. U. Tarbell, now deceased, was one of the most prominent and successful physicians of Cuyahoga county. He died September 9, 1877, leaving a widow, but no children. Lucynthia Jones Tarbell, unmarried, resides at Willoughby, Ohio.

The subject of this sketch was a diligent pupil in the common schools of his native town, and subsequently extended his education at the select school at Willoughby, at the Western Reserve Teachers' Seminary at Kirtland, Ohio,—Asa D. Lord, principal,—also at the Bacon Academy, Colchester, Connecticut. In the winter of 1837–'38, he taught in Kirtland, Lake county: in the winter of 1838–'39 in South Willoughby. In the fall of 1839 he went to Quaker Springs, Saratoga county, New York, in which place he taught a five months' term of school. In the spring of 1840 he went to Colchester, Connecticut, worked on a farm during the summer, and in the autumn entered Bacon Academy as a student. On leaving the academy he went to Oxford, Chenango county, New York, where during the winter of 1840–'41 he taught a term of school. In the spring of 1841 he returned to Ohio, took a term of school at Kirtland, and during the winter of 1841–'42 taught a term of school in the John Doan district in Euclid township. During the interim between the spring of 1842 and the fall of 1847 he alternated between Ohio and Chicago, Illinois, teaching school in Ohio three winter terms, one in Willoughby village, two at "Doan's Corners," now a part of Cleveland, and engaged in real estate and mercantile business in Chicago.

In August, 1847, he returned to Willoughby, remaining there until September 22, when he came to Bedford to visit his brother, Dr. S. U. Tarbell, who was located there. Finding an opening as clerk that pleased him in Watson I. Gray's general merchandise store, he sent his horse back to Willoughby and went to work.

After remaining in the store fourteen months he entered upon the study of medicine with his brother. This he found too confining for one of his stirring disposition, and on the 9th of February, 1849, he bought a stock of drugs, groceries and provisions, and entered upon a mercantile career for himself. He followed this business successfully for twenty-five years, together with dealing in real estate, serving the Government as Postmaster for two terms, the village government as corporation Clerk for several terms, and served the people of Bedford township as Justice of the Peace until he refused to serve longer. He was the first Notary Public appointed by the governor of Ohio in Bedford, and still holds a commission from Governor McKinley.

He was a pioneer in improving the village in many respects, among which improvements may be mentioned the fact that he cut and laid the first flagstone walk, which proves to be exactly on the grade since established by the corporation engineer. He also placed the first curbing and sold the first barrel of kerosene, with lamps in which to burn the same.

He is still actively engaged in caring for his own family and property, and in advancing the interests of the community in which he lives.

On December 7, 1850, Mr. Tarbell was married, by Rev. R. Nutting, Jr., at Ravenna, Ohio, to Mary Helen, daughter of John and Marilla Holt Tinker, who were originally from New England. Mrs. Tarbell is a lady eminently domestic in her tastes and habits, and yet is active in furthering the best interests of the people among whom she resides, and is especially zealous in the cause of temperance. She was born in the State of New York, May 22, 1829, and came to Ohio when five years of age. She traces her ancestry back to the Mayflower. Three children were born to them,—two sons and one daughter: Linn Parks was born September 24, 1851, in Bedford, married to S. Jennie, daughter of John N. and Mary Roy, of Cleveland, November, 1879, and they have two children (Jean and Roy Sheldon), and resides and is engaged in business in Cleveland; May, widow of Grove G. Cannon, was born in Bedford, October 15, 1858; and John Dwight, born July 20, 1865, a civil engineer by profession. He was educated in Bedford, also at the School for Civil Engineering and the Case School of Applied Science in Cleveland. As a business man, Mr. Tarbell is careful, methodical and exact, giving to each his due, and requiring the same in return. As a citizen he is public-spirited, and true to what he believes to be for the best interests of the people at large. As a friend he sticks closer than a brother. As a politician he is far-seeing, saying little, but doing much, and often represents his baliwick in Republican conventions. As a public officer he knew his duty and did it fearlessly. His aim through a long and successful life has been to do unto others as he would that they should do unto him.

THOMAS S. DUNLAP, attorney-at-law, 639 Society of Savings, Cleveland, is a native for the Buckeye State, born at Wooster, July 28, 1867. His father, Silas G. Dunlap, was a minister of the Presbyterian Church. For some time prior to his death in 1870 he devoted his energies to securing funds for the founding of Wooster University, with which institution he was connected when he was approached by the Pale Visitant. He was a native of Ohio, of Scotch-Irish ancestry. Thomas S. grew to maturity near the place of his birth. He attended the common schools until he had mastered the elementary branches, and then entered the University of Wooster, at which he was graduated in 1887.

His profession was yet to be mastered. Under the guidance of S. N. Coe he began to read law, and afterward spent one year as a student in the law department of the University of Michigan. In 1890 he came to Cleveland, where he has been giving his attention to general practice. Possessing more than ordinary ability, ambitions and energetic, it is safe to predict for him a successful future.

In politics Mr. Dunlap gives his allegiance to the Democratic party. He is a member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity.

J. F. MYERS, conductor on the Valley Railroad, was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, November 27, 1847, a son of J. C. Myers. The latter was born in Hanover, Germany, in 1813. In 1837 he came to the United States, and, not being able to hire his passage, walked from Baltimore to Pittsburg, and cast his fortunes with Allegheny City. He was a zealous worker, and his mercantile venture, in which he engaged in early life, yielded him good returns. He is now retired from active business, in the enjoyment of a small fortune, and in the midst of his life-long neighbors and friends. Mr. Myers celebrated his golden wedding April 13, 1893. He was married to Margaret Schodde, a native of Germany, and they had five children: J. A., a retired farmer of Londonville, Ohio; J. F., our subject; Caroline, wife of J. D. Simen, a shoe dealer of Allegheny, Pennsylvania; Margaret, wife of F. W. Basselman, also of that city; and William H., a traveling salesman of Pittsburg.

J. F. Myers, the subject of this sketch, received a liberal education in his native city, where he became an efficient accountant, having prepared himself for that special work while a student at the Iron City Business College. He devoted about fifteen years of his life to that work, having filled responsible positions with well known firms of Pittsburg. In the spring of 1875 Mr. Myers laid aside his well acquired profession, and took a more active outdoor work. He secured the position of brakeman on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, three months afterward was promoted to yard clerk, serving in that capacity three years, in the following year was made assistant yard master at Pittsburg, remaining in that position three and a half years, and for the following four years was employed as freight conductor on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. During the next three years Mr. Myers was engaged in farming operations in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He resumed railroading in 1889, and has since served as conductor on the Valley Railroad. In his social relations he is a member of the O. R. C., of which he served as Junior Conductor one term.

September 14, 1871, Mr. Myers was united in marriage with Caroline M. Schutte, whose father, Henry Schutte, was a native of Germany. After coming to this country, he became a grocer of Allegheny, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Myers have two children,—Benjamin, chief bill clerk for the firm of Strong, Cobb & Company; and Stella D., a dressmaker.

GEORGE L. QUAYLE, manager of the Ship Owners' Dry Docks in Cleveland, was born in this city in 1842. His father was Thomas Quayle, a long-time and well known resident of Cleveland.

Mr. Quayle was educated in the public schools here, learned the carpenter's trade and also shipbuilding. During the progress of the Civil war he spent one year in the marine service of the United States, his work being the construction of convoys upon the Mississippi river. After the close of this one year's service he returned to Cleveland and became associated with his father and two brothers under the firm name of Thomas Quayle & Sons, shipbuilders. In this business he was actively engaged until 1891, when the firm discontinued business. Mr. Quayle then accepted the position he now sustains. He is also a stock owner in the business

of the Ship Owners' Dry Docks Company, a stockholder as well as director in the Wilson Transit Company of Cleveland, and a director in the Garfield Savings Bank, East Cleveland. These business relations of Mr. Quayle are pointed out as evidence of the importance of his work as a business man, and as such he ranks as a successful man. Especially has he been very successful in the business of shipbuilding, in which he has been engaged almost continuously since his early boyhood. His long experience, together with his mechanical genius, places him among the most able shipbuilders of Cleveland, which justly boasts of its many large and successful shipbuilders.

Mr. Quayle resides in East Cleveland. He is now President of Board of Trustees of this hamlet, and this public position is some evidence of the esteem and confidence in which he is held by his fellow citizens. Mr. Quayle is alive to the interests of Cleveland and its suburban towns. He is a member of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce. For years he has been a member of the Masonic order, being a Scottish-rite Mason and belonging to the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Quayle was married in Cleveland, in 1870, to Miss Winifred Johnson, of Pittsburg. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Quayle has been blessed by the birth of three children,—George H., Winifred and Eleanor.

GEORGE H. OLMSTED, one of the leading insurance men of Cleveland, has been a resident of this city since 1867, coming here as the representative of the Atlantic Life Insurance Company of Albany, New York, with which company he was associated for ten years,—until they retired from business. During the last two years of that time he was superintendent of agencies for the United States and Canada. For a year or two after this he traveled as special agent for the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company of New York; and he resigned this to take a half interest in the fire insurance agency of S. S. Coe, with whom he was associated until his death, which occurred in 1883. The business was continued under the same name, Coe & Olmsted, until the death of Mrs. Coe in 1889, when Mr. Olmsted succeeded to the entire business. The present firm of George H. Olmsted & Company was formed in 1889 and also the firm of Olmsted Brothers (George H. and O. N.), who had taken the State agency for Ohio and Indiana, for the National Life Insurance Company of Vermont, and they are doing double the volume of business that was being done by the company in the United States at the time when they first took charge of these two States. George H. Olmsted & Company do a fire and plate-glass insurance business, being general agents for northern Ohio for the Metropolitan Plate-Glass Insurance Company. The firm of Olmsted Brothers represent also the Standard Accident Insurance Company. They are located in the Atwater building, at the foot of Superior street.

The gentleman whose name heads this sketch has been treasurer of the National Safe and Lock Company ever since the organization was a year old. He is also one of the directors of the Woodland Avenue Savings and Loan Company, and director of the Cleveland Trunk Company.

He is a native of Lagrange, Lorain county, Ohio, born September 21, 1843, the son of Jonathan and Harriet (Sheldon) Olmsted; was reared and educated in that county, excepting that he took a course in the Eastman Business College at Poughkeepsie, New York. For about three years he taught school. He kept books and clerked in a store for a year at Grafton, Ohio, and then took an agency for a door-bell, which he introduced in Michigan and Wisconsin, and in the spring of 1867 opened out in the insurance business. He is now a member of the Board of Fire Underwriters; also a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Young Men's Christian Association.

He was married in Saybrook, Ohio, in 1872, to Miss Ella Kelley, and they have two children,—Grace and Howard. Mr. and Mrs. Olmsted are members of the Wilson Avenue Baptist Church, in which he is a Deacon. He resides on Wilson avenue.

Mr. Olmsted's parents made Cleveland their home for a number of years, coming here in 1872. His father, who had been a farmer, died in 1877, at the age of sixty-eight years.

SARDIS EDGERTON, one of the representative citizens of his locality, was born on his present farm in Royalton township, June 8, 1839, a son of Sardis Edgerton, Sr. The latter was born in Holly township, Franklin county, Massachusetts, January 14, 1808, and his father, Ezekiel Edgerton, was a native of Hartford, Connecticut, of English extraction. Sardis Edgerton was a scythe-snath-maker by trade. In the fall of 1831, with a horse and wagon, he joined his brother in Brecksville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where he followed his trade for a time. After his marriage he located on the farm where our subject now resides, which he bought in three purchases, and at that time the country was inhabited by wild animals. Mr. Edgerton located on the portion of the farm where he in 1855 erected the present, substantial brick residence. In political matters, he was first a Whig, afterward became a stanch Republican, and for a number of years served as Township Trustee.

He was married in Newburg, Cuyahoga county, March 18, 1831, to Emeline Ingham, a native of New York. They had the following children: James, of Cleveland, Ohio; Eliza, deceased at the age of two years; Sardis, our subject; Ann Eliza, wife of Oliver Ellsworth, of Hinckley, Medina county, Ohio; Sylvia, now Mrs. Morris Kemp, of Berea, this county; Adaline, wife of Henry Akins, of Royalton; Maria, wife of John Sampson; Emma, a resident of Cleveland; and Rhoda, wife of George Wood, of Ashtabula, Ohio. Mr. Edgerton survived until April 6, 1890, his wife having died April 26, 1885, and they were buried at Royalton Center. They celebrated their fiftieth anniversary March 18, 1881.

Sardis Edgerton, the subject of this sketch, was reared as a farmer boy, but at the age of twenty-three years began learning the bricklayer and plasterer's trade, which he followed about twelve years. After his marriage he resided with his parents two years; afterward located a short distance east of their home, but on the same farm, where he remained seventeen years; and since May, 1882, has resided at the old homestead. In his political relations, Mr. Edgerton is a stanch Republican, his first presidential vote having been cast for A. Lincoln, and has held the position of Township Trustee.

September 11, 1862, our subject was united in marriage with Mercy M. Akins, who was born in Euclid township, this county, October 29, 1842, a daughter of Henry and Mercy Akins. To this union have been born three children: Rosella E., deceased at the age of two years; Willis S., a farmer of Royalton township; and Carlos H., at home. Mr. and Mrs. Edgerton are members of the Methodist Church at Royalton Center.

ABEL FISH, a prominent farmer of Brooklyn township, is a native of the same township, born February 8, 1832. His father, Esquire Jonathan Fish, was born December 5, 1787, in New London county, Connecticut, where he was brought up, and he came to Cuyahoga county in 1817, settling in Brooklyn township, and purchasing and locating upon a farm where the subject of this sketch now resides. This place at that time was of course a dense wilderness of woods. Building a log house Mr. Fish proceeded to occupy it and improve the land until his death, February 15,

1870, in his eighty-second year. He was a prominent man, having been a captain of militia in Connecticut, and in this county Justice of the Peace many years, and was known on that account as "Esquire" Fish. He was also a trustee of the township here, taking part in the very first town meeting, and afterward was Assessor, etc., of the township. In his politics he was a Whig and Republican. George Fish, father of Jonathan, was a native of Connecticut, of English ancestry. The mother of Mr. Abel Fish, whose name before marriage was Sarah B. Young, was born in East Haddam, Connecticut, and came to Cuyahoga county in 1819, and died here December 11, 1893, in her eighty-second year. Her father, Ansel Young, was also a native of the "Land of Steady Habits," and supposed to have been of English ancestry. Mr. Jonathan Fish and wife were married in Brooklyn township, and became the parents of two sons and one daughter, namely: Abel, whose name heads this sketch; Jefferson; and Maria B., the wife of James Brainerd.

Mr. Abel Fish was reared on his father's farm, his native place. December 28, 1858, he married Emeline M. Brainerd, daughter of Willard and Harriet Brainerd and a native of Brooklyn township. After his marriage Mr. Fish located upon the old homestead, where he still lives, prosecuting agricultural pursuits in general, and also conducting a dairy. He has forty-four acres of fine land, which is situated in the outskirts of the city of Cleveland. In his political sympathies he is an ardent Republican. He has been Township Trustee, a member of the Council of South Brooklyn and Supervisor of Public Highways. He has been a member of Glen Lodge, No. 263, I. O. O. F., since 1855, and of Brooklyn Post, No. 368, G. A. R. During the war he served under the three-months call, under General Burnett, and also served three months in the Eighth Independent Battery, at Johnson's island; also three months with the same battery on detached duty in Cleveland. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, zealous and consistent, and has been Superintendent of the Sunday-school, etc. He and his wife are members of the Old Settlers' Association, and among the prominent people of the county. They have two children: Jessie, the wife of George Cook, of Brooklyn village, and Sheridan P., of South Brooklyn.

HENRY M. FOWLER, a worthy citizen of Cuyahoga county, was born in Canfield, Ohio, September 29, 1830. His father, Dr. C. R. Fowler, was born in Danbury, Connecticut, in October, 1802; and his mother, whose name before marriage was Mary Holland, was born in Annapolis, Maryland, in 1812, and both were among the early settlers of Mahoning county.

Mr. H. M. Fowler received an academic education, and after arriving at the age of fifteen years became an apprentice at the printing business, in the office of the Mahoning Index, the first newspaper published in Canfield. After working three years there the office was destroyed by fire in 1850. He then completed his apprenticeship in Cleveland, in the offices of the Herald and Plaindealer. He was employed as a "jour." printer in a number of offices, in Cleveland, Chicago, Kankakee, Pittsburg, Galion, Ashtabula, Chardon, etc., the rates those days being as low as 20 to 25 cents per thousand ems for composition on daily papers, the compositor making on an average about $8 to $10 a week.

In 1873–'74 he printed the News and Herald in Canfield for A. W. Brownlee, who owned the office.

In 1858 he married Miss Martha E. Niblock, of Salem, Ohio, and by this marriage there were four sons and four daughters: of these a son and a daughter have died, one quite young and the other at the age of thirteen years. C. C. Fowler, the eldest son, is now editor of the Canfield Dispatch; John R., the next son, is a practical printer, working with his father; Frank W., the third son, is pro-

prietor of the business college at East Liverpool, this State; and two daughters, Bessie and Kertie, are unmarried and live at home.

In the year 1877 Mr. Fowler, our subject, started the Mahoning Dispatch, an independent newspaper, which has been running very successfully now for over sixteen years, the circulation being over 2,000 copies weekly, and is largely supported by the farming community.

At the commencement of the late war Mr. Fowler enlisted in the Second Ohio Cavalry as a private, and after serving his country until September 11, 1865, was mustered out, at Benton Barracks, Missouri. He was engaged in many battles during his service, as Winchester, Sheridan's raid in Virginia, Peach Tree Creek (Georgia), Sheridan in the Shenandoah valley, Fisher's Hill, Cedar creek, Wilderness, Sheridan and Custer raid in Virginia, Bottom Bridge, White House Landing, Petersburg, etc., etc. He was only slightly wounded, but suffered many hardships and exposures, permanently impairing his health.

GEORGE E. TYLER, who has been for several years identified with the horticultural interest of Cuyahoga county, was born in New York State in April, 1839. His parents, Miles and Sallie (Tyler) Tyler, though having the same name were unrelated; they removed to Lake county, Ohio, in 1844, and there passed the remainder of their lives. They reared a family of eight children, seven of whom are still living; all are residents of Lake county excepting Mrs. A. M. Warren and Mrs. Maria Rush. George E. Tyler passed an uneventful youth, attending the district school and assisting his father in the cultivation of the farm until the civil war aroused every patriot in the land. In April, 1861, young Tyler responded to Lincoln's call for 75,000 men, going at once to Cleveland. Before leaving that city he had enlisted in Company I, Twenty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, President Hayes' regiment, and soon went into West Virginia. He participated in the battle of South mountain in September, 1862, and after one day's fight there lost his strong right arm in making the second charge; in the first charge he had received a painful but not serious wound in his right wrist, and at the moment his arm was torn away a spent ball struck his knee; he was borne by three comrades to the rear, but it was necessary for them to drop him and themselves several times before they reached a place of safety to escape the flying fragments of shell and ball. The arm of the wounded man was amputated at Georgetown, and in a few days he was taken to Frederick City, Maryland, and at the end of several weeks to a convalescent hospital at Baltimore, where he was honorably discharged November 7, 1862.

Two years after his return from the war he began to run a huckster wagon between Little mountain and Cleveland, and was very successful in this venture; he afterwards had a peddling-wagon, and was at one time engaged in sawing logs on Little mountain. Through the influence of General Hastings he was appointed janitor of the Cleveland post office, a position he held twelve years.

In 1876 he embarked in the fruit-growing business as he had a natural taste for this occupation. He has seven and a half acres, three acres of which cost at the rate of $1,500 an acre. He produces peaches, strawberries, grapes, plums and other garden fruit, finding a ready market in Cleveland.

Mr. Tyler was married in 1866 to Miss Florence Perry Phelps, a daughter of Alexander and Jernsha (Reynolds) Phelps. Mrs. Phelps was the widow of William Reynolds; her death occurred in 1850. Mr. Phelps' second marriage was to Mrs. Betsey Beckwith; there was one child of this union, a daughter named Clara. Mr. Phelps died August 7, 1891, the date of his birth being May 23, 1817. He was a man of rare force of character, and was held in the highest esteem. Mrs. Tyler is one of three children; Spencer is a farmer of Lake county,

and Arthur resides with his brother, unmarried. Mr. and Mrs. Tyler are the parents of one child, Flora Adel, wife of L. S. Judd. Mrs. Tyler is a woman of much refinement and many graces. Mr. Tyler is an ardent Republican. He is an honored member of Brough Post, G. A. R., No. 359, of which he is Senior Vice Commander.

N. L. HILLIARD was born at Wadsworth, Medina county, Ohio, May 10, 1824. Gurdan Hilliard, his father, was a native of the State of Connecticut, but in the year 1818 joined the emigrant train winding its way toward the setting sun. He settled in Medina county, Ohio, and there took up the burdens that belong to the lot of the pioneer. He married Calista Adaline Derthick, a native of the State of New York, but the daughter of Connecticut parents; there were born to them two children, N. L. and Phoebe Ann, who died at the age of fifteen years; the mother passed away at the early age of twenty-three. In later life Mr. Hilliard removed to Canada, where he resided for a long period of time; he returned to Medina county, however, and there passed the last days of his life; he died at the advanced age of eighty-four years. He was a farmer and was one of the large stock dealers in this section. William Hilliard, the paternal grandfather of our subject, traced his ancestry to Robert Hilliard, who was an officer in the war of the Roses. Young Hilliard received his elementary education in the common schools of Wadsworth and afterward entered Sharon Academy when Prof. John McGregor was principal of that institution. For three years he was a member of Prof. McGregor's household, pursuing his studies under his personal supervision.

At the age of fifteen years he went to work with his uncle, Isaac Snell, to learn the carpenter's trade. When he came to Bedford in 1851 he secured a position with the Wheelock Chair Company, which he filled very acceptably several years. He was also with the Taylor Chair Company, but in 1877 he embarked in the manufacture of springs at Cleveland; this venture proved a success and he conducted a satisfactory trade there until 1893, when he sold out and returned to Bedford.

Mr. Hilliard was married at the age of twenty-three years in Norton township, Summit county, Ohio, to Julia C. Abbott. She was born at Mount Morris, Livingston county, New York, a daughter of Calvin and Lois (Eyles) Abbott, natives of Connecticut. Mr. and Mrs. Hilliard are the parents of two sons: Louis B., a resident of San Francisco, California, is the superintendent of Bradstreet's Commercial Agency for the Pacific coast, having been in the employ of this firm twenty years; he was a student in the State University of Michigan and was graduated from the law department; F. A. Hilliard is the secretary of the Cleveland Roller Mills Company, and has been with this firm during two decades of active commercial life. Politically our subject adheres to the principles of the Democratic party.

JAMES E. BATTLES, a member of one of the prominent pioneer families of Cuyahoga county, was born in this county, in Orange township, April 24, 1861, a son of Luther Battles, whose history appears upon another page of this volume. He received his elementary education in the common schools and finished the course in the East Cleveland high school. During his youth he assisted in the labors of the home farm, remaining a member of his father's household until his marriage. This important event of his life occurred March 9, 1881, when he was united to Miss Mary Grobe, a native of East Cleveland township. Mrs. Battles' father, Frederick Grobe, was born near Hanover, Germany, and in 1861 emigrated to the United States, settling in Cuyahoga county, Ohio.

In 1882 Mr. Battles purchased seven acres of land in East Cleveland. He was unable at that time to make a large payment, but by unremitting toil and strict attention to his interests he accumulated sufficient means in a few years to cancel the obligation. He erected his dwelling and barn in 1888, both substantial and attractive structures. His years of experience have added to his knowledge and perfected his skill as a market gardener and horticulturist, and Cleveland affords a ready sale for all his products. He has been remarkably successful, and is entirely deserving of the title of self-made, as his efforts have been unaided.

For four years he has been an active member of the Board of Education, and takes a deep interest in increasing the facilities for the coming generations. He is a member of Oak Lodge, No. 77, K. of P., and in politics adheres to the principles of the Republican party.

Mr. and Mrs. Battles are the parents of two children: Arthur was born February 11, 1882, and Minnie, January 5, 1889.

BURR VAN NOATE, who has been for many years prominently identified with the agricultural interests of Brecksville township, is a member of one of the old pioneer families of Cuyahoga county, and is well worthy of representation in this volume. He was born in Howells, Monmouth county, New Jersey, September 6, 1826, a son of William Van Noate, a native of the same State, born July 19, 1798, of Holland descent. He married Ardaliss Jones, a native of New Jersey and a daughter of David Jones, and after this event took up his residence in Monmouth county, New Jersey. In the autumn of 1831 he was swept by the tide of emigration to the far West, as Ohio was then called, making the journey by water to New York city, thence up the Hudson river to Albany, thence by the Erie canal to Buffalo, and up the lake to Cleveland on one of the two steamers that traveled the lake at that time. There were three families in the party, and all went to Strongsville township, where they found shelter in a log cabin owned by Mr. Strong, where they remained while the men looked over the farming lands in the neighborhood. In February, 1832, Mr. Van Noate removed with his family to Independence and purchased one hundred acres of land, paying three dollars and a half an acre; they found a temporary home in a cooper's shop until a log house was erected, with the assistance of the neighbors. Mr. Van Noate died in 1878, at the age of eighty years, and his remains lie buried at Brecksville Center. His wife died in 1850, aged forty-four years. In politics he gave his allegiance to the Democratic party, and was a subscriber to the first number of the Cleveland Plaindealer. He was a consistent member of the Baptist Church, and was held in the highest esteem by a wide circle of acquaintances. As a pioneer he is entitled to the meed of praise due those courageous souls who went before that the path might be made for the onward march of civilization.

There were seven children in the family: Ann, wife of Humphrey Cain, died at South Haven, Michigan; Burr, the subject of this sketch; Jane, the wife of Charles Marsten, died in Chicago; the three named were born in New Jersey, the other four are natives of Ohio; Maria, the wife of Charles Storrs, died in Michigan; Charles died in Amboy, Illinois, unmarried; Charlotte, the wife of Almon Case, died at Blendon, Michigan; and George, who resides at Glenn, Michigan, where he is engaged in growing fruit.

Burr Van Noate was a child of five years when his parents came to the Western Reserve. He was early inured to the heavy labors of a frontier farm, assisting his father in clearing the land and bringing it to a state of cultivation. Here he grew to man's estate receiving his education in the district schools and the Brooklyn and Ohio City Academies. After leaving school at the age of twenty-one he learned the carpenter and joiner's trade, which he followed in con-

nection with agricultural pursuits for many years. In politics, Mr. Van Noate has always been a Republican.

He was united in marriage, March 23, 1853, to Miss Lucy J. Dunbar, a native of Brimfield, Hampden county, Massachusetts, born December 12, 1826. Mrs. Van Noate is a daughter of John and Lucy (Bliss) Dunbar, who emigrated to Ohio in 1832. A more extended notice of these worthy people appears elsewhere in this volume. After his marriage our subject removed to Beloit, Wisconsin, but after a short residence there returned to Cuyahoga county. About the year 1856 he bought the land which comprises his present farm; he has one hundred and forty acres under excellent cultivation: the buildings are substantial structures. All the surroundings are indicative of thrift, prosperity and refined and cultivated taste.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Noate are the parents of a family of five children: Ella D., Charles E., Mary L., who died in infancy, Homer F. and Mary C., the wife of Dr. E. L. Bourn, of Brecksville. Mrs. Van Noate was one of the early educators of the county. Having received more than an ordinary education, at the age of eighteen years she engaged in teaching, and won an enviable reputation. She and Mr. Van Noate are consistent members of the Congregational Church. He is a self-made man in every sense of the word, and merits the confidence reposed in him. Years of industry and toil have brought their reward, and a comfortable competence awaits advancing age.

G. W. PRESTAGE, foreman and superintendent of the wood and machinery departments of the Taylor Chair Factory, Bedford, Ohio, has filled this responsible position for twenty years, and has become thoroughly identified with the interests of the corporation. He is a native of the State of New Jersey, born at Elizabethtown, July 26, 1811, a son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Moncrief) Prestage, natives of the State of New York. His paternal grandfather was Richard Prestage, a native of England and a soldier in the war of 1812; the maternal grandfather was Hugh Moncrief, of French descent; he, too, participated in the war of 1812. Samuel Prestage and wife reared a family of seven children: Elizabeth, George W., Jeannette, Henry, Charles, Josephine and Samuel. Henry was a soldier in the late war, being first a member of the Seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and later of the Sixty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry; for two years he was held a prisoner at Andersonville and Libby, suffering all the hardships and horrors of those places. Charles was a member of Company A, Eighty-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and died at Cumberland Gap, Kentucky. The mother died at the age of forty years; the father passed away in 1891, at the advanced age of eighty-one years. He was a farmer by occupation: in politics he affiliated with the Republican party, and in his religious faith he supported the doctrines of the Disciple Church. G. W. Prestage was a lad of nine years when he came to Cleveland; here he grew to manhood, receiving his education in the common schools. Arriving at mature years he was employed by Dr. J. P. Robinson of Bedford, with whom he remained sixteen years. At the end of this time he secured a position in the sawmill of Lamson & Wise, and at the end of two years went into the Rolling Mills, where he continued some time. Twenty years ago he became associated with the Taylor Chair Company: his previous experience had prepared him for the position he has filled with marked ability and to the best interests of those concerned. An expert mechanic there is not one detail of the business with which he is not familiar.

Mr. Prestage was married December 10, 1863, at Bedford, Ohio, to Thankful S. Matthews, a daughter of James Matthews, a native of Ireland and one of the early settlers of Cuyahoga county. Mr. Matthews was twice married, the first union being with Ann E. Price, a native of Kent, Ohio; there were born of this

marriage six children: Mary A., Thomas T., Wealthy J., Sylvester D., Elisha J. and Elijah G. The second marriage, to Sarah L. Price, resulted in the birth of five children: John P., Thomas E., James T., Thankful S. and Charles B. Mr. Matthews died October 19, 1877; Ann E. Matthews died June 15, 1837; Sarah L. Matthews died August 20, 1887. James T., Elijah G. and Thomas E. were soldiers in the late Civil war. Mr. and Mrs. Prestage are the parents of seven children: Charles W., George H., Clyde Randolph, Fred B., Mabel Lorinda and Florence A.; Eda A. died at the age of one and a half years. Mrs. Prestage is a member of the Disciple Church, is an active worker in the Woman's Relief Corps, and is secretary of the Keeley Local Society. Mr. Prestage is also a member of the Disciple Church. Politically he is a stanch supporter of the principles of the Republican party.

JAMES A. PATTON, who has been prominently identified with the horticultural interests of this county for some years, was born near the city of Glasgow, Scotland, November 16, 1849. After emigrating to America he came to reside with his uncle, Alexander Patton, at Glenville, Ohio. Here he secured a practical education, and when he left school embarked in the occupation of market-gardening and fruit-growing. His reputation has been made upon the success that has attended his culture of the peach; he had 450 trees in bearing condition, and has gathered a heavy crop five out of six years, the yield in 1893 amounting to $1,238; the crop of 1891 was 1,000 bushels, which was the largest yield. This record proves that peach-growing is a possibility in this latitude, and that Nature will betray her secrets to the persistent ones. Mr. Patton's success in raising early vegetables has been almost phenomenal; he has hot-houses for forcing, and makes a specialty of cauliflowers, parsley and radishes. His place, situated on Doan street, one quarter of a mile from St. Clair street, has all the advantages of town and country.

Mr. Patton has taken a deep interest in fostering educational facilities, and has been an active member of the school board for seven years. The present school building was erected during his term of office chiefly through his instrumentality.

He was united in marriage December 13, 1874, to Miss Sarah L. Beattie, a daughter of W. J. Beattie, one of the old business men of Cleveland who died in 1886, at the age of sixty-nine years; his wife survives him. They had born to them four children: Mrs. Patton, John H., Belle, wife of J. Litton, and William, who died at the age of twenty-eight years. Mr. and Mrs. Patton are the parents of three children: Eliza H., Alexander and Armstrong B. They are both members of the United Presbyterian Church. Mr. Patton belongs to the Royal Arcanum. He takes little interest in political affairs, but supports the issues of the Republican party. He is in every sense a self-made man, and although he was denied the educational privileges afforded the youth of this generation, he has accepted experience as a teacher, and has won his way to the front rank of Glenville's most honored citizens.

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WILLIAM J. MARSHALL.—In the cosmopolitan make-up of her citizenship America has gained many desirable accessions from the mother country within the later years, and among these must be numbered the subject of this sketch, who is a prosperous and representative farmer of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio.

Mr. Marshall was born February 10, 1825, in Cornwall England, and in his native place grew to man's estate. His father was John Marshall, who died in Cornwall, about the year 1842. His mother, whose maiden name was Elizabeth John, died in May, 1879, at Cleveland, Ohio.

Our subject was reared on his father's farm, and remained at home until 1845, when he determined to seek his fortunes in the New World, emigrating to the United States in the year mentioned. He located in Cleveland, where he was engaged at the carpenter's trade until the spring of 1861. This valuable trade he had acquired in England, and had there been employed at the same for a period of three years prior to coming to America. During the progress of the late war of the Rebellion he was for seven months in the employ of the government of his adopted country, his services being in demand along the line of his trade.

In 1863 Mr. Marshall effected the purchase of the farm which is now his home, in Parma township. He settled upon the place in the succeeding year and lent himself assiduously to its improvement and cultivation. That he was eminently successful in his well directed efforts is evident from the appearance of the farmstead at the present time, the place being highly cultivated, prolific in its yields and equipped with excellent buildings.

Mr. Marshall was married, in Richfield, Summit county, Ohio, September 28, 1848, to Miss Ann Kirby, who was born in Yorkshire, England, February 8, 1824. She died at the homestead December 2, 1887, sorely lamented by the companion to whom and to whose interests she had ever been devoted. They had two adopted daughters: Alice M., who died December 13, 1881, and Carrie, who is the wife of George Schwab, of Parma, Ohio. A grandchild, William Marshall Schwab, was born November 27, 1893.

Soon after coming to Cleveland Mr. Marshall became connected with the Independent Fire Company, and in 1847 helped to organize Company No. 6, of which he was a member for five or six years, when he again became an organizer of a new company, which was named Hope No. 8, and in which he continued as an officer for seven years, being then placed on the honorary list.

Our subject is a man of broad intelligence and much business ability, takes an active interest in all local affairs of public nature, and in his political proclivities is stanchly arrayed with the Republican party. He has been honored by his fellow-townsmen with the preferment as Township Trustee. He has ever been intimately identified with the religious work of the community, is a devoted member of the First Presbyterian Church, and has been one of the Elders of the same for many years. His wife was also zealous in her devotion and work for the church, of which she was a most consistent member.

THOMAS M. DEWITT, superintendent of Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, is a native of Canada, having been born at Holland Landing, February 24, 1854. He is in direct descent from John DeWitt, Grand Pensionary of Holland, who rendered most distinguished services to the Dutch Republic. The first member of the family came to this country in 1656. His great-grandfather was a member of the Colonial Assembly from 1768 to 1775, and was one of the nine resolute and patriotic men who voted to approve of the proceedings of the Continental Congress in Philadelphia. His grandfather was a member of Congress, and at the close of his term was appointed Charge d' Affaires to Guatemala, Central America. His father resides in Elmira, New York, where he has represented the United States Express Company for thirty-five years, and is and has been prominent in city affairs, holding positions of trust for many years.

Mr. Thomas DeWitt passed his boyhood in Elmira, New York. At the age of twenty years he entered the employ of the United States Express Company, at Elmira, as cashier. In 1880, he was appointed agent for the United States Express Company at Youngstown, Ohio, and in 1882 was transferred to a similar position with the same company at Pittsburg. In March, 1886, he accepted the agency of the Erie Express Company at Cleveland, Ohio, and in November of the same year was promoted

to its managership. In 1888 the Erie Express Company disposed of its interests to Wells Fargo & Company's Express, and Mr. DeWitt was continued in the service of the latter company, in the position of superintendent, which position he now holds.

The above record abundantly demonstrates the capacity and fidelity of Mr. DeWitt for the Express business, and withal, he is a model citizen.

Mr. DeWitt is a member of The Holland Society of New York, by right of direct descent from the Hollanders who came to America in 1654. He is a member of the Calvary Presbyterian Church of Cleveland, and with his wife and four children resides on East Prospect street.

BELDEN SEYMOUR, who died January 17, 1889, was a native of Vergennes, Vermont, born in 1826. At the age of fourteen he went to New York, where he entered the employ of an uncle in the dry-goods business and continued for several years. Later he came to Cleveland, and afterward proceeded to Wisconsin, where he spent three or four years, and then returned to this city, in 1848, settling on the West Side. He became one of the leading citizens of Cleveland, taking an active interest in all things pertaining to the welfare of the city, dealing in real estate being his principal occupation. He was interested in most of the early allotments on the West Side; was one of the organizers of the People's Savings and Loan Association, and was a director of the same at the time of his death. For many years he was a director of the Citizens' Savings & Loan Association of this city. He was always one of the foremost to take up and advocate the best interests of the city, being resolute, progressive and enterprising. He was also engaged in fire insurance, having established one of the oldest agencies in this city. He was also one of the organizers of the People's Gaslight Company on the West Side, with which he was connected at the time of his death as an officer. Was largely interested in the erection of both business and residence buildings, and was one of the most active in securing the ground for, and the erection of, the viaduct at the foot of Superior street.

In politics, he was an active Republican, and was a zealous member of the I. O. O. F., being largely instrumental in the erection of the Odd Fellows Temple on the West Side, which at that time was the finest in the State. For many years he was a member of St. John's Church, Protestant Episcopal, as is also his family.

He was married in Cleveland, in October, 1853, to Miss Eleanor J., daughter of Stephen N. and Mary A. Herrick, of one of the old Connecticut families. Mrs. Seymour still survives him, as do his two children,—Mrs. Sidney Guy Sea, of Cincinnati, whose husband was formerly a merchant and newspaper manager of Chicago; and Belden, Jr.

The latter, after finishing his education, spent eighteen months in travel abroad. Returning to Cleveland, he entered the employ of W. Bingham & Company for three years; then spent five years in the West, located at Chicago and Minneapolis, where he was interested in various enterprises, until the death of his father, when he was called home and succeeded him in business.

MILLARD F. POWERS, managing partner of the dry-goods establishment of William Taylor, Son & Company, has been associated with this institution as an employee or partner since February, 1888.

He was born in Plymouth, Huron county, Ohio, January 30, 1850, a son of Alonzo and Mary J. (Hackathorn) Powers; completed his school education at the high school at Norwalk, Ohio, and at the age of fifteen years engaged as clerk in a grocery, remaining about two years, and then accepted a position as bookkeeper in a

dry-goods establishment in Norwalk, where he remained until he came to Cleveland, in 1871, to accept a position as entry clerk for Morgan, Root & Company. After working for them four years, he was engaged at various things till 1885, when he entered the employ of Taylor, Kilpatrick & Company, in charge of credits. After the expiration of about eleven months he was given a working interest in the business, taking charge of the finances and credits. Soon afterward, in April, 1886, the name of the firm was changed to William Taylor, Son & Company. In January, 1889, he was admitted a member of the firm, the business being owned by the Taylors and Mr. Powers. The business was conducted by J. L. Taylor and Mr. Powers till November, 1892, when the former died; a new partnership was formed, and Mr. Powers was made managing partner of the establishment, which position he now holds, and to which he gives his entire attention. Their trade has been constantly increasing under his management, having doubled since his connection with it. Since his residence in this city, Mr. Powers has arisen from the bottom of the commercial ladder to one of the top rounds. He is a director in the Wade Park Bank, and in the Savings Building & Loan Company.

February 18, 1874, in this city, he was married to Miss Flora C. Marsh, a daughter of Charles E. and Charlotte A. (Bennett) Marsh, and Mr. and Mrs. Powers are the parents of three children: Ada M., Charles A. and Marsh K.

SAMUEL HYDE AMES, deceased, was born in Troy, New York, October 31, 1831, and was brought to Ohio by his parents in 1833, who soon settled in Olmstead, Cuyahoga county, which became their home for the remainder of their lives. He was first married to Ellen M. Stevens, also of Olmstead, July 30, 1854: she died August 31, 1860, and he subsequently married Amelia M. Merriam, of Dover, in that township, on August 29, 1861. They began their married life on the place that is now known as the old homestead farm, and had eleven children, of whom six are still living, to mourn the loss of an indulgent father.

Mr. Ames enlisted in the war of the rebellion, being assigned to the One Hundred and Third Ohio Volunteer Infantry. After about two months spent in camp near Cleveland, Ohio, he was assigned to the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which he served to the close of the great conflict. Twelve hundred men had enlisted in the One Hundred and Third, which was more than the quota, and therefore two companies were assigned as A and B of the One Hundred and Twenty-fourth. Leaving his wife and infant daughter, (who died before his return), he went into camp, and from well known ability and experience in his own neighborhood as a good hand to take care of the sick, he was appointed nurse there, and in the field he was frequently employed in the hospital. Isaac Hurdy, of Berea, Ohio, who was in the same company, thus speaks of him: "I never saw his superior for coolness in the time of danger. With several others, I lay wounded in the field hospital, unable to move. Comrade Ames was nursing us. The rebels would shell the camp at intervals and a shell with a burning fuse rolled in at the door of the tent. We all lay breathless with suspense. The deadly missile might explode at any moment and do dreadful work. But our cool-headed nurse picked up an old shovel and rolled the shell away out of doors, remarking, 'There! that can't hurt anybody now.' He was a good soldier and a good citizen, a kind and provident head of his family, and his memory will never perish in the hearts of friends and family."

His health began to fail in 1890. He was a patient sufferer until October 13, 1893, when his life left his body, at his home in Olmstead. His funeral was held October 17, under the auspices of Olmstead Post, No. 634, G. A. R., of which he had been a member. Olmstead Corps, W. R. C., No. 120, also attended in a

body, with a large concourse of friends from Cleveland and surrounding towns. His remains were laid in the ground near his home, in the beautiful Butternut Ridge cemetery, his grave covered with beautiful flowers,—one more added to the silent ranks sleeping in that quiet spot.

"Soldier, rest! thy warfare o'er;
Sleep the sleep that knows no waking;
Dream of battle-fields no more,
Days of danger, nights of waking.
Soldier, rest! thy warfare o'er."

CAPTAIN JAMES STONE has been identified with the navigators of the Great Lakes since he was a youth of seventeen years, and is well worthy of the space that has been accorded him in this volume. A native of Canada, he was born near Port Burwell, September 10, 1836, a son of William and Eliza (Foster) Stone. The father followed mercantile pursuits and kept a hotel. He died at Vermillion, Ohio. The paternal grandfather, John Stone, Sr., served in the British navy by force during the Revolution. He afterward located on a land grant in Canada, where his family were born and reared. Captain James Stone was an infant when his parents removed to Vermillion, Ohio, where he was reared and educated; he had also pursued his studies at Oberlin College before he reached the age of eighteen years. He then began his career as a sailor, and for thirty-eight years without interruption was on the Lakes. In 1890 he came ashore, and has since been assisting in the management of the business of Bradley & Co.

At the age of twenty-six years he became master of the schooner Challenge, which he sailed one season; he was then made captain of the S. H. Kimball, of which he had charge two seasons; for two seasons he was master of the David Wagstaff; one season he was with the Escanaba; two seasons with the Negaunee, and six years with the S. J. Tilden. He was master of the following steamers: the J. S. Fay, two years; steamer Selah Chamberlain two years; the R. P. Ranney, three years; the City of Cleveland, two years; the M. B. Grover, two years; the Pasadena, three years; the Hesper, one year, the last vessel he sailed. Captain Stone has never lost a vessel and has never sailed a vessel that was insured. For the past twenty-three years he has been a stockholder in the business of Bradley & Company, and he is one of the directors of the Ohio Transportation Company. He is thoroughly conversant with all the details of lake navigation, his opinions carrying weight in shipping circles. In addition to his shipping operations he has carried on some transactions in real estate in Toledo, Ohio, and in San Diego, California.

Captain Stone was married in Vermillion, Ohio, in 1863, to Sarah F. Parsons. They have three children: Lewis is married and resides in Vermillion: he is captain of one of the lake vessels out of Cleveland; Mrs. Mary Honneker lives in Lorain, Ohio; Burton A. is also a citizen of Vermillion. The Captain is a member of the Shipmasters' Association. In politics he is a staunch Republican.

SANFORD L. KENNEDY, one of the representative business men of Cleveland, Ohio, has been identified with her commercial interests since his residence began here in the spring of 1853. He is a native of Monroe county, New York, and a son of Horace D. and Deborah P. (Miller) Kennedy; the father and mother are both deceased. He was a young man when his parents removed to Ohio and had been educated in the county of his birth. During two winters he taught school in the primitive educational institution of the frontier, and in the spring of 1853 came to Cleveland. He secured the position of clerk with the firm of Parish & Knight, in whose employ he remained until 1867. In that year both members of the firm died, and the business passed into the hands of Kennedy, De Forest

& Randall. They carry a large and well selected stock of hardware, including furnaces, stoves and ranges, and a complete assortment of cooking utensils. In connection with the store they have a repair shop, transacting a large business in this line also. They employ from fifteen to twenty-five men, all of whom are skilled workers. To Mr. Kennedy, perhaps more than to the others, the success of this firm is due. When the senior partners were stricken with death he was the only person familiar with the details of the business, and upon him devolved the responsibility of settling all accounts and the care of retaining a well established trade. He proved equal to the demand, and has during late years given his attention to other matters, although retaining his place as head of the firm. He acted as administrator of the estate of Mr. Knight, settling up his affairs in a manner most satisfactory to the heirs. His business interests outside the firm of Kennedy, De Forest & Randall lie chiefly in city real estate. He is truly a self-made man and is deserving of the high respect which he commands in all circles. He has been a member of the Masonic order since 1867, and in politics is a zealous adherent of Republican principles.

Mr. Kennedy was married in 1889 to Miss Sarah Loniso Burt, a native of the city of Cleveland. Their residence is on Arlington street.

THOMAS QUAYLE, ship-builder, was born in the Parish of KirkMichael, Isle of Man, May 9, 1811. There he resided until his sixteenth year, when his parents emigrated to the United States. At that period the tide of emigration was setting strongly toward the Western Reserve, its beauties and advantages having been painted in glowing colors by the Connecticut Land Company. There were several other families who had come from the Isle of Manand selected farms in the townships of Newburgh and Warrensville. They began the task of clearing their lands in the heart of the forest and erected cabins to protect themselves from the elements that were not always kindly in this latitude. They were a people who had come from a country whence the forests had disappeared generations ago, and the surroundings were all new and strange. They were quick to catch the methods of their pioneer neighbors from the Eastern States, and within a few years their farms ranked second to none in the community.

Mr. Quayle had worked for a time as apprentice to a ship-builder in the Isle of Man, and having acquired some knowledge of the business naturally investigated in that field of employment in his new home. He secured a position in the Cleveland ship-yards, and in 1847 formed a partnership with John Cody. They constructed several brigs and schooners, large, fine craft in their day, but pigmies when compared with vessels built a decade later. The partnership was dissolved in 1849, and soon afterward Mr. Quayle entered into business relations with Luther Moses under the firm name of Moses & Quayle. Among the vessels they constructed were the Nile, Milwaukee, Forest Queen, Dunkirk and the schooner Crescent. At a later period a partnership was formed with John Martin under the title of Quayle & Martin, and in a term of twenty years they constructed many of the largest and finest steamers and sailing vessels that floated the lakes. After the death of Mr. Martin in the spring of 1873 Mr. Quayle formed a partnership with his sons, Thomas E. and George L., the firm name being Thomas Quayle & Sons. Although marine affairs were seriously affected by the panic of 1873 this firm constructed several vessels during the period of depression. Among their best results were the Commodore, Buffalo, Chicago and Milwaukee for the Western Transit Line, and the Delaware and Conestoga for the Anchor Line. Mr. Quayle retired from business in 1879, his sons having charge of the shipyard since that time. He was a member of the City Council from the First Ward during

J. D. Bruce

one term, but as a rule took no active interest in politics. He belongs to the Presbyterian Church and to the Masonic order, being a member of the Oriental Commandry and the Scotish Rite.

He was married in 1835 to Miss Eleanor Cannon, and of this union eleven children were born, seven of whom grew to maturity: Thomas E.; William H., who died June 25, 1893; George L.; Charles, who died at the age of twenty six years; Matilda, wife of Charles Gill of Cleveland; Kate, wife of Mr. Malone; and Mary, who is now Mrs. Barrett. The mother died in 1860. Mr. Quayle was married a second time in 1867, to Mary Proudfoot, who still survives.

By his fellow-citizens he is held in the highest esteem; as an employer he has always been regarded as a just man, fulfilling his obligations to the utmost of his power. Now in his eighty-third year he awaits with cheerfulness the summons which must finally come from the great beyond.

JEPTHA H. WADE, inventor and capitalist, was born in Seneca county, New York, August 11, 1811, a son of Jeptha Wade. His father was a civil engineer and surveyor by profession, but he was deprived by death in early youth of paternal care and guidance. His first serious occupation was learning the carpenter's trade, of which he became a thorough master; he also made clocks, and musical instruments, on which he performed with much skill, and developed a genius for mechanics. He was an excellent shot, and as commander of the militia he was the most expert marksman of four hundred men in the ranks. At the age of twenty-one years he became the owner of a large sash and blind factory, but after three years' experience concluded that his talents were not suited to transactions in the commercial world. Having a decided taste for all branches of art, he determined to study portrait painting, and with the celebrated Randall Palmer as his instructor he made rapid progress, attaining an enviable reputation throughout Louisiana, New York and Michigan. He was but little over thirty years of age when he became interested in the discoveries of Daguerre. Assisted only by the printed instructions he studied out the method, and took the first daguerreotype ever made west of New York. Having suffered in health on account of close confinement, he began looking about for some occupation that would take him into the open air. The mystery of a message flashed from Washington to Baltimore was just then creating great excitement in both the commercial and scientific world. Mr. Wade was then in New Orleans, but returned to Detroit, Michigan, and began the study of the principles underlying the invention. Shortly after he commenced the construction of a line along the Michigan Central Railroad, opened and equipped the Jackson office, and acted as operator and manager. After a time he entered the field as a builder of lines, meeting with many discouragements in the imperfections of the inventions. He himself invented an insulator, still bearing his name, which overcame many difficulties. He was the first to inclose a submarine cable in iron armor; this experiment was made across the Mississippi river at St. Louis, and to its success is due the existence of the entire cable system of the world.

When the Western Union Telegraph Company was formed by the consolidation of many small lines, Mr. Wade was made general manager, and to him, more than to any other man, is due the credit for the construction of the Trans-continental Railway; it was his energy, foresight and judgment that conceived and carried into operation the Pacific Telegraph from St. Louis to San Francisco, bringing the isolated gold seekers into communication with the Eastern world, and thus attracting the attention of capitalists and enterprising business men. The location of the line and the responsibility of its construction were turned over to him; and he labored with indefatigable energy and zeal until the last stake was driven. Under his direct supervision the train was equipped, and each

man was armed with revolvers and rifle for protection against the Indians. In an incredibly short time the gigantic scheme was a reality, and the El Dorado was reached. There Mr. Wade found confusion among the local companies, which he succeeded with rare tact in uniting, securing complete communication with the East. It was through his suggestions that the various railroad companies built lines for their exclusive use.

He was made the first president of the Pacific Telegraph Company, and, upon its consolidation with the Western Union, was made president of the entire combination. He filled this position with marked ability until a serious illness in 1867 warned him that he was overtaxing the instrument at his command; and although he retired from active pursuits for a time he was not of the fibre that readily relaxes. As a director in many of the largest factories, banks, railroads and public institutions, his wide experience and sound judgment were highly valued. Upon the organization of the Citizens' Savings & Loan Association of Cleveland in 1867, he was elected its president. As president of the Lake View Cemetery Association he gave evidence of the refined and cultivated taste which has always marked his character. In 1882 he gave to the city seventy-three acres known as Wade Park, which he had kept open to the public at his own expense for many years.

He was connected with the following corporations in the capacities mentioned: Director of the Second National Bank of Cleveland; director of the Cleveland Rolling-mill Company, the Cleveland Iron Mining Company and the Union Steel Screw Company; president of the American Sheet and Boiler Plate Company and of the Chicago & Atchison Bridge Company; he was also a director of several railroad companies, and was president of the Kalamazoo, Allegan & Grand Rapids and the Cincinnati, Wabash & Michigan Railway companies; he was also president of the Valley Railway Company, this line leading to the coal fields of Ohio.

He was appointed commissioner of the City Sinking Fund, was Park Commissioner, and director of the work-house and the house of refuge. He was one of the trustees of the Cleveland Protestant Orphan Asylum, and erected at his own expense a handsome, fireproof building that will accommodate 150 children.

Mr. Wade passed from the activities of this life to the "unknown" August 9, 1890. No word of eulogy can add to the lustre of his name. His ability, his talent, his genius, were all dedicated to the advancement of humanity, and to him humanity owes a deep debt of gratitude.

JOHN B. COWLE, treasurer of the Cleveland Dry Dock Company, was born in Bolton, Lancastershire, England, September 16, 1826, a son of Daniel and Alice (Beswick)Cowle. The father was financially independent in England until he emigrated to the United States, in 1839, on account of political difficulties. He settled in Lake county, Ohio, and the following year removed to Cleveland, where he passed the remaining years of his life, his death occurring in 1855.

John B., the eldest of eight children, was a youth of thirteen years when the family came to this country. During the first winter he chopped wood for family use, going a distance of four miles to the timber; the next spring he was employed in the Cuyahoga Furnace as an apprentice, serving seven years as a moulder. At first he received but $2 a week, boarding himself, but before his apprenticeship closed his wages were raised a dollar a day. He followed his trade eight years, at the end of which time, in 1855, he became connected with the Globe Iron Works. This firm experienced several changes in ownership, finally becoming Cowle, Cartwright & Company, and later the Globe Iron Works.

In 1886 Mr. Cowle disposed of his interest in the establishment with the intention of retiring from active business; his energies rebelled

J. J. Coleman.

against this inactivity, and as he was a stockholder in the Cleveland Dry Dock Company, he was made treasurer, the duties of this office taking up his attentions. He assisted in the organization of the Aetna Iron Nail Company, and was one of the founders of the Globe Shipbuilding Company, which firm built the steamer Anoko in 1882, the largest iron steamer on the lakes at that time.

In 1851, Mr. Cowle was united in marriage to Catherine Gillette, of Littleport, Cambridgeshire, England. They are the parents of seven children, two of whom are living: Alice, the wife of W. E. Perkins, of the Purdy McNiel Lumber Company, and Catherine, the younger, who is at home. Mr. Cowle has been a member of the I. O. O. F., Erie Lodge, No. 27, having united with that fraternity in 1844, when under twenty-one years of age, a special dispensation being secured from the Grand Lodge. For many years, he was one of the most active workers, passing all the chairs of the subordinate lodge and of the encampment. When the I. O. O. F. Hall was erected on the West Side he aided this enterprise by a subscription of $4,000. Mr. Cowle has long been a prominent member of St. John's Episcopal Church, and held the office as Treasurer for a number of years. He is well known among all vessel owners and business men.

DR. J. G. COLEMAN.—To the weak the vicissitudes of fortune may bring defeat and despair, but to the brave Destiny herself must sometimes yield. Born in the city of New York, April 19, 1819, Dr. J. G. Coleman began a career that has been marked by almost all the fluctuations incident to the lot of man. At the age of seven years he was left an orphan, and during the five years following he was sheltered in the orphan asylum founded by the widow of Alexander Hamilton. At the end of this time he went out into the world and for nine years lived at Clarkstown, New York, in the home of Dr. John Polhamus. Here he recovered from the shock of diseases incident to childhood, blindness and St. Anthony's fire, but so dwarfed he never weighed over 120 pounds till past twenty-one. His studies were the mother's catechism, the New Testament and arithmetic. Dr. Polhamus was a practicing physician, but he also owned and operated a mill and superintended the cultivation of a large tract of land. Young Coleman divided his time between mechanics and agriculture, and at the age of fifteen years carried the brick and mortar necessary to keep five masons employed. This unquestionably laid the foundation for his lameness. A wall fell with him while tearing down an old stone house, crushing two fingers of his left hand and the tibia bone of his left leg. Then there was the excessive work of carrying the bricks and mortar. His left leg carried a bad sore for many years and a scar since, and a weakness and pain in both knees, which physicians could not cure, and compelled him to seek relief in study and teaching for a livelihood. At the age of seventeen years he had assumed the management of the farm belonging to Dr. Polhamus, continuing his residence with the Doctor until he had attained his majority. He afterward was engaged in the construction of docks along the East and North rivers, and the following autumn went to western New York, where he devoted his energies to mastering the mason's trade. In this occupation he met some serious accidents which crippled him for a time. In November, 1842, he was caught in the tide of emigration which was then moving slowly but steadily to the West, and crossing the lakes came to Ohio. He worked at his trade at different places and was also employed in the potash works north of the center of Chardon, his wages being increased each month.

Until this time the necessities of life had pressed too hardly upon this young man to admit many aspirations beyond the honest winning of his daily bread. In the spring of 1843, however, he determined to enter school; this

plan was carried out, and the next fall was also devoted to his studies. In 1843 he attended two terms, in 1844 two terms, in 1845 one term, and then read medicine. He was then employed as a teacher at Little Mountain, receiving a salary of $10 a month. When the term was ended he started with a friend through the oil region of Pennsylvania grafting fruit trees, and continued this business until the opening of school in the spring, when he returned to his books. During the winter months following he had charge of a school of ninety pupils, and then came another period when he again was pupil instead of master.

Desirous of entering Willoughby Medical College, he went to work at his trade to obtain the necessary funds. November 1, 1845, he entered this institution, and by working for his board was enabled to finish the literary course, taking the highest honors of his class. He then became a student in the old Erie Medical College of Cleveland, during an extra session, in the fall term of 1847, walking eight miles a day to attend the lectures and earning one dollar a day at his trade! The odds against which he worked make the path of the medical student of the present day appear to be a smooth one. In 1851 he practiced in Cleveland, and graduated in 1852; he practiced, studied and graduated. He at once began the practice of his profession, but while the study of the science of medicine had its charms, the practical side was yet another story.

At the end of one year Dr. Coleman retired to his farm at Munson, where he gave his attention to tilling the soil, responding to the few professional calls in the neighborhood where he lived. While a resident there he served also as Justice of the Peace under the administration of Governor Chase. In 1863 he removed to his farm near Chagrin Falls, Ohio, and there he has since resided. He purchased in 1872 a quarry near Cleveland, which proved a profitable investment, and he also owns some valuable real estate in Cleveland, and fourteen houses in Cleveland and Collinwood, gained by industry and economy in youth, upon which he depends for his support, in part at least, in the infirmities of age.

He is one of the ten men through whose efforts the Chagrin Falls Narrow Gauge Railroad was finally completed. Remembering the difficulties which beset his way, the Doctor has ever been a warm friend to those educators whose effort has been to increase and improve the facilities for the on-coming generations. He was one of the founders and supporters of Hiram Seminary and College, as delegate from the church at Munson, about thirty-two churches uniting by delegates; and he was an ardent friend of James A. Garfield. In 1870–'71 he was for two years' Trustee of Chagrin Falls township. At one time he was interested in the paper mills at Chagrin Falls; he sold his interest to Pratt & Pope. He afterward ran a large carriage shop at Chagrin Falls.

Dr. Coleman was married at the age of twenty-eight years, to Rhoda Hayden, a daughter of Elder William Hayden. She was born June 26, 1825, at Streetsboro, Ohio, and died leaving one daughter, Mary, who married and is also deceased. Mary left a family of three children: Mrs. Nellie Farley, Burr, and May Bushey, who is a successful student and nurse in the Huron Street Hospital Training School. After the death of his first wife Dr. Coleman was married, in 1869, to Amelia V. Kent, a daughter of the Hon. Gamaliel H. Kent, one of the prominent early settlers of Chagrin Falls. Two children have been born of this union, Jean and Gussie. Dr. Coleman has always had a home. Even when yet a boy he provided to have a home before his marriage. His present home he purchased in June, 1862.

In his religious faith the Doctor adheres to the teachings of the Disciple Church, and has been a zealous laborer in the cause of his Master, in Cleveland, Collamer, Willoughby, Mentor, Munson, Chester, Russell, Chagrin Falls, etc. In testimony of his labors as a church official, from 1863 to 1894, the Disciple Church at Chagrin Falls, of which he is a member, in

December, 1893, presented Dr. Coleman with an elegant gold-headed cane as a token of their appreciation of the zeal he had shown in the cause of the church. For all his services in the cause of religion he has never received any pecuniary compensation. Believing earnestly in temperance reform he has supported that movement through all its varying fortunes with the warmest ardor. In all the walks of life he has borne himself with strict integrity and a dignity that have commanded the respect and confidence of every class of citizens.

F. A. MINER, one of the leading farmers of this locality, was born in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, May 11, 1840, a son of D. A. Miner. The latter's father, John Miner, came to Cuyahoga county from Genesee county, New York, about 1832, where he purchased eighty acres of wooded land, paying $10 per acre, and immediately began clearing his place. His death occurred at this place in 1840. His wife afterward died at the home of her children in Michigan. Daniel A. Miner was married in New York to Phebe Williams, and they had one child when they located in Ohio. She married Washington Taylor, and died in Royalton township. After coming to this State one son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Miner, Hiram, now a farmer in South Dakota. The wife and mother died in Ohio, and the father afterward married Sarah Francis, a native of Royalton, and a daughter of Thomas Francis, one of the early pioneers of this locality. To this union were born nine children, as follows: Phebe, wife of Charles Canfield, of Brecksville township, this county; F. A., our subject; W. B., of Jackson county, Michigan; Betsey Jane, deceased in Jackson county, was the wife of John Hunt; Loraine, who married Edward Blackmore, and also died in that State; Seldon Benjamin, residents of Jackson county, Michigan; Lottie, wife of Edward Blackmore; and Charles, of Jackson, Michigan. After coming to Ohio, Daniel Miner lived with his father until the latter's death, after which he took charge of the farm. In 1864 he removed to Jackson county, Michigan, where he died in 1873. His widow still resides at the old homestead in that county, aged seventy-six years. Mr. Miner was identified with the Republican party, and was a member of the Free-will Baptist Church.

F. A. Miner, the subject of this sketch, remained on the home farm until nineteen years of age, and then learned the trade of plasterer. After his marriage he located near where he now lives in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, and, with the exception of three years spent in Brecksville township, has resided in this locality ever since. Mr. Miner came to his present farm in 1881, where he is engaged in general farming and dairying, having abandoned his trade for the past five years. In political matters he has been a life-long Republican, and has held the important position of Justice of the Peace for nine years.

January 3, 1859, Mr. Miner was united in marriage with Eleanor Wilcox, who was born in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, July 9, 1837, a daughter of Edwin and Jane (Coates) Wilcox, the former a native of Massachusetts and the latter of Genesee county, New York.

The Wilcox family were from Holly, Massachusetts, came here with oxen and wagon, and were six weeks on the road, camping out at night. After marriage Edwin Wilcox located in Brecksville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and his father-in-law, John Coates, was one of the early pioneers of Royalton township. Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Wilcox had the following children: Henry, who died at Grafton, West Virginia; Charles, deceased in Royalton township; and Eleanor, wife of our subject. Mr. Wilcox followed the carpenter's trade during his active life, and many of the large warehouses of Cleveland were erected by him. His death occurred July 11, 1879, and his wife survived until November 11, 1886, both having been active members of the Free will Baptist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Miner have four children: James H., an engin-

eer on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad: Edwin D., a fireman on the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad; Lottie M., engaged in teaching school; and Lillie J., at home. Mr. and Mrs. Miner are members of the Free-will Baptist Church, in which the former holds the position of Deacon, and has been Superintendent of the Sunday-school for twenty years. He is one of the leading citizens of the township, has taken an active interest in the improvement of the schools of his section, and is respected by all who know him.

HORACE FORD, of Cleveland, was born in Cummington, Hampshire county, Massachusetts, October 22, 1823, a son of Cyrus and Clarissa (Whitmarsh) Ford, natives also of that place. Cyrus and his son Horatio came in a sleigh from Massachusetts to Ohio in 1837. Cyrus Ford and his wife visited relatives in Michigan during the winter, and then located in Massillon, this State, where he engaged in raising mulberries and silk-worms. On account of sickness, the family came to Cleveland in 1841, where Mr. Ford hatched 1,500,000 silk-worms, but never succeeded in getting a cocoon, the reason being attributed to the climate. In the fall of 1844 he purchased 100 acres of land on the north side of Euclid avenue, where our subject now resides, and for which he paid $18 per acre. He also bought 100 acres at the same time on Mayfield street, south of Garfield monument, paying $16 per acre. At one time he devoted eighteen acres to watermelons. In 1852 Mr. Ford gave the farm to his son Horace, but remained there until his death, in 1864, at the age of seventy-four years. His wife survived until 1874, dying at the age of eighty-two years. They had six sons, - Horace, Horatio C. (deceased in 1876), Henry, Francis, Lewis W. and George (who died in infancy). Mr. and Mrs. Ford and their two sons, Horace and Horatio, were charter members of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church, which celebrated its semi-centennial December 3 to 10 and following days, 1893. While in Massachusetts, Mr. Ford's family was raised in the same school district with William Cullen Bryant and Senator H. L. Dawes.

Horace Ford, the subject of this sketch, worked on the farm during the summer months, and taught school in the winters. In October, 1846, his district introduced the graded-school system, and he then taught in a school in the eastern part of the city until 1851, when his health failed. In November, of that year, he taught in Ohio City. In 1852 Mr. Ford took charge of his father's farm, on which he paid a debt of $1,600, also taught in District No. 2 until 1865, and then engaged in market gardening. He sold forty acres of the Hill property for $1,000 an acre in April, 1891, the same land having been purchased in 1844 for $16 per acre. Mr. Ford still owns a lot, 300 x 600 feet, where he has a comfortable residence, and other desirable property. Ford Place, on Euclid avenue, was named in honor of his father. Before the war Mr. Ford served as conductor on the underground railroad.

He was married in 1852, and had six children, two of whom, Ida and James, died of malignant dysentery in September, 1864, the the former aged eight years, and the latter eight months. They died within three hours of each other, and were buried in the same casket. The remaining children are: Mary, wife of Jesse B. Fay, an attorney of this city, and they have two sons, Horace and Thomas; Nellie L., wife of J. M. Alton, also of Cleveland, and they have one son, George; Arthur H., engaged in gardening; and the youngest child died in infancy. The wife and mother departed this life in March, 1877, at the age of forty-eight years. In February, 1880, Mr. Ford married Miss Mary C., a daughter of P. Hovey, of Cleveland. She died of apoplexy in December, 1883, and he afterward married Miss Eliza Talbot, a daughter of J. T. Talbot, also of this city. Mr. Ford, Mrs. J. D. Bennett, Mrs. Horatio Ford and Mrs. Elizabeth Ingersol (of

Detroit) are the only surviving charter members of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church. Since 1841 Mr. Ford has taught a class in the Sunday-school, which now numbers thirty members; in 1853 he was appointed a Deacon in the church, and has served as secretary of the Bohemian Mission Board since its organization. In political matters, his first vote was cast for James G. Birney in 1844, voted with the Liberty party until 1848, and since that time has been a Republican. Mr. Ford is one of the oldest representatives of one of the oldest, most favorably known and highly respected families in the city.

O. H. CLAFLIN, a farmer of Royalton township, was born at this place, May 16, 1825, a son of William Claflin, a native of Hancock county, Vermont. He was a farmer by occupation, and was a soldier in the war of 1812, participating in the battle of Plattsburg. Mr. Claflin was married in his native State to Anna Abbot, a native of Vermont, and in 1819 they located in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Their family at that time consisted of the following children: Daniel B., deceased in this township, at the age of eighty-six years; Amanda, married William Ferris and died in Royalton in 1884; Submit, deceased at the age of twenty-four years; William A., a carpenter by occupation, died in Michigan; and Timothy P., who died in Vermontville, Michigan, and was buried in Camden township, Lorain county, Ohio. Mr. Claflin purchased a small farm of wooded land. His death occurred September 6, 1827, by fever contracted while working on the Ohio canal, then in the course of construction from Cleveland to Akron. He was buried in Pritchard cemetery, Royalton township. After locating at this place four children were born in the family of Mr. and Mrs. Claflin, viz.: Julia A. d., married Merrick Porter, and died in Russia township, Lorain county, Ohio; Anna A., deceased in Michigan, was the wife of Almon Graves; Orson H., our subject; and Loyal H., a farmer and grain speculator, died in Minnesota. At his death, the father left a widow and nine children, and the mother succeeded in keeping the smaller ones at home, supporting them by weaving and spinning. The mother died October 14, 1854, and was buried by the side of her husband.

O. H. Claflin, the subject of this sketch, remained at home until about eight years of age, after which he worked for his board for William Ferris ten years. He never wore shoes until after his eighth year, his feet having been protected by sacks during the winter! After leaving the home of Mr. Ferris, he secured a contract to clear ten acres of timber land for $100. Mr. Claflin then attended the Richfield select school, where he fitted himself for teaching, and followed that occupation a number of years in Cuyahoga county. In 1850 he began work at the carpenter's trade in Wisconsin, and after returning to this county located on his farm. In the spring of 1855 Mr. Claflin came to his present farm of 155 acres in Royalton township, which he has cleared, and put under a fine state of cultivation. In addition to general farming, he has also done much work at the carpenter's trade in his neighborhood. In political matters, he is a stanch Republican, has served as Trustee and Assessor, and is well posted on the general issues of the day.

Mr. Claflin was married in Wisconsin, June 26, 1850, to Permelia Smith, and they had one child, Thomas M., a member of the Nordberg Manufacturing Company, of Milwaukee. November 8, 1854, in Strongsville, Ohio, our subject was united in marriage with Mariah S. Erswell, who was born in London, England, July 17, 1833, a daughter of Charles and Mary Ann (Snow) Erswell, who came to America in 1833. While crossing the ocean Mrs. Claflin became sick, and, thinking her dead, the Captain ordered her thrown overboard, but the mother begged to keep her a few minutes longer, and she revived! After spending a short time in New York, the family came to Ohio. Mr. and

Mrs. Claflin have had the following children: Dora, at home; Carrie, wife of John Bailey, of Brooklyn village, Cuyahoga county; Arthur H., a farmer of Royalton township; Otto H., at home; and Loyal, deceased in infancy.

A. L. KNAUFF, a prominent fire-brick and clay dealer of Newburg, Ohio, dates his birth in New York city, September 10, 1842. In 1849 his father, P. J. Knauff, came west and settled on a farm in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and on this farm the subject of our sketch grew to manhood.

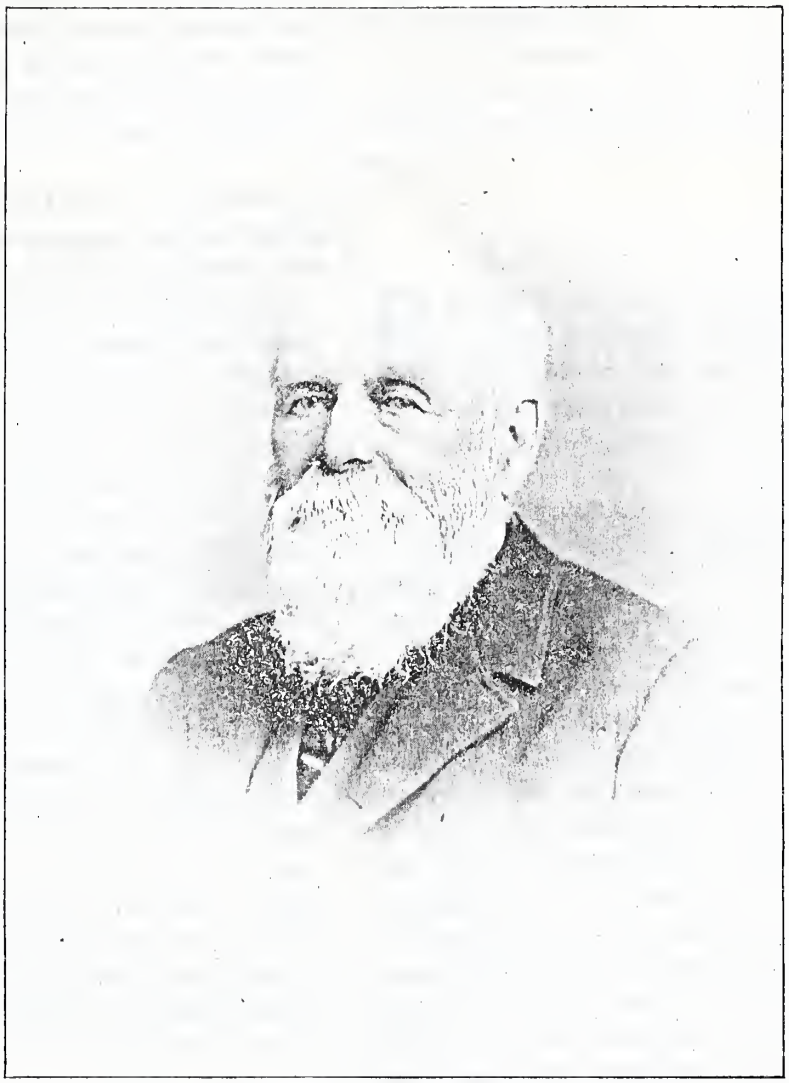
July 10, 1861, young Knauff entered the service of the United States Government as a teamster in an ammunition train. He remained in this service until some time in October following, when he enlisted in Company K, Third New York Cavalry, and was mustered in at Darnestown, Maryland, on the 17th of the same month. His command formed a part of the Army of the Potomac and first met the enemy at Ball's Bluff. Following is a list of engagements in which Mr. Knauff participated during the war:

1861.—Ball's Bluff, October 21; near Edwards' Ferry, October 22,—both in Virginia.

1862.—Near Winchester, March 7; Winchester, March 10; Shenandoah valley, April 8,—all three in Virginia. The following in North Carolina: Houghton Mills, April 27; near Bryant Church, May 7; near Trenton Bridge, May 15; Trenton Creek, May 30; Greenville road, May 31 and June 2; Trenton creek, June 5, 24, and July 10; Pollocksville, July 25; Mill creek, July 26; Young's Cross Roads, July 27; Kingston road, August 6; Neuse river road, August 20; Washington, September 6 and 7; Trenton creek, September 9; Washington, October 7; Pungo creek, October 29; Rowles' mills, November 2; near Washington, November 3; Tarboro, November 5; Bachelder's creek, November 11; Core creek, November 18; Kingston road, December 11; Wise's Cross Roads, December 12; South West creek, December 13; Kingston, December 14; Goldsboro, December 15; Olive Station, December 16; Dudley, December 17.

1863.—Core creek, January 8; Pollocksville, January 17; near Trenton, January 18 and 19; near Jacksonville, January 20; Sandy Ridge, February 13; near New Berne, February 27; Skeet Mills, March 3; Swan's quarters, March 4; near Dover, March 6; Young's Cross Roads, March 7; near New Berne, March 13 and 14; Washington, March 30; White Fork, April 3; Gum Swamp, April 4; Swift creek, April 8; Blount creek, April 9; Blount's mills, April 14; Peleter's mills, April 16; railroad crossing of Coal creek, April 17 and 18; Big Swift creek, April 19; Sandy Ridge, April 20; Wise's Cross Roads, April 28; near Core creek, April 29; Coro creek, April 30; Evans' mills, May 5; Stony creek, May 7; Gum Swamp, May 22; Bachelder's creek, May 23; Washington, May 24; Jacksonville, May 30; Plymouth, June 16; Core creek, June 17 and 18; Trenton, July 3; Hallsville, July 4; Kenyonsville, July 5; Warsaw, July 9; Swift Creek, July 18; Greenville, July 19; Rocky Mount station, July 20; Tarboro, July 21; Street's Ferry, July 22; Pollocksville, July 26; near New Berne, October 7; Camden Court House, October 15; Dismal Swamp, November 3.

1864.—In Virginia: Walbridge, May 5; Stony Creek station, May 7; Nottaway bridge, May 8; Whitebridge, May 9; Chula depot, May 14; Belcher's Mills, May 16; near Hatcher's Run, June 2; near Petersburg, June 10; assault on Petersburg, June 15; Danville Railroad, June 22; Stanton Railroad bridge, June 25; Roanoke river, June 26; Reams' Station, June 29; Deep Bottom, July 26 and 29; Malvern Hill, August 1; Yellow Tavern on the Weldon Railroad, August 19; Reams' station, August 21 and 25; Lee's mills, August 31; and Jerusalem plank road, September 2, when Mr. Knauff was taken prisoner of war, by Hampton's Legion, and was thrown into historic Libby prison. Twenty days later he effected an escape



Reuben Gates.

by tunneling. He decided to follow the James river and make an effort to reach the Federal lines below Richmond. During the day he lay hidden and at night floated on a log down the river. Thus he spent eighteen days and was finally picked up by a Union boat. His term of enlistment being expired, he came back to Cleveland and took up civil pursuits. From the rank of private he was promoted to Corporal, Sergeant and finally Captain, but he never had a command.

The first three years after his return from the army Mr. Knauff was engaged in the butcher business. He next became connected with the well known lumber firm of Bell, Cartwright & Company, with which he remained seven years. After that he turned his attention to the fire-brick and clay business. The firm of which he is now a member, Wright & Knauff, was formed in 1878, when Mr. Knauff succeeded Mr. Alexander, who had helped to establish the yard in 1874. The name given the plant is The Cleveland Diamond Fire-Brick Works. They occupy a tract of several acres in the southern part of the city, on the line of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad, which is improved with substantial buildings and supplied with modern machinery and appliances. The main building is 65 x 90 feet, with an annex of 45 x 40 feet. Three kilns are in operation, each with a capacity of 50,000 brick. The product consists of fire brick for all purposes, including cupolas, furnaces, arch work, etc., and the firm is able to accommodate patrons with any special form or style of work. Both Mr. Knauff and Mr. Wright are practical and experienced men in the business.

Mr. Knauff's father is a native of Germany, but has been a resident of America since 1830. For twelve years he made his home in New York city and vicinity. He is a man of family, his children being as follows: Augusta, wife of Henry Prehn, of Independence, Ohio; A. L.; Anna, deceased wife of John D. Evans; Theodore K., of Atlanta, Georgia; and Amelia, wife of E. D. Lerche.

Mr. A. L. Knauff has been married three times—first, September 1, 1868, to a Mrs. Swartz, who died December 29, 1869, leaving one child, Marie; secondly, November 23, 1872, to Emma Krehbiel, who died June 12, 1885, without issue; and thirdly, March 13, 1889, to Mrs. Lois Esterbrook.

He is a member of Memorial Post, No. 141, G. A. R.; of the U. V. U., U. V. L., Prisoners of War, Loyal Legion and the Cavalry Association.

REUBEN GATES was born in Brooklyn, Cuyahoga county, August 29, 1821. His father was the late Jeremiah Gates, who was one of the very earliest settlers of Cuyahoga county, born in Connecticut about 1791, and came from Delhi, New York, in the year 1815, to Brooklyn, traveling on foot for the purpose of examining the country. He was satisfied with the country and returned to Delhi, where he married Phebe Deming. The young couple journeyed to Cuyahoga county, making the trip with a horse and wagon to Buffalo and thence to Cleveland by way of Lake Erie. For two years after this Mr. Gates was employed in a sawmill, and in 1819 assisted his brother Nathaniel in the erection of a sawmill at what is now known as Five Mile Lock. In 1820 he purchased a farm in Brooklyn township, where he continued to live until his death, which occurred in 1870. His wife passed away twelve years later. They had four children,—John, Matilda, Reuben and Charles. John died when seven years old. Matilda, wife of Isaiah Fish, was the first white child born in Brooklyn. She died in Brooklyn when about thirty-three years of age. Charles resides in Brooklyn.

Reuben Gates was reared in Brooklyn, where he lived till 1853, with the exception of two years, which he spent in Wellington, Ohio, where his father built a saw and grist mill. He was married in Wellington, Lorain county, Ohio, June, 1841, to Miss Harriet J. Avery, a daugh-

ter of Waitstill and Lydia (Hendrick) Avery. Mrs. Avery died in West Stockbridge, Massachusetts. Her husband died in Wellington, Ohio, in October, 1845. They had three children, of whom Mrs. Gates was the second. She was born in West Stockbridge, August 14, 1821. Mr. and Mrs. Gates have one daughter, Lydia A., born in Brooklyn, November 22, 1845.

In 1853 Mr. Gates settled in Parma township, where he erected a steam sawmill and continued to reside until November, 1870, when he sold his farm and mill and removed to Cleveland, Ohio, remaining in the city eight years. During that time he, in connection with his brother, built the Star Elevator in Cleveland. In 1878 he was obliged to take back his farm, and so returned to it, where he has since resided. He owns 138 acres, and has erected a fine system of buildings. Mr. Gates was the pioneer in using natural gas in the house, drilling a 1,000-foot well as early as 1862, which has furnished gas for heating, cooking, lighting and power to blow a steam whistle for calling hired help on the farm to their meals.

Mr. Gates has filled the office of Justice of the Peace, and also that of Township Trustee. He formerly voted with the Republican party, but is now a Prohibitionist.

He has led an active life and has done his part in improving the community where he lives.

SIDNEY HOWE SHORT.—There is undoubtedly no one line of material progress along which so varied and brilliant advances have been made within the past decade and a half as that of the practical application of electric force, and there must naturally be a particular interest attaching to those men who by their study and experiment have lent their aid to the magnificent movement. He whose name initiates this review has been an ardent worker in the electrical field and has accomplished much, bringing to bear a thorough knowledge of both theoretical and practical order. He is vice-president of the Short Electric Railway Company of Cleveland, and is thoroughly identified with the development of the system which bears his name and whose sudden rise into marked popularity stands as the strongest evidence of its excellence. He has been untiring and progressive as an inventor and personally is a worker of the most pronounced type, while to his faithful industry and tireless patience, combined with his native genius, may his notable success be consistently ascribed.

Mr. Short was born at Columbus, Ohio, in 1858, one of the five children of John and Eliza Short. His father was concerned with railroading enterprises, having been for five years superintendent of the Miami Railroad. He was afterward engaged in the manufacture of general machinery and gained considerable prominence in that field of endeavor, operating one of the largest machine shops in the capital city of the State, where he is now living a retired life. He was born in England in 1825, coming to America at the age of twenty years. He and his wife are communicants and devoted members of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Afforded excellent educational advantages and possessed of a natural mechanical taste, our subject very early in life, even when a boy in kilts, became interested in electricity. His mother states that one rainy day she found him in the yard, holding the upper part of a severed lightning rod away from the lower and watching the play of electricity across the intervening space. He prosecuted his studies in the Capital University and later in the Ohio State University, graduating at the latter in 1880, after five years of study. His graduation was delayed one year, owing to the fact that he filled the position of laboratory director in the institution during the first year of the absence of Professor Mendenhall, who had accepted a call to the University of Tokio, Japan.

While a boy in school it is worthy of note that Mr. Short manifested a quite decided inclination to neglect other work than that per-

taining to electricity, and his time out of school was passed in contriving unique devices from old wire and batteries which he purchased from the Western Union Telegraph Company. All the money he could earn in an incidental way he deflected toward purchases in the line mentioned and his ingenious appliances were duly insinuated into the domestic economies of his home. At one time all the house clocks were connected by a device by which they could be wound simultaneously from one place. This appliance was retained until a stroke of lightning ruined it and at the same time all the clocks. A system of electric burglar alarms was extended through the house and served to create no little excitement on several occasions, though its efficiency was never tested, save inadvertently by members of the family or by friends. At one time the young man had his bed decorated with telegraph sounders, attached to the head and foot boards, with wires running into the room through the windows.

While attending the Centennial Exposition in 1876, he carefully examined the Bell telephone of that date and discovered that he had already constructed, in the laboratory of the Ohio State University, a device which embodied practically the same principles. His apparatus, however, had been utilized merely for the transmission of sound, and probably no attempt was ever made to transmit articulate speech by its medium. On his return from Philadelphia to Columbus he perfected and patented a long-distance telephone transmitter, which patent was subsequently sold to the Gold Stock Telegraph Company. Later on he secured letters patent upon an original type of arc lamp (patent No. 29,625), but no use was ever made of the invention. The fascination exercised over him by Professor Mendenhall, by reason of the latter's ability and enthusiasm, caused Mr. Short to continue his researches and experiments at the State University after the professor had accepted the chair of physics in that institution. A higher opportunity was thus afforded him for close and serious work as a student. He passed almost his entire time, day and night, in the laboratory with Professor Mendenhall, who has long since gained recognition as one of the most able and popular scientists in the Union.

After graduation Mr. Short went, at the end of the summer vacation, to the Colorado State University at Denver, and there became vice-president of the institution and professor of chemistry and physics. He held the combined chairs for a period of two years, by which time the work had so increased in extent as to render imperative the securing of an assistant. In his work Professor Short attained no little prominence, and his connection with the university resulted in much permanent benefit to the institution, contributing greatly to its prestige and substantial advancement. He resigned the chair of chemistry in 1883. Notwithstanding the manifold demands placed upon his time and attention he had in the meanwhile worked up his plan for an electric railway, constructing his first road, a single track with turn-outs, in the large basement of the university building. The miniature system was put into operation in the spring of 1885, and by its novelty attracted many visitors. It is safe to say that hundreds of people in Denver were transported round and round the old basement of the university in the crowded car operated by the first Short motors. Mr. Short wound both the motors and the dynamo in the laboratory, doing the work himself.

In 1885 his interest in practical electric railway work and his confidence that he could succeed in the same proved sufficiently potent to induce him to resign his position at the university. He immediately commenced work upon a surface road conduit system on Tremont street, in Denver. His next work was in the laying of an electric line, built with a conduit on Fifteenth street, running to Capitol hill in one direction and to North Denver in another. The road, despite the almost insuperable obstacles opposing the operation of a conduit system, was operated with some success for several months by the United States Electric Company,

now known as the Denver Tramway Company, series motors being utilized. The success of the series motors in connection with the conduit system, while encouraging to Mr. Short as an electrician, was of not sufficient importance to induce him to remain in Denver.

In 1887 he returned to Columbus, Ohio, and entered into partnership with N. B. Abbott, of the Abbott Paving Company, one of the representative business men of the State, the firm title being S. H. Short & Company. The first work of the firm was in the construction of a short line in Columbus, the trolley device being utilized in connection with series motors and practically identical appliances to those used in Denver. Leaving this road partially completed Mr. Short went to St. Louis, Missouri, in 1888, and constructed a trolley system on South Broadway. Although operated for more than a year with success, this system was eventually displaced by an extensive cable system which ramified into all important quarters of the city. Mr. Short then went to Huntington, West Virginia, coming to Cleveland in June, 1889, since which time he has continued his residence in the Forest City. He here organized the company which bears his name, the Short Electric Railway Company, the Brush Electric Company taking a large share of the stock and contracting to do the manufacturing.

It is worthy of note at this junction that he has recently invented and patented an electric motor which does away with the gear attachment to the car. The device has been placed in practical use on the Euclid avenue line and is a marked and valuable improvement.

In the spring of 1893 Mr. Short sold his interest in the Short Electric Railway Company to the General Electric Company, but did not sever his connection with the company till the first of October. In February of 1894 he took charge of the new electrical department of the Walker Manufacturing Company of Cleveland, a much larger plant and one especially fitted for heavy machine work. They are now in the field with an entirely new line of electric generators and motors for direct and alternating work, of any capacity desired, and Mr. Short feels that he has never been better prepared to do first-class work than at present.

Mr. Short is a Fellow of the American Society for the Advancement of Science and has the degree of Bachelor of Science from the State University. He is identified with the Cleveland Electric, the Union and the Country Clubs, and was a member the Electrical Commission of the World's Columbian Exposition.

By his associates and employes he is held in the highest esteem and the reason is patent: he is singularly unassuming and kindly in manner, and has that self-control which withstands the annoyances and disappointments that invariably beset the inventor.

JAMES M. WORTHINGTON is president of the Cleveland Stone Company, which company was incorporated under the laws of the State of Ohio in July, 1886. It has a paid up capital of $2,250,000, and commenced business August 1, 1886, when it purchased the quarries and business of the following concerns: Berea Stone Company, J. McDermott & Company, Clough Stone Company, Worthington & Sons, James Nichol, Nichol & Miller, Columbia Stone Company, the Ohio Building Stone Company, Ohio Grindstone Company, and the Berea & Huron Stone Company. Since that time the company has bought the quarries of L. Haldeman & Son, Atlantic Stone Company, Lake Huron Stone Company and several smaller concerns. For about a year after its organization the following were its officers: William McDermott, president; J. M. Worthington, vice-president; George H. Worthington, secretary and treasurer; and James Nichol, F. M. Stearns and Michael McDermott, superintendents. In the latter part of 1887 the McDermotts and Mr. Stearns retired from the company and since that time James M. Worthington has been the presi-

dent, while John Huntington—who died in 1892—was vice-president until his death, and then he was succeeded by J. V. Painter. George H. Worthington is secretary and treasurer, while James Nichol is general superintendent, C. W. McCormick assistant secretary and E. A. Merritt is auditor and assistant treasurer. The general offices of the company are in the Wilshire Building, Cleveland, Ohio, and there are employed twenty-eight persons, including cashier, purchasing agents, accountants, bill clerks, stenographers, telegraph operators, city agents, etc.

The Berea quarries were first opened in 1836. For ten or fifteen years nothing but grindstones were produced. The business has steadily increased ever since, until at the present time they are the largest sandstone quarries in America. In 1871 there were about fifteen different companies engaged in the business, and in that year they were all merged in the Berea Stone Company with the exception of J. McDermott & Company: these two concerns, becoming owners of all the available quarry property in Berea, continued in business until the Cleveland Stone Company was formed, and bought them out. Since that time the latter has purchased fifty-six acres of quarry land that adjoins the property previously quarried. The Cleveland Stone Company now operate eight quarries at Berea, with railroad tracks running into all of them. Within the fifty-seven years that these quarries have been operated about seventy-four acres have been quarried out. The Cleveland Stone Company now owns 150 acres of stone on which no quarrying has yet been done. Up to the year 1889 the depth of rock usually taken out was only twenty-four feet. In that year it was discovered by boring that there were sixty-three feet of good, merchantable stone below the level to which the quarries had before been worked. From these facts it will readily be seen that the Berea quarries are inexhaustible. The product of Berea quarries consists of building stone, sawed and split flagging, curbing and grindstones. In these quarries there are at present employed 775 men, 46 steam derricks, 46 steam hoisters, 19 boilers, 16 engines, 12 channeling machines, 18 steam drills, 11 steam pumps, 6 grindstone turning lathes, 1 saw-mill, containing 6 gangs of saws, 1 containing 18 gangs and another containing 15 gangs (ten of these gangs have screw feeds and the rest box-balance feeds), 1 forty-six turbine water wheel, 1 grindstone frame factory, complete electric light plant for illuminating all the mills at night, and a large machine shop, containing lathes, planers, shapers, etc.

At West View, Ohio, on the main line of the "Big Four" and about fourteen miles west of Cleveland, is situated quarry No. 2, which was opened about 1874. Here the company owns twenty-three acres, of which two acres have been quarried out to the depth of thirty-five feet. The depth of rock is about sixty-three feet. The product of this quarry consists of grindstones used in the manufacture of plows, files, etc. There are employed in this quarry fifty men, who operate well equipped machinery for quarrying.

At Columbia, Ohio, the company have their quarry No. 3. This quarry was opened about 1870, and here the company owns about 105 acres, of which two acres have been worked out to a depth of about fifty feet, and the depth of the rock is about seventy-five feet. Here are employed eighty-five men.

Quarry No. 4 is situated at Olmsted Falls, on the main line of the Lake Shore Railroad, and about fourteen miles west of Cleveland. This quarry has been operated since about 1873. The property comprises eleven acres, of which about two acres have been quarried out to a depth of from twenty to thirty-five feet. The product consists of large grindstones used in the manufacture of plows, files and axes. Here are employed twenty-five men.

Quarry No. 5, at Nickel Plate, Ohio, extends over an area of 220 acres, of which five and a half acres have been quarried to a depth of twenty-two feet. The entire depth of the rock varies from fifty to sixty feet. The product consists of building stone, curbing, flagging and grindstones for farmers' use. In these quarries

170 men are employed, and here the company maintain a general store for the accommodation of the employees.

In Lorain county are situated quarries Nos. 6 and 7, and the property comprises about 151 acres, about five acres of which have been quarried out to a depth varying from seventy-five to ninety feet. The depth of the rock is about 110 feet. The output consists of building stone, curbing, sawed flagging and grindstones used in the manufacture of edge tools.

Quarry No. 9 is situated about two miles northeast of the village of North Amherst, and comprises about thirty-five acres, of which five acres have been quarried out. Here the depth of the rock varies from forty to eighty feet, and the product consists of building stone, sawed flagging and large grindstones used in the manufacture of edge tools.

There are employed in quarries Nos. 6, 7, 8 and 9, 550 men.

The company own quarries No. 10 at Brownhelm, about thirty-six miles west of Cleveland. These quarries were opened in 1847. The property comprises about sixty-two acres, of which eight acres have been quarried to a depth varying from thirty to sixty-five feet. The product is building stone, and here are employed thirty-five men.

Quarry No. 11 is situated in Erie county, was opened about 1881 and comprises about fifty acres. The rock is twenty-five feet deep. The product is building stone, and here are employed about twenty men.

The Lake Huron quarries are situated at Grindstone City, Michigan, and extend about two miles along the shore of Lake Huron. The quarries were first opened in 1850, and have been steadily worked ever since. The whole property comprises about 600 acres. About twenty acres have been quarried out. The product consists of building stone, small grindstones for farm use, scythestones and large grindstones used in the manufacture of cutlery, tobacco knives and very fine edge tools. In these quarries are employed 150 men. Upon this property the Cleveland Stone Company also own and operate a seventy-five barrel roller process flouring mill, built of stone and said to be the best mill of its size in the State. Here the company also maintain a large general store.

In Peninsula, Ohio, are situated quarries known as No. 15, and these were acquired by the company in 1891, and comprise seventeen acres. The product consists of grindstones used mainly in the manufacture of wood pulp. Here thirty-five men find employment.

In the city of Cleveland the company has a large number of stone yards, from which it supplies building stone for local building business. It occupies a dock on the river which is used for shipping by water and receiving stone from lake quarries. The company has depots in Chicago, Boston and New York, where it carries large stocks of scythestones and grindstones. The company has also branch offices in Pittsburg and Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and in Rochester, New York, also in Toronto, Canada. It employs a large number of traveling salesmen.

All of the various quarries are connected with the general office in Cleveland by telegraph and telephone wires. The business of the Cleveland Stone Company has steadily increased every year since it was organized. In 1891 their shipments were 29,736 car-loads of stone, of which over 2,000 cars were grindstones. The business of 1892 showed a material increase over that of 1891.

JOSEPH W. SMITH, deceased, was for many years a well-known and highly esteemed citizen of Cuyahoga county, Ohio. A brief sketch of his life is herewith presented.

Joseph W. Smith was born in New York State, July 21, 1837, the eleventh son in the family of twelve children of Doton and Fannie (Worden) Smith. He was eight years old when he came with his parents to Cuyahago county, Ohio, and located on the farm where his widow now resides. When a young man he was for

some time employed as deputy in the Chagrin Falls post office. The greater part of his life, however, was devoted to agricultural pursuits. In politics, he was a Republican and he filled most acceptably some of the township offices. Fraternally, he was a Royal Arch Mason.

Mr. Smith died February 13, 1892, after a life of useful activity, and was buried by the Masons, the order he loved and of which he was an honored member.

JOHN BUSCH, a well-known farmer of Brooklyn township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Darmstadt, Germany, July 24, 1837.

Detrich Busch, his father, also a native of Darmstadt, Germany, emigrated to America in 1840 and came direct to Cleveland. He was a tailor by trade, which he followed for a number of years in the old country and for three years in Cleveland. After that he located on a farm in Brooklyn township, this county, and devoted the rest of his life to agricultural pursuits. He died there at the age of sixty-one years. The mother of our subject, *nee* Catherine Reidle, a native of Germany, died in 1845. They had a family of three children, one son and two daughters, the daughters, Catherine and Rachel, being deceased. Thus John Busch is the only member of the family now living. He was three years old when he came with his parents to America, and much of his youth was spent on a farm in the township in which he now lives. His education was received chiefly at what is now South Brooklyn. All his life he has been engaged in general farming, and in this occupation has been very successful. He owns sixty-one acres of land in Brooklyn township. He has one of the most pleasant and attractive residences in the neighborhood, it having been erected in 1891, at a cost of about $2,000.

Mr. Busch was married in 1859 to Hellen Braun, who was born in Lorain county, Ohio, September 29, 1839, daughter of Lewis and Catharine (Henninger) Braun, both natives of Germany. Mrs. Busch was the third born in the family of seven children—five daughters and two sons—and was left an orphan when she was about ten years old. She was reared in Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Busch have five children, two daughters and three sons, namely: John H., Gustave H., Lewis E., Emma and Clara. Emma is the wife of Jacob Hoehn, and resides in Cleveland.

In national politics Mr. Busch votes with the Democratic party, but at elections for local officers he usually votes for the best man regardless of party lines. A friend to education and religion, he has given liberally to the support of both. He is a member of the Evangelical Church, and has held various official positions in the same. He is also a member of Glenn Lodge, No. 362, I. O. O. F.

JAMES H. CLARK, of Cleveland, was born in England, in 1832, a son of Robert and Eliza (Neat) Clark, natives of Malmesbury, Wiltshire, England, the former born in 1802, and the latter in 1803. They were brought to Cleveland, Ohio, by our subject and his brother in 1860. The father followed agricultural pursuits. Both he and his wife were members of the established Church of England. Mr. Clark died in 1887, at the age of eighty-five years, and his wife survived until 1890, dying at the age of eighty-seven years. They were the parents of ten children, namely: Charles, M. B., Alfred and Eliza, deceased; Alfred, James H., the subject of this sketch; Eliza, now Mrs. Miller, and resides in California; Fanny, now Mrs. Reynolds of this city, whose husband is a State Senator; William T., of Cleveland; and Worthy, of Chardon, this State.

James H. came to America in 1852, locating in this city and began the oil business on a small scale in 1862. He has continued that occupation through his career of business life.

His first partners in the business were John D. Rosafellow and Samuel Andrews, and his brothers M. B. and Richard are members of the firm of Andrews, Clark and Company. The firm was later known as Clark Brothers and Company, consisting of Richard Clark (now deceased), Worthy Clark and H. W. Payne, but no relation of Colonel Payne. Colonel Payne subsequently became a member of the firm, which was then known as, Clark, Payne and Company. In 1872 the firm consolidated with the Standard Oil Company, but of which organization he took no active part. In 1879 the partnership of Clark, Childs & Company was organized, which was later merged into Clark Brothers & Company, consisting of the same members as before with the exception of a son of our subject. The business was bought by the Standard Oil Company in 1886. Since then Mr. Clark has been in no active business. He has had a large and varied experience in the oil business, in which he still owns large interests. He was engaged in that occupation before the days of cars, when the oil was moved by "pond-floods." In addition to his other interests, Mr. Clark was also formerly engaged in the hardware and copper ore business. He handled masses of copper which weighed from seven to nine tons, and which would render from eighty to ninety per cent. of pure copper. It was mined from the National and Cliff mines, of Lake Superior.

In 1867 he bought eighteen acres of land on Cedar street in East Cleveland, for a home for his parents. This property has proved a splendid investment, being located in one of the most beautiful parts of the city. The parents had a happy home there for many years, and celebrated their golden wedding in 1872, and kept up the celebrating for thirteen years annually. The streets Harriet and Eliza were laid out on this tract of land, the latter named in honor of Mr. Clark's mother, and the former for his wife Harriet. James street, named in honor of himself, had to be changed, as there was one in another part of the city of that name.

Mr. Clark has invested in many other enterprises of the city, and has been very successful in all his ventures, which is due to his great energy and good business sagacity. Both as a business man and citizen he is widely and favorably known for his energy, generosity, uprightness, enterprise and public spirit.

In 1855 Mr. Clark was united in marriage with Miss Harriet Lancaster, a daughter of William Lancaster, of Cleveland. They have had seven children, viz.: William E., who married a Miss Foljambe and resides in this city; Charles A., a resident of Elyria, married Miss Landon; James H., of Cleveland, married a Miss Clark, but no relative; Wallace N., of this city, has just returned from Germany, where he was pursuing a course in chemistry; and Hattie and Jennie, twins, the former the wife of Dr. Foljambe, of this city, and the latter the wife of G. W. Gender. The wife and mother died in March, 1892, at the age of sixty years.

ELI FAY.—The grandfather of Ely Fay was the late Benajah Fay, who came from Lewis county, New York, with his family, to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, in 1816, and settled in Parma township, where he died when about eighty-five years old. The father of Eli Fay was Benajah Fay, Jr., who was born in "York State" in 1806, and consequently was ten years old when he came with his father and the family to Cuyahoga county. His youth was spent in Parma township, and here he was married to Miss Lois Hodgman, who was born in Boardman, Lincoln county, a Mine, in 1808. They first settled in Parma township, where they lived for some time and then removed to Brooklyn township, where they resided till their death. The father died with the cholera in 1849. The mother lived until November 27, 1877. They had a family of four sons and one daughter.

Our subject was the eldest of the family. He was born in Parma township, April 22, 1828.

Wm. G. Jones,

He was quite young when his parents moved to Brooklyn township, where he grew to manhood and remained till he came to Middleburg township. He was married in Middleburg township to Mrs. Huldah Taylor. She died in Middleburg township in 1865. Mr. Fay was married to his second wife, Miss Betsey E. Dunham, April 4, 1866, in Rockport township, this county. She was born in Middleburg township April 2, 1812, as a daughter of Almond and Eunice (Corbin) Dunham. Mr. Dunham died in Middleburg township May 20, 1892. His wife died in Rockport township, November 24, 1876. Mr. and Mrs. Fay have one son, Ira E., who married Ida West.

Mr. Fay has not been an office seeker. In 1847 he went to Cleveland and learned the blacksmith's trade, which he has followed in connection with farming. He owns fifty-six and a half acres, which he has improved, and whereon he has erected good buildings. Mrs. Fay is a lady of education and intelligence, a member of the Congregational Church.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM G. JONES, whose name is inseparably associated with those brave and stalwart masters who have sailed through the storms and calms of the Great Lakes for more than three decades, is a native of the State of New York, born at Orleans, Jefferson county, May 15, 1828. His parents, Gardner and Eunice (Thompson) Jones, were natives of Massachusetts and New Hampshire respectively; the maternal grandfather was William Thompson. After his marriage Mr. Jones removed to New York State, where he followed agricultural pursuits and carpentry. Here he died at an advanced age; his wife survived him, passing away March 11, 1894, in her ninety-ninth year. William G. Jones is one of a family of seven children, six of whom are living. He spent his boyhood and youth on the old homestead, taking advantage of the opportunities that were offered him for acquiring an education.

At the age of eighteen years his career as a sailor began on Lake Ontario. He was a sailor before the mast on the schooner E. G. Mulich, with a cargo of merchandise from Oswego, the first vessel that ever entered Milwaukee harbor, and was in the same schooner at Chicago when there was but one hotel there, the Lake House, on the north side of the river. They had to wait three weeks for 1,500 bushels of wheat to be hauled in by the farmers. Showing great reliability and steadfastness of character, he was promoted from time to time until he was made master of a vessel, the brig Powhatan, on Lake Erie; he afterwards commanded the brig Ramsey Crooks, the schooner Whitney, the brig McBride, the steamer Diamond, the Grace Greenwood, the brig General Worth, the schooner George Washington, the schooner S. G. Andrews, the schooner Wild Rover, the C. H. Johnson, and the bark Vanguard. During a period of thirty-five years he sustained without wavering a reputation for fidelity and courage that will ever be a source of pride to posterity.

In 1876 Captain Jones left the water and came to Glenville, where he embarked in mercantile pursuits. He has conducted a very successful trade in groceries, flour and feed, adding materially to the competence he accumulated as a seaman.

He was united in marriage in 1846 to Miss Chloe Gore, of Cape Vincent, New York, and of this union one child was born, Mrs. Isabelle C. Winter, wife of John P. Winter. Mrs. Jones died in June, 1889, and since that time the Captain has made his home with his daughter.

In politics our worthy subject gives his allegiance to the Republican party; for six years he has been a member of the Town Council, and for two years filled the office of Mayor, discharging his duties with a promptitude that has won the confidence of all classes of citizens. In 1848 he became a member of Erie Lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F., and afterward one of the charter members of Mayflower Lodge, No. 679. He

and his wife have been associated with the Christian Church for many years: they donated the lot on which the church is built, and contributed liberally to its construction.

JOHN W. SPENCER, a prominent member of the Board of Trustees of Rocky River Hamlet, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and one of the representative farmers of that section of the State, was born in Rockport township, June 30, 1841. His parents were John P. and Electa M. (Beach) Spencer, the former of whom was born in Brookfield, Madison county, New York, May 24, 1805, and the latter in Norfolk, Litchfield county, Connecticut, May 21, 1811. The father came to Cuyahoga county about the year 1829, and the mother had come to Lorain county with her parents when she was but a child, her father, the late Junia Beach, having been one of the pioneer settlers of Lorain county. The marriage of John P. Spencer and Electa M. Beach was consummated in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, March 13, 1832. They settled in what is now known as Rocky River Hamlet, and there passed the residue of their lives, her death occurring February 24, 1890, and that of her venerable husband only a few months later, August 12, of the same year. They had six children, four sons and two daughters, of whom we make record as follows: Henry B.; Mary R., who was the wife of James A. Potter, died in Rocky River Hamlet, November 7, 1890; Hannah is the wife of Frank W. Mastick, of whom personal mention is made elsewhere in this volume; Amos B.; John W. and Frank J.

Our subject was born and reared on his father's farm, and remained at home until the outbreak of the late civil war, when he was moved with patriotism and determined to take up arms in defense of his country's cause. Accordingly, on the 22d of January, 1861, he enlisted in the Fifteenth Ohio Independent Battery, with which he served three years and five months. After serving for two years he re-enlisted as a veteran and as such retained his active connection with the Union forces until the close of the war. He then returned to the parental home and once more became concerned with the peaceful pursuits of the farm. He continued his residence at the old homestead until the time of his marriage. This important event was celebrated December 24, 1866, in Hinckley, Medina county, Ohio, when our subject wedded Miss Deborah Goldwood, who was born in Coeymans, Albany county, New York, November 25, 1840, the daughter of John and Julia A. (Brown) Goldwood. The parents emigrated from their home in the State of New York and settled in Medina county, Ohio, where they passed the remainder of their lives. The mother died in April, 1842, and the father July 12, 1885. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer have one child, Charles H., who married Sophia A. Whitmore, of Cleveland, December 16, 1890.

Prior to 1872 Mr. Spencer was engaged exclusively in farming, but in the year noted he entered quite extensively in the manufacture of tile and brick, which enterprise he still continues very successfully in connection with his farming operations.

He was elected as one of the Trustees of the hamlet in the spring of 1892, and has proved a most discriminating and capable official, discharging the incidental duties to the satisfaction of all.

In the line of fraternal associations Mr. Spencer is one of the active and prominent members of Olmsted Post, No. 634, Grand Army of the Republic.

GEORGE GOODING, who is engaged in gardening in Glenville, Ohio, and is one of the prosperous and substantial men of the town, was born in England, March 14, 1841, and when seven years of age came to Cleveland, Ohio, with his parents, Esau and Mary Gooding, both natives of England. Esau Gooding was by trade an engineer, and while in

the old country had charge of a stationary engine. After coming to America he first worked at boiler making and later was employed by the King Bridge Company, superintending the erection of bridges, and being with that company for a number of years. He served one term as Councilman of Glenville, and for many years was identified with the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which he was a Trustee and Class Leader. His religious life was well rounded, never demonstrative, but constant and firm; and all who knew him valued him for his sterling character. He died March 5, 1888, in his sixty-ninth year. His wife had died when our subject was twelve years old. They had four children, namely: George; Sarah, wife of Henry Boneham; Martha; and Charles, who married Fanny Hicox.

George Gooding early in life turned his attention to gardening, and in this business he has been engaged ever since. He first began on Wilson avenue, Cleveland, with Mr. G. H. Lodge, and after working there for three seasons came to Glenville, where he has remained since 1863. At one time he cultivated as much as fifteen acres, but at this writing his garden covers only seven and a half acres. He raises a great variety of garden produce and some fruits, all of which are of the best quality and bring the highest market prices. His home is beautifully situated and is indeed one of the most delightful places in Glenville, its surroundings giving every evidence of taste and refinement.

Mr. Gooding was first married, in Glenville, in 1870, to Miss Marietta Ladd, daughter of Ezekiel H. Ladd. She died November 29, 1874, and in 1883 he married Miss Victoria Shotwell, a native of Harrison county, Ohio, and daughter of Arrison and Mary (Dickerson) Shotwell, of Glenville. Her father died June 26, 1893, aged eighty-one years. She is one of a family of six children, namely: Lizzie; Victoria; A. J., a resident of Colorado; J. T., of Deadwood, South Dakota; Austin, of Boulder, Colorado; and Fremont, of Glenville. Mrs. Gooding was reared in the Baptist faith, her parents being members of that church, but she and Mr. Gooding belong to the Methodist Episcopal Church, he being Trustee, Steward and Treasurer of the same. Politically, he is a Prohibitionist.

JOHN H. TONSING, whose name is prominent among the agriculturists of his community, was born in Independence township, Cuyhoga county, Ohio, January 4, 1855. His father was Frederick Tonsing, one of the early settlers of this county: he was a native of Hanover, Germany, and was a youth of sixteen years when he bade farewell to his Fatherland and crossed the seas to America. He married Eleanor Bochning, also a Hanoverian by birth, who was a lass of fourteen when she came to this country. He was a shoemaker by trade and followed this occupation several years in Cleveland. When he had saved sufficient means he invested in land and turned his attention to farming. He had a tract of 126 acres under excellent cultivation and all the surroundings indicated the thrift and prosperity of the proprietor. Mr. and Mrs. Tonsing had thirteen children, four of whom are now living: Frederick, who remains upon the old homestead: John H., the subject of this notice; Anna, who is the wife of John Meilander; Marie, who married Michael Manke; Henry, a popular teacher educated at Oberlin College, who died at the age of twenty-seven years; Louis, who died at the age of twenty-seven; William, who died at the age of nineteen; Martin, who was sixteen years of age when the Pale Visitant again entered the household; the other children died in infancy. The father passed away at the age of sixty-one years, in November, 1886. He was a most active member of the Lutheran Church, to which he gave a liberal support. In politics he adhered to the Democratic party. Mrs. Tonsing survives her husband, and still resides at the farm.

John H. Tonsing passed an uneventful youth, attending the common schools of the township

and assisting in the work of the farm. At the age of twenty-four years he married Elizabeth Schreiber, a daughter of Carl Schreiber, who was also born, reared and educated in Newburg township. Mr. and Mrs. Tousing are the parents of six children: Arthur, Laura, Rose, Walter and May, twins, and Viola.

The farm on which Mr Tousing resides with his family is well improved, the buildings being of modern style and conveniently arranged. He is one of the most reliable men of the township, and employing only the most correct methods in all his business operations commands the confidence and respect of all with whom he has any dealings.

Politically he gives his allegiance to the Republican party. He is an active member of the Lutheran Church, being one of the Deacons.

VARNUM R. GRAY, one of the most highly respected citizens of Middleburg township, was born in this township, September 10, 1845, where he passed the early years of his life. His father was Hosea Morgan Gray, who was born in Euclid, this county. His mother, Helen Gray, died about 1850. The father of Hosea Morgan Gray, was William Gray, who was born in Jamestown, Virginia, and removed from Kentucky to Ohio, settling in Cuyahoga county, first in Euclid, then in Rockport, and finally in Middleburg township. He died in Berea early in the '70s, at an advanced age. He was a direct descendant of the "F. F. Vs."(First Families of Virginia), as their ancestor, it is said, came over from England with Captain John Smith, settling Jamestown, Virginia, the first permanent settlement in America.

Hosea Morgan Gray spent his early life in Euclid, and for ten years followed the lakes; he then purchased a farm in Middleburg township, where he erected a sawmill, which he operated in connection with his farm until the most valuable part of the timber on his land was exhausted. He then gave his attention to farming until his death, which occurred in Middleburg township in June, 1889. Hosea Morgan Gray was the father of two children by his first wife: a daughter, who died when five years old, and the subject of this sketch.

At the breaking out of the war, Varnum R. Gray, although young, enlisted, in May, 1861, in the Twenty-third Ohio Regiment, but served only a short time when he was discharged on account of sickness. In July, 1862, he again enlisted, in Battery A, First Ohio Light Artillery, and served till August, 1865, when he was mustered out of service. At Lawrenceburg, Kentucky, he was taken prisoner, but was soon afterward paroled. He was engaged in nineteen battles and skirmishes. Somewhat broken in health, he now resides with his family near the farm where he was born. On leaving the army he returned to Middleburg township, and soon afterward was employed by the Lake Shore Railroad Company for about one year. He then purchased a farm in Lenawee county, Michigan, where he lived for nearly fourteen years, when he returned to Middleburg towship, where he has since resided.

He was married in Middleburg township, July 7, 1868, to Miss Emma Pilgrim, daughter of the late Robert Pilgrim, an old resident of this township. Her mother was Hannah (Rider) Pilgrim, who survives. These parents were natives of England. The father died June 4, 1893. They had nine children, four of whom are living. Mrs. Gray is the second of the family, and was born in Attleboro, Norfolk county, England, January 3, 1848. Robert Pilgrim was born in Besthorpe, Norfolk county, England, December 17, 1820, was married October 23, 1845, came to America in June, 1855, lived in Rockport till 1858, and finally moved to Middleburg township, where he died. Mr. and Mrs. Gray are the parents of five children: Florence G., wife of John Wooldridge; Morgan J., Robert V., Hannah E. and Helen Blanche.

Mr. Gray takes an active part in local affairs: is a Trustee of his township, and in 1890 was Census Enumerator for the district where he

lives. In politics Mr. Gray has taken a prominent part, as a Republican. Both himself and wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Berea. Fraternally Mr. Gray is a member of the G. A. R., Post No. 513, of Berea; the Knights of Pythias, Berea Lodge, No. 276; the Good Templars, Berea Lodge, No. 73, and the Ohio, No. 3105, P. of I. He is a Past Chancellor Commander in the Knights of Pythias, and has filled several of the offices in the G. A. R. He has filled many positions of trust both in military and civil life, and in all, it can be truthfully said that he has endeavored to do his duty.

EDWARD KING BRECK, deceased, for many years a prominent farmer and stock raiser of Brecksville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Huntsburg, Geauga county, this State, in 1834, son of Dr. Edward and Clarissa (King) Breck, natives of Northampton, Massachusetts. His parents came to Ohio at an early day and were among the pioneer settlers of Geauga county. Dr. Breck was for some years a prominent physician of Huntsburg, later of Detroit, Michigan, and still later of Brecksville, Ohio, the last town having been named in honor of our subject's grandfather, John Breck, who, with his three sons, one of whom was the Doctor, came to Ohio at an early day. The other two were Theodore and John Adams. Theodore did the most work for the town and is still living there. After a useful and active life, Dr. Breck passed away in 1866.

Edward K., the subject of this article, spent his whole life in the country, and gave much of his attention to the stock business, making a specialty of horses and cattle. His operations were for the most part attended with success.

He married Miss Mary Louisa Oakes, daughter of Francis and Lois (Church) Oakes, natives of Massachusetts. Her father came with his parents, Cary Oakes and wife, to Ohio when he was three months old, and was reared on a farm in the vicinity of Brecksville, where he died in 1887, aged sixty-five years. His wife died in 1876. Mr. and Mrs. Breck became the parents of two children, Theodore and Alice. The latter died November 6, 1866, aged seven years. Theodore was born December 1, 1867; is a graduate of Amherst College, Massachusetts, class of 1891, and also of the medical department of Wooster University, Cleveland, Ohio, class of 1894, and is now practicing at Brecksville.

Edward K. Breck died August 15, 1876, at the age of forty-two years, and his wife passed away October 8, 1876, aged thirty-three. His life was one characterized by honesty and industry. He had a wide acquaintance not only in the vicinity where he lived but also throughout many different localities, and by all who knew him he was held in high esteem. Politically, he was a Republican, as also is his son.

FRANK P. BELLE, one of the oldest market gardeners of Cuyahoga county, was born in Bavaria, Germany, near the river Rhein, December 14, 1836. Peter and Barbara Belle, his parents, emigrated to the United States in 1846, arriving in the city of Cleveland on the 8th of August of that year; they were accompanied by four sons and one daughter. Mr. Bell purchased a tract of land in Independence township, consisting of fifty-six acres which he placed under excellent cultivation. He had crossed the sea to a strange country and a strange people hoping to make life an easier thing to himself and children, and in this ambition he was wholly successful. He and his wife are members of the Roman Catholic Church. His father was a Roman Catholic while his mother was a Protestant; they had three sons and three daughters; the sons embraced the religion of their father, the daughters that of the mother, all living in peace and harmony. Each accorded the privilege he asked, the right of choice in his faith. Peter Belle died in 1879 at the age of seventy-seven

years; his wife died in 1857, aged fifty-two years. They were the parents of five children: Adam, who died soon after coming to America, Frank P., Peter, deceased, John, and Elizabeth, wife of Paulus Keek.

Mr. Belle came to East Cleveland township in 1861, and for thirty-three years has been engaged in market-gardening, raising all fruits that grow in this latitude and many varieties of vegetables. He has served four terms as a member of the village council, devoted to the highest interests of the citizens and good government. Possessing many admirable qualities of both head and heart, he has won the highest regard of his fellow-townsmen.

He was married the 26th day of May, 1863, to Miss Sophia Murman, a daughter of Jonas and Mary Ann Murman. They have had born to them three daughters and three sons: John and Frank P., Jr., deceased; Elizabeth, wife of J. N. Wagner, is the mother of four children,—Frank, Matthias, Joseph and Irene; Rosa, John F., and Anna. The family are devout members of the Roman Catholic Church.

Jonas Murman emigrated to America in 1859. He is the father of six children: Margaret, a Sister of Charity; Mrs. Belle; August; Rosa, wife of Frank Andrus; Michael; and Josephine, wife of Louis Tinger of Cleveland.

RODNEY J. HATHAWAY, one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of Bedford, was born in Independence township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, April 30, 1836. Silas Alden Hathaway, his father, was a native of Vermont and a son of Zephaniah Hathaway, a native of Taunton, Massachusetts, of English descent. The grandfather emigrated from New England to Independence township at a very early day, and here passed his life, which closed at the end of ninety-four years. Silas A. Hathaway was but a boy when he came to the new home on the western frontier; here he grew to manhood, receiving only that education which came to him by becoming inured to the heavy labor incident to placing wild land under cultivation. At the age of twenty-seven years he was united in marriage to Anna Varney, a native of Vermont. To them were born five children: La Fayette, deceased; William, a resident of Independence township; Annette, wife of L. D. Benedict, of Cleveland; R. J., the subject of this biography; and Edwin, deceased, a member of the Sixty-seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry. The father died at the age of sixty-one years, and the mother survived to the age of seventy-one. Mr. Hathaway was a consistent member of the Disciple Church, of which he was an official. Politically he was an Abolitionist, and later affiliated with the Republican party.

Rodney J. Hathaway passed his boyhood in Cuyahoga county, but enjoyed educational advantages superior to those afforded his father, beginning in a log schoolhouse. In 1855 he entered the Michigan State University and was graduated at that well known institution with the class of 1859. This course finished, he engaged in teaching, but when the war broke out he sacrificed his personal ambitions, enlisted in the Sixty-seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry, Company G, and in September, 1861, went to the front. He continued in the service three years, participating in many of the noted engagements of the war. July 19, 1863, he received a Lieutenant's commission, and afterward was made Adjutant of his regiment, a well deserved honor. He was slightly wounded in the service, but was never disabled. When the war was closed and peace was declared, Mr. Hathaway turned his attention to agricultural pursuits, giving especial attention to the culture of fruit. He has one of the finest orchards in northern Ohio, consisting of twenty-one acres in apples with one thousand bearing trees; eight acres in pears, two acres in peaches and one in plums. One season he harvested 7,000 bushels of apples.

October 4, 1865, Mr. Hathaway was united in marriage to Miss Albina D. Dunham, a

daughter of Ambrose and Susan (Hollister) Dunham, natives of New Hampshire and Ohio respectively. The paternal grandfather was John Dunham, who emigrated to Cuyahoga county in 1818. Mrs. Dunham was a daughter of Enos and Elizabeth (Bidwell) Hollister, natives of Connecticut. Mrs. Hathaway is one of a family of seven children: Hon. Fred Dunham is a resident of Kansas; Mary Rathburn also resides in Kansas; Estella Lyle lives in Portland, Oregon; and Maria, Levi and Royal are deceased. The last named was a soldier of the Rebellion, a member of the Forty-first Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and lost his life in the service. The Royal Dunham Post, G. A. R., of Bedford, is named in his honor. Mr. and Mrs. Hathaway are the parents of three children: Oriana, wife of C. L. Hoover; Adda M., a teacher of music in Southern Christian Institute; and Fanny A., a student at Hiram College.

Politically our subject is an ardent supporter of the Prohibition party, and has been an indefatigable worker in the ranks of this organization. He is a consistent member of the Disciple Church, and in this cause has also labored with characteristic zeal.

HON. THEODORE E. BURTON, an eminent lawyer of Cleveland, is a native of Jefferson, Ohio, born December 20, 1851, a son of William and Elizabeth (Grant) Burton. His father was a native of Orange county, Vermont, and his mother of Holbrook, Litchfield county, Connecticut. It is supposed that the Burton family is of English origin; the parent tree of the family came from England and settled in New London, Connecticut; while the Grant family from which Mr. Burton descends traces its origin to Matthew Grant, a native of England who came to that State as early as 1637.

Rev. William and Elizabeth Burton were remarkable characters. They were married in 1836, in Ohio. He graduated at Dartmouth College in 1815, and came to Ohio in 1825, a Presbyterian clergyman, and preached at Circleville, Jefferson and other places in this State. He finally died at Austinburg, Ashtabula county, Ohio, at a ripe old age, in 1858. He was a bright scholar, a devout Christian and able divine, still well remembered as a good man and consistent minister of the gospel. His wife, a college graduate of Ipswich, Massachusetts, came to Ohio in 1833 for the purpose of teaching school, and while engaged in her profession here she married Mr. Burton.

The youngest of their ten children was subject of this sketch, the greater part of whose early childhood was spent in the village of Austinburg. At the age of thirteen years he went to Grinnell, Iowa, where two of his brothers were residing, and attended Iowa College to the end of the sophomore year, and then went to Oberlin, where he graduated in 1872, and afterward was a teacher for two years in the same institution, his specialty being Latin. Next, he went to Chicago for the purpose of studying law, under the guidance of the noted Lyman Trumbull, once one of the most prominent United States Senators. In due time he was admitted to the bar and at once began the practice of law at Cleveland in 1875. His career as an attorney and counselor has been marked by phenomenal success; in the law he is an adept; as an advocate he is persuasive and eloquent; and for the last several years he has been prominent in the the arena of politics, as well as in the profession of law.

The first elective office which he held was that of City Councilman, elected by the Fourth ward, and served 1886–'88, accomplishing some of the most important work concerning public measures that he has ever done, and, as the annals of the political history of the city of Cleveland give ample evidence, gaining popularity as his work became known. Being a Republican, he was selected by his party to represent this (the Twenty-first) district at Washington, and accordingly he was elected, in November,

1888. During his term of service he met the most sanguine hopes of many stanch friends. In 1890 he was renominated, but by this time the State had been so re-apportioned that his district was made Democratic, and he was consequently defeated.

Mr. Burton is a very pleasant-mannered and affable gentleman, communicative, modest and dignified, is a close student of works of high literary character, being especially fond of the classics. He is a member of several literary associations of high order, and upon certain subjects he has delivered several well received lectures.

DR. HORACE BLACK VAN NORMAN, 289 Pearl street, Cleveland, Ohio, is one of the eminent physicians of the city.

He was born in Nelson township, Halton county, Canada, March 11, 1834, son of William and Gills (Black) Van Norman. His father, a native of Canada, and a prosperous farmer, died February 8, 1849, while in the prime of life. The mother of our subject, a native of New Brunswick and a daughter of a Scotchman, William Black, lived to the age of seventy-three years, her death occurring in 1885. Both were active members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and Mr. Van Norman served as an officer in the church and as Sunday-school superintendent for many years. The Doctor is the oldest of their nine children and is one of the six who are still living, the other five being as follows: Minerva, wife of B. W. Wetmore, Geneva, Ohio; Dr. E. V. Van Norman, San Diego, California; Elvinda, widow of B. W. Sabin, Berea, Ohio; Marinda, wife of Dr. H. H. Bartlett, Orange, California; and Bertha, wife of Dr. E. B. Sabin, Church's Corners, Michigan.

Dr. H. B. Van Norman obtained his literary education in Baldwin University, at Berea, Ohio, receiving the degree of A. B., and subsequently that of A. M. He began the study of medicine in Cleveland, studying under Drs. Sanders, Wilson and Boynton, and entered Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College, of which institution he is a graduate with the class of 1864. Having completed his medical course, he entered upon the practice of his profession in Warrensville, Ohio. In 1866 he removed to Ashtabula, Ohio, in 1871 came from there to Cleveland, and here he has since conducted a successful practice. Both as a citizen and a physician, he occupies a leading place. He was elected to the professorship of the Theory and Practice of Medicine in the Woman's Homeopathic College, in which capacity he served for some time. Afterward he was employed as lecturer on Sanitary Science and Hydropathy in the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College. He was Curator of this college for several years. The Doctor, besides having written numerous articles for medical journals, reported on bureaus and read many papers before the different societies of which he is an honored member; he is a member of the Cleveland Academy of Medicine, the East Ohio Medical Society, of the American Institute of Homeopathy, and the Medical Society of the State of Ohio, being vice-president of the last named organization. He is also a member of the Masonic order, the I. O. O. F., Royal Arcanum, Chosen Friends and Royal Templars of Temperance. Both he and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Dr. Van Norman was married in 1855 to Miss Jane R. Hoadley, and, while they have had no children of their own, an adopted daughter was for many years the light and joy of their home. This daughter is now the accomplished wife of Dr. W. E. Wells, of Cleveland.

Mrs. Van Norman was born in Lorain county, Ohio, May 21, 1836, daughter of Samuel B. and Jemima R. (Hickcox) Hoadley, natives of Connecticut. Samuel B. Hoadley came to Ohio as early as 1826, and settled in Lorain county, where he was a merchant and farmer. He died in 1847, aged thirty-seven years. In 1831 he married Miss Jemima R. Hickcox, daughter of Eri Hickcox, whose father, Jared Hickcox, and

his family, were the first to settle in Middleburg, Ohio, they having come hither from Connecticut with teams, and having remained in their wagons until the first house there was built. Eri Hickcox was born in 1790, and died January 21, 1864; and his wife, Alma Hoadley, whom he married February 22, 1813, was born in 1795, and died February 27, 1864. They had six children, two of whom are still living—Mrs. Hoadley and Alma H., wife of Dr. D. G. Wilder, Oberlin, Ohio. Mrs. Hoadley has been a resident of Cleveland for the past twenty-two years, her home being with her only child, Mrs. Van Norman. She is a member of Franklin Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church.

THOMAS BIDDULPH, deceased, was an early settler and prominent farmer of Brooklyn township. Born in England, March 17, 1821, he was brought to Cuyahoga county by his parents in 1833, in their immigration to this country, locating upon unimproved land in this township. He was an industrious farmer, a good citizen and became well known in the county. Politically he was a Republican. He died August 25, 1889, and his son Joseph E., yet unmarried, now carries on the farm, residing with his mother on the old homestead, which comprises sixty-five acres. The son also is a zealous Republican in his political principles and a highly respected young man.

He was married at the age of nineteen years, in 1840, to Miss Hannah Dutton, who was born in England, August 2, 1819, and came to Cleveland at the age of thirteen years, and still resides on the old homestead. Her father, Edward Dutton, a native also of England, settled in this county in early times, and remained a resident here until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Biddulph were the parents of eleven children, ten of whom grew up to the age of maturity. The names of all are: Emma, deceased; Stephen W.; Mary A., the wife of Thomas Heffron; Harriet, deceased; Belle, the wife of Joseph Sarver; Joseph E.; Maria, who married Warren Herrington; Lina, the wife of Levi Meacham, who is the County Clerk of Cuyahoga county; Ella, who married Hiram Goodale; Thomas, Jr., and Matilda, the wife of William Langrell.

REV. GEORGE W. PEPPER, ex-Chaplain, ex-Consul to Milan, author, lecturer, etc., resides at 1021 East Madison avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. He is a native of Belfast, Ireland, born November 25, 1836. His parents were Nicholas and Rachel (Thornburg) Pepper, natives of county Down, Ireland. He was educated at a royal academic institution in his native city. While still a resident there, he wrote to the celebrated Neal Dow of Maine, inquiring into the particulars of the new liquor law introduced by him, and after obtaining them attended as a delegate a convention of leading temperance reformers at Manchester, England. On his return home he wrote a series of letters for the Belfast papers, explaining the temperance movement then in progress, and urging the propriety of introducing something like the "Maine liquor law" in his native city. At length he called a public meeting, which was addressed by leading members of the different churches, and this laid the foundation for the United Kingdom Alliance, for the suppression of the liquor traffic, which became the nucleus of the greatest temperance organ in northern Europe.

Mr. Pepper came to the United States in 1854, attended Kenyon (Ohio) College a year, and then entered the North Ohio Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which he is still a minister. His "circuits," or fields of service, in succession were; Mohawk Valley, Coshocton county, one year; Chesterville, Morrow county, three years; Wellington, one year; and then for three years he was Chaplain of the Fortieth Regiment of United States Infantry, under General Nelson A. Miles, now commanding at Chicago. While serving in this capacity he was appointed by General Howard to visit

every county in the State of North Carolina, to look after the freedmen and establish schools for them. In July, 1867, he accepted an invitation from the citizens of Raleigh, that State, to deliver the Fourth-of-July oration for that year, in which he pleaded for the Southern soldiers, now that the war was over, and that the North and the South should be bound together in the bonds of everlasting brotherhood. The Southern press spoke very kindly of the address.

When passing through Richmond with Sherman's army, he had an interview with General Lee, in which that noted Southern general related the following incident of the surrender of the Confederacy to General Grant: He, General Lee, had ordered his adjutant-general to surrender the horses as well as the munitions of war; whereupon General Grant turned immediately and said, "No, General Lee; keep the horses; the poor people will need them to tend the spring crops." General Lee shook like a leaf and wept. "General Grant," said he to Mr. Pepper, "instead of thinking of his victory, was thinking of the poor people of the South."

One of the proudest recollections of his life, is that when the Union was threatened by its own ungrateful children, and the sceptered tyrants of the Old World were rejoicing in the prospective overthrow of the American Government, on the first Sunday after the firing on Fort Sumter, at Keene, Coshocton county, Ohio, Mr. Pepper preached on the national struggle, its sanctity and grandeur, from the text, "Out of the South cometh a whirlwind." At the conclusion of the service, while singing the "Star-spangled Banner," he recruited 100 men, of which company (H) he served as Captain.

After the close of the war, Mr. Pepper wrote "The personal Recollections of Sherman's Campaigns," with reference to which General Sherman afterward wrote him a letter saying that it was the best work of the kind that had been written.

In 1870, Mr. Pepper resumed the pastorate. His first station then was Wooster, Ohio, where he remained three years, the extreme limit as yet allowed by the general law of the church; then in succession Galion three years, Mount Vernon three years, Bellevue three years and Sandusky one year. Then he made a tour abroad visiting Ireland, France, Germany and Italy. In 1882 he was returned to Wooster, where he again served three years, after which, in 1884, he participated in the campaign for Blaine for President of the United States, making his first speech in Cooper's Institute, New York city. This speech was occasioned by an incident of his visit to Ireland. While in that country he delivered a speech in his native city, wherein he spoke of the queenly position of women in America, stating that every mother who rocked the cradle was a queen, and that they were more refined in their feelings than any queen who ever swayed the English scepter; that he had in his congregations in Ohio, more than 500 such queens, any one of whom could run the government of England, for $500 a year, as well as Queen Victoria, who filched from the people $2,500,000 a year. The policemen who were there and other detectives informed the chief of police of this "disrespectful reference to the queen," and the next day two policemen went to the place where Mr. Pepper was stopping and threatened to arrest him; whereupon he presented his passport signed by James G. Blaine, Secretary of State, and said to the gentlemen, "If you arrest me, I will cable Mr. Blaine, and in forty-eight hours he will hold the British ambassador a hostage until my release." The policemen immediately apologized and departed. Mr. Pepper then said, "If Mr. Blaine ever becomes a candidate for President of the United States I will take the stump;" and this he did, in 1884. This story he related in a public oration at Mansfield, Ohio, when Senator Sherman presided, and presented that city with seventy acres of land for a park.

After the conclusion of that political campaign, Mr. Pepper was stationed at Ashland,

Ohio, where he remained four years, the general rule of the church allowing a longer pastoral period than formerly. A year later he was visiting his daughter at Washington, District of Columbia, on whose invitation he called upon Mr. Blaine. The latter asked, "Why were you not here sooner? What country do you want to go to?" Mr. Pepper replied, "I want nothing, have asked nothing, and expect nothing. I have no letters or recommendations from any one." Mr. Blaine, insisting, offered him the consulate at Milan, Italy, adding that he was a

minister and needed rest and a change, etc. The daughter desiring to go abroad, Mr. Pepper, in order to gratify her, accepted the position, and set sail in April, 1889, and returned in January, 1893, and now, at this writing, he is engaged in the lecture field, which he will continue until next fall, when his conference meets, to whose advice he will be subject. Mr. Pepper is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic.

In Ireland, in 1853, Mr. Pepper married Miss Christiana Lindsey, daughter of Samuel Lindsey, Esq., and by this marriage there were six children, namely: George, who is superintendent of the Ninth Railway Mail Division, from New York to Chicago; Samuel Arthur, who is superintending a ranch and mine, at Miles City, Montana; Charles M., who for seven years has had charge of the Chicago Tribune, Washington correspondence; Lena, an artist, who pursued her studies at Milan; May, a writer for magazines and a correspondent of the press; and Carrie, who lived in Washington and was a brilliant writer and correspondent for a syndicate of newspapers; her death occurred in 1889, when she was aged twenty-four years, at the home of her brother in Washington. She was frequently a guest at the White House, and Mrs. Harrison paid a handsome tribute to her memory. Mrs. Senator Ingalls, from Kansas, sent a letter of condolence, in which among other things she said that Carrie was her "ideal of a perfect lady." All the children living are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and all graduates of the University of Wooster excepting the eldest.

After the death of his daughter, Mr. Pepper returned from Italy, to visit the heart-broken mother, who returned with him to the land of sunshine, art and song, and died there in 1891, of typhoid fever. She had been a life-long member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Her remains were brought to America, and buried beside her daughter in Lakeview cemetery.

Mr. Pepper was in Italy during the excitement caused by the Italian massacre at New Orleans, Louisiana, and he reports that the citizens of northern Italy generally approved of Mr. Blaine's disposition of that unpleasant affair. His popularity in Italy was very great. The leading papers there said little or nothing about the New Orleans trouble, knowing, perhaps better than the Americans themselves, what kind of desperadoes those Italians at New Orleans were. As a consul, Mr. Pepper was diligent in looking after the interests of his people. Milan, as is well known, is the musical center of the world, attracting thither many young ladies from America. While abroad,

Mr. Pepper made a tour through Egypt, the Holy Land, Turkey, Greece and other countries of Asia and Europe.

Chaplain Pepper is an orator of national fame. The titles of his lectures are: Sherman's March to the Sea, England and the English, Old Rome and New Italy, Labor's Problem (Communism or Monopoly?), Orators and Oratory, Froude's Ireland from a Protestant Standpoint, The Humors of the Pulpit and the Pew, Curran and Irish Eloquence, O'Connell and his Times, The Slaughtered (Temperance), Luther and the Reformation, George Stephenson (Father of Railways), Home, Marriage and Divorce, Ireland and the Irish, America and the Americans, The Ireland of To-day, Italy, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, etc.

Concerning Mr. Pepper's lectures, we have before us hundreds of favorable press notices, from which we quote a few, as specimens: "The Rev. George W. Pepper delivered a lecture last evening in Music Hall before a large audience. In closing the reverend gentleman eloquently urged his hearers to unite."—Boston Herald. "Straight and wiry, eagle-eyed and sharp-featured, Mr. Pepper speaks with a force and earnestness that rarely fails to carry conviction. He spoke nearly two hours, ably and eloquently, and created a most favorable impression."—New Haven Union. "The second lecture filled every seat in the spacious building. Earnestness is a marked feature of his eloquence, which, however, is set off with ornate and studied phraseology, a fine voice and a good presence."—San Francisco Chronicle. "The lecturer possesses rare forensic powers. The lecture was replete with historical events, biographical sketches, etc. The eulogium upon Robert Emmet was a rare piece of word-painting, and the peroration was full of genuine Celtic fire."—Virginia City (Nevada) Enterprise. "Rev. G. W. Pepper lectured last evening at Mercantile Hall. About 500 persons were present, including many of the wealthy and influential citizens of the city. For nearly two hours the lecturer kept the audience spell-bound by his eloquence. Anything short of a verbatim report would fail to do justice to the lecture. He concluded with an eloquent peroration. The lecture was frequently applauded, and will long be remembered by those who were present."—St. Louis Republican. "Rev. George W. Pepper, of Ohio, lectured last evening at Guard's Hall before a large and enthusiastic audience. His stage appearance was good, his command of language ready almost to a fault."—Denver Tribune. "Never before in the history of Lincoln, was there an audience assembled which contained citizens of more distinguished and higher standing than the one gathered last night. We give a verbatim report of Rev. Mr. Pepper's eloquent lecture. As the speaker finished, the applause, which had been frequent and extended throughout the evening, broke forth in deafening rounds, forcibly expressing the audience's appreciation of the logical and eloquent address."—Daily State Democrat, Lincoln, Nebraska. "In a captivating and thrilling strain did he dwell on the career of O'Connell and his contemporaries. With a pathos so deep and effective did he picture the dark shadows which surrounded his life and beset his path that the eye moistened at their recital; and when the chains of young Emmet were made to clank, and the murderers of Ireland, their hands reeking with blood, were held up to the execration of mankind, the audience burst by common consent into long and loud continued cheers at the names of those who had offered themselves as a holocaust on the altar of their country; and louder and louder became the enthusiasm as the lecturer related a standing toast in the Shears family, 'May Ireland never want a Shears to clip the wings of tyrants!' We never had the pleasure of listening to a more finished oratorical effort."—Irish Canadian. "The Rev. Captain Pepper delivered his popular lecture in this city on Tuesday evening last. The lecturer met us in that free and easy manner that generally pleases and wins our sympathy at once. He gave a clear and interesting description of the Irish character, as being earnest, impulsive,

witty, patriotic and eloquent. At times the eloquence of the lecturer was extraordinary."—College Transcript, Delaware.

Concerning Mr. Pepper's personal character and his book, "Sherman's Campaigns," we add the following testimonials: "George W. Pepper, Captain Eightieth Ohio Volunteers, engaged at the battle of Farmington, Inka, Corinth; Chaplain of the same regiment; engaged at the battles of Chattanooga, Mission Ridge, Resaca, Kenesaw mountain, Atlanta, Sherman's Georgia and Carolina Campaigns; Aid-de-camp in the above engagements; Chaplain Fortieth United States Infantry; in the Freedmen's Bureau, and Assistant Superintendent of Education."—Colonel Henry, in his "Military History of Civilians in the Regular Army." "For gallant and meritorious conduct in the war, I recommend Chaplain George W. Pepper, formerly Captain Eightieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, for brevet promotion."—E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War. "I am well pleased with your book. Hundreds of officers and soldiers will prize it, and peruse it with pleasure, because it groups all those events in an interesting and attractive style, easy of reference and intelligible to all."—W. T. Sherman, General.

OSWALD KAMM, Treasurer of Rockport hamlet, and Postmaster of Kamms postoffice, was born in Switzerland in September, 1845. There he grew to manhood and lived till February, 1867, when he came to America. His parents were Jacob and Mary Kamm. The father was a school teacher for thirty years, and was also in the employ of the Government for many years before his death, which occurred in Switzerland July 4, 1888.

Of a family of twelve children our subject was the second. On arriving in America in February, 1867, he came direct to Cleveland, where he lived about eight years, and then removed to Rockport hamlet, where he has since been a resident. He was engaged in the grocery business in Cleveland, and has followed the same business in Rockport. He was appointed Postmaster of Kamms postoffice under President Cleveland's first administration and has held the office since.

He was married in Cleveland, Ohio, September 25, 1873, to Miss Lena Klaue, daughter of Charles and Adelaide (Colbrunn) Klaue. Mr. Klaue died in Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. Lena Kamm was born in Rockport township, January 16, 1853. Mr. and Mrs. Kamm have had six children,—Jacob, Frederick, Louisa, Lena, Oswald and Dora. Dora died when about two and a half years old.

S. R. HAYES.—It has been said that he is handicapped who is the son of a distinguished man, from the fact that during his career invidious comparisons will be drawn. The subject of this sketch, who is the son of President Rutherford B. Hayes, needs, however, fear no comparison, for in the field of usefulness to which he has turned his attention and effort he has met with unqualified success.

One of five children, S. R. Hayes was born in 1871, at the family homestead in Columbus, Ohio. He received a thorough education, and upon completing his studies at once entered upon an active business career.

From 1889 until 1892 he held a position in the counting-room of the First National Bank of Fremont, Ohio, after which he accepted a position with the Thompson-Houston Electric Company at Cincinnati, Ohio, which incumbency he resigned to accept the office of manager of the Cleveland offices of the General Electric Company, of Boston, assuming the duties of the responsible office in 1893. March 1, 1891, he resigned his position with the General Electric Company to accept a position as traveling salesman for the Sperry Electric Railway Company, of Cleveland.

Mr. Hayes is a member of the Greek college fraternity, the Delta Kappa Epsilon, and has

also been prominently identified with the order of Sons of Veterans, in which organization he held for some time the position of Captain.

Enjoying a marked popularity in both business and social circles and recognized as a capable, discerning and conscientious young business man, Mr. Hayes well merits the attention accorded him in this connection.

HENRY PARKER, M. D.—We are now permitted to direct attention to one of the most widely known and popular residents of Berea, a man held in the highest estimation for his marked professional ability as well as for his his character and bearing as an individual. Dr. Parker was born in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio, April 8, 1824. His father was the late Henry Parker, a native of Wallingford, Connecticut, where he was born June 4, 1792, and where he lived until 1815, when he emigrated to Ohio and settled in Brunswick, Medina county. On the 16th of March, 1816, he was married to Miss Malinda Harvey, and they are said to have been the first white couple to wed in the town of Brunswick. Henry Parker, Sr., died about the year 1826, when the subject of this review was about two years of age. The mother was afterward married to Abraham Conyne, of Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, a miller by trade and occupation. The family removed to Strongsville in 1830.

Dr. Parker's early life was passed chiefly in assisting his stepfather in his mill and he received a somewhat limited common-school education. He continued to live in Strongsville until 1844, when he left home and went to La Porte, Indiana, where he followed the occupation of a painter about one year and then returned to Cuyahoga county, finding employment at minimum wages in a woolen mill at Berea. The young man was ambitious and aspiring and had formulated plans for the directing of his future life upon a broader plane of thought and action. Accordingly in 1845 he began the study of medicine, and in 1854 graduated at the American Medical College, at Cincinnati, Ohio. He then located in Berea, March 10, 1849, where he has since enjoyed an extensive and representative practice, not only in the city but in a wide extent of country adjacent. Since 1871 he has been a member of the Ohio State Medical Association and has held the honorable preferment as president of that organization, and in 1872 became a member of the National Eclectic Association.

November 23, 1874, Dr. Parker was united in marriage to Miss Elizabeth Sherwood, daughter of Solomon and Anrilla Sherwood, of Royalton, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, who were among the early settlers of that town. Mrs. Parker was born August 18, 1824. Dr. and Mrs. Parker became the parents of four children, one of whom died in infancy. Henry E. was born November 20, 1851, and is now a physician in practice at Lorain, Lorain county, Ohio; he was married at Montville, Medina county, Ohio, March 15, 1878, to Miss Cora McConnell. James M. was also a physician and was engaged in practice at Vanlue, Hancock county, Ohio, where he died on January 21, 1883, soon after locating there; he was born in Berea October 13, 1853, and was married, at Attica, Seneca county, Ohio, September 2, 1880, to Miss Hittie Gilmer, who, with one child, survives him. Charles W., the youngest son, was born August 22, 1860, and was married, in Chicago, Illinois, December 15, 1885, to Miss Fannie Frayer.

Dr. Parker was one of the orginators of the Berea Savings & Loan Association. He has never been a seeker after public or official preferments, although he has been elected to fill various township and village offices, the duties of which he has discharged to the satisfaction of all. In 1862 he was appointed by Dr. J. S. Newbury, of Cleveland (who was general manager of the Western Sanitary Commission) to perform the duties of Camp and Hospital Inspector, receiving his commission from the Secretary of War, Edwin M. Stanton, and Surgeon-

General Hammond. He served in this capacity two and one-half years, until Sherman's campaign to Atlanta, to the satisfaction of the Government and the soldiers as well. He was located during the service in West Virginia, with the Army of the Cumberland and the Fourteenth Army Corps, under General Sherman.

The Doctor stands forth pre-eminently as a type of the self-made man, has achieved distinctive success and honor in his life work and is one who is most clearly entitled to representation in this volume, which has to do with the leading citizens of that portion of the State of Ohio in which he has so long lived and labored.

REV. THEOPHIL LEONHARDT, pastor of the United Evangelical Zion's Church of Cleveland, was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, February 8, 1853. His parents were Louis and Barbara (Boehringer) Leonhardt. His father, a merchant, died in 1873, aged seventy-three years, and his mother died the same year. Both were lifelong members of the Evangelical Church.

The subject of this sketch is the third in a family of four children, all living, namely: Mary, wife of David Müller; Louis; Theophil and Catherine, wife of Christian Seitz. Mr. Leonhardt was educated in the Mission College at Basel, Switzerland, in the Seminary at Nürtingen, Germany, and in America spent two years in a theological course in Marthasville, Missouri. Before coming to America young Theophil was in the Servian army—in 1876–1877—for thirteen months, in a war with Turkey. He came to America in 1880, and was in the orphan asylum a few months as teacher, until the next school year began, when he began his studies in Marthasville, Missouri. He was ordained in Cleveland in the church where he now has charge, in the year 1883. He was here first as vicar, then was made the pastor, in March, 1884, and has served as such since that time.

Under Mr. Leonhardt's care the church has increased one hundred per cent. in numbers, having now 300 active and 400 passive members. The Sabbath-school numbers over 900. The small building in which the congregation worshiped is now used for a school and a beautiful and commodious edifice has taken its place. This has sittings for 1,500 people, and is sometimes filled so that extra seats have to be provided. The congregation is made up of good and appreciative German people.

Mr. Leonhardt is a very hard worker, adding to his other duties the superintendency of the Sabbath-school. His well directed efforts have been a great benefit to the church and community. The church has been most fortunate in his pastorate.

Mr. Leonhardt was married September 30, 1884, to Miss Anna Remelius, daughter of Daniel and Elizabeth (Bower) Remelius. Her father was born in Germany and came to Cleveland in 1848, where he has since resided. He is a car inspector at the Union depot, and is sixty-three years of age. His wife died April 14, 1890, aged fifty-nine. She, with her husband, was a member of their son-in-law's church. Mr. and Mrs. Remelius had seven children, three dying in early childhood. The living children are these: Louis, residing in the West; Louisa, wife of Gordian Duffner, residing on Lorain street, Cleveland; has three children,—Frederick, Alma and Elmer; Mrs. Leonhardt; Charles, residing in Cleveland, a machinist in the electric power house; married Mary Clark.

Mrs. Leonhardt is a lady of culture, easy and pleasing manners, and a great help in the arduous and important labors of her husband. They have five children, viz.: Theophil D., Louis C., Thusnelda E., Carl F. and Armin E. Mrs. Leonhardt and the children are members of the Zion Church.

Mr. Leonhardt, while in Germany, was a teacher for three years and a half in a school founded by Gustav Werner. Here 1,300 children and old people of various classes—the poor, the vicious, the crippled have been

taught and cared for. This was one of the noted institutions of that part of Germany. Mr. Werner originated the plan, collected the money and brought about the organization of the institution. He died in 1886, at seventy-six years of age. His death was greatly lamented.

While in the war Mr. Leonhardt was in eight battles, and ten or twelve dangerous skirmishes. In 1876 he was wounded by the bursting of a shell, a fiinder of which struck him on the left side of his face, knocking him senseless. He was carried to the hospital, where he remained three weeks, and then returned to his command. From that wound he will carry, while he lives, a large sear on his neck and face. He held the commission of Second Lieutenant, which he was afterward obliged to resign on account of impaired health, the result of a prolonged attack of yellow fever. On leaving the army he returned to his home, and came to America in 1880.

Mr. Leonhardt is a man of fine personal appearance and of easy, pleasing manners. His fine scholarship and extended acquaintance with the world, his generous and affable ways, added to a pleasing presence, have ever been helpful in his church work. He is an honored citizen of whom his community may be proud.

A. T. MITCHELL, a leading business man of Newburg, Ohio, and a member of the popular firm of Mitchell Brothers, dealers in hardware, was born in Ravenna, Portage county, Ohio, November 22, 1856, and removed to Newburg, Ohio, with his parents in 1860; was educated in the grammar and high schools of Newburg, and on leaving them, in order to become more familiar with business forms, entered the Spencerian Business College, and took his diploma in 1871. He then launched out on his successful career, first as an employee of of his father, and soon afterward as a member of the firm of R. Mitchell & Son. This firm continued in business until R. Mitchell reached his sixtieth year, when upon his desire to retire a reorganization was effected, and the firm of Mitchell Brothers came into existence, composed of A. T. and R. T. Mitchell.

In its infancy this business was cooped up in one end of a dwelling with a capacity of about 500 square feet, with a tinshop as the chief attraction; now two buildings are required to accommodate their immense stock of hardware, stoves, implements, tiling, etc.,—one 100 x 21 feet and two stories high, and the other 50 x 100 feet, a warcroom, besides a large storeroom in the yard. This popular house was founded in 1860 by R. Mitchell, the venerable father of the subject of this sketch. He is the pioneer hardware merchant of Newburg. His first business in this State was in Ravenna, where he located in 1856 and became a member of the firm of Beckley & Mitchell, for four years. His first attempt at business in the West was in Beloit, Wisconsin, where he was employed as foreman of a tinner's shop for two years.

He was born in Washington county, New York, thirty miles north of Troy, January 30, 1827. His ancestors on the father's side were of Scotch origin: his grandfather, John Mitchell, emigrated from Scotland to America during the last years of the eighteenth century. By trade he was a slater, and while engaged at this vocation in New York city, he fell from a building and died from the effects of the injuries. He left only one child, a son, John, the grandfather of A. T. Mitchell, who remained with his mother in New York city till he was fifteen years of age, when he and his mother and stepfather moved to Washington county. There young John learned the trade of carpenter and builder, married and became a contractor of some note. In 1833 he moved to Oswego county, where he was an active business man, a manufacturer of stoves, being the first to turn out the Hathaway cookstove, with a descending flue, producing an article equal almost to the more modern stove. He made also the Clute iron moldboard plow, among the first in existence with a metal moldboard, and contin

John G. Carlisle

ued to prosecute his business to the time of his death, in July, 1853. His affliction was cancer of the stomach, and he was taken away prematurely, being only fifty-nine years of age. He married Lois Hall, a New England lady, a native of Connecticut, who died in 1831, leaving four children, as follows: Thomas, who died in 1891, in St. Joseph county, Michigan; Abigail, who married a Mr. Row and secondly a Mr. Coats, and is now a widow residing in Wayne county, New York; Nancy, now Mrs. Shaver, also a resident of Wayne county; and Robert.

The last named was "bound out" in the old-fashioned way, at ten years of age, to Daniel G. Merriman, a tinner of New Haven, Oswego county, where he was to serve an apprenticeship of eight years at the tinner's trade, receiving three months' schooling each winter, his board and clothes and his usual two suits of clothes on becoming twenty-one; but his health failed because of the confinement, and he was released from the trade at the end of three years. He returned to his father and remained with him till he reached his majority, engaged in farm work. At twenty-one he renewed his acquaintance with his half completed trade and made it his business ever after.

He married, in Ontario, New York, October 29, 1853, Catherine Melissa Cain, a native of the Isle of Man and a daughter of William Cain. The children by this marriage were: Mary Eliza, who died in 1888; A. T., the subject of this sketch; Robert T., and Kate Lois.

Mr. Mitchell schooled his sons in the business to which he gave the best years of his life to establish, and at sixty years of age turned it over to them and retired from active business pursuits.

Mr. A. T. Mitchell is a director in the South Cleveland Banking Company, in the Ohio National Building & Loan Company, and, in conjunction with H. Nason, was one of the originators of the latter. He is secretary of the Meade Lumber Company, and president of the Mitchell Brothers Company, who were incorporated on April 5, 1894, for the purpose of conducting a general hardware, stove, tinware, etc., business, with a capital of $15,000. He has passed the chairs in the local lodge of the I. O. O. F., and is a trustee of that lodge.

He was married June 12, 1890, to Jane E. Corlett, a daughter of Daniel Corlett, a history of whom will be found in this volume.

JOHN CARLISLE.—Conspicuous among the men of prominence in Cleveland, whose enterprise, business sagacity, upright methods, liberality and public spirit have contributed to the growth of Ohio's metropolis, rendering it a leading factor in the advancement of the State and county, stands the name of the subject of this sketch, who, although having gone to his reward, has left a legacy rich in good influences which will endure for many years to come.

Mr. Carlisle was a native of Chillicothe, Ohio, born October 29, 1807. His parents were John and Betsy (Mann) Carlisle, the father a native of county Tyrone, Ireland, and the mother of Pennsylvania. Our subject made the most of limited educational advantages, such as were afforded in the schools of those early days. He began for himself as a shoe merchant, under the firm name of "Carlisle & Fisk." At a later date he sold out to Mr. Fisk, and Mr. Carlisle was appointed toll collector on the Ohio canal at Chillicothe, which position he held for some years. Subsequently he was engaged in pork-packing, the firm being "Carlisle & Reid." Their brand of pork and hams was well established throughout many of the States. His next adventure was in coming to Cleveland in 1850. This city about that time was considered a fine opening for business ventures, being then, as well as since, the commercial center of a large and attractive territory.

Accordingly he, with others, took toward Cleveland. Arriving safely, he established himself in the forwarding and commission busi-

ness. His location was on Merwin street, near the business place of R. T. Lyon, who was among the early few who are still left. Mr. Carlisle was a man of good business methods, of strict integrity and great industry. His generous impulses and kind heart induced him to keep himself back in trying to help others along. He did an extensive business and succeeded well.

He was married in Gloucester, Massachusetts, October 29, 1835, to Miss Mary Beach, daughter of William and Mary Beach, all natives of Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle had nine children, viz.: William B., who died August 9, 1885, at the age of forty-seven years; John, who died December 17, 1885, at the age of forty-six years; Andrew, born in 1841; Amelia B., born in 1843; Henry N., who died March 14, 1857, aged ten years and six months; Gertrude A., born in 1849; Mary Belle, who died September 27, 1852, aged one year and three months; Irwin C., born in 1853; and Charles F., born in 1856.

Dr. Irwin Carson Carlisle, the eighth child of John and Mary (Beach) Carlisle, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, February 28, 1853. He was educated in the Cleveland public schools, read medicine under Prof. H. W. Kitchen, and graduated in the medical department of the Wooster University, class of 1875. Since 1876 he has been a continuous practitioner in Glenville, a suburb of Cleveland, Ohio. Dr. Carlisle has been the attending physician to the hospital for convalescent children—"Rainbow Cottage",—from its organization in 1891. He has been a member of the Board of Health since its organization in the village of Glenville.

Careful judgment and integrity of purpose have characterized his professional career, and he has been eminently successful, and has gained not only financial prosperity but also that other most valuable and necessary requirement, the respect and esteem of his fellow-men. The Doctor is prompt to aid any enterprise tending to benefit his community and is justly recognized as a liberal-minded and progressive citizen. He was married December 20, 1880, to Miss Ella, daughter of William and Lydia A. (Barber) Phillips, of whom see elsewhere in this volume. The home of the Doctor and wife has been blessed in the birth of one child, Mary Antoinette. Dr. Carlisle and wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. His parents were members of the Presbyterian Church for more than a generation, his father a Deacon in his church (the Westminster) for many years.

The Doctor is a member of the Cleveland, the Cuyahoga County, and the Ohio State Medical Societies. He is also a frequent contributor to the medical journals of the day. In politics Dr. Carlisle is an ardent Republican.

Mr. John Carlisle's death occurred December 28, 1868. His wife is still living, with her son, in St. Louis, Missouri, at the advanced age of seventy-eight years. As mother, companion, Christian and friend, no language can speak her praise too warmly. She is all these fine words imply. Mr. Carlisle was for many years a citizen of Chillicothe, Ohio, and the following tribute from the Cleveland Leader attesting his worth as a husband, a father, and a citizen will find a responsive echo from all who knew him here. The Leader says:

"We have to record the death of another prominent citizen of Cleveland, John Carlisle, Jr., who was during the early part of his business life a resident of Chillicothe, where quite a number of his relatives still reside. For some eighteen years past, with but a brief interval of absence, he has been well known in the forwarding and commission business in Cleveland, Ohio. After forty years of more or less active business life, marked by industry, fidelity and honesty, he has departed from the scenes of his business associations and from the midst of his many friends in private life at the still prime age of sixty-one.

"Few business men in our country were better known for simplicity of character, singleness of purpose, or sterling honesty in dealing. He was too modest to claim distinction, and too

conscientious to take advantage of circumstances that might have led him on to fortune. In his public and private life he was, perhaps, without exception respected and beloved. While in his religious convictions he was sincere and decided, he was without bigotry and far removed from Phariseeism. In politics he was most earnestly patriotic and keenly alive to the best interests of his country.

"But it is in that dearest and most sacred of earthly circles, the family home, that he will be most missed. Among his children he was the companion and confidant, always interested in what grieved or gratified them, and with the little ones a child in full and cordial sympathy. His family and friends have the supreme satisfaction of a full assurance that to the very best of his knowledge and ability he did well the work that was given him to do and has thus left an example well worthy of imitation. Like these, may we well exclaim with the poet:

'Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither in the north wind's blast,
And stars to set; but all, thou hast
All seasons for thine own, O Death.'"

To know John Carlisle was to respect and esteem him. Indeed, few men in the country had more friends than he. Mr. Carlisle's memory will live in the hearts of the people where he was known long after that of less important personages shall have passed away, and his name will be handed down to future generations as a synonym for all that is good, pure and upright.

REUBEN HALL, one of the well-to-do farmers and leading citizens of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a son of Charles Hall, one of the pioneers of the county.

Charles Hall was born in Lee, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, in 1798. In 1811 he came from Massachusetts to Ashtabula county, Ohio, with his father, Moses Hall, and in that county was reared. He was married there at the age of twenty-two to Lucy Seymour, who was born in Plymouth, Connecticut, in 1800, and who had come to Ohio with her father, Ziba Seymour, and family. Soon after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Hall came to Cuyahoga county and settled in Dover township. That was in 1821. Here they continued to reside the rest of their lives. Mrs. Hall died in Connecticut, whither she had gone in quest of health in 1844. Mr. Hall survived her a number of years. He was a farmer by occupation, and was prominently identified with local affairs. He was one of the first members of the Episcopal Church in Dover township. They had a family of five children, viz.: Eliza, who became the wife of George Porter, died in Dover township, December 27, 1841, at about the age of twenty years; Mary Ann, who died December 5, 1841, aged about seventeen; Reuben, Ziba S. and James.

Reuben Hall was born in Dover township, on his father's farm, June 18, 1827. Here he was reared, and here he has always resided. His early life was not unlike other farmer boys of that period. He remained a member of the home circle until after his marriage. Then for five years he rented his father's farm. At the end of that time he purchased seventy acres of land from his uncle, Edwin Hall, and upon this place he has since resided. He has been successful in his undertakings. By honest industry and good management he has accumulated considerable property, being now the owner of 174 acres of land, on which he has erected a set of good buildings.

Mr. Hall was married March 26, 1850, to Miss Rebecca Smith, a daughter of the late Hiram Smith, one of the early pioneers of Dover township. Mrs. Hall was born in this township, June 6, 1827, and died here in January, 1861. In August, 1861, Mr. Hall was again married in this township, this time to Miss Matilda Lilly, who was born here in 1829, daughter of Abinus Lilly, who was drowned while crossing the Rocky river, about 1840. Mr. Hall and his present wife are the parents

of three children: Clara E., wife of George L. Cooley; Charles E.; and Lucy S., wife of Rev. C. A. Vincent, of Boston, Massachusetts.

Enterprising and public-spirited, Mr. Hall has all his life taken a deep interest in local affairs. He has filled various township offices, among which are those of Assessor, Township Trustee, etc. During the war he enlisted, May 2, 1864, in Company I, One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio National Guards, and was in the 100-day service. He is a member of the G. A. R., Olmsted Post, No. 634. Both he and his wife are members of and active workers in the Methodist Episcopal Church.

REV. THOMAS MISICKI, D. D., pastor of the St. Adalbert parish at Berea, Ohio, was born in Przeworsk, Galicia, Austria, December 31, 1866. His father is Andrew and his mother Veronica (Chmurowicz) Misicki. His father is a contractor and builder in Przeworsk. In 1893 his age is sixty-nine years. The mother died in 1893, at the age of sixty-seven years, a life-long member of the Catholic Church and an excellent woman. There are only two brothers who comprise the children of these parents, namely: Ignatius, the older, born July 31, 1863; and the subject of this sketch. Ignatius has been professor in a college in the city of Jaroslan for the past four years.

The subject of this sketch, Rev. Thomas Misicki, received his primary education in his native city. Later he attended a high-school in Crakow. He was there eight years, and passed his examinations, giving evidence of excellent scholarship. He then attended the seminary in Crakow, where also at a later date he attended the university, at which he graduated in February of 1889. He was ordained priest May 19, 1889, and then took a special course of two years, at the close of which he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity. He studied Hebrew, Syriac and Arabic, in which he became accomplished, as he is also an adept in Latin and Greek. By special permission he taught these languages in the seminary, and was teaching the Latin and Greek languages in the Seminary of St. Vincent of Paula, just before he embarked for America, March 1, 1893, having obtained first permission from his superior cardinal, his object being to simply visit America. He was for three months in Winona, Minnesota, as an assistant in St. Stanislaus (Polish) Church. He was received into the diocese of Cleveland by Right Rev. Bishop Horstmann and stationed in Berea as pastor of St. Adalbert's Church, a few months since. Here he has under his charge 350 Polish families and thirty German families. He also attends missions at Grafton, at Lorain and at other places. In Berea he has a large school taught by four sisters of St. Felix from Detroit. Here are taught 300 children. Rev. Misicki is an accomplished scholar, able as a speaker and as an organizer is equally skilled. As a singer he is of marked ability, having one of the finest of tenor voices. He speaks Polish, German, French and English, his special studies being oriental languages. He is a writer of note, contributing many valuable articles to the Polish papers in America.

SHERBURN HENRY WIGHTMAN, of Cleveland, was born in this city, August 28, 1819, a son of John J. and Deborah (Morgan) Wightman. John Wightman was a descendant of Elder Valentine Wightman, the founder and father of the first society of Baptists in Groton, first exercising his gifts among a few willing hearers, and afterwards gathering a church, of which he was the pastor, from 1710 to his death, June 9, 1747. His son, Rev. Timothy Wightman, occupied the same pulpit and office after him for 49 years, and until his death, Nov. 14, 1796, in his 78th year, and was succeeded by his son, Rev. John Gano Wightman, who filled the same office for nearly forty-

five years, and until his death, July 13, 1841, aged seventy-four. Such a period of ministry over the same church held in succession by father and son and grandson for a period of a hundred and thirty years is believed to be without parallel in the history of American churches. Rev. Palmer G. Wightman, a grandson of Rev. John Gano Wightman, is still pastor of this same church, but did not immediately succeed his grandfather, a period of three or four years intervening. Many of the descendants of Elder Valentine Wightman have filled the pastoral office.

John J. Wightman was born and reared in Connecticut, but came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, in 1811, locating on ten acres of land in the Woodland Hills. The county was then a part of Trumbull county, and they were obliged to go to Warren to pay taxes. He took part in the Indian wars, was at the battle of Fort Meigs, and participated in many other engagements. Although reared in the Baptist faith, Mr. Wightman became an active worker in the Disciple Church, and the late Rev. Alexander Campbell was often a guest at his home, as was also Garfield's father and mother. His death occurred in 1837, at the age of forty-nine years. His wife departed this life in September, 1827, at the age of thirty-two years. She was a member of the Baptist Church.

Sherburn H. Wightman, the fifth in a family of eight children, and the only one now living, was seriously injured by falling from a horse when eight years of age, and has only partially recovered from its effects. He is now engaged in the real-estate business. He has also served sixteen years as Deputy County Tax Collector, having held that office under four different county treasurers. Mr. Wightman has lived where he now resides, No. 169 Union street, since 1875.

December 2, 1844, he was united in marriage with Miss Sarah L. Warner, who was born in Newburg, Ohio, August 16, 1824, a daughter of Darius and Delilah J. Warner, formerly of Cuyahoga Falls. The mother was born in Virginia, in 1796, came to Ohio at the age of five years, and her death occurred August 27, 1863. The father, born in New York, January 20, 1798, came to Ohio in 1809, and died in 1872. Mr. and Mrs. Warner had three children. The eldest, Lydia, married James Skinner, and both are now deceased. They had two children: Laura, born in 1840, married William Belden, who died at Atlanta, Georgia, while serving in the late war, at the age of twenty-seven years; and Jared, born in 1860. Their second child, Ezra G., married Rachel Burgess, and resides at Byron Center, Michigan. They have had four children,—Jefferson (deceased), Charles, William and George. Mr. and Mrs. Wightman have had five children, namely: Adelaide, deceased October 2, 1891, at the age of forty-six years; Albina D., wife of Michael Williams, of Cleveland, and they have two children,—Sarah, wife of Harl Benethum; and Sherburn Herman; Avery J., of California, married Elizabeth Ringen, who died January 17, 1891, and their four children are: Zetta A., Sherburn Henry, Marion and Agnes M.; Herman, deceased at the age of one year; and Sarah, at home. Mr. and Mrs. Wightman are members of the Christian Church, in which the former has served as Elder for many years. In political matters, he was formerly a Whig, and now affiliates with the Republican party. Wightman street of Cleveland is named in honor of the family which our subject represents, and is said to run through his father's farm.

CHARLES A. POST, secretary and treasurer of the East End Savings Bank Company, began in banking business in this city in 1869, with Everett, Weddell & Company, as a bookkeeper, remaining with them until 1883, and retiring as a teller in their concern. His resignation was caused by ill health, and in order to recuperate he went to the seaboard at New York city, and engaged in other pursuits until July, 1886, when he returned to

Cleveland restored to normal health. He assisted in organizing the East End Savings Bank Company, which was chartered in August, 1886, with J. H. McBride as president, V. C. Taylor and Thomas Jopling as vice-presidents, and Charles A. Post as secretary and treasurer. The capital stock at the commencement, December 18, 1886, was placed at $100,000; now it is $200,000, and the deposits amount to $900,000, with a surplus of $60,000.

Mr. Post was born in East Cleveland October 28, 1848, educated in the public schools, and was a clerk in a merchandising establishment at different times before going into the Bank of Everett, Weddell & Company. He was elected to the City Council in 1880, and re-elected in 1882, serving until he determined to go to New York in 1883, when he resigned. He is treasurer of a number of corporations besides the East End Bank,—the National Electric Valve Company, of the Maple Grove Dairy Company, and of the Casino Mine Company.

As to the fraternal orders, Mr. Charles A. Post is a Master Mason and Knight Templar, and a member of the order of K. of P. He is also a member of the Union Club, treasurer of the Rowfant Club, and president of the Twilight Club. His greatest recreation being tennis-playing, he is president of the East End Tennis Club. In religion he is an active member of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church.

His father, Nathan Post, a native of Burlington, Vermont, came to East Cleveland in 1848, and purchased property on Euclid Avenue, the site of a well-known hotel in early times. He was a harness-maker by trade, and the inventor and patentee of many articles of harness and saddle ware. He was also interested in the first malleable iron foundry established in this city, and induced skilled foreign labor to locate here to aid in operating the plant. For his wife he married Miss Laura J. Lord, of Madrid, New York, whose ancestors were pioneers in New England. Mr. Nathan Post died in 1869, aged sixty-nine years, and his wife died in 1875. Their children were Helen E.; Sarah M., who died in 1875, the wife of L. J. Wadsworth; Nathan L., who died in October, 1893; Mary R.; Laura J., who died in 1885, the wife of Dr. G. C. Ashmun; Francis W., Charles A., and James R. The last named was educated in this city, and when he engaged permanently in business he entered the employ of Root & McBride Brothers, where he still remains. January 1, 1879, he married, in Manchester, Iowa, Miss Mary A. Roe, and their only child is Bessie May. He is a prominent member of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church, and is most active in promoting the interests of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city, of which he has been a director for many years, and was especially active in the erection of their new hall.

H. T. ANDRUS, freight agent of the Pennsylvania Company in Cleveland and a veteran in railway service, was born in Austinburg, Ohio, December 28, 1839. In 1850 his father, Marvin T. Andrus, moved to Ridgeville from Austinburg, and in 1857 to Cleveland from Ridgeville, and entered into commission business, and later on railroad service, retiring to private life in 1887. Marvin T. Andrus was born in Morean, New York, his ancestors coming from Burlington, Connecticut. He learned blacksmithing and followed it together with farming until his removal from Eagleville in 1850, having resided there twelve years. He died in Cleveland in 1891, at eighty-three years and nine months of age. He married Amanda, a daughter of George Calkins, a farmer. The Calkins family came from Waterburg, Vermont, and are of Welsh descent. The children of this union are: George W.; Emmet H., deceased; H. T.; Helen, deceased; Emma, deceased; Frank; and Minnie, wife of A. W. Strong, a Cleveland broker.

H. T. Andrus was educated in the public schools of Cleveland, and in 1857, on assuming the duties of real life, entered the employ of

the Pennsylvania Company as errand boy in the freight office, and in 1861 was made cashier, which important position he filled continuously till 1888, when he received his appointment as agent.

Politically Mr. Andrus is a Republican, allying himself always on the side of true Americanism. In lodge circles Mr. Andrus is a Royal Arch Mason.

Mr. Andrus has been twice married, first in 1863, at Norwalk, Ohio, to Gertrude Adelade, a daughter of Elias Harris, of Seville, Ohio. Mrs. Andrus died without issue in 1869. In 1872 Mr. Andrus married Ellen Melancia, a daughter of Edwin Hill, of Gardner, Massachusetts. Of this union are born Harry L., Clarence M., Alice H., Carl E. and Paul W.

W. H. STEWART, the subject of this sketch, was born at Crossreagh, near Coleraine, county Londonderry, Ireland, June 3, 1855. His parents, Samuel and Alice Houston Stewart (the latter of whom still lives in Ireland), were of Scotch Irish ancestry, and Mr. Stewart's life has been characterized by the enterprise of the sturdy race from which he sprung.

Mr. Stewart received his early education in his native land. At the age of fifteen he came to the United States, and, finding in the Western Reserve surroundings congenial to his tastes, located in Cuyahoga county. In 1883 he was married to Miss Elma J. Burgess, a lady of intelligence and good family, daughter of J. M. Burgess of Orange township.

In politics a staunch Republican. Mr. Stewart filled acceptably for six years the office of township Trustee, and served for two terms as a member of the Board of Education. In 1892 he was appointed by Dr. McNeal as Assistant Dairy and Food Commissioner, which position he still holds. He is a member of Golden Gate Lodge, No. 245, F. & A. M., Chagrin Falls Chapter, No. 152, and Oriental Commandery, No. 12, K. T.

Mr. Stewart has been a resident of the town of Solon since 1880, and at present owns one of the finest farms in the township. Socially frank and genial, and carrying into his business life, energy and integrity, Mr. Stewart, although comparatively a young man, is recognized as a prominent citizen of the place.

E. P. WILMOT, attorney at law, Chagrin Falls, Ohio, is a native of this State, born at Mantua, Portage county, March 11, 1851. His father, Amzi Wilmot, was also born at Mantua, in the year 1823; he was a son of Ella and Lucretia (Blair) Wilmot, who emigrated to the western frontier from New England in 1810. The grandfather of our subject bore arms in the war of 1812, serving as captain of a company. Amzi Wilmot married Minerva S. Dudley, a native of New York and a member of one of the oldest families of the Empire State. He died in 1889, while she survived until only 1864. They were the parents of a family of four children: E. P., the subject of this biography; Addie S., one of the most successful teachers in the public schools of Youngstown; Carrie E. Spray, a resident of Mantua, Ohio, and Amelia M., who was for several years prominently known as a teacher of the Lima (Ohio) schools. The father was a farmer by occupation, and through many seasons tilled the soil that has been in the family over eighty years. Politically he gave his allegiance to the Republican party, and was a warm friend of the lamented James A. Garfield.

Young Wilmot enjoyed superior advantages to those which were afforded his father; the common-school system had been established, and he was also a student at Hiram, which had become a center of learning for the Western Reserve. Having determined upon the law as his vocation, he began to read in 1874 under the guidance of Judge Henry C. Raney; later he was associated with Judge Luther Day and Judge George F. Robinson. In 1876 he was

admitted to the bar. Years of experience and uninterrupted devotion to his profession have won a place in the front ranks of Cuyahoga county's leading lawyers. For nine years he served as Justice of the Peace and discharged the duties of that office with unswerving fidelity. Politically he adheres to the principles advocated by the Republican party. He is a member of Golden Gate Lodge, No. 245, F. & A. M., and of Chagrin Falls Chapter, No. 152, R. A. M.

Mr. Wilmot was united in marriage in 1884 at Chagrin Falls to Emma J. Waterman, a native of the State of New York, and a daughter of John Waterman. They have one son, Virgil P. Mrs. Wilmot is an active member of the Methodist church.

WILLIAM FREDERICK FIEDLER, Prosecuting Attorney of the City Police Court of Cleveland, Ohio, and one of the best known and most promising young members of the Cleveland bar, is a native of the Forest City, having been born in the old Sixth Ward on October 8, 1862. His father was Conrad F. Fiedler, who was one of the old and well-known citizens of Cleveland, he having during his life been an active man and for a number of years an official. He was a native of Wurtemberg, South Germany, where he was born in 1818. He finished his schooling and learned the trade of mason and was married before leaving the old country. In 1850 he arrived in the United States and came direct to Cleveland, where he continued to reside until his death in September, 1887. He was engaged extensively as a mason contractor for many years, and for a number of years was the city's Inspector of Sewers, Culverts and Pavements. During the cholera epidemic in this country his wife died, leaving two out of three children. The children are: Mrs. Catherine Becker and Mrs. Annie Renner, both of Cleveland. In 1854 he was married to Mary Agnes Zipperlen, who was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, and survives her husband. Five children were born by this union, three of whom died in infancy, leaving two sons, our subject and his elder brother, Conrad E., who is a citizen of Cleveland.

The immediate subject of this sketch has always resided in Cleveland. He attended first the public schools of the city, passing through them all and graduating at the high school in 1882. He then took a post graduate course in the Central high school in order to prepare himself for college, and in 1883 entered Adelbert College, and taking a classical course graduated with honor in 1887, standing fifth in a class of seventeen. One year was then spent in the office of F. C. Friend, in Cleveland, in preparation for the Cincinnati Law School, and in the fall of 1888 he entered that excellent institution, at which he graduated in 1889 with the degree of LL.B., and in the following June Adelbert College conferred upon him the degree of A. M. He then entered the practice of law in Cleveland.

In 1890 Mr. Fiedler was an unsuccessful candidate for Councilman from the Seventeenth Ward of Cleveland on the Republican ticket, and in 1891 was one of the four candidates for the nomination before the Republican Convention for the office of Prosecuting Attorney for the City Police Court, and receiving the nomination was at the coming election chosen to that important position by a majority of over 1,500 votes; and so successfully did he discharge the duties of the office that in 1893 he was nominated without opposition and re-elected by a majority of almost 3,000 votes.

Mr. Fiedler has fulfilled the duties of his office in an able and conscientious manner, winning the admiration of the court and bar, and has won lasting laurels as a public officer. As a lawyer he has for some time been recognized as one of the most brilliant and promising of the younger members of the Cleveland bar.

In politics Mr. Fiedler is an uncompromising Republican, yet at the same time is broad and liberal in his views, and his tolerance has

won him many friends even among the opposition. It is the opinion of his many warm friends that higher and more important official honors await Mr. Fiedler, and they expect to have the pleasure at no distant day of seeing him on the bench. He is a Knight of Pythias and a member of the Tippecanoe Club.

He was married on August 23, 1893, to Miss Clara E. Woldmann, of Cleveland, who at that time was one of the efficient teachers in the Fowler public school, and who is the daughter of Professor Hermann Woldmann, one of the oldest and best known of Cleveland's educators, who is at present a professor at the Central high school.

WASHINGTON IRVING POPE (better known as "I. W." Pope), corresponding secretary of the Cleveland Window Shade Company, was born in Otsego county, New York, near Burlington Flats, September 14, 1834. His father, Lewis S. Pope, was a native of Fairfield county, Connecticut, and was a farmer in early life and later a shoemaker by trade. After his marriage he located in Monroe township, Fairfield county, and about 1823 moved to Otsego county, New York, locating at Burlington Flats, where he engaged in farming. In 1835 he emigrated to Geauga county, Ohio, settling in Auburn township, on a farm; in 1839 moved to Troy township, where he lived till 1869, when he changed his residence to Chagrin Falls, where he died, in 1875, a member of the Masonic fraternity and a Spiritualist, although in earlier life he was a "materialist." In politics he was at first a Democrat, then Whig, Free Soil and Republican. For many years he was Justice of the Peace in the township of Troy, Geauga county. He was well known as a speculator in live stock, and was the first man in his vicinity to agitate the question of not pasturing cattle or other live stock at large in the public highway. While positive in his views and radical for reforms, he was liberal, as any one is inclined to be who is well posted in the rights of man and in the doctrinal issues of the parties.

Lewis Pope, grandfather of I. W. Pope, was also a native of the "Land of Steady Habits." The line comprises descendants of Thomas Pope, who emigrated from England in 1627, binding himself out for seven years' service in order to pay for his passage to America. He first settled in Massachusetts, and afterward in Connecticut, in both of which States he followed the vocation of an agriculturist. At his death he left an estate of £5,000.

Lewis S. Pope married Miss Charry Smith, who also was a native of Connecticut, born and reared near Milford, New Haven county, and died in Chagrin Falls, at the age of eighty-eight. Her father, David Smith, a blacksmith by trade and of Scotch and Irish descent, is supposed also to have been a native of Connecticut. He participated in the Revolutionary war, and died in his ninety-third year. He had but one son, David Smith, Jr., who died in Chagrin Falls, in his eighty-seventh year; was an early settler of the Western Reserve and well known. In the family of Lewis S. Pope were four sons and four daughters, namely: Lines S., Lucy A. and Andrew D., all deceased; Cornelia T., widow of Miles Punderson and residing in Hiram, Portage county, this State; David L., a prominent and influential farmer of Troy township, Geauga county; Charry M., wife of H. M. Hervey, of North Madison, Lake county, Ohio; Mary J., widow of Charles Onderdonk, of the same place; and I. W., whose name heads this sketch.

The last mentioned was one year old when his parents settled in Geauga county. He completed his school days by attending two terms at the Hiram Institute (since College). At the age of nineteen years he married and commenced housekeeping. A few years afterward he purchased his father's farm in Troy township, and followed agricultural pursuits there until the autumn of 1861, when he moved to Chagrin Falls. The next year he bought the Union Hotel property, and conducted hotel

business there about two years, when he bought the Eggleston House, now the Hotel Irving, named in his honor, and remodeled and added to it. In 1868, in partnership with Messrs. Parker and Pratt, he bought an interest in the old Lower paper mill, then devoted to the manufacture of straw paper, with a thirty-four-inch machine, became the business manager and rebuilt the structure and added to its capacity, enabling the company also to manufacture manila and flour-sack paper. In 1869 or 1870 Mr. Pratt sold his interest to John Bleasdale, and the firm name became Parker, Pope & Company; in 1871 Mr. Parker sold his interest, and the company's name became Pope & Bleasdale. This company increased the volume of production from 1,500 pounds a day to 5,000, and made paper bags. In the spring of 1875 Mr. Pope sold out to Mr. Bleasdale, who operated the mill until the following autumn, when he made an assignment to E. W. Force. Mr. Pope, being the principal creditor, organized a joint-stock company known as "The Chagrin Falls Paper Company," and they purchased the property. In the same year Mr. Pope, with partners, erected a large paper-mill at New Castle, Pennsylvania, of a capacity of about 8,000 pounds a day, and he had the superintendency of the mill, meanwhile having also the management of the old Chagrin Falls establishment. In 1879, in company with ten other men, he built the railroad from Chagrin Falls to Solon, he becoming chairman of the construction company. In 1880 the president, Mr. Reid, and General Manager Waddell of the railroad company undertook to take possession of the road without fulfilling their contract, when Mr. Pope discovered the movement and "threw himself into the breach," taking possession of the locomotive and control of the engineer and holding the train until his associates and other trustworthy men came to his assistance; and the train was put upon its regular run. President Reid and Manager Waddell were ejected until they should pay their fare; an appeal was taken to the courts by the president, and after some months Mr. Pope purchased the stock of the original railroad company and its bonds for himself and associates, and was elected president. He had the property sold at public auction, and in the interest of himself and associates purchased it, they having organized the Chagrin Falls and Southern Railroad Company. Mr. Pope was president until 1885.

His business enterprises were generally successful; but the mill at New Castle was burned in the fall of 1883 with all its contents, with but little insurance. At the close of the year it was found that the business at Chagrin Falls was unsuccessful, and Mr. Pope placed his entire property in the hands of a committee of three of his creditors for the protection of those who had befriended him and the Chagrin Falls Paper Company. This was done during the first part of January, 1884.

After being thrown out of business Mr. Pope started out on the road for the Cleveland Window-Shade Company, well knowing that the lack of employment would injure the usefulness of any man. In July of the same year he met the president of the Marietta & North Georgia Railroad Company, who made him an offer to handle their securities in the markets, which was accepted, and he commenced operations in September. Associating himself with a number of gentlemen, he repaired to New York city to negotiate the securities, and within a year arranged for the sale of the entire railroad property, and it passed into other hands; but during this time he also secured the business of handling the property of two other roads,—one in Ohio and one in Virginia, effecting contracts between the presidents of the two companies and representatives of London capitalists. For that purpose he went to New York city to arrange for the construction of over 500 miles of track, the contracts amounting to about $13,500,000; but the contractors from London failed to carry out their agreements: after about two years' labor they failed for about $250,000.

Although Mr. Pope's labors in this direction were lost, he was not idle, meanwhile finding other channels of work. In company with other gentlemen he purchased some real estate in East New York, platted, graded and sold it, settling up all matters within one year, thus furnishing him enough to support himself and family; but he concluded that life would be pleasanter to be associated with his family again, and accordingly, in December, 1888, he returned to Cleveland, and has since been associated with his son, Lines Irving, in connection with the window-shade company. He, Lines Irving Pope, is now president and general manager, and also acting treasurer, of the company, and also of the Falls Hotel Company in conducting the Hotel Irving, where the subject of this sketch now makes his home. On one occasion he was employed by a company to go to Arizona and buy the petrified forest there, but, finding the title to the property imperfect, declined to make the purchase.

As to his views on national questions Mr. Pope is a Republican. Early in life he was prominent in local politics. In 1860 he was elected Trustee of Troy township, Geauga county; about 1868 he was elected a member of the Council of Chagrin Falls; and in 1874 Mayor of the village of Chagrin Falls, in which office he served for four years.

He was initiated into the order of Odd Fellows in 1855, in which he has passed all the chairs, as well as in the Encampment; has been a member of the Masonic order since 1865, in which lodge he has been Secretary; and he was a member of the order of Knights of Pythias for many years. He is a zealous and able advocate of the public-school system and of our form of government. As to the religions he is liberal in the widest sense. In psychological science he is a Spiritualist; is now filling the position of second vice-president and secretary of the Lake Brady Association of Spiritualists.

Mr. Pope was married January 15, 1854, in Troy, Geauga county, to Miss Rebecca A. Whitcomb, a native of the same township, born September 9, 1827. Her father, Israel Whitcomb, a native of Massachusetts and of Scotch ancestry, came to Ohio about 1809, and was a blacksmith and farmer. Her mother, whose maiden name was Abigail Holman, was also a native of the Bay State, of English descent. Mrs. Pope is the seventh and youngest child in their family. Mr. and Mrs. Pope have a son and a daughter; Lines Irving, was born in Troy, above mentioned, September 12, 1856, graduated at Chagrin Falls high school, attended Buchtel College at Akron, this State, two and a half years, and has been manager of the Cleveland Window Shade Company from its first establishment, and is now its president and treasurer. He came to Cleveland in 1880, where he still resides, a successful business man. He married Aurelia Douglass September 25, 1877, and has one daughter, Eleanor, born June 8, 1890. He is a member of the Masonic order, was a Councilman for the Thirty-seventh ward of Cleveland in 1890–'91; is a public-spirited man, and is now vice-chairman of the relief committee of the sixth district of this city. His sister, Gertrude A., was born in Chagrin Falls, April 3, 1870, and is now the wife of Ralph W. Hayes, city editor of the Joliet (Illinois) Republican. She is a graduate of Oberlin (Ohio) College, and was married October 27, 1892, and now has a son, born August 15, 1893, and named Everett Pope Hayes.

REV. D. HENRY MULLER, D. D., the Presiding Elder of Cleveland District of the East Ohio Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is a native of Baltimore, Maryland. His ancestors generally have been members of this church. When a young man he left the city of Baltimore, began his ministerial work very early in life, served one year in the Baltimore Conference, and in the Wisconsin Conference for five years, being stationed at Oshkosh and Milwaukee.

For his ministerial work he was prepared at the theological school at Evanston, Illinois, having previously gradnated at an academy in the city of Baltimore. He came into the ministry with a liberal education and with a mind and character well suited to the calling, and to all this has been added a devont religious nature. In 1866 he was transferred to the Genesee Conference and was in Buffalo and Rochester, New York, for twelve years. From 1875 to 1877 he was pastor of Union Church in Covington, Kentucky. In 1879 he was transferred to the Erie Conference and served the First Methodist Episcopal Church at Erie for three years. In 1882 he was transferred to the East Ohio Conference, in which he preached five years, preaching at the Scovill Avenue and Central Churches in Cleveland. He was also located for four years at Canton, Ohio, where he preached in the First Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1891 he was appointed Presiding Elder of the East Ohio Conference and in this work he is still engaged, residing in Cleveland, Ohio.

The Illinois Wesleyan University, in 1875, conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Divinity, and in 1893 the Mt. Union College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws. Great success has attended all his labors as a minister. He is a preacher of eloquence and learning, carries conviction and enkindles interest and enthusiasm.

WILLIAM W. CALHOUN, whose name is well known in connection with the horticultural interests of Cuyahoga county, was born at Beaver Dam, Erie county, Pennsylvania, January 10, 1838. His parents, John C. and Polly (Conn) Calhoun, were natives of New York and Pennsylvania respectively; the father was a carpenter and joiner by trade, and followed this vocation all his life. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, and was discharged in Buffalo after that city had been burned. In 1844 he removed to Ohio, and there died at the age of eighty-two years; his wife is also deceased. They reared a family of nine children, seven of whom still survive.

Our subject was engaged in gardening and huckstering in this county when there was a call for men to go to the front in defense of the Nation's flag. Responding to that call he enlisted in Battery I, First Ohio Light Artillery. His first engagement was at Fredericksburg; later he was at the extreme right at Chancellorsville, where he loaded the first piece fired there. He was transferred to the Twentieth from the Eleventh Army Corps, and was afterward in the siege of Chattanooga and the Atlanta campaign. He left Sherman before the famous march to the sea was begun, as he was in another wing of the army. When hostilities ceased he was at Dalton, Georgia; he was honorably discharged at Chattanooga in June, 1865, and soon afterward arrived home. He was twice wounded with bullets, but received a more serious injury from a falling cannon. Battery I was said to be the only battery that dismounted their cannon in drill. This greatly pleased General Schurz, and he promised the battery a great honor. This honor later proved to be the privilege of firing the salute to President Lincoln when he viewed the troops of the army of the Potomac. Prior to the campaign of Gettysburg the troops were called out for inspection by General Schurz. No. 1 piece, weighing 1,240 pounds, was attended by W. W. Calhoun and Morris Porter. While holding the piece in a perpendicular position, waiting for the order to dismount, the cannon tipped and doubled Mr. Calhoun to the earth. He was then sent to the hospital at Frederick City, where he remained several days. The injury to his back which he then received is said by doctors to be the cause of locomotor ataxia, from which he now greatly suffers. After his return home he resumed his old occupation of gardening.

Mr. Calhoun was married in the autumn of 1866 to Miss Helen Bosley, who died in 1872, the mother of three children: Alice Myrta,

Sterling Wallace and Louis Byron. His second union was to Julia Berghoff, a daughter of Nicholas and Ellen Berghoff; one child has been born of this marriage, Anna Ellen, who is still a student; Sterling W. and Louis B. are engaged as traveling salesmen; Alice has won an enviable reputation as a teacher.

In politics Mr. Calhoun is an ardent Republican; he has been a member of the G. A. R., and was Colonel of the Ellsworth command; he was also Inspector General of the Union Veterans of Ohio and Indiana. He has an attractive home in East Cleveland and lives for the comfort and happiness of his family, of whom he is justly proud. Mrs. Calhoun is the third of a family of five children: Anna, wife of John Hess; Josephine, deceased, was the wife of Nicholas Hess; Frances and George. The father is still living, at the age of seventy-six years; the mother died in 1865, aged thirty-three years.

REV. ANTHONY HYNEK, pastor of the St. Wenceslas Catholic Church, Bohemian, on Arch street, in the city of Cleveland, was born in Seez, Bohemia, in 1839, the only child of Peter and Catherine Hynek, who died when he was a mere child. He pursued his school studies in the gymnasium at Komotau, Bohemia, for eight years, then at the University of Prague, and next studied theology in the Episcopal Seminary in Leitmertz, where he was ordained priest in 1865. For three years he was then assistant pastor or chaplain in Radonitz, and for an additional period of three years he held a similar position at Gartitz, and in 1871 came to America.

For nearly a year after coming to this country he was an assistant priest in Allegheny City, of the Pittsburg diocese; then he came to Cleveland, where he organized and became pastor of the congregation (Bohemian) of St. Prokop (in Latin, Procopius). Purchasing four lots, 140 x 160 feet, he had the plan devised and executed for the church edifice. He prosecuted his work here with success until 1873, when he became pastor of the St. Wenceslas, which position he is now filling with acceptable fidelity. For the first two years in the last relation he remained also the pastor of St. Prokop's Church. For his present charge he has succeeded in building two very nice schoolhouses, with rooms sufficient to accommodate about 400 pupils, and he has also succeeded in building a hall and a parish home (parsonage). Besides, he has inaugurated eight benevolent societies and done much other work too tedious to describe in this connection. His congregation grew so large that in 1882 he had to divide it, organizing the congregation of St. Mary's of Our Lady of Lourdes, Bohemian, on Ham street, for which he bought six lots and erected a temporary church building. Also in 1883 he originated St. Adalbert Church, Bohemian, on Lincoln avenue, buying four lots, 178 x 200, building and enlarging a few years later a temporary church edifice, which is also used for a school.

Under his charge Mr. Hynek has 400 families. His old church is nicely furnished, having stained-glass windows and frescoed walls, while outside the best improvements appear; but it was so small and far from the center of the parish that in 1886 he bought from O. M. Stafford five lots on Broadway, for $10,250, and thereupon has now built a new house of worship, in Gothic style, which when completed will have cost about $80,000, and will be one of the largest and finest churches in the beautiful city of Cleveland; the architect is Mr. Van Deodde. This church has six bells, costing $2,400, the weight of the largest one being 7,000 pounds. The front of the building and the two towers are of stone; the other walls, of brick. The dimensions of the building are 90 x 175 feet; and the height of the principal tower is 228 feet.

In 1890 was celebrated Father Hynek's silver jubilee of twenty five years of successful

priesthood. His congregation and associates made him donations of church ornaments, chalices, pictures, etc., the cost of all which probably reaching $1,500.

A review of Father Hynek's work is of interest, and the success that he has achieved in building up the several congregations with which he has been connected as pastor and originator, marks him as one of the strongest organizers and enthusiastic workers as a pastor; and, being a man of a high order of education and a speaker of power and eloquence, his influence is perceptibly felt among his people, who have unlimited confidence in him, and repose in him great deference.

DR. JONATHAN MACK VAN NORMAN, 289 Pearl street, Cleveland, Ohio, dates his birth in Canada, September 1, 1823. His parents were Isaac and Catherine Van Norman, natives respectively of Pennsylvania and New Jersey. Isaac Van Norman was a local preacher in the Methodist Episcopal Church, was by occupation a farmer and millwright, and was a man of more than ordinary genius. He was in his ninety-third year at the time of his death. His wife lived to be seventy. She was a remarkably sweet singer, and her life, like that of her worthy husband, was adorned with rare Christian graces. They had ten children, Jonathan M. being the ninth born. Out of this family of four sons and six daughters, only the Doctor and three sisters remain. They are as follows: Betsey, wife of Ira Bullock, Ingersoll, Canada; Sarah Ann, widow of C. M. Lake, Toronto, Canada; and Jane Mack, widow of A. D. Emory, Burlington, Ontario.

Dr. Jonathan M. Van Norman received his classical education in Victoria College, at Coburg, but graduated in medicine at McGill University, Montreal in 1850. Immediately after his graduation he began the practice of his profession at Burlington, Ontario. He spent about one year there, then about two years in Hamilton, Ontario, and from there removed to Detroit, Michigan, where he remained for twenty-nine years, meeting with eminent success. At the end of this time overwork and ill health compelled him to seek a change of location, and he spent one year among friends in Hamilton, Ontario. October 19, 1889, he took up his abode in Cleveland, with his nephew, Dr. U. B. Van Norman, and here he has since remained, not, however, in active practice.

While a resident of Canada, the Doctor was commissioned Coroner of the counties of Wentworth and Halton, in which capacity he served seven years, resigning when he came to the United States. This was a life appointment, was made by the Crown, and was unsought and unexpected by him.

Dr. Van Norman was married in the spring of 1850 to Miss Sarah Eliza Emory, daughter of A. D. Emory. She died April 11, 1891, aged sixty-one years, and without issue. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and hers was a beautiful Christian character. The Doctor is also a member of this church, and both he and his nephew are earnest temperance workers. The elder Doctor has since its organization occupied the position of Grand Secretary of the Ohio jurisdiction, Royal Templars of Temperance, and is also Associate Supreme Medical Examiner for the Royal Templars of the United States. While he takes pleasure in administering to the temporal wants of the sick, his greatest delight is in administering to their spiritual wants, and much of his time is spent in talking, singing and praying with the sick and afflicted.

OTIS HARRISON GOULD, one of the prominent pioneers of Cuyahoga county, is a native of New England, born in Hampshire county, Massachusetts, November 15, 1815. His father, Daniel Gould, was born in the same place, November 11, 1780; he was a carpenter and tanner by trade. In 1817 he emigrated to Delaware county, Ohio, and two years later removed to Sum-

mit county, Ohio, where he resided three years, working at his trade. In December, 1825, he came to Cuyahoga county and took up his abode in a log house on land in Bedford township. In January, 1826, he brought his family to the present site of the village of Bedford, and there erected the second frame house in the settlement. Here he remained the rest of his life, which ended after eighty-four years. He was a member of the Disciple Church, and was a deacon of that society. He was a member of the Whig, Free Soil and Republican parties successively, and served as township trustee and as school director; he was the first mayor of the village of Bedford. He married Mary Snell, a native of Massachusetts and a daughter of Isaiah Snell, who was also born in Massachusetts of English lineage. The paternal grandfather of our subject was Daniel Gould, Sr., a native of Massachusetts and a descendant of English ancestors; he lived to the age of eighty-six years. Mary Snell Gould died at the age of seventy-eight years. Otis Harrison Gould is the eldest of a family of five children: Laura S. Remington died November 14, 1893; her husband Stephen G. Remington, was prominently and favorably know as one of the early educators of this county; he died July 2, 1890; Orris P. was born in 1819; Dr. Charles L. was born in 1825 and died in 1861; Ralph E., born in 1828, died in 1835. Otis H. was an infant of two years when his parents came to Ohio. He received his education in the log schoolhouse with its primitive furnishings and yet more primitive instruction. When he had grown to manhood he began to learn the carpenter's trade, and incidentally chopped a good deal of cordwood, and assisted in the erection of sawmills in different localities.

In 1842 Mr. Gould went to Steuben county, Indiana, and remained there three years during which time he served as minister in the Disciple Church. Upon his return to Bedford township he purchased the farm on which he still lives, having disposed of a tract of 160 acres, which he had previously bought.

He was first married at Cleveland, Ohio, in 1867, this union being to Elizabeth Prestage, who bore three children, all of whom died in infancy. The mother is also deceased. Mr Gould was married a second time, July 25, 1871, to Margaret Whiteside, who was born in county Monaghan, Ireland, October 29, 1847. She came to this country with some relatives in 1867. Her parents are Michael and Nellie Whiteside, natives of Ireland; they crossed the sea to the United States of America in 1881, and settled on an improved farm; the father died at the age of eighty-four years; the mother survives at the age of seventy-eight. Mr. and Mrs. Gould have a family of six children: Mamie E., born May 26, 1872, is a graduate of Hiram College; Charles J., born October 1, 1873, is a student in the Western Reserve University in Cleveland; Annie L., born May 8, 1875, is a student in Hiram College; D. Lewis was born November 18, 1878; Hattie B. was born January 5, 1881; and O. Edward, born January 6, 1885.

Politically Mr. Gould acts with the Republican party, and has represented that body in several local offices, discharging his duties with ability and fidelity. He and his wife belong to the Disciple Church, in which they are untiring workers.

CHARLES YARHAM, Middleburg township, was born in Norfolk county, England, November 12, 1820, a son of William and Mary (Williamson) Yarham. When he was thirteen years old he came with his parents to Canada, where they died. In 1843 he removed to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and settled in Rockport township, where he lived two years, in 1845 removing to the farm in Middleburg township, where he has since lived. This farm comprises fifty-eight acres, and he has added to its value by improvements.

He was married in Canada, May 31, 1842, to Miss Jane Tudhope, who was born in Lanark-

shire, Scotland, June 11, 1820. She came to Canada with her father and the family, the mother having died in Scotland. Her father, William Tudhope, died in Canada; her mother was Agnes Cadso. Mr. and Mrs. Yarham are the parents of two sons: William J., the eldest, was a member of the sixty-fifth Ohio Light Infantry, and was a prisoner of war confined in Libby prison, where he contracted small-pox and was taken to the hospital at Danville, North Carolina, where he died, in January, 1863; Walter, the second son, was a soldier in the army - a sharpshooter—and was shot at the capture of the Weldon Railroad, in Virginia, in August, 1864. Mr. and Mrs. Yarham have one adopted daughter, Bessie J. Yarham.

Mr. Yarham filled some of the minor offices of the township in an early day, and was School Director for sixteen years.

LEVERETT H. JOHNSON, a worthy citizen of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, is the son of Hon. Leverett Johnson, who was born in Woodbury, Connecticut, July 17, 1797; and his wife, *nee* Abigail Cahoon, was a native of Vergennes, Vermont, born May 6, 1796. They arrived in Cuyahoga county in October, 1810, and were married in Dover township, where they passed the remainder of their lives. They had reared nine children, of whom the subject of this brief sketch was the seventh.

He was born September 17, 1827, in Dover township, where he has always resided. November 14, 1852, he married Miss Marietta Reed, who was born in Conneaut, Ashtabula county, this State, December 15, 1835, a daughter of Benjamin and Maria (Patterson) Reed. They had seven children who grew up, of whom Mrs. Johnson was the eldest. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson have had five children, two of whom died in childhood.

Mr. Johnson has been a Notary Public since 1872, was Justice of the Peace twelve years, and has held all the township offices with the exception of Treasurer. He has always taken an active part in the public welfare, taking a zealous interest in the cause of the Republican party ever since its organization. He and his wife have taken an active and efficient part in religious work, and for many years, Mr. Johnson has been a Deacon of the church.

FRED MORWICK, a passenger conductor on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, and an efficient and faithful employee, began braking for the company in 1869. Within three years he was put upon a stone train as conductor, and in time reached higher grades of service, by degrees, being given, in 1887, a passenger run.

Mr. Morwick was born in Cleveland, February 27, 1850, attended public school, St. Mary's Catholic School and the Cleveland Institute, under Professor Humiston. Then he was clerk for R. M. N. Taylor in his grocery house, next was two years with William H. Sholl in the beef and pork packing business, and then commenced railroading as brakeman on the Lake Shore road about two years, starting in 1867. In 1869 he commenced for the Big Four Company as brakeman, and later worked up to be freight conductor, which position he had from 1873 to 1888, since which time he has been passenger conductor for the same company. He is a member, and has been secretary, of the Order of Railway Conductors, Cleveland Division. During the war he was employed by the Government about three months, but not as an enlisted man, in taking care of stock.

He was married April 13, 1874, to Miss Lottie Geiger, daughter of Michael Geiger, of Cleveland, and Mr. and Mrs. Morwick have two children,—Jennie L. and Freddie T. Both the parents are members of the Catholic Church.

John Morwick, father of the subject of this sketch, came from Ontario to Cleveland in 1849, and was employed as a laborer in the construc-

G. L. Judson

tion of the Cleveland, Cincinnati & Chicago Railroad, and died here, February 27, 1888 (subject's birthday), aged sixty-nine years. He was married in Germany, his native land, and had one child, Theodore; and was married a second time, in Austria, by which marriage there were five children: Fred, the subject of this sketch; Mary, who married George Roth; Kate, wife of Matthew Darmstadt; Amelia, now Mrs. Sherer; and Jane, who became Mrs. John Smith, of Detroit. The mother of these children is still living, aged seventy-two, and is an honored resident of Cleveland.

GEORGE C. JULIER.—Prominent among the successful and representative business men of Cleveland is Mr. G. C. Julier, proprietor of the Excelsior Bread, Cake and Cracker Works at Nos. 861–869 Wilson avenue.

Mr. Julier served an apprenticeship at the baker's trade, and came to Cleveland in 1860 to follow the same. He was a first-class baker and readily found employment at remunerative wages. He worked for different firms until 1879, when, having a limited capital only, but being ambitious, he founded his present business. He first located in a small building on Euclid avenue, near Wilson, and began by doing all his own baking. His goods were his advertisement, and his business improved from the very first, and in a few years had outgrown the accommodations of his small establishment. In 1883 he was able to erect a building of his own, and the present handsome and spacious structure on Wilson avenue was completed. This building is of brick, two stories in height, with a frontage of 120 feet and a depth of 220 feet. The plant is equipped with the latest and most modern improved machinery, ovens and appliances, and the establishment is one of the largest in the West and a pride to Cleveland. One hundred and twenty-five car loads of flour are consumed annually by the works, seventy five people, of both sexes, are employed, and twenty delivery wagons are required for the city trade. Mr. Julier personally superintends all the operations of his works, and uses only the finest grades of flour and materials, and hence the secret of his remarkable success. The principal products are bread, rolls, Vienna bread, cakes, crackers, biscuits, ginger snaps, etc., and his goods are standard in the market for quality, purity and uniform excellence.

Mr. Julier is a live, wide-awake and progressive citizen. He takes an active interest in public affairs, and is an ardent member of the Republican party. He is and has been for some time an active member of the Chamber of Commerce. He is kind and courteous to all alike, and is charitable alike to individuals and institutions.

Considering the brief time that has elapsed since Mr. Julier was an employee, his success has been remarkable, and shows that he is possessed of more than average business talents and judgment and executive ability. In 1879 he began business on a very limited scale with less than $200 capital: to-day he is at the head of the largest establishment of its kind in a city of over 300,000 people, and all this has been accomplished by his own efforts, unaided by outside influences. Truly, he is a self-made man, and his family and friends have just cause to be proud of his career.

MRS. CAROLINE BROWN, relict of the late Peter Brown, is a well-known and popular resident of West Cleveland, where she now holds a conspicuous preferment as matron of that noble institution for the care of the aged infirm, namely, the Altenheim.

Mrs. Brown is of German nativity, as was also her husband, and both were descendants of prominent and influential families. The parents of our subject were Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Mayer, and she was one of their six children,

the date of her birth being January 14, 1835. Daniel Mayer emigrated with his family to America when the subject of this sketch was thirty years of age, and they settled in Cleveland, where the father was actively engaged in the coopering business for a number of years. He died in 1863 and the demise of his widow occurred six years later.

The late Peter Brown was born in Germany, November 28, 1829, and came to the United States when he was eighteen years of age. He was a shoemaker by trade and followed that line of business successfully for a number of years in West Cleveland, attaining a marked popularity in the community and accumulating a very considerable property. He was married to Caroline Mayer in 1852 and they became the parents of twelve children, only four of whom are living at the present time, namely: Paul, John, Peter and William. Mr. Brown was a Republican and took quite an active interest in the political issues of the day. He was a member and zealous supporter of the First Reformed Church, on Penn street, with which Mrs. Brown is devotedly identified. He died November 28, 1873, deeply regretted by a large circle of appreciative friends.

Mrs. Brown is a woman of education and refinement, having received her educational training in Germany, whose schools are celebrated for their thorough discipline and advanced standards. August 21, 1893, our subject accepted the position as matron of the Altenheim, of West Cleveland, taking the appointment more for the love of being of service to the afflicted and infirm than for the incidental pecuniary returns. She is a most capable nurse, having had a practical experience of nineteen years, and her particular fitness for the position she holds was thoroughly realized by those through whom came the preferment. Her unswerving and kindly devotion to those under her care has gained her the love of all thus ministered to, while the officials of the institution may well felicitate themselves upon having secured so excellent an incumbent.

A woman of wide sympathies and true nobleness of character, Mrs. Brown stands ever ready to extend a helping hand to those in affliction, and her name will ever be held in grateful memory by many who have been the recipients of her unostentatious aid and sympathy.

FREDERICK GROBE, one of the leading market gardeners of Cuyahoga county, is a native of Germany, born in 1837. His parents, John and Mary (Smith) Grobe, were also natives of the "Fatherland," but both are now deceased. They reared a family of five children, two of whom survive—Hanna, the wife of Frank Miller, and the subject of this notice. At the age of twenty-four years Mr. Grobe was united in marriage to Miss Henrietta Hartwig, the daughter of Fred Hartwig, deceased; the mother of Mrs. Grobe lived to the advanced age of eighty years.

In the spring of 1861 Mr. Grobe emigrated to the United States, and settled in Cleveland, Ohio. The first two years he was engaged in market gardening, and the next two years he was employed in a brick-yard. By that time he had accumulated sufficient means to start an independent business, and he accordingly rented a piece of land, which he cultivated thirteen years. He then bought a tract of six acres, to which he added five acres, both places being well improved with substantial buildings; the sum of $6,000 was considered an exorbitant price for the first tract, but the results have quite justified the outlay. He makes a specialty of berry culture, producing some of the finest varieties grown in this latitude; he also raises early vegetables, which command a ready sale in Cleveland. His success in life is due solely to his own untiring efforts, his industry and strict integrity.

Mr. and Mrs. Grobe are the parents of four children: Minnie, a member of her father's household; Mary, the wife of James Battles, whose history will be found elsewhere in this

volume; Charles Christopher, who died April 21, 1889, was a most promising young man, greatly beloved and admired by a wide circle of friends: the date of his birth was February 8, 1865; Katie, born February 22, 1870, died January 8, 1878. Mr. and Mrs. Grobe are consistent and zealous members of the Lutheran Church. Although a loyal son of his adopted country, our subject takes little interest in politics, but casts his suffrage with the Republican party.

Mrs. Grobe is one of a family of seven children: John Hartwig and Hannah Stratman, the widow of William Stratman, reside in this country; Sophia, Caroline, Dorothea and Wilhelmina are all married, and have remained in their native land. The voyage of our subject and family to America was attended with many privations, and when they arrived their funds were almost exhausted. During two winters Mr. Grobe cut cord-wood at forty cents a cord, and was glad of the opportunity. His years of patient toil have been rewarded, and he is now in the possession of a competence for his declining years.

Christopher Grobe, brother of Frederick Grobe, was a soldier in the late civil war, a member of the Twenty-fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry; he served until his death, which occurred at Chattanooga, at the age of eighteen years.

F. B. McCONNER, one of the most worthy citizens of Bedford township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Goshen, Columbiana county, this State, April 10, 1836, son of Samuel and Clarissa (Wright) McConner, natives of New Jersey and Pennsylvania respectively. The father emigrated to Ohio in 1806 and settled in Salem, Columbiana county, and was one of the sturdy pioneers who paved the way for the onward march of civilization. The paternal grandfather of our subject was John McConner, also a native of New Jersey. It was in 1840 that the family moved to Bedford and settled on a farm, where the father and mother passed the rest of their days. The former survived to the age of eighty-four years, and the latter to the age of seventy-six. There were eleven children in the family, namely: Mareba, Esther, Hannah, Susan, William, Mary, Tamson, Matilda, Eliza, John and F. B. Mr. McConner affiliated with the Democratic party in his younger days, but during the last twelve years was independent in politics. His religious convictions were those of the Agnostic, and at the same time he was liberal and tolerant toward all whose views differed from his.

F. B. McConner was reared to the life of a farmer and attended the common schools of the neighborhood. Arriving at years of maturity, he continued the occupation to which he was inclined in his youth. He owns an excellent tract of land, three miles from the village of Bedford, where he settled with his parents in 1840, which land is well improved with substantial buildings and all the necessary machinery for carrying on agriculture by the most approved methods. For seven years Mr. McConner was traveling salesman for an agricultural implement firm, his familiarity with the demands of the trade assuring his success. He is a member of the Farmers' Club and was an active worker in the Grange for ten years. He was Master of the subordinate grange to which he belonged, and also Deputy State Master for Cuyahoga county. He has always been interested in the education of the young: served the greater part of his life as member of the Board of Education, and was several times elected Township Assessor.

At the age of twenty-six years our subject married Mary E. Trowbridge, who was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, daughter of S. D. and Mehitable (Garfield) Trowbridge. Mrs. Trowbridge is a sister of the lamented James A. Garfield. Mr. and Mrs. McConner have had a family of five children, viz.: Maude, who died at the age of two years; M. G., who died at the age of twenty-two years; Mary Mehitable;

Clarissa, who died at the age of eight years; and Harriet Estelle. M. G. was a popular teacher, following that occupation during the winter and in the summer being employed as ticket agent for the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company. Capable and honest, and always rendering satisfaction to his employers, he gave promise of much more than an ordinary future.

JOSEPH A. DAY, an honored resident of Euclid township, was born April 11, 1843, in Collinwood, on the place he now occupies. His grandfather, Benjamin Day, was born in New Jersey, and moved to Van Buren, Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he followed agricultural pursuits and in connection ran a small distillery. In June, 1811, he came to Cuyahoga county, in advance of his family, and took 300 acres of land from the Connecticut Land Company. He also took a lot at the corner of Seneca and Superior streets, in Cleveland, when there were only three houses in the place. The latter he sold, to aid in payment for the 300-acre purchase. He then had no thought of the great future of Cleveland, as the lake usually kept the sand drifted into the mouth of the river to so great an extent that no harbor facilities could reasonably be hoped for. It is related that he, in company with William Hale and Thomas D. Crosley, hearing on September 10, 1813, a noise as of the firing of heavy guns, went to the lake and heard the roar of the famous battle of Lake Erie, where Perry, with an almost insignificant force, drove the enemy, formidable in numbers and equipment, from the field. Considering the forces brought into action, it seemed beforehand to be a certainty that the British would be victorious, in which case the settlers in Cuyahoga county would leave their new homes.

A year later Mr. Benjamin Day brought his family from Pennsylvania. The first year his tax on the 300 acres was $1.20, and he often remarked in later years that it cost him a greater effort to raise that amount than any tax he ever paid. This he raised by reducing the forest to black salts, this being the only product that would command cash, and he had to market it at Buffalo. At an early day he built a small sawmill on his place, the iron for which he hauled with an ox team from Pittsburg. He walked all the way from Pennsylvania, carrying upon his back the grafts for the first orchard planted in this section. One variety is now known as the "Day Harvest." The fruit from this orchard he used to sell at Cleveland, by the dozen.

He married Nancy Andrews, a native of Washington county, Pennsylvania, and they had three sons and four daughters, namely: Robert, Hiram, Floris, Phoebe, Catherine, Margaret and Delilah. Phoebe married first a Mr. Hanna and secondly a man named Wier; Margaret died when a young woman; Delilah married first Samuel Cunningham, of Wayne county, and secondly D. C. McFarland, of the same county, and is now a widow living in Cleveland; Catherine married Hiram Mellrath; Hiram, the father of our subject and the only son of Benjamin Day now living, is now residing on the old homestead.

September 5, 1861, Mr. Joseph A. Day, whose name heads this sketch, enlisted in Battery B, First Ohio Artillery, and served until November 14, 1864. This battery fired the first Union gun in Kentucky, at Wildcat mountain, and then at Mill Springs, where Zollicoffer was killed. It was afterward taken on to Nashville, Stone river, and Cripple creek, where Mr. Day was taken sick, and he returned to Nashville. Subsequently he rejoined his battery at Louisville, and, going out against Bragg, engaged in the battle of Perryville, Kentucky, Bridgeport, Alabama, etc. Returning to Nashville he was mustered out of service, after having been three years and two months in the war. He was never wounded. He was discharged November 14, 1864, as above stated, at Nashville, and returned home.

He was married in December, 1866, to Elizabeth Watterman, at Napoleon, Jackson county, Michigan. Their children are Ida, Catherine, Nellie, Hiram, Lizzie and Ethel.

Mr. Day was a farmer until about twelve years ago, since which time he has been a postal clerk. He is a Republican, and, with his wife and three eldest daughters, is a member of the Presbyterian Church. He owns thirty-three and one-half acres of the old homestead, good farm land, besides eight and one-half acres which he has to show for his war record, as he saved his earnings instead of spending them foolishly.

GEORGE WESTON, one of the well-known citizens of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a man whose honorable and upright life entitles him to biographical mention among the representative men of his community.

Mr. Weston's father, Asa Weston, was born in Pittsfield, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, July 27, 1793, and his mother, *nee* Thankful Robbins, also a native of that county, was born October 15, 1797; they were married in Massachusetts, January 7, 1817. In February of the same year of their marriage, Asa Weston and his wife started for Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where they landed after twenty days of travel over bad roads and with horse teams. He purchased a tract of land in Euclid township, upon which he settled and where he resided for a number of years. There his wife died October 21, 1852. In 1855 he removed to Dover township, where he remained for several years. The last year of his life was spent with his daughter in Sheffield, Lorain county, Ohio, where he died in 1878, after he had passed his eighty-fifth milestone. He and his good wife were the parents of seven children, namely: Elvira, George, Mary Ann, Harriet, Celia, Thomas G. and Asa M.

George Weston, the oldest son in the above named family, was born in Euclid township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, October 8, 1819, and there he was reared to manhood. He lived on the farm with his father until he reached his twenty-fourth year. Then he went to Medina county, Ohio, and rented a farm, which he operated for seven years. In the meantime he purchased a tract of wild land in that county, which he subsequently developed into a fine farm. He resided in Medina county until 1855, when he removed to Dover township, Cuyahoga county, and here he has since made his home, he being the owner of a hundred acres of well improved land in this township, on which his three sons are settled, prospering in the culture of small fruit.

While living in Medina county, Mr. Weston was married, January 1, 1846, to Miss Rhoda Allis, of Chatham, that county, who was born in Plainfield, Hampshire county, Massachusetts, September 28, 1822. Her father, Lemuel Allis, was born in Massachusetts, July 9, 1784; and her mother, *nee* Rhoda Burroughs, in the same State, November 6, 1783. The latter died in Plainfield, Massachusetts. Her father came to Ohio and settled in Chatham, Medina county, about 1832, where he died October 20, 1855. Mrs. Weston was the third of their four children. Mr. and Mrs. Weston have had five children, viz.: Asa L., who married Almira Need, of Medina county, for his first wife, and after her death wedded Ida Fields; Inizetta, who died at the age of two years; Arthur E., who married Clara Brown; George, who died in infancy; and Frank A., who married Ina Allis.

Mr. and Mrs. Weston and family are members of the Congregational Church, and zealous for temperance.

HENRY S. FULLER, of Middleburg township, was born in Strongsville, this county, August 28, 1832. His father was the late Samuel Fuller, who came from Vermont in an early day, about 1829. His mother was Lorinda Doty, also of the Green Mountain State. They settled in Strongsville

township, but afterward removed to Middleburg township, where they died, he in 1834 and she at the age of fifty-eight years. They had two children, George D. and Henry S. George D. removed to Huron county, Ohio, and engaged in farming, and died there in April, 1893, at the age of sixty-two years, a much respected and prosperous farmer.

Henry S. Fuller was reared in Middleburg township, where he has always resided. He was married in Titusville, Pennsylvania, in 1859, to Electa D. Fairbanks, a native of Chautauqua county, New York, who died in Middleburg, April 3, 1881. They had three children: Charlie, who died in April, 1881, when twenty-one years old; Rinda, wife of F. M. Hauserman; and Henry L., who married Gertie Scrivens, daughter of Edwin Scrivens, of Middleburg township.

The respect and confidence which Mr. Fuller commands in his community is evinced by his election to the office, which he now holds, of Trustee of the township. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, in which he serves as an Elder. He has always been engaged in farming, thus belonging to a class which in our country is highly honored, and is constantly sending forth throughout the land strong and noble sons to be its preachers, statesmen and leaders in commerce.

ALBERT E. AKINS was born in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, March 1, 1847, one of a family of nine children, seven of whom are living. His parents, Henry and Mercy M. (Wilkinson) Akins, were among the pioneers of Cuyahoga county, and are worthy a place in history as such. Henry Akins was born in Connecticut in 1814, a son of John Akins. When he was a child of six years his father emigrated to the West and settled in Euclid township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio; here he grew to manhood and in his youth learned the trade of a ship-carpenter, which occupation he followed for a number of years. In later life he turned his attention to agricultural pursuits in Royalton township, and became a very successful farmer. He was a man of broad, progressive spirit, and took a deep interest in local politics and all measures pertaining to the public welfare. He was a zealous supporter of the issues of the Abolition party, and when the Republican party was organized gave it his allegiance. He would gladly have gone to the front in battle when the great Civil war broke out, but advancing years forbade. His two older sons were fired with the same patriotism that moulded the sentiments of the father, and enlisted in defence of the Union. Mr. Akins lived to the age of sixty-three years, his death occurring in 1877. His wife survives him, one of the oldest inhabitants of the county. She was born in the State of New York in 1818, and was brought in her childhood to Ohio, her parents settling in Huron, Erie county. Mr. and Mrs. Akins united in early life with the Methodist Episcopal Church, and consistently ordered their ways according to the precepts of that church. Albert E. Akins was reared to the occupation of a farmer. He was a youth of fifteen when his two older brothers forsook husbandry for the battle-field, adding to the responsibilities which he had already assumed in the management of the farm. These were trying years when warfare absorbed every thought of men, and education became of secondary importance. During this period young Akins had few opportunities of fitting himself for that individual battle which every man must fight with his own weapons, but after peace had been declared he entered Baldwin University at Berea, where he pursued a course that enabled him to engage in teaching. For eighteen years he held a leading place among the successful educators of his county, withdrawing from the profession in the fall of 1880.

It was at this time that he accepted a position in the County Treasurer's office as deputy, a position he filled nine years. At the end of this period the Republican party nominated

him for County Auditor, and September, 1890, saw him in charge of this office. He discharged his duties with marked ability and strict fidelity, assuring his unanimous second nomination; this was a year of defeat to the Republican party, and Mr. Akins was one of the victims, although he ran ahead of his party 1,000 votes. He is an active Republican and believes that it is the duty of every citizen to take part in political affairs, being the present president of the Tippecanoe Club, one of the most active political organizations in the State. He is a member of the Masonic order and the Knights of Pythias.

In 1871 he was united in marriage to Miss Linnie D. Meacham, of Strongsville, Ohio. There have been born to them two children, both of whom are deceased.

ORLIN T. BATTLES, a prominent farmer and fruit-grower of Euclid township, was born in Mayfield township, this county, February 1, 1848, the eldest child of E. D. and Harriet (Brainerd) Battles. He was brought up in his native township, attended Oberlin College and obtained a good business education. He was first married in East Cleveland township, to Fernandes Stone, a native of this county, who died October 17, 1872. For his second wife Mr. Battles married Sabra Covert, in 1875, in Mayfield township. She is a daughter of George and Margaret (McDowell) Covert, her father a native of the same township, to which place his father had come as early as 1806. Mrs. Battles was born in this township, June 17, 1853.

The year 1877 Mr. Battles was engaged in the milk business in Cleveland, and the next year located upon the farm where he now resides, comprising 100 acres with good improvements. The present buildings were all erected by him, and here he conducts a good farm with system and industry, and is accordingly prospering.

He has six children, viz.: Charles E., who is now preparing for college; Melvin L., also attending school; Luella M., Orlin T., Lottie W. and Francis M.

Mr. Battles, a strong Republican, has held several township offices; was president of the School Board in 1888-'89. He is a member of Erie Lodge, No. 121, K. of P., and of the Methodist Episcopal Church. All the foregoing facts, taken together, indicate that Mr. Battles is a prosperous farmer and a good citizen.

ERNST J. SILLER, one of the well-known and representative citizens of Cleveland, Ohio, is the treasurer of the Weideman Company, one of the leading wholesale grocery and liquor houses in the State of Ohio. He is a native of Wurtemberg, Germany, born in 1847, and was educated in the Fatherland, attending school until he was fourteen years of age. He then entered a mercantile establishment as clerk, where he remained until 1866, when he emigrated to the United States. Landing in New York city in July, he continued his journey to Tuscarawas county, Ohio, where he had relatives. Here he secured a position as clerk in a grocery store in New Philadelphia, where he remained eighteen months. On the first day of the year 1868 he came to Cleveland and took the position of porter with the Weideman Company, which was then known by the firm name of Weideman, Teidman & Kent; within six months' time he had advanced to an office position, and after a few months his ability was acknowledged and his industry rewarded by promotion to the place of bookkeeper and cashier to the firm. He continued with the house under its various names and different managements until January 1, 1874, when he was admitted a member of the firm then known as Weideman, Kent & Company. As the copartnerships were renewed from time to time he increased his interest in the business, and in

1886, when Messrs. Kent and Hasbrook withdrew, Mr. Weideman, Jr., J. C. Weideman, Christian Narten and Mr. Siller became the sole owners. In 1889 the firm was incorporated as The Weideman Company.

In reviewing the life of this adopted son of our Nation, one cannot fail to be impressed with the fact that industry, energy and perseverance claim their reward. Coming to this country without means or friends, he grappled manfully with the obstacles that presented themselves to him, and raised himself to his present enviable position unaided, owing no fealty to any man, a debtor only to his own unflinching courage and steadfastness of purpose.

SAMUEL W. BURROWS, a hardware merchant at No. 1222 Euclid avenue, Cleveland, was born in Deposit, Delaware county, New York, in 1840. His father, Palmer L. Burrows, was born in that town in 1812, and is still engaged in farming in Delaware county. He was Captain of a militia company in New York, which was called out to quell the disturbance arising from rent collections in that State in the '30s. He was also elected Captain of the One Hundred and Forty-fourth Regiment, of New York Volunteer Infantry during the late war, but after eight months of service was injured by jumping a ditch, and was discharged. Since that time he has been engaged at his farm duties. Mr. Burrows' father, Peris Burrows, was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, as was also his grandfather. The latter was killed at the battle of Stonington, Connecticut, and his name appears on the monument at that place, which contains the names of the heroes who fell at that battle. Peris Burrows' father was a farmer of Connecticut. The mother of our subject, *nee* Sophronia Shaw, is a daughter of Ansel Shaw, a native of Bennington, Vermont. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, afterward resided at Delhi, New York, and his death occurred at the age of eighty-six years. Ansel Shaw married Lavina Phillips, a daughter of General Phillips, of Revolutionary fame. He was a descendant of Baron Steuben, after whom Steuben county, New York, is named. Palmer L. Burrows, father of our subject, was one of ten children, all of whom grew to mature years, and eight lived to raise families. Palmer L. and Sophronia Burrows had six children: Charlotte L., wife of John Sumner, of Arrat, Pennsylvania; Samuel W., our subject; Lymus P.; Oceanna A., wife of Earl Smith, of Deposit, New York; James F., a resident of Cedar Rapids, Iowa; and Orin P., of Washington. Mrs. Burrows is still living.

Samuel W., the subject of this sketch, attended the public schools of his native place, and afterward entered the Deposit Seminary. While there the Civil war burst upon the country. July 9, 1861, at Elmira, he entered the Twenty-seventh New York Volunteer Infantry, under Colonel Slocum. The regiment was immediately sent to Washington, District of Columbia, and on the 21st of the same month took part in the battle of Bull Run. Mr. Burrows' first heroic adventure in that engagement was the saving of the life of Henry O. Wheeler, a former schoolmate and friend, who enlisted at the same time as our subject. He carried the wounded man some distance, when he discovered an artillery horse tied to a rail. Placing the wounded man on the horse, they embarked for Washington, arriving at that city at seven o'clock on the following morning, and thirty years afterward they held a reunion at the old homestead at Deposit. It is needless to say that Mr. Wheeler has ever kept a warm place in his heart for the memory of his old comrade, who came to his rescue on that terrible battle-field.

The regiment returned to Washington, where they were drilled until the winter of 1862, and the army was then reorganized by General McClellan. February 22, of that year, they moved to Manassas Junction. While in McClellan's army, Mr. Burrows took part in the battles of Yorktown, Gaines' Mills, Charles City Cross

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Roads and Malvern Hill; under General Burnside, was in the battle of Fredericksburg; under General Pope, the second battle of Bull Run; again under McClellan, the battles of Compton Pass and Antietam; under General Hooker, Chancellorsville. Mr. Burrows was honorably discharged in July, 1863.

After returning home he assisted in raising a company of cavalry, afterward known as Company H, First Veteran New York Cavalry, under Colonel J. F. Taylor. They were mustered into service in September, 1863, and were stationed in the Shenandoah valley, under Generals Sigel, Hunter and Sheridan. As a cavalryman, Mr. Burrows took part in the battles of New Market, Cedar Creek and Piedmont. He was taken prisoner at the latter place, and during his eight months of confinement was in the following prisons: Danville, Salisbury, Macon, Savannah, Charleston and Columbia. With twenty-one others he made his escape from the latter place, and in twenty-seven days covered a distance of 300 miles. They received provisions from farmers and negroes sufficient to last them over the Smoky mountains. In the attempt to get through the mountains the guide employed lost his trail on account of snow, and they wandered about for three days without provisions. When within one-half day's walk of the Federal lines they came to a pass in the mountains which was guarded by by Southern soldiers. They were easily captured, taken to Danville prison, afterward to Libby prison, and from there, on February 22, they were exchanged. Mr. Burrows returned home on a leave of absence of one month, and in April, 1865, joined his regiment in West Virginia. He was mustered out of service in June, of the same year.

After returning home our subject was engaged in different capacities with the Wheeler-Dusenbury Lumber Company, of Pennsylvania, for nine years. In 1874 he came to Cleveland and entered the employ of A. Teachant & Company, for one year; for the following seven years was a member of the hardware firm of Burrows & Moore, after which Mr. Moore sold his interest to Mr. N. C. Bosworth. The company's name then was Burrows & Bosworth. In March, 1889, it was incorporated under the firm name of the Burrows-Bosworth Hardware Company, with our subject as president. The business was first carried on in a small frame building, and they now occupy two floors in a beautiful and commodious block. They carry a general line of hardware, stoves, ranges and furnaces.

In May, 1870, Mr. Burrows was united in marriage with Miss Jennie M. Rhodes, a native of Akron, Ohio. She is a daughter of Jacob Rhodes, and a sister of J. H. Rhodes, now deceased, at one time President of Hiram College. Our subject and wife have had five children: Fred R., Louie W., Mary S., Harry G. (deceased), and Carl P. Mr. and Mrs. Burrows are members of the First Baptist Church of Cleveland, in which the former holds the office of Deacon. Socially, he is a member of the G. A. R., and the Loyal Legion, and politically, is a stanch Republican.

NEWTON WILLIAM TAYLOR, a native of Madison county, New York, was born July 12, 1823, the son of George T. and Mary (Hubbard) Taylor, and was the eldest of a family of four children. Of English descent, he traces his paternal ancestry back through many generations of sturdy English yeomanry. For more than 300 years successively some of his ancestors have occupied "Little Baddow Hall" in Essex county, England. His paternal grandmother was a direct descendant of the Earl of Mar, a Scotch nobleman. His grandfather, Thomas Taylor, emigrated from England in 1795, landing on the 6th of July at Marblehead, Massachusetts, whence he soon afterward went to Windsor, Connecticut, and in 1812 settled at Madison, New York.

Our subject's father, George T. Taylor, was born at Windsor, Connecticut. He was a farmer

in early life, but in after years became a prosperous wool merchant. He was a man of considerable local prominence in his community, and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was for several terms a member of the New York General Assembly, and also held the office of Town Supervisor. He was a Presbyterian in his religious faith, and was prominent in religious and benevolent work, and was widely and familiarly known as "Deacon Taylor." He became a resident of Cleveland in 1855, and died there in 1870, at the age of seventy-two years. Our subject's mother was a native of Massachusetts, and died about 1828. Of his brothers, Albert H. Taylor, who went to California during the "gold fever" of 1849, died there, at the age of twenty-seven: Horace Taylor died at Cleveland, aged about thirty years. His only sister is Mrs. Henry W. Whittlesey, of Cleveland.

Newton passed his boyhood on the old homestead in Madison county, attending the district school and assisting in the farm work. At the age of fourteen he became a clerk in the village store, and after five years of service in that capacity he was made a partner in the business. He was a young man of clear foresight in business affairs, of sound judgment and trustworthy, and when but eighteen years old was sent to New York city to purchase goods for the firm. That copartnership continued some three years, and then young Taylor removed to Buffalo and for a short time engaged in the produce business on his own account, after which he was associated with his father a few months in Ohio, in the purchase of wool for eastern manufacturers.

During this last employment his business called him to Cleveland. The favorable business outlook there so impressed him that he at once resolved to make it his future home. That was in 1849. He first engaged as a dry-goods clerk for A. D. Cutter, and at the expiration of six months became a partner in the business, a relation which he sustained until the decease of Mr. Cutter, in 1851. The business was afterward continued under the name of Taylor, Griswold & Company till 1855, when Mr. Taylor withdrew from the firm as an active partner, though still retaining an interest in its affairs. His careful management had enabled him to amass capital sufficient for larger enterprises, and, in connection with other Eastern capitalists, he purchased a large tract of timber land in Ionia county, Michigan, and there erected sawmills, flouring-mills and other buildings necessary for the conduct of the lumber trade. That was the beginning of the now prosperous town of Hubbardston. With a view to furnishing a market place for the products of these mills, Mr. Taylor, during the same year, opened a lumber yard at Chicago, and remained there in charge of it for one year, until the enterprise was firmly established, and then, retaining his interest in the business, relinquished its active management to his partners.

Returning to Cleveland in the fall of 1856, he organized The Lake Erie Paper Company, which built and equipped a large plant at Chagrin Falls, that was successfully operated until it was burned in 1857. The company then transferred its operations to Cleveland, erecting the paper-mill on Forest street, and conducted it until in 1859, when the business of Messrs. Younglove & Hoyt was purchased, and the company reorganized under the name of The Cleveland Paper Company. Four years later, in 1863, the company bought the Monroe Falls Paper-Mill, in Summit county. In all these vast enterprises Mr. Taylor was the guiding spirit, and he at the same time was a stockholder in and president of the Massillon Paper Company, and owned a large interest in the paper-mill at Canton; also, he was the principal stockholder in the New Philadelphia (Ohio) Paper Company. The Cleveland Paper Company have had extensive warehouses in both Cleveland and Chicago since 1866. He was also president of the Forest City Insurance Company from its organization, for fifteen years, when its business was transferred to the

Factory Mutual of New England. In 1880 Mr. Taylor built the only wood-pulp mill in Ohio, and also erected a third mill for the manufacture of paper. At the present time (1894) he is the principal stockholder in the Eastern Paper-Bag Manufacturing Company of Boston, controlling numerous and valuable patents for making paper bags and flour sacks, and also owns large interests in the Indiana Paper Company of Indianapolis, with mills at South Bend and Mishawaka. He was also a director of the paper mills at New Castle, Pennsylvania, and president of the Cleveland Window-Shade Company.

As a business man Mr. Taylor is prompt, far-sighted, energetic and reliable. Comprehensive in his plans, he has executive and financial ability of a high order, and seldom, if ever, fails in the realization of the highest and best results. He is public-spirited, decidedly a man of affairs, and from his abundant means liberally supports all worthy enterprises. He has traveled extensively, visiting the principal places of interest in foreign lands, and from his constant reading and study of men and affairs keeps himself in touch with current events. He is a Republican in political sentiment, and during the Civil war made large donations to the support of the Union cause. Though often solicited to accept public office, he has uniformly declined, owing to the demands of his extensive business affairs. His broad sympathies prompt him to many benefactions and bring him into the most friendly relations with all who come in range of his influence. This is especially true of his numerous employes, for whom he has a deep solicitude and almost paternal care.

In December, 1849, Mr. Taylor married Miss Mary Thompson, of New York city, and by her has one son and one daughter. With his family he attends the services of the Episcopal Church. Mrs. Taylor's grandfather, Nehemiah Thompson, was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, and had six sons and three daughters. He was one of the first settlers of Madison county, New York, was a pious man and one of the founders of the Congregational Church in Madison. His second son, Charles, was a soldier in the war of 1812, and was the father of Mrs. Taylor. He was born in Stratford, Connecticut, emigrated to New York when twenty-one years of age, and died there in 1842.

F. J. BARTLETT, proprietor of the Cedar Mills at Cedar Point, North Olmsted, has been engaged in the milling business since 1887. He was an infant when he was brought to Cleveland by his parents in 1836, from New York city, where he had been born in 1832. His father, F. R. Bartlett, was a native of Devonshire, England, and his mother, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Brown, was a native of London, same country. They were married in 1831, and came direct to New York city, in 1836 to Cleveland, and in 1840 to Liverpool, Medina county, this State, settling upon a farm. In 1846 they removed to a farm near Strongsville, where Mr. Bartlett died in 1862, and Mrs. Bartlett in 1882. Of their six children four are yet living, namely: F. J., the subject of this sketch; William, married and residing in Strongsville; Edward, who enlisted in 1862, in Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, for three years, and died at Nashville, Tennessee, of wounds he had received at Chattanooga, in 1864; John enlisted in the same regiment, and died at Franklin, Tennessee, in 1863; Elizabeth, who is the widow of Simeon Kenniff, and is Postmistress at Strongsville; James, Jr., is married and lives at Strongsville.

Mr. Bartlett, whose name introduces this sketch, resided in Liverpool six years, and six years also in Brunswick, Medina county, this State. He completed his school life at Berea College, attending there three terms, next followed teaching for several years, and then enlisted in the army for the Union, in Company A, One Hundred and Twenty fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, at Strongsville, and was

assigned to the Army of the Cumberland. At first his company was stationed near Franklin, Tennessee. In 1861 he was promoted to the position of First Lieutenant, then to that of Captain of Company D, Twenty-seventh Regiment of United States Colored Troops, and served to the end of the war; was in General Grant's command from Washington to Richmond, and was mustered out of service at Wilmington, North Carolina, and honorably discharged in October, 1865, at Columbus, Ohio.

Returning to Strongsville, he engaged in farming and shoemaking. He now owns the old homestead of fifty-four acres at Strongsville. In politics he is a Republican and takes an active interest in national questions. For twelve years he was Justice of the Peace in Strongsville, and he has now been Justice in Olmsted township two years. He is a member of Olmsted Falls Post, No. 634, G. A. R., and has been Commander of the post; is also a member of Rocky River Lodge, I. O. O. F. Both himself and wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Olmsted Falls, and he is one of the Stewards of the society there.

He was married in 1854, at Berea, to Miss Jane T. Foster, a daughter of Nathan and Betsy (Hulet) Foster, now residents of Berea. Her father was a native of Connecticut. Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett have three children, as follows: Myrten M., wife of Stonesbury McKee, and residing in Olmsted township; Mina A., now Mrs. Charles Ashlin, of Brooklyn, who is an official of the Treasury Department; and Hallie, at home.

SHERLOCK S. GREGORY, one of the pioneers of Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was the son of Uriah and Lucretia (Ely) Gregory, of Sandlake, Rensselaer county, New York. He was born in Albany, January 19, 1802, and spent his early life at home with six brothers and three sisters. His parents were of English Puritan ancestry, his mother a daughter of Colonel John Ely, an officer in the Revolution. The mother of S. G. Goodrich (Peter Parley) was another daughter, and Mr. Goodrich in his "Recollections of a Life Time," mentions the Gregory family.

Mr. Gregory's father was a physician in extensive practice; he had also a farm, a store, the post office and a trading sloop on the Hudson. Thus, without having inherited wealth, he was able to bring up his numerous family in comfort and refinement, and give all his children a good education, and several of his sons a college education. He was a man of stanch integrity and uprightness.

Sherlock S., who was the fifth in the family, assisted his father in the store and on the farm; emigrated to Ohio about 1845, and purchased a small farm in Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. He took much interest and pleasure in raising choice fruit and vegetables. He remained on this little farm until his death, September 25, 1885. He lived to see many changes around him. The beautifully cultivated farm of 300 acres of J. B. Perkins, adjoining his was, when he first came, mostly woodland, with clearings here and there occupied by eight or ten families of poor people, many of them negroes.

S. S. Gregory was a very conscientious man. He "set the Lord always before him" in all he did. His daily work was done unto the Lord, and he considered it his duty to work some and rest some every day of the week, endeavoring to live to the Savior, and look upon Him as the rest—the true Sabbath of the Christian. He never sought wealth, but was careful to provide so as to be independent, and was scrupulously careful never to remain in debt a day. His disposition was retiring, and he was very careful in conversation, and avoided saying anything about a person in his absence that he would not say if he were present. He never voted, believing a Christian could not take part in a government that depended on the support of war. He took much interest in the aborigines of this country, and found much to convince

him that they were the descendants of the "Ten Tribes of Israel." He spent many years in collecting hundreds of proofs in support of this theory, and left a work of valuable compilations on this subject, but did not get it published.

In his youth, he visited Europe, and was in England and Portugal, in California about 1851, but, finding his health fail there, he only remained a short time, and went thence to the Sandwich islands. He spent some time there, and enjoyed his visit there very much, so that in after years he often spoke of wishing to go there to live. He made the trip to California and back in sailing vessels, around Cape Horn.

He had suffered much from ill health in his youth, but a temperate and self-denying life enabled him to reach old age in comparative comfort.

He was married to Hannah Yarnal Meredith, of Bucks county, Pennsylvania, whose ancestors were mostly English Friends, among the first settlers of Pennsylvania. He leaves one son, Dr. William Meredith Gregory, of Berea, Ohio.

J. F. HARPER, treasurer of the Chagrin Falls Banking Company, is one of the well known men of Chagrin Falls and has been connected with the bank for several years, first being a member of the banking firm of Rodgers & Harper, which was organized in 1885, and did a good business. Its stock was sold to the Chagrin Falls Banking Company in 1893. Mr. Harper's experience and ability and extensive acquaintance makes his conection with the bank of great value and importance.

The subject of this sketch was born in Orange township, October 10, 1858, as a son of Hector and Margaret Harper. The father was a well known and respected citizen of Orange township, where he lived many years. He died November 30, 1881.

The youth of J. F. Harper was spent on his father's farm and he received his education at Baldwin University, Berea, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. He was married at the age of thirty, in Bainbridge township, Ohio, to Miss Jessie B. Kent, a daughter of G. H. Kent, of Bainbridge, a respected citizen of that place. Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Harper,—Winifred and Lawrence.

In politics Mr. Harper is a Democrat. He is a member of the town Council and has been Treasurer of the town. Fraternally Mr. Harper is a member of the Golden Gate Lodge, No. 245, Chagrin Falls Chapter, and Oriental Commandry of Cleveland, No. 12, F. & A. M. Though but a young man Mr. Harper has gained an enviable position in the town, both socially and financially.

LUTHER BRAINERD, a well-known farmer and highly respected citizen of Brooklyn township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in this township, February 6, 1820. His father, Demas Brainerd, a native of Connecticut, came out West to Ohio in 1815, coming with his father, Amos Brainerd, also a native of Connecticut, and settling in Cuyahoga county. A few years after his arrival here, Demas Brainerd was married to Nancy Brainard, their marriage occurring in Newburg township, this county. Mrs. Brainerd, too, was a native of Connecticut, and had come out here with her parents not long after the other family of Brainerds had located in this county. After their marriage they settled on a farm in Brooklyn township, which they cleared up and improved, and on which they spent the rest of their lives. She died at the age of sixty-six and he died in his ninety-first year. They were the parents of four children, three daughters and one son, the subject of our sketch being the oldest.

Luther Brainerd grew up on his father's farm, attended school in the log schoolhouse near his home and also took a course in the academy at Brooklyn village. He has been en-

gaged in general farming all his life. He owns fifty acres of good land and is comfortably situated.

Mr. Brainerd was first married in 1841 to Marcia Spragne, a native of New Hampshire, who died some years later, leaving him with a family of three children, Nancy A., Lewis A. and Frank L., all of Brooklyn township. He was married in 1881 to Ann J. Sprague, a native of Ohio, and a sister of his first wife.

Mr. Brainerd takes a commendable interest in the local affairs, and has held several of the school offices. Formerly he affiliated with the Republican party, but of recent years he has been a Prohibitionist. For many years a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, he has served in it as a Trustee, Steward and Treasurer.

M W. CARLISLE, merchandise broker and manufacturing agent, residing at 1289 Cedar avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Chillicothe, Ohio, October 26, 1828. His parents were John, Sr., and Elizabeth Carlisle, of whom see elsewhere in this volume. He was educated in the common schools of Chillicothe, and in the Chillicothe Academy. In the latter, for many years, his instructor was William D. Wesson, one of the noted and highly accomplished educators of that part of Ohio.

After school days he engaged in the lumber business, owning a sawmill at the mouth of Sunfish creek in Pike county, Ohio, on the Ohio canal. He owned then about 5,000 acres of well timbered land. He turned the timber into lumber, and after the great fire in Chillicothe of 1852 he sold a large amount of lumber for rebuilding the houses of the city. It was a splendid business at that time. He sold the sawmill in 1855, and then went West to Illinois and traveled several years prospecting. He was appointed during the late war by Governor Dennison as sutler for the Thirty-first Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and continued as sutler for that regiment until the war closed in 1865. After the war he engaged in the wholesale grocery business in Chillicothe, Ohio, under the firm name of Allston & Carlisle. In this he continued for two years, then sold out and went to Cincinnati, Ohio. He also engaged in the same business there, and had a branch house in Memphis, Tennessee, where they supplied the five government hospitals with all kinds of food. In this they were prospered. He closed that business out in the fall of 1865, then managed the Cincinnati (Ohio) house until 1866, when he sold that out too, and returned to Chillicothe, where he remained some time. In 1876 he engaged in the flouring business in the town of Worthington, Nobles county, Minnesota, which he conducted for two years, afterward selling out and returning with his family to Chillicothe, where he remained until he came to Cleveland, Ohio, in 1883. He has been engaged in his present business ever since.

He was married to Miss Emma V. Barr, September 1, 1859, in Chillicothe, Ohio, daughter of John H. Barr, an editor at Wilmington, Delaware. Following were Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle's children: Henry Nelson, Jr., who died at six years of age; William Woodson, manufacturer of varnishes and chemicals in Chicago, Illinois; Charles Arthur, residing at South Bend, Indiana, and is a member of the celebrated and world renowned Studebaker Brothers Manufacturing Company, the largest and wealthiest concern of its kind in the world: September 17, 1891, he married Anne, only daughter of Hon. Clem Studebaker, the president and founder of the Studebaker Company; Isabella Barr, only daughter, resides with her parents; John Andrew, Harvard student; Addison Alexander, electrical engineer, who was in charge of an extensive and important division of the electrical lighting of the World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, Illinois, in 1893, including the famous Peristyle, Casino, Music Hall and the Grand Basin; Meade R. and McLain D. (twins), who both died in infancy; Robert S., a student in the public schools of Cleveland.

Both our subject and wife are members of the Presbyterian Church. In the communion of this church they have been faithful and devoted for many years. Upright and honorable in all his dealings, Mr. Carlisle conducts his business by methods which commend him to the favor and confidence of the trade, and he is justly regarded as one of Cleveland's most worthy and influential citizens.

John Carlisle, Sr., was a native of Ireland, who came to America in the latter part of the eighteenth century, and it is presumed settled in Pennsylvania. He came to Chillicothe in 1798, while this State was yet one of the Territories, and settled there. He was a pioneer merchant, having a main store in Chillicothe, and branch stores in surrounding towns. He obtained all his goods from Philadelphia over the mountains, and in his trips back and forth he traveled on horseback. He did an extensive business for that day, and toward the close of life for a number of years was elected and re-elected to the important office of Commissioner of Ross county, Ohio. His re-election for several terms speaks in unmistakable terms of the high esteem in which he was held for his official services well rendered in a place of public trust. He was well and favorably known for many years over the southern portion of Ohio. In the matter of dress, he loved the fashions of other days, etc., wore knee buckles of pure silver, as were worn in Colonial times. These knee buckles are still in possession of the family. The First Presbyterian Church of Chillicothe, Ohio, had a debt hanging over it for many years which the society could not liquidate. Mr. Carlisle paid the debt from his own purse, and presented the same free of debt to the Presbyterian Church members of Chillicothe. He was for many years a member of the Presbyterian Church. His wife, too, was one of the pillars of the same church. She was a generous, kind-hearted, charitable Christian woman, fully living up to the precepts of the gospel and possessing all the qualities of noblest womanhood. She was highly esteemed and loved by a large circle of acquaintances. The John Carlisle pew in that church was reserved for them for many years in token of his many kind and courteous services rendered.

The nine children born to John Carlisle, Sr., and wife are as follows: Andrew, deceased; William, deceased; John, deceased; Eleanor Ann, deceased; Henry Nelson, deceased; Elizabeth, widow of the late Rev. Irwin Carson, for many years pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Chillicothe, Ohio; Lucy, an invalid for many years; Julia, deceased, who was the wife of Samuel P. Officer: she died in the twenty-third year of her age; Meade Woodson, the youngest.

M. W. Carlisle's father was an ardent politician and a great admirer of Henry Clay, with whom he was intimately acquainted, and our subject has in his possession, signed by Henry Clay, Secretary of State, a passport dated January 25, 1827, also a letter to an influential friend, highly commending him as a friend and an acquaintance of many years' standing, when Mr. Carlisle visited Mexico. On April 4, 1807, the fifth year of the independence of Ohio, he received a commission as Captain of Ohio militia. Said document is yet well preserved and in the possession of our subject. John Carlisle, Sr., died in Chillicothe, Ohio, July 19, 1847, at the ripe old age of seventy-six years. His wife died January 28, 1849, aged sixty-two years. The lives, influence and example of this aged couple are an endearing heritage to the family, the community in which they lived, and the church of their choice.

Charles Arthur Carlisle, assistant general manager and purchasing agent of the Chicago & South Bend Railroad, with office at South Bend, Indiana, was born May 3, 1864, at Chillicothe, Ross county, Ohio, being the son of Meade Woodson and Emma O. Carlisle; was educated by a private tutor, and entered railway service in 1883, since which time he has been employed as follows: 1883–'84, messenger for the Marietta & Cincinnati Railway, now the Cincinnati, Washington & Baltimore Railway; 1884–'85, with the Ohio State Journal at Co-

lumbus, Ohio; 1885–'86, bill and freight clerk for local freight of the Nickel Plate Railway at Cleveland, Ohio; 1886–'87, assistant chief clerk in local freight and cashier of the same road; 1887–'88, cashier of joint stations of the same road at the same place; 1888–'89, private secretary to the general manager of the Toledo & Ohio Central Railway at Toledo, Ohio; 1889–'90, private secretary and purchasing agent of that road at the same place; 1890–'91, purchasing agent of the Toledo & Ohio Central and Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati Railways, at Toledo; 1891–'92, purchasing agent of the Toledo & Ohio Central, Toledo, Columbus & Cincinnati and Kanawha & Michigan Railways, with headquarters at Toledo; and 1892 to the present, the office already mentioned; and he was chosen treasurer February 1, 1893.

W. A. SPILKER, manager of the National Furniture Company of Cleveland, was born in Cuyahoga county, December 29, 1857. His father, Henry Spilker, was born in Prussia, in 1822. He left his native land in 1848 and came to Cleveland, where he was engaged as a well-digging contractor so long as he was in active business. He married in Cleveland, Annie Schriber, a lady of Swiss birth. Of this union eight children were born, six of whom are now living. W. A. is the eldest and he received his education from the city schools. In 1870 he left school and entered on a three-years term as an apprentice at upholstering. On the completion of his apprenticeship he was engaged by James Moriarity, a well known dealer, now on Euclid avenue, with whom he remained eight years. He then took the management of Herman Junge's furniture establishment and conducted it successfully ten years; and in January, 1889, Mr. Spilker was a prime mover in the organization of the National Furniture Company, of which he is a stockholder, director and manager.

Mr. Spilker evinced a liking for political bouts, and demonstrating his strength as an organizer of political forces he soon became a party leader. In 1890 his party put him forward as a Republican candidate for Councilman from the Thirty-fifth ward. This ward was very strongly Democratic, but Mr. Spilker's personal popularity carried him through with a safe majority. Upon districting the city Mr. Spilker was thrown into the Ninth district, with a Democratic majority of 1,300 to face. He made the race again in 1892, and was elected in the face of these great odds, coming out of the fight with a majority of 57 votes.

On the organization of the Council Mr. Spilker was chosen its Vice President. He is chairman of the committee on Fire and a member of the committee on Police and Department Examination.

June 6, 1879, Mr. Spilker married Lottie Unkrich, of German birth, and a daughter, Elma, twelve years old, is their only child.

Mr. Spilker has been prominently connected with the bowling fraternities of Cleveland for a number of years. He was active in the organization of the old Forest City Club, and was many years its president. He is a Knight of Pythias, and was First Lieutenant of the Red Cross Division till his election to the Council.

STEPHEN R. SQUIRE, of Berea, was born in Addison, Vermont, July 18, 1814, where he spent the first sixteen years of his life. His father, Rev. Jesse Squire, a Methodist preacher, married Mary Roscoe, and in 1833 he brought his family to Ohio, settling in Elyria. He died at the residence of his daughter in Cuyahoga county, about 1854. Stephen R. came to Ohio with his father and learned the blacksmith's trade, serving an apprenticeship of five years. He followed his trade for many years in different places, and in 1848 came to Berea, where he remained till about 1887, when he moved to his farm in

the vicinity of that village. After spending three years on the farm he returned to town, where he lives a retired life.

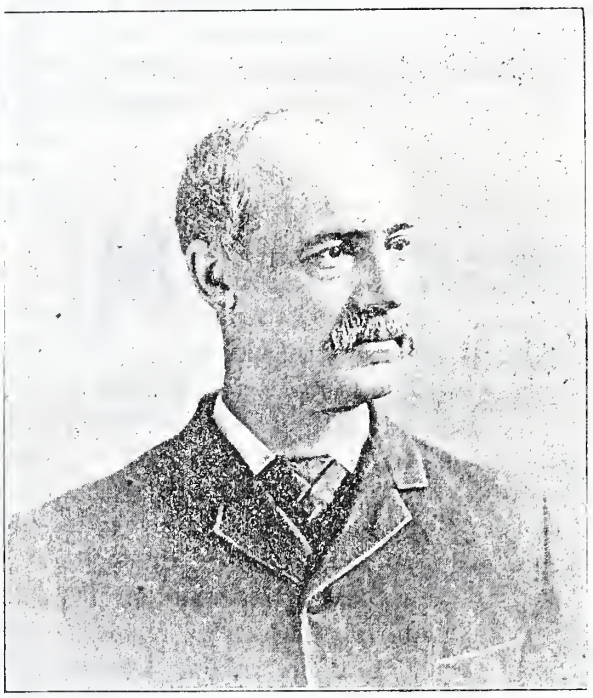
He was married in Lorain county, Ohio, April 22, 1849, to Mrs Julia Porter Hoadley, widow of James Hoadley, who died in Columbia in 1844. She had one son by this marriage, Rev. B. J. Hoadley. Mrs. Squire was born in Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, May 15, 1826, where she was reared. They have had two children: George, who died when about fourteen years old; and Frank, who married Lula Richards, and is a farmer by occupation. Mrs. Squire's father was Chipman Porter, and both her parents were natives of Massachusetts, who came to Berea in its early days and lived there until their death.

Mr. Squire was a member of the Berea School Board for a long term of years. Mr. and Mrs. Squire have been members of the Methodist Episcopal Church for many years, in which religious body he has held numerous offices.

JAMES ALBERT ANDERSON, late of Bedford, Ohio, was one of the most active business men of the place. He was born in Trumbull county, Ohio, August 24, 1834, a son of William Anderson, an early settler of the county, who had charge of the infirmary there for some time. He was a native of Ohio, and died in early life, leaving a widow and two children.

James A. was educated at Mt. Union College, Ohio. Later he went to Rockford, Illinois, where he clerked in a store for some time. Afterward he went to Charles City, Floyd county, Iowa, where he resided for some time on a farm. From thence he returned to Ohio, and started in the coal business with his stepfather, William Cranage. They carried on an extensive business in coal in Columbiana county for many years. Mr. Anderson settled in Cleveland, where he lived for over thirty years. He moved to Bedford in 1889, laid out Glendale and made the allotment to Bedford. He also put in the electric lights at Bedford and was most active in the improvement of the town.

Mr. Anderson was married June 23, 1881, to Miss Kate Kuhn, a lady of education and good



family, a successful teacher before her marriage, teaching for seven years in the grammar school at Salineville, Ohio. She was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, as a daughter of Rev. Samuel Kuhn, a prominent United Presbyterian minister.

HENRY M. MATHEWS, an auctioneer and the proprietor of a livery, feed and sale stable in South Brooklyn, Ohio, is prominently identified with the progress and development of this town.

Mr. Mathews was born in Brecksville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, September 3, 1850. He is a son of George Mathews and a grandson of Moses Mathews, the former a native of New York and the later of Vermont. Moses Mathews emigrated with his family to

Ohio at an early day and settled on a farm in Parma township, Cuyahoga county, George Mathews at that time being a mere boy. George grew up on his father's farm, and was engaged in farming for many years. He was married in Brecksville township to Clementina Righter, a native of Newburg township, this county. Her father, John Righter, was born in Pennsylvania, and was one of the first settlers of Newburg township. He served in the war of 1812. From Brecksville township George Mathews removed to Royalton township, this county, where he still lives. He and his wife had a family of three children, two sons and one daughter.

The subject of our sketch attended the district school at Wallings Corners until he was eighteen years of age. Early in life he displayed a fondness for stock, and when he was only fifteen years old commenced speculating in cattle and hogs. When he was eighteen he began business for himself, farming and buying and selling stock, and at the age of twenty he launched out as an auctioneer, responding to calls from various places throughout the county.

November, 23, 1876, he married Miss Tamer Oakes, who was born in Royalton township, this county, daughter of Henry and Hannah Oakes, early settlers of Cuyahoga county. Mr. and Mrs. Mathews have one son, Mort H., born June 21, 1879.

After his marriage Mr. Mathews removed to West Richfield, Summit county, Ohio, where he lived two years, engaged in auctioneering and stock dealing. Since 1878 he has been a resident of South Brooklyn. For four years he was landlord of the old Fuller house which stood on the present site of the Johnson house. After his hotel experience he devoted his time wholly to the buying and selling of stock and to auctioneering, and ere long gained a reputation for being the most successful auctioneer in the county. His stock business increased to such an extent that in 1890 he found it necessary to build his present stables. These stables have a capacity of forty head of horses. He annually handles no less than twenty car-loads of horses.

When the village of Brooklyn was incorporated Mr. Mathews was one of its first councilmen, and so well did he serve the people that he was elected for a second term. He is a member of Riverside Lodge, No. 346, K. of P., and of Empire Lodge, I. O. O. F., at North Royalton. A self-made man, and one of the strictest integrity whose word is as good as his bond, Mr. Mathews is deservedly popular among his fellow citizens.

MARCUS A. BROWN, deceased, was for many years a respected citizen of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and as such it is appropriate that personal mention be made of him in this work. Following is a brief sketch of his life:

Marcus A. Brown was born in Waterbury, Vermont, July 28, 1818, and in his native place his boyhood days were spent. In 1833 he left the Green Mountain State to seek a home in the West, in the fall of that year landed in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and in Parma township purchased a tract of land, which, ere long, he developed into a fine farm. This farm comprised 242 acres, its location being in the center of the township. In this county, December 28, 1843, he married Miss Artemesia Burnham, a native of DeKalb, New York, born October 19, 1823. As the years passed by sons and daughters grew up around them, and some of the little ones who came to bless their home were taken away in infancy. Of their family of twelve children we make record as follows: Francis W. is a resident of Cleveland, Ohio; Henry E. resides in Toledo, Ohio; Washington I. lives in Cleveland; Agnes L. is the wife of C. H. Stearns, Cleveland; Nora A. is the wife of A. W. Parschen, Cleveland; Albert, Alice and Emma died in infancy; George A. also makes his home in Cleveland; Edgar N. is a resident of Parma, Ohio; Marcus E. lives in Parma township, Cuyahoga county: Hattie H. is the wife L. D. Klein. The parents of this

large and highly-respected family have both passed away, the mother having died November 20, 1888, and the father October 9, 1893. The former was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and both by their many estimable traits of character won the respect and esteem of all who knew them.

Their son Marcus E. was born in Parma township April 19, 1860, and in Cuyahoga county was married May 30, 1888, to Miss Mamie A. Putnam, a native of Platteville, Wisconsin, born August 30, 1868. They have three children, Grace A., Fred I. and Ethel M.

E. N. GATES, a prosperous farmer and dairyman of Brooklyn township, and a soldier of the last war, was born on the farm where he now lives, December 14, 1841. His father, Clark S. Gates, was born in Delhi, New York, and came to this county in 1824, locating upon this place with his father Nathaniel Gates, a native of Connecticut. At that early day they came with ox teams, much of the way on unimproved roads and fording unbridged streams. Arriving here they found plenty of work to do in the way of clearing land and placing the necessary improvements upon it. Mr. Clark S. Gates did most of the work in improving the homestead. He was well and favorable known throughout the county. His father built a saw-mill, which he ran many years. Was a Republican in his political views, and Assessor of his township many years, and Trustee. He was a member of Glenn Lodge, No. 263, I. O. O. F., and of Brooklyn Post, No. 368, G. A. R., having in the last war been the Major of the First Ohio Battery of Volunteers.

For his wife he married Sarah A. Hinkley, a native of Connecticut, who was a young girl when brought by her father, Isaac Hinkley, to this county, and she died at the age of sixty-two years; and Mr. Gates, to whom she was married in this township, died in his seventy-third year, highly respected by all who knew him. His children are: George H., of Cleveland; Walter H., of Brooklyn township; Edwin N., whose name heads this sketch; Charles S., who died when young; Cynthia M., deceased; and Captain Alvin S., on the Cleveland police force.

August 3, 1862, Mr. E. N. Gates enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-four Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, as a private, under Captain William Wilson, and continued in the service of his country until the close of the war in 1865, participating in some heavy battles, as Chickamauga, September 19, 1863, where he was wounded in the hand by a minie ball. He was taken to the hospital at Nashville, Tennessee, and afterward transferred to other places. He had charge of 150 men at Tod Barracks, Columbus, Ohio, for ten months.

In 1863 he married Mary E. Styer. For his second wife he wedded, in 1872, Ellen C. Prindle, a native of Lorain county, this State, reared in Cuyahoga county. Mr. and Mrs. Gates have a daughter and a son,—Amy A. and Harry L.

For many years after the close of the war Mr. Gates was engaged in various kinds of business, in Cleveland,—the milk trade for eleven years. In 1886 he located upon the farm where he now lives and farms ninety acres of land, of good quality, and is prosecuting the dairy business. He is a member of Glenn Lodge, No. 263, I. O. O. F., of Brooklyn Lodge, No. 163, K. of P., and of Brooklyn Council. Politically he is a staunch Republican.

WILLIAM J. ROBERTSON, car accountant of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, was born September 7, 1864, at Oswego, New York, a son of Andrew and Ruth (Glassford) Robertson. Until he was fourteen years old he attended the public schools at Oswego. At that time he entered the employ of the Western Union Telegraph Company as messenger, and later was employed in the office of J. B. Donnelly, retail coal dealer. Leaving Oswego in

the summer of 1883, he located at Chicago and secured employment as clerk in the car accountant's office of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad Company, where he remained until 1886. He then went to St. Paul, Minnesota, as chief clerk, and later as acting car accountant of the Minnesota & Northwestern Railroad Company, and in 1888 came to Cleveland to accept the position of chief clerk of the department over which he now presides, having been promoted November 15, 1891.

Mr. Robertson was married July 28, 1891, in Chicago, to Josephine Augusta, daughter of Dr. Augustus Pool, of Oswego, New York.

H. R. MOORE, the general freight agent of the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railway Company, entered the railroad service in Cleveland, in 1872, in the capacity of clerk, in the local office of the Lake Shore & Michigan Railroad Company. He continued with that company in various clerical positions, sixteen years, when he was made the company's contracting freight agent, serving until January, 1890, when he was tendered and accepted the office of general freight agent of the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad Company.

Mr. Moore was born in Cleveland, February 16, 1856, and received a liberal education, graduating from the High School in 1872.

LEWIS B. HERRINGTON.—A descendant of one of the pioneer families of Cuyahoga county, and himself a native of this county, where his entire life has been passed, it is certainly most congruous that special mention of Mr. Herrington be made in this connection. He is now a prosperous farmer and well-known resident of Rockport hamlet, his birthplace having been in Middleburg township, where he was ushered into the world August 5, 1823.

The father of our subject, the late David Herrington, was a native of Otsego county, New York, whence he came to Ohio in the fall of 1820. This long and wearisome journey to the new and slightly developed section of the Union was made on foot, and in the light of the conditions prevailing in that same section to-day it is almost impossible to imagine the scene which must have presented itself to this energetic and courageous pioneer. He reached Cuyahoga county in due time and there he remained during the following winter. In the spring he returned to his home in Otsego county, but in 1822, with his wife and one child, he again set forth for the Western Reserve, this time with the intention of settling permanently and establishing a new home in Cuyahoga county. The trip on this occasion was tedious in the extreme, being made with ox teams, which transported the little family and all their worldly possessions. They were compelled to ford or swim the swollen streams along the route, and through the whole distance they found only two streams which were spanned by bridges. Arriving at their destination they settled in Middleburg township, where they remained until the early spring of 1824, when they removed to Rockport township and settled on the farm where our subject now resides. The maiden name of David Herrington's wife was Alma Card. These honored pioneers both passed their remaining days in Rockport township, where the father's death occurred September 21, 1849, and the mother's April 12, 1881. They had seven children, namely: William, Lewis B., Elijah D., Daniel, Lucy, Horatio and Martin.

When Lewis B. was about six months old his parents removed to Rockport township, and here he grew to manhood, receiving his educational training and assisting in the routine duties of the farm which has always been his home, and to whose cultivation and improvement he has devoted himself for many years. He owns ninety-three acres of land, the place being one of the most attractive and productive in the

vicinity. For about eighteen years Mr. Herrington was proprietor of the Lorain Street House in Rockport, conducting this enterprise in connection with his farming operations.

He was married, in Warrensville, Cuyahoga county, August 5, 1845, to Miss Harriet L. Thorpe, a native of that place, where she was born February 27, 1828, a daughter of Warren Thorpe, who was one of the old residents of Cleveland, where he was born April 12, 1801. Mr. and Mrs. Herrington became the parents of five children, and we introduce a brief record in regard to them: Hannah A., who married George Winter, died in Rockport October 21, 1869; Clara J. is the wife of George Hardy; Warren D. married Maria Biddolph; Elis C. married Etta Rayner; Alpheus J. married Anna Rayner. Mrs. Herrington passed to the life eternal April 15, 1891, her death being sincerely mourned by a large circle of appreciative friends, aside from the members of the afflicted family. She was a devoted member of the Baptist Church, of which her husband has ever been a liberal supporter.

In politics our subject takes no active part, though he is thoroughly enlisted with the Republican party, of which he has been a member since the time of its organization.

AMOS SPERRY, one of the respected farmers of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a son of pioneers of this place. His parents, Amos R. and Ruth (Smith) Sperry, both natives of Connecticut, were married and settled in Dover township at an early day. Here they spent the rest of their lives, and died, his death occurring September 8, 1859; hers, June 30, 1861. They had four children, namely: Abner, who died in Wisconsin, July 27, 1857; Sheldon, who died in Illinois, September 11, 1872; Rais, who is engaged in farming in Nebraska; and Amos, the subject of this sketch, and the only member of the family now in Cuyahoga county.

Amos Sperry was born in the township in which he now lives, April 16, 1830, was reared to manhood here, and here, with the exception of four years spent in Wisconsin, he has resided all his life. Reared to farm life, he has continued in this occupation, and is the owner of 181 acres of fine farming land, well improved, and under a high state of cultivation.

Mr. Sperry was married in Sandusky, Huron county, Ohio, February 23, 1859, to Miss Rachel Noble, who was born in England, May 4, 1832. Their five children are as follows: Eliza P., wife of Jabez Mitchell; Annie M., wife of Alva Tanner; Augusta, wife of Frank Laughlin; Sherman A., and Alfred.

All his life, Mr. Sperry has taken a commendable interest in public affairs. May 2, 1864, he enlisted in Company I, One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio National Guards, and served one hundred days. He is a member of Olmsted Post, No. 634, G. A. R., and of Dover Lodge, I. O. O. F.

WILLIAM BIDDULPH, Justice of the Peace for Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Brooklyn township, this county, December 24, 1848. His parents, John and Christina (Bleichert) Biddulph, were born in England and Germany, respectively, and after their marriage settled in Brooklyn township, this county. While they did not remain long in that township, they continued to reside in Cuyahoga county. She is still living here. He died in the village of Brooklyn, December 31, 1890. They had five children, of whom William is the eldest.

William Biddulph remained under the parental roof until his marriage, after which he settled in Olmsted township, Cuyahoga county, a year later removed to Brooklyn township, and after residing there a year located in Cleveland, where he spent three years engaged in teaming. Then followed three years in Brooklyn, this county, during which time he was

engaged chiefly in the same business. In the spring of 1880, he settled in Dover township, and here he has since given his attention exclusively to farming. He owns seventy-two acres of land.

Mr. Biddulph was married in Berea, Ohio, March 20, 1872, to Miss Thirza Hubbard, who was born in Olmsted township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, January 1, 1850, daughter of Mark and Maria (Minard) Hubbard, natives respectively of England and Canada. They were among the early settlers of Olmsted township, where he died December 27, 1892, and where she is still living. They had five children, Mrs. Biddulph being the fourth born. Mr. and Mrs. Biddulph are the parents of four children: John, Frank, Neva and Ralph. Mrs. Thirza Biddulph died December 14, 1893.

Politically, Mr. Biddulph votes with the Republican party, and takes an active interest in local affairs. He was elected Justice of the Peace in 1888. Fraternally, he is identified with the I. O. O. F.

RALPH A. JAMES.—The early history of the New England States develops the fact that the James family was one of much prominence, its representative members having been conspicuous for their high attainments, their social position and their power as factors in various governmental functions. Of the New York branch of this family the subject of this review is evidently a descendant, and as a representative resident of Parma township, where his entire life has been passed, it is most congruous that he be accorded particular attention in this connection. He is a son of the late Matthew James, who, with his family, emigrated to Ohio from Staten Island, New York, in the spring of 1841. The maiden name of our subject's mother was Mary Moles. After reaching Ohio the parents settled in Parma township, Cuyahoga county, where they passed the remainder of their lives, developing a fine farm and gaining the highest measure of respect and esteem in the community in which they were permitted to attain to venerable age, the demise of the father occurring April 28, 1875, and that of the mother, November 13, 1877. They had a family of ten children, six sons and four daughters, of whom the subject of this sketch was the youngest.

Ralph A. James was born on Staten Island, New York, April 12, 1841, and was but three months of age when his parents started on their long and weary journey to Ohio. He grew to manhood on the old farm in Parma township, and to farming operations his time has been devoted from his youth up. During the progress of the late civil war he was for several months in the employ of the Government as a mechanic.

Mr. James was married December 13, 1877, to Miss Carrie Biddulph, who was born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 3, 1856. They have four children, Addie C., Ralph A., Neva L., and Oliver J. James.

The fine farm owned by Mr. James comprises 100 acres of most fertile and desirable land, the same being under a high state of cultivation and supplied with convenient and substantial buildings. The present handsome residence was built to replace the one which was destroyed by fire March 31, 1890, entailing a loss of several thousand dollars.

In his political proclivities Mr. James is a staunch Republican, and in local affairs of a political and general public nature he has been closely identified with the progressive element, having been called upon to serve as Trustee and to hold other township offices of importance. Possessed of excellent executive ability and manifesting the closest fidelity to all trusts imposed, it is needless to say that he has proved a popular official in such capacities as he has acted.

A member of the Protestant Episcopal Church by baptism, he has not neglected the fulfillment of the vows made for him, having been duly confirmed and being a member of the parish of All Saints' Church on Scranton

avenue, Cleveland. He has been a member of the vestry of this church for several years, being devoted to its cause and to that of the church at large.

A man of much discernment and ability, strong in his rectitude of character, genial and courteous in his intercourse with his fellowmen, it is but natural that he enjoys a distinctive respect and popularity in the community where he lives.

A. M. PARRISH, Steward at the Cleveland State Hospital, is a native son of the Buckeye State, being born at Columbus Grove, June 6, 1846. Sixteen years before this date, his father, George Parrish, cast his fortunes with the pioneers of Putnam county, among whom were a considerable number of Indians. He selected a farm near the Grove, opened it up, improved it, and when age and its attendant infirmities overtook him and his faithful companion they retired to the village, content to spend their few remaining years free from business and at rest.

George Parrish was born in Virginia in 1813. His ancestors were of French origin, who fell out of the ranks of the Revolutionary armies, and became settlers, and consequently are unnumbered among the first families of the Old Dominion State. Among this band of hardy Frenchmen, was a Parrish, the paternal ancestor of our subject. One of his descendants, probably a son, John Parrish, served under General Hull in the war of 1812, and was surrendered by that cowardly officer, with his whole army at Detroit. When the war closed this sturdy patriot returned to Virginia, and there pursued his favorite vocation, that of farming. He married a Miss Brown while at home on a furlough from the army. By this union twelve children, eight sons and four daughters, were born, George, our subject's father, being the eldest.

George Parrish married, in Putnam county, Miss Barbara Moneysmith, a daughter of Samuel Moneysmith, of German origin, who came from Pennsylvania to Ohio. Their children were: D. B., deceased, who was in the Fourteenth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was the eleventh man disabled while supporting the colors at Chickamauga, dying from the effects of his injuries in 1866; William B., killed at the second battle of Corinth; A. M.; and Mrs. P. E. Helpman of Defiance, Ohio.

A. M. Parrish was kept at farm work until he was fourteen years of age, when he acted on the advice of Horace Greeley, and went West, spending one summer on the plains. In 1869, Mr. Parrish engaged in the boot and shoe business at Kansas City, Missouri, the style of the firm being A. J. Norman & Company. This firm existed until 1873, when Mr. Parrish retired and became a commercial traveler, with headquarters at Rochester, New York, his house being Behn & Young, manufacturers of boots and shoes. His wanderings as a "Knight of the Grip" covered a period of eleven years, extending over Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri. February 1, 1884, he resigned his position, and was married on the 6th of the following month to Mrs. Malinda Conelly, of Wooster, Ohio, the builder and proprietor of the Archer House, the leading hotel of the city. Mr. Parrish, as a natural consequence of the marriage, became a partner in the management of this popular resort, and by reason of his genial and affable nature, and his extensive acquaintance among commercial men, he was a most valuable acquisition to it. December 1, 1889, Mr. and Mrs. Parrish decided to retire from active business, and live in the enjoyment of their years of rewarded labor. June 1, 1892, Mr. Parrish accepted his present position, merely as an opportunity for engaging something to absorb attention from passing time.

Politically, Mr. Parrish is a Republican, and was president of the Wooster Council four years. He is a prominent and active member of the A. F. & A. M., Wooster Chapter and Com-

mandery, and was in a measure responsible for the establishing of a Commandery at Wooster.

He has one child, the daughter of a former wife, who is married to Mr. E. Thomon, and lives in Wooster, Ohio. By a former husband, the present Mrs. Parrish had one son, Archer Conelly, a very bright and promising boy who lived to the age of sixteen years, and after whom the Archer House was named by his mother.

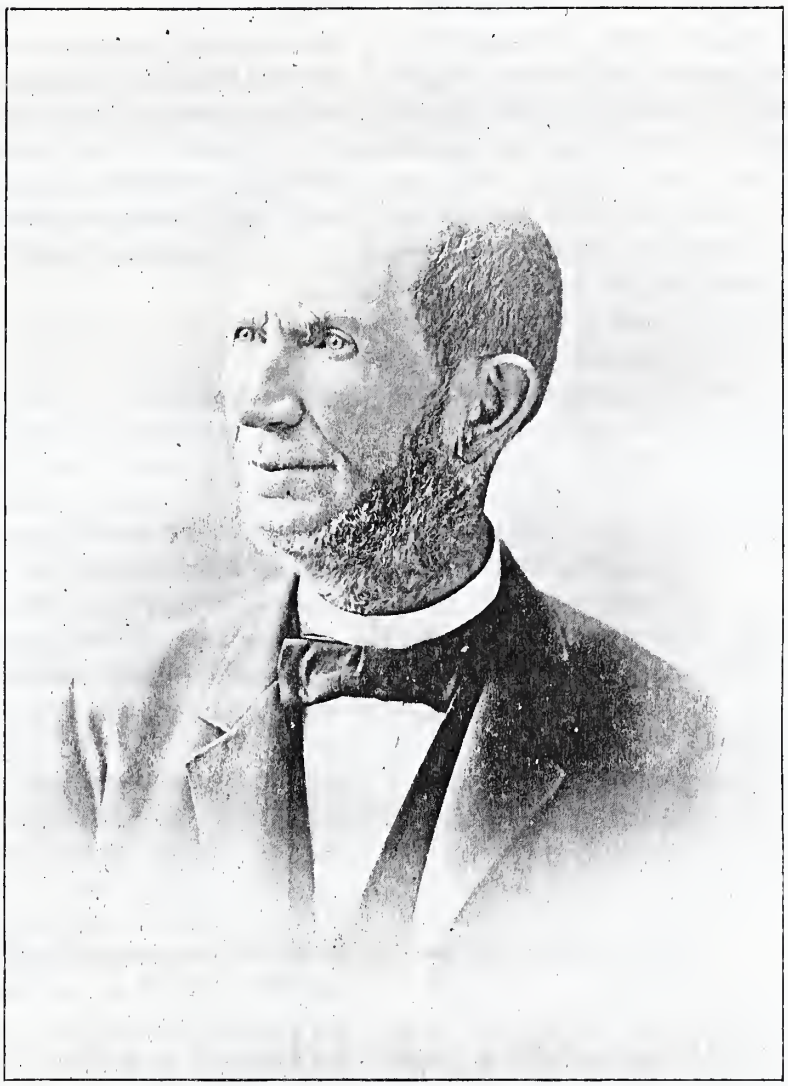
GEORGE AUGUST TINNERMAN, proprietor of the Tinnerman Steel Range Company, and one of the representative business men of the West Side, Cleveland, was born in Germany April 10, 1845. He is the son of Henry F. and Sophia (Dryer) Tinnerman, both natives of Prussia. The Tinnerman family came to the United States in 1847, first locating on a farm in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, at Rockport, now known as Linndale. Three years later they removed to Ohio City, now the West Side, and Henry Tinnerman opened a blacksmith and wagon shop on the corner of Lorain and Fulton streets, which in all probability was the first one on the West Side. He continued in the business until about 1858, when he purchased a farm at Rockport, and returned to that locality with his family. About 1860 or 1861 he returned to the city, where he resided until his death in 1880, at the advanced age of over eighty-three years. His wife died in 1888, at the age of sixty-eight years. They were members of the First German Reformed Church. Two sons were born,—George August, and his younger brother, Henry, who is a resident of Cleveland.

Mr. Tinnerman was reared in Cleveland. His first public schooling was received in the old school on Penn street, corner of Lorain. Following that he attended the Hicks Street school. When sixteen years of age he began to learn the tinner's trade, and, after serving about three years as an apprentice, worked at the trade until 1867, when he engaged in business for himself at his present place, on Lorain street, corner of Fulton. In 1885 he began, on a small scale, the manufacture of steel ranges, manufacturing one of his own patent, known as the "Ohio Steel Range." His business has improved and expanded from year to year until it has reached a most gratifying and successful point. In 1887 he erected a large building, 70 x 125 feet, three floors, situated at Nos. 11 to 21 Willett street. He was one of the incorporators of the Lorain Street Savings Bank, of which he is second vice-president.

Mr. Tinnerman was married in January, 1868, to Caroline Ruley, who was born in Cleveland. To this union six children have been born, four of whom are living, namely: Emma, Frank, Albert and Lillian. Mr. Tinnerman and family are members of the First Reformed Church. In politics Mr. Tinnerman is a Republican.

JACOB SCHAAF, a well-known farmer of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Brooklyn township, this county, November 4, 1841, son of Conrad and Phillepina (Schwind) Schaaf and brother of Michael Schaaf, the latter a resident of Middleburg township. Jacob is one of the younger members of his father's family. He was reared in his native township, and resided there until 1876. That year he settled in Parma township, and here he has since resided, having all his life devoted his energies to agricultural pursuits and having improved a fine farm. He has erected a fine modern residence, one of the most attractive ones in the vicinity. Recently, however, he has practically retired from the active duties of the farm.

Mr. Schaaf was married in Parma township, October 28, 1868, to Miss Louisa M. Henninger, a native of this township, born January 5, 1847, daughter of Philip G. and Sophia (Orth) Henninger. Her parents were both born in Germany, her father October 20, 1813, and her



A. M. Wagar

mother May 9, 1823. The former passed away July 15, 1892. They had eight children who reached adult years, Louisa M. being the fourth born. Mr. and Mrs. Schaaf have an adopted son, Arthur Coleman.

Mr. Schaaf is a generous and public-spirited man, ever taking a commendable interest in, and contributing liberally to, any movement or enterprise that has for its object the welfare of his community, his county or his country. For eleven years he has served as Township Trustee. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church at South Brooklyn.

ADAM M. WAGAR, the subject of this sketch, was born at Farmington, Ontario county, New York, February 25, 1818, the eldest child of Mars and Keturah (Miller) Wagar, natives of New York and New Jersey respectively. In 1818 the parents emigrated to Cleveland, Ohio, and with courage and bravery took up their life upon the frontier. After living in different localities about two years, they settled in East Rockport, now Lakewood, where the family has remained ever since. The father died in 1841, aged fifty years; the mother survived until 1879, when she passed away at the advanced age of eighty-six years. They reared a family of six children: Adam M., the subject of this notice; Israel D.; Albert, deceased in 1861; Matilda, the wife of Henry Wade, died in Canal Dover in 1848; Francis H., whose history will be found on another page of this volume; and Anna H., wife of A. W. Brown, who died at Lakewood hamlet in September, 1856.

Adam M. Wagar grew to manhood in Rockport township, Cuyahoga county; he acquired a practical education in the primitive log schoolhouse of the district, and received a training no less practical in the art of husbandry. He has devoted his mature years to agricultural pursuits and has met with the success that invariably crowns untiring effort. He owns a valuable tract of land, 170 acres, in the suburbs of Cleveland, where the family residence, a handsome place, is situated at the corner of West Madison and Hilliard avenues, Lakewood.

His marriage to Miss Margaret Kyle occurred at Steubenville, Ohio, March 9, 1848. Mrs. Wagar is a native of Scotland, born at Kilbride, July 25, 1818, and came to America in 1843. Her parents were Andrew and Barbara (Morrison) Kyle. Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Wagar's family consisted of Anna M., Malanthon, Irwin, Minerva, Carrie, Nettie and Stella. Malanthon and Irwin died in childhood; Stella A., the wife of John M. Bachert, died in Cleveland, in February, 1893: she was the mother of two children, Earl and Margaret; and Nettie, the wife of Arthur R. Bailey, has one child, Morrison Wagar.

The family is prominently identified with the New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian) Church, to whose support they contribute most generously of their time and means.

Mr. Wagar began life as a schoolteacher. Perhaps the most valuable efforts he has made have been in behalf of education for the masses. Realizing the increasing demands that were being made upon the coming generation, he has strongly favored elevation of the standard, and has encouraged every advance movement that has been made in intellectual circles. For eight years he was School Treasurer, and during this time gave special attention to the subject of education in all its phases.

Adhering to the principles of the Democratic party, Mr. Wagar has taken an active interest in local politics, and has been called to serve in various offices of trust and responsibility. He has been Justice of the Peace for four terms, or twelve years, and during five years was a member of the Township Board of Trustees. For an equal period of time he held the office of Township Clerk, and for several years he was the Postmaster of East Rockport (Lakewood), prompt, faithful and indefatigable in the discharge of his duties, he has won the confidence and regard of all classes of citizens.

A man of ability and deep integrity, he has made an indelible impress upon the history of the community with which he has been so closely identified, an impress which is alike a credit to his ancestors and a precious legacy to his prosperity.

BARTHOLOMEW STOCKER.—The subject of this sketch has had a somewhat varied experience, and to enter into the minutiæ of his life history would render interesting results, his experience having been quite outside the ordinary and prosaic lines. We are permitted, however, to merely touch upon the more salient points in biography within the confines of a work of this sort and in the case at hand no exception can consistently be made, no matter how strong the inclination. Mr. Stocker stands to-day as one of the substantial and prosperous farmers of Rockport Hamlet, a man respected and esteemed in the community, where he has resided for so many years.

Our subject was born in Switzerland, January 2, 1833, and in his native land he passed the first nineteen years of his life, having devoted his youthful years to the dairying business, in which line of occupation he has continued, with certain intermissions, until the present time. A young man of much vitality and ambition, he early became imbued with a spirit of adventure,—a spirit tempered, however, with excellent judgment. In 1852 the young man left home and friends and set boldly forth to try his fortunes in the New World. Upon his arrival in America he proceeded at once to Ohio, remaining for one year in Columbiana county, and then came to Cuyahoga county, locating at Brooklyn, where he was employed in the dairy business for two and one-half years. Still looking for new fields of experience and adventure, he then went to the State of Michigan, where he found employment on a farm for a period of about eight months. After this time had elapsed he continued his journeying to Wisconsin, working in the pineries for about one month, and then engaging in the somewhat hazardous business of rafting logs and lumber on the Mississippi river. In this occupation and in steamboating he found employment until the outbreak of the civil war, when with a true loyalty for his adopted country, he enlisted for service at St. Louis, Missouri, as a member of the Third Missouri Regiment of Volunteer Infantry. He remained in the ranks until his three months' term of enlistment had expired, when he again enlisted in a company of Missouri cavalry, but was transferred a month later to the gunboat Pittsburg, which was in service on the Mississippi river. On this boat he served for one year, after which he was honorably discharged.

His war experience ended he returned to Cuyahoga county and turned his attention once more to peaceful occupations, being employed at dairy work in Brooklyn for about two and one-half years. He then effected the purchase of the farm where he now lives, in Rockport Hamlet. Under his careful supervision the place has been brought into a high state of cultivation, while convenient and substantial buildings have been erected, the appearance of the farm betokening thrift and prosperity on the part of the proprietor. The farm comprises forty-nine acres and very naturally Mr. Stocker devotes the major portion of his time and attention to that business with whose details he is thoroughly familiar and for whose successful conducting no man could be better qualified, namely dairying.

Mr. Stocker's marriage was consummated on on the 10th of May, 1866, in Brooklyn township, Cuyahoga county, when he was united to Miss Mary Krumweide, a native of Hanover, Germany, where she was born March 21, 1848. They have ten children, as follows: William, born August 6, 1867, and married Sarah Feuchter; Lizzie A., born May 19, 1869, is the wife of Christopher Nyland; Sarah A., born October 10, 1870; Mary J., March 10, 1872; Emma M., December 5, 1873; Frank L., July 29, 1875;

Rosa M., August 21, 1879; Lillie K., August 8, 1881; Samuel E., February 11, 1886; and Alice B., July 22, 1888.

Mr. and Mrs. Stocker are prominently identified with the German Methodist Church, of which they are zealous members and liberal supporters.

F. P. SHUMAKER, superintendent of the public schools at Chagrin Falls, Ohio, is a native of this State, born near Galion, Crawford county, December 20, 1858. His father, Joseph H. Shumaker, was born in 1814, in Berks county, Pennsylvania, one of a family of four sons and three daughters of John and Catharine Shumaker. He married Susan Walton, a daughter of James and Catharine Walton, October 17, 1836; Susan Walton was born in 1818, in Lycoming county, Pennsylvania, one of a family of three sons and four daughters. They removed to Fairfield county, Ohio, in October, 1844, and in September, 1858, they went to reside on a farm near Galion. Ten children were born to them, four sons and six daughters, and nine still survive. The father was a shoemaker by trade, and followed this calling in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, for a number of years; he died in 1886. The mother, who is still living, a resident of Galion, Crawford county, Ohio, was reared a member of the Society of Friends. The youngest of the family is the subject of this sketch. He received a fair education in the district schools and continued his studies at Mount Union College, Alliance, Ohio, where he was graduated with honors in 1886.

At the early age of seventeen years he began teaching, and after finishing his course at Mount Union College, took charge of the Mount Union public schools. There he did most efficient work for two years, and at the end of that time was invited to take the position of superintendent of the Chagrin Falls public schools. The attendance of these schools numbers 400 pupils, and fifty-three have been graduated under Mr. Shumaker. Under his management the schools have been carefully graded and the standard materially elevated. Years of serious and unremitting labor have given him a place in the front ranks of the advanced educators of the State.

Although devoted to his profession our subject finds time for other associations; he is a member of Golden Gate Lodge, No. 245, F. & A. M., of Chagrin Falls Chapter, No. 152, R. A. M., and of the I. O. O. F., Lodge No. 290. He is an active worker in the Methodist Episcopal Church, and has done most excellent service for six years as superintendent of the Sabbath-school. In 1886 Mr. Shumaker received a Life High School State Teachers' Certificate. He is president of the Cuyahoga County Teachers' Institute, in which organization his excellent judgment and wide experience are invaluable.

Mr. Shumaker was united in marriage June 18, 1889, at Alliance, Ohio, to Miss Maggie Atwell, a daughter of John Atwell, deceased, who was one of the most prominent members of banking circles in the State. Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Shumaker: Howard Atwell, born October 23, 1890, died October 17, 1891; and Grace Marie, born September 23, 1892.

MARTIN L. HULL, who has been a resident of Cleveland since 1859, is one of the oldest citizens. On his first coming here he engaged in truck gardening and the raising of fruits, buying eleven acres of land in the vicinity known at that time as Doan's Corners, which was afterward incorporated as East Cleveland, and still later taken into the Cleveland corporation. The value of Mr. Hull's eleven acres had so increased up to 1870 that in that year he divided it into allotments of one acre each: nine acres he sold at $1,200 each; two acres and the dwelling house he retained as a residence.

About this time Mr. Hull embarked in the gasoline business. Being somewhat of a "genius" he invented a gasoline burner for heating purposes; but, not being a practical mechanic, he employed one C. H. Prentice, a machinist who had a shop near his office, and he and Mr. Hull put the invention into practical use; and thus was made the first gasoline stove, in 1873. Mr. Prentice was a poor man, and during the time of experiment in developing the stove Mr. Hull supported him and furnished material for the experiments. When a patent for this stove, was sought Mr. Prentice showed his ingratitude by inducing Mr. Hull to allow him, inasmuch as he knew how to proceed, to make application for the patent, which he did in his own name and when granted made Prentice the sole patentee! Hence the Hull vapor stoves, which have since become famous, have been called by some the "Prentice" patent. The same year, however, Mr. Hull purchased Mr. Prentice's interest, for $500, went to New York and ordered 2,000 stove burners. Returning home, he manufactured and sold his invention alone up to 1879, in which year a stock company was organized, under the firm name of "The Hull Vapor Stove Company," with D. A. Dangler as general manger, M. B. Clark president, and Mr. Hull as mechanical superintendent. Within eighteen months $6,000 was declared in dividends, but how these dividends should be distributed among the stockholders became a serious question, and the dispute arising therefrom caused the dissolution of the company. Then a new company was formed, with the same name, with Mr. Hull as owner of one quarter of the stock; but this company was not successful, and in 1886 Mr. Hull sold his interest. Since then he has continued alone in the manufacture of gasoline stoves and other kinds of gasoline goods, with success.

Mr. Hull was born in the town of Lititz, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, January 25, 1823, a son of Daniel Hull, who spelled his name Holl, and who was born in Pennsylvania in 1795, of Swiss ancestry. The first of the family came to America in 1734 and settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Our subject's mother's name before marriage was Barbara Leib, and she also was born in the Keystone State, in 1803, of German ancestors. In 1832 Mr. Hull's parents removed to Stark county, Ohio, settling on a farm, where their son, our subject, grew to manhood. The father died in 1871, and the mother in 1881, both living to a ripe old age, highly respected as good citizens.

At the age of twenty-one Mr. Hull, whose name heads this sketch, left his parental home and attended an academy in his native town. Returning to Ohio, he was for a few years engaged in teaching school. Later he became a clerk in a general store at Uniontown, Stark county, and then partner in the store until he came to Cleveland.

His first trip to this city, in 1840, was attended by an interesting experience. He came here accompanied by a neighbor's son, on horseback, the journey requiring about all of daylight for one day. On arriving here they began to look for a swinging signboard with the picture of George Washington upon it, or that of Thomas Jefferson, with the word "tavern;" but, failing to find such a signboard, they finally arrived at the east side of the square, where now stands the post office. They had got through the town, was and the land covered with timber and hazel brush. Meeting a man, they inquired of him where they could find a tavern. He pointed to one, which stood where now stands the Forest City House. Here they secured lodging for themselves and stabling for their horses.

As their trip was made purely for the purpose of sight-seeing, the next morning they started out to see the town, first going, however, to the lake to see that broad expanse of water and the boats landed there and in motion. Then they went all around town, finishing the tour by two o'clock in the afternoon, having seen about "all that there was worth seeing." They left for their homes, filled with pride, and thoughts how they would make the other boys open their eyes with wonder and their hearts

feel envious when the adventures, experiences, etc., of their trip to the "Forest City" were related. They saw the first street railroad in Cleveland on that occasion. It then extended from the square out on Euclid avenue to East Cleveland, and on it stone was transferred from the quarries at the latter place; passengers were also carried. The track consisted of wooden rails overlaid with strap iron.

Mr. Hull has ever been an honored resident of Cleveland, successful in business. He has never sought political preferment, but in politics was originally a Whig, and since early day a steadfast Republican. He is now living with his fourth wife, *nee* Jennie Johnson, whom he married in 1890. His first wife was Matilda Hoover, a daughter of Jacob Hoover, an old settler of Buffalo, New York. Her he married in 1847, and they had two sons—Arlington and Fillmore. She died in 1851, and in 1852 Mr. Hull married Mrs. Mary Bowers, and by this marriage there were three daughters: Ida, Carrie and Minnie. This Mrs. Hull died in 1869, and in 1871 Mr. Hull married Mrs. Sarah Greeves, but this marriage was not a fortunate one, and after living together nine years it was agreed between them that she join her children in Missouri. Mr. Hull's present wife is an excellent lady, and adds comfort and cheer to the life of her husband in his declining years.

RODALPHUS EDWARDS, deceased, was a son of Rodalphus and Anna Edwards, the latter a native of Erie, Pennsylvania. Rodalphus Edwards, Sr., was a member of the surveying party in the Western Reserve in 1798. In that year he arrived in Cleveland, in company with Nathaniel Dan, his wife, one son and three daughters; Samuel Dodge, father of the late Henry Dodge; Nathan Chapman; Stephen Gilbert and Joseph Sandon. The eleven persons were the total permanent additions to the population of Cleveland during the year 1798. Mr. Edwards had followed surveying previous to coming to this city, and the compass used by him from 1792 to 1798 may be seen in the rooms of the Historical Society, to which it was donated by our subject. During his first year in Cleveland, Rodalphus Edwards, Sr., built a log cabin at the foot of Superior street, but on account of malaria at the mouth of the Cuyahoga he moved after about two years, with three other families, to the high lands running from Doan's Corners to Newburg. He was a man of a high order of intelligence and good judgment, and was very useful in the early days of the Reserve. Mr. Edwards was chairman of the first town meeting held in Cleveland, April 5, 1802, at the house of James Kingsbury.

Rodalphus Edwards came to this State from Chenango county, New York, but the family is of Connecticut origin, the grandfather of our subject, Adonijah Edwards, having been born in Tolland county, that State, in 1739. He afterward came to Cleveland, Ohio, and died at the home of his son, in 1831, at the age of ninety-two years. He was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, under General Stark, who, as he drew up his forces to attack Burgoyne, said to his men: "Fellow soldiers, there is the enemy. If we do not take them Molly Stark will be a widow to-night." Rodalphus Edwards, Sr., heard from the lips of his father, Adonijah, much of the history of that great war for the independence of this country. In memory of the gallant and brave general under whom his father served, he named his eldest son Stark, who was born December 6, 1808, and died June 19, 1877. His second son, Rodalphus, Jr., was born July 15, 1818. A daughter, Sally, married Patrick Thomas, a son of William Thomas, who was an uncle of Major-General George H. Thomas.

The branch of the Edwards family from which our subject descended was one of considerable prominence in Connecticut, and gave to that State and country many distinguished men. Among them may be mentioned Jonathan, who graduated at Yale College in 1720, after-

ward became President of Nassau Hall College, and is mentioned as one of the most celebrated orthodox divines in New England. His son, Jonathan, was President of Union College at Schenectady, and was noted for great reasoning power and strength of mind.

Rodalphus Edwards, Jr., was a member of the Early Settlers' Association, and took great satisfaction in talking about the early days of Cleveland. He was well known in the eastern part of the city, and had the respect and esteem of the community through a long and active life. His father bought a tract of land on what is now known as Woodland Hills, where he conducted a hotel for many years. A large part of the property still remains in the possession of the family, and there the subject of this memoir died, August 21, 1890, at the age of seventy-two years.

DR. WILL. H. WHITSLAR, a dentist of Cleveland, having an office in Room 26, Benedict Building, was born in Youngstown, Ohio, June 14, 1862. His parents are Dr. F. S. and Matilda (Fox) Whitslar, natives respectively of Pennsylvania and Maryland. The father is one of the oldest dental practitioners of Youngstown, where he is well and favorably known. He is highly respected by his brethren in the profession, and enjoys the confidence of the entire community. He has reached the age of seventy years, and his wife is sixty-five years of age. Dr. and Mrs. Whitslar have three children,—Allie, wife of H. J. Carr, of Chicago; W. H., the subject of this sketch; and Grant S., general passenger agent for the Graham & Morton Transportation Company, and a resident of Chicago.

W. H. Whitslar received his education in Youngstown. He studied dentistry first under his father, afterward, in 1885, graduated in the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, and in the following year received the degree of M. D. in the Rush Medical College of Chicago. From 1886 to 1891 he followed the practice of dentistry in Youngstown, and since the latter year has been a continuous practitioner of Cleveland. After coming to this city, Dr. Whitslar organized the Dental Department of the Homeopathic Hospital College, in which he held the position of Dean one year. He also held the Professorship of Principles and Practice of Dental Surgery in that college. At the end of his term of service, the Doctor received a call to help organize the Dental Department of the Western Reserve University, and accepted the position of Secretary of the Faculty, as well as the Professorship of Anatomy and Pathology. He is still holding both positions. He is also Professor of the Operative Clinics of the same department in Western Reserve University. Dr. Whitslar is associate editor of the Dental Register, a monthly published in Cincinnati, and the second oldest dental journal now published. Socially, he is a member of the American Dental Association, the Ohio State Dental Society, was President of the Northern Ohio Dental Association during the past year, is now filling that position in the Cleveland Dental Society, and was Secretary four years of the Mahoning County Medical Society. In his various relations of professional life, he has always been the same earnest, upright, capable and courteous gentleman, winning and holding the confidence and esteem alike of all who know him.

Dr. Whitslar was married June 27, 1888, to Miss Nellie M. Chisnell, a native of Akron, Ohio. They have one child, Helen Alice. The Doctor is a member of the Euclid Avenue Disciple Church.

WILLIAM T. HOLMES, of the firm of Holmes & Johnson, dealers in lumber, lath, shingles, etc., Berea, was born October 11, 1839, in Hinckley, Medina county, Ohio, where also he was reared, engaged in agriculture with his father until he was seventeen years of age, when he was apprenticed for three years to learn the carpenter's trade, work-

ing two years for his board. He followed his trade in Medina county until 1865, when he came to Berea, continuing in the same occupation. About 1878 he engaged in the lumber business, carrying on building in connection with it, till 1885, since which time he has been engaged solely in the lumber business. In the fall of 1880 he formed a partnership with James Johnson and C. C. Hulet. They continued together till 1891, since which time the business has been carried on by Holmes & Johnson, Mr. W. T. Holmes being the senior partner.

Mr. Holmes was married in Hinckley, May 1, 1864, to Miss Elizabeth Searles, who was born in New York, coming when a child with her parents to Medina county, where she was reared. Mr. and Mrs. Holmes have one child, Carrie M., who is the wife of Eugene Flint.

Mr. Holmes has taken an active part in all local affairs, and has been a member of the Berea Council for eight years, City Treasurer for five years, and a member of the Board of Health for several years. He has been connected with the Methodist Episcopal Church since his youth, and in all religious work he has taken a zealous and efficient part. For several years he was superintendent of the Sunday-school and has held various important offices in the church. He has had a part in all efforts for the good of the community in which he has resided so long.

HENRY W. MERRICK, one of the representative farmers of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a son of the late Edgar M. Merrick, of this township, and was born here July 28, 1846. In this township he was reared to manhood, and has spent the whole of his life here. His chief occupation has been that of farming. He owns and operates 107 acres of fine land. To him belongs the distinction of having run the first steam threshing machine ever operated in this section of the country.

Mr. Merrick was married in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio, August 17, 1867, to Miss Harriett D. Judson, a native of that county, born March 12, 1847, daughter of Charles and Polly Ann (Safford) Judson. Her mother is still a resident of Medina county, but her father died in Iowa some years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Merrick have two children: Luey E., wife of W. F. Lyons, and George R.

For twelve years Mr. Merrick has held the office of Justice of the Peace, and as Township Trustee he served one term. In all local affairs he takes a prominent and active part, his political affiliations being with the Democratic party. He is ranked with the leading men of the community in which he resides.

JOHN HIRSIUS, a prominent cooper and a director and stockholder in the Broadway Savings & Loan Company, Cleveland Ohio, was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, September 29, 1843. He is a son of John Hirsius, who was a farmer in Europe, and in 1856 took up his abode in Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Here he remained a hard-working, honest citizen up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1867, in the fifty-eighth year of his age. His other children are Jacob Hirsius, of Cleveland, and two daughters in Germany.

The subject of our sketch crossed the Atlantic on the sailing vessel Olean from Havre de Grace to New York, from which port they came direct to Cleveland. When he was sixteen years old he began to learn his trade under the instructions of Felix Woldek, having for a brief period previously been a work hand on the farm of Mr. Shuman, near this city. In 1862, and before he had thoroughly mastered his trade, Mr. Hirsius enlisted his services in the Commissary Department of the Federal army. He was with the Ninth Army Corps for three and a half years, traversing Kentucky, Tennessee and West Virginia, and at the time of Lee's surrender was stationed at Camp Nelson.

Leaving the army in December, 1865, he returned to Cleveland and re-engaged in the cooper business. He worked for wages until 1878, when he established himself permanently in an independent business, and since then has grown to be a competitor of no small concern. Mr. Hirsins also operates a dray line, engaged in transporting the product of several Cleveland oil refineries to and from car tanks, employing abont twenty teams. He is interested as a stockholder in other financial institutions, besides the Broadway and Woodland Avenue banks, and is a member of the finance committee of the first named.

Mr. Hirsius was married in this city, in the fall of 1866, to Miss Caroline Meehl. Their children are: Caroline, Lizzie, William, Edward, Otto, Olga and Manda. They lost five children in childhood.

Mr. Hirsius was one of the organizers of the Harmonic Society, and is an honorary member of the same. He has been a Mason since 1869.

THOMAS WOOLDRIDGE, a farmer of Middleburg township, was born in Devonshire, England, February 25, 1822, where he grew to manhood and took up the business of farming. When he was twenty-five years old he left England and came to America, settling first in Cleveland and then for a time in Ravenna, Ohio. After a lapse of five and a half years he returned to England, remaining eighteen months, and while there, in February, 1854, he was married to Mrs. Susanna Geary, whose maiden name was Westlake. In the spring of 1854 he returned to America and lived in Cleveland about two years, and then bought a tract of land in Middleburg township, where he has since been a resident. Mrs. Susanna Wooldridge died May 9, 1891, aged seventy years, one month and thirteen days. They had six children: William, who married Mary A. Luck; Edmund H., who married Almeda Gray; Susanna A., the wife of J. M. Gray; Harlan, who died when sixteen months old; Harlan Edward, who married Rose A. Bell; and John, who married Florence G. Gray.

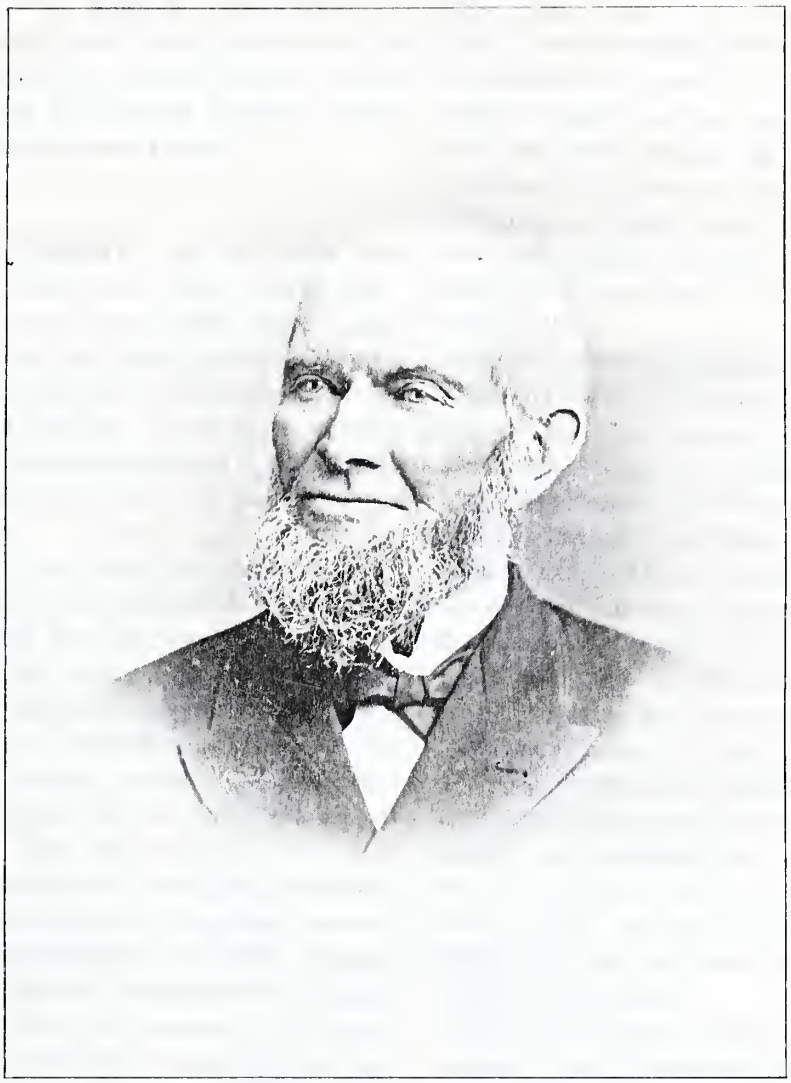
Mr. Wooldridge is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which church his wife also was a member. He has held some of the minor offices in the township.

Mr. Wooldridge owns seventy-five acres of land, upon which he has made improvements.

EDGAR M. MERRICK, deceased, was for many years a well-known and highly respected citizen of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio.

He was born at Sand Lake, New York, June 23, 1806. In Sand Lake he spent the early part of his life, from there went to Buffalo and worked at the carpenter's trade, and several years later went to Mississippi, where he followed his trade for some five or six years. In the meantime his father, Justus Myrick, had moved from New York State to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and had settled on a farm in Strongsville township. And here we pause to state that Edgar M. was the only one of that family who spelt his name Merrick. So when the subject of our sketch left Mississippi he came to Strongsville township, where his father had located. That was about 1840. Here he purchased a tract of land and engaged in farming operations in connection with his carpentering, and these occupations he followed during the rest of his life, with the exception, however, of his last few years, when he was practically retired. His death occurred September 25, 1889.

September 23, 1839, Mr. Merrick was married in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio, to Miss Lucianna G. Whitman, who was born in East Haddam, Connecticut, October 19, 1817. Her parents, Henry and Harriett (Phippeny) Whitman, came from New York State to Medina county at an early day, and here made their



Israel D. Wagar.

home until the mother's death, in May, 1846. The father then returned to New England. His death occurred in Rhode Island during the latter part of the '60s. Mr. and Mrs. Merrick became the parents of two children, Joseph E. and Henry W.

Politically, Mr. Merrick acted with the Democratic party, and during his active life took a deep interest in local affairs. For a number of years Mr. Merrick has been a member of the Congregational Church.

ISRAEL D. WAGAR, son of Mars and Keturah Wagar, was born February 21, 1820, in Avon, then called Troy, Lorain county, Ohio, in a log cabin surrounded by a dense forest and within a stone's throw of the blue waters of Lake Erie. When Israel was less than a year old the family moved to East Rockport, now Lakewood, where he has lived the most of his life.

His early life was spent like most of the sons of pioneer families, in assisting to clear off the heavily timbered land, in order to convert it into a productive farm. His educational advantages were restricted to the district school, together with an academic course, but his natural love of learning, ambition and wonderful memory enabled him to surmount almost any difficulty. He taught several terms of school, when a young man, and gave good satisfaction as a thorough and interested teacher. Born of intellectual parents, his father being an able mathematician and distinguished linguist, his mother a woman of unusual intelligence and fortitude, he inherited an ardent love for knowledge and investigation of the natural sciences. He takes a lively interest in all the vital questions of the day and is a great reader.

On the first day of the year 1843, he was united in marriage to Elizabeth, daughter of Michael and Isabella Pyle, who was born in Wayne county, September 7, 1822. A woman possessing beautiful traits of character, unselfishness and true Christian fortitude, she has endeared herself to the whole community in which she lives, and "her children arise up and call her blessed; her husband also, and he praiseth her."

After his marriage, Mr. Wagar settled on the land on which he now resides, and which after fifty years of cultivation, has been changed from wild forest to fertile fields, verdant meadows and fragrant vineyards. He has given his attention mostly to farming and fruit-growing, and has dealt extensively in real estate. In business he is practical, conservative, far-seeing and seems to know when to buy and when to sell: people call him lucky. His dwelling is a spacious stone edifice of a pleasing architectural design.

He has reared an interesting family of eight children, five daughters and three sons, all living at this time, namely: Lura M., wife of Dr. C. D. Ashley, of Cleveland; Adah I., wife of M. G. Browne of Cleveland; John M., married to Harriet Hotchkiss and living on a wheat farm in North Dakota; Jessie A., wife of G. E. Loveland of Cleveland; George E., of Montana; Caroline D., wife of Dr. D. F. Baker of Cleveland; and Alta E. and Charles W., both of whom reside at the old homestead.

Born and reared in loyalty to the Whig party, Mr. Wagar cast his suffrage with that organization until 1856, when he transferred his allegiance to the Democratic party. His counsel and advice are sought after in matters of importance, and he enjoys the respect and confidence of his neighbors. He has served most acceptably as Justice of the Peace.

In 1876 he spent several months in travel through Great Britain and the continent. Being a close observer of men and affairs, the trip was fraught with the most valuable and interesting experiences.

His religious faith is broad and liberal. He believes that all men will in the end be saved; that the eternal purposes of the Almighty will never be thwarted or turned aside by his creatures; that "He is good to all and His tender mercies are over all his works;" that the

human mind is so organized that it will yield to treatment; that the wicked by association, discipline and punishment, under the guidance of the Divine Wisdom, will in the end be saved. It is a dim subject, but any other conclusion fails to satisfy the inquiring and intelligent mind. "If thou shouldst mark iniquities, who could stand?" Self-denial under God is the great power to reform the world, and all creeds and doctrines that do not teach and enforce this will prove a failure. Second probation is a thing to be hoped for in keeping with the eternal fitness of things.

Mr. Wagar ascribes to ambition, industry, contentment and a firm reliance on the Divine guidance to carry out the destiny that is assigned to every one to perform with fidelity and to honor our calling.

Mr. Wagar has always enjoyed good health, never having called a physician, and is still bright and vigorous in his old age. He is one of the very few who remain that connect the early pioneer days with the present. He has witnessed the wonderful changes that have taken place. A dense forest, where the howl of the wolf and the screech of the panther have been heard, is now supplanted by the hum of the electric cars that pass by his door. He has seen Cleveland grow from a small village with a few hundred inhabitants to a large city with over 300,000 inhabitants.

After fifty years of the closest and holiest associations, Mr. and Mrs. Wagar celebrated the anniversary of their marriage with a golden wedding, to which relatives and cherished friends were bidden. Such happy privileges come to few in life. May the touch of Time rest lightly upon their venerable heads and the shadows fall gently on their declining days!

CAPTAIN JOHN B. HALL, one of the oldest navigators living in the city of Cleveland, was born in Sackett's Harbor, Jefferson county, New York, in April, 1838. His parents were John and Carrissa A. (Waldo) Hall. The father came from Alnwick, Northumberland, England, the family removing to this country about the close of the war of 1812. The greater part of his early life was spent in the business of rope-making, while his later days were spent on a small farm in Oswego county, New York. Carrissa A. Waldo was a native of Champion, Lewis county, that State, and she bore her husband two children, namely: John B. and Margaret.

The subject of this sketch began the life of a sailor in 1855, on a tug boat. He was commissioned pilot in 1861. The first vessel he commanded was the Olean. He has sailed upon all of the five great lakes, except Lake Ontario, with the following vessels: the Newburg, the Blanchard, the Dean Richmond, the St. Louis, the New York, the Toledo, the Havana, and for the last five years, ending in 1892, commanded the Corrona for the Mutual Transportation Company of the city of Cleveland. It is worthy of note that during the whole of his life as a navigator he has never lost a vessel.

In 1892 he permanently located upon *terra firma*. He then accepted the position of agent for the American Steel Barge Company at Cleveland, which position he now holds.

Captain Hall is a man of fine physique, and is well preserved both in body and mind. He is a man of pleasing appearance and genial disposition, and is very popular wherever known.

WILLIAM SIXT, of Rockport Hamlet, Ohio, was born in the kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany, January 13, 1823, was brought up and educated in his native country, and, leaving school at fourteen years of age, learned the business of butchering, which he followed for two years in Wurtemberg, and for eight years in Holland, emigrating from Holland to America in 1847. He came to Cleveland, Ohio, where he kept a meat market and continued to do butchering till 1852, when he removed to Middleburg township; there he followed his trade for three

years, after which he returned to Cleveland, where he remained till 1857. He then removed to Rockport township, locating in that part now known as "Rockport Hamlet," and here he added to his regular trade the business of a saloon. In 1867 he relinquished the business of butchering and built the hotel known as The Sherman House, in Rockport Hamlet, the keeping of which has since occupied his attention.

Mr. Sixt was married in Cleveland, Ohio, in March, 1850, to Miss Barbara Noderer. They had four children, namely: Matilda; Edward (who receives personal mention elsewhere in this volume); Lorinda and Emma. Mrs. Barbara Sixt died in Rockport in 1859. Mr. Sixt was again married, in Liverpool, Medina county, Ohio, to Johanna Hoeing. They have seven children, namely: Mena, Lydia, Wm. D., Emma, George, Charles and Herman.

Mr. Sixt has held the office of School Director and of Township Treasurer for sixteen years.

SOLON WRIGHT SMITH was born in South Amherst, Massachusetts, February 21, 1816, where he lived the first twelve years of his life. He then removed with his father's family, of which he is the eldest child, to Marion, Wayne county, New York, where they remained four years. In the spring of 1832 the family emigrated to Ohio and settled in Middleburg township, this county, on the farm where the subject of this sketch still resides, he having been at the time sixteen years old. For fourteen years they lived in a log house, which, in 1847, gave place to a commodious frame dwelling.

The country at that early date was covered with an almost unbroken wood, with but few roads laid out. The Bagley road was not chopped out, and was not made passable for teams until some years afterward. Mr. Smith helped to cut out and open up all the roads in the east part of the township, where he lives, running from the pike, the latter of which he has lived to see a fine paved avenue. He carried surveyor's chain and ax in the surveying of lots on each side of the pike, from the Parma line to the home of the late Ami Lovejoy. This was in the year 1833, the lots having previously all been taken up. On the street were then located Messrs. Lebbens Pomeroy, Daniel Smith with his seven sons, Charles Peebles, Major Bassett, Andrus Green, the Hutchinsons, Fullers and others, who soon gave to that part of the township quite a cultivated appearance, transforming the dense forests into a beautiful land of smiling meadows and fields of waving grain.

The country abounded in game. Mr. Smith was a good marksman and was one of the famous hunters of those early days, having brought down a large number of deer, turkey and other game. One time he had been gone from the house only thirty minutes when he returned having shot and secured two large deer. He is acquainted with much interesting general history of the early settlement of the township. As a resident of sixty-two years, he has witnessed the great changes transpiring in that time. He was a Trustee of the township six years, until he declined to serve longer. Has been a life-long and successful farmer, has always been a stanch Republican, his first vote for president being cast for General William Henry Harrison.

His mother, whose maiden name was Nancy Williams, was born in Easton, Massachusetts, May 30, 1794, and died in Middleburg, Ohio, March 24, 1890. She was remarkable for her healthful life and for her pleasing, happy disposition. Although nearly ninety-six years of age, she passed away while yet in the height of her beauty and loveliness.

His father, Daniel Smith, was born in Amherst, Massachusetts, November 15, 1791, and died in Middleburg, July 17, 1866. He was a noted musician, was fife Major in the war of 1812, also a well-known and popular shoemaker in the early history of the township.

The parents were both members of the Presbyterian Church. They had nine children:

Solon W.; Emeline E., wife of Charles W. Bailey, died in Middleburg; Dwight C., who died in Middleburg; Daniel W., a resident of Delta, Ohio; Orman L., of Middleburg; Orus F., died in Mineral Ridge, Ohio; George E., died in Middleburg; Lyman J., of Toledo, Ohio; and Charlotte E., of Middleburg, Cuyahoga county, Ohio.

CHARLES W. DAVIS, a young and progressive man of business enterprise, was born in the city of Cleveland, June 30, 1867, a son of Dr. E. F. Davis, mentioned further on.

Mr. Davis is engaged in the real-estate and insurance business (office at 462 Pearl street), in which he has given evidence of ability and has been successful. He has had a systematic business education, having graduated at the Spencerian Business College, after having attended the high-school of the city of Cleveland. He is a gentleman of easy manner, is a pleasant converser, and, although a young man, evinces extraordinary business tact. He is a director of the Ohio Savings Building and Loan Association. Politically he is a Republican, and takes a decided interest in the issues of the day.

In 1891 he married Miss Pauline R. Fetterman, of Cleveland, and both himself and wife are members of the Disciple Church, in which field they take an active and efficient part. Their residence is at 1328 Detroit street.

Dr. E. F. Davis, father of the preceding and a prominent physician of Cleveland, was born at Poland, Ohio, in 1829, a descendant of an early family in the settlement of this country. His ancestors were of Welsh origin, and among them there were several who were participants in the Revolutionary war as Colonial soldiers.

Dr. Davis graduated at the Eclectic Medical Institute at Cincinnati, Ohio, and has been in the active practice of medicine for forty years. Twenty-three years ago he came to Cleveland, and has since been prominent in the medical profession at this place. He is an old practitioner, thoroughly well up in his profession, never having much love for politics, though a zealous Republican.

Besides being prominent in his profession he sustains important business relations, being president of the Ohio Savings Building and Loan Association, and connected with other business enterprises. In these relations also he shows that he is a man of shrewd judgment. Fraternally, he is a member of the Order of Odd Fellows. His residence is at 1330 Detroit street.

G. J. MILZ, president of the Bedford Chair Company, has been identified with the manufacturing interests of this place since his youth. He was born at Wheeling, West Virginia, December 14, 1858, a son of C. J. and Margaretha (Kloz) Milz; the father was born in Bavaria, Germany, and was a marble-cutter and sculptor of some ability. There were four children in the family: Mary Wilson, who resides in Chicago; Louis and Philip, citizens of Bedford; and C. J., the subject of this notice. Young Milz was reared and educated at Bedford, and at the age of sixteen years secured a position with the Taylor Chair Company; he remained with this firm until 1890, when the Bedford Chair Company was organized with Mr. Milz as president; G. L. Bartlett, vice-president; George McFarland, secretary; W. O. Gordon, superintendent.

The plant belonging to this corporation consists of a number of substantial buildings fitted with all modern mechanical appliances. Thirty-five men are employed.

Mr. Milz was united in marriage December 25, 1882, at Bedford, Ohio, to Miss Adelle Lamb, who was born in the State of Minnesota, the daughter of Hudson and Sylvia (Chamberlin) Lamb, pioneers of Minnesota. Mr. and Mrs. Milz are the parents of two children: Ivan J. and Eva.

Mr. Lamb died in his frontier home, but his wife survives him and is now a resident of Bedford.

In politics our subject affiliates with the Democratic party. He has always been interested in broadening the opportunities offered the youth of this republic for acquiring an education, and at one time served very acceptably as a member of the School Board. He belongs to the Masonic order, being a member of Bedford Lodge, No. 375.

J. S. EVANS, superintendent of telegraph of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, entered the service of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Company as extra operator, having just completed his preparations at Columbus Grove, Ohio. His first permanent position was at Tontogany, Ohio. He remained with this company until 1879, being located at Tontogany, Perrysburg, and lastly at Deshler, before joining the Baltimore & Ohio Company at Garrett, Indiana. He was stationed there two years, when an order transferred him to Chicago, concluding his service with them one year afterward. His next work was for the Chicago, Pokin & Southwestern, stationed at Streator, Illinois, but he remained only six months, when he returned to Chicago for the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Company, as operator in the local office, in 1883. In the fall of 1884 he was removed to Fort Wayne, Indiana, as trian dispatcher, performing these duties till June, 1892, when his service was again rewarded by another promotion, being made superintendent of telegraph with headquarters in Cleveland.

Mr. Evans was born in Putnam county, Ohio, November 3, 1862. His father, D. W. Evans, was a farmer, a Welshman by nativity. He located in Eastern Ohio in 1833 and devoted his lifetime to farming. He married, in Portage county, Ohio, Margaret Price, who died in 1876. Mr. Evans died in 1891, at the age of seventy-even years. They had six children, five of whom are now living. Of the three sons two of them are mechanics: one John D. Evans, in Columbus, Ohio, and the other, E. D. Evans, in Chillicothe, Missouri.

J. S. Evans married, September 28, 1887, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, Miss Jennie Shoaff, and they have one child, Margaret, born March 22, 1890.

Mr. Evans is a member of the Association of Train Dispatchers of America, with the Telegraphers' Mutual Benefit Aassociation, Railroaders and Telegraphers' Aid Society, and of the Railway Telegraph Superintendents' Association.

ROBERT FINDLEY PAINE was born in Connecticut, May 10, 1810. His ancestry can be traced back to Robert Treat Paine, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. When he was two years of age, his parents moved into New York State and very soon came West, settling in Portage county, Ohio.

Young Paine educated himself, as it were, his parents being too poor to send him even to the district school. While clerk at a cross-roads store he read law and was admitted to practice. In 1848 he was elected to the State Legislature, being compelled to go to Columbus on horseback, there being then no railroads. In the Legislature he secured the passage of the first law giving woman rights in property.

At the expiration of his term in the Legislature, he resumed the practice of law, in Cleveland, and during the war was United States District Attorney for the Northern Ohio District. Later he was elected to the Common Pleas Bench of Cuyahoga county, on which he served with distinction, retiring in 1874.

Judge Paine died September 23, 1888, leaving three children, all of whom are now living.

Robert F. Paine, Jr., was born in Cleveland, March 8, 1856, being the eldest son of Judge

R. F. Paine. Robert Jr., received a common-school education. In 1879 he squeezed his way into journalism, securing a position as reporter on the Penny Press, a paper just started in Cleveland by the Scripps brothers, of Detroit, Michigan. At twenty-five years of age young Paine was the editor-in-chief of a daily newspaper that was already on a prosperous basis, and this position he is still holding, the title of the paper, however, having been changed to The Cleveland Press.

A. J. HENSEY, vice-president of the Taylor Chair Company, is one of the progressive and energetic business men of Bedford. He is a native of Ohio, born at Solon, Cuyahoga county, August 28, 1846, a son of Robinson W. and Lucinda (Brown) Hensey, natives of New York and Connecticut respectively. The father emigrated to Cuyahoga county in 1840, and at the end of eight years returned to New York. He came again in 1877 and here passed the remainder of his days, his death occurring in May, 1891, at the age of seventy-four years. The mother died in 1888, aged sixty-nine years. Young Hensey was reared and educated in Jefferson county, New York. His first experience with the world was as fireman in the employ of the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad Company; he was promoted to the position of engineer, and served in this important capacity four months. He then went to the oil region of Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1865, coming in that year to Ohio.

Mr. Hensey was united in marriage in 1872 to Caroline Taylor, daughter of W. O. and Harriet M. Taylor, of Bedford. There were born to them six children: Joseph William, Hattie L., Andrew F., Otto R., Vincent B. and Ada May. The mother died October 28, 1888. Mr. Hensey was married a second time in 1891, to Maggie Gallagher, a daughter of Anthony and Elizabeth (Kavanaugh) Gallagher, residents of Newburg, Ohio.

Politically our subject is identified with the Republican party. He was Mayor of Bedford in 1885 and 1886, and for two years was a member of the City Council; he has also served very acceptably as a member of the School Board. He belongs to Bedford Lodge, No. 375, A. F. & A. M., to Summit Chapter, No. 74, R. A. M., and to Holyrood Commandry, No. 32, K. T., having been made a Mason at Conneaut, Ohio, in 1868; he has a high standing in the order, and during two terms has been Master of his lodge.

LEWIS A. FOWLES, of Middleburg township, Ohio, was born in this place February 6, 1823, a son of Abraham and Rachel A. (Hickox) Fowles, natives of Waterbury, Connecticut, where the father was born in 1790, and the mother in 1797. She came with her parents to Cuyahoga county in 1809, and he in 1811. They were married in Middleburg township, and there made their home until their death, the mother dying February 11, 1846, at forty-nine, and the father November 28, 1848, at fifty-eight years of age. They had a family of ten children, two sons and eight daughters.

Lewis A., the fifth child of the family, has always lived in his native place. He was married in Brooklyn township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, March 26, 1845, to Miss Hannah Fish, who was born in Stonington, Connecticut, December 13, 1825. Her father was Ebenezer Fish, and her mother Joanna (Stanton) Fish, both natives of Connecticut. He came to Cuyahoga county prior to the war of 1812, in which he served, returning afterward to Connecticut, where he was married and lived for some years, and then returned to Cuyahoga county, settling in Brooklyn village, where he died in 1880, his wife dying in 1849.

When our subject was married he settled on the farm where he now lives in Middleburg township, and has been engaged chiefly in farm-

ing. He owns a fine farm of some 115 acres, on which he has erected good buildings and made valuable improvements.

Mr. and Mrs. Fowles are parents of five children, viz.: Joanna, the wife of F. M. Root (whose biographical sketch appears in this volume); Helen M., the wife of Thomas C. Mattison; John L., who married Julia Lyman; Arthur S., who married Adeline Ody; and Cora E., the wife of Luther Lyman.

Mr. Fowles has held the office of township Trustee for five years and that of township Assessor one year. He has taken an active part in local affairs and also in political matters, as a Democrat.

GEORGE N. WATSON, M. D., a successful practitioner of medicine at Brooklyn village, where he has practiced for five years, is a native of Cuyahoga county, being born at Berea, February 22, 1853. His parents are James M. and Mary (Burton) Watson, and they now reside at Brooklyn village. At Berea Dr. Watson first attended school, and he graduated at Baldwin University of that place in the year 1881, completing a scientific course. His tastes and inclinations invited him into the medical profession, and he entered the Missouri Medical College at St. Louis, Missouri, at which institution he graduated, and then immediately he entered upon the practice of his profession in the city of St. Louis, afterward practicing at Carlisle, Illinois. Some five years ago he located at Brooklyn village, and since that date he has been one of the most prominent, active and progressive of his profession.

He is a member of the Cuyahoga County Medical Society, also of the Cleveland Medical Society and the Ohio State Medical Society. He is also an enthusiastic member of several fraternal associations, being a Past Master of Brooklyn Lodge, F. & A. M., Past Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, and is also a member of the Independent Order of Foresters.

In 1885 the Doctor was fortunate in securing in matrimony the hand of Sarah A. Davies of Berea, Ohio. He and his wife sustain happy and pleasant social relations and are favorably regarded by many stanch friends as leading and representative citizens.

T. B. CUYLER, round-house foreman of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company of Cleveland, is now entering on his twenty-ninth year in his present position, and many and great are the changes he has witnessed in those years. He has in reality lost only two weeks from cause, though he has lost six weeks by absence from the city, two of which were spent in visiting the Centennial and two in visiting the World's Fair.

He entered the shops of the New York Central Railroad Company at Rochester, New York, as an apprentice and remained with the company four years, when he was made an engineer on the Great Western Railroad, now the New York, Pittsburg & Ohio, doing duty there two years, at the end of which time he came to the Cleveland & Pittsburg at Cleveland. Politically he votes for the "best man."

Mr. Cuyler was born at Rochester, New York, November 1, 1842. He received his education in the public schools of that city, going into the railroad shops in 1858. His father, Cornelius Cuyler, was a stone cutter by trade, born in Rochester in 1797, and died there in 1873. Ogdensburg, New York, was the original home of the family. It was there that our subject's grandfather, Thomas Cuyler, was born. He settled in Rochester when there were so few houses it could hardly be called a village. The Cuylers came from the south of Ireland to Nova Scotia when all America was subject to the British crown. From Nova Scotia a branch of it drifted into New York. Hence the American existence of our subject.

Cornelius Cuyler married Julia Blake, born in Limerick, Ireland, in 1811. Their six children

are all living, viz.: Margaret, now Mrs. Cornelius Shahen; Catherine, wife of James Barr, of Philadelphia; T. B.; William Henry, in Philadelphia; and Mary, now Mrs. Burrows Dalbrow, of the Quaker City.

January 18, 1865, Mr. Cuyler married, in Cleveland, Maria J. Shannon, a daughter of John Shannon, an old resident of Cleveland and a mechanic. Twelve children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Cuyler, six of whom are living: Charles, Gertrude, William, George, Frank and Blanche, all unmarried.

JEHIEL H. DUNHAM, one of the successful farmers of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, has been a resident of this township all his life.

Mr. Dunham is a son of John and Elizabeth (Hungerford) Dunham, natives of Herkimer county, New York. They emigrated from that county to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, prior to 1820, and first settled in Independence township. From there they removed to Bedford towhship, same county, where they spent the rest of their lives and died, his death occurring in 1847, and hers during the latter part of the seventies.

Jehiel H. was born in Bedford township, June 26, 1826, was reared there on his father's farm, and continued to live in that township until 1856, when he settled in Strongsville township. Here he has since made his home and farming and dairying have been his chief occupations. He owns 274 acres of land, most of which is in Strongsville township, and on his farm he has erected a nice set of buildings and has otherwise made valuable improvements. He is a charter member of the Strongsville Grange.

Mr. Dunham was first married in Ossian, New York, June 1, 1854, to Mary E. Osborn, a native of the Empire State. She died in Strongsville township, August 12, 1875. His second marriage occurred February 22, 1877, the lady of his choice being Miss Mary A. Hanchett, a native of Erie county, Pennsylvania, born December 13, 1845. Her parents, Cyrus and Mary (Reed) Hanchett, both natives of New York, settled in that State after their marriage, removed from there to Pennsylvania, and in Erie county of the latter State her father was killed while cutting down a tree. That was some time in the '50s. Her mother died in Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, August 26, 1890. Mr. and Mrs. Dunham have three children,—Brayton G., Ida E. and Ola A.

Mr. Dunham affiliates with the Republican party, takes an active part in local affairs, and for two years has filled the office of Township Trustee. He is a believer in the doctrines of Christianity and is a church goer and supporter.

LOUIS HARMS, deceased, an eminent viticulturist of Euclid township, was born November 11, 1823, in Holstein, Germany, and came to America in 1848, first settling on Kelly's Island, in Lake Erie, where he was instrumental in introducing grape culture and the wine industry. Moving to Put-in-Bay, he introduced grape culture there also. In this business he prospered at both places. In 1864 he bought land in Euclid township, where also he surprised the people by his introduction of his favorite industries, which proved far more profitable than the crops the settlers had been raising, and since then they have arisen from poverty to conditions of comfort. At first Mr. Harms purchased only forty acres in this township, and afterward continued to add to it from time to time until he had 200 acres. As to kinds of grape, he at first commenced with about 200 varieties, for trial, and at length found the following to be the most profitable: For white wine—Catawba, Delaware, Brighton and Pocklington; and for red wine—Norton, Montefiore and Concord.

For his wife, Mr. Harms married, on Kelly Island, Miss Judith Smith, who died in 1870;

Stephen Buhrer

and May 21, 1872, he married Hulda Steuk, of Sandusky, and of German descent. Her father, William Steuk, died in 1876, and her mother is still living, at Sandusky. Her parents were old settlers there. Her brother, E. L., is now engaged in the wine business. She has one brother and two sisters. Mr. Harms' children were: Carl, born on Kelly Island; Louis, Julia and Richard, born at Put-in-Bay; and Hulda and Irma, born in Euclid. The whole family reside in and around the old homestead.

Mr. Harms was an industrious worker, and his sons now carry on the wine business. He died August 21, 1888, after a short illness. He was an enterprising man, exhibiting great interest in railroad extension and public education, but refused public office. He was the first to sink a well for natural gas in his vicinity, boring to the depth of 855 feet, just before his death. His children were educated at home, by private tutors, until prepared for college.

HON. STEPHEN BUHRER.—Emigration from the place of one's nativity is a subject of interest hardly less than the migration of ancient nations. Individual life is a perpetual struggle in the dark. One may know his birthplace, but no step in the pathway of life is the subject of foreknowledge, nor is the place of his grave propheticaliy revealed.

In 1817 there landed in Philadelphia as immigrants Johann Casper Buhrer from the province of Baden, and Anna Maria Miller from Stuttgart, Germany. They immediately repaired to Greensburg, Pennsylvania, where he had relatives, and were there married. They lived there something over a year, in which time they had a daughter, whom they named Catherine. In their passage across the ocean Mrs. Buhrer had made the acquaintance of some of her German sisters, for whom she entertained an affectionate attachment, who were afterwards residents of Zoar, Ohio, and near whom she desired to live. Zoar was then and ever has been famed for its Society of Friends, called Separatists. To this place went Buhrer with his wife and child, and settled upon a farm near by, and here their third child, Stephen Buhrer, the subject of this sketch, was born, December 26, 1825.

Seventy years and more ago, Zoar with the region round about was wild, rough and cheerless, but the industrious and thrifty German population by which it was mainly settled have changed its once gloomy aspects, and now it is among the fairest and wealthiest agricultural towns of the State. But the father of Stephen Buhrer did not live to see this triumph of German industry, he having died in the late fall of 1829, leaving his widow and two young children to make their way alone in the world. Two years before his death he had removed from his farm and lived in the village of Zoar.

After his death his two children were bound to the Society until their majority. They were subjected to very severe discipline, as this venerable religious community exemplified their faith in the ancient adage of not spoiling the child by sparing the rod, and enforced the maxim with the utmost patriarchal severity upon the unhappy and helpless children. At this early age the child Stephen was put to work on the farm and in factories, and made to do such other work as he was scarcely able to perform, and so continued until his ninth year, when he was made to attend sheep in the vast pasture ranges of Zoar. For three years, in summer's heat and winter's cold, the youthful shepherd of Zoar watched the flock by day and night also, when the stars twinkled, but no angelic glory shone around to cheer the lonely boy.

At the age of twelve years he was placed in the Society's cooper shop, ostensibly to learn the art and mystery of coopering; at the same time, however, and at different periods and times, he did almost every other kind of work incident to the company's various industries, such as helping in the brewing and slaughtering de-

partment, doing a man's work therein, and often supplementing the same by serving in the capacity of hostler at the Zoar tavern and driving horses on the Ohio canal. This exacting and unrewarded service was endured and performed for six years, and consequently to the neglect of the schooling that was due him from such guardian religious institution. He does not remember that he was privileged to attend any school except Sunday-schools and evening schools after his tenth year, and after his hard day's work was done. Notwithstanding hard work, failing health, loneliness, discouragement and mental depression, the noble inheritance of the German blood and brain enabled him at last to assert the rights of nature, and in 1844, at the age of eighteen, he left the Society and came to Cleveland. Here for something over a year he worked at coopering, but was so physically enfeebled that he could hardly earn enough to pay his board.

Finally, in 1846, he engaged himself to a business firm as a traveling man, and as such he traveled through western Ohio, Indiana and Michigan, whereby he was impressed with the reality that the Zoar of his infancy and youth was not all of the earth, not all of Christian humanity, and but a dim semblance of heaven for fatherless children. His travels in the West, however, were cut short by the prevailing malarial fever of that early day. He retraced his steps by rail as far as Detroit, which exhausted his last dollar, and he was necessitated to sell some article of wearing apparel to pay deck passage on a steamboat for Cleveland, which he regarded as his home. For two months he was sick and wholly incapacitated for labor, and, being without money, was about to be sent to the poor-house, when the only friend he had in the city came forward and spoke words of encouragement and hope, and, moreover, guaranteeing the payment of his board bill till his death or recovery. The inspiration of such friendship was medicine alike to body and mind, and he was soon enabled to work at his trade, which he did for a year, blessed with health and prosperity. In the winter of 1847 he worked in the shipyard for a time, but soon returned to his occupation as a cooper.

In 1848 he was united in marriage with Miss Eva Maria Schneider. They had three children, one son and two daughters, John, Mary and Lois, all now (1894) living. Early in 1850, he engaged, with a partner, in the coopering business, which they conducted three years, when he sold his interest to his partner. In 1853 he engaged in the business of rectifying and purifying of spirits, which from that time has been the business of his life.

Something may be justly inferred regarding the public estimation of the personal character and business capacity of Mr. Buhrer when contemplating the eighteen years of his unblessed childhood and youth in the fields of Zoar, that at the age of twenty-nine years, and after only eleven years' citizenship in his adopted city, he was, in 1855, elected to the Council from one of the most populous wards for the full term of two years, and twice thereafter, in 1863 and 1865, elected to the same office,—the last time without political opposition.

During his second Councilmanic term the gloomy cloud of the civil war was on. In this Mr. Buhrer was an earnest advocate of the one and inseparable Union, and an active participant in every movement to advance the cause, and but for a physical infirmity which precluded would have served in the ranks of the Union army on Southern battle-fields. Moreover, his duties as Councilman required his constant attention, and especially was his presence needed in his own ward, where a multitude of women and children whose husbands and fathers had early volunteered, or later been drafted, some of whom had already fallen in battle, required his friendly care and helpful hand. Twice was his ward subjected to draft, and would have had to submit to a third but for the energetic action of Councilman Buhrer to prevent it, by largely contributing to the payment of bounties to volunteers. His disbursement of money for the domestic relief of soldiers' families, and the

thousand and one other necessities incident to the civil war, were alike judicious and generous. In all this he served the cause infinitely more effectually than he could by his single musket on the battle-field,—like the blast upon the Highland bugle, "worth a thousand men." It was doubtless in recognition of his important services in his ward and in the city during the most gloomy days of the war, in his capacity as Trustee, that he was again returned for the third term, with unprecedented unanimity. The war had ceased, peace was restored, and his ward expressed its grateful sense of benefits received at his hand during the four years' struggle.

Hardly had his third Councilmanic term expired, when, in April, 1867, he was nominated and elected Mayor of Cleveland by a very large majority, notwithstanding he did not belong to the then usually dominant political organization. His administration was eminently satisfactory, as conceded by all. He was devoted to and zealous in his public duties, of which there have been no superior examples. Unlike the present system of municipal management, with directors in charge of the several departments of the public business, the Mayoralty was then no sinecure, nor was the official chair a seat for elegant lounging. The only official colleagues of the mayor then were the city clerk—who was also auditor—and a treasurer, and a board of city improvments, of which the mayor was chairman, having in charge public works of great magnitude, and including large expenditures of money. He was intrusted with the sole control and management of the large police force, and therefore made responsible for its fidelity and efficiency, besides exercising a careful and constant supervision over fire and water, and every other department of the city government, with a view to the promotion of financial economy. The rigid discharge of duty which he had required of the police, and the avoidance at the same time of everything oppressive, or of the exercise of a seemingly undue official severity, won alike their regard and the public approbation.

It was during this term that the Cleveland House of Correction and Work House was completed and put in successful operation, which was humanely intended to reform and reclaim, as well as to punish the vicious and the criminal. In this Mayor Buhrer took an active and leading part, as likewise he did in all good enterprises of a public nature. Among the most honorable and distinguishing traits of his official character and conduct was his impartiality, freedom from favoritism and bigoted partisanship in the discharge of a public trust. Especially was this characteristic manifested in his well-remembered hostility to those geniuses who pool their issues in "cliques" and "rings" to develop the rich "placers" within the limits of the corporation, and seek to have their drafts honored at the municipal treasury.

At the expiration of his official term it was his earnest desire to be relieved from public care, that he might resume his private business, already too long neglected, and which he confidently expected to do, as no one of his predecessors had ever been re-elected, but being renominated he felt it would seem ungrateful to decline; so in April, 1869, he again was elected Mayor, and this time by the unprecedented majority of nearly 3,000. This public endorsement, especially at a time when his party was generally in the minority throughout the State, was to him alike gratifying and surprising as it was to his neighbors and friends. This election made his name familiar throughout the State, and the Democratic party sought to avail itself of his local popularity. Therefore, in the autumn of the same year, Mr. Buhrer's name was placed on the ticket for State Treasurer, which bore at the head the name of George H. Pendleton for Governor. History records, however, that neither of these gentlemen received a majority.

Again, in April, 1871, weary and enfeebled by official service, and feeling that he had had more than the usual share of the public consideration and political favors awarded to any citizen, he longed for retirement; but, solicited to

enter the Mayoralty race for a third term, he most respectfully and emphatically declined. Notwithstanding his protest he was nominated; and now the Republican party determined to resume its ancient prerogatives and power. Twice, they said, they had let the Democrats defeat the "grand old party," by reason of the personal popularity of their candidate. Besides, it was Presidential year and they must this time have a Republican mayor, cost what it would. So they buckled on their armor, and with the aid of a few mercenary troops, deserters, and disappointed contractors, ever incident to municipal politics, Mr. Buhrer lost in his third campaign by a small majority.

Still his party would not let him rest. Twice they nominated him for County Treasurer without his knowledge, and kept his name upon the ticket notwithstanding his protest. The ticket of course was but a mere formality in the county, where the majority of the dominant party was ordinarily from four to seven thousand.

In 1874 he was again returned to the City Council, though his ward was largely Republican, for the reason mainly that some very important measures were pending which his presence there would promote. The Finance Committee and the Board of Improvements absorbed almost his entire time during the two years' service. Some time thereafter he received the appointment and served with public satisfaction on the Board of Work-House Directors. He was ever in advance in the advocacy of beneficial measures. Among such was a Home for Wayward Children, who needed the care and protection of the public. He was the first who officially recommended the high level bridge, the mighty structure that spans the valley of the Cuyahoga river, known as the Superior street viaduct.

During both terms of his mayoralty, Mr. Buhrer strove to make a model police force. There was then no police board, and the force was left on his hands and under his undisputed control. He labored to secure the public confidence in the working force, and succeeded. To promote social intercourse and cheer their manly spirits, Mayor Buhrer annually gave, at his own expense, to the entire force, on New Year's Day, a public dinner. Between the Mayor and his men mutual good will ever prevailed, and many of his best officers and veterans are still (1894) on the force.

It is a subject worthy of remark, as being quite unusual in modern political life, that Mr. Buhrer never in his life solicited a nomination to an office, while many offices have sought him and some with success. He is a gentleman modest and unassuming while efficient and forceful, in affairs of business or public duties. His wife, who had long been an invalid and a subject of his tenderest care, died in the early springtime of 1889. One year later he married Marguerite Paterson, a lady of Cleveland, whose birth place was New York.

REV. E. M. O'CALLAGHAN, who is pastor of St. Colman's Catholic Church, on Gordon avenue, Cleveland, was born in county Cork, Ireland, May 4, 1831. His parents were Timothy and Julia (Foley) O'Callaghan, both natives of Ireland. The father, a farmer by occupation, in 1854 removed to America and located in Detroit, Michigan, where he soon afterward died, at the age of about seventy years. The mother died in 1839, in Ireland, at the age of about fifty years.

The subject of this sketch, the youngest of six children, of whom three are living, was educated in Ireland, and at the age of twenty years, in 1851, he came to America, stopping in Detroit. He continued his studies at the University of Notre Dame, South Bend, Indiana, and was ordained priest in Cleveland, in 1859, by Bishop Rappe. His labors continued in Cleveland until 1862, when he went to Youngstown, Ohio, where he built St. Columba's Church on Wood street, and began the schoolhouse there, but did not complete it, before he

left Youngstown, in 1870, to go to Fremont, Ohio, where he remained until 1877, when he became pastor of St. Patrick's Church at Cleveland, remaining pastor of this church until 1880. He then became pastor of St. Colman's Church, remaining as such until this date, 1893. This congregation, St. Colman's, was a part of the St. Patrick's and was established in 1880. In his charge he has about 500 families, and his work necessitates an assistant, who is now Rev. I. Hannan, an efficient laborer in the Master's vineyard. The school belonging to this church is one of importance, being attended by about 400 pupils, who are taught by six teachers.

While in Youngstown, Rev. O'Callaghan established a church and erected a church building at Hubbard, Ohio, also in Niles, Ohio; and in Warren, Ohio, he purchased an Episcopal Church building and organized a congregation. In Fremont he not only succeeded in the upbuilding of a congregation from a small nucleus but also in erecting for them a good brick schoolhouse.

In all of his charges Rev. O'Callaghan has been active in the upbuilding of his churches and the providing of buildings for them. He is an energetic, enthusiastic worker and with much zeal and earnestness accomplishes great good.

HARRY L. VAIL, Clerk of the Common Pleas Court of Cuyahoga county, and for some years a practicing attorney at the Cleveland bar, was born at what is now No. 331 Central avenue, this city, in 1858. His ancestors are of good old Revolutionary stock, he being a descendant of one of Washington's most able generals. Harry's father was Judge Isaac Carpenter Vail, deceased, born at White Plains, New York, in 1830. Judge Vail secured a liberal education in the State of his birth, and when a youth of eighteen found his way into Cuyahoga county, and for a time was employed in teaching school at Royalton, this county. He studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1852. He was a good lawyer and gained popularity rapidly.

In 1858 was elected Police Judge of the city, and was re-elected in 1860, and had not yet completed his second term when his patriotism prompted him to resign his office and offer his services to the Federal Government. He was commissioned Captain of Company A, One Hundred and Third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, his command being afterward a part of the Army of the Cumberland. He died at Danville, Kentucky, August 10, 1863.

Judge Vail was a gentleman of much native ability. In his training for the bar he developed a splendid judicial mind. He sympathized with the unfortunate, but not to the extent of meting out to them anything short of exact justice.

Judge Vail's father was Isaac Vail, a merchant of White Plains, New York, who married Ann Green Graham, born at Somerstown, Westchester county, New York, June 10, 1802. Her father, Robert Graham, married Mary, a daughter of Benjamin Greene, a son of General Nathaniel Greene, the hero of many Revolutionary battles. Isaac Vail had an only child at his death, Judge I. C. Vail, father of our subject. Judge Vail married, in this county, Barbara, a daughter of John Van Husen from the Mohawk Valley, of New York. The Van Husens descended from the Holland Dutch who settled in New York when it was called New Netherlands. Two children were born in the family of Judge and Mrs. Vail: Iza, now Mrs. Dr. S. W. Fowler of Delaware, Ohio; and Harry L.

Harry attended Brownell street school in Cleveland, and the high school, preparing himself for entrance into the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware. His first appearance in the University was in 1875. On account of his limited means he was compelled to work his way through college, which he did, graduating in 1879 as valedictorian of his class. About six months later he came to Cleveland and be-

came a reporter on The Herald, where he remained two years and a half, and deciding to study law he made the necessary arrangement with Judges Stevenson Burke and W. B. Sanders to study in their office. He continued to do newspaper work, being city editor of the Sun and Voice. In June, 1885, Mr. Vail was admitted to the bar, and after a year's rest opened an office, and has since been a practicing attorney.

Mr. Vail has always been an ardent Republican and quite active in behalf of his party candidates. In 1893 he became a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, was nominated and elected. He is a Mason, Knight of Pythias and member of the Loyal Legion.

REV. PATRICK JOSEPH SHEA, assistant to the Rev. A. R. Sidley, pastor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception of Cleveland, was born March 19, 1844. His parents were John and Margaret (Dalton) Shea, both natives of Ireland. The father died November 1, 1860, aged sixty-two years, and the mother died July 13, 1892, aged sixty-two years. They were life-long members of the Catholic Church.

In 1852 these parents, with their entire family of eight children, came to the United States and settled in Cleveland, Ohio, where occurred the death of the parents and that of three of their sons and three daughters. Of the children there are now (1893) two sons living, of whom the subject of this sketch is the elder. The younger is Edward Shea, a resident of Cleveland.

At St. Mary's Seminary Rev. Shea received both his literary and theological education, under the instruction of Rev. Sanln. He was ordained priest at London, Ontario, Canada, in 1868, by Bishop Walsh, now Archbishop of Ontario, Canada. In London, Rev. Shea remained twenty-three years as priest, serving only two different churches, namely, Sts. Peter and Paul in Goderich and St. James in Seafort, the latter church being about twenty miles from Goderich; and here was spent the last ten years of his church work, prior to his coming to Cleveland in 1891 to accept the position of assistant pastor to Rev. A. R. Sidley,—a position he has since filled with a marked degree of acceptability.

Of the Church of the Immaculate Conception there are 700 families. It has one school of six rooms, with 600 pupils, taught by six ladies, four Ursulines and two lay lady teachers. The church is located at 1030 Superior street, and the building is 70 x 140 feet, with a seating capacity for about 1,500 people. It is an English congregation, and here are attended three masses each Sunday, at 6, 8:20 and 10:20 A. M.; vespers and benediction are at 3:30 P. M., and Sunday-school at 2:30 P. M.

Rev. Shea is an industrious and successful worker. Among his people he is extremely popular, and in him is reposed the utmost confidence, and for his multifarious duties he is thoroughly qualified, being a man of a high order of education and thoroughly devoted to his work.

PHILIP MORRIS was born in Girard, Trumbull county, Ohio, June 15, 1855, a son of David Morris, who was born July 9, 1819, in Wales, arrived with his father's family in the United States, October 4, 1839, and died February 15, 1862. In 1843 he married Miss Dorothy Philpot, also a native of Wales and a daughter of William Philpot. They had six children, as follows:

Mary, who married, June 8, 1863, A. V. Cannon, a native of Portage county, Ohio, born in 1834 and died July 10, 1867, leaving one child, Clara. Mrs. Cannon afterward married Captain Thomas Wilson, of the Wilson Transit Company, named for him; he is now a resident of this city. By this marriage there were three

children: Daniel Morris, who died at the age of twelve years; and Anna Belle and Mabel, now grown up.

William, who died at the age of thirty-one in San Antonio, Texas, in 1879. He married Miss Belle Wilbur and had three children,—Nellie, Alice and William, the last mentioned of whom died at the age of two years.

John, engaged in the coal business in Youngstown, Ohio. He married Miss Elizabeth Robbins, of Niles, Ohio, and David is their only child.

Dollie, now Mrs. F. M. Osborn, of Cleveland; Mr. Osborn also is engaged in the coal trade. In this family are five children.

Lucy, now Mrs. R. G. Miller, of this city.

Mr. Philip Morris, on approaching the years of manhood, engaged himself in the vessel business on the lakes, with Captain Wilson, for sixteen years. During this time he and his brother John purchased the coal interests of the estate of David Morris, and proceeded to mine what coal there was left in the mines. In 1891 Mr. Philip Morris sold his vessel interest to Captain Wilson, and, entering partnership with Captain John Mitchell and others, formed what is known as the Mitchell Steamship Company of Mentor, Ohio, of which Mr. Morris is vice president and director.

He was married October 22, 1879, to Miss Sarah Elizabeth Lane, a native of Philadelphia and a daughter of William and Jane (Moorehead) Lane, of that city. Mr. Lane is a native of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Lane is a native of Bristol, Pennsylvania. Mr. Morris has four children: Elizabeth Disston, William Philpot, Harry Lane and Douglas. The family are attendants at and supporters of St. Paul's Church, Protestant Episcopal.

Mr. Morris' grandfather, William Philpot, a native of England, was at one time a partner of David Tod, once Governor of Ohio, in the coal business at Briar Hill, which is now a part of Youngstown. Moving to Youngstown in 1846, he endeavored to form a furnace company, associating with himself Jonathan Warner and others in organizing the "Ohio Iron & Mining Company," now known as the "Eagle Furnace Company." At that time Mr. Philpot opened and developed the Wertz and Manning Briar Hill coal mines. The furnace was built for the purpose of smelting iron ore with raw stone coal. The equipment was hazardous and was carried forward under many difficulties, financial and otherwise; but energy and enterprise of Mr. Philpot triumphed over all; he is a man of resolute disposition and practical good sense. He always was successful, for he seemed to know exactly the right course to take; and his integrity has always been unquestioned, his word as good as a bond and his promises always reliable. He died in Liberty township, Trumbull county, June 2, 1851. His wife died in Cleveland, in August, 1865.

He has a most pleasant home, and at his home, with its charming surroundings, he finds his greatest pleasure.

Concerning his father, David Morris, we should add that the memory of his noble and upright life will live in the hearts of those who knew him long after that of most personages of his time. His name will be handed down to future generations as inseparably associated with all that is noble.

ST. VINCENT'S ORPHAN ASYLUM, Cleveland, Ohio, conducted by the Sisters of Charity of St. Augustine, was established in the year 1852, by Bishop Rappe, the first orphan being received on May 20, 1853. A new building for the same purpose was erected on the same plat of ground, in 1858. The building is large and commodious, accommodating at present over 100 orphans, who are trained and cared for by twenty-two Sisters of Charity. The orphans are kept until they reach their 13th year, when suitable homes are found for them. The asylum is located on Monroe street, near Willett.

The same Sisters have had also charge of Charity Hospital since its opening by Bishop Rappe, in 1865. The hospital affords accommodations for about 100 patients, who are received without distinction as to creed or nationality. The institution enjoys the confidence of the public and has its generous support, ranking among the best appointed hospitals of the country.

In close proximity to said Charity Hospital is the Lying-in-Hospital, also under the charge of those Sisters. It was established by Bishop Gilmour in 1873, and since its opening has done untold good to the unfortunates seeking and receiving shelter and care. At present there are sixty foundlings and waifs receiving a mother's care.

The three above named institutions are the life's work of the Sisters of Charity in Cleveland, and are most successfully managed by them.

The superioress of these Sisters of Charity is at present Mother Mary George, who was elected to her position on October 2, 1892, and has the general supervision of the institutions in charge of the Sisters, but has her residence at the mother-house of the community, located near Lakewood, a beautiful suburb of Cleveland.

PHINEAS P. WRIGHT, Assistant General Manager of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway, was born in Herkimer county, New York, February 12, 1824. His father, a native of Keene, New Hampshire, was a saddler and harness-maker by trade: he died when Phineas P. was a mere lad. The mother, whose parents emigrated from Scotland to America, was married a second time, to Elias L. Rose of Niagara county, New York. The two families thus connected removed to the Territory of Michigan, and settled at Bronson, Branch county; there the children were reared upon a farm, enjoying such educational privileges as were afforded by the three months' session of the district school. This was the extent of Mr. Wright's opportunities, excepting the six months spent as a student in the La Grange Collegiate Institute, Ontario, La Grange county, Indiana.

Arriving at the age of maturity he secured a position in the dry-goods store of Asa T. Groendyke at Coldwater, Michigan, where he continued until his election to the office of County Clerk of Branch county; he filled this office, as well as that of Clerk of the Courts of Record and Register in Chancery, for six years, retiring January 1, 1855. He then resumed farming, and at the end of the next three years removed with his family to Linn county, Missouri. There he prepared a set of abstracts of title for the county, and embarked in the real-estate business, which he conducted until the commencement of the war of the Rebellion. He immediately thereafter resigned the office of Mayor of the town of Linneus to which he had been elected, and returned to Michigan, where he became the agent of the Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Railroad Company at Coldwater. In the fall of 1865 he took the position of track master of the La Porte division of said railroad. In the autumn of 1866 he was transferred to the agency of the same company at Detroit. In January, 1870, he was promoted to the position of Superintendent of the Kalamazoo division of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway. June 1, 1871, he was transferred to the superintendency of the Buffalo division of the same railway. September 1, 1873, he accepted the position of Superintendent of Transportation of the Erie Railway, with headquarters in New York city, serving in this capacity until October, 1881; he then returned to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway as General Superintendent, a position he held until January 1, 1892, when he was promoted to the position of Assistant General Manager, which he still fills. He has been in continuous railroad service for thirty-three years, a record in itself that needs no commentary.

Mr. Wright was united in marriage at Coldwater, Michigan, January 1, 1852, to Miss

Lovina A. Warner, whose father, Judge Harvey Warner, was a pioneer of Branch county, having emigrated from Penfield, New York. Mrs. Wright was the second white child born in that county. This marriage has been blessed with the birth of four children: Homer, the eldest, died at the age of nineteen years; Lorene, the wife of Charles H. Dickinson, resides at Coldwater, Michigan; May is the wife of William Canby, and resides in St. Paul, Minnesota; Charles, a youth of sixteen years, is now a student in the Harvard School for Boys, at Chicago. Mr. and Mrs. Wright also reared from infancy an adopted daughter, May Warner Conger, an only child of Mrs. Wright's deceased sister; she is now the wife of Asa A. Davidson and lives in Chicago.

JOHN P. SPENCER.—In the decease of John P. Spencer, which occurred on August 12, 1890, at his home in Rockport township, Cuyahoga county sustained the loss of one of its most worthy and respected citizens.

He was a native of Brookfield, Madison county, New York, where he was born May 24, 1805, to Jonathan and Molly (Jones) Spencer, the second of a family of eight children. Both his father and mother were natives of East Greenwich, Rhode Island, where the former was born December 6, 1778, and the latter on November 27, 1781. Jonathan Spencer, the father, emigrated to Brookfield, Madison county, New York, in 1803, and settled on a farm. In early life he was a tanner and currier, and in later years engaged in shoemaking. In 1834 he removed to Olmsted Falls, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where he died February 7, 1837. His wife's death occurred at the same place two years prior to his, namely, on February 10, 1835.

Our subject passed his boyhood at home, assisting his father and attending the district school, where he received a good English education. Upon attaining his majority he started out on his own account to make his way in the world. He engaged in farm work during four seasons, and also during the winter months taught in the district schools of Brookfield township for two seasons. He was industrious, economical and ambitious to have a home of his own, and to this object bent all his energies. With a few hundred dollars saved from his earnings, he left his native place in 1830, and turning his steps westward settled in Cuyahoga county, Ohio. There, in the southwestern part of Rockport township, he purchased a fertile tract of 125 acres, which at that time were covered by the dense forest, and began the work of making for himself a home. Two years later, on the 13th of March, 1832, he married Miss Electa M. Beach, who was born May 21, 1811, at Norfolk, Litchfield county, Connecticut, to Junia and Hannah (Ingraham) Beach. She was a woman of most estimable qualities and much force of character, and throughout their happy married life of fifty-eight years she was a worthy helpmeet of her worthy husband. Her decease occurred on February 24, 1890. After having lived together for fifty years, they celebrated their golden wedding on the 13th of March, 1882, and were the recipients of many beautiful and appropriate presents, as tokens of affection and esteem.

Mr. Spencer was a man of clear foresight, energy and thrift. Independent, self-reliant and with a high sense of honor, he made his way from humble circumstances to a position of influence among his fellow-citizens. He was a man of domestic tastes, simple in his habits and devoted to his family and friends. His charities were bestowed with a generous hand. Under his hospitable roof were always help and good cheer for the needy, and no worthy person was ever turned from his door empty-handed. He was prosperous and by his thrift and industry accumulated an ample competency, which he used unselfishly. He at one time owned 225 acres of land, but prior to his death distributed all of it among his children.

Mr. Spencer was a public-spirited man, and, in discharging the duties of the various posi-

tions to which he was called by his fellow-citizens, won the approval of all. He never sought political honors, for he found in his more modest sphere ample scope for the gratification of his ambition. To do good and help others was to him a noble end. Physically Mr. Spencer was a well formed man, and few would accomplish more in his business at middle life than he; and he has related that until after the age of seventy years he had not called for the service of a physician on account of illness for himself. One of the traits of his character was his love for children; there were but few whose confidence he could not obtain, and made them feel that in him they had a friend. Also his love for domestic animals, who would come at his call, and showed by their looks the care they received.

In his native State he was called to serve in the militia and served as an officer in his company, and afterward received a commission as Ensign from the then governor of New York, Martin Van Buren, and held it until he removed to Ohio. In politics he was a Democrat until the time of the Civil war, when he identified himself with the Republican party. He had his choice who should hold office, and exercised his right by voting at each succeeding election for the person or principle that seemed best. It is not known that he ever missed voting, after being of legal age, at a general election during his long life. His sound judgment and high sense of honor were prominent characteristics, so that his counsels were often sought by his neighbors and friends who honored him in his lifetime and revere his memory. To these and to his family he left the best of all legacies, the influence and example of a noble, self-sacrificing life.

There were born to Mr. and Mrs. Spencer six children. Of these Henry B., born June 24, 1833; Mary R., born March 25, 1835, was married November 27, 1853, to James A. Potter, and died on November 7, 1890; Hannah L., born January 17, 1837, was married February 2, 1860, to Francis W. Mastick; Amos B., born January 21, 1839, married Miss Nellie Mastick on March 21, 1861; John W., born June 30, 1841, married Miss Deborah Goldwood on December 24, 1866; and Frank J., born September 16, 1849, married Miss Lou Palmer on November 25, 1872. John W. served as a volunteer in the Fifteenth Ohio Battery for three and a half years, during the war of the Rebellion.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer were both interred in Fairview cemetery in Rockport, where a suitable monument marks their last resting place on earth.

HENRY B. SPENCER.—One of the substantial and representative citizens of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is Henry B. Spencer, of Rockport township, and his life fitly illustrates what one may accomplish by persistently following a fixed and honorable purpose. He comes of sturdy New England stock and inherits the manly qualities and virtues that characterized his worthy father, the late John P. Spencer, whose biographical sketch appears on another page of this volume.

Henry B. Spencer was born on the 24th day of June, 1833, in Rockport township, in what is now known as "Rocky River Hamlet." He was reared on the old homestead, and received a thorough English education in the common schools of his township, which were of unusually high order, and also studied for a time at Baldwin University at Berea. After attaining his majority, he took a course of lectures at the Ohio Agricultural College then located at Cleveland, and which he now looks back upon with pleasure, and wishes that every young man could avail himself of the privileges and instruction which such a course affords. He has always been a man of affairs with an inquiring turn of mind and has kept himself well informed on matters of popular and current interest. With him education never ceases. With nature's book opened out before him in-

Henry B. Spencer.

viting study, the days are too short to learn it all. He occasionally contributes articles to some of the leading periodicals devoted to the subjects of agriculture, horticulture and science, which are the results of his observation, investigation and experiments. All his life he has had a fondness for fruit-growing, making grape culture a special feature, and is widely known as an authority in horticultural matters, as he has made numerous successful experiments in introducing new varieties of grapes. At the same time he gives general farming a full share of his time and attention. Following his agricultural and horticultural pursuits from an innate love of them, his constant study has been to secure the highest and best results from his work. His finely improved and highly cultivated lands bear ample testimony of the success of his methods. In acquiring the land he now owns he commenced in a small way with a few acres, and has added to them as conditions and circumstances seemed favorable until he has become the owner of one hundred and eighty (180) acres of fine land, forty acres of which lie in the township of Dover, in a beautiful and romantic situation on the south shore of Lake Erie, at a place known as Dover Bay Park, which has been found well adapted to growing the finest of grapes, to which a share of it is devoted.

As a man and citizen Mr. Spencer has always held a high place in the esteem of all who have known him, and his fellow-citizens have honored him with numerous positions of responsibility and trust, in all of which his conduct has been marked by the utmost fidelity, and he has acquitted himself with much credit and universal satisfaction. He is a man of the highest integrity, prompt and careful; and in all his business transactions, as well as in every thing else, he "seeks to do unto others as he would have others do unto him." His life has been one of unselfish devotion to his family and friends, and in all his social and other relations he bears himself as a high-minded gentleman, whose chief desire is to make the world brighter and better. Warm-hearted, affable and genial, he attracts to himself many friends, and esteems it a pleasure to do for them.

Mr. Spencer is an earnest advocate of all matters of public interest, and contributes generously of both time and money to further all movements calculated to improve and benefit the community. He was one of the pioneer movers in organizing the Rockport and Dover Plank Road Company, and became one of its first stockholders and directors. He was afterwards Superintendent of the road for one year and treasurer for three years. This road was a great advantage to the people along the line and to the surrounding country by affording them better facilities for getting their produce to market. In political sentiment Mr. Spencer is a zealous Republican and in his religious belief is liberal and broad-minded and cheerfully accords to others that independence of thought and action that he asks for himself. His has been an active life, full of good works, and none deserves more than he to be ranked among our influential and self-made men.

WALTER PERCIVAL RICE, chief engineer of the city of Cleveland, was born in this city, September 2, 1855. After taking a course in the public schools he was prepared for a scientific course under the tutorship of John D. Crehore, a civil engineer, and then, entering the school of civil engineering at the Lehigh University, Pennsylvania, he graduated in 1876, receiving the degree of C. E. Returning to Cleveland he was for several years engaged in street work, dredging and in the construction of the Superior street viaduct, under B. F. Morse and S. H. Miller. Then special practice, including bridge work, received his attention for a short time. Subsequently, under Colonel John M. Wilson, Mr. Rice served as United States Assistant Engineer for a period of six years, on harbors between Dunkirk and Detroit. Governor Hoadley appointed him Chief

of Engineers of the State of Ohio, and then he served three years as city civil engineer of Cleveland. Finally, after a lapse of time, he was, in 1893, appointed to the position he now holds.

Among other works done by Mr. Rice, he designed the Brooklyn and Brighton viaduct and superintended the construction of the same. He was also consulting engineer for the Wheeling Arch, which is the third largest structure of its kind in the world. Mr. Rice has designed sewerage systems for several towns, was one of the founders of the Civil Engineers' Club of Cleveland, and is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. He has been a zealous worker in behalf of the National Public Works movement as represented by the McCullom-Breckenridge bill, a piece of legislation looking to the introduction of a system of internal improvements similar to other civilized nations. He is the author of several articles contributed to scientific journals and read before the Engineers' Club of this city, also the Engineers' Club of Chicago. His statements in regard to the currents off Cleveland and the final disposition of the city's sewage were favorably reviewed by one of the leading American experts.

He is a son of Percy W. Rice, who was born in the State of Ohio.

RAW JACKSON, one of the well-known farmers of Orange township, Cuyahoga county, was born at Marrick, Yorkshire, England, September 24, 1833, a son of Raw and Jane (Lonsdale) Jackson, also natives of that place, who were the parents of twelve children. They located on the farm where our subject now resides in 1835, where they remained until death, and were buried at this place.

Raw Jackson, whose name heads this sketch, came to Orange township when two years of age. He now owns a well improved farm of 143 acres, where he has a good dwelling house, two good barns, one 34 x 44 feet, and the other 30 x 40 feet, has all the other necessary farm improvements, and, in addition to general farming, is extensively engaged in stock-raising.

In 1865, at Mayfield, Ohio, Mr. Jackson was united in marriage with Maria Walkden, a native of Warrensville, Cuyahoga county, and a daughter of James and Mary (Barker) Walkden, the former a native of Lancastershire, and the latter of Yorkshire, England. Both died at Warrensville, Ohio, at the ages of eighty-six and eighty-eight years, respectively. Mr. and Mrs. Walkden had seven children, — Robert, Mary, Amos, Moses, Martha and Maria (twins), and Lucy. Mr. and Mrs. Raw Jackson have three sons,—George V., Frank C. and Arthur W. Frank C. and George Veach have a farm of 100 acres in Orange township. Mr. Jackson is one of the leading farmers of his community, and is a well known and respected citizen.

WF. HOPPENSACK, secretary and treasurer of The Savings, Building & Loan Company, of Cleveland, was born in this city, July 17, 1859. His early education was received in the public schools of his native city, after which he entered Fort Wayne Theological Seminary, having for his object the better equipment of himself for a life of general usefulness. There, however, his studies were interrupted by sickness, and at the end of three years' work he was obliged to leave the institution. In the fall of 1878 he began the study of law under the instructions of Judge J. D. Cleveland, in whose office he remained nine years and four months, doing all the clerical work and much of the preliminary work in the preparation of court cases. He was never examined for admission to the bar. In February, 1887, County Recorder A. T. Anderson offered him a place in his office as deputy, which he accepted, entering upon his duties at once. He remained there four years and became a formi-

dable candidate for nomination for County Recorder, but lost it in a convention held on the old plan, by a small margin. January 1, 1892, he was appointed cashier of the Collector of Customs, receiving his appointment from Capt. M. B. Gary. This position he resigned the following month in order to accept the place he now fills so creditably.

Mr. Hoppensack is a son of H. F. Hoppensack, deceased, who was born in Prussia and who came to Cleveland, Ohio, in 1844. The other members of the family are as follows: Fred E., a carpenter; Frank F., shipping clerk for the American Lubricating Oil Works; Anna, wife of Edward Jordan; Kate E.; Lillie, wife of Charles Lang; and J. F. W.

The subject of our sketch was married in Cleveland, to Miss Harm, daughter of Michael Harm, who was born in Germany. Her mother's maiden name was Crolly. Mr. and Mrs. Hoppensack's children are Emma Loretta and Olga Bertha.

In politics Mr. Hoppensack is a radical Republican. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, National Union, and Royal League; was one of the founders of the Tippecanoe Club.

SAMUEL COZAD, Sr., the earliest representative of the family in Ohio, came to Cleveland in 1808, accompanied by his wife, Jane McIlrath Cozad, and their eight children. He settled on a tract of land now crossed by Euclid avenue and partly occupied by the grounds of Adelbert College. His first purchase consisted of 100 acres, but before his death he and his six sons owned all the land lying between Doan brook and the Dugway which passes through Lake View cemetery. A typical pioneer he knew no fear of hardship or privation and labored with untiring energy for the accomplishment of his ends. He was a man of the strictest integrity and worthy of the great respect in which he was held. The names of his children are: Jacob, Elias, Anna, Samuel, Henry, Sarah, Andrew and Nathaniel C.

Andrew Cozad, father of M. E. Cozad, of this city, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, November 7, 1801, and died May 20, 1873, after a life of useful activity. A lad of seven years when his parents came to the western frontier, he also tasted of the privations of pioneer life, and grew to manhood amidst the wildest surroundings. At the age of twenty-four, May 12, 1825, he was united in marriage to Sally Simmons, a daughter of Ephraim and Polly (Sparger) Simmons. Mrs. Cozad was born at New Hartford, Oneida county, New York, August 17, 1805, and died April 6, 1884. Nine children were born of this union: Jane Celestia, Mary Ann, Nathaniel C., Justice L., Charlotte, Andrew Dudley, Henry Irving, Sarah L., and Marcus Eugene. As he grew to mature years he became deeply interested in public affairs, and filled many of the local offices. He was also active in educational and temperance work, and from the founding of Shaw Academy until his death was a trustee of that institution. He was a faithful reader of the Congressional Globe, and was thoroughly posted upon all matters of national interest. His creed was, "He that feareth God and worketh righteousness is accepted."

Justice L. Cozad was born in Cleveland, Ohio, and grew to manhood upon his father's farm. He received his education in the public school with two years at Austinburg and one year in the Cleveland University. In 1852 he entered the employ of the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railway Company, and three years later joined the Government survey in Kansas and Nebraska. In 1861 he went on the Bellefontaine railroad as chief engineer and general superintendent, and also had control of the Bee Line and Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railway from Cleveland to St. Louis. He located and built the line between Indianapolis and Terre Haute, acting as chief engineer. In 1875 he went into the abstract business under the firm name of Odell & Cozad, this relationship existing nine years. At the end of this period he became a member of the firm of

Cozad, Beltz & Bates, who do a large and prosperous abstract business. He was married in 1858 to Miss Artemisia Whitman, a native of this city and one of the teachers in the public schools. They are the parents of four children: Florence S. is at home; Olive is the wife of Mr. Bates of the abstract company; Jennie and Gertrude are missionaries to Japan, where they have been since 1888. Jennie was married in the "Flowery Kingdom" to the Rev. Horatio B. Newell, and they have two children. Before going to Japan these two daughters spent a year in preparation at Oberlin College. Their departure was the first break in the family circle, but they deemed their mission worthy of the sacrifice. Both are thoroughly well educated and accomplished, and they have made admirable records.

Modes of travel being yet quite primitive in Japan, Mr. Cozad sent his daughters each a wheel, one a bicycle and the other a tricycle; these inventions of the nineteenth century have afforded them much comfort and pleasure in the far-distant land of the Mikado.

H. G. SIPHER.—America is so thoroughly cosmopolitan in the make-up of her populace, representing all sorts and conditions of men from all sections of the globe, that it would be difficult to determine with any degree of satisfaction as to which foreign nation has contributed the best element in our conglomerate national fabric. It is, however, safe to say that Germany has given us a large contingent of strong, honest, enterprising, intellectual and patriotic citizens, and that we owe much to the influence of this element.

The subject of this brief sketch now holds the responsible preferment as Deputy Treasurer of Cuyahoga county, a position whose holding stands in unmistakable evidence of his character and ability. H. G. Sipher was born in the kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany, September 3, 1842, being a son of Gottlob and Regina Sipher. He passed his boyhood days in his native land, receiving his educational training in the public schools there. Finally, as his seventeenth birthday anniversary drew near, the young man prepared himself to emigrate to America. We can well imagine what must have been the hopes and aspirations of the youth at that time and how he must have been an object of solicitous care to the honest and faithful friends who assembled in the village street to wish him God speed on his eventful voyage and to extend the best wishes for his success and happiness. To thus break away from home ties implies a courage and fortitude that few, perhaps, realize. In due time our subject was in transit on the deep, passing his birthday anniversary, noted above, at sea. On reaching the United States he proceeded forthwith to Medina, Ohio, which place was the residence of an older brother. In that town he remained until 1871, being employed in the interim at the shoemaker's trade.

In January, 1865, with a patriotic devotion for his adopted country, he enlisted for service in the late civil conflict, becoming a member of Company A, One Hundred and Seventy-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He had taken out his naturalization papers in the November previous and his first ballot for President was cast for Abraham Lincoln. His loyalty to the cause was firm and true and he served in the war until its close, being mustered out at Nashville, Tennessee.

In 1871 Mr. Sipher came to Cleveland and engaged to clerk in the dry-goods business of J. C. Spieth on Woodland avenue. Three years later he started a dry-goods establishment on Lorain street, West Side, and there carried on a successful business until 1888, when he disposed of the same, two years later accepting his present position as a deputy in the office of the County Treasurer. From 1881 to 1883 he was a member of the Board of Education; he was at one time Deputy Sheriff, and has held other positions of public trust. In his political proclivities he has ever been strongly arrayed in line with

the Republican party, and he has been a member of the Republican Central Committee for the past eight years.

In the matter of fraternal affiliations Mr. Sipher retains a membership in the I. O. O. F., being connected with Amazon Lodge, No. 567; with North Wing Encampment, No. 88, and with Lakeside Canton, No. 29. He is Commissary of the Sixth Regiment, with the title of Captain. He is a trustee of the order, and has filled the chairs of Grand Secretary of the Ohio Division of the Independent Order of Foresters, of which he has been a member for the past fifteen years. He is also a member of the G. A. R., Army & Navy Post.

July 9, 1865, he was united in marriage to Elizabeth Schmoltz, and their home has been brightened by the presence of three children, one of whom, Arthur, died at the age of twelve years. The two who remain are Cora L. and Charles F. The pleasant home of our subject is at No. 1007 Lorain street.

SAMUEL C. EVANS, M. D.—Occupying a position of unmistakable prominence among the members of the Cleveland medical profession, and recognized as a physician of high attainments, there is signal consistency in according to Dr. Evans a place is this volume. He is the manager of the Evans Medical Dispensary, located at No. 43 Public Square, and is one of the most capable practitioners in the city, in his line. He is what is technically known as a specialist, giving his attention particularly to the treatment of disorders of the skin and blood. The modern tendency to specialize the different branches of medical science in reference to the treatment of specific diseases or maladies of allied order, is one that is to be looked upon with satisfaction and approval by all who understand the trend of the matter. It is simply an impossibility for a physician in general practice to keep himself thoroughly informed, by either reading or personal investigation and experiment, as to the advances made in the treatment of the manifold diseases to which human flesh is heir. It is then expedient that there should be pathological specialists or experts, men who have not covered the entire realm of medical study but whose decisions in regard to certain lines of disease and their treatment may be considered as authoritative.

Dr. Evans was born in the city of Cleveland, March 29, 1845, a son of William and Anne (Welch) Evans, both of whom were natives of Ireland. Their marriage occurred in New York city, and they came westward to Cleveland as early as 1826. The father was a contractor, having given special attention to railway construction. A noteworthy fact is, that he put in operation the first dray ever used in the city of Cleveland. He was a man of sterling integrity, and was held in high esteem. He died in 1874, at the advanced age of eighty-four years, his widow passing away five years later, at the age of seventy-eight. They had eleven children, of whom we make record as follows: James Evans, who was chief engineer of the ill-fated steamer Lac la Belle,—which was run into by the steamer Milwaukee and sunk in November, 1866,—and thus lost his life while at his post of duty. Three years later the vessel was raised and once more put into service, only however to meet a similar disaster, going to the bottom while on the route between Grand Haven and Milwaukee, entailing the loss of many lives. The boat was again raised, repaired and put into operation, and for the third time went down, with all on board!

John W. Evans, the second son, is the patentee of the appliances utilized in extracting linseed oil by the use of naphtha, and is the general superintendent of the Cleveland Linseed Oil Company, in which he is a large stockholder. This company has two extensive plants, one located in Chicago and the other in Cleveland.

Willie, the third son, died when only a year and a half old. Margaret is the wife of P. O'Brien, a retired merchant of Cleveland; Eliz-

abeth is the widow of J. N. Walsh, once a prosperous grocer of the same city; Mary is the wife of John Welsh, of Cleveland; Joseph is a machinist of this city. He enlisted, in 1861, for service in the late war, in Company B, Eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, being only seventeen years of age, and served continuously for three years and twenty-nine days, participating in nearly eighty general engagements. Being a member of the Army of the Potomac, he took part in nearly all its engagements. Was never wounded or taken prisoner. The seventh child is Richard, who is now solicitor for the Manufacturers' Record, of Baltimore, Maryland. He also saw active service on the field of battle, going out as a drummer boy at the age of fourteen years, in the same company which his brother Joseph entered. At length he returned home, and afterward enlisted in the Sixty-first Ohio Volunteer Infantry as a private, was eventually taken sick, sent to the hospital and finally discharged, by reason of disability. Frances is the wife of Frank Wagner, an old prominent funeral director of Cleveland; and George is agent for the Cincinnati Brewing Company, his territory embracing northern Ohio.

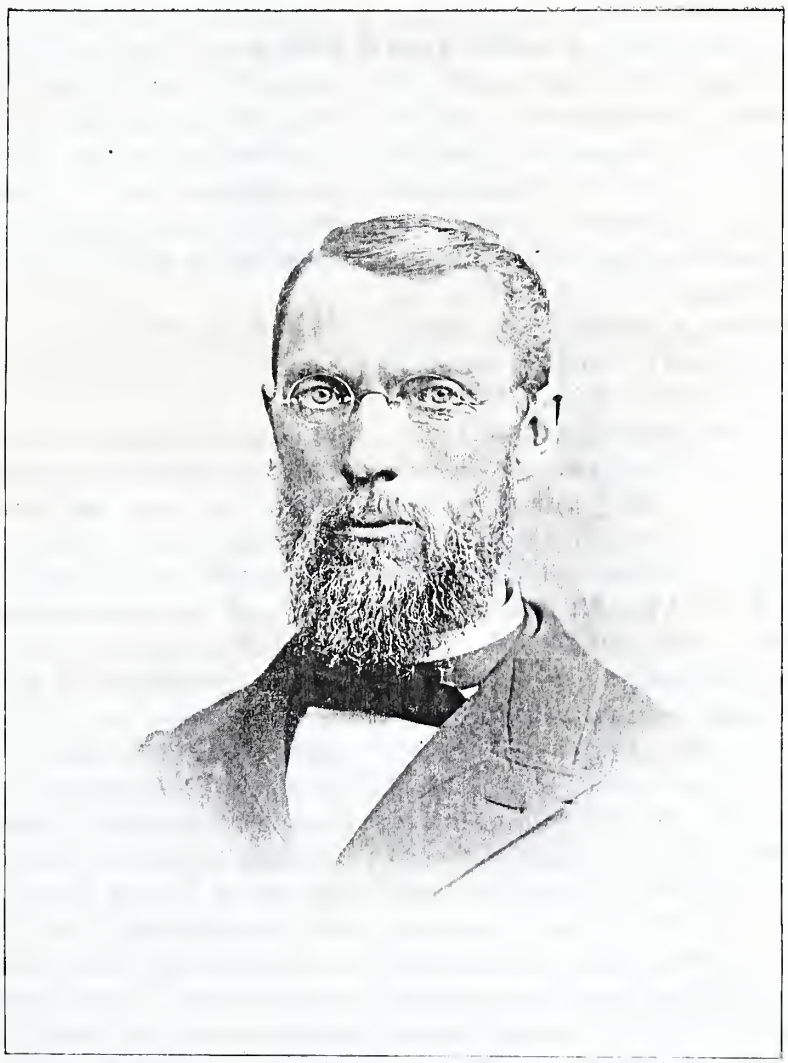
Dr. Evans, the subject of this sketch, received his preliminary education in the public schools of Cleveland, and in 1886 took one course of lectures at the Western Reserve College, and completed his studies at New York in 1887. He had gained a practical knowledge of medicine and had been in successful practice for years prior to entering a medical college, having from the beginning given special attention to skin and blood diseases. In those special lines he has treated many severe cases of chronic disease, and has effected some really remarkable cures by reason of his thorough knowledge of the nature of the disorders and the most effective remedial agents to be employed.

In 1869 the Doctor married Miss Louisa Antoinette Weinstein, a native of New York city and of French extraction. They have had two children: Georgie, who died in early childhood; and Samuel William, a member of the class of 1895 in the medical department of the Western Reserve University, and a young man of much promise.

As to his political predilections Dr. Evans is an independent thinker and voter. In his personal appearance he is prepossessing and of fine manner and address, genial and courteous, and is honored and esteemed professionally and socially. He is a veteran of the war of the Rebellion, having served as a member of Company E, of the One Hundred and Fiftieth Volunteer Infantry.

GENERAL H. N. WHITBECK, of Berea, Ohio, was born in Columbia county, New York, in December, 1836. When he was still a child his parents removed to Monroe county, that State, where he passed his boyhood days until he was thirteen years old, when the family removed to Lorain county, Ohio. He acquired a good business education in Oberlin College, and was first employed as clerk in a store at Elyria, Ohio, and in 1858 came to Berea and engaged in mercantile business until October, 1861, when he recruited Company E, Sixty-fifth Ohio Regiment, being commissioned Captain of the company. He served in that capacity until December, 1862, when he was promoted Major; the following spring he was commissioned Lieutenant Colonel, and afterward Colonel, and still later brevetted Brigadier-General, serving till August, 1865. He was wounded three times: first at the battle of Stone river, slightly; next at Chickamauga, severely, the missile passing through the left arm, entered the left side, and was extracted from under the right shoulder blade; and lastly at Kenesaw mountain, severely, so that he nearly lost his life. For nearly a year he served on court martial, at Nashville, Tennessee.

On leaving the army he returned to Berea, and on account of ill health was unable to engage in active business. In the autumn of 1881 he was elected Treasurer of Cuyahoga county,



J. C. Mapes.

on the Republican ticket, and at the end of two years was re-elected. He has done considerable work for his party. Fraternally, he is a member of the Masonic order, the Loyal Legion and the Grand Army of the Republic.

He was married in Lorain county, Ohio, to Miss Frances C. Perry, a native of Elyria, that county. She died in Berea, in August, 1886, after a short illness, leaving four children, as follows: Mary A., who became the wife of F. T. Pomeroy; Helen F., who is the wife of E. F. Schneider; Horatio N., the youngest son, died in Cleveland, at the age of twenty-one; and William P., who died at Berea, at the age of thirty-one years.

GEORGE CARLTON MAPES, one of the leading undertakers and furniture dealers of Collinwood, was born in Mayfield township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, June 29, 1844, a son of Hiel S. and Mary Jane (Field) Mapes, the former born in New York and the latter near Lake Champlain, Vermont.

The father, a farmer by occupation, was Captain of the first militia ever organized in this section. He came with his mother, Julia (Smith) Mapes, to Cuyahoga county in 1812, his father, Seth Mapes, having arrived here a few days before, and was preparing a home for his family. Mrs. Mapes covered an ox cart with canvas, made such preparations as she could for the journey, and with her children started for Cuyahoga county. She cared for her little ones and drove the oxen the entire distance, arriving safely in due time, as much to the pleasure as to the surprise of her husband. She was a woman of wonderful courage, and was well and favorably known in her community. She lived to the age of eighty-seven years. The farm on which the family located was contiguous to the Garfield place, and is still in possession of the Mapes family. When eighteen years of age Hiel Mapes, the father of our subject, cut thirty-two cords of wood, for which he received the first pair of boots he ever owned. In addition to his other interests, he served as Township Trustee nearly one-half of his life. He died at the age of sixty-seven years. His spotless life, fidelity and integrity will be cherished by all who know him, and to know him was to love and admire him for his many virtues and his good business methods. Mr. Mapes was three times married, and our subject is the seventh in a family of thirteen children, all of whom are living. Mrs. Mapes died in 1848, at the age of thirty-two years. She joined the Methodist Episcopal Church in early life, and lovingly continued in its communion until her death. They soon became accustomed to the hardships, suffering and inconveniences incident to Ohio pioneer life.

G. C. Mapes, the subject of this sketch, attended the public schools, and later entered the academy at Mayfield. He was patriotic in spirit, and during the late war enlisted seven times, but was rejected on account of physical disability. He, however, spent a short time with the One Hundred and Third Ohio Regiment. In 1874 he opened a real-estate office in this city, which he continued until 1881, and since that time has been engaged in the undertaking and furniture business. His line of goods and equipments are the latest improved and in keeping with the best in any city. In 1888 Mr. Mapes was elected Mayor of Collinwood, and served in that position one term. He is a man of energy, enterprise and vim. His life furnishes a good example of what will and perseverance can accomplish when coupled with honesty and strict integrity of character.

In 1863 our subject was united in marriage with Miss Henrietta, a daughter of Walter and Amanda Frissell, both now deceased. The father died at the age of eighty-two years, and the mother died at the age of eighty years. Mrs. Frissell came from Massachusetts, coming to Euclid township in an ox sled, covering the whole distance in six weeks in the dead of winter. Mr. and Mrs. Mapes have four children: Harry S., cashier and credit manager of the

Sherwin-Williams house in Chicago; Carey, deceased at the age of four and a half years; Will Carlton, also deceased; and Harvey Guy. The eldest, Harry S., married Etta Florence Darby: Ralph C., their only child, died at the age of two and one-half years.

Mr. and Mrs. Mapes are members of the Disciple Church, which was organized at their home in 1880, and the former has served as its Trustee since that time. He was also the first Superintendent of the Sunday-school. The church now contains a membership of 311, and the Sunday-school has over 200 members. In his social relations, Mr. Mapes has filled various chairs in the Odd Fellows order, and is also a leading member of the A. O. U. W. Politically, he is a firm believer in the principles set forth by the Republican party.

W. S. JONES, deceased, president and treasurer of the Citizens' Savings and Loan Association of Cleveland, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, April 13, 1837. In point of settlement this is not an old family in Ohio, or even in the United States. John Jones, our subject's father, was a poor, industrious English boy, having found his way to Cleveland in 1829. He was born in Herefordshire in 1812, and was only seventeen years of age when he cast his lot in the Forest City, friendless and practically penniless. He turned his hand to any legitimate labor that would yield him an honest dollar, and in a few years had earned and accumulated a sum sufficient to enable him to enjoy a good degree of financial independence. In middle and later life he engaged in the livery and transfer business in this city, meeting with his usual success, and leaving, at his death in 1873, a good estate.

W. S. Jones was educated in the city schools of Cleveland, graduating at eighteen years of age. He entered the office of G. A. Hyde, of this city, for the purpose of acquiring a practical knowledge of civil engineering, which business he expected to engage in, but circumstances controlled otherwise, and when he made a new business arrangement it was to enter the office of the county Auditor as draughtsman; later he became Deputy Auditor, and by reason of his popularity and efficiency he succeeded to the Auditorship in the fall election of 1868. He was re-elected in 1870 and again in 1872, and closed his public service by resignation in January, 1875, to accept the position of vice-president and treasurer of the Citizens' Savings and Loan Association. Thenceforward he devoted his time to the management of this institution, keeping abreast of the times and maintaining for it a high standard, and a public confidence unsurpassed by any similar institution in the city.

In 1892 Mr. Jones succeeded to the presidency of the bank. He had other interests in and out of Cleveland, and was officially connected as follows: For a number of years treasurer of the C. W. & M. R. R.; treasurer of Kalamazoo R. & G. R. R.; director in the National Bank of Commerce of Cleveland, and a stockholder in manufacturing and other institutions in this city; treasurer and trustee of the Children's Aid Society and Cleveland Bethel Union; director of the Valley Railroad, and vice-president of the American Casualty Company. The several business positions are pointed out as evidence of the varied business relations he has long since sustained in the business world.

As a business man, Mr. Jones was characterized by sagacity, marked executive ability and shrewd commercial talent. His success in the business world was due to untiring energy, together with his ability to grasp a business situation with a comprehensive idea of all its bearings and the probable outcome or result of any business course or plan of operation. He always maintained a strict character for probity, and always shared the confidence of those who were permitted to come in contact with him in the transaction of business. While in public office he was as efficient as in the business world, and

was one of the most popular officials who had ever served in a county office. Politically he was always a well pronounced Republican, but after his resignation of the office of county Auditor he has never sought political preferment. However, he never grew less enthusiastic in the interests of the party to which he always belonged. This respected and esteemed citizen was such by reason of having improved every opportunity of doing good which has been afforded him, and by living a moral, honest and active life.

He died November 29, 1893, after an illness of some six weeks, brought on by exposure at the World's Fair. By his death the social circles of Cleveland, as well as the business men, suffered a great loss. Resolutions to this effect were passed by the Board of Trade, Citizens' Savings and Loan Association, Children's Aid Society, Cleveland Clearing-House Association, and the Bethel Association. The Bankers' Review of December, 1893, says he was a leading man in Cleveland's banking business.

A. V. KURTZ, a well known resident of Cleveland, occupies an important and responsible position as local manager of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, and there are many points of interest to be noted in tracing his life history through its stages, taking cognizance of his rise as a result of native ability and indefatigable perseverance.

He was born in Cleveland January 13, 1852, and secured a high-school education, but it was not permitted him to be afforded those advanced educational opportunities which are so often offered and so often fail of appreciation. However, there are more roads than one that "lead to Rome," and the boy set out to make his way in life and to attain such measure of success as it was in his power to gain. In 1869 he became messenger boy in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and it is interesting to note his progress along that line to which his earliest efforts were devoted after he had found it necessary to resign his studies in school and to turn his attention to undertakings that would yield immediate pecuniary returns. In time he mastered the science of telegraphy, and has been an operator for a full quarter of a century, and for eight years of this time he was in the employ of the same company over whose local interests he now presides.

Through faithful service, close attention to business, and assiduous toil, he advanced step by step from one position to an other of greater trust and responsibility, being in turn an operator, clerk, bookkeeper, cashier and finally, in 1885, being appointed local manager of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company's offices, 117 Superior street. In this position he has had the general supervision of thirty-one operators, who are under the direct charge of Mr. E. W. Collins, as electrician and chief operator; also of eleven branch offices in divers quarters of the city. He has six clerks and thirty-eight messenger boys, in charge of B. J. Ross, chief clerk. The financial affairs are directed by the cashier, Mr. J. H. Matthias, who has two assistants. An idea of the responsibility involved may be gained from even these brief statistics in regard to the work over which he is placed in charge.

His work in the interests of the company has been important, exacting and successful. He had the general supervision of the work of enclosing the trunk wires in conduits running through the fire limits of the city to the Cuyahoga river at the Columbus street bridge, the work being accomplished at a cost of $15,000. Mr. Kurtz was for some time connected with the Union Building and Loan Association as cashier.

Our subject was united in marriage, June 18, 1878, to Miss Nettie Morse, a daughter of George W. Morse, an old resident of Ashtabula county, who at present is living in Cleveland, as a retired business man. Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz have three children: Grace, born in 1879; Haydn, in 1885; and Gaylord in 1892.

As the name indicates, our subject is of German extraction, his father, who was a native of the Fatherland, having for many years been engaged in the business of carriage manufacturing in Cleveland, where he died in 1876, at the age of sixty-eight years.

In his political adherency our subject is a stalwart Republican, taking much interest in the issues of the day. He and his wife are zealous members of the Disciples' Church.

JOHN T. R. McKAY, late general freight agent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, was born March 31, 1838, at Toronto, Canada. His father, Alexander McKay, was born in the north of Scotland. He came to North America in 1826 and to Cleveland in 1847, and was engaged in merchandising here. The gold fever of 1849 took him to California and nothing was ever heard of him again. He married Miss Louisa R. Hamilton, of Toronto, Ontario, who died in 1892. Their children were: John T. R.; Captain George A., Deputy Revenue Collector; Fred A., who died in 1871, as a result of exposure while a soldier in our late war; and Belle, deceased.

John T. R. secured his education principally in the public schools of this city. At fifteen he was office boy for one or two firms in this city, and the next year was given a clerkship in the office of the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad Company. He rose rapidly by promotion, passing through the minor grades of clerkships. In 1867–'68 he was general agent of the Merchants' Despatch Transportation Company at Cleveland. In 1869 he was appointed chief clerk of the general freight department. In 1877 he was appointed assistant general freight agent, and on April 28, 1885, succeeded to the office of general freight agent. His death, September 5, 1893, the day of his wedding anniversary, closed a long and useful career, and in it the company lost a faithful and efficient officer whose services were in the highest degree satisfactory to the management.

Mr. McKay married Melissa, a daughter of J. C. Black, of Saltsburg, Pennsylvania. Mr. Black was a contractor by occupation and came to Cleveland in 1849. He married Miss Katherine R. Davis, of Baltimore, Maryland, who bore him four children.

To Mr. and Mrs. McKay were born: George F., September 27, 1861; Katherine, wife of Charles A. Akers; Ella M.; Charles E., in the general freight office of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway; E. W., clerk in the Merchants' Despatch office; John A. and Edith A.

George F. McKay began business at eighteen, as a clerk in the general freight office of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway. From September 1, 1881, to April 30, 1885, he was secretary to the general freight agent. May 1st of the same year he was made chief clerk of general freight department, and July 1, 1889, division freight agent.

June 8, 1886, Mr. McKay married Alice M. Watterson, a history of whose father, John T. Watterson, appears in this volume. Mr. and Mrs. McKay have no children.

E. C. SHELDON, the paymaster of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, for the Buffalo division, began railroading as early as 1861, as messenger boy in the office of Agent T. S. Lindsey, whom he now succeeds as paymaster. His first promotion placed him in the general freight agent's office as a clerk, where he remained until the consolidation of the roads forming the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern system then entering the local freight office. A year afterward he was transferred to the treasurer's office, where he remained until June, 1873, when he went with the late General J. H. Devereux, president of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago

& St. Louis Railway Company, as private secretary, and in February, 1875, received the appointment of paymaster of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis Railway Company, and continued with that company until December, 1886, when he became cashier for the local treasurer of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company, succeeding his father in this position. Upon the resignation of T. S. Lindsey, Mr. Sheldon was made his successor, January 5, 1894.

November 22, 1846, Mr. Sheldon was born in Genesee county, New York. Not long after this date his father, Edward Sheldon, returned to his native town, Hartford, Connecticut, and engaged in railroading on the Hartford, Providence & Fishkill Railroad, where for a number of years he was conductor. In 1852 he came to Cleveland, and as passenger conductor took the second train out of this city on the Cleveland & Toledo Railroad.

On retiring from the operating department of the road Mr. Sheldon entered the treasurer's office, and at his death in 1886 was cashier of that office. He was born in 1823, and in his youth was trained in his father's store for a dry-goods merchant, and engaged in that line for himself for some time, but at length preferred to turn his attention to something more exciting and less confining to a narrow rut. The Sheldons were originally from England, coming to America in Colonial times and probably making their settlement in Connecticut. The most remote ancestor of whom anything is definitely known was Charles Sheldon, the grandfather of E. C., our subject. He was born in or near Hartford, and was a merchant of the old capital town. He married a Miss Lawrence and died in 1856, aged about sixty-five years. They had ten children, of whom four are now living, in their native State. Edward Sheldon, father of E. C., married Harriet Curtiss, whose father, Ichabod Curtiss, moved to Ashtabula county, Ohio, upon the settlement of the Western Reserve, and died there in 1865, aged sixty-eight years. Edward's children were: E. C. (our subject); and Harriet C., who married E. D. Wheelock, of Chicago; the other two died in infancy.

Mr. E. C. Sheldon was married in Ashtabula county, Ohio, November 4, 1874, to Miss Ella S. Newton, whose father, H. P. Newton, residing near Kingsville, is a farmer and a pioneer settler from the State of Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon have the following named children: Harvey D., paymaster's clerk in the service of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, and born in 1875; and Minnie E., born in 1878.

J. B. HANNA, the invincible and indefatigable secretary and treasurer of the Cleveland City Railway Company, was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, near New Lisbon, August 26, 1854. He is a son of K. Hanna, born in the same county, November 7, 1824, whose business career has been as a merchant, a manufacturer and later a street-railway man, being now assistant treasurer of the Cleveland City Company. In 1861 he moved to Cleveland, and in 1868 to Chicago, Illinois, where he resided till 1874, returning thence to Cleveland. Mr. K. Hanna is a son of Benjamin Hanna, an uncle of M. A. Hanna, whose sketch appears in this work. K. Hanna married Mary Ann McCook, a daughter of Dr. George L. McCook, an uncle of the "Fighting McCook" of our Civil war. Five children are the result of this union, two sons and three daughters, the sons being J. B. and Edwin.

J. B. Hanna secured a grammar-school education at the Cleveland and Morrison (Illinois) public schools. He began his business life as a bookkeeper in Illinois, and four years later returned to Cleveland and entered the employ of Rhodes & Company, coal and ore dealers, etc. He was stationed at Ashtabula Harbor three years, looking after the receiving and shipping of this company's coal and ore. On leaving this company Mr. Hanna became interested in street-

railway work, being made secretary and purchasing agent of the West Side Street Railway Company in 1883. Upon its consolidation with the Woodland avenue line he was elected to the same office, and again succeeded to it upon the consolidation with the Cleveland City Cable Railway Company in 1893, forming the Cleveland City Railway Company. In January, 1891, he was elected to the office of treasurer also. He is a stockholder in the road. Mr. Hanna has been treasurer of the Ohio State Tramway Association since 1885, and secretary and treasurer of it since 1889, and has been active in the interests of street railroads throughout the State.

He is a Republican in politics and is very active in local campaigns, but never has time to devote to politics as a business. He is unmarried.

HON. RICHARD C. PARSONS, a prominent lawyer and citizen of Cleveland was born October 16, 1826, at New London, Connecticut, of distinguished Puritan ancestry. After having received a liberal education he began the study of law, in 1846. In 1845 he came to Ohio, and was admitted to the bar in Cuyahoga county in 1851. He was elected to the City Council in 1852 and in the spring of the following year was made president of that body. In this official capacity began his public career, which has been distinguished by earnestness, integrity and sincerity of purpose, and which has been so abundantly filled with honor. In 1857 he was elected to the Legislature of the State of Ohio as a member of the newly founded Republican party, and was re elected in 1859, being chosen Speaker of the House of Representatives. He was scarcely thirty-three years of age when he was elevated to this responsible and distinguished position, where he acquitted himself as a legislator of marked ability and wisdom. When President Lincoln took his office he appointed Mr. Parsons as Minister to Chili, which appointment Mr. Parsons declined, and accepted the Consulship to Rio de Janeiro, remaining in that capacity one year, when he resigned and soon thereafter was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue at Cleveland, and still later Marshal of the Supreme Court of the United States, which position he held from 1866 to 1872. In 1872 he was tendered by President Johnson the position of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury or Governorship of Montana, both of which he declined. In the latter year another honor came to Mr. Parsons in his election to Congress from the Cleveland District. In Congress he distinguished himself as one well fitted for the office he held. He was directly instrumental in securing the Life Saving Service at the Cleveland port, also the lighthouse for the Government pier, and the commencement of the work of building the Cleveland breakwater.

From early life Mr. Parsons has displayed remarkable literary taste and ability, and from 1877 to 1880 was editor and principal owner of the "Cleveland Herald," but disposing of the same he resumed the practice of law, in which he has also gained an enviable reputation for himself. He has always been conspicuous as an active and progressive Republican in politics, and was among the anti-slavery men of 1848, in resisting the spread of slavery into the Territories of the United States. Some of his literary speeches and lectures have been gathered together and published, and have been read with unusual interest by a wide circle of readers.

PROF. JOHN W. LANGLEY, of the Chair of Electrical Engineering in the Case School of Applied Science at Cleveland, is a native of the city of Boston, born in 1841, one of the three children of Samuel Langley, who was an active business man, as well as literary, and an early stockholder in the Boston Athenæum; he was also a collector of choice notable books.

The subject of this sketch graduated at Harvard in 1861, as a Bachelor of Science in chemistry, and was a tutor there for six months. He then entered the United States Navy as assistant surgeon, in which position he continued until 1864, when he resigned to travel and study his favorite branches in Europe, where he spent a profitable year. Next he was professor of chemistry and physical science at Antioch (Ohio) College until the reorganization of that institution in 1867. After further study in Boston and Cambridge he was appointed professor of natural philosophy in the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, where he remained two years, resigning in 1872 to take a business position; but after a short time he was appointed professor of chemistry and allied sciences at Western (Pennsylvania) University, which place he held until 1875, when he was called to the chairs of chemistry and physics in the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, in 1875. This place he resigned to become consulting electrician and metallurgist at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and thence he was called in 1892 to the chair he now occupies, mentioned at the introduction of this sketch. On his arrival here the department of Electrical Engineering was created, which, by putting in an ample system of equipments, he has rapidly brought up to a standing equal to that of the other departments.

From the University of Michigan Prof. Langley has received the degree of Ph. D. He is a member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, New York Academy of Science, is honorary member of the Society of Engineers of Western Pennsylvania, of the Society of Civil Engineers of Cleveland, of the Electric Club of Cleveland, and a corresponding member of the British Society for the Advancement of Science, and is the author of a number of scientific papers.

In 1871 he married Miss Martiea, a daughter of Don José Carret, of Cuba, and has four children: Mary W., Martiea J., Annie W. and Samuel P. The Professor's ancestry on the British side were participants in the war of our Revolution in 1776; his mother's father was engaged on coast defence during the war of 1812; and his father died in Barton in 1888, at the age of seventy-seven years; his mother is still living.

ORION L. NEFF, a well-known member of the Cleveland bar, was born May 15, 1848, at Winchester, Preble county, Ohio. (For history of the family see biography of W. B. Neff.) In August, 1861, at the age of thirteen years, Mr. Neff enlisted as a drummer boy in the Thirty-fifth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry. During his service in the war there were three generations of his family in the ranks,—himself, his father and grandfather. As a drummer boy he passed through the campaigns conducted by General Thomas against Zollicoffer in Kentucky, and Generals Grant and Sherman in Mississippi and Tennessee, in which the battle of Shiloh was fought, the siege of Corinth was conducted and the march from Corinth to Iuka, Mississippi, and Tuscumbia, Alabama, was made. After a service of thirteen months the young patriot was severely injured, and was discharged.

In 1863 he entered Oterbein University at Wellsville, Ohio, and later was a student in Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio. After some time spent in the law office of I. N. Alexander at Van Wert, Ohio, he entered the Law School at Cincinnati, Ohio, as a member of the senior class, with which he was graduated in 1875. On the fifteenth of May following he came to Cleveland to engage in the practice of the law with his brother, W. B. Neff; this partnership was continued with success until the election of the brother to the office of prosecuting attorney in 1890, and since that time Mr. Neff has been practicing alone.

He is a member of Brooklyn Post, No. 368, G. A. R., of which he has served as Commander for two years. To his exertions, as much as to

those of any other member, is due the success that attended the erection of a Memorial Hall, which was constructed at a cost of ten thousand dollars, and is without exception the finest property owned by a G. A. R. post in the Western States. In politics Mr. Neff adheres to family tradition and practice, giving his undivided support to the Republican party. But while he takes an active interest in affairs of State he has never sought nor held public office.

He was united in marriage July 3, 1877, to Miss Frances R. Dodge of Beverly, Mass., the daughter of Joseph Dodge, deceased. Two daughters and a son have been born of this union. Young Milton Dodge Neff has the proud distinction of having laid the cornerstone of the G. A. R. Memorial Hall, above mentioned, at the age of six years, and of having contributed the first money to the erection of this building.

ADELBERT N. RUSSELL, physician and surgeon, Collinwood, Ohio, was born in the State of New York, at Toddsville, Otsego county, May 20, 1850, a son of Levi N. and Philina (Joslyn) Russell, natives of New York State. The paternal grandfather of Dr. Russell was Gideon Russell, a native of Massachusetts, descended from English ancestors; the great-grandfather was a soldier in the war of the Revolution and lost his life in the struggle. The maternal grandfather, Elezerian Joslyn, was also of Puritan stock.

Dr. Russell is the oldest of a family of six six sons and one daughter. His youth was an uneventful one, the monotony broken only by the change of seasons which brought a change of occupation. He assisted his father in the cultivation of the farm, and attended the sessions of the seminary at Cooperstown until he finished the literary course of that institution, afterward following teaching for five years, and in the spring of 1871 he began the study of his profession, Dr. J. K. Lening acting as his preceptor for three years. In the meantime took three winter courses of lectures in the medical department of the University of New York, and in the spring of 1874 was graduated with the degree of M. D. He immediately engaged in practice with his preceptor, and during the two years following acquired a valuable experience. The next four years were spent in this vicinity, and in 1880 he came to Collinwood, where his efforts have met with most gratifying results in making many warm friends and building up a lucrative practice.

Dr. Russell was married July 30, 1873, to Miss Anna Miller, who survived three years, her death occurring August 8, 1876. His second marriage was to Miss Anna Butler, a native of Otsego county, New York, and a daughter of William and Vanchie Butler, who descended from English ancestors. One child has been born by this union, a daughter named May.

The Doctor is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Thatcher Lodge, No. 439, Webb Chapter, No. 14, and Oriental Commandery, No. 12, Cleveland; he is also a member of the Knights of Pythias, of Lakeside. The residence he occupies is fitted up with all modern conveniences, such as extensive water privileges, with power for extinguishing fires and irrigation of lawn, and natural gas from a private well on the premises for lighting and heating. The furnishings are most harmonious, showing the cultivated and refined taste of the family.

AMcK. MORISON, brother of Honorable David Morison, mentioned in another place in this volume, was born in this county July 8, 1846. He was reared and educated here and began life independently in 1871, when he purchased a tract of land at Put-in-Bay Island and was engaged for about three years in grape-raising and wine-making. Following his disposition of this property Mr. Morison returned to Cleveland and

has since devoted himself to speculative investments in real estate. He is also employed by Morison & Massey, looking after their Glenville allotments.

Mr. Morison's life has been very quiet and unpretending, having no ambition beyond that of being a patriotic and progressive citizen.

He was married August 22, 1890, at Elyria, Ohio, to Miss Annie L. Sturdevant, a daughter of S. R. Sturdevant, of Ravenna, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Morison have one child, Fanny Amanda, born February 2, 1892.

W. F. GOLLING, M. D., is a native of the Buckeye State, born at Twinsburg, Summit county, July 21, 1860, the son of William M. and Anna Golling. The Doctor's father, William M. Golling, was born in the city of Muelburg, State of Baden, Germany, and served in the German Revolution of 1848, being a Corporal in the Artillery Pioneer when he was but eighteen years of age. He and his wife Anna landed in the city of New York in 1854, remained there two years, then removed to Ohio, where he has resided ever since, following his trade, blacksmithing. The Doctor's mother, Anna, was born in the town of Grosbeiberaw, State of Hessen.

Dr. Golling was two years old when his parents moved to Bedford, Ohio, and there he grew up to years of maturity, attending the public schools during the regular sessions, and being employed through the vacations in a chair factory, where he was well disciplined in habits of promptitude and industry. When he had begun the study of medicine in 1883 it was under the instruction of Dr. C. W. Hains, of Bedford, now a resident of Kent, with whom he continued a student three years. In the winter of 1884–'85 he took his first course of lectures in the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College; this institution is now known as the Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery. There Dr. Golling was graduated, a member of the class of 1887, and immediately thereafter began his practice at Bedford. At the end of twelve months he went to Windham, Portage county, Ohio, where he resided until 1889, returning then to Bedford. Here he has established a large practice, which has resulted satisfactorily, professionally and financially. Ambitious of attaining superior excellence in his profession, he has been a close reader of all the medical literature of the day, and is thoroughly well informed upon all the discoveries of science and the improved methods of the leading practitioners of the world. He also holds a certificate of surgery granted him by the surgeons of Huron Street Hospital of Cleveland, Ohio. He prefers surgery rather than the general practice of medicine, and in a few years hopes to practice it almost exclusively. His success in obstetrical surgery has been unparalleled by any young physician in this branch of the science. He has a wide patronage, including a number of the surrounding towns and villages. Although deeply engrossed in his practice, the Doctor finds time for social obligations, and is one of the honored members of Bedford Lodge, No. 375, F. & A. M., and Summit Chapter, No. 74, R. A. M.

Dr. Golling was united in marriage, November 6, 1886, to Miss Etta M. Ozmun, a daughter of Levi and Emily L. Ozmun, of Boston, Summit county, Ohio, the birthplace of Mrs. Golling. The Doctor and his wife have a son, named Herbert F.

FRANCIS M. CHANDLER.—In 1637 William Chandler and his wife Annis came from England and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts. Their numerous descendants are to be found in all portions of the United States. The names of many of them are prominent in the history of the country, among whom are numbered the late Hon. Zachariah Chandler, President Rutherford B. Hayes

and Hon. George Bancroft, the maternal ancestors of the two latter having descended from this puritan stock.

Captain Thomas Chandler, son of William and Annis Chandler, married Hannah Brewer, of Andover, Massachusetts. Ensign Henry Chandler, son of Captain Thomas and Hannah Brewer Chandler, married Lydia Abbott of Enfield, Connecticut. Nehemiah Chandler, son of Henry and Lydia Abbott Chandler, married Mary Burroughs, of Enfield, Connecticut. Hon. Joel Chandler, son of Nehemiah and Lydia Abbott Chandler, married Abigail Simmons of Alstead, New Hampshire. Captain Joel Chandler, son of Joel and Abigail Simmons Chandler, married Sophia Smith, at Alstead, New Hampshire. Joel Alonzo Chandler, son of Joel and Sophia Smith Chandler, was born in Alstead, New Hampshire, May 30, 1824, and came to Ohio in 1835 with his parents, who first settled in Cleveland but later moved to Richfield, Summit county, Ohio, where he was married to Martha M. Buck, daughter of Heman and Polly Buck, who came from New York State to Ohio in 1830. Of the seven children born to Joel Alonzo and Martha Buck Chandler, but three survive, the subject of this sketch, Francis M. Chandler, being the eldest, whose paternal ancestry is given above. In 1888 Joel Alonzo Chandler returned to Cleveland, where he resided until his death, which occurred August 6, 1893, leaving his wife, two sons and one daughter surviving. Francis M. Chandler was born in Richfield, Summit county, Ohio, May 3, 1851. He received an academical education at the Richfield Academy, and on leaving school engaged as a clerk in a store at West Richfield. In the fall of 1874 he came to Cleveland, where he has since resided. Two years later he was appointed a Deputy Clerk of the Cuyahoga County Court of Common Pleas, and held this position until he resigned in 1883. Meanwhile he read law under the tutorship of August Zehring, and in 1883 was admitted to the bar. In the same year he entered into a partnership in the practice of law with F. N. Wilcox, which continued until 1886, when he was appointed Deputy County Recorder. In February, 1888, he resigned as Deputy Recorder to accept the appointment as Chief Clerk of the Probate Court.

Mr. Chandler has twice been married. His first marriage was in 1876, to Effie M. Barney, who died in 1888, leaving a son, Clare DeForest Chandler. His second marriage occurred in 1891, to Mary G. Mahon, by whom he has one son, Francis Mahon Chandler.

In politics Mr. Chandler is a stanch Republican and stands high in the local councils of that party. He is a pleasant, unassuming gentleman who enjoys a wide and favorable acquaintance throughout the city and county, and is a popular and highly respected citizen.

E. WYLLIS OSBORN, manager of the Cleveland Press, is a native of this city, born June 23, 1860. His parents, L. T. and Elizabeth Dane (Dodge) Osborn, were natives of Ohio. His mother's parents, Henry and Angeline Dodge, were pioneers from New England to Ohio, where they brought up and educated their children,—five sons and one daughter. The daughter, now aged fifty-six years, is now residing with Mr. Osborn, the subject of this brief account, and is a devout Christian woman, a member of the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church. Mr. L. T. Osborn was the only son of Timothy Osborn, and settled in Cleveland many years ago. He had two children, namely: Angie, and E. Wyllis, above named.

The latter was educated in this city, in the public schools, and entered business early in life, following various mercantile pursuits. In 1879, being recommended for the position of general office man for the Britton Iron & Steel Company, of Cleveland, he was chosen for that place and soon became partner and director in the concern, and at length secretary and treasurer, which position he resigned in 1886, after

a seven years service, to accept the business management of the Cleveland Press, an influential newspaper. Since his connection with this paper it has more than doubled in size and circulation.

Mr. Osborn is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Union, Athletic and Roadside Clubs, and First City Troop Cavalry Company. It may be said that he is very fond of horses and is considered a good horseman. The mental equipment for the responsible position which Mr. Osborn now holds has been obtained by his own perseverance, in spite of all obstacles, and this fact shows that he has a strong mind and energetic disposition, inherited by nature. Having nothing to start in business life with for his own maintenance, he has honestly and industriously made his way to an influential and responsible position, where he is giving satisfaction to all parties he serves. A greater future evidently awaits him.

DAVID S. BRAINARD, deceased, was for many years a well-known and highly respected citizen of Cuyahoga county, Ohio.

He was born on the farm where his widow now resides, at the corner of Scranton and Brainard avenues, Cleveland, July 27, 1815, son of Ozias and Mary (Strong) Brainard, both natives of Connecticut. They were married in Connecticut, and all their family were born there, with the exception of David S., whose birth occurred two years after their arrival in Cuyahoga county, Ohio. He was the second white child born in this township, Isaiah Fish being the first. In their large family five reached adult age, their names being as follows: Indiana, wife of Irad Akin; Betsey, wife of Marvin Brainard; Noah; Laura, wife of William J. Case; and David S.

David S. Brainard was reared on his father's pioneer farm, and early in life proved himself to be the possessor of more than ordinary ability. In addition to carrying on his farming operations, he also dealt in stock, and was interested in railroad and various other enterprises. And whatever he undertook he gave to it his undivided attention, success in his enterprise usually being the result. Aside from his own business affairs, he found time to fill the various local offices to which he was called. For many years he served as township Clerk and Treasurer, and also as a member of the School Board. Indeed, few men in this part of the county were better known or more highly esteemed for their true worth than was he.

Mr. Brainard was married in 1838, to Miss Catherine E. Prame, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (Stisser) Prame, who were born, reared and married in New York, and who came with their family to Ohio in 1833, Mrs. Brainard at that time being sixteen years of age. Mr. and Mrs. Prame subsequently removed from this county to Wisconsin, where they died, she in 1845, aged sixty-six, and he in 1848, aged sixty-nine. Both were born in 1779, his birth occurring on the 27th of March, and hers on the 30th of the same month. They had a family of four, namely: Peter H. Prame, a millwright by trade, who died in Wisconsin, aged seventy-two years; Margaret, wife of James Starkweather, she and her husband both being deceased; Mrs. Brainard; and Reuben, who resides with his sister. Mr. and Mrs. Brainard had two children: Mary E. and Susan C. The latter was the wife of J. M. Curtis, of Clark avenue, Cleveland. She died, leaving an only child, Ruth. Mr. Brainard departed this life in 1880.

HONORABLE CARLOS M. STONE, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, was born at Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, on March 27, 1846. He was educated at Oberlin College, graduated at the Ohio State and Union Law College at Cleveland, Ohio, in 1869, and was admitted to the bar in the same year.

He began to practice his profession in 1870, and in 1871 was elected Prosecuting Attorney for the city of Cleveland, for a term of two years. From 1873 to 1876 he was a member of the law firm of Brinsmade & Stone; from 1876 to 1879, a member of the law firm of Stone & Hessenmueller. In the fall of 1879 he was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Cuyahoga county, for the term of two years, and in 1881 re-elected to the same office, for a term of three years.

Retiring from this office after five years' service, he again took up the practice of law, as a member of the law firm of Stone, Hessenmueller & Gallup. In the fall of the same year, 1885, he was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga county, for a term of five years, at the expiration of which he was re-elected, in the fall of 1889, for a second term.

In politics Judge Stone has always been a Republican. He was chairman of the County Republican Central Committee during the presidential campaign of 1884, but since his election to the judgeship in the Court of Common Pleas, the etiquette, dignity and usefulness of his position have not permitted him to take an active part in politics.

In 1872, Mr. Stone and Miss Jeanette Follett, daughter of Eliphalet Follett, of Licking county, Ohio, were united in marriage, and their children are Ruth F. and Katharine F.

H. L. SEXTON, M. D., a resident physician of West Cleveland, Ohio, was born at Elsie, Michigan, a son of Charles and Nancy (Lewis) Sexton. His father is a native of Connecticut and his mother of New York State. They both reside in Michigan. In the common schools of his native town, Dr. Sexton received his early education, and for a time he attended Hillsdale College; leaving college he came to Cleveland, where he embarked in the drug business. He acquired a thorough and practical knowledge of pharmacy, so indispensable to the successful practice of medicine. He took up the study of medicine in the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College and later continued his studies of medicine at the Cleveland Medical College, a diploma from which institution he holds. He gained considerable experience by practice in the Huron street hospital, from which he also holds a diploma. Here, under competent supervisors he was enabled to make practical application of his knowledge of medicine.

He began the practice of his profession in West Cleveland, and has already gained a very desirable practice. He is a member of the Carroll Dunham Medical Association. He is progressive and active in his vocation, and keeps abreast with the advance of his profession.

JOSEPH E. STUBBS, D. D., LL. D.—Holding preferment as the official head of a notable institution of learning, a man of erudition and ripe scholarship, honored alike for his ability and worth of character, it is manifestly most consonant that in this work there be incorporated a *resume* of the life history of Dr. Stubbs, President of Baldwin University, Berea, Ohio.

The son of Colonel J. D. and Mary J. (Gray) Stubbs, the subject of this review was born at Ashland, Ashland county, Ohio, March 19, 1850, being reared to man's estate in his native town. His father, who is now living a retired life at Ashland, was for many years a prominent business man of that place, where, in his declining years, he rests secure in the esteem and good will of the entire community to whose best interests he has ever been devoted. During the progress of the late war of the Rebellion Colonel Stubbs was very actively identified with the valiant work of the Union forces, having been in service for eight years and having served much of this time as a member of the staff of the late lamented General James A. Garfield. After the close of the war

his serviees were enlisted for some time as superintendent of the military railroads in the South. The wife of Colonel Stubbs is a daughter of the late Rev. David Gray, a prominent figure in the early annals of Ohio church history.

Colonel and Mrs. J. D. Stubbs had six children, concerning whom we offer the following brief record: Elizabeth, the eldest, became the wife of Jacob I. Dorland, of Ashland; David D. is secretary of the corporation operating the Oriental & Occidental Steamship Line and has his headquarters at San Francisco, California; John C. is vice-president of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and is also a resident of San Francisco; Joseph E. is the subject of this sketch; Mary N. is a teacher in the Ashland high school; William M. was the agent of the Standard Oil Company at Sacramento, California, where he died in 1886.

Joseph E. Stubbs eompleted the work of the eommon schools in Ashland, and after graduating at the high school entered the Ohio Wesleyan University, at Delaware, Ohio, where he gradnated in the elass of 1873. The year prior to his gradnation he was elected as tutor in Latin and Greek at the university and filled that position most acceptably for three years, when he was obliged to resign, by reason of impaired health. He therenpon purchased the Ashland Times, of which he continued editor and publisher for a term of six years. Within this time he also held the incumbency as Superintendent of the Ashland publie schools, manifesting marked business and executive ability.

In June, 1886, Dr. Stubbs was eleeted to the important and exacting position which he now holds,—that of President of Baldwin University. That he was ably qualified for the effective discharge of the onerous duties of this office was a fact recognized by those through whom came the preferment, and his administration of affairs has proved beyond eavil that the trust could not have been assigned to better keeping. The Doctor has spent one year (a portion of eaeh 1890 and 1891) in Berlin, where he pursued a speeial course of study. April 26, 1894, he received and aceepted an election to the presidency of the State University of Nevada at Reno, Nevada, and he will retire from Baldwin University August 1, 1894.

He was united in marriage, at Ashland, Ohio, July 10, 1873, to Miss Ella A. Sprengle, eldest daughter of L. J. Sprengle, who had been editor and proprietor of the Ashland Times for more than a quarter of a century. Mrs. Stubbs is also a gradnate of the Ohio Wesleyan University. The Doctor and Mrs. Stubbs are the parents of four children: Theodore W., Elizabeth S., Ralph S., and Ruth G.

Baldwin University, which, in its methods, discipline, facilities and corps of instructors, takes rank with the best of the modern institutions of higher education, was founded in 1846 by the late John Baldwin, of Berea, Ohio, who has left this most noble monument to his praetical philanthrophy and public spirit,—an enduring memorial and one that will cause his name to be held in perpetual honor. Mr. Baldwin was born in Branford, New Haven county, Connecticut, October 13, 1799, and his death oeeurred in Louisiana, December 28, 1884.

The present average number of students enrolled at the university is 220; the buildings, grounds and permanent improvements of the institution are valued at $125,000, and its maintenance is assured by an endowment fund of about $160,000.

MAJOR CYRUS H. DE FOREST, assistant accountant for the Soeiety for Savings, was born in Cleveland, May 30, 1835, a son of a prominent pioneer of this city, the late Tracy R. de Forest, who cast his fortunes with the metropolis of Ohio as early as 1831. Tracy R. was born in Chenango county, New York, and was by trade a millwright.

One of the first extensive manufacturing concerns in this city organized about that time was the Cuyahoga Steam Furnace Company, in which Mr. de Forest was employed as superintendent from its inception, and to the success of which his efforts were directed until the firm of Kennedy, De Forest & Randall was organized in 1867, being the successor of Parish & Knight, a well remembered and substantial concern. This new firm and its successor, Kennedy, De Forest, Parsons & Company, did a large business in sheet-iron and copper work for boats, which business patronage was drawn largely by reason of Mr. De Forest's extended acquaintance among vessel owners and marine men generally, resulting from his long connection with the Cuyahoga Steam Furnace Company and a service of many years as United States Inspector of Marine Boilers. Mr. De Forest was thoroughly well informed on all matters pertaining to steam boilers, and by reason of this ability he was appointed in 1855 by the Secretary of the Treasury United States Inspecter of Marine Boilers, being the first for the port of Cleveland. He resigned his office in 1873 and devoted the remainder of his life to his private interests; and his death in 1887 closed a prosperous and useful and honorable career.

The De Forests of America descended directly from the De Forests of Avesnes, France, the Avesnes family from the De Forests of Cambresis, and they from the Sires de Trith of the First and Fifth Crusades. Of the Avesnes family there were four brothers living in Leyden, France, in 1606, one of whom, Jesse, had a son, Isaac, born in 1616. On October 1, 1636, Isaac de Forest sailed from Amsterdam in the yacht Rensselaerwyek, Captain Jean Tiebkins, for New Amsterdam, New York. Isaac de Forest was married in New Amsterdam, June 9, 1641, to Sarah du Trieux. From them and through their son David, and through David's son Samuel, and through Samuel's son Joseph, descended Gideon de Forest, the latter the father of Tracy R. and the grandfather of Major Cyrus H. Gideon de Forest and his three brothers, Samuel, Abel and Mills, were all born under the same roof in Stratford, Connecticut, were all soldiers in the Revolution, all received pensions, and, in 1835, when the youngest was over seventy years of age, held a reunion at Edmeston, New York, when they came together for the first time during more than half a century. Gideon de Forest was married to Hannah Birdseye in 1794, and in the following year moved to Edmeston, Otsego county, New York. He died December 9, 1840, in his seventy-sixth year. Of Gideon's eight children but one, the youngest, Mrs. Harriet Fuller of Sherburne, New York, is now living. Tracy R. de Forest, next older than Harriet of Gideon's children, was born February 2, 1811, and was married at Black Rock, now part of Buffalo, New York, on May 22, 1833, to Julia Ann Sutherland, and their children were Cyrus Henry, our subject; Louis Germain, who served during the Rebellion, first as Adjutant of the Seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry, afterward as Captain in the One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and died in 1870 from disease contracted in the service; Julia Ambrosia, who became the wife of Rev. Dr. Edward P. Ingersoll and died in 1865; Charles Lee, who died at Jacksonville, Florida, in 1888; Maria Louise, who died in 1865; Albert Wright, a resident of this city; and Mary Frances, with whom the mother, in her eighty-second year, is now living.

After receiving the best education afforded by the public schools of Cleveland, Cyrus H. entered the service of the O'Reilly Telegraph Company as messenger boy, and soon thereafter became an operator, serving as such in Cleveland and Massillon. He was among the very first to read by sound, and in fact he never used the paper ribbon. Surveying, however, was his chosen profession, and, with a wider field in view, he went West in 1856, locating in Omaha, then a frontier town in the early days of its existence. There he was in government employ surveying public lands, laid out

town sites, etc., until the discovery of gold at Pike's Peak (really at Cherry Creek, the present site of Denver), when he with a party of five others, with two wagons, started for that region. The party made the trip in twenty-one days, "footing it" the entire distance, and it was considered a quick trip in those days.

He remained in the mountains, prospecting and mining with varying success, until the Civil war came on, when Governor Gilpin of Colorado, commissioned him as Second Lieutenant of Company A, Second Colorado Cavalry. He, with Captain James H. Ford, soon raised a company and was mustered into the service at Fort Garland, Colorado, December 21, 1861; was promoted First Lieutenant, January 5, 1862, as Captain of Company C, August 24, 1864, and brevetted Major United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious service in New Mexico.

After a year's field service in New Mexico and Northern Texas, and participating in the battles of Glorietta and Peralta under General Slough and Canby, respectively, Lieutenant de Forest was appointed Aid-de-Camp to General Carleton, who succeeded General Canby in command of the Department of New Mexico, and served in that capacity as Acting Assistant Adjutant General of the Department upon the staffs of Generals Carleton, Sykes, and Getty, successive department commanders, until his final muster out of service, September 30, 1867.

Before Major de Forest was finally mustered out and upon a reorganization of the regular army, he was appointed Second Lieutenant of the Thirty-fifth Infantry, United States of America; but, the military service having no charms for him in times of peace, he declined the commission and entered the Surveyor General's office at Santa Fe, New Mexico, as chief draughtsman, where he remained until 1870, when he returned to Cleveland. Here he became Deputy Clerk of the Superior Court, and upon its demise Deputy Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, serving under Clerks Cogswell, Hinman and Kitchen until 1884, when he entered the employ of the Society for Savings, where he is now the assistant accountant.

In politics Major de Forest is uncompromisingly Republican. He was a member of the Centennial Council from the then Second ward. Two measures of special importance received favorable action by this body, namely, the Central Viaduct ordinance, and an ordinance leasing the canal bed to the Valley Railroad Company, both of which received Major de Forest's support.

ORRA A. KINNEY, foreman for the Cleveland Stone Company, was born in Medina county, Ohio, January 29, 1846. His father was S. E. Kinney, a farmer by occupation, and young Orra was reared on his father's farm, where he remained till he became of age, and received a common-school education. After leaving home he spent some three years in New York on a farm, and in 1872 came to Berea, soon after taking up the stone business. In 1876 he became connected with the Berea Stone Company as foreman, and when the Berea Stone Company consolidated with the Cleveland Stone Company Mr. Kinney still continued in the capacity of foreman, which position he has since filled.

In 1884 he went to California, where he spent one year, during which time he lost his first wife, Mrs. Lora (Crocker) Kinney, to whom he was married in Berea, January 29, 1872. She died in California, January 5, 1884. He was again married in Berea, January 29, 1886, to Mrs. Anna Bixby, of Chicago, a lady of fine business ability and many accomplishments.

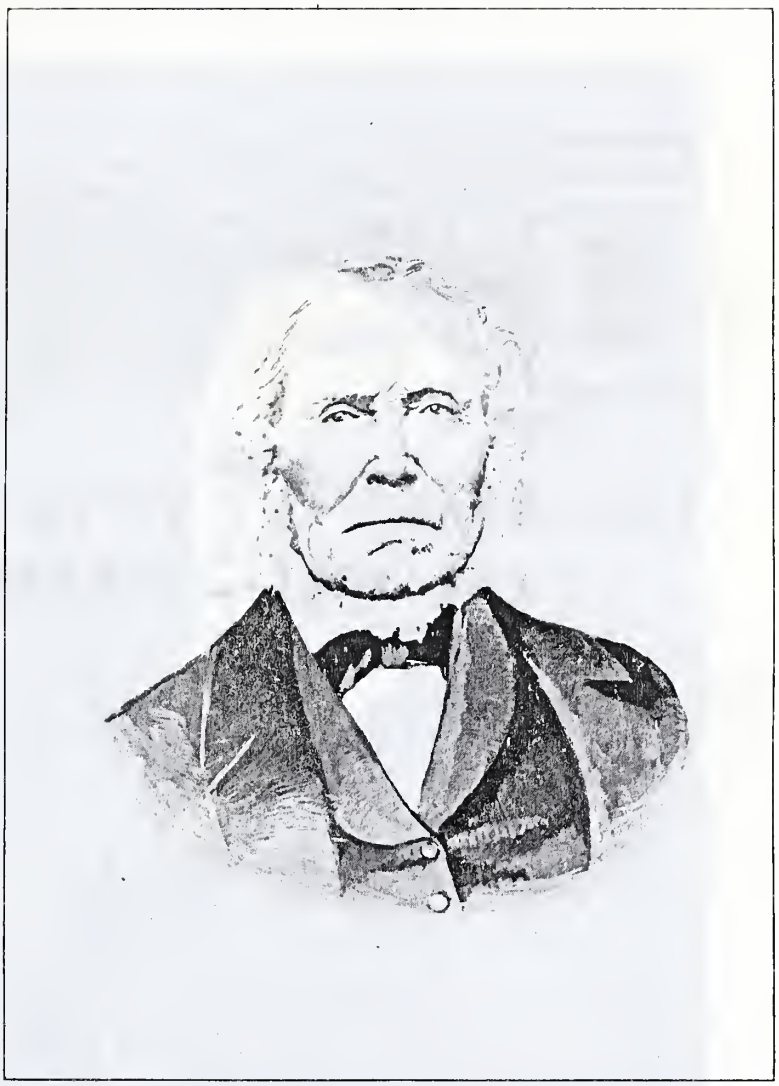
Mr. Kinney has been a member of the Council of Berea, and has been connected with the Baptist Church, but in 1887 became a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, with his wife. He has taken quite an active part in temperance work and has been interested in all that tends to promote the welfare of the community in which he lives.

His father, Sanford E. Kinney, was born in Madison county, New York. He taught school for many years, although the last years of his life were spent in farming. He died at his home in Litchfield, Medina county, Ohio, a sincere Christian. His wife, *nee* Sarah Chace, was born in New York State. She died at Litchfield, five weeks previous to her husband, in 1892, and both lie buried in the same grave. They had three children who lived to grow up, —Orra A., Matilda and Alora.

JONES S. DICKLE, junior member of the J. L. Hudson clothing firm, Cleveland, and general manager of their business, is best described by the word "hustler." In the eighteen years or more since his advent in the clothing trade he has made for himself a name and a place seldom reached by men of his age; for his company ranks among the foremost in their line in America, the volume of their sales probably exceeding that of any retail clothing house in any city of similar size on the continent.

Mr. Dickle's first essay in business life was in the clothing trade, when he was employed by the noted house of C. R. Mabley, of Detroit, while he was yet a lad. Later he occupied responsible positions in J. L. Hudson's various branch establishments at Sandusky and Toledo, Ohio, and Jackson, Michigan. When in 1885 Mr. Hudson made his great deal in Cleveland and bought out the Excelsior clothing house, Mr. Dickle, then in his twenty-eighth year, was elected its manager. Cleveland offered a large field for an enterprising man like him, especially when backed by Mr. Hudson's great capital, keen judgment and shrewd foresight, and the opportunity was well improved. The city already had large clothing houses, but none of them had ever been run in the manner which Mr. Hudson made so successful in Detroit and elsewhere; his methods were of the "booming" kind,—buying great lots at cut prices, advertising extensively and selling at prices that would insure ready transactions. And Mr. Dickle was just the sort of man to inaugurate these methods in this city. He entered into the execution of them with "heart and soul," and some of the most brilliant advertising in the clothing line ever done in Cleveland was done by Mr. Dickle. He has always been a strong advocate of special sales, working for the multitude and not for the few; and he has also been a believer in the policy of low prices and quick movement of goods. Consequently the Cleveland public soon ascertained that the announcement of a great sale at the Excelsior meant low prices and exceptionable values.

The Hudson establishment has always had the reputation of being willing to buy anything that could be bought right, and Mr. Dickle stands shoulder to shoulder with Mr. Hudson as an advocate of this policy. The store is a gents' clothing-house, but it is quite within possibilities that they would buy a train load of coffins, a cargo of shoe-pegs or a dozen elephants if the prices were low enough with the certainty that the proper advertising would insure their quick sale at a profit. So far as we know, however, Mr. Dickle has not yet speculated in these articles last mentioned, but more than once has he sailed in and handled large quantities of ladies' goods, such as cloaks, etc., that he had bought at a bargain; and on one memorable occasion he drew such a flock of ladies to the store that it became his turn to say "No," close the doors and temporarily keep back the crowd! One of his great purchases, some time ago, was of the salvage remaining from the fire of Klein, Goodhart & Koch, said to be valued at $200,000; it was bought by Hudson & Dickle in just one-half hour from the opening of negotiations. Mr. Dickle's face is one of the most familiar at the New York clothing markets, known to all his customers as characterized by black hair, brilliant black eyes, fine physique, commanding in appearance and pleasant and genial to all. He is an excellent example of what ambition, self-reliance and intelligence ill wdo for a young man.



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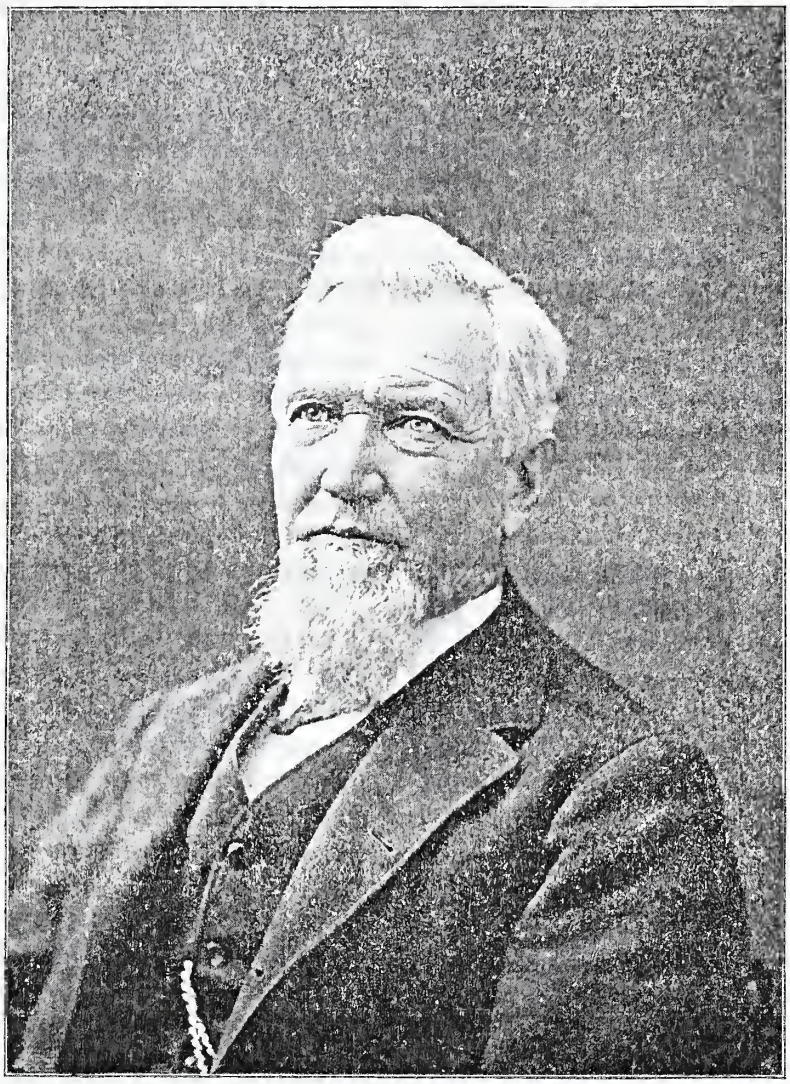


Alfred. Kellogg

His advent into the clothing trade was unique. He straggled into Detroit not many years ago, badly in need of a job. Entering Mabley's establishment, of which J. L. Hudson was then the manager, he asked whether they needed any help. It was just prior to a big fair; the town would soon be full of people, and indeed more help was needed. "Can you sell clothing?" asked the manager, looking the applicant over. "I think I can," was the modest reply. "Well, come around Monday and I will see what you can do." Mr. Dickle departed and entered the clothing store next door. "I want to get some clothes," said he to the clerk. He was hard to suit. He questioned the clerk sharply about the merit of the goods. The clerk, expatiating, pulled down suit after suit, going through the whole stock, but could not make a sale. Mr. Dickle went out and entered another store, going through the same performance, and ere long he had examined every clothing stock in Detroit, and knew as much about the business as any ordinary salesman could tell. So, on Monday he returned to Mabley's, according to agreement, was placed at work, and soon proved to be one of the liveliest and most efficient salesman the house ever had. Mr. Hudson's keen judgment of men came into play when he started in business for himself, and Mr. Dickle was one of his first selections, who has proven himself one of the most successful of his assistants.

Mr. Dickle is of German ancestry, a Pennsylvanian by birth, a Presbyterian in religion, active in all the general business interests of the city, a member of the Board of Trade and of about all the secret and social organizations of the city. His success in business and accumulations of wealth have been such as to enable him to invest $50,000 in stocks, etc., outside of his business as a clothier. He became a partner in the business in 1889. The J. L. Hudson clothing house in Cleveland succeeds Stein, August & Garson, who opened the "Excelsior" clothing house in 1883, and failed on account of inefficient management; Mr. Hudson took the management in 1885, and under the management of Mr. Dickle the business has proven a decided success from the very beginning.

This great Cleveland establishment is known throughout the country, and is said to be one of the finest clothing stores in America. It comprises two floors 90 x 175 feet, where they employ upward of 100 clerks. The stock is complete in its various departments, presenting a clean and fresh appearance. A most noticeable feature of this fine store is a show window 28 x 40 feet, which is probably the largest in the world. The establishment is one of nine similar concerns conducted by Mr. Hudson, located at the following points: Cleveland, Detroit, Grand Rapids, St. Paul, Buffalo, Norwalk, Toledo, Sandusky and St. Louis. In addition to the above he has a large clothing manufacturing establishment at Lansing, Michigan.

ALFRED KELLOGG.—Among the well known citizens of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is Alfred Kellogg, of No. 624 Scranton avenue, South Side, who was born in this county, in November, 1820, and is the son of Martin Kellogg, who was one of the pioneers of Ohio and was a prominent man of the South Side half a century ago. The latter was born February 16, 1793, in East Hampton Parish, Chatham, Middlesex county, Connecticut, of Irish parents. He was the son of Martin Kellogg, who was a native of Marlboro, Connecticut and was born about the year 1765. His wife, *nee* Rachel Hosford, was the daughter of Dudley Hosford, of Marlboro, and she bore him six children. He died in 1825, and his wife in 1850.

Martin Kellogg, father of our subject, was reared on his father's farm and received a common-school education. In 1817 he came to Ohio, with three young men companions, but remained only one summer, returning to his old home, and on June 2, 1818, he was married to Laura Adams, the daughter of Benjamin Adams, of

West Chester, New London county, Connecticut. In company with the families of Judge Barber and Messrs. Watkins, Branch and Ansel Young, Mr. Kellogg and his young wife set out on the return to Ohio, and made the entire journey by ox team, consuming forty days, and arriving in Cleveland in July, 1818. He settled in Brooklyn, on a farm which is now within the city limits of Cleveland, a portion of which is owned by our subject and upon which stands his present handsome and substantial residence on Scranton avenue. He at once began clearing the land, and, although beset with all the trials and hardships of the pioneer, never once became discouraged or disheartened, and at the end of a few years had a comfortable home for his family and was doing nicely. In 1856 his wife died, and on March 8, 1860, he was married to Miss Laura Walker, who died July 17, 1863. His death occurred on the 25th of August, 1863. He was the father of four children: Alfred, Horace, Charles M. and Sandford B., all of whom are now deceased except his first born, our subject. He was a man of stanch integrity and high moral courage, an enterprising citizen and one who took an active part in forwarding local improvements and the best interests of the community. He was originally an old-line Whig, but upon the birth of the Republican party he became a stanch adherent of that organization. Although taking an active interest in political and public questions, he never sought or held office of any kind.

Alfred Kellogg was reared on the farm, and received his education, as is commonly expressed, by holding the plow. His attendance at school was limited to a few months during the winters, and even this ceased as soon as he was large enough and old enough to make a "full hand" at work on the farm. But he made the best of his limited opportunities and secured a good practical education, which was supplemented with native shrewdness and keen judgment, industry and integrity, and his success in life has been in no wise hampered by the want of a better education. He followed in the footsteps of his father and became a farmer, and, as his friends and neighbors say, a "good one at that." He carried on farming until 1870, tilling the soil of the old homestead on the South Side; but about that time, the city having grown rapidly and encroached upon his farm, he decided to plat and sell the remainder of the old farm, and in a few years' time had reduced it to about two acres, which he retained for a residence and grounds. For several years Mr. Kellogg was engaged in the packing business, but was succeeded in that business by his son Horace, since which time he has lived retired, taking the world easy, surrounded by his family and enjoying the fruits of a well spent and active life.

On the 22d day of March, 1843, Mr. Kellogg was married to Louisa E. Ackley, daughter of Asa Ackley, a pioneer of Cuyahoga county, who settled on a farm near the infirmary. She bore him three children and died in 1885. The following year he was married to Elizabeth A. Plumb, whose family were among the pioneers of Wayne county, Ohio. The children of Mr. Kellogg are as follows: Edward M., deceased, born in 1845; Horace, born in 1849, and now engaged in the packing business in the firm of Kellogg and Jenkins; and Frank, born in 1854.

GENERAL MORTIMER D. LEGGETT, of Cleveland, Ohio, has for years been prominently identified with the interests of this country and has distinguished himself in more ways than one. Volumes might be written upon the early life, army service and subsequent career of this well-known man, and yet much be still omitted. To give even the most succinct narrative of his life requires much more space than can be given on these pages.

General Leggett's early days were spent in New York and Ohio, and amid the best social and educational influences. His parents, Isaac and Mary (Strong) Leggett, were residents of

Ithaca, New York, where the son, Mortimer D., was born April 19, 1821. The family removed to Montville, Geanga county, Ohio, in 1836. The life of the son was that of the farmer boy of his day, and if no means of rare culture or expansion of mind were open to him in the small, back country town, he was given that which was of more use,—enough physical exercise to give him a strong, hardy frame, and such moral and religious surroundings as to make him a true-hearted and earnest man. Such time as could be taken from the farm work was given to his books, of which he was very fond; and in his home education he was aided by his parents and older sister. When eighteen years of age he attended a teachers' seminary or training school, where he graduated at the head of his class. After this he immediately gave his attention to teaching, not with the purpose of making it his life work, but as one of the stepping-stones to the profession he had marked out for himself—that of the law. His success in the schoolroom was such as to warrant the statement that had he continued in that line of labor he would long since have become eminent as an educator; but as soon as his means would permit he began the study of law. He passed a creditable examination and was admitted to the bar in 1844. About that time he became greatly interested in the public-school question, and in the new cause he and others stumped the State. The result of the movement was the passage of the experimental law applicable to Akron, in 1846, out of which grew the grand common-school system of Ohio. In the meantime Mr. Leggett had been still further preparing himself for his chosen profession, with the intention of entering upon its practice at once. With the passage, however, of the Akron school law he was pursuaded to take charge of the organization of the schools thereunder. His signal success at Akron made his services in demand at Warren, where he also rendered efficient service. The value of his labor during those experimental days can hardly be overestimated.

In 1850, relinquishing his school labors, he opened a law office at Warren, and was rewarded with a good practice from the start. Ever in love with educational work, he found time occasionally to still pursue it, and in 1856–'57 we find him holding the responsible position of Professor of Equity, Jurisprudence and of Pleading and Practice in the Ohio Law College. In 1857 he was led to change his residence, going to Zanesville, where he continued in practice and at the same time had general supervision of the public schools. Here he remained until the breaking out of the Rebellion.

Mr. Leggett had a personal acquaintance and friendship with George B. McClellan. When the latter took command of his troops and moved into Virginia, Mr. Leggett accompanied him as a volunteer aid, without pay, and was soon convinced that the war was to be a lengthened contest that no three months' campaign would end. Returning to Ohio, he was commissioned by Governor Dennison, in the latter part of 1861, to raise and organize the Seventy-eighth Regiment of Ohio Infantry. He enlisted as a private, being the first man to place his name upon the roll of the regiment. He went at his work with tireless devotion and energy, and in the short space of forty days had enlisted the full number of 1,040 men. As Colonel of the regiment he went South with it and reported for duty to General Grant at Fort Donelson. It is a matter of regret that we must of a necessity pass hastily over his army life; indeed, to give it in full would be to write a history of the war, and that is not the purpose of this work. Suffice it to say that in less than three years he made the phenomenal stride from private to Major-General; nor was his promotion the result of favoritism. It was based upon true merit. A born commander of men, and with natural military genius, it would have been a strange combination of adverse circumstances that would have kept him from promotion. In the battle of Shiloh he received his first wound, but did not leave the field. May 16, 1862, while in command of the ad-

vance on Corinth, he had one horse killed under him and another wounded, he himself escaping uninjured. At Champion Hills he received a severe flesh wound in the thigh, in the beginning of the fight, but "he concealed the wound even from his staff, and remained on the field, commanding his troops throughout the battle." But it was at Vicksburg that he most distinguished himself. The morning after the fight, although severely wounded in the left shoulder, right side and elsewhere, he was helped to mount his horse, and rode into the city at the head of his brigade. For these and other meritorious services he was fittingly rewarded. He was with Sherman on that memorable march to the sea, and his last engagement was in South Carolina. "At the grand review of the armies at Washington, at the close of the war," says one writer, "no general officer was more warmly or cordially received in the President's pavilion than was General Leggett, or congratulated with greater warmth and heartiness by the President and Secretary of War. He was on that day recognized as one of the heroes of the land." So high an authority as Whitelaw Reid says, in his "Ohio in the War," of General Leggett:

"He is strictly a moral man, never drinks anything that will intoxicate, never smokes cigars, never chews tobacco, never uses profane language, and never plays cards, and drinking and card-playing were always prohibited at his headquarters. His services lasted from the beginning to the close of the war; they were always honorable, often arduous, and sometimes distinguished, so that in the end he came to command the trust of his superiors, the admiration of his soldiers, and the gratitude from the country which all deserve who add capacity and skill to their personal devotion."

The war over, he resumed the practice of law at Zanesville, Ohio. Again and again he was urged to try his fortune in the field of politics, but as often declined. During the war a warm friendship had sprung up between him and General Grant, which friendship still continued, and when the latter was elected to the presidency he proffered more than one position to his old companion-in-arms. They were all declined by General Leggett, with one exception, that of Commissioner of Patents. For this position he was particularly adapted, and in it served most acceptably for a term of four years, from 1871 to 1875. At the expiration of that time he resigned his office and removed to Cleveland, where he has since resided. Here he opened a law office, but made patents his specialty. His tastes ran naturally in that direction, and his experience in Washington had given him an insight into the business that no other form of preparation could have afforded. Soon he commanded a very large business in this direction, and practiced in all the United States courts throughout the entire country east of the Rocky mountains.

General Leggett has been of practical usefulness to the manufacturing and business interests of Cleveland and the West in more ways than one. He was one of the organizers of the Telegraph Supply Company, which was succeeded by the Brush Electric Company. Of the latter he was president until 1884. He was also president of the Cummer Engine Company, formed in 1881 for the building of steam engines. He was vice-president of the Cowings Steel Casting Company and of the Walker Manufacturing Company, and has also been interested in other important enterprises needless to mention here. In 1884 his desire for rest led him to take a trip to Europe, and before going he resigned the presidency of the Brush Company and the Cummer Engine Company, but he is still a member of the board of directors of each corporation. In 1880 he was elected a member of the Board of Education of Cleveland, and two years later was chosen a member of the Board of Managers of the Cleveland Public Library, in both of which positions he rendered valuable service. Politically, he affiliates with the Republican party.

July 9, 1844, he married Miss Marilla Wells, daughter of Absalom Wells, of Montville Cen-

ter, Ohio. She died in 1876. Remarkable for her intelligence, charming grace and cheerful disposition, she was loved by all who knew her. They had five children, only one of whom is living, namely, Mrs. H. A. Seymour, of Washington city. The other four were W. W. Leggett, a lawyer of Detroit, who died in 1892; Mortimer Leggett, who died at Cornell University in the fall of 1873; L. L. Leggett, engaged in business with his father, and died suddenly of apoplexy, April 2, 1894; and one that passed away in infancy. The General was married in 1879 to his present companion, Miss Weltha Post, daughter of H. C. Post, of Sandusky, Ohio.

SHERLOCK J. ANDREWS, a jurist learned and distinguished, and one of the foremost of the brilliant lawyers who have made the bar of Ohio famous, was born in Wallingford, Connecticut, November 17, 1801, and died in Cleveland, February 11, 1880.

His father, John Andrews, was early in the present century a distinguished physician and a citizen of great prominence in Connecticut. His son, the subject of this sketch, was prepared for college in the Episcopal academy at Cheshire, and after a thorough course there was sent to Union College at Schenectady, New York, where he graduated with high honors in the class of 1821. Soon afterward he became the professional assistant of Benjamin Silliman, Sr., the eminent scientist of Yale College, and intimate friend of Dr. Andrews; and for several years he filled the position to the great satisfaction of the distinguished professor, who took him into his family and gave him a father's care; and who, in his private journal, subsequently published, speaks of his young associate in the highest terms of praise and affection.

Having early chosen the law as his profession, Mr. Andrews, during his residence in New Haven, studied it assiduously, and after attending lectures at the law school there was, in 1825, admitted to practice. In the same year he severed his relations with Prof. Silliman, and, following the example of many young men of that period, came to the Western Reserve and located at Cleveland. Soon afterward he became the partner of Judge Samuel Cowles, with whom the relation continued until 1833, when the latter retired, and the firm of Andrews & Foot was formed, which subsequently became Andrew, Foot & Hoyt.

Very early in his professional life Mr. Andrews gained prominence. His brilliant talents, marked industry, and social qualities made him a leading man in the community. In 1840 he was elected to Congress, where he served with honor. In 1848 he was appointed Judge of the Superior Court of Cleveland, which was afterward legislated out of existence by provision of the Ohio constitutional convention, of which Judge Andrews was a conspicuous member. On the bench he displayed eminent talent, and maintained there, as in every other official position, an irreproachable reputation as a public servant.

Upon returning to practice, Judge Andrews, warned by failing health, partially retired from active life, and thereafter was only engaged as counsel and advocate in important cases. In 1873, chosen by both the Republican and Democrat parties, he was again a member of the State constitutional convention, where his long experience, wisdom and ability gave him a commanding position, and he was made chairman of the Judiciary Committee, having declined a nomination, and certain election, as presiding officer, tendered him by his Republican colleagues.

During his entire professional career of more than forty years, Judge Andrews held front rank. Logic, wit, sarcasm and pathos, all reinforced by a well disciplined and cultivated mind, stored with wide and varied learning, were at his command in rich profusion. There were others who equaled him in technical pleading; but, where he was supported by his convictions

of right, no other advocate in his day was so irresistible before a jury, or was more successful. In every phase of his professional life he commanded the universal respect of both bench and bar. In politics he was first a Whig and then a Republican. He was not, however, an extreme partisan, and freely condemned party measures which he deemed wrong.

In 1828 Judge Andrews married Miss Ursula Allen, of Litchfield, Connecticut, daughter of Hon. John Allen, a former member of Congress from that State, and a leader of its bar. Five children survive him, namely: Misses Sarah J. and Cornelia B. Andrews, Mrs. Ursula M. Herrick and Mr. William W. Andrews,—all residing in Cleveland; and Mrs. Harriet S. Whittelsey, of Wallingford, Connecticut. Judge Andrews was a Christian gentleman, a faithful friend and an affectionate husband and parent. He passed away ripe in years and wisdom and universally beloved and admired, and will be remembered as representing the best type of American manhood,—able, pure, lovable and accomplished. The announcement of his death was received by the public with great sadness. The courts in Cleveland immediately adjourned. Upon their records were spread the appropriate resolutions of the bar, and the Supreme Court in entering those tributes upon its journal paid very unusual honor to his memory as a distinguished lawyer. His death ended an honored and blameless life, and found him prepared for immortality.

HENRY H. JOHNSON, a real-estate dealer and broker of stocks and bonds, Cleveland, is one of the eminently successful young business men of the city, whose career is now fairly begun. His business life had its beginning in this city about fifteen years ago, when, after completing his education at Soula's College at New Orleans, Louisiana, he became his father's agent to transact any business pertaining to his real estate and other property interests. In 1882 he engaged regularly and permanently in the real-estate business, handling it as an investment. His efforts have been directed toward the improvement of what may be termed suburban property, by laying out allotments and putting them on the market at popular prices, and by erecting business and other blocks in the vicinity as an inducement to homeseekers and speculators and as evidence of his faith in the future of this city. He is a stockholder in the Cleveland City Railway Company, and handles its stock and bonds as its agent. He was one of the five incorporators of the Permanent Loan Association, in which he was made a director. He built the Johnson block in 1892, and is interested in a fine block now being erected.

In business Mr. Johnson acts with much deliberation. He is a student of the real-estate and stock markets, and is therefore "well up" on the values. When he decides on an investment it is certain that the profits will drop into his money-box. His counsel and advice are frequently sought and carry much weight. He was a member of the committee of the Cleveland Athletic Club to select and purchase a site for the organization, and he is a member of the Forest City, Roadside and Union Clubs.

Mr. Johnson was born in New Orleans, Louisiana, January 14, 1860. His father, William C. Johnson, the pioneer and popular general superintendent of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company, was born in Connecticut, in 1814, and was married in that State to a lady of the same surname. He came to this city in 1836, and when the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad was constructed he was appointed shop foreman or superintendent, and some years afterward was promoted to the position of general superintendent. He was an employee of the company about thirty years, and invested his earnings in the stock of that road, and of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad and in Cleveland real estate; consequently when he resigned his office he was worth a good sum. He was one of the first

men to take stock in the Society for Savings early in its history. He was always an active, restless man, not content without employment; and his determination to spend his last years in retirement and rest was probably his death sentence; for his enforced idleness worried him so that he died in two years, being then seventy-two years of age: his wife followed two years later.

February 10, 1891, Mr. H. H. Johnson, our subject, married Miss Helen Hathaway, a daughter of Charles Hathaway, whose history appears in this volume.

REV. JOHN J. WALKER, pastor of St. Matthew's German Evangelical Lutheran Church in the city of Cleveland, is a native of Germany, where he was born October 10, 1850. His parents, John J. and Anna (Besch) Walker, were residents of the kingdom of Wurtemberg, and there at Sondelfingen occurred the birth of our subject. When he was a child of six years his father, who was a shoemaker by trade, emigrated with his family to America. He settled in Kent county, Michigan, near Grand Rapids, locating in a section that was not at that time reclaimed from the wilderness. There he developed a fine farm and became recognized as one of the prominent and successful farmers of that portion of the Peninsular State. In the work of the farm he was greatly assisted by his son, our subject. He died in 1886, at the age of sixty-seven years. He, as well as his worthy wife, was a life-long member of the Evangelical Lutheran Church.

Rev. John J. Walker is the second in a family of four children, namely: Katie, the wife of Andrew Schantz, of Michigan; John J.; Hannah, wife of Henry Ruehs, of Michigan; and Julia, wife of Michael Heier, a resident of the same State. Our subject attended the public schools in the vicinity of his parental home in Michigan, and was thus enabled to secure a fair common-school education. The reading and writing of German were taught him at home by his parents, who were quite thorough German scholars. In his youth and early manhood Rev. Walker's summers were passed in farm work, while in the winters he was enabled to attend school. Subsequently he was a teacher in a parochial school at Lisbon, Michigan. In 1870 he entered Concordia College, a theological seminary of the Lutheran Church, at St. Louis, Missouri, and there graduated in December, 1872. He then became pastor of a German congregation in the Evangelical Lutheran Church at Jefferson City, Missouri, where he also taught a parochial school in connection with his church work. There he remained until the summer of 1875, when he accepted a charge at New London, Wisconsin. Here he cared for six different congregations, scattered in two different counties, and during his stay here he organized three new congregations. And in addition to this he also assumed the burden of teaching the parochial school, giving this work his personal attendance for a period of ten years, and teaching both German and English. During his stay in Wisconsin he made several missionary tours into the copper and iron regions of the Lake Superior district, which resulted in the establishment of a new pastorate for this district at Marquette, Michigan.

In 1885 he accepted a call from the congregation of St. Matthew's Church, of Cleveland, and in this field he has ever since labored zealously and effectively. When he accepted the pastorate of this church the representation of families in the congregation was 140; the number has been increased until at the present time the membership comprises 275 families. The parochial school maintained by this congregation originally employed one teacher, the pastor assisting in teaching until the second teacher was called. At present three teachers are retained, teaching both German and English, and the school has increased in membership as rapidly as has the congregation. The pastor

now confines his duties in connection with the school to a general supervision of the work. He is a member of the German Lutheran Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States.

The Rev. Mr. Walker was married May 19, 1873, to Miss Kate Freyermuth, daughter of John and Caroline Freyermuth. She is a native of Huron county, Ohio, but her marriage to Mr. Walker was consummated at Grand Rapids, Michigan, near which city her parents are still residing. She is the second in a family of five children. Mrs. Walker's parents, John and Caroline Freyermuth, were born in Germany, and came with their parents from the fatherland to America, when he was nine and she five years of age. In 1865 they settled in Lowell, Kent county, Michigan. Our subject and his estimable wife are the parents of five children: John C., who holds a position as clerk in a large wholesale establishment of Cleveland, and who is a young man of good habits and much promise, respected and esteemed wherever he is known; Henry W. is at present a student in Concordia College, at Fort Wayne, Indiana; Louis F. died in the fourth year of his life; Katie is in school; and Lucy, the youngest, is but a few months old.

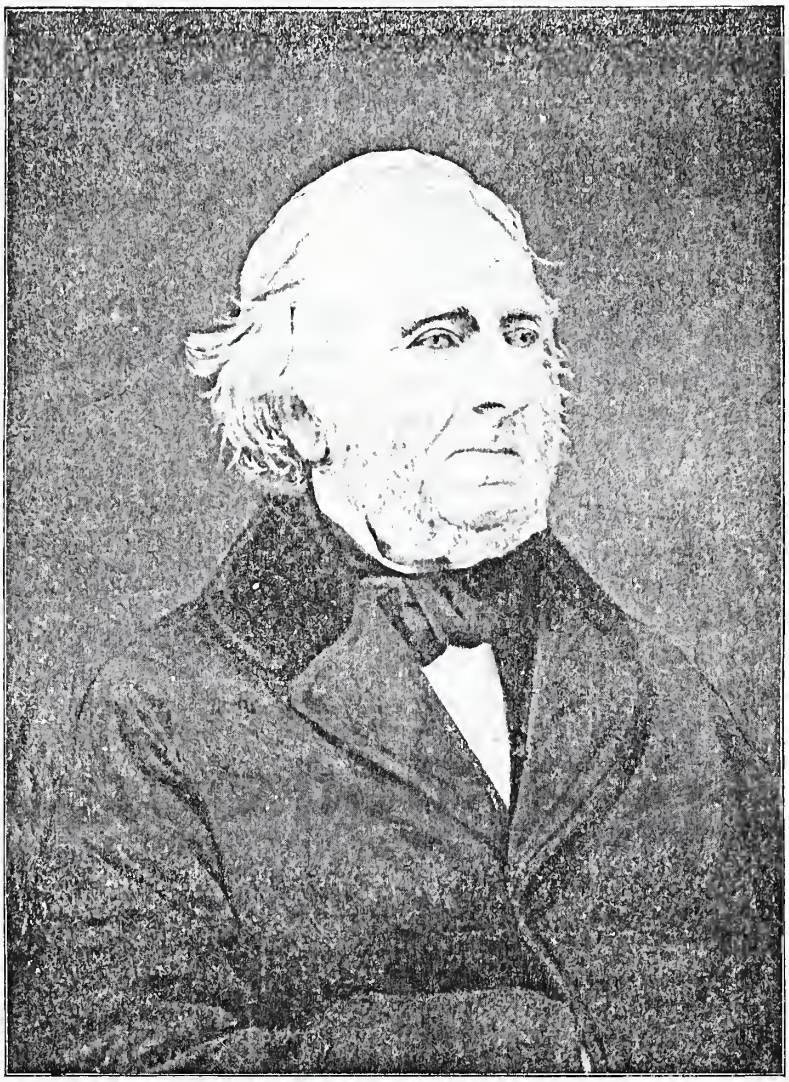
Rev. Mr. Walker is a man of more than ordinary ability as a clergyman, having been a close student and a practical worker. He has collected a very valuable library and has a very broad general information. He has long since reached a position of distinction in his profession and is a conspicuous figure in the work of his church. He is beloved as a pastor and esteemed as a devout Christian, and his life work has resulted in much good to his fellow-men.

REV. JOSEPH LE HALLE, Rector of St. Ignatius' College, Cleveland, Ohio, Superior of the Residence and Prefect of Studies, was born in Germany, in the Rhenish Provinces, January 31, 1845. He was educated in Prussia, Belgium and Austria. He then went to England and there became a priest. He labored for a short time in different missions, then went to India and worked there for eight years, as professor in St. Xavier's College in Bombay. For several years in succession he was appointed Examiner for the University degrees in classical languages. Next he served as secretary to the Archbishop, who is at present Archbishop of the island of Mauritius, at Port Lewis. Father Le Halle's health failing, he was compelled to leave India. He then went to Holland, and after a short stay came to Buffalo, New York, arriving in 1886, and for seven years was Professor and Prefect of Studies there in the Canisius College. He came to Cleveland in June, 1893, and was at once elected to his present position.

The school numbers about 200 students. It was founded about seven years ago, and is in a flourishing condition. It is incorporated and has the full rights and privileges of a university. The last graduating class numbered about ten. The curriculum of the college is extending and growing more varied, and will continue so to do.

President Le Halle is a man of broad culture and ripe scholarship, and of an experience gained by travel and an extensive acquaintance with the ways and doings of many different parts of the world, and varied phases of human life. He is most eminently qualified for his high position, and will doubtless prove himself the right person in the right place. He is genial, pleasant and companionable.

VICTORIAN SHEPPARD was born in Bavaria, February 14, 1848. He began his studies in Augsburg, Germany, where he continued for eight years. He then entered the order of the Jesuits in Gorheim, Hohenzollern. After two years he left the college for Munster, Westphalia, to study humanities and rhetoric. He then spent three years in the study of philosophy, when he went to college in Feldirk, Austria, remaining one year. He was ordained priest in 1881, in Ditton Hall, Lancashire, England, by Bishop O'Reilly, of Liverpool. He



Henry H. Coit.

then became missionary to Jamaica, going in 1882. There he spent four years of missionary life, but was obliged to quit the country on account of ill health. He came to New York in 1886 and spent several months in the hospital, recruiting his health, and then went to Buffalo, New York, where he served as professor of commercial law. He remained there four years, when in 1890 he was transferred to Cleveland, where he teaches the same study, in St. Ignatius' College.

HENRY H. COIT, deceased.—The State of Connecticut has furnished excellent men as pioneers on the Western Reserve, but perhaps none are more worthy of an honorable mention in connection with the early settlers of Cuyahoga county than the subject of this memoir. He was born in Norwich, that State, in 1791. His father, Daniel Lathrop Coit, was a member of the Western Reserve Land Company. At the delivering up of the Connecticut Land Company's lands, the whole of the township of Liverpool, Medina county, 1,000 acres in Euclid (now East Cleveland) and about as much in Lorain county, belonged to D. L. Coit, a member of the company; and as an agent for him Colonel H. H. Coit, almost a boy, from a counting-room in New York, came to Liverpool about 1814, when there were only seven families in the township, and established salt works and a country store and cleared a large farm, all of which he sold about 1830. He then came to Euclid (now East Cleveland), bought a place at Collamer village on Euclid road, and soon after began to improve his 1,000-acre tract on the lake shore, where Mr. Coit's present residence is, five miles east of Cleveland and surrounding "Coit Station" of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad.

Mr. D. L. Coit made salt at Salt Springs before the Erie canal was built, and at that time salt was very expensive, selling frequently for over $20 per barrel. He did an extensive and paying business for many years, encountering all the hardships and deprivations incident to Ohio pioneer life. In order to convey his salt kettles, for which he paid $60 apiece, he was obliged almost to build the road from his residence to Pittsburg. He subsequently sold his entire salt works. Colonel Coit and a Mr. Stanislaus were instrumental in importing a German colony to Liverpool, Medina county, many of whom are still honored and respected citizens of that locality. At a later date Mr. Coit gave the agency of the Connecticut Land Company into the hands of Mr. Stanislaus, who was an enterprising, worthy and respected resident of Medina county.

About 1828 Colonel Coit located in Euclid township, now East Cleveland, Cuyahoga county, and purchased the beautiful farm where he lived many years. Having a natural taste for horticulture and floriculture, his farm and grounds were soon the admiration of the people of the surrounding country. He not only set forth a good and worthy example in making the desert blossom as the rose, but, by industry, intelligence and thrift, raised the standard, inducing others to do the same, which noted change added greatly to the appearance of the neighborhood. He introduced and cultivated the very best fruits and vegetables of all kinds. Later, Mr. Coit purchased the splendid property on the lake shore, which is still in the possession of the family. This property has become the most desirable summer resort on the lake, and has been the leading attraction of the city for many years. Mr. Coit took special pride and pleasure in extending the courtesies of his mansion and beautiful grounds to his friends. He was a man of chaste life and habits, efficient in service, of irreproachable character, and of a gentle and loving disposition. He departed this life at Newark, New Jersey, while on a visit to his daughter, October 15, 1870, at the age of eighty years. His wife, Mary (Breed) Coit, died March 18, 1856, aged sixty years. She was a warmhearted Christian, a woman of rare intelligence and of great devotion to the wants

of her family and friends. All who knew her cherish her memory with grateful affection. Mr. and Mrs. Coit had five children, namely: Charles B., the eldest in order of birth; William H., a resident of Euclid township, now East Cleveland, was married in 1856 to Miss Harriet B. Fairfield; Elizabeth, also of that township, is the widow of Samuel H. Kirby, formerly a merchant in New York city, and later in Cleveland; Maria, deceased in 1876, at the age of forty years, was the wife of a Mr. Kirby; and Mary, wife of Rufus C. Holmes, of Connecticut. Mr. Coit was generous in thought, liberal in word, prompt in action, which, combined with an easy adaptability to circumstances and a kind, good nature, ingratiated him into the good will of those who had the good fortune to know him.

CHARLES B. COIT.—Among the beautiful and elegant places of resort along the banks of the lake, surrounded by the many luxuries of life which suggest not only the wealth but the rare taste and culture of the owner, is the home of our subject. He was born in Medina county, Ohio, in October, 1820, a son of Henry H. and Mary (Breed) Coit, natives of Norwich, Connecticut. After arriving at a suitable age Charles and his brother, William Henry, were sent to Connecticut, where they attended the common schools for a time at Norwich. After returning to Ohio, they entered the Western Reserve University, also Shaw's Academy. After completing his education, Mr. Coit spent several years in traveling, having made a trip to Iowa on horseback. He finally returned to this State, located on a farm five miles east of Cleveland, cleared a tract of eighty acres where he now resides, beautified his grounds, and his place soon became thronged with visitors in summer seeking a cool and shady resort. In 1876 he erected a hotel to accommodate those who might come, but the building was afterward burned. In 1886 he built his present hotel, which is beautifully located, being less than a quarter of a mile from the lake, and less than one-half a mile from the terminus of the St. Clair street car line. There are few places on Lake Erie so well located or with more lovely scenery and surroundings, or with better accommodations than is afforded in this summer resort. Mr. Coit has made a practical application of the most intelligent methods in the raising of ornamental shade trees.

In political matters, our subject casts his vote in accordance with the principles of the Republican party. Religiously, he is a member of the Presbyterian Church. As a worthy and enterprising citizen, aiding in every way the improvement and development of his chosen county, Mr. Coit occupies a prominet place.

REV. NICHOLAS A. MOES, Rector of St. Mary's Theological Seminary of Cleveland, was born in the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg in 1844, a son of Peter and Elizabeth (Sand) Moes, natives of Germany, where the father was a teacher for many years. The father died in 1879, at the age of seventy-four years, his wife having preceded him in death a few years, in 1873.

The subject of this sketch received his early education in Germany, at the College of Luxemburg, and in 1860 he came to America, settling in Cleveland, where he continued his classical education in St. Mary's College. Later he finished his theological education in St. Mary's Seminary at Cleveland, completing the course in 1866. He was ordained priest in Cleveland in 1867. He had charge of a parish on Kelley's Island for one year; he was then located at Napoleon, Henry county, Ohio, where he remained until September, 1870, when he accepted his present position, as described in the outset of this brief sketch, and which position he has since held with marked acceptability.

St. Mary's Theological Seminary, of Cleveland, was established by Bishop Rappe in 1849,

and from that day to this the school has always been attended with success. The object of this school is the preparation of priests for the different parishes, and workers for the different departments in this, the Cleveland Diocese of the Catholic Church. The number of students varies, but the school has been of much value, and much good has been accomplished in the preparation of those intended to do church work, and its object has been fully met.

Rev. Moes has proved himself a man well fitted for the position of rector of this school, and much valuable work has been done by him in this position. He is recognized as a scholarly gentleman, as a successful educator and in every way an accomplished man. He is assisted by three professors, namely: Rev. J. A. Te Pas, Rev. J. T. O'Conner and Rev. M. Murphey.

In 1878 the Rev. Moes returned to Germany, where he visited for two months. In his native land he had two brothers, who were priests in Luxemburg, they being Rev. Michael and Rev. John Moes. They were able and zealous priests, and though long since deceased are yet held in affectionate remembrance.

J. T. SMITH, physician and surgeon, Collinwood, Ohio, was born in Hartford county, Maryland, November 30, 1830, the son of Rev. John T. and Esther S. (Cheney) Smith, natives of Maryland and Pennsylvania respectively. The father was a minister in the Christian Church from early life, and was associated with Alexander Campbell, and other notable lights of that faith. He emigrated to Ohio with his family in 1842, and became widely known as a faithful and efficient missionary. He died at the age of fifty-seven years, his funeral sermon being preached by the Hon. James A. Garfield, who was then State Senator. Esther S. Smith died at Hiram, Ohio, in 1874, aged sixty-five years. She was a woman of rare traits of character, and to her zeal is due much of the success that crowned her husband's efforts. They reared a family of seven children: Edith, widow of David Rollins; Dr. J. T., the subject of this notice; William H., who served in the late civil war, was taken ill at the battle of Pittsburg Landing, and finally died in August, 1863, aged thirty years; Frances Cheney was for a number of years matron and nurse in the Children's Hospital, Staten Island, New York; she accompanied Mrs. Dr. Lukens to Europe as private secretary, filling the position with great tact and judgment; Hettie J. is the wife of Dr. Clark of Youngstown; John H. served three years in the late war, enlisting in 1861; he returned home August 4, 1863, and September 4, 1864, passed to the unknown country; Rev. Clayton C. is an able clergyman, now secretary of the board which has for its object the education and evangelization of the colored people of the South.

Dr. Smith received his elementary education in the common schools, and began the study of his profession under the guidance of Dr. Justin Hayes at Shalersville, Ohio. He afterward entered the medical department of the Western Reserve University, at which he was graduated in 1855, and immediately thereafter engaged in practice in Kent, Ohio; thence he removed to Warren, where he was residing when the dark war cloud spread like a pall over this land. He enlisted in 1861 as assistant surgeon of the Second Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, and in May, 1863, was promoted to the position of surgeon of that regiment. In July, 1864, he was detailed surgeon-in-chief of the Second Brigade of the Third Division Cavalry Corps of the Army of the Potomac, and in the spring of 1865 he was promoted to the position of Surgeon-in-chief of the Third Division of Cavalry of the Middle Military Division, which he filled until the close of the war. He was thus a member of General Custer's staff, as the latter was in command of the division.

He returned to his home and was engaged in practice, but afterward returned to the South for the purpose of raising cotton. In 1869 he

was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second District of Mississippi, an office he held four years. During this time he was appointed and commissioned Brigadier General of the Militia of Mississippi. He was connected with the Mississippi Valley & Ship Island Railway Company as president for two years. In 1875 he returned North and located in Collinwood, where he has resided with the exception of fourteen months in Arizona, and seventeen months in California.

He was married December 13, 1855, to Miss Maria A. Ramsay, a daughter of John S. Ramsay. Mrs. Smith died March 26, 1894, leaving three children: C. W., John Claton and Mattie. She was a member of the Christian Church from girlhood, while Dr. Smith belongs to the Church of God; he was a member of the Christian Church until 1877. He belongs to the A. O. U. W., the G. A. R., Brough Post, and in politics is a Republican with strong prohibition tendencies.

Dr. Smith was in the prime of life when our nation was making history. He was a conspicuous figure in the Reconstruction period in the South, and was prominently identified with that phase of history.

The following from Lucius P. Woods, Acting Staff Surgeon of the U. S. Army, Surgeon in Chief of the Third Cavalry Division, is a glorious tribute to his worth. It says:

"Headquarters Third Division Cavalry Corps, January 7, 1865. I have known Joseph T. Smith, Surgeon of the Second Ohio Cavalry and Surgeon in Chief, First Brigade of this Division, intimately since his regiment joined this command last May. He is a gentleman and a superior medical officer. He has performed more duty for the benefit of the sick and wounded of his command, during the time he has been connected with the division, than any other medical officer; while as an operating surgeon, I know of no one more skillful in the use of the knife than he.

"I can heartily recommend him as being in my opinion capable of satisfactorily performing the duties of any position in the medical department of the army, in the field or in the U. S. hospitals.

"The subject of personal bravery is one rarely mentioned in papers of this character by me, but I do not praise when I say that this officer has always done his duty, and he has so done the same under fire, and during the many engagements of the past campaign, as to deserve and receive commendations from the commanding generals and other officers of the Third Cavalry Division."

Under the same date Major-General J. D. Cox gives testimony of equal force and merit to the above, showing the high esteem in which Dr. Smith is held by those who know him best.

LEONARD FISH, a gardener and an honored resident of Brooklyn township, was born in this township, on the farm where he now lives, September 5, 1834, the seventh of the eight children of Daniel and Matilda (Chester) Fish. He graduated at Bryant & Stratton's Business College, making his home with his parents until he was twenty-one years of age, when he went to Minnesota and entered 160 acres of land from the Government in one county and eighty acres in Brown county of the same State. After remaining there about five months he sold his land, to good advantage, and went to Wisconsin and attended college there three months. Returning to his native place, he engaged in gardening, on the old homestead, where he now lives and owns a fine residence, which he built in 1873, at a cost of about $3,000. He also owns property in Brooklyn village.

December 24, 1863, he married Miss Clarissa Brainerd, a native of Brooklyn township, born March 26, 1842. Her father, Willard Brainerd, a native of Connecticut, was an early settler in this county. Her mother, whose name before marriage was Harriet Young, was also a native of Connecticut and was only one year

old when her parents moved to this county; and she is still living. Mrs. Fish is the sixth of their seven children, and a twin of Carlos, who died when an infant. Mr. and Mrs. Fish are the parents of three children, namely: Edith May, who died at the age of six years; Hattie, who is now attending Baldwin University; and William E., the eldest child, now resides in Brooklyn township.

Mr. Fish has a nice little farm of thirty-six acres near the city corporation line; is a Republican, and has been a member of the I.O.O.F. ever since he was twenty-one years old; being a zealous temperance man, he is also a member of the I. O. G. T., and having had an army experience, he is a member of Brooklyn Post, G. A. R. He was in the Eighth Independent Battery, Ohio National Guards, serving six months as a private, being a No. 1 man on the gun.

REV. PETER F. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer and Financial Agent of the German Wallace College at Berea, Ohio, was born in Hohensolms, Prussia, October 12, 1825. He came to America with his parents in 1834, landing at Baltimore, Maryland, and came in a wagon to Wheeling, West Virginia, from Wheeling to Mansfield, Ohio, and thence to Crawford county, this State, where his father, John Schneider, bought 160 acres of timber land, which he cleared.

He was reared to manhood in Crawford county, near Galion, attending the common schools, until he was sixteen years of age. His father was an educated man and he taught his children in the evening. From his father young Schneider received his German education, as there was no German school in that section at the time.

In 1848 he commenced preaching as an assistant to Rev. C. H. Hoevner, a very able Methodist minister connected with the Delaware and Galion mission of the Ohio Conference. After one year thus engaged he labored for a year in the Lower Sandusky mission, and the year following was put on the Woodville circuit, embracing the city of Toledo, where he served one year. He bought the first German Methodist church building in Toledo and organized the church, with sixteen members. From Toledo he was sent to Sandusky City, Ohio, for one year; and thence to Cleveland, where he remained two years; from Cleveland to Detroit, Michigan, where he remained six years, four years of that time serving as Presiding Elder, on the Michigan district; thence to Delaware, Ohio, for two years, when he was returned to Toledo, where he built a new church and parsonage and remained three years; then was stationed at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, three years. He was next stationed at Evansville, Indiana, for three years, and was Presiding Elder of the Louisville District for two years. In 1873 he came to Berea and most of the time since has been pastor of the German Methodist Church. From 1873 to 1883 he was vice president and treasurer of the German Wallace College, and since 1883 has been financial agent and treasurer.

Mr. Schneider was married in Tonawanda, New York, September 4, 1851, to Louisa Ackerman, by whom he had eleven children, six of whom are living, namely: William H., John W., Edward F., Franklin H., Charles A. and Kingsley C. T.

Mrs. Louisa Schneider died in Berea, Ohio, January 30, 1876. Mr. Schneider was again married in Toledo, Ohio, to Mrs. Mary C. Bohrbaser, by whom he has two children, Estella C. and Arthur L.

REV. J. C. GRIMMELL, editor of Der Sendbote, Wegweiser, Der Muntere Saemann, Unsere Kleinen and Lesson Leaves, —all monthly periodicals except the first, which is weekly,—was born in the city of Marburg, Germany, May 30, 1847, a son of Jeremiah and Margaret Grimmell, who were among

the first Baptists in Germany. His father, as a layman, was very active in missionary work. He organized a Baptist church in Marburg, and also in this country, one in Williamsburg, and one in Wilmington, Delaware. After suffering persecution and imprisonment in the Fatherland, and losing all his property, for being a Baptist, he came to America in 1851, and died in 1871, at Wilmington, Delaware, while on a visit there, at the age of sixty-two years. His wife, an honored resident of Cleveland, resides with her son, the subject of this sketch, and is now aged seventy-five years. Jeremiah Grimmell and wife had thirteen children, seven of whom are still living,—all in this country.

Rev. J. C. Grimmell, whose name introduces this sketch, was the fifth in the above family. He was educated at Rochester, New York, and Lewisburg, Pennsylvania, graduating in 1867, when he became pastor of the First German Baptist Church at Buffalo, New York. In 1873 he became pastor of the First German Baptist Church of Brooklyn, same State, in which he remained for twenty years, with an intermission of two years spent as general missionary and corresponding secretary of the German Baptist Home Missionary Society, whose office is in New York city.

When Mr. Grimmell went to Brooklyn in 1873 he found but seventy-two members there, without a church home; at the end of his pastorate there were 350 members owning valuable church property free from debt. They also have two flourishing missions, which he founded, besides having sent out two flourishing churches. Mr. Grimmell was editor and publisher of the "Mitarbeiter" (Co-worker), an illustrated monthly journal, from 1874 to 1879. He is the writer of several well known hymns. A collection of hymns which he compiled and published under the name of Die Weckstimme had seven editions. He was unanimously elected to his present position as editor, etc., in 1893, by the General Convention of the German Baptists held in Chicago, in September, 1892. He is also a platform lecturer, both in the German and English languages. He is talented and eloquent, and has been the means of leading many souls to Christ. In his personal manner he is genial, showing in his conversation that he is a scholar and every way worthy of his high and responsible position. He is one of the leading ministers of his denomination. He is chairman of the Educational Board of the Rochester Theological Seminary, German department.

In 1870 Mr. Grimmell married Miss Helen L. Weimar, of Buffalo, New York, a daughter of John G. and Agnes Weimar, of that city, and they have six children, namely: Bertha R. and Edith Martha, teachers in the public schools of Cleveland, and are graduates of the high school and of the State Normal of New York; Rowland W., at present attending the University of Rochester, New York, and in the freshman year; Helen, Walter and Clara, in the public schools of Cleveland. The wife and children are also members of the German Baptist Church. Mr. Grimmell has been a Republican, and during the last war, when Lee invaded Pennsylvania, he, at the age of seventeen, served in the army of the United States during that emergency.

REV. S. P. SPRENG, editor of the Evangelical Messenger, the English organ of the Evangelical Association, at No. 265 Woodland avenue, Cleveland, was born in Wayne county, Ohio, February 11, 1853. His parents, Christian and Julia (Grimm) Spreng, were natives respectively of France and Bavaria. His father was a farmer all his life, excelling in that vocation; but his chief activity, other than farming, was his religious work as an official in his church. He came to America in 1831, settling in Wayne county, Ohio, and is now seventy-eight years of age, retired, an honored resident of Cleveland, whither he moved in 1892. His wife, now aged seventy years, is a devoted member of the same church, and has

consistently sustained this relation for over fifty years. They celebrated their "golden wedding" in 1892. Their children are: John E., a manufacturer of agricultural implements at Ashland, Ohio; Emma, the wife of Rev. S. J. Gamertsfelder, assistant editor of the Messenger; and Rev. S. P., whose sketch we proceed now to give further in detail.

After attending college several years at Naperville, Illinois, he began in the ministry, in 1875, at Bellevue, Ohio, where he served eight months, receiving fifty persons into the church; next he was pastor of the Calvary Church on Woodland avenue and Perry street, Cleveland, for three years; then for a time at Napoleon, Ohio; next he was sent to Columbus, this State, and then to Circleville, also this State. In 1883 he was elected Presiding Elder of the Columbus district, in which position he served until the autumn of 1886, when he came to Cleveland as pastor of Trinity Church on East Madison avenue, where he served but one year, his pastorate terminating in the fall of 1887, by his election, at the General Conference of this church at Buffalo, New York, to the editorship of the Evangelical Messenger. In 1891 was re-elected, at Indianapolis, for a second term, expiring in 1895.

In 1885 he wrote a book entitled Rays of Light, and in 1888 the Life of Bishop John Seypert, besides editing a number of other works, and he has been an extensive contributor to the periodical press.

In 1883 he was elected a delegate to the General Conference of the church at Allentown, Pennsylvania, and served as the English secretary of the conference. Again, in 1887, he was again elected and served in the same capacity. In 1891 he was ex-officio member of the General Conference. In 1883 he was elected by that body a fraternal delegate to the General Conference of the United Brethren Church at Fostoria, Ohio, sitting there in 1885. Besides, Mr. Spreng has had the honor of being one of the editors of the Standard Dictionary now in process of publication; and he is the author of the History of the Evangelical Association, issued by the American Society of Church History of New York city, under the general editorship of the late Dr. Philip Schaff.

Mr. Spreng was married in September, 1878, to Miss Maggie Beck, daughter of George and Margaret Beck, old settlers of Cleveland, first residing on the south side. Mr. Beck was a grape-grower, and died about 1874, aged about fifty years; and his widow survived until 1891, dying at the age of eighty-two. Both were life-long, devout members of the Evangelical Church. They were well known as early and worthy settlers on the south side.

Mr. and Mrs. Spreng have had five children, namely: Edmund G. C., Harrison N., Lillian Ethel, Ralph Waldo Emerson and George B. All the family are members of the Evangelical Association, and take much interest in moral questions and the enterprises that promise any amelioration of the human family.

This brief review of the eventful life of Mr. Spreng should conclude with at least some further notice of his personal characteristics, as in the following paragraphs, gleaned from those who have long been acquainted with him.

The appearance of Mr. Spreng, whether in the social circle, the office or the pulpit, indicates a man of culture and dignity, not however of the austere type, for he is as pre-eminent for kindliness as for culture, having a warm heart in happy combination with superior intellect. Naturally and easily he draws to himself admiring friends, of whose confidence he proves himself increasingly worthy. He brings light and life to every gathering graced by his presence.

In the pulpit he is mighty and magnetic. His voice is clear, strong and musical, and always under perfect control, which adds emphasis to a forceful delivery. The skill with which he manages his voice and places his emphasis enables him to give peculiar effectiveness to every part of his pulpit work. When once warmed with the progress of his subject he becomes sometimes dramatic, animated and surpassingly

eloquent. As a writer he is distinguished for vigor of thought and a nervous energy and beauty of style.

From the very beginning his rise in the ministry was rapid, as shown by his appointment to the most important churches, his early election to the presiding eldership and subsequent elevation to the editorship of the English organ of the church, the Evangelical Messenger, one of the best and most influential Christian family weekly papers in the land. At the last General Conference his practically unanimous re-election was the best possible evidence of the wide appreciation of his eminent ability as a writer and ecclesiastical leader, aside from the flattering vote given him for the office of Bishop.

Erect, of medium height, fair complexion and a decidedly intellectual cast of countenance, he is a man of attractive presence, while his genial spirit and brilliant ministerial and editorial career has made his name a household word throughout the church.

A. TRUESDELL, who occupies a conspicuous position as secretary of the Cleveland Fire Underwriters' Association, has been a resident of the Forest City for thirty years, having come hither from the State of New York in 1864. He was born near Binghamton, Broome county, New York, September 9, 1842, and was there reared to mature years, receiving a thorough common school and academic education. Early in life he became a teacher, devoting his attention to pedagogic labors for some time prior to his emigration to the West. Coming to Cleveland in 1864, as already noted, he secured an engagement as a solicitor for the State Fire Insurance Company, later securing the preferment as secretary of the Midas Insurance Company, which subsequently was merged into the Forest City Fire Insurance Company. With this association he remained for two years, after which he resigned to engage in business for himself, opening a local office as an insurance agent.

In 1878 he became secretary of the Cleveland Board of Underwriters, and since that time has continued in the tenure of the office, having been re-elected from year to year as his own successor and having discharged the exacting duties of the position to the satisfaction of his associates, who have thus manifested their appreciation of his discriminating technical ability and their approval of his methods. For about one year Mr. Truesdell was engaged in other business, having resigned his position for the purpose; but, after a brief interim, was again called to the position in which he had proved so capable and acceptable an executive. That he enjoys the confidence and esteem of the members of the association is beyond cavil, while during a long residence in the city he has not failed of gaining a marked general popularity.

He has been actively identified with the Methodist Episcopal Church since fourteen years of age. His membership is with the Epworth Memorial Church, in which he has served in all the official capacities to which a layman is eligible.

Mr. Truesdell's marriage to Miss Louise M. Wellsted was consummated in 1866, she being a daughter of the late Joseph Wellsted, of Cleveland, Ohio. She died in 1869, leaving one child, Clara L., who became the wife of Samuel G. McClure, now on the editorial staff of the Cleveland Leader. In the year 1872 Mr. Truesdell was united in marriage to his present wife, who was Miss Carrie Patton, a daughter of William Patton, Esq., of Medina, Ohio.

Our subject's parents were Harvey and Sarah (Parker) Truesdell, both of whom were natives of the Empire State and descendants of prominent old New England families, the father being of English and the mother of Scotch extraction. Harvey Truesdell was a farmer by occupation and was one of the earliest and most ardent abolitionists. For many years he was a steadfast worker in the cause of freeing our nation from the blot of slavery, and successfully operated a station of the famous "underground railroad," by which so many slaves were assisted

to freedom. He and his wife were devoted members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. They had twelve children, of whom the subject of this review was the sixth in order of birth. Eight of the family are living, three having died in childhood, and one later in life.

The paternal grandfather of our subject participated in the war of 1812, and Emery P., a brother of the latter, served as a private in General Custer's cavalry during the late civil war, enlisting in 1862 and remaining in the ranks until the close of the sanguinary struggle, having been only sixteen years of age at the time he enlisted. He is now a travelling representative for the well known and extensive agricultural implement concern of the Warder, Bushnell & Glessner Company. His twin brother, Emri H., entered the Methodist Episcopal Conference in New York, early in life, subsequently retiring by reason of impaired health. The other surviving members of the family are concerned in agricultural pursuits.

LEVI E. MEACHAM, formerly Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas for Cuyahoga county, was born in Parma township, this county, September 5, 1846. His parents were Levi E. and Lucinna B. (Emerson) Meacham, the former a native of New York and a son of Isaac and Sophia Meacham, who moved from that State to Ohio in 1820, settling in Parma township. At that date the father of the subject of this mention was a mere child. The name of the parent tree of the Meacham family in America is not known, but there is well founded reason for the statement that he was of the Mayflower crew; and it is authentically stated that the paternal great-grandmother of Levi E., Jr., was a granddaughter of the celebrated Miles Standish.

Lucinna B., *nee* Emerson, mother of Levi E., was one of the first white children born in Parma township, Cuyahoga county, where her parents, Asa and Sallie (Small) Emerson, settled in 1818. The father was a native of Maine and she a native of Massachusettes, both being of Puritan stock. Both the paternal and maternal grandparents of the subject of this sketch were early and well known, as well as prominent and respected, pioneer settlers of Parma township. When Levi E. Meacham, the senior, married Lucinna B. Emerson, she was the widow of Charles Nicholas, by whom she had had two children; and to her second husband she bore one child, whose name introduces this personal sketch.

The latter was but two months old when his father died; but his mother, being a woman of of sterling qualities, remained upon the old homestead in Parma township, where she still resides, being seventy-three years of age, and there brought up her children, giving them the advantage of such schooling as afforded in the district schools. For a third husband she maraied Joshua Whitney, now deceased. In religions faith she is a consistent member of the Baptist Church.

This good woman deserves more than a passing notice. In November, 1861, her sons, Oscar Nicholas and Levi E. Meacham (the latter being then but fifteen years of age), enlisted as privates in Company G, Sixty-seventh Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry. Oscar remained in the army service till 1864, after which time he was disabled by a severe wound received in battle. Levi E. remained in the service to the close of the war. We now wish to speak of the noble part the mother took in the struggle of the civil war. The company in which her sons enlisted was made up largely of young men and lads from Parma township. In the spring of 1862 much sickness distressed the camp of this company, who sent home for aid. Mrs. Meacham at once set out for the camp, which she reached during the latter part of that spring, and thereafter till the close of the war she remained upon the battlefield and in the hospital, doing all that kind and motherly hands could do in nursing the sick and wounded.

Levi E. Meacham, the immediate subject of this personal mention, after the war attended and taught school alternately for a period of four years, upon the close of which he (his health failing him) bought a small farm and began farming, in which he continued until 1880, when he became a deputy in the office of the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, where he was promoted from less important desks to that of chief clerk, or first deputy. In the fall of 1887, as the Republican candidate, he was elected Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, two which office he was re-elected in the fall of 1890.

Mr. Meacham is a member of the Army and Navy Post, G. A. R.; he was originally a member of the Memorial Post. He is also a thirty-second degree Mason, a member of the I. O. O. F. and K. of P.

In 1873 he was united in marriage with Miss Lina Biddulph, and they have a son and a daughter, Roland and Florence.

FRANK H. BILLMAN, one of the progressive members of the bar of Cuyahoga county, has been engaged in legal practice in the city of Cleveland since 1891, and has already attained enviable prominence. His parents, Alexander and Elizabeth Billman, are of Scotch ancestry; the father is a resident of Cuyahoga Falls, retired from active business; the mother is deceased. Frank H. was born March 31, 1866, in Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, and there passed his boyhood and youth. He was educated in the University at Wooster. In 1888 he began the preparations for his professional career, entering the law office of Judge Rufus P. Ranney and the Hon. Henry McKinney, as a student. He read under the direction of these experienced practitioners until 1891, when he was admitted to the bar of Cuyahoga county. In 1891 he opened an office in Cleveland, and is surely gaining a permanent place among the able lawyers of the county. He is retained as counsel for several corporations in and near the city. He gives his support to the Republican party, taking an active interest in the leading political events of the day. He is a highly esteemed member of the Presbyterian Church, his efforts in behalf of that society having met with gratifying results.

KARL RIEMENSCHNEIDER, Ph. D.—A well known and prosperous institution of learning is the German-Wallace College, located at Berea, Ohio, and occupying a position of importance and honor as the chief executive of the same, stands the subject of this sketch, the able President of the college. Dr. Riemenschneider is a man of scholarly attainments and broad intelligence, and he has directed the destinies of the institution over which he presides to the goal of maximum excellence as applied to the full exercise of the functions in its province of accomplishment and opportunity.

Dr. Riemenschneider was born in Louisville, Kentucky, May 14, 1844, the son of Rev. Engelhardt Riemenschneider, who was sent as a missionary to Germany when our subject was seven years of age. The latter was thus reared to manhood in Germany and there received his education, which was one of a most comprehensive order. He prosecuted his studies at Bremen, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Zurich (Switzerland), and at the University of Tübingen. He was an instructor in the theological seminary at Bremen for a year and a half, after which he returned to the University of Tübingen, where he completed his collegiate course at the age of twenty-two years. His marked capabilities had already secured him prominent recognition and soon he received a call to return to his native land and accept a professorship in the German-Wallace College at Berea, Ohio. This proposition he accepted, returning to America in 1868. Subsequent preferments in the institution came as the natural result of his erudition and pro-

nounced executive ability. About 1881 he was chosen as Vice-President of the college, and in 1892 he was made its official head, becoming President of the same.

The college was founded in the year 1864, from which year Dr. William Nast held the presidency until he was succeeded by Dr. Riemenschneider, in 1892. The college is in a flourishing condition, has an excellent corps of instructors in all technical and special branches, and its particular province is defined in the preparing of young men for the ministry. Special attention is devoted to the teaching of the German language, and the institution affords an exceptional opportunity for the thorough acquirement of the same. The college has an average enrollment of 150 students, the majority of whom are Germans.

Dr. Riemenschneider was united in marriage, at Manchester, Iowa, July 7, 1870, to Miss Amelia Smith. They have five children, namely: Ernest, Albert, Oscar, Karl, and Clara.

M. E. COZAD was born in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1846, a son of Andrew Cozad, one of the early settlers of this county. The father emigrated with his family from Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1807, and located upon land which is now covered by the prosperous city of Cleveland; then there were not a dozen families living in this locality. He became prominently identified with all the progressive movements that were inaugurated as the country became more thickly settled, and held many of the local offices. Education and temperance reform were matters of equal moment in his estimation and commanded his most earnest consideration. In him were combined many qualities of rare excellence, and his name was held in the highest esteem. He died at the age of seventy-two years. His wife, whose maiden name was Sally Simmons, bore him nine children, five of whom grew to maturity: Justice L., Dudley A., deceased, Henry L., deceased, Sarah L., and M. E., the subject of this notice.

Mr. Cozad enjoyed the educational advantages afforded by the Western Reserve College, being graduated from that institution in 1870. He afterward studied law in the office of Otis & Adams, Cleveland, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar in 1872. He practiced his profession in this city four years and then turned his attention to the abstract business, organizing the firm of Cozad, Beltz & Bates. He also established the first abstract office in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, removing to Pittsburg in 1876, where he had charge of the business eleven years. He organized the Title Insurance Company of Pittsburg, and afterward sold his other interests to this company. Somewhat broken in health he became identified with a life insurance company; through the outdoor exercise his health was regained and he was also very successful from a business standpoint. He has since represented different large and important companies, and till recently was in charge of the interests of the New York Life in Ohio. He is at present supervisor of agents in Ohio and Indiana for the National Life Insurance Company of Vermont.

During the inflation times of 1869, 1870–'73, he had large investments in real estate in this city, losing heavily in the transaction. Although he has had many business cares he has found time to devote to the work of the church and Sabbath-school. For a number of years he was a member of the Board of Education, laboring earnestly to improve the facilities whereby the youth of this city were fitted for the battle of life. A Republican in politics he has represented that body in convention where his opinions have been given due weight.

Mr. Cozad was married in 1872 to Miss Maggie S. Wagner, a daughter of John Wagner of Ravenna, Ohio. They have two children, Henry O. and Ellen.

In the first convention of Life Underwriters held in Boston Mr. Cozad was a delegate from

Cleveland, and in the second convention held in Detroit he performed the same duty. His wide experience, ready speech and genial manner assure him a welcome in all gatherings of a social character, and his presence is especially prized where a response is called by the toastmaster.

HENRY H. LYON, a well-known Democratic politician of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a resident of Strongsville township. He was born in this township, June 10, 1838.

Mr. Lyon's father, Danforth S. Lyon, who was born in Stafford, Connecticut, in 1806, came at the age of twelve years to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, with his father, Liakim Lyon, and settled in Strongsville township. That was in 1818. Here the elder Lyon died at the age of seventy-five years. Danforth S. Lyon also spent the rest of his life and died here, his death occurring December 20, 1878. The latter was married in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1835, to Miss Caroline Lewis, who was born in Shoreham, Vermont, in 1809. After their marriage they settled on a farm, and he was interested in agricultural pursuits all his life. He held various township offices, and during the administration of James K. Polk was Postmaster of Strongsville Center. Mr. Caroline Lyon died in this township in April, 1870. They had four children who reached adult age, namely: Henry H., whose name appears at the head of this article; Lewis C., a member of Company E, Sixty-seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry, died of disease at Cumberland, Maryland; Delia A., wife of Frederick J. Brennis, died at Mitchell, Dakota; Edwin E., a farmer of this township.

Henry H. Lyon, the oldest in the above named family, was reared in his native township and has resided here all his life, with the exception of the three years he was employed in a ship chandler-store in Cleveland, and with this exception has been engaged in farming all his life. He owns one hundred acres of fine farming land, located two miles of south of the center of the township.

Mr. Lyon was married in Strongsville township, November 25, 1860, to Miss Ellen M. Meacham, who was born in Greenfield, New York, February 24, 1841, daughter of Almon and Polly (Kelly) Meacham. Her father was a native of Chesterfield, Massachusetts, and soon after this marriage settled here, where he was for man years well known as an extensive farmer and cattle dealer. Both he and his good wife continued to live here up to the time of their deaths. Mr. and Mrs. Lyon have had six children, viz.: Clara M.; Carlos H., who married Miss Mary Thorburn, resides in Strongsville; Herbert N.; Nettie E., who died at Lakeside, Ohio, at the age of fifteen years; and Clande C. and Ruby E., who died of diphtheria, at the ages of eleven and five years respectively.

Mr. Lyon is prominent in political circles. He has been Deputy Sheriff of Cuyahoga county since 1887, and for eleven years served as Constable. In the fall of 1893 he was the candidate of his party for the Legislature.

Mrs. Lyon is a member of the Congregational Church.

W. B. NEFF, who came to Cleveland in 1876, and entered upon a professional career as a lawyer, was born at Winchester, Preble county, Ohio, April 30, 1851.

His parents are Cornelius and Eliza (Reinhart) Neff. His father is a native of Ohio, and his mother a native of the Old Dominion State. Their marriage was consummated in Germantown, Ohio, and they had but one child other than the subject of this sketch, namely, O. L. Neff, a successful practitioner of law in Cleveland.

W. B. Neff was reared at Winchester and educated at the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, which institution he left when he was in his senior year. His taste leading him into the

profession of law, he entered the office of Alexander & Satzgaber at Van Wert, Ohio, where he read law for two years, and then he entered the law school at Cincinnati, graduating there in the spring of 1876, when he was also admitted to the bar, in that city. In May, 1876, he came to Cleveland and entered into a partnership with his brother, O. L. Neff, in the practice of law. This partnership continued until Mr. Neff was elected Prosecuting Attorney for Cuyahoga county in the fall of 1890.

As a lawyer Mr. Neff bears an enviable reputation, and as Prosecuting Attorney for the county he has displayed marked ability and met the most sanguine hopes of his friends.

June 22, 1876, Mr. Neff and Miss Lizzie Hyer were united in marriage. Mrs. Neff is a graduate of Delaware College, Ohio, and is an accomplished lady. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Neff has been blessed by the birth of two children, namely: Horace, now fifteen; and Amy, now twelve years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Neff are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and he is a Master Mason, while in politics he is a stanch Republican.

MISS F. JENNIE DUTY, a prominent philanthropist of Cleveland, is a native of this city, the daughter of Daniel W. and Mary (Mason) Duty, natives respectively of New Hampshire and New York. Her father was brought to Ohio in 1808, when but four years of age, reared in Ashtabula county, and in 1828, two years after his marriage, came to Cleveland. Here he engaged in the furniture business for a number of years, in company with a Mr. Vincent, and later with D. A. Gardner. For years also he had, in addition to the furniture trade, the undertaking business. Probably no man in the city had more warm friends than he, and this fact alone demonstrates all the peculiar traits of his character and the fact that he was a good citizen. He was one of the original members of St. Paul's Church (Episcopal), of which he was Senior Warden at one time; had much to do with public enterprises, and was a gentleman of broad mind and liberal spirit. He died April 13, 1887, and his wife died in October, 1888. They had six children: William, now a resident of Dayton, Ohio; John, deceased; Andrew, of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania; Mary, deceased in 1884, wife of P. R. Spencer of Cleveland; Charlotte M., a teacher in New York city; and the subject of this sketch.

Miss Duty, whose name heads this sketch, completed her school days at the Episcopal Female Seminary in this city, then taught for three years in the Ohio Female College at Cincinnati, and two years at De Pauw College in Indiana, being the preceptress there, and one year was principal of the Wheeling College for women. She then returned home to take care of her parents during their declining years.

Up to this time she had taken some interest in missionary work, but not publicly until the great crusade on the saloons began, in which she became one of the leaders. Naturally she has drifted with her co-adjutors into the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, in 1874 becoming one of its members. She helped establish the Central Friendly Inn, of which she was made chairman, and missionary leader, a position she has held for nineteen years. During this time she did a large amount of charitable work which the public know not of, besides much that was conspicuous in its effects upon public opinion and public welfare.

First connecting herself with the local Woman's Christian Temperance Union, non-partisan, she was elected Secretary of that society, in which position much hard work necessarily devolved upon her; and every one knows that the secretary of any association is obliged to do a great amount of work for which there is no pecuniary compensation. She is at present a vice-president of this Union. She was also Recording Secretary, and Secretary of the old State Union for eight years. When the non-partisan Woman's Christian Temperance Union was formed in 1890, she was made General

Secretary, and held that position for two years. She was also officially connected with the old National Woman's Christian Temperance Union for several years. She is thus a veteran in this greatest of philanthropic causes, and is still as active, zealous and efficient as ever. She has made her influence felt in the various fields of work, often speaking in public; was instrumental in securing the enactment of some laws which were for the special benefit of her sex, although she is not technically a "woman's-rights" partisan. She has been an angel of mercy among fallen humanity.

When a little girl she was confirmed by Bishop McIlvaine, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, but later she connected herself with the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which she is still a faithful member. Realizing, in 1893, the need of something to assist mankind in putting down alcoholism, she secured an interest in "Eucrasy," a cure for inebriety, in which field she is doing a good work. Her residence is on Arlington street, where she has a cosy and very attractive home of her own.

A. G. HOPKINSON, a graduate of Dartmouth College in the class of 1851, and a gentleman eminent in educational circles in Cleveland, has been a resident of of this city, with but a little interruption, ever since 1852. He is a native of Limington, Maine, and his father was a farmer. On arriving here he took charge of the grammar school in Ohio City. In 1854 he was elected superintendent of the Ohio City schools, and on the annexation of that suburb to the main city the same year he was superseded by Andrew Freese, who was already superintendent of the Cleveland schools. In 1856, his school having attained the high-school grade, the branch high school was organized, afterward changed to the West high school. Of this he continued as principal until 1865, when protracted ill health compelled his resignation, and he returned to his native State.

After recruiting his health for more than a year, his friends proposed him for the position of superintendent of the Cleveland schools, and he came "dangerously" near being elected, lacking but one vote! He has always been glad that he did not get that vote. He was then re-elected to his old position as principal of the West high school. In 1870, his health beginning again to suffer, he resigned to go into more active business,—into work that would lead him more into out-door life. Accordingly, he formed a partnership with Mr. T. C. Parsons in the insurance business, which continued for twenty years. Under their joint energies they had at one time the largest fire-insurance business in this city. In connection with his school and insurance work, Mr. Hopkinson has occupied many positions of trust, having been member of the City Council for several years, of the Board of Education two years, declining re-election, and a member of the Board of School Examiners for many years, closing his labors with this body, of which, for several years he was president, in 1893. For a time he was also a member of the Public School Library Board. He is a director in the Wick Banking & Trust Company. He has been president, vice president and treasurer of the Cleveland Board of Underwriters. For many years he has been a member of the First Congregational Church, in which also he has filled various offices. Was Sabbath-school superintendent for years, and he has ever been a zealous worker in the cause of practical Christianity. He was one of the leading factors in the erection of the new church building, and everything for the public good has always had his hearty support. As to general politics he has ever been a true Republican. He has represented his ward in various relations, but has never aspired to political honors. All the offices he has had have been thrust upon him.

He was married in Massachusetts, in 1853, to Miss Elizabeth Cook, of Blackstone, that State, who died in 1855, leaving no children. In December, 1856 Mr. Hopkinson married

Miss Harriet Farrand, a granddaughter of the old Revolutionary hero, Jared Farrand, who died only a few years ago, at the advanced age of nearly 107 years! (See a reference to him in the sketch of A. J. Farrand, in this volume.) Mr. and Mrs Hopkinson have two sons, namely: Harry G., superintendent of surveys for the Board of Fire Underwriters of this city; and Charles W., an architect, at No. 50 Euclid avenue. Financially, Mr. Hopkinson is comfortably situated, having a handsome summer residence in a beautiful grove on the lake shore, besides his pleasant home on Franklin avenue.

MRS. MARTHA A. CANFIELD, A. M., M. D., a physician and surgeon at No. 24 Streator avenue, Cleveland, was born in Freedom, Portage county, Ohio, September 10, 1845, a daughter of Henry and Eliza (Brown) Robinson, natives of Berkshire county, Massachusetts. They were among the early pioneers of Portage county, Ohio, where they remained until 1888, and since that time have resided with their daughter in Cleveland.

Our subject prepared at Hiram College, but graduated at Oberlin College, in the class of 1868. She then read medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. Charles Morrill, of Cleveland, and graduated at the Homeopathic Hospital College in the class of 1875, winning the highest honor. Dr. Canfield immediately began the practice of medicine at 149 Prospect street, remained there three years, and during that time was physician to the Open Door, an institution for friendless women. She has since resided at her present location, where she has erected a private hospital for the medical and surgical treatment of women, making a specialty of diseases of women in addition to her general practice.

The Doctor is a member of the National Scientific Association, the Woman's Intercollegiate Club, the Woman's Press Club, the Cleveland Sorosis, Professor of Medical Diseases of Women in the University of Medicine and Surgery, Professor of the Diseases of Women in the Western Reserve School of Oratory and Physical Culture, President of the Woman's International Provers' Union, a member of the staff of the Woman's Dispensary, the Maternity Home, the Training School for Nurses in the Huron Street Hospital, a member of the Executive Board of the Maternity Home, Vice-president of the Women and Children's Dispensary, a member of the American Institute of Homeopathy, and the Ohio State Medical Society. Dr. Canfield writes for numerous medical journals.

In 1869 she was united in marriage with H. W. Canfield, an attorney of Cleveland, and they have four children: Elma C., Mary Alice, Hiram and Charles Morrill: the latter died at the age of two years. The family are all members of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church. Our subject was one of the twelve (and the only lady) Homeopathic physicians and surgeons appointed to deliver addresses at the World's Congress of Homeopathic Physician, and Surgeons at Chicago, June 13, 1893 Among the twelve were noted men from Germany, France and England. Dr. Canfield's subject was the "Progress of Medical Science Through Homeopathy."

REV. JOHN W. MALECHA is the pastor of St. Adalbert's (Bohemian) Catholic Church of Cleveland. He was born in Bohemia, June 23, 1861, a son of Thomas and Theresa Malecha, both natives and still residents of Bohemia. The father is a Bohemian farmer and lives in the village of Dinin. He was born about 1837, and his wife in 1839, and are respectable citizens and faithful members of the Catholic Church. The oldest child, Mary, is the wife of Joseph Pribyl, a resident of Chicago. The other members of the family are residents of Bohemia.

Our subject, the second of seven children, was educated in Bohemia, in Budweiss College,

which in Bohemia is called "gymnasium." His theological education was obtained in St. Mary's Seminary of Cleveland, under the efficient Rev. Nicholas A. Moes. July 3, 1886, he was ordained priest by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Gilmour, then of this diocese. At Elmore, Ohio, Rev. Malecha did his first work as a priest. There he remained for two years, at the close of which he was transferred to his present work. In his church work and in the work of upbuilding the school of his parish, he has been very successful. His parish and church was established by Father A. Hynek. When Rev. Malecha took charge of this parish he had about 100 families; now there are over 200 families. His schools are taught by four Notre Dame Sisters. There are ten societies connected with the church. The church building is a nice, well-equipped place of worship.

Rev. Malecha is a man of excellent scholarship, of pleasing personal appearance and is one of the most popular priests of Cleveland.

J. C. ALEXANDER, a member of the Board of Commissioners for Cuyahoga county, has been for many years a prominent figure in Bedford township. He was elected to the office he now holds in the fall of 1891, and took his seat January 1, 1892. The year of 1893 was one of marked activity for the board, $85,000 being expended upon macadam roads and $170,000 in building Brooklyn Bridge, $225,000 for the Central Armory, besides sums for other public improvements.

Mr. Alexander was born fifty-one years ago in Bedford township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, a son of Andrew Alexander who emigrated to the county in 1833; the father was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, in 1813, a son of James Alexander, a native of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, of Scotch-Irish descent. James Alexander was one of the first settlers of Columbiana county, Ohio, and was a soldier in the war of 1812. He was a blacksmith by trade, and owned one of the best sawmills in the county; he was a man of excellent business qualifications and was very prosperous. Andrew Alexander was reared and educated in his native county, and there married Hannah Hope, who was born in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, and died in 1882. In 1855 he built "Alexander's Mills" (flouring) in Independence township, this county, and now has operated them for thirty-five years, for years under the firm name of A. Alexander & Son.

Our subject was a mere lad when he went into his father's flouring mill, where he received a thorough training in all the details of the business; for thirty years he was his father's trusted partner, conducting the business with marked ability. He owns a fine farm two and one-half miles South from Cleveland, all of which is under cultivation; the improvements are most substantial and the entire place has an air of thrift and prosperity. In 1876 he was elected superintendent of the Clewell Stone Company, and built and operated their large flagging mill at Independence station.

Mr. Alexander was married in 1874 to Nettie Logne, now deceased. Mrs. Alexander was a sister to Judge Logne of Cleveland. The second marriage occurred at Allegheny, Pennsylvania, when he was united to Rachel Gibson, daughter of Charles Gibson. Two children have been born to them, Grace Elizabeth and Charles Andrew. Mr. Alexander is a Republican and is one of the most ardent workers in his party. He and his wife are consistent members of the United Presbyterian Church and are held in high regard by all who know them.

HON. CHARLES L. SELZER was born in Cleveland, Ohio, October 6, 1859. At the age of five years his father, Jacob D. Selzer, removed to the village of Brooklyn, at which place he received a good school education, and later he attended the

West High School of Cleveland, where he pursued his studies for a period of two years.

He then took up the drug business for six years, during which time his attention was called to a certain law case that greatly interested him and which virtually created within him a taste for the profession of law. This led him to that study and to enter the law office of John W. Heisley in Cleveland in the year 1882. During the time he studied law he was engaged in various forms of work in order to gain a support and to enable him to further prosecute the study of law and his preparation for the profession.

In 1883 Mr. Selzer, in company with H. M. Farnsworth, established a newspaper at Brooklyn village known as The Cuyahogan, which they published as a weekly issue with success for a period of four years. At the close of that time they sold their publication for a good consideration. The building up of this paper and the work of publishing the same, necessitated loss of time in his study of the law, and thus he was prompted to end his newspaper career.

In 1886 Mr. Selzer was admitted to the bar and without a partner he immediately began the practice of his profession in Cleveland. He has since engaged in general practice, and has gained the reputation of an able lawyer and forcible advocate.

Mr. Selzer was scarcely twenty-one years of age when he entered the political arena by being elected City Clerk of Brooklyn, in which capacity he served two years. He was elected Township Clerk of Brooklyn township, in which position he served two years. In 1890 he was unanimously elected Mayor of Brooklyn, and in 1892 was re-elected to the same office in which he is the present incumbent. The several positions and circumstances under which Mr. Selzer has held them are pointed out as evidence of that great estimation and confidence on the part of his fellow citizens which he enjoys.

On January 1, 1884, Mr. Selzer was commissioned by Governor Foster as First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the Fifth Regiment, Ohio National Guard, with headquarters at Cleveland, and with his regiment participated in suppressing the famous Cincinnati riots of that year.

Mr. Selzer was nominated by the Democratic party as a candidate for State Senator in 1893, but was defeated with the rest of the ticket by the political landslide in the autumn election of that year.

January 1, 1894, he formed a partnership with Echo M. Heisley, son of his former preceptor, Hon. John W. Heisley, for the general practice of law under the firm name of Heisley & Selzer, with spacious offices at No. 219 Superior street, Cleveland, Ohio.

Mr. Selzer is prominent and active in the Masonic and K. of P. orders of Cleveland.

It was in November, 1886, that he was married to Miss Ida M. While, of Brooklyn, daughter of Joseph While, Esquire. The home of Mr. and Mrs. Selzer has been blessed by the birth of two children, sons, aged six and four years respectively.

NORMAN E. WRIGHT, M. D., Berea, was born in Copley, Summit county, Ohio, March 18, 1834. His father, the late Orris C. Wright, was a farmer and also a miller by occupation, and died at Johnson's Corners, that county, when sixty-seven years of age, from the effects of an injury which he had received some time previously.

Norman E. remained on his father's farm till he was seventeen years of age, afterward assisting his father in a flouring mill at different periods for some ten years, and then engaged in wood turning and other occupations till he began the study of medicine at Olmsted Falls. In 1874 he graduated at the Cleveland Homeopathic Hospital College, where he received his diploma. Previous to his graduation, however, in 1871, he located in Berea, where he has since followed his chosen calling.

Dr. Wright is one who takes a fairly active part in local affairs, and especially in religious work, and for many years he has been a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Berea, Ohio, although for eighteen years previous he was connected with the Congregational Church at Olmsted Falls, in which body he was for nine years the Sunday-school Superintendent, and filled various other offices. He has been a member of the Board of Education of Berea, is an active worker in the cause of temperance, and is universally respected and esteemed by his fellow-townsmen.

He was married to Miss Julia Bradford, of Olmsted Falls, who died May 17, 1873. For his present wife he married Mrs. Lizzie A. Smith, at Berea, April 9, 1876. Dr. Wright's children are as follows: Willis N., who is a resident of Indianapolis, Indiana; Myron T., Cora E., Orris C. and Minnie I.

FRANK LYNCH, passenger engineer on the C. C. C. & St. L. Railroad, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, March 22, 1848, son of William Lynch. The latter was born in Boston, and came to this city in 1844, where he died in 1852. He was a contractor by occupation. He and his wife, *nee* Elizabeth Harrison, had the following children: Helen; William; Mary, wife of E. E. Hudson, a master mechanic on the Big Four Railroad; Frank, our subject; Harrison, an engineer on the C. L. & W. Railroad; and Elizabeth, wife of Ed Spatts.

Frank Lynch attended school until he was fourteen years of age. He then secured the position of brakeman on the C. C. C. & St. L. Railroad, and four years afterward was promoted to conductor, but at that time received an injury which caused him to suspend work for awhile. He returned to the road as locomotive fireman, under engineer William Kirwin. March 27, 1872, Mr. Lynch was promoted to the position of locomotive engineer. He remained in the yard about eighteen months, was then in the freight service until 1886, and since that time has been engaged as passenger engineer. His work has been most satisfactory to the company, he has been at his post whenever called, and he has never injured a passenger or employe or in any way by negligence caused the company a pecuniary loss. His record is indeed one of which he may be justly proud. His faithful service has at different times won for him commendation from the press.

On one occasion Mr. Lynch ran a special train, consisting of six coaches, from Cleveland to Columbus, a distance of 138 miles, in three hours and eight minutes, his train dashing along up grade and down, while the operators along the line almost held their breath as the rapid progress of the train was noted on the wire. At another time as he was speeding along toward Cleveland at a rate of fifty miles per hour, with his regular train, an incident occurred, which, as showing the material of which Mr. Lynch is made, should be noted here.

"The coaches were crowded, and the train was a few minutes behind time. Old reliable eight-wheeled engine 398 was pulling the train, and Engineer Lynch, one of the best men on the road, grasped the throttle. The train approached Iberia curve, a short distance below Galion, at the same great speed. Suddenly there was a crash on Lynch's side of the cab, the windows were wrecked, the seat on which the engineer was sitting was torn to pieces and Lynch was thrown with terrific force through the cab door and back into the tender. He was partially stunned and bruised considerably, but in a moment he recovered himself. The engine was plunging and rocking forward, and at once Lynch learned that one of the side-rods connecting the drive-wheels was broken. He knew that unless the train was stopped at once a wreck and perhaps great loss of life would occur. He sprang to his feet but was again thrown down by the fearful plunges of the engine. Again he rose up and again was thrown

down. After several similar experiments, Lynch managed to enter the fireman's side of the cab, and apply the air-brakes. The train came to a standstill, and the passengers, frightened and wondering, piled off to ascertain the trouble. The rod connecting the forward drive-wheels was broken into two pieces, one of which could nowhere be found. Lynch promptly disconnected the rod on the forward wheels on the other side of the engine, and again mounted the foot-board and pulled the throttle for Cleveland. He was over half an hour late at that time, but still with his crippled engine, only four drive-wheels being used, he ran into Cleveland on time. His escape from instant death seems almost miraculous, and the passengers can thank their lucky stars that Lynch's heroism saved them from death or maiming."

Mr. Lynch was married in Cleveland, in 1872, to Christina, daughter of Adam Karn. They have six children, viz.: Harry, a fireman on the Big Four Road; Frank E. and Maud, attending the high school; and Arthur, Lulu and William, at home.

In his social relations, Mr. Lynch is a member of the B. of L. E. and of the Knights of Pythias.

B M. BARR, a prominent business man of Cleveland, was born near the city of Cincinnati, in 1864, a son and one of the two children of James A. Barr, of that city, who was a Lieutenant in the Twenty-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry in the late war. Mr. Barr's ancestors came to America about 1773, locating in New Jersey. The Barr family, a prominent one, settled early in Cincinnati, Major William Barr, the paternal great-grandfather of Mr. Barr, being one of the first settlers of that city. The paternal grandfather of Mr. Barr was John Barr, in his time a prominent merchant of Cincinnati.

The subject of this sketch received a liberal education and early became interested in electricity, beginning business in 1883 as an electrical salesman for the Edison Electric Manufacturing Company, remaining with that company in the successive capacities of manager of their business in the States of Iowa and Missouri, and later of the State of Ohio, with headquarters at Cleveland until the Edison and Thomson-Houston Companies were merged in the General Electric Company.

Mr. Barr came to Cleveland from St. Louis in 1890, and though a young man has gained a prominent position in his chosen field, and is in every way an active, progressive and sagacious business man. In 1885 he was united in marriage with Miss Louise Little, daughter of William Little, of Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and they have two children, B. M. and Louise.

While in no way active, Mr. Barr is a pronounced Democrat in politics.

A W. BISHOP.—One of the distinctly representative business men of Berea, Ohio, and one who has done much to further the advancement of the place and conserve its stable prosperity, is he whose name initiates this brief review. By virtue of his position as one of the substantial capitalists and progressive citizens of Cuyahoga county, it is imperative that he be accorded due attention in this connection.

Mr. Bishop was born in Orleans county, New York, July 1, 1833, and in October of the same year his parents removed to Medina county, Ohio, where the father was engaged in the milling business for some time, finally disposing of his interests in this line and devoted his attention thereafter to farming. Our subject was reared on the farm, in Medina county, securing a thorough common-school education, and at the age of nineteen years he engaged in school-teaching in Lorain county, Ohio, being thus occupied during four winters and working on a farm during the summers. About this time he invented an animal poke, which was

the first contrivance of the sort ever invented in the United States. In this connection it may be incidentally noted that since our subject originated this valuable device more than one hundred other designs have been invented, patented and placed on the market. It is certainly interesting to thus trace an article now in such common use back to its original type. Realizing that his invention was one of practical utility, Mr. Bishop began manufacturing the pokes at Medina, continuing the enterprise at that place from 1865 until 1871, when he removed his business to Berea, where he erected a factory and resumed operations upon a much larger scale. The industry, which is now one of much importance, has been carried successfully forward and represents at the present time one of the representative manufacturing enterprises of the State. Mr. Bishop has perfected several improvements upon the original design of the poke, which is yet recognized as one of the best, if not the best, on the market. He has also invented a unique machine for planing rubber and an apparatus for cleaning boilers. His business interests in Berea include varied enterprises aside from the one noted, and it is doubtful if there be another single individual who has done more to advance the prosperity of the town along the normal avenues of enterprise than has our subject. In the way of municipal improvements he has maintained a lively interest and has practically made the cause of the little city his own. He actually built the Front street extension in Berea and was notably instrumental in locating the Union Depot where it now stands. He has sought, in more ways than one, to improve the town and has contributed ungrudgingly of his means with this end in view.

Public-spirited to a pronounced degree, Mr. Bishop has always taken a very active part in local affairs, is a member of the Common Council and is universally recognized as one of Berea's most enterprising and progressive citizens.

February 5, 1857, he was united in marriage to Miss Lydia Doane, a sister of Josiah Doane, a prominent resident of Columbia, Lorain county, Ohio. Our subject and his wife had two children, a son and a daughter. The latter, Lunette, died at the age of six and one-half years; the son, Frank L. is engaged in the oil and gas business at Muncie, Indiana. Mrs. Lydia Bishop, the devoted wife and mother, entered into eternal rest, in Medina county, in the year 1867.

December 31, 1869, Mr. Bishop consummated his second marriage, being then united, at Medina, to Miss Zora Harrington. Of this union two children have been born: Mary L., the wife of Frank M. Kuederle, and Leo A.

Mr. Bishop was the projector and has been actively interested in the construction of the Cleveland & Berea electric railway and is the superintendent of the system at the present time. In company with others he built the street railroad at Sandusky, Ohio, and also the one at Mt. Clemens, Michigan. In the way of securing local improvements, it may be noted that he was foremost in establishing at Berea the gas wells and pipe line which supply the city.

Conducting individual enterprises which are of incalculable benefit to Berea, ever ready to contribute of his time and means to such objects as conserve the best interests of the place, a thorough and discriminating man of business, respected and honored by the community with which he is closely identified, Mr. Bishop richly merits the slight recognition of his ability and worth that has here been accorded.

CHARLES A. UHINCK, one of the successful farmers and highly respected citizens of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a descendant of German ancestry and from his forefathers inherits the thrift that is so characteristic of the German people. As one of the representative men of the township, the following record of his life is appropriate in this connection.

Charles A. Uhinck was born in Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, December 13, 1853, son of William and Margaret (Boyer) Uhinck, both natives of Germany, the former born January 12, 1825. Soon after their marriage they emigrated to America and settled in the township in which their son Charles A. now lives. That was in the year 1848. Here the mother died March 6, 1887. The father is still living. They had six children: William; John; Margaret, wife of H. R. Henninger; Charles A.; Katie, who died in childhood; and Jacob L. All are residents of Parma township.

In this township our subject was reared and educated. For several years he was engaged in the butchering business, and aside from that his whole life has been devoted to agricultural pursuits. He owns sixty acres of fine farming land, all of which is well improved with good fences, buildings, etc.

Mr. Uhinck was married in Parma township, February 20, 1877, to Miss Emma Henninger, a native of this place, born June 29, 1850, daughter of Philip G. and Sophia (Orth) Henninger. Her father died in this township, July 15, 1892. Mr. and Mrs. Uhinck have three children living, namely: Henry Robert, Eda and Elsa. Their son Rubart died in infancy.

Mr. Uhinck affiliates with the Republican party and takes a commendable interest in political affairs. For a number of years he has served as School Director. Both he and his wife are active workers in the Presbyterian Church.

JAMES F. J. DAVIS, Sergeant at Arms of the City Council, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Orleans county, New York, August 6, 1839, son of Paul H. and Caroline (Leland) Davis, the former a native of Vermont and the latter of New York. Paul H. Davis was seven years old when he went with his parents, Joseph and Dolly Davis, to Orleans county. That was in 1820, and there he has since remained, all these years being spent on the same farm where he now lives retired. Joseph Davis bought his article for this land in the old Holland purchase. The great-grandfather of our subject, Sergeant Paul Davis, served five years, nine months and eighteen days in the war of the Revolution. His discharge, dated June 8, 1783, is now in the possession of Mr. Davis. It bears the signature of George Washington. At the early age of three years Mr. Davis was deprived of a mother's loving care, her death having occurred when she was twenty-five.

Upon reaching young manhood, Mr. Davis turned his face westward, and in Michigan spent the winter of 1857–'58 in teaching school. Following that experience he entered the employ of a Government contractor in the Territory of Nebraska, with whom he remained about a year. Then he was in railroad employ for some months, next went to Memphis and from there to Wisconsin. The winter of 1860 he spent in the pineries of Wisconsin, and was there when the war broke out. He enlisted in May, 1861, for three years, and as a member of Company G, Sixth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, went to the front, his regiment becoming a part of the Army of the Potomac. He served until February, 1863. At the battle of Antietam he was seriously wounded, and from the time of that battle until his discharge he was in hospital. Previous to the engagement at Antietam he was in several other battles, in all of which he acted the part of a true and patriotic soldier.

After his recovery Mr. Davis located in Cleveland, Ohio, and since March, 1863, he has been a resident of this city. For eleven years he was in the employ of the Adams Express Company. Then he looked after the city trade for the Marion & Morgan Paraffine Company for eleven years. Since April, 1892, he has served in his present official position in the City Council.

Mr. Davis was married in June, 1861, to Miss Annie Benbow, daughter of Edward and Elizabeth Benbow, natives of England but resi-

dents of Beloit, Wisconsin. Mr. and Mrs. Davis have had five children, namely: Frank Annie, wife of Dr. K. B. Waite, of Cleveland, Ohio; Elizabeth C., who died at the age of twenty-four years; James H., who died at the age of twenty-two; Herbert, who married Emma Cushman and resided in Cleveland; and Burt, a student in the Cleveland high school.

In Knight of Pythias circles Mr. Davis is well known. He has passed through all the chairs in the lodge and Endowment Rank, and has represented his lodge in the Grand Lodge three terms. He is also a member of Memorial Post, No. 141, G. A. R., Cleveland, his name being on the list of charter members, and in this organization he has also held official position.

JARED FARRAND, a soldier of the Revolution.—Among the early settlers of Cuyahoga county were the Farrands. Jared Farrand, the senior member of the family, came to this country in 1832, locating in Dover township, where he purchased land and engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was born at Norwich, Connecticut, in the year 1756. While he was a boy his father, Thomas Farrand, moved with his family to Vermont, and settled in Bennington county. Here the elder Farrand commenced to hew out for himself and family a home in the wilderness, and here young Jared grew up. In these early days the woods were alive with wild game, and the boy never lost an opportunity for a hunt, and thus became, in the language of the times, a crack shot with the rifle. He bore the distinction of being one of the number that were required to pay double price for a shot at the turkeys, at shooting matches, and then was only allowed to aim at the head of the bird. It is said that he could drive a nail with a bullet at a hundred paces, three times out of five. It was these wonderfully accurate marksmen that finally became a terror to the officers of the British army during the Revolution.

Just as he was emerging into manhood the war for Independence burst on the country. The people went wild with excitement. Such turbulent spirits as Colonel Ethan Allen and Seth Warner did their full share in arousing the people of that section to take up arms in resistance to the tyrannical spirit manifested by Great Britain toward the colonies in America. A scheme was soon set on foot for the capture of Ticonderoga and Crown Point. Ethan Allen rallied around him a band of as brave and fearless men as ever followed a gallant leader to victory. Young Farrand caught the war fever, ran away from home, joined Colonel Allen's expedition, and thus received his first lesson in war at the capture of Ticonderoga. Soon after this he joined an independent company of militia, called the Rangers. Later on he was employed by General St. Clair, as scout. Early in the spring of 1777 he and a companion by the name of Myron Pangburn, dressed in the garb of backwoods hunters, and with a birch-bark canoe, skirted the shores of Lake Champlain to its lower end, and as far down the Richelieu river as St. Johns, taking note of the preparations going at that place, and picking up all the information possible in regard to the threatened invasion of the colonies by a British army from Canada, which was to ascend the Richelieu river to Lake Champlain. From information that had been received from various sources, the people of that section were convinced that an invading army would soon be in their midst. Vigorous preparations were soon set on foot, for collecting arms and ammunition and enlisting men for defense.

It was at this time that Mr. Farrand enlisted in Captain Joseph Safford's company, the "Green Mountain Boys," which became a part of the first regiment of regulars raised in Vermont for the Continental Army. This regiment remained in service until the close of the war. He was with Stark at the battle of Bennington, also took part in the engagement at Bemis's Heights, and was severely wounded at the battle of Saratoga. After recovering from

this wound he rejoined his regiment, and was promoted to be First Sergeant of his company.

During these eventful years of the Revolution he had many thrilling experiences. Especially was this so while he was acting as scout. Some of these incidents may not prove uninteresting in this connection. It is related that on one occasion, early in the summer of 1777, while west of Lake George watching the movements of Burgoyne's army in that direction, he suddenly found himself surrounded by a band of Mohawk Indians, and was made prisoner. Watching his opportunity, he contrived to make his escape at night. His absence being discovered, he was hotly pursued by the savages, but from his knowledge of woodcraft he managed to elude his pursuers for two days, finally reaching the shore of Lake George almost worn out with fatigue and famished from hunger. Fortune favored him. Concealed in the bushes near the lake, he discovered a canoe containing a spear and paddle. He lost no time in setting it afloat, and his new-found treasure was soon cleaving the waters of the beautiful lake, but not a minute too soon, as his pursuers were almost immediately on the shore, only to see their prisoner beyond their reach. He crossed the lake in safety, and reached Fort Castleton without further molestation.

At another time he was sent to learn something, if possible, of the movements and designs of the force under Colonel St. Leger and Joseph Brant, chief of the Mohawks, who were known to have a large force of Tories and Indians under their command. Night coming on, he put up at a tavern near the Hudson river. He had just seen that his horse was stabled and fed, and had ordered supper, when it seems, as chance would have it, a British officer and a Tory who was acting as guide rode up to the same tavern to stop for the night. As they were passing by the dining-room on their way to the stables, the Tory saw Sergeant Farrand eating his supper, and, as they had been well acquainted before the war, recognized him at once. The Tory made haste to inform the officer that the man inside eating his supper was a noted scout from Gates' army. Highly related, the British office immediately began to concoct some plan to effect his capture. In this it seems they were successful. Early next morning they set out with their prisoner toward their destination. Sergeant Farrand took his capture in a very philosophical manner: appeared to be perfectly unconcerned about its results. We may well infer, however, that his mind was not idle in weighing every circumstance that might afford an opportunity for his escape. Such an opportunity must have presented itself, for a few days later he came riding into camp on his own horse, his holsters bristling with horse pistols and leading two other horses. When asked where he got his horses he merely remarked that a certain British officer and a Tory of his acquaintance had given him so much trouble that he had concluded to take their horses to get even with them!

There are many more interesting adventures connected with his long and eventful life, which, if well written up, would make a first-class romance, but we have not time to recount them here.

After the war for independence had been brought to a successful close, Sergeant Farrand returned to his old home in Vermont. In 1783 he married Miss Hannah Evans, of Bennington, and they settled in Chittenden county, Vermont. Here he engaged in the manufacture of lumber with an old-fashioned sawmill run by water power, and in the cutting of the largest and tallest pine trees for shipmasts. These were made into rafts and floated by way of Lake Champlain and the Richelieu river to St. Johns, where they were sold for masts and spars of vessels.

A few years previous to the war of 1812, he moved with his family to a place called Dunham's Flats in Canada. Here he purchased some very fertile land in the valley of the Sorel river, and commenced farming. He was just getting comfortably fixed and doing well when the second war with Great Britain came on. Canada demanded an oath of allegiance from all

her citizens. Mr. Farrand, not being willing to take this, returned to Vermont, leaving his property in Canada, which was confiscated. He was now compelled to make a new start in life, and in addition had a large family of children to support. In this dilemma he set up in the business of shoemaking. He had learned this trade when a young man, and it now stood him well in hand for a support for himself and family. He finally opened a store at Essex, Vermont, where he lived until 1832, when he joined a party of settlers going to Ohio. He had raised a family of fourteen children,—eight boys and six girls. At this time they were nearly all married and gone for themselves. When he came to Ohio he was accompanied by two of his sons, William and Jared, Jr., and his youngest daughter, Polly.

At this time he was nearly seventy-five years old, but well preserved and vigorous. He was a man of mark among men; stood six feet two inches in his stockings, was powerfully built, and possessed a fine physique and noble presence. He was a good type of the class of men that made American liberty possible. He possessed great muscular strength and endurance, and had a strong will and indomitable perseverance. When a centenarian, he went out and constructed a section of rail fence, and did many other things equally remarkable for a man of that age. On his one hundredth birthday his neighbors gave him a surprise party. It was participated in, and highly enjoyed, by the old settlers round about the country, while the young folks had as lively a break-down as had been seen in these parts for many a day, the grand old man causing much merriment by himself leading in the dance.

Mr. Farrand's first wife, Hannah, died in Middleburg, Cuyahoga county, November 5, 1844, aged seventy-six years. He married again in 1846, a Mrs. Emma Gallup, of Rockport township, this county. At the time of his second marriage he was ninety years old, and his bride sixty-five. Even at this time of life he seemed quite well preserved, and she was the brightest and spriest little woman of her age in all the country. The old gentleman caused considerable merriment at his wedding, especially among the young people of the place, by remarking to the minister that he thanked God that he had got such a young wife! They lived very happily together for thirteen years, when she died August 14, 1859, aged seventy-eight years. Mr. Farrand made Cuyahoga county his home until his death, which occurred June 28, 1862, his age being 105 years and seven months!

He had always been a man who took a keen interest in public affairs. In politics he was a straight out and out Andrew Jackson Democrat. He had voted at every presidential election from Washington to Abraham Lincoln. He claimed that the South had committed a grievous wrong in firing on the flag at Fort Sumter, and thought they should be punished for it.

In religion he was a Methodist, of which church he had been a member for more than half a century. He was a man strictly temperate in all things, very regular in his habits, never seemed to be in a hurry or excited, always ready with a good story, and no one liked a good joke better than he. Possessing this even disposition, he lived on enjoying his pension, and often "fighting his battles over again" for his great-grandchildren. His mind appeared to be clear until a short time before his death, and he seemed to enjoy himself to the end of his long and eventful life.

Captain Jared Farrand, Jr., one of the sons of Jared Farrand, the old Revolutionary soldier, that came to Cuyahoga county in 1832, was born in Chittenden county, Vermont, in 1804. He was reared to farming and the lumber business. In 1827 he married Miss Sarah Randall, of Colchester, Vermont, and they soon after settled in Burlington, same State. It was about this time that he and his brother bought a lumber vessel, and were engaged for several years in carrying freight between the ports on Lake Champlain and Whitehall. In 1832 he came with a party of emigrants to Ohio. These set-

tlers stopped first in Buffalo, and then at Ashtabula, but finally decided to come to Cleveland. Soon after arriving here, he bought land in Dover township, this county. Here he lived until 1841, when he sold his farm in Dover to Dr. Jason Bradley, and bought again in Middleburg township, this county.

The writer of this article, Addison J. Farrand, after an absence of more than forty years, took occasion in the summer of 1893 to visit the old place in Dover where he was born, and reports as follows: "I found a daughter of Dr. Bradley (who is now a Mrs. Van Gelder), living on a part of the old homestead. She had in her possession the old deed showing the conveyance of my father's farm to her father, which bore date of 1841. She was then only a school girl, but is now seventy years old. She said she remembered Jared Farrand, the old soldier, very well, as he was at that time living next door to her people. She told me that soon after my parents moved to Middleburg my father and mother came to Dover after her to go and teach their district school. It was settled that she should go and they were to set out on the journey as soon as a horse could be procured that she could ride. They had to go on horseback, as there was only a path cut through the woods a part of the way, which was a distance of about eight miles. She remembered being much frightened before the end of the journey was reached, as it began to grow dark and there was such a wild, deep shadowy forest all around her; she began to feel lonely, and was startled by every slight noise she heard, as the woods at that time were full of wild animals. She boarded with my parents and told me more about those early times than I had ever known."

Mr. Farrand followed the occupation here that he had learned at home in Vermont,—that of farming in summer, and cutting the timber off his land in winter for lumber. He made Middleburg his home until his death, which occurred in 1853. Being in Buffalo, New York, on business, he was taken suddenly sick with cholera, and died there. His wife, Sariah, had preceded him four years, she having died in 1849. She was a very exemplary pious woman, zealous in all good Christian work. She had belonged to the Baptist Church for many years, and her whole life testified to the sincerity of her convictions and the reality of her faith. Mr. Farrand had always been an active citizen in all public affairs. In politics he was a Whig. He took quite an active part in the log-cabin and hard-cider campaign of 1840, which resulted in the election of William Henry Harrison to the presidency. During the agitation of the question in regard to war with Mexico, he raised a company of militia, and was commissioned Captain, but never entered on active service in the war. He had always been a man of strict integrity, a good neighbor, a warm, ardent and faithful friend, and highly respected by all who knew him.

Jared Farrand, Jr., reared a family of six children, as follows: Hannah, who married George O. Bliss, of Euclid township, this county, now deceased; Harriet, wife of A. G. Hopkinson, a prominent business man of Cleveland, Ohio; Addison J., real-estate dealer, La Fayette, deceased; Mary, wife of William Buchholz, a merchant of Cleveland, Ohio; and George A., now a retired Baptist minister and living on a farm in Rockport township, this county.

The descendants of Jared Farrand, the only Revolutionary soldier, are now living in almost every State in the Union, and followed various occupations and professions.

Addison J. Farrand, oldest son of Jared Farrand, Jr., was born in Dover township, Cuyahoga county, in 1840. His parents soon afterward moved to a farm in Middleburg township, where he grew up. His mother died when he was nine years old, and his father four years later. He then went to live with Luther Moses, one of the old shipbuilders of Cleveland, where he remained five years, attending school most of the time. At the age of eighteen he became a teacher in the public schools. After teaching several terms he changed his occupation to that

of clerking, and later to bookkeeping, which he followed until May 26, 1862, when he enlisted in Company D, Eighty-fourth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry. The duty assigned to this regiment was to guard the country between Harper's Ferry and Cumberland, and to disperse or capture the various marauding bands of guerrillas that were engaged in taking wagon trains of supplies, arms and other munitions of war from Maryland to the rebel army, by way of the Shenandoah valley. Company D, to which he belonged, spent much of the summer of 1862 in Virginia in this service. The Eighty-fourth was mustered out at Camp Delaware, Ohio, September 20, 1862. May 5, 1864, Mr. Farrand enlisted again, this time in Company G, One Hundred and Fiftieth Regiment, Ohio National Guard Volunteers. They were stationed in the fortifications around the national capital. They took part in the battle of Fort Stevens with the forces under General Early, when he made his attack on the defences of Washington, July 11 and 12, 1864. Mr. Farrand was mustered out of service at Cleveland, Ohio, August 23, 1864.

After his army service he was engaged in life and fire insurance for five years. He then entered the mercantile business, opening a store at Akron, Ohio, millinery, notions and fancy goods being his specialty. At another time he had a store in Fremont, Ohio, and still later he opened a store in Cleveland, where he remained until 1888, when he sold out his store and retired from mercantile life. He has since interested himself in mining and real estate. In religion he is a Congregationalist, both he and his wife belonging to that church. He is a member of Memorial Post, No. 141, G. A. R., also a member of Halcyon Lodge, No. 498, F. & A. M., and a charter member of the Western Reserve Society, Sons of the American Revolution, and also belongs to several patriotic orders.

On January 8, 1866, he married Miss Amelia C. Ransch of Akron, Ohio, and they have but one child living,—Walter Cleveland Farrand.

George A. Farrand, youngest son of Jared Farrand, Jr., was born in Middleburg, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, November 10, 1846, and received his education in the Cleveland schools, and at Oberlin. In the early part of 1864 he enlisted in the quartermaster's department at Nashville, Tennessee, to serve six months. When discharged he again enlisted, September 17, 1864, this time in Captain Theodore Price's Company G, Fourth Regiment New York Heavy Artillery. They were sent immediately to the front and assigned to the first division of the Second Army Corps. He was with General Grant's army in all the fighting around Petersburg and Richmond, and at Appomattox Court House when General Lee surrendered. Was mustered out of service at Albany, New York, in July, 1865.

In January, 1866, he received a commission as missionary, under the auspices of the American Missionary Society, and was ordered to report to Major Buckley, at Montgomery, Alabama. From there he was sent as Superintendent of the freedmen's schools, with headquarters at Gainesville, Alabama, where he labored nearly a year. July 4, 1867, at a mass meeting of about 5,000 people, held at the county seat of Sumter county, Alabama, he delivered the first Republican speech made in the State of Alabama after the close of the Civil war, and revolvers were drawn on him three times during his talk of something more than an hour.

He then became an active organizer of the Union League in the Southern States. While in the midst of this work he received a commission from General O. O. Howard as agent in the Freedmen's Bureau. Soon afterward, being attacked by fever, he was obliged to come North to regain his health. In 1869 he was ordained pastor of the regular Baptist Church at North Hampton, Ohio. He followed his chosen profession for a number of years with commendable results, until failing health compelled him to change his occupation, at least for a time. He is now turning his attention to fruit and grape culture on a farm in Rockport township, in this county.

LEWIS L. DIBBLE, of Cleveland, Ohio, is descended from one of the early pioneer families of this place. He is a son of Lewis Dibble, who was brought to Cleveland by his father, in 1812, from some point on the river Raisin in Michigan, he and his family having been driven from that place by the hostile Indians. Elisha Dibble, the grandfather of our subject, was born in New York State. He married there and about 1809 took his family to a frontier home in Michigan, they being among the first settlers on the river Raisin. After locating in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, he left his family in Newburg township while he raised a company for service in the war of 1812. Of this company he was chosen captain. He took his men to Toledo and reported to General Harrison for duty. He did not remain in the service long, however, for he was attacked by malaria which was so prevalent here at that time, and was forced to retire to his family, then residing on what is now Woodland Hills avenue. He took up his life-long occupation, that of farming, and cleared up a small tract of land in advance of almost any other person.

In the work of clearing this land Lewis Dibble rendered efficient service, and remained at home until he was eighteen. He then began sailing on the lakes. After seventeen years spent on the water, he retired, and some time afterward took charge of the Marine Hospital, as superintendent. He remained in this position eight years, and, with the exception of lighthouse tender, which place he filled four years, he held no other political office. He was a stanch Jackson Democrat. Believing in the future greatness of Cleveland, he invested some in real estate, which is now most valuable. In 1826 he purchased fifty feet on Euclid avenue, next to the Opera House, paying for it $100: this is now worth $75,000. In 1839 he bought fifteen acres on Norwood avenue, which he afterward platted. It is now well built up, and is a beautiful residence portion of the East Side. Seventy-nine years of his life were spent in Cleveland, and at the time of his death, in 1891, at the age of eighty-three years, he was the oldest pioneer in the city. He was a vigorous and robust man and during his whole life here he never required the attendance of a physician until his final sickness. He married in this county, Mary Amock, the daughter of a pioneer, who came here in 1830. Of their six children we make record as follows: Phebe, wife of Samuel Thompson, is deceased; Minerva is the wife of John J. Shepard, of Cleveland; Lewis L.; Charles E., deceased; Anson, deceased; and Florence, who was the wife of a Mr. Kenny, is deceased.

Lewis L. Dibble, whose name heads this article, learned the machinist's trade under the instructions of Dennis Holt, of Cleveland, beginning in 1861 when he was eighteen, the date of his birth being November 30, 1843. During the summer season for a number of years until 1885 he was employed as a lake engineer, then worked at his trade for a short time, and since then has followed no vocation. When Ohio was invaded by Southern troops during the Civil war, Mr. Dibble joined a company of "Squirrel Hunters" for the defense of Cincinnati against General Morgan, and served until the company was disbanded.

April 17, 1865, he married Josephine, daughter of Michael Cogan, who came to Cuyahoga county from New Haven, Connecticut. Their children are as follows: May, Lewis, Edith (wife of Harvy Fuller), Harvey, Lillian and Norma.

CHARLES F. BRUSH.—To trace the specific outcome of practical genius must ever prove an indulgence fecund in interest and value. It is conceded, however, that the mere subjective possession of this almost indefinable attribute will not of itself insure either success or an application of practical value to the world. There must be a mentality that will direct genius into fields where good may be accomplished and prevent digression

and the turning of the power into abnormal or clandestine channels. To even briefly outline, then, the salient points in the life history of one who has been granted the intellectual acumen to bear his native talent onward to the goal of success, must prove profitable in every case.

Born in Euclid township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, March 17, 1849, it is grateful to note that the subject of this review has in his native county attained to a position that has made his name conspicuous in the most diverse sections of the civilized world. Charles F. Brush is a son of the late Colonel I. E. Brush, being one of a family of eight children. He is of purely English lineage, his parents' early ancestors—both notable families—having come from England to this country about the middle of the seventeenth century. Mr. Brush's early years were passed on his father's farm and in attendance at a neighboring school, at Wickliffe, Lake county, Ohio. While still a mere youth the natural talents and proclivities of the future inventor began to manifest themselves: at home and in school he proseented individual experiments that indicated his special taste and aptitude for chemistry, physics and engineering, being precocious and yet thorough in all of his studies and early investigations. At the age of thirteen years he entered the Shaw Academy, at Collamer, Ohio. While at this institution he made his first experiments with static electrical machines and batteries, all of which he manufactured himself. In 1864 he became a student in the Cleveland high school, from which he was graduated with honors in June, 1867. While in attendance at the high school he became much interested in microscopes and telescopes, making a number of each for himself and companions. It was characteristic of the youth, as it has been of the man, to trace any subject or line of investigation back to its basic elements, making all knowledge thorough to the degree rendered possible by the opportunities and facilities offered. In the matter of the instruments just mentioned, it is worthy of note that he constructed every part utilized, even to the extent of personally grinding the lenses. Within the same year he evolved and perfected the scheme of igniting and extinguishing the gas of street lamps by the use of electricity. Thus it may be seen that there was a practical bent to all of his experiments even at an early date, his intellectual comprehension of practical values dominating the inherent ability which in the average case would have directed its efforts to perhaps diverting but valueless experimentation. He also became interested in photography, and executed some excellent work by means of the dry-plate process, which at that time was practically but incepted. Incidental to his course in the high school he passed a very rigid examination in physics, his knowledge of which branch of science had been gained by personal application alone. He made marked progress in the line of chemistry, in which he was deeply interested. During his senior year the physical and chemical apparatus belonging to the school was placed in his charge.

About this time Mr. Brush did his first distinctive work along that line in which he has won distinction, high honor and incidental success. He constructed an electric motor, whose field magnets and armature were excited by the battery current. He also produced the first arc light, with a lamp and battery of his own manufacturing. The most consistent subject of his commencement oration was: "The conservation of force," the line of thought having been inspired by the then recent work of Wilde, with his dynamo-electric machine and single electric light, in England.

In the autumn subsequent to his graduation at the Cleveland high school, Mr. Brush entered the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, where he took up a course of study and research particularly suited to his tastes, and by diligent and discriminating application thereto, graduated with the degree of Mining Engineer in 1869,—one year in advance of his class.

Having completed his theoretical and technical training he was not slow in putting his

knowledge to practical use. In 1873 he formed a partnership with Mr. C. E. Bingham, of Cleveland, for the purpose of marketing Lake Superior pig iron and iron ore. While thus concerned Mr. Brush still pursued his electrical investigation and experimentation, and in 1876 he constructed his first dynamo electrical machine. This machine was of a new and original type, and embodied the first of Mr. Brush's series of brilliant inventions which have brought him renown and representative wealth.

In 1877 the partnership between our subject and Mr. Bingham was dissolved, after which the former devoted his entire attention to the increase and development of his electrical inventions. At that time he entered into a contract with the Telegraph Supply Company, by the provisions of which that corporation was to manufacture his patents, place them on the market and pay him a consistent royalty. In 1881 the corporate title of this company was changed to the Brush Electric Company,—a name which is known the world over.

In 1877 Mr. Brush constructed his first commercial arc light, which, with one of his dynamos, he exhibited at the Franklin Institute, where the two inventions attracted much attention and secured all the honors. To Mr. Brush is due the credit for perfecting the inventions that have made possible the commercial arc lighting from central stations. All of the various systems in use at the present time in the line of arc lighting are based upon his inventions,—a circumstance which, when fully taken into recognition, places his name among those of the great inventors whose work has been of incalculable benefit and value to the entire world.

At an early date Mr. Brush completed what is undoubtedly his most wonderful and valuable invention, the fundamental storage battery, consisting in the mechanical application of the active material to the electrodes, and after four years of litigation in the patent office he finally secured recognition and letters patent. He has the honor and the control of all the modern forms of storage battery, and he may most congruously be designated as the father of the arc lighting industries of the world. He secured foreign patents upon many of his early inventions, and eventually sold them to an English syndicate, known as the Anglo-American Brush Electric Light Corporation, Limited. From this corporation he received in exchange for his patents a pecuniary consideration of about $500,000, and from that time his magnificent inventions have continued to yield the most gratifying returns, securing to Mr. Brush a position as one of the representative capitalists of the Union.

He has at no time courted notoriety, having early adopted the policy of keeping out of print, preferring to give to the world the actual and practical embodiment of his inventions rather than to devote his time to the discussion of his investigations.

Mr. Brush stands forth conspicuously as possessing that great desideratum, "a sound mind in a sound body," being one of the finest mental and physical specimens of the human race. He is of magnificent physique, six feet and two inches in height, broad of shoulder and of chest, and with figure ever erect, the easy grace and dignity of conscious strength and health being manifest in his very bearing. It is almost tautological to say that his mind is a storehouse of original and acquired knowledge, and that his conversation affords great pleasure and satisfaction to scientists as well as others to whom comes the privilege of an acquaintanceship with him. He is ever active and busy and is concerned in a capitalistic and executive way with many representative manufacturing and commercial corporations. His efforts have enriched and benefitted the entire world, and the crown of maximum success has not been denied him. The Michigan University conferred upon him the degree of Mining Engineer, as already noted, and the Western Reserve University invested him with the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy. At the former institution he was made a member of the well-known Greek

fraternity, the Delta Kappa Epsilon. In 1881 he was decorated Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, by the French Government.

Mr. Brush was united in marriage, October 6, 1875, to Miss Mary E. Morris, of Cleveland, and they are the parents of three children. The beautiful family home is located on the best part of Cleveland's famous Euclid avenue, and is surrounded by a private park of nearly seven acres.

In his political adherency Mr. Brush supports the principles and policies advanced by the Republican party. In religious faith he is a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, of Trinity parish. He is a very liberal contributor to the church of his choice and to charitable institutions and societies, as well as other worthy objects.

A man of high endowments, successful in the highest sense of the term, and holding not to himself all the honor, having due cognizance of nature's favors and of all incidental elements which have contributed to his success. Mr. Brush stands forth as one whose example is worthy of emulation and whose life offers both lesson and incentive.

EDMUND C. STROUD, deceased.—It is most fitting that in this connection there be incorporated a record memorial to one who passed nearly his entire life in Cuyahoga county, Ohio; one who gained to himself, as the result of his integrity and unswerving rectitude of character, the respect and esteem of all; one whose ability and well directed efforts brought him recognition as one of the truly representative men of the community in which he lived his useful and active life and in which death came to him in the fullness of years. Edmund C. Stroud was born in the State of New York, June 7, 1818, and came with his parents to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, when he was fourteen years of age. They settled in Middleburg township, and there the parents died. Our subject continued to reside in Parma township until he was married, in 1842. About 1845 he settled in Middleburg township, where he resided most of the time until the hour of his death. For a number of years he operated a flouring and saw mill in Rockport township, this line of enterprise, together with that of farming, constituting his chief occupation. He was a most thorough and discriminating business man, upright in all his dealings, public-spirited to a degree, and a man of influence in his community. He brought his excellent farm into a high state of cultivation, and improved the same with convenient and substantial buildings. At the time of his death he owned fifty-six acres.

He was married February 24, 1842, to Miss Elizabeth Michener, who was born in Ohio, and who survives her lamented husband. They had a family of eight children: Alonzo; Nancy, who became the wife of Lorenzo Frost, and who died in Cleveland; Thomas, who married Maggie Fry, now deceased; Lucy, who is the wife of William Ohle; Adelia, the wife of Wesley Blackburn; Jennie became the wife of William E. Widdow, her death occurring in April, 1891; Sallie, who died in childhood; and Morris H., who is one of the prominent and progressive young farmers of Middleburg township.

Morris H. Stroud was born in the same township of which he is now a resident, February 14, 1865, standing as the date of his nativity; he was reared to manhood on the old homestead, receiving a thorough common-school education, and ultimately turning his attention to agricultural pursuits, a vocation for whose successful carrying forward he is eminently qualified both by inclination and long association. April 5, 1882, at Cleveland, Ohio, he was united in marriage to Miss Katie Becker, who was born in Rockport, Cuyahoga county, November 30, 1862, the daughter of Fred and Margaret Becker, who were prominent residents of Rockport township. Mr. and Mrs. Morris H. Stroud are the parents of four children, namely: William C., Florence L., Ernest L. and Emery B.

Edmund C. Stroud, the immediate subject of this memoir, lived to see his efforts crowned with success, to see his children well established in life, and to attain a venerable age, his death being the consistent end of a long and well-spent life. He died at the old homestead in Middleburg township, April 11, 1893, regretted by all who had known him and gained in appreciation of his noble attributes of character and unassuming dignity of bearing. He had long been a devoted member of the United Brethren Church, of which his widow is also a zealous adherent.

EDWARD V. SPRING, engaged in the grocery business in Collinwood, also ex-Postmaster of this city, was born in Euclid township, Cuyahoga county, June 5, 1836. His parents were Virgil and Mary (Richmond) Spring, natives of Massachusetts. The father came from his native place to Richmond settlement, Euclid township, this county, in June, 1817. The mother's people settled in the same locality in March, 1815. Mr. and Mrs. Spring were married November 25, 1825, and lived to celebrate their golden wedding in 1875. Three persons, a brother, sister and brother-in-law of the bride, were the only ones present who attended the wedding in 1825. Mr. Spring was a conscientious, painstaking and trustworthy man. For thirty years, twenty-seven of which were successive years, he served as Township Trustee. A manly character only could have inspired such confidence, and only a faithful service could have secured its continuance for so long a period. Both he and his wife were of Puritan stock. Mr. Spring died February 5, 1887, at the age of eighty-eight years. The wife departed this life in August, 1877, aged seventy-eight years. She was a life-long member of the Congregational Church. In political matters Mr. Spring was first a Whig, and after the organization of the Republican party was ever afterward in harmony with the principles of that party. Mr. and Mrs. Spring had six children, viz.: Julius, born in 1827, died in 1871; Amelia M., born in 1829, married Hezekiah Wenban, was the mother of six children, and died in April, 1892; Fidelia E., who married Clark H. Leslie, and after his death became the wife of Milo J. Tilden, of Euclid, Ohio; Albert, born in 1831, died in 1855; Edward V., our subject; and Addie H.

Edward V. Spring, the subject of this sketch, received his education in the common schools of Euclid. He afterward assisted his father on the farm until 1857, and from that year until 1861 was employed in making hand-rakes. April 23, of the latter year, he enlisted in the Continental Rifles, but afterward became a member of Company A, Twenty-third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and served principally in the Army of West Virginia. Mr. Spring's first battle was Carnifex Ferry; afterward did scouting and guarding until September 14, 1862, when he took part in the battle of South Mountain, September 17, of the same year; participated in the battle of Antietam; did scouting and guard duty in the Army of West Virginia, in Kanawha valley, until May, 1864, then moved South; May 9, of that year, fought in the battle of Cloyd's Mountain, later at New River Bridge; crossed the Alleghany mountains to Staunton, Virginia; took part in Hunter's celebrated raid, in which they suffered from the want of food; returned to Kanawha valley, thence to the Shenandoah valley, and was with Sheridan's forces. Mr. Spring was wounded in the left thigh at Cedar creek. He took part in the battles of Kernstown, Opaquan creek, Fisher's Hill and Cedar creek. He was then in the hospital at Philadelphia until February, 1865, when he returned home on a six weeks' furlough. Returning to the regiment in West Virginia, he was honorably discharged August 2, 1865, having served four years, three months and nine days. As he was guarding trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, he could not take part in the grand review.

The war closing, Mr. Spring followed farming on the bank of Lake Erie for the following

six years, and then, in 1872, went to Michigan, where he was engaged in the lumbering business ten years. After returning to Collinwood, Ohio, he followed carpentering until September 1, 1889. In that year he was appointed Postmaster of this city, and held that position four years. Since that time he has been engaged in the grocery trade. Mr. Spring has also served as Marshal of the village, having filled an unexpired term of over two years. In his social relations our subject is a member of the Masonic order, Chapter of R. A. M., South Haven, Michigan; is Commander of Brough Post, No. 359, G. A. R., of Collinwood; is Permanent Secretary of the I. O. O. F.; is Past Councilor and Financial Secretary of the Junior Order of the A. O. U. M., and is a member of the K. of P. Politically, he is a stanuch Republican.

May 12, 1867, Mr. Spring was united in marriage with Miss Roxanna Moses, a daughter of Elihu and Ann Moses, of Euclid, Ohio. To this union has been born one child, George B., a member of the firm of E. V. Spring & Son.

Mr. Spring has a most enviable record as a brave and patriotic soldier, few persons having seen more or a harder part of the service. He is well known, popular and trustworthy, and is prominent in all matters looking to the advancement of the community.

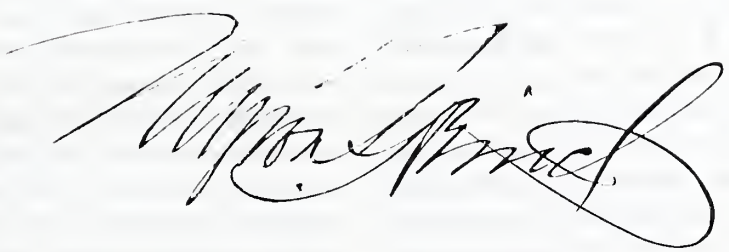
W. B. MOORE, general agent of the Keyless Lock Company for the State of Ohio, was born in Holmes county, this State, June 25, 1865, the son of Thomas and Rebecca (Biggs) Moore, who are now residents of Tiffin, Ohio. At the age of fifteen years he entered a grocery in Tiffin, where he was employed for four years, and then he entered the photograph business. Quitting that in 1885, he came to Cleveland and was employed by Earline & Baker. After closing his relations with this firm he entered into business for himself at 11 Euclid avenue, which he subsequently sold out and resumed work in the service of his predecessor, C. P. Leland. After two years there, in January, 1893, he purchased the gallery of Mr. Leland, and followed the photographic art there for about five months, and in November of that year he entered the employ of the Keyless Lock Company, taking the general agency for the State of Ohio. Besides this article of trade, the company handle a line of novelties, which they sell to the trade direct and through agents. Mr. Moore has the business already well organized and is successfully pushing it. He is an active young business man, destined to make his influence felt in the commercial circles of the Forest City. He is a member of the Cleveland Wheel Club.

July 15, 1891, in Cleveland, is the date of Mr. Moore's marriage to Miss Nettie Caldwell, daughter of James and Mary Caldwell, of Vintner, Canada, and they have one child, Leroy C.

DR. K. B. WAITE, whose office is in the Kendall building, Cleveland, Ohio, is one of the prominent young physicians of the city.

He was born in Hudson, Summit county, Ohio, son of Benjamin K. and Maria (Darley) Waite, both natives of Summit county. Benjamin K. Waite is ranked with the pioneer farmers of his county. He and his good wife are now living retired at their rural home, he having reached the ripe old age of seventy-eight years. They are worthy members of the Congregational Church, and in politics he is a stanch Republican. The Doctor was the fifth born in their family of ten children and is one of the seven who are still living.

He has had the best of educational advantages and has improved his every opportunity. He graduated at the Akron high school in 1880, attended the Western Reserve College and the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College, and graduated in the last named institution in 1888. At this writing he is Registrar and Professor of Operative Surgery in the Cleveland Homeo-



pathic Medical College. Previous to his entering the college, he studied medicine under the instructions of Dr. A. C. Buel, of Cleveland. In the practice of his profession he has thus far met with excellent success, and in addition to his professional duties he also finds time to act as business manager of the Argus, a medical journal of the Homeopathic school.

Dr. Waite was married in 1888 to Miss Frankie A. Davis, daughter of James F. J. Davis, of Cleveland. They have two children, Harrison K. and Lizzie Davis. Both the Doctor and his wife are members of Woodland Avenue Presbyterian Church.

He is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and, like his father, is identified with the Republican party.

MYRON T. HERRICK.—In 1875, a struggling law student; in 1894, president of the largest banking establishment in the West. Such is the epitome of the last nineteen years of the life of Colonel Myron T. Herrick, president of the Society for Savings of Cleveland.

Colonel Herrick was born in Huntington, Lorain county, Ohio, on the 9th day of October, 1854. Both his paternal great-grandfathers served in the Revolution. His father, Timothy R. Herrick, was born in Watertown, New York, in 1828, the son of Timothy Herrick, one of the pioneers of Lorain county. The elder Timothy served in the war of 1812, and for his services was given a claim in that county. He removed his family from the old home in New York and settled on the claim in 1837. The boyhood of young Herrick passed without the occurrence of anything in his life of more importance than is common to the lot of the average boy. He attended the district school in Huntington and the Union School at Wellington, and subsequently attended college at Oberlin and Delaware, where he made good progress in his studies, but did not remain long enough at either place for graduation. While attending college he taught school for a time, being then in his seventeenth year. Before attaining his majority he spent some time in the Indian Territory, New Mexico, Colorado and Kansas inspecting the country. The results of his observations were from time to time given to the public through the medium of the Eastern press, and were considered interesting and valuable to the many who were at that time seeking information in regard to those localities.

In 1875 he returned from the West and came to Cleveland for the purpose of reading law. He entered the law office of his relatives, G. E. and J. F. Herrick, where for upwards of three years he diligently applied himself to the mysteries and intricacies of Blackstone, and in 1878 was admitted to the bar. Following his admission as a practitioner he engaged actively in his profession and gave promise of ultimately taking high rank at the bar, but it was not a great while before he found his inclination and opportunities leading him away from a purely professional career, and, his abilities being at once recognized, his mind and time were soon engrossed with business interests of importance, all of which resulted in his practically giving up the legal profession. His financial ability came to the front in 1886, when he originated the Euclid Avenue National Bank. This institution was formally organized in June of that year, with Mr. Herrick as one of the directors. The following September, however, he was made secretary and treasurer of the Society for Savings, and resigned from the directory of the Euclid Avenue Bank to accept the same. He discharged the duties of his new position with marked ability and with satisfaction to all concerned, for eight years, and upon the death of the President, Mr. Samuel Mather, in January, 1894, Mr. Herrick was chosen his successor, his election occurring on February 3, 1894. This was probably as high a compliment as could be paid to Colonel Herrick, both as a financier and as a man, for the position is one

of great responsibility and trust, and, when the age of Colonel Herrick is considered, may be regarded as an unusual honor.

The following editorial mention of Colonel Herrick was made by one of the city's leading newspapers, upon his election to the presidency of the Society for Savings: "To be elected president of a banking institution with nearly $25,000,000 of deposits while yet on the youthful side of forty years of age, is an honor which has been conferred on perhaps not to exceed three or four men since time began or money to circulate. That is the distinction which has been given to Colonel Myron T. Herrick by a unanimous vote of the trustees of the Society for Savings; and the significant feature of the matter is that nobody is surprised at the selection made. On the contrary, it seems to the 50,000 depositors and the public to be the natural and the proper thing to be done. Colonel Herrick has fully and justly won the honors he so modestly wears."

Colonel Herrick has not confined his attention entirely to the banking business, but is interested in various enterprises and institutions, and the city has been greatly benefited thereby. He and his associates organized the Euclid Avenue Arcade, which resulted in the erection of the Arcade Building, one of the largest and finest structures of the kind in the United States. The building extends from Euclid avenue to Superior street, is constructed of brown stone and glass, and is one of the most conspicuous buildings in the city. Another magnificent structure in which he is interested as part owner is the Cuyahoga, one of the largest office buildings in Cleveland, which is of no less importance than the Arcade, and from its central location on the public square and Superior street is even more conspicuous. He also has interests in several manufacturing enterprises and in valuable real estate.

Colonel Herrick has for years taken an active interest in the public and political affairs of the city and State, not as an office holder or seeker, but as a valuable adviser and counselor, and he wields a wide influence in the Republican circles of the State. In 1885 he was elected to the City Council for a term of one year, and in 1886 was re-elected for a term of two years. In 1888 he was a delegate to the National Republican Presidential Convention from the Cleveland District, and served two terms on the State Executive Committee. He was appointed by Governor Foraker as Ohio Commissioner to the Centennial at New York, on April 30, 1889, commemorating the 100th anniversary of the inauguration of George Washington. In 1892 he was a Presidential Elector at large for Ohio. Colonel Herrick is a warm personal friend of Governor McKinley, and in 1892 was appointed to a position on the Governor's staff with the rank of Colonel, a position he held until March, 1894, when on account of pressing business cares he was compelled to resign. In 1876 he became a member of the Cleveland Grays, but in 1879 resigned from that regiment and became a member of the First Cleveland Troop, of which he was a member for eleven years.

Colonel Herrick was married on June 30, 1880, to Miss Caroline M. Parmely, of Dayton, Ohio, and they have one son, Parmely Webb Herrick.

The above is an outline in brief of the life of one of Cleveland's most prominent and popular citizens, and is the history of one who unaided has achieved both success and honor, and has accomplished this while yet a comparatively young man. The life of Colonel Herrick has been a most active and busy one since boyhood, particularly so during the last fifteen years, his activity increasing with his responsibilities. Early in life he was thrown upon his own resources, and for years it was a struggle for him to keep his head above water. But with indomitable energy, ambition and a determination to win he has breasted each wave, and now, at the meridian of his life, rides on the crest of the waves and more than holds his own and keeps pace with this period of competition and advancement. He possesses by na-

ture talents which peculiarly fit him for his sphere in life, his characteristics being shrewdness, keen insight, promptness to act and clear judgment, to which is added a conservative method that has enabled him to make safe moves on the chess-board of life, which at the time may seem bold and impetuous, but are in fact the results of a carefully considered and well planned line of action. A friend sums up the character of Colonel Herrick in these words: "As a lawyer he was regarded as clear-headed, painstaking and practical, and gave promise of rising in the ranks to an unusual degree had he given the legal profession the efforts of a lifetime. As a financier he is considered brilliant, yet sound and conservative, with a brilliant future before him. As a citizen he is enterprising, progressive and patriotic. As a man he is kind, congenial and courteous to all, of decided views and opinions, and having the courage of his convictions."

GEORGE S. KAIN, attorney and counsellor at law, was born in the township of Brant, Erie County, New York, July 12, 1842. His father was Stephen H. Kain, a native of Orange county, New York, born in 1802; and his mother, whose maiden name was Jane Kerr, was a native of the same county. They were married in the county of their birth, but removed to Erie county shortly after its organization. Mr. Kain was a carriage manufacturer, and was engaged in this industry a great many years. He died in 1873; his wife passed away in 1865. There were six children in the family, all of whom are deceased excepting George S.

The boyhood days of Mr. Kain were spent in Brant township and the township adjoining of North Collins, amid the scenes of his birth, but at the age of twelve years he went to Gowanda, New York, where he remained three years in the employ of a druggist and grocer with whom he made his home, attending school winters at the academy there. This was the beginning of his career in the commercial world, but it was followed by several years of study. At the age of fifteen years he entered the preparatory department of Oberlin College, and was graduated at this institution in 1864. During the period he was a student there he supported himself by teaching, and for one year had charge of the academy at Gowanda.

After finishing the course at Oberlin he returned to Gowanda, and entered the office of Judge Woodbury of that place, reading law under his direction for one year. He then entered the office of Hiram C. Day at Buffalo, New York, where he spent one year. In the fall of 1866 he was admitted to the bar in Buffalo, but removed thence to Cleveland, Ohio, in January, 1867, and entered the office of Willey & Carey. Here he passed more than a year, and then resumed practicing alone. Afterward he formed a partnership with H. L. Terrill, which continued for only a brief period, and when this relationship ceased he practiced alone until 1872. He then became the partner of Captain William C. Bunts, the connection being severed by the death of the latter in 1874. Captain Bunts was at that time city solicitor, and upon his death Mr. Kain was elected to serve the unexpired term, from the spring of 1874 to the spring of 1875. He was the choice of the Republican party for re-election in 1875, but suffered defeat with the rest of the ticket. While filling the office in 1874 he formed a partnership with Captain M. B. Gary, now collector of customs. This firm existed until about 1881, when Mr. Kain was nominated and elected to the office of city solicitor on the Republican ticket. He held this position four years and was ex officio a member of the City Council, at the end of which time he declined to be renominated on account of his wife's ill health. In search of a more genial climate Mr. Kain removed with his wife to Florida, and remained there five years, during which time he was engaged in the practice of his profession.

In 1891 he came back to Cleveland and resumed his legal work here. Not long after his

return he was appointed to the position of Assistant Corporation Counsel by General E. S. Meyer, and held the office a little more than twelve months. Since the expiration of his term he has been practicing alone, with his office at 716-719 Society for Savings Building. Since his admission to the bar of Ohio in 1867 he has occupied a place among the leading practitioners of the Buckeye State. In the discharge of official business he has exhibited a marked talent for the management of the affairs of State, while his legal acumen and sound judgment have commanded the respect of his fellow practitioners.

Mr. Kain was married September 2, 1867, to Miss Elizabeth W. Fuller, daughter of ex-Auditor William Fuller, of Cuyahoga county.

REV. ORLANDO BADGLEY, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Brooklyn Village, was born in Harmony, Chautauqua county, New York. His parents were John and Asenath (Curtice) Badgley, both of whom died some years ago. He was the youngest but two of a family of thirteen children. After receiving a good common-school education, he pursued his studies at Jamestown Academy, located at Jamestown, New York. At the age of eighteen years he entered the ministry, continuing his studies in connection with his pastoral duties. His first charge was Pleasantville Circuit, in Venango county, Pennsylvania. The country was new and his appointments were mainly in private and school houses. The circuit was a large one, with seventeen different preaching places upon it. His success was marked from the beginning, many coming to hear the "boy preacher" as he was called. For the first twelve years of his ministry he filled various charges in northwestern Pennsylvania and western New York, until, in 1868, he removed to Ohio and was stationed at Alliance. Remaining one year at Alliance, in September, 1869, he entered the ministry of the North Ohio Conference, of which he is now a member. Among other charges he has been stationed at Wooster, Bucyrus, Bellevue, Clyde and Oberlin.

In October, 1891, he was appointed to his present charge, and since that time the church has had a solid and substantial growth. He is very popular, and discourses weekly to large and constantly increasing congregations. He has been since early life a devout Christian and a faithful and conscientious worker. By reason of paternal influence he was early in life a member of the United Brethren Church. He has collected a valuable library, of which he makes diligent use, his studies covering an extensive field. In the pulpit he is both progressive and aggressive, his sermons showing a marked individuality and being eminently suggestive. He is an interesting speaker and a fine converser. He was one of the twenty-seven commissioners, representing five different young people's societies of the Methodist Episcopal Church who met in Cleveland May 14, 1889, and after two days of deliberation organized the Epworth League. For the success of the league he has been a tireless worker, and in conventions and elsewhere has done effective work. He was a member of the Advisory Council of the great Parliament of Religions, held in Chicago in September, 1893, in connection with the World's Fair.

August 23, 1859, he married Miss Mary M. McIntyre, of Corry, Pennsylvania, and they have had three children, viz.: Cora Eliza, wife of Mr. J. H. Grimes: they reside in New York city, and Mildred is their only child; Curtice E., who died at the age of nineteen years, in 1881, while a freshman in the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio: he was a brilliant student and was preparing for the ministry; Metta M., after studying music in the Ohio Wesleyan University, graduated in the Cleveland, Ohio School of Music, class of 1891, since which time she has been devoting herself to the teaching of vocal music, and for the past year has had charge of the vocal department of the

Conservatory of Music of Mount Union College, at Alliance Ohio. She is a very fine soprano singer. Mrs. Badgley and the children are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mrs. Badgley is a noble and cultured Christian woman, whose reading has been extensive—and an unusually well informed lady. She is also a faithful helpmate of her husband in church work.

FRANK W. MASTICK, a well known and representative farmer of Rocky River Hamlet, and recognized as one of the most intelligent and progressive of the prosperous husbandmen of this favored section of the Buckeye State, was born in Clarendon, Geauga county, Ohio, February 15, 1833. His father was the late Major Asahel Mastick, who was born in the State of Vermont in the year 1800; and the mother, whose maiden name was Caroline Andrews, was born in Connecticut in 1808. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Asahel Mastick emigrated from their home in the East and left the comforts and pleasing environment of the older settled section of the Union to cast their lot with the frontier settlers who were opening up and developing that portion of Ohio which is now one of the most beautiful and prosperous sections of our vast national commonwealth. They first settled in Geauga county, but in 1833, when their son, the subject of this sketch, was but two months of age, they removed to Cuyahoga county, and settled in that part of Rockport township which is now known as Rockport Hamlet. Here they continued to reside, honored and respected by all, until the hour of their death. The father died in the spring of 1857, and the mother in February, 1883. They were the parents of nine children, to whom individual reference is here made: Eli; Frank W.; Almeda, the wife of George Pynchon; Abigail, the wife of Parley Bassett; Melissa, deceased; Isabella, wife of James Curran; Edwin A.; Robert; and Julia, the deceased wife of J. Stone.

Frank W. Mastick remained with his father until he was twenty-one years of age, when he went by way of the Nicaragua route to California, where he worked in the lumber camps for three years, subsequently engaging in farming and in the grocery business, which enterprises he conducted for twelve years. He then returned to Rockport township and purchased the farm where he now lives. The place comprises fifty-seven and one-half acres of most fertile and productive land, has an excellent residence and is well improved in every particular.

Mr. Mastick was married, in Rockport township, February 2, 1860, to Miss Hannah L. Spencer, a daughter of the late John P. Spencer and a sister of Henry B. and John W. Spencer, well known residents of this township. She was born in Rockport township, January 17, 1837. Mr. and Mrs. Mastick have had six children: Hattie; Laura, deceased; John A.; Carl, deceased; Eva and Arthur.

The confidence reposed in Mr. Mastick by his fellow townsmen is evidenced by their having chosen him as one of the Trustees of the township—a position for which he proved himself eminently qualified and in which capacity he served four years. He has also held other minor offices. He stands as one of the representative men of the community and enjoys the respect and esteem of all.

EDWIN SCRIVENS.—We are now called upon to touch briefly the more pertinent points in the life history of one of the distinctively successful and representative men of Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county, a man whose entire life has practically been passed in that section of the county which he now calls his home. He was born in Royalton, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, April 17, 1846, the son of William and Mary (Pumfrey) Scrivens, both of whom were natives of England, having been born at Wantage, Berkshire county. They came to America with their respective parents while

they were yet children, and the friendship between the two families continued until the two young people had attained maturity, when they determined to cement the friendship by a still closer bond. They were accordingly united in marriage, July 4, 1845, in Cuyahoga county. They settled in Middleburg township and there passed the remainder of their lives, useful, popular and honored citizens. The mother died in February, 1858, and the father survived until September 2, 1885, when he passed away in the fulness of years. They had three children, one of whom died in infancy. The two surviving are our subject and Mary, the wife of W. A. Cumbernorth, of Medina county, Ohio.

Edwin Scrivens remained on the parental farm until he had attained to years of maturity and he has ever continued to reside in the township. He served for three months as a Government laborer while the late war of the Rebellion was in progress. He has always devoted his attention to that most important and honorable occupation, farming, and has been successful by reason of his thorough familiarity with practical details of the work, his intelligence, industry and progressive methods. He is a man who has taken an active interest in all that tends to conserve the welfare and prosperity of the community in which he lives, is public-spirited to the maximum degree, and is recognized as one of the leading citizens of the township. It is but in natural sequence that he has been called upon to serve in positions of public trust, for his active concern in local affairs has never abated. He was one of the Trustees of the township at the time the beautiful Woodvale cemetery was purchased and platted, and was one of the most active in securing this necessary and consistent improvement. He has also served as Justice of the Peace and as Constable. In his political adherency he ardently espouses the cause of the Republican party, and in its local constituency is a prominent figure. Fraternally he is identified with the I. O. O. F. His fine farm of eighty acres is one of the most highly improved in the section, giving unmistakable evidence of the painstaking care devoted to its cultivation. In connection with his farming operations Mr. Scrivens has been for some time a public auctioneer, his services in this line being in much demand.

April 3, 1867, at Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, our subject was united in marriage to Miss Lettie A. Kingsbury, daughter of the late William Kingsbury, of Royalton, of which township he was one of the pioneer settlers. He died there on the 27th of June, 1883. Mrs. Scrivens was born in Royalton, May 18, 1848.

Mr. and Mrs. Scrivens are the parents of seven children, of whom we offer the following epitomized record: Gertrude T., the wife of H. L. Fuller, of Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county; William R.; Amy M., the wife of Albert Hoffman, of Parma township; Edwin N., Arthur H., Esther H. and Lettie J.

ALBERT FRIEDMAN, manager of the National Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, for the States of Ohio and Kentucky, with office at 482, The Arcade, Cleveland, assumed his present position in January, 1894; but he has been with the company since the beginning of the year 1892, when he took the territory of the States of Kentucky and Tennessee. He first came to Cleveland during the first of the year 1884, and has been engaged in the insurance business for five years, commencing with the Equitable in Kentucky, with which company he was connected for about three years, controlling a part of Kentucky and Tennessee. He is thoroughly familiar with the details of fire insurance and reliable, and therefore one of the most successful fire insurance men in the county. During the months of October, November and December last he wrote over a million of dollars. He represents one of the leading young insurance companies of the country, which was organized in 1885, and now has a capital of $1,400,000, —a ratio of twenty to one.

Mr. Friedman is a native of Vienna, Austria, born in 1869, a son of Benjamin and Theresa (Bergman) Friedman. His mother died in 1893, and his father is still living, making his home with him; he is an expert mechanic in hardwood lumber.

Albert was reared in his native country, completed a thorough course in the best schools of Vienna, and became proficient in six languages. After completing his education he was employed in a bank in Vienna for two years as bookkeeper and cashier, and then, in 1888, he emigrated to America, locating first in Louisville, Kentucky, where he was engaged in the insurance business, to which he has since given his attention. With the thorough foundation he has had, both in school education and in the severe training characteristic of the old country, future success is assured to Mr. Friedman in anything he may undertake; he is a live young business man.

He was married in Lynchburg, Tennessee, in 1891, to Miss Fanny Dance, daughter of Rev. S. E. H. Dance, M. D.

F. B. BERRY, manager of the Cleveland Type Foundry, has been associated with this institution for the past sixteen years, having arrived in this city in 1877, and the following year accepting a position in the service of this company. First he was traveling salesman for two years, when he became secretary of the company, in which capacity he served until two years ago, 1892, when he became manager. From the first he has been a stockholder in the establishment. The business has grown from that of a small supply house to its present magnificent proportions, becoming the largest in the State.

Although a native of Ohio, born in 1853, Mr. Berry was reared in Massachusetts. His parents were E. B. and E. W. (Wright) Berry. At the age of sixteen years he commenced to learn the printers' trade in Dover, New Hampshire, which he followed until he came to Cleveland. Here he is one of the representative business men of the city, belonging to the class which go to make up a substantial, prosperous commonwealth. His residence is in the "East End."

In 1882, in this city, he married Miss E. W. Allen, a native of Massachusetts, and they have two children,—Ruth and Mildred.

CHARLES GUNN, of Collinwood, was born in East Cleveland township, September 10, 1844, a son of Lucien and Charlotte (Smith) Gunn. His father, a native of Medina county, this State, was brought to the above named township when fourteen years of age. On passing through the ground that is now the site of Cleveland, his father turned his oxen into a ten-acre lot that is now the public square. Purchasing thirty acres of the Coit tract, upon which his son, Marcus, now resides, he settled there and continued a resident the remainder of his days. By occupation he was a charcoal-burner all his life, but in this county he was also a farmer. His life was ended by being run over by the railroad cars October 31, 1891. His wife had died January 11, 1887, at the age of sixty-two and two-thirds years, a member of the Disciple Church. They had two sons and one daughter: the last mentioned is now deceased.

The subject of this outline, Mr. Charles Gunn, received a common-school education to the age of seventeen years, since which time he has followed, at intervals, farming and carpentering, but is now retired. He is the owner of a nice farm, a homestead of five acres and some village lots at Collinwood, and also a farm of twenty-nine acres in Euclid township. For public life he has not been ambitious, but he has been one of the Judges of Election for the past eight years, and has also been Trustee of his township for that length of time. He is a Republican, as well as all the members of his family.

He was married, in 1867, to Elizabeth Whitlock, of Orange, who was brought from England by her people when six years of age. They have eight children, namely: Harry, Clarence, Chandler, Elmer, Earl, Lucien, and Lottie. Clarence is married and resides in Collinwood, in the employ of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company; Chandler, also married, is at work in Wilson's meat-market; and Elmer and Earl are in the service of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company. Mr. Gunn is a member of Thatcher Lodge, No. 439, and also of Webb Chapter.

J. C. TRASK, holding a representative preferment as general agent for the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, well merits the recognition accorded him in this volume.

The old Empire State contributed its quota to the throng of valiant pioneers who left their comfortable home in the East and made their way to the western frontier, there to undergo the trials and vicissitudes which ever fall to the lot of those who lead the march of civilization and development into new fields and provinces. The parents of our subject are Cuyler and Ruth F. (Hoag) Trask, both of whom are natives of the State of New York and of English and Scottish lineage respectively. J. C. Trask was born in the town of Farmington, Wayne county, New York, in the year 1854. In 1861, when our subject was a lad of seven years, his parents set forth for Ohio and upon their arrival took up their residence in Ashtabula county, where they still abide. The father is now eighty-two years of age, and the mother seventy-six; and notwithstanding their advanced age, both are yet hale and strong and in the enjoyment of excellent health. They are residents of the town of Austinburg. Cuyler Trask devoted himself assiduously to farming in early life. He is now probably the oldest active life insurance man in the Union. He has represented the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, as special agent for the last seven years, and has written a large amount of business for that corporation. As recently as 1891 he was invited to the annual meeting of the company at their expense, this courtesy being a recognition of their appreciation of the efforts put forth by him while he was active as an agent in their employ.

The subject of this review passed his boyhood years on the farm and after coming to Ohio enjoyed such educational facilities as were then afforded, securing his preliminary training in the public schools of Ashtabula county. He graduated at Grand River Institute in 1876, and subsequently was enabled to complete a one year's course in the law department of the State University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor. He had commenced his legal studies by a course of reading in the office of E. Jay Pinney, of Jefferson, Ashtabula county. After returning from Ann Arbor Mr. Trask entered into a partnership with J. P. Cadwell, now Probate Judge of Ashtabula county, and for four years the firm of Trask & Cadwell maintained a successful practice in the county just mentioned, being really successors to the law office established by those honored patriots, Hon. Benjamin F. Wade and Hon. Joshua R. Giddings.

After a successful practice of four years' duration Mr. Trask was offered and accepted the position which he now holds, that of general agent of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, his assigned territory being the eastern half of the State of Ohio. His management of the field has been signally effective and one statistic alone will show how thoroughly the interests of this staunch and reliable company have been furthered in the territory under the supervision of our subject. He has been enabled to increase the collection of premiums from the field from $50,000 to more than $300,000. He understands thoroughly the objects, range and functions of insurance and his presentation of facts and figures constitutes an indubitable argument in favor of the policies he advances. He is re-

garded among insurance men as one of the best informed, most proficient, enthusiastic and successful of their profession. He has devoted his entire time to the interests of this celebrated insurance company, whose record is one of the most brilliant, successful and honorable of all similar corporations. As the American republic stands to-day pre-eminent among all the nations of the globe in its capacity for conducting affairs of great breadth and scope, so does the wonderful enterprise of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company stand as a conspicuous example of the truth of this circumstance. The character and extent of this undertaking are to be comprehended only by the noting of its extraordinary business, successful management, accumulated assets and notable surplus. The reputation of the concern is such that its great continuous growth comes naturally when its claims are presented and comprehended. It was founded in 1857 and its management has always been distinguished for its conservatism, soundness and liberality toward policy holders, and as a consequence it has become recognized as one of the best in which to secure the necessary protection for those dependent upon the wage earner for their support. The company has been represented in Cleveland for a quarter of a century, and the present general agent, Mr. Trask, has been a representative of its interests for the past decade, eight years of which time he has passed in this city, in rooms 282 to 289, the second floor of the Arcade, Euclid avenue, front. The energy and ability displayed by Mr. Trask in his responsible position are best illustrated by the fact that during the year 1893 there was only one other mutual life insurance company that wrote more business in Ohio than did the Northwestern. Mr. Trask is an experienced and capable insurance man, and while he makes no claim to being a "lightning solicitor," yet he does take pride in having the ability to select an able corps of reliable men as agents, whose statements on the subject of life insurance can be relied upon implicitly.

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The marriage of our subject occurred at Jefferson, Ohio, September 20, 1882, when he was united to Miss Maud Norton, the accomplished daughter of R. M. Norton, of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Trask have four children: Ethel M. Norton R., Mildred R., and Florence E.

In politics our subject warmly espouses the cause of the Republican party, though he has never sought or desired official preferment. In his fraternal relations Mr. Trask is prominent in Masonic circles, having taken the thirty-second degree (Scottish Rite). He is a member of Tyrian Lodge, of Oriental Commandery, No. 12, of the Northern Ohio Consistory and of Al Koran Temple of the Mystic Shrine.

EDWARD PETERJOHN, who holds the responsible and important preferment as foreman of the Cleveland Dryer Company's establishment, in Rockport Hamlet, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in that place, November 22, 1865. He is a son of John Michael and Margaretta (Engelhardt) Peterjohn, old and honored residents of Rockport Hamlet. Both are natives of Germany and both passed the early years of their lives in the fatherland, the father being seventeen years of age and the mother sixteen when they came to America with their respective parents. They were married in Cleveland, Ohio, March 14, 1844, and shortly after that memorable event they settled in that part of Rockport township which now bears the name of Rockport Hamlet. Here they have ever since continued their residence. John M. Peterjohn has developed one of the finest farms in this section of the State, having been engaged in agricultural pursuits from the time of his advent in the township. The farm comprises thirty-eight acres and all is under a high state of cultivation, while the permanent improvements in the way of buildings are of most excellent and attractive order.

These well known and honored residents of Rockport Hamlet have had ten children, of

whom eight are living, namely: Mary A., the wife of Henry Dorr; George J., who married Kate Baumgartner; Anna, the widow of William Barthelman; Fred T., who married Louisa Smith; John M., Jr., who married Julia Brunner; Louisa, the wife of William Renz; Edward, subject of this sketch; and Henry C. The two deceased children are: John, who died at the age of three years; and Henry, who lived until his thirteenth year.

Edward Peterjohn grew to manhood beneath the parental roof, securing his education in the common schools of the locality. He early manifested distinctive business and executive ability and to this endowment is doubtless due the preferment he now holds.

He was married, in Parma township, November 12, 1891, to Miss Anna Hoehn. They have one son, Alvin C.

EMIL RING, professor of music, conductor of the Cleveland Philharmonic Society, and also conductor of the Cleveland Gesangverein, was born at Tetschen-on-the-Elbe, a small village in the northern part of Austria, in what is known as Saxonian Switzerland, on November 21, 1863. He was given as good an education as the public schools of his native town afforded, and at the age of ten years took up the study of harmony and vocal music, and also the use of the flute and clarinet. His parents had entertained the idea of some other calling for him, and were disappointed at his choice of a vocation.

In 1875 he went to Dresden, where he received his first scientific training under Edmund Kretschmer, the well known composer. Here he became a member of the Royal Saxonian Church Singers, as boy soprano, singing for over three years in the Catholic court church. He was then obliged to abandon his profession for a time, on account of the changing of his voice, and spent the interim in attendance at a gymnasium (high school). Resuming, he continued his musical studies under Kopell Meister Karl Krebs, a celebrated conductor of church music, becoming proficient in the study of harmony and theory.

Next he went to Prague, the capital of Bohemia, and entered the conservatory there, his previous training enabling him to complete the regular six years' course in four years. At this time he was twenty years of age, and, according to the custom of his country, he spent a year in the volunteer army. Near the close of the year 1884 he passed a severe examination and was made a Lieutenant of Reserves. At the close of his military experience, not having availed himself of the rank conferred upon him, he joined a musical organization then in the zenith of its fame, namely, the Mansfeldt Orchestra, which had its headquarters in Dresden. During the following season Professor Ring traveled throughout Germany and Belgium, visiting all the large cities and participating in the concerts given by the orchestra. The next two years were spent in England, in study, and during the latter part of 1886 Mr. Ring moved to Berlin; and while there he received an offer to become a member of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, which he accepted, first setting foot on American soil in March, 1887. The next year he was engaged to conduct the Cleveland Philharmonic Orchestra, and he accordingly arrived in this city in September, 1888. Since his residence began here he has made many friends through his kindly, genial disposition, and his excellent musical ability. He is connected with many of the musical organizations of the city, is one of the instructors in the Conservatory of Music, and has charge of the music in the Jewish Orphan Asylum. The Cleveland Gesangverein, of which he is conductor, is the oldest and most noted singing society west of Philadelphia, having been founded in September, 1854.

His father, Alvin Ring, was the youngest of twelve sons, was engaged in expressing and forwarding, and spent all his life in his native land, dying in 1883, at the age of forty-eight years. He had but very little musical inclina

tion. A brother of his, Max by name, was court conductor of music, and lost his sight by too close application. In 1849 he left the country, went to Hamburg and shipped to Australia, and was never heard of afterward; and it is presumed that he is drowned in the sea. His father paid much money to learn of his whereabouts, but could never discover anything.

Professor Ring's mother, whose name before marriage was Anna Rotzsch, was born in 1838, and is still living. Mr. Alvin Ring and wife had four sons, namely: Emil, the subject of this sketch; Gustave, who studied medicine at the university, has passed his State examination, and is still a resident of the old country; Rudolph, the successor in his father's business; and Fred, who resides in Cleveland and is a bookkeeper in the Arcade music store.

JAMES SANDERSON, division superintendent of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company, was born near Ottawa, Canada, September 26, 1855, a son of James Sanderson, who was born in Dundee, Scotland, October, 1819. He came to America when young and followed carpenter work all his life. He married in Canada, May Christie, a daughter of Archie Christie, born in Scotland. Mrs. Sanderson's children are: Mary, wife of D. Carpenter, in Cleveland; John, at New Lisbon, Dakota; James; George and William, at Cleveland; and Maggie, who married G. Baird, a resident of Denver, Colorado.

James Sanderson left the public schools at sixteen and began driving team. He next entered a commission store in this city and remained eleven years; then became a driver for the East Cleveland Railway Company on Euclid avenue, and was promoted in line to be a conductor, a night watch, and finally a clerk in the office of Superintendent Duty; and retained this last position till the formation of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company, in 1893, when he was made division superintendent, having in charge the Central avenue line.

Mr. Sanderson was first married January 3, 1880, to Rosa, a daughter of Christian Ubersax, of Switzerland. The children of this marriage are Cora and Freddie. Mrs. Sanderson died September 5, 1885. His second marriage, January 3, 1888, was to Edith Loretz, of Swiss birth, and a daughter of Philip Loretz. One child has been born by this marriage, named Nellie.

Mr. Sanderson is a Knight of Pythias, and in politics a Republican.

NS. POSSONS.—A man of distinguished ability and attainments, one who has accomplished much in the line of his profession and who has thereby contributed to its advancement and incidentally wrought for the good of his fellow men, Mr. Possons may with particular congruity be accorded representation in this volume, though it will be possible within the limitations of the same to give no more than an outline of the more notable features of his career.

Of French and German extraction, Mr. Possons is enabled to trace his lineage back to ancestors who became residents of America in the latter part of the sixteenth century. He was born in Coeymans, Albany county, New York, in 1844. His parents were William Fiero and Maria A. (Zimmer) Possons, natives of Schoharie county, New York. The father was apprenticed in early life to the dyers and fullers' trade, which he followed up to the time of the advent of woolen factories. He graduated at the Albany Normal School, but much of his education was obtained after his marriage, and by the help of his wife, a lady of advanced scholarship. Later he greatly interested himself in educational matters, teaching school with marked success, by methods ahead of his times. He was "apt to teach," having a natural ability for imparting instruction in the most efficient manner, and being one of the pioneer leaders in giving instruction by object lessons, so much in vogue in the latter days. In his religious re-

lations he was a member of the Baptist Church, in which he held the office of Deacon; and in more public life he also was City Clerk and School Trustee for many years. In the educational field, indeed, he was a leading factor. He died in 1879, at the age of sixty-eight years. His wife died April 22, 1886, aged seventy-one years. She also was a life-long member of the Baptist Church, wherein she was a shining example of Christian consistency.

Her parents were Jacob and Maria Zimmer. Mr. Zimmer was a large land owner, whose estate comprised what was known after his name as "Zimmer's Hill," in Schoharie county, New York. He was a Revolutionary soldier, lived to a ripe old age, and was an extremely useful man.

Mr. N. S. Posson's paternal grandfather, Wilhelmus Possons, was the first farmer in Schoharie county who practiced the system of renewing the soil by raising clover upon it, which has now for many years been so popular among scientific agriculturists. He also invented the first threshing machine, doing all the mechanical work himself, and the machine was signally successful. For his wife he married Eliza Borst, who died comparatively young, a noble and devout Christian.

Mr. Possons, whose name heads this sketch, received in his native State a thorough academic education, and, having a natural aptitude for mechanics, devoted his attention to this science until he had mastered its details and intricacies. Being regularly apprenticed to John Whitin & Son, builders of cotton-mill machinery at Holyoke, Massachusetts, he served a full term, 900 days. He became a die sinker and model maker in the celebrated Remington armory at Ilion, Herkimer county, New York, remaining there until the month of May, 1864, and acquiring a most discriminating knowledge in regard to the manufacture of fire-arms. This knowledge stood him well in hand for the preferment to which he was forthwith called, that of United States Inspector of Small Arms, under W. A. Thornton, of the Ordnance Department, and was ordered to Colt's armory in Hartford, Connecticut. Subsequently he was concerned with other establishments of like order in various cities of the Union. In December, 1865, he went to the Ceresian Cutter Works at Syracuse, New York, and three years later removed to Auburn, same State, where he had the superintendency of the extensive works of Hayden & Litchworth's manufactory of saddlery hardware.

In 1879, Mr. Possons responded to overtures made by the Telegraph Supply Company, of Cleveland, and coming to this city was placed in charge of their business, which was subsequently changed to the Brush Electric Company. This place he retained until October, 1890, when he resigned to accept a similar preferment with the Belding Motor Company, of Chicago. Returning to Cleveland in 1891, he effected the organization of the Universal Electric Company, of which corporation he was made president and general manager. This concern is one of unmistakable importance considered in connection with the industrial activities of the Forest City, and with its chief executive a man of so pronounced ability in the line of his profession and with so thorough a knowledge of practical methods and details, it is evident that the enterprise will widen its scope of operations to the utmost limits, gaining a prestige secondary to no similar undertaking in the Union. Mr. Possons is both a mechanical and electrical engineer, and he has invented and patented several unique machines for the facile and speedy execution of work in the lines noted.

Politically, Mr. Possons gives his sympathy and support to the Republican party, taking a consistent interest in the issues of the day. In his fraternal relations he is prominently identified with the Masonic order, having been advanced to the thirty-second degree, and filled many of the chairs of this order.

In 1872 Mr. Possons was united in marriage with Miss Martha Adla Connor, a daughter of Joseph and Matilda (Steele) Connor, residents of Auburn, New York. Mr. Connor was a

participant in the late war, as a private in the Seventy-fifth New York Volunteer Infantry, and was under General Sheridan in the valley. He died from disease contracted while in the United States service. His wife, *nee* Matilda Steele, was a noble woman of North Ireland, and her people were prominent in the affairs of the Irish government. They were true disciples of "William of Orange," and one of her brothers, Newman Steele, was stoned to death by the Catholics! She was an expert equestrienne, the envy of her sex in riding after the hounds. She died in Cleveland, Ohio, at the age of fifty-five years, in 1882. She and her husband came to America after their marriage, in 1846, and brought up a large family of children,—four daughters and seven sons.

Mr. N. S. Possons and wife have adopted three children, namely: Albert W. Connor, the younger brother of Mrs. Possons, an expert machinist, having learned his trade under Mr. Possons; Maude Blanche and Hamilton Van Valkenburg, brother and sister, are children of a deceased sister and brother-in-law of Mrs. Possons, namely: Charles E. and Matilda (Connor) Van Valkenburg.

Mr. Possons is a zealous member and supporter of the Presbyterian Church, with which organization Mrs. Possons is also connected, being prominent in the work of the church and the Dorcas Society.

GEORGE PRESLEY.—As the American nation has shown itself pre-eminently capable of carrying forward enterprises of magnificent scope and gigantic import, so is it a matter of more than cursory interest and value to trace these great specific undertakings back to their inception, to note the influence which they have exerted in the upbuilding of populous communities, to canvass the *personnel* of those who have lent impetus to the work, and to learn lessons both by inductive and deductive methods.

The city of Cleveland, into whose port enter with stately grace the white-winged argosies of the great lake system, together with all manner of improved modern craft that ply the blue waters of these inland seas, has had from its earliest history a most intimate connection with maritime interests and, indeed, along this line has been the most distinctive march of improvement,—no other one factor having entered more conspicuously into the very warp and woof of her industrial and commercial fabric, whose texture is such as to have insured to the beautiful Forest City honor, prestige and renown.

Prominent among those honored citizen who have been for many years identified with the ship-building industries of the city is he whose name initiates this review. Success in the average case bears testimony not alone of subjective ability and business acumen but also bespeaks the fact that honorable and upright methods have been brought to bear in the attaining of such precedence. Mr. Presley has been a resident of Cleveland for a full half of a century, has been active and enterprising and has gained a full measure of success. It can not be less interesting than profitable to trace briefly, as only we are permitted in the premises those points which have a personal bearing and and which incidentally mark the progress of these many years of identification with the business activities of the city. In such instances as the one at hand,—the touching upon the salient features in the life of an honored pioneer,—does contempory biography exercise its maximum and most important function.

As the name implies, the Presley family traces its origin back to Scotland, while our subject's maternal genealogy is of pure English strain. At Cornwall, Lower Canada, February 22, 1820, a son was born to John and Almira (Raymond) Presley, and to him was given the baptismal name of George. When this son, our subject, was yet but a child, his parents removed from Canada to Jefferson county, New York, where the father was engaged in farming operations, being a man of marked intelligence and

sturdy integrity. Under the parental roof and amid the quiet pastoral scenes George remained until he attained his eighteenth year, when he determined to give his time and attention to work aside from the monotonous and routine duties of the farm. Thus, at the age of eighteen years, in the meanwhile having secured a fair common-school education, he left his home and going to Clayton, Jefferson county, engaged with George S. Wicks to learn the trade of shipbuilding. He completed his trade with John Oades, in 1843, and within the same year removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he has since remained. His parents subsequently removed to this city and here passed the residue of their lives.

Upon his arrival in Cleveland Mr. Presley found employment with Sanford & Moses, prominent shipbuilders at that time. He subsequently engaged in similar work for Washington Jones and still later entered the employ of S. & A. Turner. In 1846 he first began individual operations in contracting for and building vessels, having entered into partnership with Ira Laffrienier and William Stevenson. Two years later he became associated with others in the same business, a new firm being organized and having been maintained until 1850, when a dissolution occurred and the firm of Stevens & Presley was organized, the members being Harvey Stevens and George Presley. This copartnership continued until 1878—more than a quarter of a century—when it was dissolved and the firm of Presley & Company formed. This organization was discontinued in 1887, being merged into the Cleveland Dry Dock Company, which represented the interests of Mr. Presley and the Globe Iron Works Company. The company was duly incorporated and Mr. Presley's stock representation was for one half of the full amount subscribed. He was elected president of the company and held this position for some seven months, when he disposed of his interest in the enterprise and retired from active business. After this time, however, he came forward in the capacity to which he had devoted so many years of his life and superintended the construction of the steamers H. J. Johnson and George Presley.

In 1850 Stevenson & Presley built the first horse-power railway for hauling out vessels. In 1856 they abandoned that and built a new and larger steam railway, and in 1870–'71 they built the first dry dock, which they owned until it passed into the hands of Presley & Company, then into the hands of the Cleveland Dry Dock Company.

Mr. Presley has seen more than fifty years of active service in shipbuilding, and out from this intensively practical, busy and useful life he has retired to enjoy that repose which is so richly merited. Notwithstanding the fact that he is now (1894) seventy-four years of age, he bears his years lightly, is vigorous in mind and body and is hale and hearty. Within his long business career he has been associated with many prominent and well known shipbuilders, but he has outlived all his early associates in business and has noted the remarkable advances made in the art of navigation and the volume of business transacted in the line with whose interests he has so closely been identified and to whose progress he has contributed no inconspicuous quota. Mr. Presley has built and floated upward of fifty vessels—an average of at least one a year for all the years during which he has been connected with the industry. Prominent among the boats which he has put into operation may be named the following: H. N. Gates, Gipsey, Alpha, the brig Isabella, the propeller Niagara, Prairie State, Maine, Boston, New York, Smithmore, Republic, Continental, Colonial, Magnetic, Specular, Horace A. Tuttle, H. J. Johnson, and the George Presley. The vessel last noted is the largest of them all and probably the finest in every detail of construction, being thoroughly modern in all its equipments and standing as a model in its line. The boat was named in honor of its builder. Throughout his long and diversified career Mr. Presley has ever been alert, active, discerning: that success should have attended his efforts was but in

normal sequence and a result legitimate and consistent. It is but congruous that especial attention be here directed to the one line in which his efforts have proved of great value and have called forth a distinctive appreciation of his ability. This is in the matter of his effectual work in relieving stranded vessels. He had devoted much time and study to the practical and approved methods of affording succor in such cases and his services were ever in demand. Indeed, it had almost passed into an axiom among sailors and vessel owners that "where Presley could not furnish relief and do it quickly, no one could."

When our subject arrived in Cleveland his capitalistic resources aggregated only three dollars, but by close application to business, by correct methods and by unmistakable ability he has won for himself a competency which has given him a high standing in the business community. He is the owner of stock in several vessels and has important real-estate interests in Cleveland.

In his political proclivities Mr. Presley was in early life a Republican, but during later years he has been identified with the Prohibition party, having the true courage of his convictions and standing ever ready to array himself in the support of the principles which he holds to be right and for the good of his fellowmen. From the very character of the man it is readily understood that he would never have figured as an aspirant for public office. He has not had taste or inclination for a political career, and even had other conditions prevailed, he has found that his intensively active business life has maintained insuperable demands upon his time and attention. Incidentally, and as marking his active interest in the welfare of the city which has so long been his home, it may be mentioned that he has several times served as a member of the City Council. In his fraternal affiliations he is prominent as a member of the F. & A. M., being a Knight Templar. He is also identified with the I. O. O. F.

Passing to that portion of a man's life history that ever has a marked influence upon his happiness and his success, we note that Mr. Presley has been married twice. He has four children, living, by the second wife: Maria, wife of Barnabas Eldridge, of Belvidere, Illinois, a manufacturer of sewing machines for the National Sewing Company; George Presley, Jr., who is engaged in the mercantile business in Cleveland; Charles H. Presley conducts an important insurance agency in Cleveland; Lewis B. Presley married and is now a resident of Columbus, Ohio, where he is engaged in business. In February, 1883, Mr. and Mrs. Presley were called upon to mourn the untimely death of a son, Edwin Forest Presley, a most promising young man, who died in the twenty-seventh year of his age.

Our subject and his wife have long been active and devout members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, the former having been identified with the organization for more than a half century and having contributed liberally and ungrudgingly to its support.

The record of such a life as this must be read not alone from the mere words that appear in the context, but, between the lines and awaiting only for the penetration of the true student and earnest seeker for the basic elements of success and honored name, lie the lesson and the revelation whose recognition can not fail to yield a full harvest of goodly results.

FRANKLIN H. RUPLE, a prominent citizen and business man of Collinwood, is the proprietor of a livery and board stable, and is also a coal dealer. He is a native of this place and has been identified with it all his life. Briefly, a sketch of him is as follows:

Franklin H. Ruple was born in Collinwood, Ohio, May 19, 1848, son of Dr. Cyrus and Julia (Hitchcock) Ruple, both natives of Ohio, his father having been born in Collinwood in

1806. Dr. Ruple was well known throughout this part of the State as a skilled physician and surgeon, and had an extensive practice here. His early advantages were not such as are afforded medical students to-day, but he improved his every opportunity and rendered most efficient service in time of need. He was a man in whom the people reposed great confidence, not only as a physician but also as a business man, and he was their choice for various local offices, the duties of which he performed with the strictest fidelity. He was a member of the Collamer Congregational Church, and for years held an office in the same. Politically, he was an Abolitionist of the Joshua Giddings type, and was connected with the famous "Underground Railway." Later he was an ardent Republican. His death occurred in March, 1874, at the age of sixty-nine years. His wife died April 14, 1883, at the age of sixty-seven years. She was for many years a member of the Congregational Church, was a woman of many Christian graces, and was well known far and near for her deeds of kindness. They had a family of eleven children, Frank H. being the eighth born and one of the six who are still living. Most of them are in Cuyahoga county.

As above stated, the subject of our sketch has been identified with Collinwood all his life. His education was received in the common and high schools. His first occupation was farming, at which he was engaged four years. Then he ran an express wagon between Collinwood and the city for seven years, five years before he started the livery and two years afterward. Since March 20, 1883, he has been engaged in his present business. In the meantime, for four years, he kept the Central Hotel in Collinwood. His livery business is one of the thriving enterprises of the town. He keeps sixteen head of horses and a number and variety of vehicles, all of which are in demand, as his characteristic push and energy has brought his business to the front and secured a large patronage. He served the town as Marshal and Deputy Marshal for three years, and by his personal service, his influence and his means he has done much to advance the interests of the place.

Mr. Ruple was married February 12, 1872, to Miss Mary Seaber, daughter of John Seaber, late of this county. Mr. Seaber and his family were natives of England, from whence they emigrated to this county when Mrs. Ruple was one year old. He and his wife are deceased. Mrs. Ruple has one brother, Alfred N., a resident of Kirksville, Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. Ruple have three children living: Lillian May, Edith Maud and Ethel Grace; and two deceased: Nellie Julia, who died at the age of seven years, and Arthur Clyde, at the age of four months.

Both he and his wife are members of the Congregational Church at Collinwood. In politics he is a Prohibitionist; fraternally he is a Knight of Pythias.

JOHN MEYER, a retired farmer residing at No. 1327 Pearl street, Cleveland, Ohio, has long been identified with this place, and it is fitting that some personal mention be made of him in connection with other representative men of the county. Briefly, a sketch of his life is herewith presented:

John Meyer was born on a farm, which is now covered by a portion of Cleveland, May 19, 1838, his parents being Nicholas and Dorothea (Gephart) Meyer, both natives of Germany. Nicholas Meyer, a carpenter by trade, came to Cleveland about 1833, and here was for many years engaged in contracting and building. It was here that he was married to Miss Gephart, and they established their home on Canal street, where the Point Works are now located. Both were well known and highly respected. They were devoted members of the Zion's United Evangelical Church. He died May 23, 1884, aged seventy-five years; she April 9, 1890, aged seventy-three. They had a family of twelve children, six of whom are still living, all in or

near Cleveland. John was the second born in this family and is the oldest one now living; Christian, a carpenter by trade; Nicholas, who is engaged in farming; Charles, a dealer in coal, flour and feed; George, a farmer; and Caroline, wife of Theodore Lampus, a cigar manufacturer.

With the exception of the past three years, the subject of our sketch has spent his whole life in agricultural pursuits. He has plowed, sowed and harvested where a large part of the South Side now stands. He was for some time a resident of Brooklyn township, and while there served several terms as Trustee. During the war he served for sixty days on guard duty, guarding Rebel prisoners on Johnson Island, he having enlisted August 15, 1863.

Mr. Meyer was married November 8, 1860, to Miss Elizabeth Gruebele, daughter of Jacob and Margaret Gruebele. Her parents came to America from Germany, their native land, when she was six years old, and landed in Cleveland July 12, 1847. She was born September 13, 1841. Her father was born in 1813, and departed this life April 15, 1882; her mother, born in 1809, passed away November 9, 1886. They were devoted Christian people, and were much esteemed by all who knew them. Mrs. Meyer is one of a family of twelve children, three of whom are living. Her sister Mary, widow of Frederick Koeber, resides in Cleveland, and her brother Lewis lives in Tennessee. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer have had a family of fourteen children, record of whom is as follows: Charles, a carpenter of Cleveland, married Miss Carrie Klein and has two children, Rubie and Delbert; Henry (twin of Charles) was accidentally killed while repairing a car in the car shops in Canton, Ohio; John is a conductor on the motor car line; Carrie, wife of Robert Merker, Cleveland, has one child, Lillian; Katie, wife of Charles Renz, a grocer of Cleveland, has three children, Erma, Helen and an infant; George, who married Minnie Fay and resides in Cleveland, has one child, Roy; Louis, a conductor on the motor cars; Edward, employed as a clerk in Cleveland; Anna Dorotha, who died at the age of twenty months; Jessie, a bookkeeper; Gussie, attending school; Alice and Albert, twins; and Maud.

Mr. Meyer has been a life-long Republican, but has given little attention to political matters.

In concluding this sketch, we further state that Meyer street in Cleveland was named in honor of the family to which our subject belongs.

DAVID E. McLEAN, President of the Pearl Street Savings & Loan Company, and also of the Herrman-McLean Company, both of Cleveland, is a native of this city.

Mr. McLean was born December 25, 1855, son of Alexander and Ann (James) McLean, the former a native of England and the latter of New York State. Alexander McLean came to Cleveland in 1836, then a young man of twenty years, and here he was married, passed his life, and died, his death occurring in 1876. He was a man of sterling integrity, and by his honorable and upright life won the respect and esteem of all who knew him. His business was that of a mason and contractor. He built and owned the Young American Block. For several terms he was a member of the City Council, and it was largely through his instrumentality that the West Side market house was placed where it now stands. Mrs. McLean departed this life October 23, 1870, at the age of forty-two years. She was a member of St. John's Episcopal Church. David E. is the youngest in their family of three children. His sisters, Elizabeth and Mary, are both residents of Cleveland: the former is the wife of Henry Campbell, and the latter of William Kenney.

The subject of our sketch received his education in the public schools of Cleveland and in the Spencerian and Bryant & Stratton colleges. His business career was begun as a clerk in a grocery store. By close attention to whatever he undertook, and by honorable business methods he has risen to a position of promin-

ence among the leading business men and financiers of the city. He owns a grocery, flour and feed store and an elevator and warehouse on Pearl street, at Nickel-Plate Crossing, a grocery on Lorain near Market street, and a flour and feed store opposite on Market street. He is also largely interested in banking, being a stockholder in the West Side and Forest City Banks, and being president of the Pearl Street Savings & Loan Company. He was an officer in the Board of Trade, and since that organization has been merged into the Chamber of Commerce, he still retains his membership in it. He also has an interest in the Greif Brothers Cooperage Company.

Mr. McLean was married in 1880, on May 10, to Miss Ernstein Teufel, daughter of John Teufel, then of Chicago, now of Cleveland. He was for many years a pork-packer and shipper, but is now retired. Mr. and Mrs. McLean have two children,—John Christian and Annie. Both he and his wife are members of All Saints' Episcopal Church.

Mr. McLean is a liberal and public-spirited man. He has ever encouraged by his influence and financial aid, all enterprises for the best interests of the community, and is recognized by all as a man of worth, strict integrity and good business sagacity.

CHARLES FAYETTE OLNEY, of Cleveland, Ohio, is a man whose broad education, extensive travel, love of music and art, progressive spirit and well-rounded character have made him a citizen of rare usefulness. LIFE TO HIM IS A SACRED TRUST.

The English Doomsday Book recognizes his noble English descent, and the Olney coat of arms, though deemed un-American, is exceptionally beautiful.

Like most New England sons, Professor Olney takes a just pride in his ancestry and his birthplace. Thomas Olney, his first American ancestor, emigrated from Hertfordshire, England, in the year 1633 and settled on a grant of land comprising forty acres in Salem, Massachusetts. He was at once elected one of the leading officers of the colony; but, becoming a convert to the peculiar views of Roger Williams, a Baptist, he soon gave up all his Salem privileges, traversed the wilderness with Williams and founded Providence in the State of Rhode Island. Thomas Olney was thus one of the original thirteen proprietors of Providence, and by turn held the offices of Treasurer, Assistant Governor, Commissioner and Grantee under the new royal charter given to the colony by Charles II in 1662. His children intermarried with the children of Roger Williams, and their children intermarried for generations. All had large families, and the Olneys and Williamses might be said to have almost peopled the State of Rhode Island. The Olneys were energetic, self-respecting and a little austere, while their courage and their virtues made them not only popular civil servants, but also, when Revolutionary times came, admirable soldiers and officers. Love of country was ever dominant. That one of them possessed a vein of grim humor may be inferred from his remark after the battle of Rhode Island, where he had distinguished himself by signal bravery, that he "had been picking cherries,"—i. e., killing Red Coats. Captain Stephen Olney was chosen for his coolness and courage to lead the advance column at the battle of Yorktown. Old pictures represent him as the first man on the rampart, vigorously waving the flag to encourage his followers. A close friendship existed between him and Lafayette, and on the second visit of the French Marquis to America, while on a tour through the principal cities, as he entered Providence his eyes searched the crowd to discover if possible his old friend. At once singling him out, he rushed toward and warmly embraced him. Captain Joseph Olney was a distinguished commander in the naval service, while his brother Jeremiah held a Colonelcy under General Washington, by whom he was greatly esteemed.

Jesse Olney, the father of the subject of this sketch, was himself the son of a Revolutionary officer, and his long, useful and brilliant career is well known throughout the United States from the wide success of his school-books,—Olney's Geography and Atlas, the National Preceptor, etc.,—and his scientific attainments. Besides being a popular author, he was an eminently successful teacher, and in political life was rewarded with most of the highest honors in his State. His wife, *nee* Elizabeth Barnes, descended from an unbroken line of Puritan ancestors. They were married in 1829, in Hartford, and there Charles F., their eldest son, was born, August 27, 1831. A little later the family removed to Southington, a hill-engirdled Connecticut village lying midway between Hartford and New Haven.

In that picturesque, New England town Charles grew to manhood and received his education. Almost from his infancy he showed rare genius as a musician, and at a very early age became proficient upon several instruments, his acquirements being no mere matter of training and technique, but the result of a natural and almost instinctive gift. His father's interest in politics, science and religion brought within the Olney circle of friends most of the leading politicians and divines of the day, among them many Harvard and Yale graduates, who infused into the quiet, rural town the stimulus of fresh ideas and the resources of a comprehensive culture. Such influences at an age when character and temperament take impressions like wax doubtless helped to kindle and foster tastes which gave bent to the after life of young Olney.

After preparing for Yale, Charles to his great surprise was offered the principalship of the school in his home district, and owing to the urgent request of his father he relinquished the cherished idea of a college life and became the teacher, at the age of seventeen, of the boys and girls of his neighborhood. This enabled him to live at home and enjoy the companionship of his honored father, a privilege for which he has ever been truly grateful. No doubt hereditary instinct had much to do with his eminent success as a teacher. His zeal, tact, and above all his gift for controlling, rendered this a most fortunate choice of a profession. In his career in Stratford, Connecticut, where he established a high school, and subsequently in New York city, where for nearly thirty years he was connected with the cause of popular education, he invariably exhibited those sterling traits which marked him for leadership. He was one of the founders of the New York Teachers' Association, the largest association of teachers in the world, and for fifteen years he was the head of its executive committee and foremost in every good work.

In April, 1861, Professor Olney married Louisa, only daughter of Jameson D. Brown, Esquire, of New York. Her death, in 1878, left him childless and alone. This loss, and the loneliness it entailed, helped to fix and intensify the artistic tastes which had always characterized him, but which now became a refuge as well as a passion. He became interested in forming a collection of works of art and *objects de vertu*. The thousands of interesting and beautiful things he has collected from far and near,—curios, rare pictures, sculptures, bronzes, ivory carvings, etc., etc., many the results of happy pilgrimages—form one of the most notable collections in the country.

In 1887, he married Mrs. Abbie Bradley Lamson, of Cleveland, a friend of his boyhood, and has since resided in this city, their elegant home being located on Jennings avenue. To better accommodate his art collection he has recently erected a beautiful Grecian art temple as an annex to his home, which was dedicated as the Olney Art Gallery in December, 1893. The Professor and his wife are characterized alike by warm, humanitarian sympathies, earnest zeal for the public welfare, and ardent philanthropic spirit. Not a few of the colleges, schools, religious societies and other organizations of Cleveland and other cities have been and are glad recipients of their bounty. Indeed,

too much cannot be said of their generosity toward all worthy causes, and their hospitality is unbounded.

Professor Olney wields a fluent pen and is a contributor to various publications. Although not a professional lecturer, he is a most interesting speaker, and, anxious to stimulate thought and willing to tell of his many journeys, he frequently addresses schools and societies upon scientific themes and his travels. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, the National Geographical Society, the Sociological Council, the Sons of the Revolution, etc.; and is deeply interested in floriculture and forestry.

In short, it would be difficult to find a more useful, genial and entertaining gentleman than Prof. Charles F. Olney.

O. M. BURKE, one of the prominent, worthy and respected business men of Cleveland, Ohio, is president of the Lake Shore Foundry, located on Alabama street; is a stockholder in a number of the banks of the city, and is vice-president of the Dime Savings & Banking Company. Without further introduction—indeed, Mr. Burke needs no introduction whatever, so well known is he in Cleveland—we proceed to give a biography of him; for without more than a passing notice of him and the industry with which he is connected, a history of this city would be incomplete.

O. M. Burke was born in Newburg township, on his father's old farm which now forms a part of the twenty-seventh ward of Cleveland, March 14, 1823. His parents were Gains and Sophia (Taylor) Burke. His father was a native of Massachusetts, was a farmer by occupation, and was for many years Treasurer of Cuyahoga county, where he was well known and highly esteemed. He died in 1865, aged seventy-four years. His good wife died June 27, 1859, aged sixty-five. She was a true Christian woman and was beloved by all who knew her. Our subject was the second born in their family of six children, three sons and three daughters. Only two of that number are now living, O. M. and Helen, the latter being the wife of I. C. Webster, of Kansas.

Mr. Burke received a common school education only. The first money he made was by school-teaching, receiving $12 a month and "boarding around." In 1847 he went to Illinois, and engaged in farming and teaching there until 1855. Since 1855 he has been a resident of Cleveland. In 1874 he became connected with the foundry, and has been interested in it ever since, he and his brother, Augustus M. and Judge Burke and others being its founders. Its name has not been changed during all these twenty years, and its business has been largely increased. At this writing the Lake Shore Foundry employs between 400 and 500 men, and is regarded as one of the most useful industries in the city. It is officered as follows: O. M. Burke, president and treasurer; C. E. Burke, vice-president and superintendent; George B. Thomas, secretary; and A. J. Goodhue, sales agent.

The subject of our sketch was married in 1847 to Miss Martha C. Meech, a native of Connecticut, and they have a family, a record of which is as follows:

Clarence E., vice-president and superintendent of the Lake Shore Foundry, has, like his father, been connected with this enterprise since it was founded. He married Maria, daughter of Col. W. H. Hayward, of Cleveland, and their only child is Jessie.

Lizzie, wife of W. G. Alcott, has one child,—Clarence Frank Alcott. Mr. Alcott is connected with the Diamond-Portland Cement Company, near Canton, Ohio.

Frank G., a resident of New York city, is engaged in the manufacture of "Manhattan Soap." He married Joanna Arington and has four children,—Martha A., Oscar, Lucie and Frank.

Mrs. O. M. Burke's parents were Gurdon Meech and Lucy *nee* Swan, natives of Connecticut. Her birth occurred in Bozrah, Connec-

tient, September 11, 1824, and in 1832 the family removed to Ohio and settled in Newburg, where her father was engaged in farming up to the time of his death. Both her parents reached an advanced age, her father being eighty-seven and her mother eighty five at the time of death. Mrs. Meech was small of stature, but was one of the noblest of women and possessed that breadth of character which enabled her to befriend the distressed and needy, on the principle that "it is more blessed to give than to receive." She reared to mature years nine children of her own, besides bringing up nine others. One winter she sent eighteen children to the district school. Of her nine children, Mrs. Juliett Morgan, widow of Irham Morgan, of Newburg, and Mrs. O. M. Burke, are the only ones now living.

Mr. Burke moved into the beautiful and commodious residence he now occupies, October 23, 1866, and may be considered one of the pioneers in this part of the city as at that time there was only one house on the east side of his. This is now one of the most beautiful and densely populated portions of Cleveland.

Politically, Mr. Burke is an ardent Republican; fraternally, a member of Iris Lodge, F. & A. M. Mrs. Burke is a member of the Third Presbyterian Church.

JOHN MUSTOE, a prosperous farmer of Strongsville township, was born in Wiltshire, England, February 11, 1832, and emigrated to America in 1856. For the first seven years here he was employed by J. H. Hussey in the copperas works in Cleveland. Next, for a year and a half, he was employed in oil works in Pennsylvania, and then settled on a farm in Newburg township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, but four years afterward removed to Strongsville, locating upon the farm where he now resides. He owns 196 acres, on which are good buildings and all other improvements highly creditable to the judgment and painstaking of a careful man. In public relations he has been a School Director.

He was first married in England, to Miss Caroline Townsend, a native of Wiltshire, and they had five children, all of whom died young! and Mrs. Caroline Mustoe died in this county, January 1, 1860. July 3, 1862, in Cleveland, Mr. Mustoe married Mary C. Kinch, who was born in Leicestershire, England, January 24, 1835.

SOLOMON PEASE, a prosperous and substantial farmer of Rocky River Hamlet, Cuyahoga county, is a native of the same place where he now resides, the date of his birth being November 18, 1846. At that time Rocky River Hamlet bore the name of Rockport township.

The parents of our subject, Solomon and Mary E. (Rodgers) Pease, were pioneer settlers in Rockport township, having located there in 1826 or 1827. Both were natives of beautiful old Chautauqua county, New York, where the father was born in the year 1803. They emigrated to Ohio at the time just noted and settled in that portion of Cuyahoga county where their son now lives, residing there until the time of their death. The father died November 14, 1846, and the mother surviving him many years, her death occurring August 24, 1888, at which time she had attained the age of seventy-nine years. Of their five children we make brief record as follows: Dorothy, who became the wife of Frederick Wright, died in Rocky River Hamlet, in October, 1891; Calvin is a retired merchant of Dover Center, Cuyahoga county; Gideon is a resident of Rocky River Hamlet, where he is engaged in farming; James is an undertaker of Dover Center; and Solomon the youngest, is the immediate subject of this review.

In the place of his nativity our subject was reared and here he has ever since continued to reside, being engaged in general agricultural pursuits and being honored and esteemed in the community that has known him from his youth up.

Attaining to years of maturity and having placed himself in a position of independence, Mr. Pease found yet one essential element of happiness lacking. This was supplied, on the 22d of January, 1871, when he was united in marriage to Miss Emma Dunlap, who was born in Wisconsin in July, 1851, a daughter of Alexander Dunlap. Her marriage to Mr. Pease was consummated in Rocky River Hamlet. In the happy family circle there are now five children, namely: Arthur, Howard, Edward, Elva and Zella.

Mr. Pease has found that his farming operations demanded his entire attention and he has had neither time nor inclination for anything in the line of public office, though he maintains a consistent interest in the political issues of the day and in the public affairs of a local order. He has a fine farm of ninety-one acres, all of which is under a high state of cultivation and well improved. The family homestead is a spacious domicile of modern style of architecture and is one of the handsomest residences in this section of the State.

REV. PETER BECKER.—While to all thinking minds there must ever come a recognition and appreciation of the leading part religion has taken in advancing civilization and conserving the higher interests of the human race, yet not to all comes an equal understanding of the burdens borne, the trials endured, the anxious responsibility maintained and the self-abnegation practiced by those who give their lives to the Master's cause, merging their very identity into the holy work which none should approach save with clean hands and pure heart. Sacrifices there must be; ambition in a worldly sense must be forsworn and in all the work of preparation and execution there must be a devotion in all singleness of spirit to the uplifting of fellow-men into the brighter refulgence of the higher light, the light perpetual, zealous in all good works and fit to be known as a follower of the one great Shepherd of all, it is most consonant that Father Becker, Rector of Holy Trinity parish, should be accorded an honored position in a work whose aim is to leave a permanent memorial of those individuals who have lived and labored in this particular section of the Union.

Peter Becker was born in Alsace, France, (now Germany), November 25, 1834, his parents, John and Catherine (Kraus) Becker having also been natives of France. The father was variously engaged at farming and carpentry during his lifetime. He served as a soldier under Napoleon First and participated in the memorable battle of Waterloo, having been a private in the cavalry service. He was never wounded, but did not escape his quota of the hardships of war. He had his feet frozen and was sent to the hospital, undergoing much pain and suffering.

John Becker came to Dover township, Cuyahoga county, in 1843, arriving there on the fourth day of August and at once settling on a farm. After leaving his native land he arrived in due time at the port of New York. From the national metropolis he proceeded on a towboat to Albany, thence to Buffalo on a canal boat, completing the journey to Cleveland on the steamer Chicago. In 1855 he removed from Dover township to Sandusky county and took up his residence on a farm of 240 acres. In his farming operations he was very successful, bringing to bear much executive ability and looking carefully to all details of operation, thus not only insuring success but also deserving it. He died about the year 1876 at the age of eighty-four years, his wife having entered into eternal rest in 1855 at the age of fifty-nine years. Both parents were lifelong members of the Roman Catholic Church, and were honored and esteemed in the community which had been their abiding place. Mrs. John Becker was a good mother and a most earnest and devout Christian woman. Her influence for good among those who knew her was most marked and will long abide.

The subject of this sketch was the sixth in a family of ten children, seven of whom are still living. His early years were passed on a farm, his childhood being spent in Alsace and his youth in Cuyahoga county, Cleveland having been his home for many years past. His early educational advantages were very meagre. Until he had attained the age of twenty-four years his scholastic training had been confined to two months' instruction during each winter season, when he was under the tutorship of old sailors. In 1858 he became a pupil in St. Mary's Seminary, in Cleveland, where he remained for a period of nine years. He has ever since been an enthusiastic and indefatigable student, though not to the extent of rendering him in the least visionary or impractical, for he is recognized as a man of marked business sagacity.

Father Becker was ordained a priest November 16, 1867. His first charge was from Toledo to Edgerton, on the Indiana line,—a work of seven missions, among French, Irish, Poles, Swedes and other nationalities. He was engaged in this mission work for a period of sixteen months and was then sent to Youngstown to start a new congregation. He began with twenty-five families, and when he left the charge one year and a half later the representation was sixty-four families. From this nucleus grew St. Joseph's Church, which is the finest one in the city of Youngstown, the priest in charge being Father John Klute, a veteran in the work and a most worthy man. September 18, 1870, after leaving Youngstown, Father Becker removed to Maumee City, in Lucas county, where he served for nearly nine years, coming to his present charge May 15, 1879. He began his present work in 1880, with a representation of 100 families. Through his earnest and zealous efforts the list has now reached 400 families. At the beginning of his work in the parish the church had nothing in the way of buildings. He canvassed the situation thoroughly and set himself a task which many a less indomitable man would have pronounced impossible of performance. He commenced without the first penny, effected the purchase of the lots on Woodland avenue for a consideration of $16,000, and at once instituted the work of erecting a suitable building for the parochial school. The church edifice was also brought to completion in due time. The school opened with two teachers and at the present time the services of five are demanded, the same being Sisters of the Sacred Heart of Mary. Father Becker still retains his first teacher, Margaret Bonagh, while others have remained long in the service. He has been particularly favored in the retention of the old and thoroughly proved instructors. Aside from the school already mentioned Father Becker maintains another school in temporary quarters, and in this also good work is being done.

The church edifice is a commodious frame structure, which in time will be replaced by a more permanent and imposing building. The baptisms have reached an average of eighty-six per year; in 1893 the marriages were twenty-four in number and the deaths forty-one. The church has a chime of eight bells, a fine organ, and is otherwise well equipped in the matter of accessories.

Father Becker is an indefatigable worker, a man of broad intellectuality and grateful human sympathy, and one of the most earnest soldiers of the church militant. He has done well his part in whatever field of usefulness he has been called, and both as a priest and a man has ever been held in the highest esteem by his parishioners. The fruits of his labors and the influence of his personal example will long abide as a valued heritage to those to whom he has ministered.

JOSEPH H. SOMERS, a coal operator and wholesale dealer in coal, in Cleveland, was born in Nelsonville, Ohio, in 1843, a son of J. F. Somers, who also was a coal operator and shipper and one of the largest dealers in the country. His paternal ancestors were among

the early settlers of Maine, and his maternal ancestors were people of prominence in the settlement of New Jersey. He died in 1892, aged eighty-seven years. The paternal grandfather was a soldier in the Revolutionary War.

Mr. Somers received a high-school education, and on leaving school became identified with his father in the coal business until 1868, in which year he went to Columbus, where he resided until 1883, when he came to Cleveland. Later his enterprise founded and built up the village of Somerdale, Ohio, on the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway. He also opened coal mines at Sherrodsville, this State, and from that time on he has been very largely interested in coal, both as an operator and dealer in Ohio and Pennsylvania, owning now three coal mines. He is a wholesale dealer only, and the great success that has followed his efforts evinces remarkable business ability and integrity, and has placed Mr. Somers among the foremost of enterprising business men.

In June, 1861, he enlisted in the Twenty-second Ohio Volunteer Infantry, as a private in Company B, as one of the 75,000 men who enlisted under the first call for troops, and was discharged five months later. In 1862 he entered the United States Navy as master's mate of a vessel, and served in this capacity until 1864. He is a progressive citizen and manifests much interest in public issues, being a firm Republican in his political principles and taking a decided interest in public affairs. He is a man of honor and respectability, and in every sense of the term a self-made man.

HON. JOSEPH H. BRECK, a highly respected citizen of Newburg, Ohio, and at present a member of the State Legislature, was born in Brecksville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, June 23, 1831.

The Breck family in America trace their ancestry back to three brothers of that name who emigrated from England to Massachusetts in 1630. Rev. Joseph Hunt Breck, the father of our subject, was born in Northampton, Massachusetts, July 9, 1798; was reared and educated in his native State, and was a graduate of Yale College. As early as 1823 he came as a missionary to the Western Reserve. He traveled throughout Summit, Geauga, Ashtabula and Madison counties, preaching at various places and being the means of accomplishing a great amount of good. In 1830, on account of failing health, he returned to Massachusetts, and while there was united in marriage to Miss Alice A. Snow, a native of Northampton, their marriage occurring July 20, 1830. She was the daughter of Ralph Snow, a merchant of Northampton. After their marriage they returned to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and located at Brecksville, a town named in honor of his family. After two years more spent in the ministry, his health again failed and he removed to Cleveland and settled on the farm which is now owned and occupied by his son. That was in 1833. He continued farming up to the time of his death, June 21, 1880. Some time after the death of his first wife he married Diantha Chamberlin, who is also now deceased. In politics he was first a Whig and afterward a Republican. Early in life he was a Mason.

Joseph H. Breck is one of a family of two children, his sister having died in her fourth year. His birth occurred in a little log house at Brecksville, and much of his early life was spent in assisting his father on the farm to which, as above stated, they subsequently moved. He, however, had the benefit of as good educational advantages as the country afforded, his last schooling being at the Shaw Academy where he received instructions under Joseph B. Merriam. After he left the academy he was for a while employed as bookkeeper for E. I. Baldwin. Most of his life, however, has been spent on the farm where he now resides, engaged largely in the dairy business, keeping from forty to fifty cows. His property has grown to be a very valuable one, and a portion of it is now laid out in town lots.

D. M. Bares

Mr. Breck was married January 18, 1859, to Miss Hattie Brooks, a native of Lorain county, Ohio, who was educated at Oberlin. She is a daughter of H. Brooks and sister of Dr. M. L. Brooks of Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Breckhave four children: George D., who is now associated with the Cleveland Elect. Eng. Co.; Dr. L. B.; William M., of New Haven; and Mary L., an accomplished young lady.

Politically, Mr. Breck is a Republican, and by that party was elected in 1893 to his present position as a Representative to the State Legislature, his vote being next to the largest one polled in the county. Mr. Breck is also a prominent Mason. He is a member of Newburg Lodge, No. 379, and of Baker Chapter.

DOMINICK M. CAREY, the subject of this sketch, was born at Dundas, Ontario, Canada, March 2, 1844. He was the second son of Michael and Winifred (Howard) Carey. Michael Carey, the father of D. M. Carey, was born in County Galway, Ireland, about 1824, and left the "old sod" bound for America, when only a lad; and soon after his arrival in Canada, being a boy of industrious habits and great energy, he apprenticed himself to a tanner and currier to learn the business of making leather.

The son, Dominick M. Carey, being dissatisfied with the narrow field and limited opportunities for acquiring for himself fame and fortune that were afforded by his father's tannery, left the parental roof at the early age of sixteen and boldly and courageously struck out, unaided and alone, to begin the battle of life. He was a born leader of men. This fact was exemplified in his childhood by the commanding influence exerted by him over the men in the tannery, and over the children on the play-ground of the public school; and in his later career, by the wonderful control had by him over the armies of men he employed on the public works. There were two prominent reasons why this was so. First, he was the soul of honor, always doing exactly as he had promised to do; secondly all with whom he had business relations had unlimited faith in his knowledge of his business and in his judgment as to the best methods for obtaining the desired end. He was generous to a fault, and no worthy and needy person who made his necessities known ever left him empty-handed.

Mr. Carey left Canada in 1860, going to Niagara county, New York, where he sought and obtained employment as a laborer in building railroads, bridges and tunnels, and rising step by step to be "boss of a gang," superintendent of construction, sub-contractor, and finally the leading spirit and active manager of a firm of contractors, widely known both in the United States and Canada. The work of this noted firm is to be found in almost every part of this great country, from the new Croton aqueduct in New York city on the East to the Union Pacific Railroad on the West, a large portion of both having been built by Mr. Carey, besides many railroads, bridges, and tunnels between.

On the 28th of February, 1881, Mr. Carey was happily married to Miss Clara Gleeson, who was the daughter of Edmond and Charlotte (Comstock) Gleeson. They had three children, all boys: Le Grand G, born May 25, 1882; James Howard, born June 2, 1886; and Edmond M., born September 7, 1888. They are bright boys and are fine representatives of both father and mother. It is said of the father of these boys, D. M. Carey, that for years he had from 700 to 1,200 men in his employ at the same time, and that having once seen a man and heard his name spoken he never forgot either! Le Grand G. seems to possess a similar faculty.

Mrs. Carey was born June 25, 1851, and is a refined and cultured lady, well educated and has a talent that fits her for business. Edmond Gleeson, the father of Mrs. D. M. Carey, was born in 1810, married to Miss Charlotte Comstock, April 4, 1848, and died October 26,

1854. His widow subsequently (1859) married James C. Cleveland, Esq., who was born October 16, 1825, and seemed to be just in his prime. Mrs. Carey and her sons live with Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland on Castle Hill, Independence, Ohio. Mr. Carey was drowned at Wheeling, West Virginia, January 14, 1893.

The Wheeling Daily Register of January 15, in a long article discriptive of the sad event, says: "The Register this morning is pained to chronicle the death of an active business man, one of a class whose energy, ability and general attributes made him a valued and valuable member of the community, and whose loss will be universally deplored. It was characteristic of Dominick M. Carey that death found him in the midst of danger, at a point where he had forbidden his men to go, and that he was engaged in the supervision of details for the protection of the greatest work he had yet undertaken,—the Main street stone bridge—when he was swallowed up in the icy and turbid waters of the stream he had spanned with the greatest stone arch in America. The bridge will stand a fitting monument to the memory of its great builder."

The Wheeling Daily Intelligencer, of the same date, in an extended article from which we quote, says: "It was reported about the city in the forenoon yesterday that Mr. Dominick Carey, of the well known firm of contractors building Main street bridge, had been drowned, and inquiry confirmed the awful story! The death of a man of his prominence and usefulness would have been enough of itself to send a thrill of sorrow through the community, but the special features which attended the sad occurrence made the horror of it almost as great as the sorrow, which was general. The regret for the death of Mr. Carey is as nearly universal as a feeling of sorrow ever was in any community."

A diligent and extended search for the body of Mr. Carey was immediately begun, and after weeks of labor and anxiety it was found, tenderly conveyed to Dundas, the place of his birth, and buried by the side of his relatives.

Mr. Carey's mother died April 24, 1894, and sleeps by the side of her son.

JAMES W. DAWSON is one of the representative citizens of Bedford, and has been for many years identified with her interests. He was born in the Dominion of Canada, near the city of Toronto, April 30, 1829.

Robert Dawson, his father, was one of the prominent pioneers of this township. He was a native of Stokesley, Yorkshire, England, and there grew to manhood. He was united in marriage to Miss Jane Ward, also a native of England, and in 1822 they crossed the sea, taking up their abode in Her Majesty's territory on this side the water. At the end of five years they disposed of their interests and came to the United States, settling in Cleveland, Ohio. Shortly afterward they removed to Twinsburg, Summit county, Ohio, and thence came to Bedford township. Here Mr. Dawson purchased 400 acres of timber land, and built a sawmill, one of the first erected in the county. Possessing ample means, he was able to fit up the mill with the best improvements afforded at that time, and he employed a large force of men. In addition to his milling interests he developed a fine farm, bringing the land to a high state of cultivation. Here he made his home during his latter years, passing to the "unknown country" at the age of four-score years. His widow died April 27, 1887. There were born to this worthy couple a family of ten children, eight of whom grew to maturity: James W.; John, who died at the age of thirty-two years; Amelia M.; Robert F.; Mary Jane, deceased; Martin B.; George Frederick, who died at the age of twenty-two years; and Dr. T. K., who was formerly Dean of the Cincinnati Medical College. Both the father and mother were reared in the faith of the Episcopalian Church,

but in later life the mother united with the Disciple Church. Mr. Dawson was a man of untiring energy and commanded success in all business transactions.

James W. Dawson grew from childhood to maturity in the community in which he still resides. In his youth he assisted his father in the labor of the mill and farm, becoming thoroughly familiar with both industries. Arriving at mature years he embarked in the nursery business, carrying one of the finest collections of trees and shrubs in this part of the State; he made a specialty of pines and evergreens, buying his supplies from the leading dealers of Canada and Europe. Of late years he has given his attention to agriculture, and owns a well improved farm of 120 acres.

Mr. Dawson was married, at the age of thirty-five years, to Helen S. Bosworth, who was born at Solon, Ohio, a daughter of one of the early settlers of that place. Six children have been born of this union: Dr. W. B.; Carrie B., a music-teacher at Bedford; Emma, wife of E. E. Arnold; John R., J. A. and Ariel. Politically our subject affiliates with the Democratic party. He has served as Trustee of the township ten years, discharging his duties with rare fidelity and winning the confidence of all classes of citizens.

SAMUEL GROVES.—The subject whose life history is now under review occupies a prominent position in the business and social circles of the Forest City, and it is evident that special attention should be accorded him in this connection. His genealogy traces back to a prominent line of Puritans, who occupied distinguished positions in the mother country. He himself was born at Dudley, England, December 5, 1855, and the major portion of his life has been passed in the land of his nativity. He received a thorough education at a private academy, and after completing his studies served a seven years' apprenticeship as mechanical draughtsman with Cochrane, Grove & Company, engineers and iron founders, of Middleborough-on-Tees, devoting special attention to blast-furnace and pipe-founding practice. With this representative concern he remained for a period of twenty-one years, the last fourteen years being in charge of the pipe-founding department of the drawing office. In 1889 he accepted a position as engineer to the Stanton Iron Works Company, of Derbyshire, his principal work in the connection being the designing of new foundries and the providing of an eighteen-inch pumping set for supplying water to the town of Ilkeston. This incumbency he retained for one year and then determined to make the New World the scene of his further operations. He landed in New York, March 14, 1891, and soon engaged with McIntosh, Hemphill & Company, engineers at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, remaining in their employ for three months. He then removed to Cleveland, where he accepted the preferment as assistant to Mr. John Walker, mechanical engineer of the Walker Manufacturing Company.

Endowed with much natural ability in the line to which he has devoted his attention, and having received the most thorough practical training, he has attained a conspicuous position and a recognition of his abilities in distinguished scientific circles. He holds a certificate as a science teacher to the English government and is a Fellow of the Society of Science, Letters and Arts, London, England. Since coming to Cleveland Mr. Groves has been elected to full membership in the Civil Engineers' Club, of this city, this being a richly merited recognition of his professional ability.

March 14, 1878, Mr. Groves was united in marriage to Miss Anna Beckwith, a daughter of Emerson B. and Centy D. Beckwith, of London, England, the father holding a position of prominence as an agent for representative estates and landed interests. Our subject and his wife are the parents of five children, whose names and dates of birth are here noted: Newman, born in 1879; Frederick, 1881; Herbert 1885; Samuel, 1888; and Edmond, 1890.

Since uniting his fortunes with the United States Mr. Groves has identified himself thoroughly with the interests of the Union and is unswervingly loyal in the support of its laws and institutions. Having become convinced that the policies and principles advanced by the Republican party are for the best interest of the country at large, he has united with that organization and with it casts his suffrage. In his fraternal relations he is most prominently identified with the Knights of St. George, holding the honorable preferment as Adjutant-General in that order.

Mr. Groves and his family are members and zealous supporters of the Congregational Church. Mr. Groves is the fortunate possessor of a tenor voice of excellent *timbre* and fine cultivation, and he holds the position as tenor of the quartet choir of the church of which he is a member, being also an active and effective worker in the Sunday-school. Men of such high attainments and thorough integrity are an acquisition to any community, and our subject and his interesting family have already gained a position in the high esteem of Cleveland citizens.

THOMAS SHEHAN, superintendent of motive power and electrician of the Cleveland City Railroad Company, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, February 1, 1847. He attended the schools of Collamer village, and upon leaving them entered the Union Iron Works of this city to learn his trade. That completed, Mr. Shehan became foreman of the shop, and in 1883 superintendent of Bowler's sewer and gas-pipe factory, and improved their molds by designing new ones and getting out patents covering them. In 1887 Mr. Shehan became chief engineer of the Montreal line of steamers plying the lower and upper Lakes. He afterward accepted the position of superintendent of the Cleveland Electric Motor Company, and in 1891 came to the Cleveland City Railroad Company, as superintendent of motive power and electrician, in which capacity he has demonstrated much fitness and adaptability.

Mr. Shehan's father, Daniel Shehan, came to Cleveland in 1846, from county Limerick, Ireland, his native place. He was a blacksmith by trade, and settled in Collamer village. He married in Ireland, Margaret McEllegot. Thomas Shehan is the fourth of a family of eight children, five now living. He married in Cleveland, February 20, 1893, Mrs. Kate McNally, of Ireland. Their children are Mary, Thomas and Florence. Politically, Mr. Shehan is Democratic on national issues, but liberal in local matters.

T. H. ATKINSON, a prominent insurance man of the city of Cleveland, has been located in this city since 1863. He was born in Toronto, Canada, in 1845, on the 22d of March. Mainly he was brought up in Buffalo, New York, where he received his education, having been taken to that city by his parents when he was a small child. His youth was spent there and very early in life he was invited into the business world. His father was a business man of considerable reputation, being a contractor. His parents were William and Mary (Bell) Atkinson, and were of English and Scotch nativity, respectively. Our subject was one of six children, of whom he is the youngest but one.

When twenty-three years of age, T. H. Atkinson was superintendent of the Ohio Bridge Works, which position he held for five years, then in 1873 he was appointed as the deputy in the Revenue Department of the United States, which he really holds at present. In 1885 he engaged in the insurance business and since that time he has been very active in that business. He is general manager for the British American Insurance Company, the St. Paul Fire, the Mechanics' of Philadelphia, and other insurance companies. He is a stockholder in

the Merchants' Bank of Cleveland and also holds stock in various other business concerns of the city.

He is an active Republican in politics, has served as a member of the county executive committee at different times, has been a delegate to many of the conventions of his party, has been a member of the city council, of the board of public improvements and has held other positions of honor and trust. He is a stockholder in the Cleveland Athletic Club, having been one of the organizers of that club, and he also belongs to several other social societies in the city. He was married in this city on the 17th of September, 1871, to Miss M. B. Harmon.

MYRON C. LONG is the general agent of the United States Mutual Accident Association of New York, which has been represented in this city during the past fourteen years. Mr. Long had been connected with this corporation a number of years, and in August, 1893, he was placed in charge of the Cleveland office, through which the entire business of the State passes; there is in this city alone a membership of more than 1,300, and the company is well represented throughout the State.

Mr. Long is a native of the State of Ohio, born in Cleveland, in 1867, a son of A. M. and Etta (Wilbur) Long. The father is now deceased; he was an expert accountant and a man of superior qualifications. Myron C. attended the public schools of his native city, where he received a good education. His first contact with the business world in a practical way was as an employee of Chandler & Price, with whom he remained five years; during this time he had charge of a number of men in the milling and tool department of their establishment, where he gave excellent satisfaction as superintendent. Severing his connection with this firm he accepted a position with the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company, assuming the management of this corporation's business in Indiana, Illinois and Michigan. At the end of twelve months he became associated with the United States Mutual Accident Association, which he now ably represents. He is a young man of much more than ordinary qualifications and his services have met with due appreciation.

He was united in marriage, April 18, 1888, to Miss Lillie Broadbent. Two children have been born to them, Herbert J. and Helen. Mr. Long is a member of Plymouth Congregational Church, and takes a deep interest in the work of the society. He assisted in the organization of the Society of Christian Endeavor in this city, and has acted as both secretary and treasurer of that body.

In private business enterprises Mr. Long has been very successful; he holds stock in some of the manufacturing corporations of this city, and also owns some valuable mining stock. Through perseverance and an energy that knew no fatigue he has arisen to a position of financial independence.

WILLIAM CUBBON, one of the leading and early pioneers of Cleveland, was born in the Isle of Man, in 1816, a son Henry and Ann (Quirk) Cubbon, who spent their entire lives on that island. They were the parents of nine children, of whom our subject is the seventh in order of birth, and the only one now living. Margaret, who was the wife of John Corlett, of Prospect street, Cleveland, was nine years younger than William. She died April 7, 1894.

After completing a common-school education William Cubbon learned the carpenter's trade in England, where he had moved in 1834. In 1840 he came to Cleveland, Ohio, where he worked for several noted parties in the carpentering and contracting business, notably for Daniel Sanford, in the Cleveland boat yard.

Afterward for a number of years he was a member of the well known firm of Corlett (William) & Cubbon, contractors and builders.

Mr. Cubbon made his own start in life, has succeeded in securing a competence for his declining years, and carries the confidence and respect of a large circle of acquaintances. He retired from business a number of years ago. He is a man of broad and progressive views, and well posted on current events. His political views are in harmony with Republican principles, and, although not a politician, has held office. He served as a director of the Home for the Poor two terms.

In 1860 Mr. Cubbon was united in marriage with Miss Isabella Quirk, a daughter of Phillip and Elizabeth (Gill) Quirk, natives of the Isle of Man. To this union has been born one daughter, Anna Elizabeth, a graduate of the Cleveland Academy. Mrs. Cubbon is a member of the First Baptist Church, and her daughter is a member of the Woodland Avenue Presbyterian Church. In his social relations, our subject was a charter member of the Cuyahoga Lodge, I. O. O. F., in which he has filled all the chairs but one. He has contributed in many ways toward making Cleveland a beautiful city, having been a skilled workman in his line. He occupies a pleasant home on Case avenue, which is one of the most beautiful thoroughfares of the city.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON SCOTT, M. D., LL. D., who has been a resident of Cleveland for the past three decades, and who occupies a position of unusual prominence by reason of his intellectual attainments and his discriminating ability as a physician and surgeon, stands as one of the representative and most honored professional men of the Forest City,—facts that lend particular congruity to the consideration of his life history in this connection.

A native of the Old Dominion, that cradle of our national history, he was born in Culpeper county, Virginia, January 25, 1822, the son of John and Mary (McKinney) Scott, who were of Scottish lineage and both of whom were natives of Virginia. The father was a farmer by occupation, though in his earlier life he had followed the cooper's trade. He was a participant in the war of 1812, having been stationed at Craney Island, below Richmond. He died in 1836, his widow surviving until 1879, when she passed away at the age of sixty-three years. Both were devoted members of the Baptist Church. They were the parents of five children, of whom the subject of this sketch was the oldest. Of these five children our subject and Thomas Edward Scott, of Knox county, Ohio, are the only survivors.

William J. assisted his father in conducting the work of the farm until he had attained his majority, his educational advantages up to this time having been confined to attending the district schools. Determined to secure a liberal education, he went to Gambier, Ohio, entering the preparatory department of the Kenyon College. He remained at this institution for five years, graduating in 1848, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Immediately thereafter he was appointed a tutor in the college and filled that position most ably and acceptably for a period of two years. During this time he gave especial attention to the study of chemistry, and he passed the winter of 1849–'50 in Cleveland, where he took a course of lectures at the Cleveland Medical College, subsequently returning to Gambier, where for a time he was engaged in the practice of medicine. He was then appointed a professor of chemistry at Jefferson College, near Washington, Mississippi, where he remained about two years. In 1853 Dr. Scott returned to Ohio and entered the Starling Medical College, at Columbus, and graduated at that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, having previously received the degree of Master of Arts from Kenyon College.

Locating in Franklin county, Ohio, he entered upon the active practice of his profession, and in 1861, upon the precipitation of the late Civil war, he became recruiting officer and medical examiner. He also lent effective assistance in recruiting the Third Battalion of the Eighteenth regular Infantry. Within the winter of 1863–'64 the Doctor returned to Cleveland, having been appointed professor of materia medica and therapeutics at the Charity Hospital College, which subsequently became the medical department of Wooster University. This professorship he retained until the winter of 1865–'66, when, upon the reorganization of the medical department of the Western Reserve University, he took the chair of principles and practice of medicine. From that date until the present time he has been continuously connected in some important capacity with this well-known medical institution.

In the summer of 1864 Dr. Scott was appointed by the Governor of Ohio a visitor to the military hospitals at Louisville and Nashville. In the spring of 1865 he removed his family to Cleveland, where he has since resided, being engaged in the practice of his profession and standing forth as one of the most able and popular practitioners in the city. His patronage is one of distinctly representative order and he has ever kept pace with the magnificent development and scientific advances made in the line of his profession, being a close student and a discriminating judge in regard to the value of theories presented and methods advocated.

He retains a membership in the American Medical Association (of which he has been president), the American Pharmaceutical Association, the Northwestern Ohio Medical Association, and the Cuyahoga County Medical Association.

October 25, 1885, Dr. Scott was united in marriage to Miss Mary Stone, a daughter of the late Nathan Stone, of St. Johnsville, Vermont, and of their four children only one survives, namely, Dr. Nathan Stone Scott, of whom personal mention is made in the paragraphs immediately following.

In his profession Dr. Scott has attained a high reputation, the direct result of his unmistakable ability and rare discernment, and eminently befitting a man of his known erudition. The respect in which he is held by the citizens of Cleveland stands in lasting honor of his professional precedence and his honest worth of character.

NATHAN STONE SCOTT, M. D., son of Dr. William J. Scott, concerning whom individual mention has been made in the paragraphs immediately preceding this, has followed in the footsteps of his distinguished father in adopting medicine and surgery as his life profession; and it is but natural that with the careful and painstaking direction under which his studies and researches have been pursued, and the unexcelled advantages which have been offered him, he should have risen as he has to a position of prominence in his profession, and to a point of recognition as one of the most capable and thoroughly informed physicians in the Forest City,—a young man of pronounced and admirably applied ability.

He was born in Shadesville, Franklin county, Ohio, June 16, 1863, and received his literary education at Oberlin College, and then commenced the study of medicine under the direction of his father. He afterward completed the course of study in the Medical Department of the Western Reserve University, and after his graduation spent one year as house physician of the Cleveland Maternity Hospital. He then passed one year abroad, for the purpose of perfecting himself in surgery. During this year he spent much time in Paris, Berlin, Vienna and London, gaining most valuable knowledge and practice in the hospitals of these cities.

Returning to Cleveland in the spring of 1891, he entered upon the active practice of his profession in partnership with his father, and in the following fall was appointed lecturer on osteology in the Medical Department of the

Wooster University. In the spring of 1893 a flattering recognition of his ability was accorded by the same institution, which advanced him to the professorship of genito-urinary diseases, a preferment which he has since retained. He is also consulting surgeon for the city hospital, and is visiting physician for the charity hospital. He is identified with the Ohio State Medical Society, the Cleveland Medical Society, the Cuyahoga County Medical Society, the Northern Ohio District Medical Society, and the Northeastern Ohio Medical Society. He holds the position also as medical examiner for the New England Life Insurance Company.

In 1887 was consummated the marriage of Dr. Scott to Miss L. Bena Brown, daughter of Rev. H. E. Brown, of Oberlin, Ohio, who held the position as Secretary of the International Y. M. C. A. until the year 1893, when he tendered his resignation. Dr. and Mrs. Scott have one child, a winsome daughter, Flora Lucee. They are devoted members and communicants of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, the Doctor being Assistant Superintendent of the Sunday-school of the parish.

G. L. SAUNDERS, civil and mining engineer, was born in Logansport, Indiana, in 1865. Mr. Saunders received his education principally in Cleveland. He gradnated at the Case School of Applied Science in 1887, graduating as a civil engineer after taking the course of Electrical Engineering. He spent some time in the West after his gradnation, then accepted a position as contracting engineer for the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad Company, in whose employ he remained about one and a half years. Thereafter he was for a time in the employ of the Erie Railroad, and later spent some time in the Michigan mines. Afterward he taught the science of his profession for two years in the Case School of Applied Science. In 1891 he became interested in electrical construction, being one of the organizers of the Cleveland Engineering Company. He and his associates constructed for the Williams Publishing Company a 500-horse-power electric light and power plant. Mr. Saunders is also consulting engineer for the National Carbon Company, and in many ways has he been connected with the industrial enterprises of Cleveland. As a civil engineer, having a practical knowledge of electricity, his skill and ability have been employed in the planning and construction of many industrial plants of Cleveland. He has drafted the plans and specifications for various buildings, steam and electric power plants for furnaces, mills, etc., and is regarded as one of the ablest mechanical engineers of Cleveland.

In politics Mr. Saunders is a firm Republican; is a prominent Freemason, and a member of several of the athletic and scientific clubs of the city.

DANIEL EWALD, proof-reader for the publishing house of the Evangelical Association, No. 265 Woodland avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Prussia, Germany, August 15, 1838.

His parents, Daniel E. and Dorathy (Kroll) Ewald, both natives of Germany, emigrated with their family to Canada in 1852, and settled on a farm. There the mother resided until quite recently, when she died, having attained her eighty-fourth year. The father preceded her some years ago, at the age of sixty-eight. He was a prominent member of the Evangelical Church, as also was Mrs. Ewald, whose beautiful Christian character has been an inspiration to her family.

The subject of this sketch was the second born in a family of nine children, all of whom are in Canada except him. He received a good German education in his native land and completed his schooling after coming to America. For ten years he taught in the public schools of Canada, but, on account of throat trouble, he

Vincent A. Taylor.

was compelled to discontinue that occupation. About 1878 he was licensed to preach. This same throat affliction, however, would not permit of his entering the regular work of the ministry. In April, 1869, he came to Cleveland, Ohio, and since then proof-reading and literary work have occupied his attention, he having filled his present position for twenty-five years. He was for some time a member of the Board of Education in this city.

Mr. Ewald was married in 1859, to Miss Catherine Schell, daughter of Joseph and Sarah (Lamont) Schell. Her father was a descendant of Christian Schell, of Herkimer county, New York. The former died at the age of seventy-four years. His widow, still a resident of Canada, is now eighty-four years of age. Mr. and Mrs. Ewald have five children, viz.: Daniel Ephraim, a graduate of Michigan University at Ann Arbor, is teaching in a boys' school in New York city; Jennie, wife of John R. Edwards, Jr.; Milton, attending Case School; Addison, an apprentice to the trade of machinist; and Arthur Judson, attending the public schools. The family are all members of the Evangelical Association.

Personally, Mr. Ewald is a man of fine physique, broad intellect and general information, and withal his genial disposition makes him a general favorite.

HON. VINCENT A. TAYLOR, of Cuyahoga county, descended from a long line of ancestors, the history of whose brilliant careers is but a prophecy of his own.

He was born at Bedford, Ohio, December 6, 1845, the son of William O. and Harriet M. (Fitch) Taylor. William O. Taylor was born at Buckland, Franklin county, Massachusetts, in 1814, and was a lineal descendant of the Taylor family well known in the history of the New England States in Colonial days. Harriet M. Fitch was born at Bedford, Ohio, the daughter of Benjamin Fitch, a native of Connecticut. The Rev. James Fitch, one of the maternal ancestors, was prominently identified with the founding and early history of Norwich, Connecticut, and was the first minister of the gospel in that town. Thomas Fitch, one of the descendants of the Rev. James Fitch, was Governor of Connecticut from 1754 to 1766; and Major James Fitch, son of the Rev. James Fitch, was one of the founders of Yale College; he made liberal contributions of money and building material to that institution, and finally endowed the college with 637 acres of land. A great granddaughter of the Rev. James Fitch married President Styles of Yale College. Benjamin Fitch emigrated to Ohio in 1801, and in 1813 came to Bedford, where he followed the trade of chair-making. William O. Taylor removed to the West in 1831, and two years later began to learn the trade of chair-making from Mr. Fitch. When he had mastered the business he began working on his own account, and met with much more than ordinary success. This was the foundation of the trade which called for the larger works and increased facilities which were provided in 1863, by the erection of a large plant at Bedford. In 1873 the firm of William O. Taylor & Sons was established, and this in time was organized as the Taylor Chair Company, which is the present style of the concern.

Vincent A. Taylor, like many another lad, was foiled in his youthful ambitions for want of means to complete his education. In 1864, when eighteen years of age, he enlisted in the One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and later joined the One Hundred and Seventy-Seventh Regiment, of which he was a member when he was mustered out of the service. He was in the Twenty-third Army Corps during the Hood-Thomas campaign in Tennessee, when the bloody battles of Nashville, Franklin, Spring Hill and Stone River were fought; he was also in the attack upon Fort Fisher, and participated in the campaign in North Carolina. He was honorably discharged in June, 1865, one of the youngest soldiers of

the Union army. After returning from the war he abandoned his long-cherished hope of entering the legal profession. He embarked in the lumber trade, which he conducted with very satisfactory results, until he decided to connect himself with his father and brothers in the manufacturing business.

He has always taken an active interest in the affairs of his town, county, State and nation, and has served the public in various capacities, discharging his duties with a fidelity and zeal which commanded the respect and inspired the confidence of his constituents and opponents alike. In 1878–'79 he filled the office of Mayor of Bedford, and in October, 1888, he was elected State Senator from Cuyahoga county on the Republican ticket. From the first he took a prominent position in the Senate, and was an active participant in the deliberations of that body. Among the most important measures introduced by him was the bill known as the "Depository Law," which, in brief, required city treasurers and boards of education to deposit the funds received by them in the bank which offered the highest rate of interest for the money, the rate being determined by proposals or bids from the banks. This bill became a law, and, besides securing large additional revenues to cities, effectually places the public funds beyond the reach of embezzlement or defalcation. In 1890 Mr. Taylor was nominated by the Republican party for Congress to represent the Twentieth Congressional District of Ohio, and was elected at the following election. The nominating convention convened in Cleveland August 7th of that year, and five candidates were brought forward: V. A. Taylor, of Cuyahoga county; C. P. Wickham, of Huron county; J. B. Burrows, of Lake county; N. D. Tibbals, of Summit county, and E. G. Johnson and G. W. Shurtleff, of Lorain. All were men of prominence and influence, and were supported by intelligent and devoted friends. The balloting continued until the 16th of August without intermission excepting Sunday, and 281 ballots were taken before a choice was made. On the 281st ballot Mr. Taylor received 141 votes, or twenty-two more than were required for a decision.

Mr. Taylor was united in marriage on the 30th of November, 1867, to Miss Clara R. Flick of Bedford, a daughter of Jacob Flick, whose history is given in this volume. Four children have been born of this union: Albert V., who is a student in the Columbian Law School, Washington, District of Columbia; Hattie M., Joseph and Bruce. Mr. Taylor is an honored member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Summit Chapter, R. A. M., and to Holyrood Commandry, K. T., of Cleveland; he is a member of Memorial Post, G. A. R., and belongs to the Church of Christ at Bedford.

LEOPOLD EDELMAN, engaged in the cigar and hat business in Cleveland, was born in Hungary, Austria, in 1856, a son of Marcus and Pauline Edelman, natives also of that country. Although seventy-one years of age, the father is still engaged in merchandising in Hungary. He is a member of the Jewish Congregation. Mrs. Edelman died of cholera in 1871. They had four sons and three daughters,—Leopold, our subject; Abram; and B., engaged in the cigar and hat business in Chicago: William, also in that city; Lena, wife of Samuel Goldstein, engaged in the cigar business in Chicago; Rosena, wife of William Schriber, and Estie, both of Chicago.

Leopold Edelman received his education in his native country. In 1872 he came to America, locating in Cleveland, and for the following two years traveled with cigars. He then engaged in business for himself on a small scale, which has gradually increased until he now carries a stock of goods amounting to $7,000. His store is located on the Public Square, and his residence at 176 and 178 Central avenue. His property is worth $12,000. He has four houses on one lot. Socially, Mr. Edelman is a charter member of Deak Lodge, No. 334, K.

of P., and now carries an insurance of $3,000 in Endowment Bank. He is also a member and has served as Treasurer three years of the Sons of Benjamin, is a member of the Young Men's Hungarian Benevolent Society, of the Hebrew Relief Society of the Old Age Home, the Jewish Orphan Asylum, and is one of the burying ground trustees.

Mr. Edelman was married July 20, 1881, to Miss Minnie Berkowiz, native of the same locality in Austria as her husband. They have five children,—Morris, Paulina, Selma, Phillip and Lillie. Mr. Edelman purchased the Eagle Street Synagogue for the Jewish Congregation, the remodelling of which cost $3,500. He was Chairman of the Building Committee, afterward served as President and Secretary of the society, and is now Treasurer. Mr. Edelman is well known in business and social circles, as well as in political organizations. He is identified with the leading business men of the city.

DR. E. P. BANNING, physician and surgeon, Clarence building, Cleveland, was born in Titusville, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1835.

His father, Dr. Edwin P. Banning, was a native of Canfield, Trumbull county, Ohio, and, being very young when his parents died, was brought up and educated by his mother's brother, Archibald Tanner, the father-in-law of Gleni W. Scofield, late Judge of the Court of Claims and Register of the United States Treasury, and Congressman from 1856 till he accepted the position in the Treasury Department. Dr. Banning (father of our subject) graduated at the medical college at Fairfield, New York, and entered upon the practice of his profession in the oil town, Titusville, Pennsylvania, then a hamlet of only five houses, with no roads excepting trails and bridle paths. He was accordingly a pioneer in his profession there, and the oldest physician in the vicinity.

In 1827 he became impressed with the fact that there was a class of chronic diseases that invariably resisted the action of medicine for their relief; and by special investigation he discovered that the reason for the failure of medicine in such cases was the fact that they were displacements of internal organs, and needed only mechanical treatment. He worked his way to Pittsburg, on a lumber raft, and presented to the Allegheny Medical Society his views, together with some rude appliances that a horseshoer had made under his direction for the correction of the displacements. He thus became the discoverer of mechanical pathology, the founder of mechanical therapeutics. His inventions constitute to the present day the foundation of all appliances for the support of the spine. He is known and quoted as the father of mechanical therapeutics throughout the civilized world. It has been estimated that no discoverer in the series of inventions has so benefited humanity. To him is due the discontinuance of the burning and blistering for spinal diseases, formerly so greatly in vogue in this country. And so firmly did he construct and conscientiously perfect his mechanical devices, that two years after his death they were exhibited at the great World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, and secured the only award among 134 competing exhibitors! and this was the only instance in the whole exposition where a sole award was given.

Dr. Banning died in January, 1891, full of years (he was born in 1800) and full of honors, esteemed as one of earth's greatest benefactors.

After leaving Pittsburg in 1827 he moved to New York, in 1854 to Cleveland, Ohio, and in 1859 returned to New York city, where he resided until his death. Four of his seven children are living, namely: Emily, wife of Tompkins Neams, a celebrated composer and musician of New York city; Dr. E. P., our subject; Dr. A. T. Banning, the Health Officer of Westchester county, New York, and a very prominent operating surgeon; and Carrie, the wife of Dr. C. G. Clark of Centerville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

Dr. E. P. Banning, whose name introduces this memoir, received his professional training at the Evansville (Indiana) Medical College. On the commencement of the war he enlisted in the United States Navy and served until 1871, at which time he was promoted as Lieutenant in the regular service. He resigned his commission and entered upon the practice of his profession in New York city, soon becoming interested in his father's special views, improvements and inventions.

He was first married at Pensacola, Florida, to Miss Florida Morrill, in 1866; she died in New Orleans, in June, 1869, and the Doctor was again married, this time to Miss Carina Carpenter, a daughter of Dr. Calvin Carpenter, of Geneva, New York, and niece of Stephen H. Carpenter, professor of rhetoric and literature in the Wisconsin State University. Of the Doctor's four children three are living, viz.: Corena Carpenter, aged twelve years; Florida Gennette, ten; and Dahlgren, five. Mrs. Banning is a graduate of the scientific department of the Wisconsin State University, also of the Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery, formerly the Homeopathic Hospital Medical College, at which her husband is special lecturer on the diseases of the spine. She is a member and zealous worker in the Cedar Avenue Baptist Church, and Dr. Banning ia a member of the Episcopalian Church.

ALBERT S. ELLIOTT, M. D., of East Cleveland, was born in Olmsted, Cuyahoga county, September 8, 1870, a son of Reuben T. and Anna M. (Spence) Elliott. His father is a teacher by profession, and is now one of the county examiners, and is Superintendent of the Butternut Ridge schools. His children are: Archie, who resides in South Dakota; Will N., American express agent at Ashtabula, Ohio; and Albert S., whose name heads this sketch.

Dr. Elliott was educated at the Butternut Ridge high school, graduated in medicine at the Western Reserve University in 1892, and appointed house physician at St. Vincent's Hospital, remaining there until 1893, when he opened practice at the corner of Euclid and East End avenues. Since April, 1893, he has been district physician, and is now consulting physician for the National Union Life Insurance Company, the State Mutual Insurance Company of Worcester, Massachusetts, and the Home and Benefit Companies of Cleveland.

JACOB D. SELZER, proprietor of one of the finest greenhouses in Cuyahoga county, and who has held several important public positions, was born May 4, 1836, in Bavaria, Germany. He crossed the ocean in 1850 with a cousin, and came to Cleveland. A brother of his, Daniel Selzer, had preceded him, and probably he was thus induced to come to Cleveland. Mr. Selzer's early education was obtained in Germany, his fatherland, and was thorough. His parents were Jacob and Mary (Damien) Selzer. They have long since passed away in death. While the name Selzer is wholly German, the name Damien is of French origin. Mr. Selzer was born as the second of six children, of whom only three now survive. The eldest of these children, Anna, married Dr. Hartman, formerly a physician of Cleveland; he was killed during the Civil war, at the battle of Chancellorsville. Louise, the second child, married August Schermer, and is now a resident of Parma, Ohio. The third child, Daniel, was for years a well-known merchant of Cleveland, where he died a few years since. Mary S. was wedded by Christopher Wetzel, a cooper of Chicago. Elizabeth Selzer died early in life, as the wife of William Schermer.

The subject of this sketch began life in America as a clerk in a store. Subsequently he was engaged for a considerable time for various Cleveland firms as a traveling salesman, where he remained for as many as twenty years. In January, 1859, he wedded Elizabeth Wirth, of Brooklyn. She died in 1865, leaving one child,

Hon. Charles L. Selzer, Mayor of Brooklyn, a prominent attorney. For a second wife Mr. Selzer married Louise Wirth, by whom he has one son, George H., born June 27, 1867, who was educated at Brooklyn and is now a traveling salesman for a firm in Cleveland. In 1867 Mr. Selzer bought the piece of property which he has beautified and developed into his present excellent home, and has long resided at Brooklyn. In 1886 he embarked in the greenhouse business, in which he has been very successful.

Politically he has always been a stanch Democrat. He has always been active and progressive as a worker in the ranks of his party, and has filled several very important political positions. He was appointed Deputy Treasurer of the State in 1878, a position which he held two years, and a very responsible position, which he filled with credit to himself and those whom he served. His next position of honor was that of bookkeeper of the House of Representatives, which position he held during the forty-eighth, forty-ninth, fiftieth and fifty-first Congresses. In personal bearing Mr. Selzer is a very pleasant, genial spirit. He is a gentleman of liberal and broad views, charitable in his nature, and is esteemed and respected by all who know him.

ROBERT FOSTER, manufacturer of ladders and woodenware, Glenville, Ohio, is one of the most public-spirited and enterprising of men, and is well worthy of representation among the leading citizens of Cuyahoga county. He was born on the farm which is still his home, October 3, 1850, the son of William and Mary (Whigham) Foster, natives of county Meath and county Down respectively. The parents emigrated from Ireland to America, and passed the remainder of their lives in this country. The father settled on his farm in 1830, and to-day the entire tract is laid out in lots within the corporation of Glenville. Mr. Foster was a conspicuous figure in the village, taking a deep interest in religious and political matters; his home was the headquarters for the Methodist ministers, and he was largely instrumental in the building of the first Methodist Episcopal church in the place. He cast his suffrage with the old Jackson Democrats. He died in 1877, on the 24th day of April, aged seventy-four years; his wife died in 1853, at the age of thirty years. There were six children in the family, three of whom died in early life: Robert, Thomas, and Nancy, wife of Attorney Barrett, of Cleveland, are the three surviving.

Robert Foster received his education in the common schools, his training there being supplemented by a course in the Spencerian Business College in 1870. He was reared to the occupation of a farmer, and followed agricultural pursuits in connection with bridge-building until 1888. He then started the only manufactory that has found support in Glenville, his annual output of ladders aggregating 20,000; he also manufactures a large line of woodenware, and draws his patronage from Florida, Texas, Maine, California, and intermediate States. In October, 1893, the plant was totally destroyed by fire, but with characteristic energy Mr. Foster went to work rebuilding, and within sixty days had his factory in operation.

He has held every office in the village excepting that of Mayor: he was the first Marshal, resigning this position to become a member of the Council; at the end of three years he resigned to accept the office of Clerk, which he held two years. He was then elected a member of the School Board, and after one year he resigned to take a place on the Board of Water-works, which he still holds. He is the choice of both Democrats and Republicans for the same office, so that his election in April, 1894, is almost an assured thing. In 1883 he was the choice of the Greenback party for County Clerk, and received a very large vote.

Mr. Foster was married in 1877, on Christmas eve, to Miss Lillian E. Draper, daughter of

C. R. Draper, and a native of the State of Ohio. Mr. Draper was a minister in the Universalist Church, and during the late war was in the service four years. Mr. and Mrs. Foster are the parents of five children: William Robert, Frank Carlisle, Thomas Earl, Lillian Ethel and Dorris. Mrs. Foster and the two elder children are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Politically, financially and socially Mr. Foster is regarded as one of the leading men of the township, and few persons can number a stronger host of friends than he.

DAVID S. PERKINS, M. D., 711 Genesee avenue, Cleveland, was born in Randolph, Portage county, Ohio, Jan. 8, 1856, a son of Captain Simeon and Mary Ann (Rogers) Perkins, who were also born within the borders of the Buckeye State. Captain Perkins was reared to the occupation of a farmer, and followed this vocation until recently, when he turned his attention to the business of securing pensions. He was a soldier in the late war, and therefore has a keen appreciation of the hardships encountered and the dangers faced by the "boys in blue." He enlisted in 1863 in the One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and was assigned to the Army of the Cumberland, after which he was chiefly on guard duty. He and his wife are consistent members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which he is an officer. They have had a family of three children: Dr. David S. is the eldest; Electa is the wife of Clarence Ladd, of Randolph, Ohio; Maud, a talented musician, died at the age of twenty-two years; she was a young woman of unusual gifts, and her death was deeply lamented by all who knew her.

Dr. Perkins pursued the literary course of the University of Michigan and then entered the Cleveland Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of M. D. in 1880. In 1883 he took the same degree at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. He is a thorough student, and keeps fully abreast of the times in all matters pertaining to his profession. He began his practice in Randolph, Ohio, in 1880, and three years later came to Cleveland, where he has met with most gratifying success. His scholarly attainments, his devotion to his profession, and his genial disposition, have won him a host of admiring friends. He is surgeon to the University School, Cleveland; is medical examiner for the Hartford Life and Annuity Insurance Company, the Royal Arcanum, and the Knights of Maccabees.

The Doctor was united in marriage in 1878 to Miss Carrie Mendenhall, daughter of William T. Mendenhall, of Randolph, Ohio. They have one child a daughter named Nina. They are both members of the Presbyterian Church. Although he takes no active interest in politics, Dr. Perkins does not neglect his duty as a citizen of the Republic: he casts his suffrage with the Republican party.

LEWIS J. DUNN, veterinary surgeon, occupies a conspicuous and desirable rank in his profession, and was born at Erie, Pennsylvania, December 10, 1867, and was there a resident many years. In the schools of Cleveland he gained a liberal education. His father being a liveryman, his surroundings in youth were such as invited him into the practice of veterinary surgery, and for two years he was a student under Dr. John R. Anderson and Hardhull Bros., of Louisville, Kentucky, in which latter city he spent two years, as a practitioner gaining a thorough and practical knowledge of his profession. He then returned to Erie, and after remaining there about eight months, and graduating from the Toronto School of Veterinary Surgery, he also became an honorary member of the Ontario Veterinary School. Upon coming to Cleveland he located at Brooklyn, where he has a very large stable, exceedingly well equipped and arranged for his busi-

ness, which has steadily increased in importance. Dr. Dunn's practice has been very successful and has placed him among the most able of his profession. He has many boarders in his infirmary, which requires the attention of a number of skillful attendants. His institution is one of the best and most successfully conducted institutions of its kind, and is kept in line with all the modern improvements, and he himself, being of a progressive spirit, keeps full pace with the advancement of his profession. He graduated with honors at Toronto, has practiced with success, has accumulated wealth and achieved honor and respect. He enjoys the blessings of a happy marriage relation. He was married in September, 1892, to Miss L. Hoeh, and his present home is located at 43 Seymour avenue, Brooklyn.

F. M. McCARTNEY, D. D. S., with his office at 1207 Pearl street, has been a practicing dentist at that place for the past three years. He is a native of Randolph, Pennsylvania. He removed to Titusville, Pennsylvania, in 1884. He graduated in dental surgery at Philadelphia, obtaining his degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1890. He immediately came to this city and has since built up a very excellent practice in his profession, in which he ranks as a man of ability and learning. As a citizen Dr. McCartney is also highly esteemed. He is a member of the order of Knights of Pythias, and in politics is a Republican.

AMOS DENISON, a representative attorney at law in Cleveland, Ohio, a man of conspicuous professional ability and marked intellectual acumen, is a native of the Buckeye State, having been born at Parma, Cuyahoga county, October 11, 1849, the son of Amos E. W. and Mary M., (Dexter) Denison. The father was a native of Stonington, Connecticut, and the mother was a direct descendant of Samuel Dexter, who once held conspicuous preferment as Secretary of the United States Treasury.

Mr. Denison's boyhood days were passed on the parental farmstead, that most effective cradle of industry, of impregnable integrity and well-directed ambition. Under such invigorating and potent environment and rugged discipline our subject developed those sterling characteristics which were to fortify him for the battles of life and to render possible the advancement to a position of prominence and honor as a man and a lawyer. At an early age he manifested a marked predilection for consecutive study and an ability to make a practical application of the knowledge gained through varied channels. Being gifted with keen perceptive powers and a mentality that placed true values upon all things, he was enabled to make his way through the advancing grades of the public schools with extraordinary rapidity, as may be deduced from the circumstance that at the age of fourteen years he became a student in the Cleveland Institute, where he devoted himself for several years to his studies, being unflagging in his application and holding no obstacle along the line of intellectual development as insuperable. He graduated at this institute in 1869, incidentally bearing off the highest honors of his class. His literary education thus advanced, the young man realized that in the wide world there was yet much to learn by mere contact with his fellow-men, and this broadening discipline he determined to secure, passing two years very profitably in study and travel. All this time he had retained in an inchoactive form an idea of the distinctive line along which his life work should be directed, and once determined as to the course to be pursued he buckled on the harness and again lent himself to close application, eagerly taking up the study of legal lore with the aim of preparing himself for practice at the bar, a profession for which he was admirably adapted by natural endowment and mental characteristics, as is sufficiently evinced by the marked success he has attained. He began the

reading of law in the office of Palmer & DeWolf, then prominent attorneys of the Forest City, and subsequently he took a full course of instruction in the law department of the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, graduating in 1872, in which year he secured admission to the bar.

Thus thoroughly equipped, he entered upon the active practice of his profession in Cleveland, as a member of the firm of Wyman, Hamilton & Denison. Four years later his association was dissolved by the retirement of Mr. Wyman and the election of Mr. Hamilton to the bench of Common Pleas. Mr. Denison then entered into a professional partnership with J. W. Tyler, the firm conducting a representative business for a number of years. In 1886 our subject formed a law partnership with W. E. Sherwood, which association continued until the latter was appointed Judge of the Court of Common Pleas.

Very early in his career Mr. Denison attained prominence in his profession and consequently high standing among the members of the legal fraternity, ever retaining his prestige at the bar and as a man among men. With much native talent, close habits of study and application, indefatigable industry and integrity, the advancement of the subject of this review to a distinguished professional position is but in normal sequence from cause to effect. His abilities, acquirements and success have, however, transcended the limitations of his profession; his thorough education, keen discrimination, innate refinement and strong convictions have drawn him to a considerable extent into the literary and journalistic field, where he has proved his talent as a vigorous and versatile writer. As a speaker he is persuasive, entertaining and eloquent, never resorting to specious methods, but ever giving a courteous dignity and directness to his utterances; he has gained no little prominence as a lecturer.

Genial in his bearing and of broad sympathies, he enjoys a marked personal popularity and has high standing in social circles. In his political proclivities Mr. Denison has always been actively arrayed in the support of the Republican party and its tenets. In 1892 he was a delegate to the National Republican Convention in Indianapolis, representing the Twenty-first Congressional District. He has ever maintained a lively interest in the cause of education and is one of the incorporators of that notable Cleveland institution, the Case School of Applied Science.

J. T. FLYNN, who holds the responsible position of steward for the Cleveland Infirmary and Hospital, was born in Paterson, New Jersey, September 13, 1861, a son of D. J. Flynn. The latter was born in Dublin, Ireland, and emigrated to America. He was married in Glasgow, Scotland, to Miss Mitchell, and they had only one child. After coming to this country Mr. Flynn enlisted in the Federal army in New Jersey, and during his services received a wound from which he suffered many years. By the advice of physicians he consented to an operation to prolong his life, but, not being physically able to undergo such surgical treatment, he died on the operating table, May 14, 1893!

J. T. Flynn, our subject, was brought by his father to this city when about seven years of age, where he received a good education in the public schools, and also completed a course in the Spencerian Business College. At the latter place he gave special attention to the study of stenography, becoming proficient. He served as stenographer for the general freight agent of the Big Four Railroad Company four years, for the following two years had charge of the freight office and yard of the Valley Railroad Company, was then appointed stenographer and Deputy Sheriff under Sheriff Ryan, and remained in that position until appointed steward of the Cleveland Infirmary and Hospital, May 1, 1893. Mr. Flynn has 700 inmates under his charge, fifty-six employes, and five divisions.

All matters pertaining to the government and control of the two institutions are submitted to him for execution. Mr. Flynn has always been an active worker in political campaigns. He was one of the Democratic members of the City Council in 1890–'91, having been elected from the second district, sixth ward; was chairman of the committee on public offices and officers, and also served on several special committees.

June 4, 1887, in this city, our subject was united in marriage with Rose E., a daughter of G. W. Swearinger, of German descent. He is now employed on the Valley Railroad.

REV. GEORGE BERSTECHER, assistant editor of the Christliche Botschafter, 265 Woodland avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Tuttlingen, Wuerttemburg, Germany, January 6, 1850. His parents, George and Lena (Huber) Berstecher, passed their lives and died in Germany.

The senior George Berstecher left Germany with his parents when he was sixteen years of age, expecting to come to America; but by the treachery of King Philip of France they were misled, and the whole company, instead of landing in America, landed in Africa, where they remained six months. On this voyage two of his brothers sickened and died and were buried at sea. They were returned to Germany at the expense of the French Government, and three days after they landed his father, the grandfather of our subject, died. The family was at one time wealthy, but on this voyage lost all their means. After his return to Germany, George Berstecher served his country eight years in the army. He died at the age of sixty-seven. Both he and his wife were members of the Evangelical Lutheran Church. They had a family of two daughters and five sons, George being the first born. He was the first of the family to come to America, the date of his arrival here being July 12, 1870, when he located in Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1883 he was joined by his brother John, who is now a resident of Pennsylvania.

The subject of our sketch had received a good education in his native land, and after he came to this country he was for two years employed at the publishing house of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Cincinnati. After that he became connected with the Evangelical Association publishing house. In the meantime he was preparing himself for the work of the ministry, and in 1873 he began his ministerial work as an itinerant in the Indiana Conference of the Evangelical Association. He served as a missionary in Ohio two years and for seven years was in the same kind of work in Illinois. After that he took work in the Erie Conference of the same denomination and returned east. He filled places in New York and Pennsylvania, and in the spring of 1891 was made pastor of the Herald Street Church of Cleveland, Ohio, where he served one year, at the end of which time he was appointed to his present position. He has been Conference Secretary most of the time since he has been in the ministry. In 1891 he was a delegate to the General Conference at Indianapolis, and was one of the secretaries of that body.

Mr. Berstecher was married in 1875 to Miss Rosa Wuest, a native of Baden, Germany, who has been a resident of the United States since 1872. They have three children: Rosa, Olga and Thekla. His family are all members of the Evangelical Association.

In his political views he is a Republican.

W. F. BECK, M. D., physician and surgeon of Brooklyn Village, was born November 6, 1856, at Erie, Pennsylvania. His parents were John and Eva Beck, both being natives of Germany. They came to this country a few years prior to 1856. Soon after coming to this country they located in Erie, in the public schools of which city Dr.

Beek reeeived a literary edneation. For a time he was engaged in the mercantile business and other pursuits. He then entered the University of Buffalo for the purpose of taking a medical course, and received a diploma in 1893. He has thoroughly well prepared himself for his profession. He graduated with honor, being regarded as strongest of the class in which he gradnated. Upon entering into the practice of his profession he located at Brooklyn and has already gained considerable repntation in the profession. Being naturally a man of strong character of mind and his tastes having led him to his profession, he is thoroughly devoted to the same, and is a constant and thorough reader and investigator, and has beeome thoronghly well equipped for his practice, having gained considerable hospital experience, as well as having traveled a very great deal, always looking with a view to benefiting himself in some way for the practice of his profession, in which he evidently will become snecessful.

GEORGE B. FARNSWORTH, M. D., the oldest practicing physician of Brooklyn, where he has practiced for many years, was born June 23, 1854, in New York State. His parents were Whiteomb and Harriet Farnsworth. When our subject was but two years old, his widowed mother removed to Painesville, Ohio. Here her son was educated. Early in life he took up the study of medicine, remaining for a time under the guidance of practicing physicians, then entering the medical department of the Wooster University, of Cleveland, Ohio. He graduated in medicine in the year 1879, and in the following spring he located in Brooklyn, where he has since continued in the practice of his profession. He is one of the oldest and best-known physicians of that place, and sustains a very appropriate rank in his profession, being a member of the Cleveland Medical Society and the Cuyahoga County Medical Association, and also sustaining other important relations in his profession.

Fraternally, he is a member of the Royal Arcanum. He is also a Christian gentleman, and is of a progressive spirit, taking considerable interest in public affairs. He has always been a warm friend of both church and education. He has served quite well as a member of the Board of Education and also on the Board of Public Health. He organized the Brooklyn Vocal Society, beginning with sixteen members, in connection with the Methodist Episcopal Church, and now the membership of this society is considerably larger, consisting of some of the most excellent talent in vocal music.

RALPH ARNOLD, farmer of Orange township, Cuyahoga county, was born on the place where he still lives, July 5, 1833, a son of Elestus Arnold, a native of Berkshire, Massachusetts, but one of the early pioneers of this county. His father, Elijah Arnold, was a Revolutionary soldier, and a member of a prominent family in Massachusetts. Elestus Arnold married Electa Fayworth, also a native of that State. In 1826 they came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and two years afterward located on the farm in Orange township where our subject now resides. The father died here at the age of seventy-nine years, and the mother survived until eighty-four years of age. They were the parents of six children, viz.: Collins (deceased in Warrensville, Ohio, in 1893), Douglas, Charles, Eliza, Ralph and George G. Mr. Arnold was an active worker in the Republican party, and for many years served as Justice of the Peace. He was a member of the Baptist Church.

Ralph Arnold was reared on the old homestead, and received his education in the public schools of this locality. During the late war he served two years as a member of Company C, Fifth Ohio Infantry. Mr. Arnold now owns 100 acres of well-improved land in Orange township, where he has all the necessary farm buildings and improvements, and for the past twenty

years has been largely engaged in stock raising. He was also successfully engaged as a traveling salesman for a number years. In political matters, Mr. Arnold has always been an active worker in the Republican party, and has served with credit as Assessor, Trustee and a member of the School Board.

In 1858 our subject was united in marriage with Jane N. Smith, a daughter of John and Nancy (Burnside) Smith. To that union was born one daughter, Lydia J., now the wife of Rev. F. N. Foster, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. The wife and mother died in 1859. October 13, 1868, Mr. Arnold married Nelly, a daughter of James and Jane (Reynolds) Brown. The father died in February, 1893, at the age of eighty years, and the mother now resides at Elyria, Ohio, aged seventy-five years. They had six children: Mary A., Nellie E., Clarence, Jennie, Eva and Wilfred.

Mrs. Arnold was a popular music teacher before her marriage. She is a member and zealous worker in the Free-will Baptist Church.

REV. JOHN MITCHELL, D. D., Presiding Elder of the Northern Ohio Conference, was born in Wakeman, Ohio, December 1, 1823. His parents were of English descent and came from England to America a few years prior to the birth of their son. Dr. Mitchell's early education was obtained in the common schools. He also attended Oberlin College, and at the age of eighteen years entered the Boston Theological School, where he graduated at the age of twenty-two years, receiving the degree of Doctor of Divinity. Upon his graduation he took up his ministerial work and from that date to this he has been one of the most active and zealous ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church, holding various and important charges in which his work has been effectual, rendering him conspicuous as one of the ablest, most eloquent and learned ministers of his church. In the year 1889 he was made Presiding Elder over his present charge, where he is not only highly esteemed as a pastor, but personally he is held in profound reverence, and to him is yielded most pleasing deference.

D. R. HANNA.—Elsewhere within these pages reference is made in detail to M. A. Hanna, who is at the head of the well-known and representative business firm of M. A. Hanna & Company, of Cleveland, and who is one of the prominent business men of the Forest City. A son of the gentleman noted, and also a member of the firm just mentioned, it is certainly consonant that there be incorporated in this connection a biography of him whose name initiates the paragraph at hand.

D. R. Hanna is a native of the city with whose business interests he is now identified, having been born in the year 1866. He was afforded the most excellent educational advantages, completing a college course in 1887. A young man of practical inclinations and a marked aptitude for business, he soon turned his attention actively to industrial pursuits, engaging in the coal and iron-ore business upon his own responsibility. Subsequently he found it expedient to identify himself and his efforts with the similar enterprise conducted by his father, the same being one of established prestige and wide scope of operations. Accordingly he became a member of the firm of M. A. Hanna & Company, who are extensive dealers in coal, iron ore and pig iron. To the furthering of the interests of this enterprise our subject has lent himself assiduously and effectively. He has proved himself a very capable young business man, employing much discrimination and utilizing most careful and effective methods—circumstances which insure his still greater precedence in the business and commercial activities of the State.

In 1887 Mr. Hanna was united in marriage to Miss Carrie M., the daughter of the late

C. H. Herrington, who was a prominent capitalist of the Forest City. His death occurred in 1893. He was a native of Vermont, in which State he passed the greater portion of his life, coming to Cleveland in 1883 and establishing his home in a fine residence on Prospect street. He and his wife were members and communicants of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, and were devoted to the furtherance of all Christian causes.

Mr. and Mrs. Hanna are the parents of two children, namely: M. A., who was born in 1888; and C. R., whose birth occurred in 1890. The family home is at Lakewood, a beautiful suburb of Cleveland, located five miles out, on the line of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, where our subject has a very attractive modern residence.

Mr. Hanna is a young man of pleasing address, genial and courteous in his bearing, and enjoying a marked popularity in both business and social circles. He is liberal in his support of all worthy causes in the way of charity or as conserving the public good. In his political proclivities he is a Republican, and maintains a consistent interest in national and local issues.

COLONEL JOHN F. HERRICK, one of Cleveland's able and prominent attorneys, is a native of Wellington, Lorain county, Ohio, where he was born February 23, 1836. His youth was spent at work upon the farm and in attending the district schools. In the Wellington Academy he was prepared for college. In 1856, he went to Oberlin College and there graduated in the spring of 1862.

Immediately upon leaving college, he raised a company for the Eighty-seventh Ohio Infantry, in Wellington and Oberlin. He was elected Captain and served until he, with his whole command, was captured by the rebels at Harper's Ferry. He was soon after paroled, came to Cleveland and read law in the office of his brother, G. E. Herrick, and also attended the Union and Ohio State Law College, and, having previously studied law to some extent, he was enabled to graduate as early as 1863. He was also graduated at Oberlin College, as has been observed, though by the faculty during his absence, and found his diploma awaiting him on his return to Cleveland while on parole. In 1863 he received a recruiting commission from Governor Tod, and he raised a company in Cleveland for the Twelfth Ohio Cavalry, and was made first Major of the regiment while in camp at Cleveland, having been in the meantime notified of an exchange of prisoners, which left him free again to take up arms. With the above regiment, as a part of the Sixth Division of the Twenty-third Army corps, Mr. Herrick served during the remainder of the war, and was discharged November 24, 1865, as a Lieutenant-Colonel. He was in all the battles and skirmishes in which his regiment took part for over two years, and received high commendation for his brilliant and gallant cavalry charge which he made as commander and leader of his regiment at Marion, Virginia, on the 17th of December, 1864.

Upon the close of the war Colonel Herrick returned to Cleveland and became a partner with his brother, G. E. Herrick, in law practice, and the two remained together in the practice of their profession until May, 1893. At that time Col. Herrick became senior member of the law firm of Herrick, Athey & Bliss. He was for a time one of the attorneys for the East Cleveland Street Railroad Company, and has been at times attorney for other important business firms. He has been a very successful lawyer, and has been retained in many important cases, involving not only important points in law, but also involving vital questions of rights and privileges as well as enormous sums of wealth. One of the most important cases brought by Colonel Herrick was that involving the question of the rights of property owners in the street. In bringing this before the court he did so against the judgment and opinion of nearly every member of the bar. No like case

had ever been before the Supreme Court, upon whose ruling the judgment of the lower courts might depend. Defeated in both of the lower courts, Mr. Herrick carried the case to the Supreme Court of the State, before which he rendered oral argument, and, after years of delay, he succeeded in winning his case before that tribunal, whose ruling in this case is looked upon as one of moment and importance.

Colonel Herrick is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and is also an active worker in the Loyal Legion.

He was married May 23, 1877, to Miss Flora E. Waring. The following are the names of Mr. and Mrs. Herrick's children: Clay and Howard (sons), Flora Scott, Pauline Waring, Marion Gertrude and Marguerite Gladdys (daughters).

JOSHUA THOMAS, a dealer in oil and a manufacturer of pump governors and reducing valves and automatic water-feed regulators, is located at No. 4 Lee Court, Cleveland, Ohio. A brief sketch of his life is herewith presented:

Joshua Thomas was born in Franklin county, New York, in October, 1829, son of Joshua and Sophia (Kingsburg) Thomas, the former a native of Vermont and the latter of Connecticut. Their marriage occurred in New York. The senior Joshua Thomas was engaged in farming in New York previous to 1849, when he came to Cleveland, Ohio, and began working at the trade of mason. He followed that trade and was also engaged in contracting for many years. Many of the large buildings in this city were erected by him. In religious belief, he and his wife were Universalists. He died in 1884, aged eighty-one years, and his wife passed away at the age of sixty-six. Both were most estimable people and were held in high esteem by a large circle of friends. They had a family of ten children, brief mention of whom is as follows: Sophia, widow of J. S. Stuart, resides in Chicago; Alvira, who died at the age of fifty-seven years; Joshua, whose name heads this article; J. M., a resident of New York State; Emma, wife of Ervin Kennon, of Cleveland; Hiram, who died at the age of eleven years; William R., Dr. Willard B. and Cyrus C., all residents of Cleveland; and Edwin, who died in infancy.

The subject of our sketch received his early education in the public schools of New York, but the greater part of his education was gained by home study. After he reached his majority he felt the need of more advanced study, and for four years he spent nearly all his evenings at home with his books. Previous to this time he had helped his parents in the support of their large family, and thus he had been deprived of early educational advantages. He was for some time employed in work at the carpenter's trade and also at that time of stone cutter, and in 1861 turned his attention to the oil business in Pennsylvania, in which business he is still interested. He has made a number of inventions which have proved of great value to him and to others. His pump governor and reducing valve, which are used together, forms one of the finest reducing values ever invented. These patents he is now placing upon the market and is meeting with success in their sale.

Mr. Thomas has been twice married. In 1855 he wedded Miss Emily Cane, daughter of Sylvester and Mary Cane, and they became the parents of two children: John E., who married Mary Evans, is now with the Standard Oil Company; and Emily Mary, who died in childhood. The mother of these children died in 1858, aged twenty-six years. In 1873 Mr. Thomas married Miss Maggie Shields, who is of Scotch descent and whose parents died when she was an infant. They have had five children, viz.: Freddie, Bertine, Harry (deceased), Eddie (deceased) and Elmer.

Politically, Mr. Thomas is a Republican; fraternally, a Mason. He is a most worthy and respected citizen. A thorough American, he

believes in America for Americanized citizens without reference to the mother tongue. He has much inventive genius and his inventions are of a most valuable kind. He represents that class of inventors to whom the nation is indebted for that progress and unparalleled growth and enterprise which ranks her one of the foremost nations of the globe.

EDWIN DUTY, the veteran street railway man of Cleveland and ex-Superintendent of the East Cleveland Railway Company, has spent his entire business life in this city. His father, Andrew Duty, came to Cleveland in 1833, three years after Edwin's birth, and bought the old Streeter farm near this city, which he and his sons cultivated for many years, in addition to their manufacturing of brick, which they took up in this new country.

Andrew Duty was born in New Hampshire in 1804, and a few years later emigrated to New York and settled in Oneida county, where he married Elizabeth Haven, and was engaged for a time in distilling spirituous liquors. His children were: Edwin; Daniel, President of the Forest City Ice Company, and Andrew, a manufacturer of brick in this city. Mr. Duty died in April, 1884, and his wife one year later.

Edwin Duty secured a fair school training from the country school at Doan's Corners and from Shaw's Academy. At twenty-two he began business for himself, taking charge of the farm and operating it till 1857, when he bought out an omnibus line running from Doan's Corners—now Fairmount street—to the city, and conducted it until the opening of the East Cleveland Railway Company in 1860, when he sold out his business to them and became superintendent of the new line. From this date until April 1, 1893, Mr. Duty rendered most efficient service as Superintendent, being out of the company's employ only once from 1876 to 1881, when he was engaged in the ice business as part proprietor of the Cleveland Ice Company. Upon the consolidation of the East Cleveland lines in 1893, Mr. Duty was made superintendent of construction, where he still remains.

Mr. Duty was born in Oneida county, New York, November 8, 1830. He married first, in 1852,—a daughter of Stephen B. Mecker, a Cuyahoga county pioneer. Two children resulted from this union: Albert E., assistant superintendent of Cleveland City Railway Company, and Emma, wife of H. B. Ferris, of this city.

Mrs. Duty died in 1860, and the next year Mr. Duty married Elizabeth, a daughter of Richard Salter, a butcher of Cleveland. Their children are: William B., drowned in Geauga Lake at nine years of age, in 1880; Harriet, wife of F. W. Burwell; Elizabeth, married H. T. Fisk; Frank and Nellie, both single daughters; and Edwin, Jr.

EDWARD SIXT of Rockport Hamlet, Ohio, was born in Berea, Ohio, December 22, 1853, a son of William and Barbara (Noderer) Sixt. Personal mention of William Sixt is made elsewhere in this volume. Edward Sixt was quite young when his father removed to Cleveland, where he remained but a short time, from thence going to that part of Rockport township now known as Rockport Hamlet, where Edward grew to manhood. Here he has since resided. For ten years he has been engaged in the milk business in connection with farming.

Edward Sixt was married in Rockport township, December 14, 1875, to Miss Sarah Herbeson, daughter of the late Matthew Herbeson, of Rockport township. Mrs. Sixt was born in what is now Rockport Hamlet, March 9, 1855. Matthew Herbeson, her father, was born in the North of Ireland, and her mother, whose maiden name was Mary Dunn, was also a native of Ireland. He died January 15, 1889, and she in February, 1890.

Mr. and Mrs. Sixt are the parents of four living children, namely: Edward, William M., Eliza and Stewart H. They have buried two children: Lillie, who died in her twelfth year, and Laura, who died when eight years and six months old.

Mr. Sixt has served as School Director, and has taken a good degree of interest in local affairs. He owns 120 acres of improved land. Mrs. Sixt is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

CHARLES L. BROWN, the efficient young clerk of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company, was born in Wayne county, Ohio, September 12, 1870. He is a worthy representative of an old pioneer family led into Wayne county by his grandfather, a farmer, one of whose children, E. A. Brown, was the father of Charles L., who is the subject of this sketch. He was born in Apple Creek, and early in life became a public official as Bailiff, Deputy and ultimately Sheriff of the county, dying in office November 28, 1891, aged sixty-four years. He married Jane Hunter, and was the father of Esther A., wife of Mr. Wynn, of Cleveland; Mary J., who married Mr. Mackey, of Wayne county; Clarence; and Ella, who married a Mr. Baker, and is now deceased.

John H. Brown, born October 3, 1859, came to Cleveland in July, 1880, and entered the employ of the Big Four Railroad, remaining in the freight department till October 4, 1892, when he severed his connections, being then chief of the receiving department. He accepted the station agency of the C., C. & S. at Canton on leaving the Big Four, and remained until called to his present position as chief clerk and cashier of the Empire Fast Freight Line of Cleveland.

In April, 1879, he married Lillie, a daughter of Peter Reese, of German birth. Their children are: Clyde A., Grover C., Blanche J., David W., of Cleveland; Laura Belle, who married Mr. Peppard; Minnie May, who is married; and Charles L. The last named went to work at the age of fourteen in a planing-mill in Wooster. A few months later he came to Cleveland and secured employment at the Union freight depot, until he entered into the service of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company as office boy. He proved an apt and diligent pupil, and in two years was made bill clerk, and after a like service to the position of chief clerk in the spring of 1892.

It is the boy who possesses the energy and pluck that reaches the top round of the ladder, and since Mr. Brown reached the chief clerkship at the remarkable young age of twenty-one, it is only fair to predict a bright and prosperous future for him.

FRANK W. WARNER, an employee of the Valley Railroad, is a representative of an old and well-known family of Cleveland. His grandfather, W. J. Warner, was born in Massachusetts, in 1804. He came to Cleveland, locating in a log house on Prospect street. He was a prominent contractor and builder, and, among other buildings, erected the Forest City Hotel, the post-office building and the old stone church on the square. His labors yielded him a profit sufficient to retire from active work soon after the close of the war, and his death occurred at 83 Prospect street, in 1882. Mr. Warner married a Miss Morris, and they had five children: Elvira, widow of John Ruse; C. H., father of our subject; T. M., engaged with the Society for Savings; Fred, in the insurance business; and one whose name is unknown.

C. H. Warner was born in Cleveland, in 1839. He spent several years in Independence, Kansas, where he was first engaged in the boot and shoe business, next in the hardware trade, and lastly was proprietor of a hotel. He then returned to this city, and secured the position of Post-master. He was united in marriage with Catherine, a daughter of Captain Robert Moore,

a native of the Isle of Man; he came to Cleveland, where he was engaged in the lake trade many years. Mr. and Mrs. Warner had five children, four now living: Frank W., our subject; William, a traveling salesman; Albert, and Jennie. Mr. Warner is deceased.

Frank W. was born August 5, 1862, and attended the Cleveland public schools until fifteen years of age. He then began his railroad career as fireman, on the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad, under passenger conductor Thomas Carlisle. This crew brought the Garfield funeral train from Pittsburg to Cleveland, with engine No. 27. In 1884, Mr. Warner was promoted to the position of engineer, but soon afterward left that road, and has since remained with the Valley Railroad. In his social relations, he is a member of the B. of L. E., and for the past five years has been chairman of the adjustment committee of the order.

Mr. Warner was married in this city, February 21, 1888, to Carrie Caldwell. Her father, Charles S. Caldwell, was born in Trumbull county, Ohio, in 1844, was proprietor of a hotel at Mineral Point, this State, and his death occurred in 1883. He married Martha Sheldon, a native also of Trumbull county, who now resides in Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell had two children,—Bert, of Canton, Ohio, and Mrs. Warner. Our subject and wife have one son, Charles C., born January 19, 1889.

ANNA GAAB is the widow of Joseph Gaab, who was born in the Province of Berne, Switzerland. He was left an orphan at the age of two years. Upon coming to America, he first purchased five acres of land in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, to which he afterward added 250 acres more, and erected a good residence. His death occurred in 1869, of cholera; he retired at night in good health but died before morning.

Mr. Gaab was married in 1852 to the subject of this sketch, whose maiden name was Bockbower. She had four brothers and sisters, Frederick, Anna, Mary and Leonhart,—but is the only one of the family in this country. Mr. and Mrs. Gaab had five children, namely: Joseph, Mary, Lizzie, Anna and Catherine. The eldest son is engaged in making grindstones in the mill. Mr. Gaab was a hard-working and industrious man, and made what he owned by unrelenting toil. His only help was $275 received from his father-in-law.

GEORGE W. NORAGON, one of the most faithful and reliable engineers in the employ of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company, was born in Worcester, Pennsylvania, in 1853. When he was about three years of age his parents became citizens of Butler county, Pennsylvania, and there George was reared to the age of sixteen, and obtained a common-school education. The parents decided that another move westward would be beneficial and accordingly they sought Ohio and made Alliance their stopping place. A short sojourn there was followed by another move, this time to Michigan, where the father, D. Noragon, died, in 1886. While a resident of Pennsylvania, the senior Noragon was a farmer, but in Ohio and Michgan he was a hotel-keeper. He married Anna Stephens, born in Pennsylvania, and yet living. Three sons and three daughters were born to Mr. and Mrs. Noragon, viz.: George W.; Mary, who married and is a resident of Iowa; Samuel, road foreman of engineers of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Company, who married Mary Clingerman; Elizabeth; Thomas, engaged in merchandising in Michigan; and Ella. George W. Noragon was for a short period a teamster in Alliance, Ohio, giving it up and entering the employ of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Company, July 22, 1872, as freight brakeman, with conductor Lewis Myers. Two years' service in that capacity sufficed to make him fireman, where we find him seven years and a half. His next promotion was to the position of yard engineer,

awaiting a vacancy on the road. He ran through and local freight and passenger trains, and by preference he has, for three years past, been doing yard work solely. He is a careful and industrious man, treating the property of the company as if himself financially responsible, and possessing withal a creditable record as an engineer.

HON. ROBERT WALLACE.—To the heterogeneous and cosmopolitan elements which go to make up our composite national *personnel* there is perhaps no other foreign land that has made more valuable contributions than has the Emerald Isle, that cradle of legend and romance. The quick intellegence, the ready wit and extreme versatility of the Irish type prove attributes that assure the ready assimilation of the subject into bone and muscle of the national individuality, and to men of such lineage we owe much honor for loyalty, for the accomplishment of ambitions ends, and for intelligent and well directed industry. The subject of this memoir, who attained to a position as one of the representative and honored business men of Cuyahoga county, was a native of Ireland, where he was born March 18, 1828, his parents being people of intelligence and culture. When he was fourteen years of age the family left their native land, emigrated to America and finally located at Berea, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Here young Robert grew to manhood, became a capable business man and eventually one of much influence in the community, and here he continued to reside until he answered death's inexorable summons. He became prominently identified with the stone quarrying enterprises of Berea, and during the latter years of his life was connected with that well known and important corporation, the Berea Stone Company, whose business ramifies into the most diverse sections of the Union.

He was married in 1854, to Miss Maria Bryan, who was born in Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, the daughter of pioneer residents of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace became the parents of three children, Mary J., Robert H. and Edith M.

Mr. Wallace was one of the progressive and public-spirited citizens of Berea, maintained a lively interest in public affairs of a local order, and was ever on the alert to aid and foster such enterprises and undertakings as conserved the advancement and best interests of the community in which he lived. Stanch in his support of the principles and policies advocated by the Republican party, he naturally occupied a position of no little prominence in the local councils of that organization, and was honored with conspicious preferments in the gift of the people, who had perfect confidence in his executive ability, his integrity and fidelity to their interests. He served in the war of the late Rebellion, as captain of Company C, One-Hundred-and-twenty-fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, which company he organized. For several years he served as Justice of the Peace, and in 1880 he was the choice of the Republicans of his district as a candidate for the State Legislature, being elected to the office by a majority that gave unmistakable evidence of the popularity in which he was held. During the latter years of his life he was intimately identified with religious work, being a consistent and zealous member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of which his wife is also a member.

Mr. Wallace died September 10, 1883, and his demise was sincerely mourned in both the business and the social circles of the city to whose interests he had been devoted. Since the death of her husband, Mrs. Wallace has maintained her home with the family in Middleburg Township.

Honored in life and held in grateful memory after its close, the subject of this sketch has well merited the recognition that has been ours to accord him, while the task would be a pleasing one were we permitted to enter more fully into the details which go to make up his life history.

BENJAMIN ROUSE.—Without extended notice of the life and character of that pioneer philanthropist, the late Benjamin Rouse, a biographical record of the city of Cleveland, the county of Cuyahoga or the Western Reserve of Ohio would be incomplete.

The Rouse family traces its ancestry direct to Sir Robert Le Rous, Knight Baronet under Edward, the Black Prince. Sir Anthony Rouse, the seventh in descent from Sir Robert, was the father of Francis Rouse, the Speaker of the "Little Parliament" under Cromwell, in 1653. The subject of this notice was the son of Joseph Rouse, who was born June 22, 1773, the second son of Benjamin Rouse, Sr., who was born in England, June 25, 1736, and the second in descent from the Francis Rouse of Cromwell's day.

Benjamin Rouse, our subject, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, on the 23d day of March, 1795. His parents died when he was but six years of age, after which he found a home, first with an aunt and later with his maternal grandmother. His opportunities for gaining an early education were to a certain extent limited, but being possessed of great native ability he acquired rather an extensive knowledge of subjects of general interest. When but seventeen years of age he served in the war of 1812, and at its close he became a building contractor in association with Peter Osgood of Boston. He was married August 12, 1821, to Rebecca Elliott Cromwell, and in 1824 removed to New York city, where he successfully followed the occupation of contracting and building. During his business career in the city of New York certain circumstances brought about radical changes in his plans for the future. Possessed of all the elements of a good business man, he nevertheless was not disposed to devote the whole of his time and attention to the accumulation of wealth. Being liberal-minded and benevolent, and having a true spirit of Christianity, he became deeply interested in the cause of Sabbath-school work among a certain neglected class in the great city of New York, and to this work he devoted his time and energy with such success that to him was drawn the attention of the American Sunday-school Union. This organization urged him to become its agent for the Western Reserve in Ohio. Accepting this appointment, he came to Ohio with a commission to open a depository and organize Sunday-schools and missionary work there, although this change entailed many personal sacrifices. Mr. Rouse, while very practical, was full of sympathy, generosity and enthusiasm, and his young wife, although of a more quiet and less demonstrative temperament, was none the less earnest and devoted and ready to go wherever the cause of their Divine Saviour might require.

Accompanied by his family, Benjamin Rouse arrived in Cleveland on the 17th day of October, 1830, and found it a village of 1,075 people, with small promise of becoming the great manufacturing center of Ohio, now far exceeding in population the New York city of that day. He took up his residence on the northwest corner of Superior street and the Public Square, the location of the present Rouse Block, which he built in 1852 and which still remains in the possession of the family. Here he opened a Sunday-school book depository and for many years traveled through northern Ohio, holding religious meetings and accomplishing a great amount of good. From the very first he threw his whole soul into the work he had come to do, and among the results of his devoted labors were the organization of a tract society, a Seamen's Friend Society, and over 200 Sunday-schools. He was also one of the constituent members of the First Baptist Church in the city of Cleveland, organized in the year 1833, and for forty years thereafter was one of the most zealous workers in that church, in which he was Deacon all the while. Many years were allotted to him to lead a useful life, which ended on the 5th day of July, 1871.

Great was the strength and firmness of his religious faith and force of will power. He was

Benjamin Rouse

a lion in the line of duty, never shirking any task placed upon him, never losing courage. He was a man of sterling qualities; he was a man in every sense of the term, strong against temptation and zealous in whatsoever work he engaged. Assuring himself he was right, condemning wrong, he steadfastly and firmly remained in what he felt to be his path of duty. To illustrate, we will give the reader the benefit of an oft repeated story by himself:

"Shortly after coming to Cleveland," said he, "I had just settled my little family in a house and bought a horse and buggy, and one fine morning I took a quantity of Sunday-school books and tracts and started for Lorain county to organize a Sunday-school. I had crossed the Cuyahoga, and was well on my road to Rocky River, when suddenly some one spoke to me. The voice seemed to say, 'Well, Benjamin Rouse, you are pretty fellow! You, a strong young man, in the prime of life, with a fine young family, giving up a great business in the city of New York, selling your property for little or nothing and coming into this wilderness with a horse and buggy for the purpose of peddling tracts and Sunday-school books in the woods! A pretty fellow, indeed, Benjamin Rouse!'

"At the thought I stopped my horse and turned around as if some one were there, and said aloud, 'Satan, begone! Did not Rebecca and I pray about this all night, and didn't the Lord tell us to come? and am I not here because God sent me? Yes, He did send me and I shall hold on to my work and trust Him to the end; and now, begone, you Tempter!' Then the fierce trial passed forever, and I went on my way rejoicing. I established several Sunday-schools in the younger settlements; returned to Cleveland, and a few days afterward the Lord opened to me an opportunity to buy my corner on the Public Square and Superior street for $1,200, and I can see the Lord's hand in ordering my whole life."

Mr. Rouse was a man richly endowed for the work he had taken up in early life, and to which the whole of his manhood was devoted. He was one of the most kind-hearted men. He was generous, charitable, quick to act and certain in his course. He carried with him that enthusiasm necessary for the infusion of zeal in others. His greatest joy was found in doing good unto others. No other so well came living up to the golden rule, "As ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

REBECCA ELLIOTT ROUSE.—Of all the women of Cleveland, past and present, who by their noble works have won for themselves a conspicuous place in the history of the city, none are more deserving of notice than the late Mrs. Rebecca Elliott (Cromwell) Rouse, who in her quiet and unostentatious way did more to promote the growth of organized Christian work during the pioneer days of the Western Reserve than any other one woman.

This woman, so remarkable for her intellectual and spiritual gifts, was born in Salem, Massachusetts, on the 30th day of October, 1799, and died in Cleveland on the 23d day of December, 1887. Her father, John Cromwell, died when she was but a child, her mother surviving until during the '30s. Her childhood was spent in affluence, and to a liberal education was added the refining influences of extensive foreign travel. At the age of eighteen years she was married to Benjamin Rouse, and in 1825 removed with her husband to New York city. Always of a deep Christian and benevolent nature, Mrs. Rouse was not long in becoming interested in and identified with the benevolent and charitable work of the metropolis, so that five years later, when her husband was urged to go to Ohio, as the emissary of the Sabbath-school Union, she cheerfully abandoned the comforts of her eastern home to devote herself to missionary work in the Western Reserve, then in a primitive state, where the work was urgent and the laborers few.

Mrs. Rouse's first work upon coming to Cleveland was to make a personal visitation into every house in the village, and her success

was such that a church was soon organized, she, with her husband, being one of the seventeen original members of the First Baptist Society. When the infant church was in swaddling clothes, she was its nursing mother; she blessed it with her prayers and tears, and surrounded it with her loving anxiety. It was her greatest joy to see it grow and thrive and become strong.

In the wider realm of philanthropy her influence as a leading spirit was everywhere felt. She was the organizer and the president of the Martha Washington Society of 1842, one of the earliest of Cleveland's benevolent societies, out of which grew the Protestant Orphan Asylum, the oldest of the Protestant benevolent institutions of the city, and of which Mrs. Rouse was for years the managing director. She was also a leading spirit in many other benevolent organizations of the city during her active life, giving freely of her time, talents and means to further philanthropic work of all kinds. Many there are "who shall rise up and call her blessed." Not a few of these are the Ohio "Boys in Blue" of the war of the Rebellion. Never will they forget the continued self-sacrificing labor this great-hearted woman gave for five years, when she was instrumental in collecting and distributing millions of dollars' worth of supplies for the gallant sick and wounded lying in military hospitals. The call to arms was sounded on April 15, 1861. Five days later the "Soldiers' Aid Society of Cleveland, Ohio," was formed, and to it belongs the great and lasting honor of being the first society of women that met and organized for the noble work of bearing a people's love to the people's army. As president of this society, Mrs. Rouse became widely known and much beloved. To her wise administration of its affairs was largely due the success of an enterprise which achieved a national reputation. Although most unassuming, she was pressed into making some highly effective addresses which aroused the sympathy and patriotic interest of the women of northern Ohio in the great relief work of those eventful days.

On several occasions she went to the front, in connection with supplies sent, and visited the soldiers in military hospitals. At one period, when more buildings and supplies were rendered necessary to shelter and relieve the soldiers passing through Cleveland, so heavy had been the drain upon the resources of the citizens that some of the business men said that the money could not be raised. Her quiet and characteristic reply was, "It must be raised;" and it was. She possessed in a very large measure that genius of common sense, that breadth and boldness of conception and wonderful executive ability, which met and mastered difficulties as they arose, and which was adequate to each emergency.

In honor of her great work in behalf of the soldiers, and in grateful memory of the woman, a bronze figure of Mrs. Rouse has been placed on the south side of, and her name inscribed within, Cuyahoga county's magnificent Soldiers' Monument, which has been erected in Cleveland's Public Square.

Though of delicate appearance, Mrs. Rouse possessed great strength of mind and body, patience and endurance, and a will-power and courage that knew no such word as fail. Her deep religious nature, with all its earnestness, was turned into a patriotism which considered no sacrifice too great to save the country. Humble, unostentatious, heroic, self-sacrificing, noble-hearted woman and devoted Christian, she "rests from her labors and her works do follow her." She was universally loved and her name was a household word throughout the community. Her memory is loved and revered by thousands who came directly, or through the medium of loved ones, under the influence of her Christian spirit and benevolent works. Her resting place is a sacred spot.

The following tribute to Mrs. Rouse is from the author of "Men and Events of Half a Century:" "A hundred years hence, when the census shall credit the beautiful city with a million of people, the ladies of Cleveland will celebrate the virtue and heroic devotion of the

E. K. Rouse

noble men and women whose names are embalmed in the historic record of the great sanitary fair of the Civil War and wonder that their ancestors could have done such mighty works; and the antiquarian will search among the moss-covered tombstones of Lake View, Woodland and Riverside for the names now familiar to us, and find his delight if, happily, he shall be enabled to decipher and slowly spell out the name of Mother Rouse."

EDWIN COOLIDGE ROUSE, Insurance President of Cleveland, the second son of Benjamin and Rebecca Elliott (Cromwell) Rouse, was born in New York city on the 12th day of August, 1827. During the period beginning with ante-bellum days and ending with his death on the 1st day of February, 1877, he was a well known and prominent figure in the commercial and insurance history of Cleveland.

Mr. Rouse was but three years of age when his parents came to Cleveland. Here he was reared and educated and began his business career as a member of the wholesale dry-goods house of Clark, Morgan & Company. A man of more than ordinary capabilities, he commanded success in all his undertakings and was not long in making his way to the head of the firm of Rouse, Post & Company. While engaged in mercantile pursuits his methods were conspicuous as being most correct and honorable. When the firm with which he had been connected dissolved, in 1856, Mr. Rouse became identified with the insurance business, and to this vocation the best years of his life were devoted, excepting for a period of three years that he served as Assistant Treasurer of Cuyahoga county, and a few months spent in military service as Captain of Company F, One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio National Guard, commanding Fort Totten, one of the defenses of Washington, District of Columbia.

In 1865 he resumed the insurance business, and upon the organization of the Sun Fire Insurance Company of Cleveland he became its secretary and treasurer, and in the spring of 1875 he was elected president of the company to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Stillman Witt, and which office he held up to the time of his death. For several years he was manager of the Ohio business of the Continental Insurance Company of New York, and for five years was the president of the Cleveland Board of Underwriters; he was a member of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, and a member of its executive committee from its organization until his death. He was also the first president of the American District Telegraph Company. In these varied positions of trust there were presented to him many opportunities for advancing the interests of all underwriters and for elevating the standard of the fire-insurance business,—opportunities which he never failed to embrace.

He uniformly commanded the respect of all who knew him, even where he failed to win the concurrent judgment of his professional associates. He was logical in his habits of thought, and as free from the fear of reckless competition as he was from the influence of personal greed. Possessed of a warm, generous nature, he was charitable in his judgment of others, stanch and true in his friendships and worthy of the affectionate regard in which he was held.

Mr. Rouse was united in marriage, at Cleveland, August 12, 1850, to Mary Miller, daughter of Joseph K. Miller, who was the son of William and Hannah Miller. Joseph K. Miller was born January 12, 1802, and was brought in his childhood by his parents from their Maryland home to Ohio. He was married February 14, 1826, to Margaret Spangler, who was born June 18, 1809, at Canton, Ohio, a daughter of Michael and Elizabeth Spangler. Mr. Miller died at the age of thirty-six, and his wife, a woman of many admirable traits of character, ended her long and active life, replete with many acts of benevolence and charity, on September 26, 1891.

Mrs. Mary Miller Rouse died January 13, 1884. She was a lady of great beauty of character and amiability of disposition, possessed of much artistic taste and an innate love of the beautiful. She and her husband were alike lovers of music and were united in their religious life in song, giving more than twenty-nine years of their time and service to the conduct of the choir of the First Baptist Church, of which they were both devoted members.

HENRY CLARK ROUSE, financier and railway president, only son of the late Edwin C. and grandson of the late Benjamin Rouse, was born on the 15th day of March, 1853, in the city of Cleveland, Ohio, where as a youth he received his academic education, graduating at the age of eighteen. Following this he continued his studies under private tutors for two years, and then went abroad, spending some time in foreign travel.

When twenty-one he entered his father's office and there obtained a thorough business training, by reason of which he was able to assume with ease, at the age of twenty-three, the entire business of his father upon the latter's death in 1877, thus becoming at once conspicuous as the youngest insurance manager in this country. His administration of the affairs of this office was most successful, but the development of superior powers for broader organization and execution five years later led to his giving up his active interest in under-writing to engage in other pursuits.

The record of the business achievements of Henry C. Rouse during the past ten years speaks volumes for his ability as a financier and man of affairs. Cleveland's first large apartment house, "The Lincoln," was the work of his brain, and in 1882 was operated by him as the managing director of the Lincoln Apartment House Company.

About this time the marked executive ability and general business talents of Mr. Rouse began to attract attention, and during the business depression of 1883 his services were enlisted in behalf of the Joel Hayden Brass Company, of Lorain, Ohio, a large concern then verging on bankruptcy. He thus became identified with the brass-manufacturing business of the country, and in the following year he was made president of the "Hayden Company," which corporation was operating large brass works at Haydenville, Massachusetts. Following this he became president of the United Brass Company, of New York, then the leading brass-manufacturing company of the country.

Thus at the age of thirty we find Mr. Rouse, through his ability as a financial manager, the youngest officer of the corporation of which he is president, though representing the largest interests in the brass-manufacturing industry. At this time Mr. Rouse also held official positions in a number of Ohio enterprises of greater or less importance, among others the Britton Iron & Steel Company, of Cleveland, and the Lorain Manufacturing Company, both of which, together with all his interests in brass manufacture, have been wholly abandoned within the last three or four years, his time now being entirely devoted to the administration of railway properties.

In 1885 Mr. Rouse was brought into relation with a western railroad enterprise, and joined a syndicate for the construction of the Chicago, Wisconsin & Minnesota Railrod, an extension of the Wisconsin Central System, from Milwaukee to Chicago. Previous to this he had devoted considerable attention to the study of railroad interests, in pursuit of which he traveled extensively over a great portion of this continent, visiting every State and Territory in this country and all the provinces of the British Possessions in America. The fund of general information thus obtained pertaining to the vast material resources of the country, and their relation to trade centers and the avenues of commerce, admirably adapted him for entering upon the broad field of practical railroad administration that has since been opened to him. It

is in this direction that he has achieved his greatest success, as in it he has found an opportunity to develop the unusual organizing and administrative abilities inherited from his paternal grandmother.

On June 1, 1887, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company defaulted in payment of mortgage interest and the road passed into the hands of receivers. In 1891 a reorganization of this company was effected, and in June of that year Mr. Rouse was offered the position of chairman of its board of directors. He accepted the position and the company's property was turned over to him by the receivers July 1, 1891, since which time he has made rapid strides in the railway and financial world, and is to-day recognized, both in this country and abroad, as one of the rising men in railway circles in America. Under his skillful direction the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company has been rescued from its bankrupt condition and placed upon a sound physical and financial basis, and has attained an important place among the great railway systems of this country. Recognition of Mr. Rouse's successful administration has come each year since 1891 in the way of his continued re-election as chairman of the board of directors, and by his election as president of the company as well in May, 1893. With his first election as president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company, Mr. Rouse became the youngest railway president in this country.

Another recognition of Mr. Rouse's abilities came in 1893, when, on the 15th day of August of that year, he was appointed receiver of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, a position he also holds at the present time. In January, 1894, an application was made to the courts by adverse parties actuated by selfish motives for the removal of Mr. Rouse and his associates from the receivership of this railroad, but the court passed upon the application fully exonerating Mr. Rouse from all charges, sustaining him as receiver and confirming his appointment.

Besides being at the head of two of the largest systems in the United States, aggregating 7,000 miles of railroad, Mr. Rouse has many other collateral interests, being officially connected with a score or more of railroad and kindred enterprises.

As an illustration of the breadth of the man and his capabilities, and the wide scope and ramification of his interests, extending through fifteen States and Territories, the following list of the official positions he holds is here given:

Chairman of board and president, Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway System; receiver of the Northern Pacific Railroad; chairman of the board of the Missouri, Kansas & Eastern Railroad Company; president of each of the following companies: Boonville Railroad Bridge Company, Northern Pacific & Manitoba Railway Company, Winnipeg Transfer Railway Company, Limited, Coeur d'Alene Railway & Navigation Company, Helena & Jefferson County Railroad Company, Fargo & Southwestern Railroad Company, Southeastern Dakota Railroad Company, Northern Pacific & Cascade Railroad Company, Central Washington Railroad Company, Washington Short Line Railroad Company, Rocky Fork & Cooke City Railway Company, Sanborn, Cooperstown & Turtle Mountain Railway, Tacoma, Orting & Southeastern Railroad Company; and director in each of the following companies: Kansas City & Pacific Railway Company, Denison & Washita Valley Railway Company, Southwestern Coal & Improvement Company, Osage Coal & Mining Company, Chicago & Northern Pacific Railroad Company, Chicago & Calumet Railroad Company, St. Paul & Northern Pacific Railway Company, Spokane Falls & Idaho Railway Company, Spokane Falls & Palouse Railway Company, Little Falls & Dakota Railway Company, Northern Pacific, Fergus & Black Hills Railway Company, Duluth & Manitoba Railway Company, Northern Pacific, LaMoure & Missouri River Railroad Company, James River Valley Railway Company, Jamestown & Northern Railway Company, Rocky Mountain Railroad of Montana, Helena & Red Mountain Railway Company, Jamestown & Northern Extension

Railway Company, Duluth, Crookston & Northern Railway Company, Clealum Railroad, Northern Pacific & Montana Railway Company, and Montana Union Railway Company.

It is a characteristic of Mr. Rouse, in connection with the many enterprises with which he has been identified, that he has manifested an intimate knowledge of the resources and possibilities of his undertakings, and has demonstrated his power of readily applying the most practical expedients at the proper time. His capacity for acquiring minute information and his unusual powers of observation and concentration of details has caused his services to be greatly sought for where intricate and difficult problems are encountered in the conduct of large enterprises. Although of a conservative nature, once a determination reached, he plans broadly and boldly, and executes with celerity and confidence.

Personally Mr. Rouse possesses most attractive characteristics. Although a man of very positive views and unequivocal expression, he is of most agreeable address, kind and courteous, easy of approach and of decided personal magnetism. He has traveled so extensively, both in this country and in Europe, that his circle of acquaintance is very large both at home and abroad, and he possesses the varied accomplishments of the thoroughly trained man of the world. He is a member of the Union, Roadside and Athletic Clubs of Cleveland, and the Country Club of Glenville; of the Metropolitan, Riding, Raquet and Tennis, and Lawyers' Clubs, the Seawanhaka-Corinthian and New York Yacht Clubs, and the Down Town Association of New York city.

At his home in Cleveland, where he occupies the old family homestead, a beautiful residence on Euclid avenue, Mr. Rouse is thoroughly appreciated by his friends and fellow townsmen, all of whom consider him a good citizen, and class him among the ablest railroad presidents and financiers of the country, and take a personal pride in his achievements, regarding his success as a compliment to the city.

JOHN G. REITZ is a son of the late George P. Reitz. His mother was Barbara (Lehr) Reitz. The parents were born in Germany, emigrating to America late in the '40s, living for a short time in Cleveland and then settling in Rockport township, where the father died in 1856.

John G. was the youngest of a family of ten children. He was born in Rockport township December 16, 1855. Here he was brought up and received a common-school education.

He was married in Rockport township, February 14, 1882 to Miss Mary Barthelman, daughter of John Christopher Barthelman, who died in Rockport township, December 16, 1877. Mrs. Mary Reitz are the parents of four children,—Henry G., Frederick W., Anna K. and John C.

Mr. Reitz was elected one of the conneilmen of Rockport Hamlet in April, 1893. He has been school director for several years. Farming has been his life work, and he owns the old homestead which formerly belonged to his father, consisting of eighty acres.

Mr. Reitz and his wife are members of the German Protestant Church.

H. PARR, manager of the Ohio Oil & Grease Company, was born in Cleveland, May 16, 1870, a son of Thomas W. and Caroline (Hattersley) Parr, natives of England and Cleveland, respectively. The father came to this city in 1865, when he engaged in contracting and building, and later succeeded his father-in-law, Henry Hattersley, in the gunsmith store. He is now engaged in the coal business on South Woodland avenue, Cleveland. The family residence is located at 35 Platt street. Mr. and Mrs. Parr had four children, namely: H. H., our subject; William J., secretary of the Cleveland Window Glass Company, married Miss Ella Chapin, of this city; Katherine and Caroline, attending the city high school.

H. H. Parr received his education in the public school of this city, and also in the Spencerian Business College. After leaving school he was employed as clerk for the Manufacturers' Oil Company for seven years, and then, in 1892, assumed control of the Ohio Oil & Grease Company. The oil is manufactured in Cleveland, and is shipped to all parts of the United States. The company send out 250 sample cases, and employment is also given to many in handling and shipping.

Mr. Parr was married in August, 1893, to Miss Georgia Hunt, a daughter of the late William Hunt, of northeast Maryland. He was a prominent manufacturer, and also had a large business in Philadelphia. Mrs. Hunt is still living, an honored resident of Cleveland. She is a member of the First Baptist Church. Mr. Parr is a member of the East Madison Avenue Congregational Church, and his wife of the Baptist Church.

SAMUEL A. RAYMOND.—Specific capability coupled with fidelity to any important trust imposed or conferred will eventuate in the average case in something more than the mere subjective satisfaction that must come when one's duty is fulfilled. There will be a reward extraneous to this, while yet its natural sequence. Thus it is in the case of the thorough executive and honored business man whose name constitutes the caption of this paragraph. He is a native of the same county of which he is now a resident and was born August 27, 1845. His parents were Samuel and Mary (North) Raymond, the former of whom was born at Bethlehem, Connecticut, in 1805, and the latter in the State of New York, in 1811.

Samuel Raymond was one of the pioneer merchants of Cleveland, coming from New Britain, Connecticut, in 1836 and at once opening a dry-goods establishment in the Forest City. This enterprise, which in its importance and range of operations kept pace with the growth and development of the city, was continued by its inceptor up to the time of his death, in 1866. He was widely and favorably known as one of the leading merchants of Cleveland during those early years of her history. He was a prominent member of the first Presbyterian Church and was one of the trustees of the Cleveland Medical College (as it was then known), contributing largely to the success of the institution when it was endeavoring to establish itself upon a firm and permanent basis. As a business man he was duly conservative, ordering his affairs with careful discrimination and gaining a reputation for irreproachable integrity and honesty of purpose. His death was of tragic order: he was on board the ill-fated Mississippi river steamer, W. R. Carter, which was demolished by the explosion of her boilers, near Vicksburg, in 1866. More than 200 persons met death as the result of this accident, and Mr. Raymond was one of the victims. He was drowned and his body was never recovered. He was making a pleasure trip in company with his wife and the latter was saved from death, though one of her limbs was fractured at the time. The widow survived for six years, but never rallied from the shock and bereavement entailed by the fearful disaster. She died in 1872, at the age of sixty-one years.

Samuel A. Raymond was the fourth of a family of five children, two of whom died in infancy. Of the three who attained to mature years Henry N. is the eldest and is a well known resident of Cleveland; our subject is next, and the loved sister, Mary Louise, died at Aiken, South Carolina, in 1872, a month prior to the demise of her mother, with whom she was travelling for the benefit of the latter's health.

The subject of this brief review completed his education at Yale College, having pursued a classical course with the class of 1870. After graduation he engaged in the dry goods business in Cleveland, continuing the enterprise successfully until 1879, when he became the private secretary of Mr. Amasa Stone, whose name is familiar to the majority of the residents of

Cleveland. From his intimate knowledge of the functions and affairs of the estate in view of the implicit confidence in which he was held by Mr. Stone, it was but natural and consistent that upon the death of the latter he should be appointed as agent of the estate,—a preferment which was accorded him and which he has ever since retained, proving a most discriminating and faithful executive. Mr. Raymond holds a position of no little prominence in the business cicles of Cleveland and he is the incumbent in several positions of trust and responsibility, aside from the management of the large estate already referaed to. He is vice president and director in the Van-Cleve Glass Company, is secretary and director of the Children's Aid Society, secretary of the Board of Trustees of the First Presbyterian Church, of which he is a Deacon and both he and his wife devoted mem bers, and he is also trustee of the University School.

The marriage of Mr. Raymond was celebrated on the 20th of January, 1875, when he was united to Miss Emma E. Stone, of Philadelphia. Both parents entered into eternal rest many years since. Mr. and Mrs. Raymond have an interesting family of five children, namely: Mary, Hilda, Henry Augustine Julia and Samuel Edward.

While in no sense a politician in the modern acceptance of the term, our subject maintains a lively interest in the affairs of city, State and nation, casting his ballot with the Republican party.

HON. MILAN GALLAGHER.—Conspicuous among men of public affairs in the city of Cleveland, the subject of this sketch takes appropriate rank. He was born in this city September 23, 1855, a son of Aaron A. and Catharine E. (Moran) Gallagher; the parents were pioneers here. The father died October 13, 1862, at the age of thirty-three years. By calling he was a contractor and mover of buildings, was a clever and respected gentleman, and in his politics was a strong Abolitionist.

The subject of this sketch, the only surviving child, was reared and educated in Cleveland. After gaining a liberal education in the public schools of the city, he read law for two years, in the office of Allen T. Brinsmade. His inclination and environments drew his attention to a business career upon which he embarked, first as a grocer on Detroit street, where he continued in business for seven years. He then became interested in the business of the Sun Vapor Lighting Company, with which he is yet connected, being its manager for the West Side.

As a business man, Mr. Gallagher has given evidence of enterprise, thrift and push. As a man of public spirit and affairs he deserves no less praise. In 1890 he became "Sealer," which position he held for two years, and was known as the most popular city sealer Cleveland has had for twenty-five years. In 1891 he was elected a member of the lower house of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, and in that body his services were such as not only won the confidence and esteem of his fellow members, but also made him a popular representative among the people. He was very active in the Senatorial contest of 1892, in the interest of Senator John Sherman. In the legislature he is a very enthusiastic and sagacious worker, introducing many measures and serving on many important committees pertaining to municipal, railroad and telegraphic affairs. Among many other measures, he introduced, and materially aided in passing, House Bill No. 1180, designated the "Park and Boulevard Bill," which provides for a board of park commissioners having control of parks and their development. The commission is one of great importance, and its influence in the development of public parks for the city of Cleveland has been perceptibly felt. There have been parks beautified and beautiful boulevards and drive-ways pro-

vided for already, and much important work is yet pending before this board of park commissioners, which consists of five members, two of which shall be the mayor of the city and the president of the city council; and said members are appointed by the trustees of the sinking fund of the city. This bill provided such expediencies as will eventually result in the adequate development and maintenance not only of beautiful and well arranged parks but also of drive-ways and well improved and extended boulevards, and will thus add to the beauty and attraction of the already beautiful Forest City. The introduction of this bill and its passage is due to a very commendable course on the part of Mr. Gallagher.

To him is also due the credit for the erection of the magnificent manual training school building on Cedar avenue, of which the city of Cleveland may well be proud, as he was the author of the bill which gave the school director and the school council authority to build said structure. The school will be open to the public September 1, 1894, with the latest improved machinery.

Mr. Gallagher was also very active in getting the "Federal plan" bill for the government of the public schools of Cleveland through the House of Representatives, as he is a stanch friend of the public schools.

In a political way, Mr. Gallagher has been one of the stanchest Republicans. He has been a member of the County Central Committee for over twelve years, and has also served upon the executive and financial committees. He has been a delegate to every county and State convention of his party since 1876. He was president of the Gardner Republican Club six years, and is also a member of the Tippecanoe Club, and is now president of the Foraker Club. Was a delegate to the national Republican clubs held at Buffalo, New York, in September, 1892, at Louisville, Kentucky, in May, 1893, and at Denver, Colorado, in June, 1894. Fraternally, he is a member of the I. O. O. F., K. of P., and of the National Union.

Besides having other business interests, Mr. Gallagher is engaged in the real-estate and insurance business, being agent for several important fire insurance companies, as the American Casualty, the Insurance Company of Baltimore, etc.

December 10, 1877, Mr. Gallagher married Miss Inez Phillips, who was born in Amboy, Ashtabula county, Ohio, a daughter of S. D. and Marietta (Wait) Phillips. Mr. Gallagher's children are Mabel Everett, Grace Inez, Chester Arthur and Daphne Sherman.

JOHN ROSE, one of the highly respected citizens of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, dates his birth in Norfolkshire, England, September 25, 1816. He is a son of Clark and Betsey (Bush) Rose, natives of that country. His father died in England, and some time afterward the mother became the wife of Robert Moore. They emigrated to America in 1831, first settled in Cleveland, Ohio, subsequently removed to Warrensville township, Cuyahoga county, and still later took up their abode in Dover township, where they spent the residue of their lives.

The subject of our sketch landed in America in 1831 with his mother and her husband, and the greater part of his life has been spent in the township in which he now lives. Here he cleared and developed a fine farm of 125 acres, and farming has been his life occupation.

Mr. Rose was married in Dover township, November 24, 1838, to Miss Ellen Kelly, who was born on the Isle of Man, December 21, 1815, and they have had eight children, a record of whom is as follows: Ellen, who is the widow of Asahel P. Smith; Lucy, deceased wife of Sylvester A. Phinney; Andrew K., served three years in the late war, in which he was Sergeant; he married Sarah Beardsley; Kate L., wife of Sylvester A. Phinney; Eliza J., wife of Chipman L. Williams; Fred J., carpenter and

builder, who married Miss Emma L. Bramley; Jennie L., an artist, and Clara I., who are still living at home.

Politically, Mr. Rose affiliates with the Republican party, and takes an active and commendable interest in all public affairs. He has filled important township offices and has served three terms as Township Trustee. Both he and his wife are earnest and active members of the Congregational Church, and by their many estimable traits of character have won the respect and esteem of all who know them.

Such, in brief, is a sketch of the life of one of Cuyahoga county's leading and influential men.

JAMES J. BARTLETT, Trustee of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and one of the well-to-do and highly respected men of the township, forms the subject of this article.

Mr. Bartlett was born in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio, March 13, 1845. His father, Frederick R. Bartlett, came from Devonshire, England, to this country in 1831, accompanied by his family. After remaining in New York city for some time, he located in Utica, New York; two years later removed to Cleveland, Ohio, and for four years made his home in that city; thence to Medina county, Ohio, first settling in Liverpool and afterward removing to Brunswick; and from the latter place he came to Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, in January, 1852. Here he spent the residue of his life and died, his death occurring in 1864. His good wife, whose maiden name was Elizabeth Brown, died in Strongsville in the fall of 1886. James J. is the youngest in their family of seven children, and was seven years old at the time they came to Strongsville. Here he was reared and here he has resided ever since, with the exception of two years and a half when he was in Cleveland. He has been engaged in stone work and bridge-building for several years and has also carried on farming operations, he being the owner of a fine farm of 165 acres, upon which he has erected a set of good buildings.

Mr. Bartlett was married in Strongsville, January 25, 1868, to Miss Mary J. Hendershott, who was born in Cleveland, Ohio, July 15, 1850. Her father and mother, Abner A. and Angeline (Drake) Hendershott, came from New York to Cleveland at an early day, and in that city passed the greater part of their lives and died, her death being in 1860, and his in October, 1871. Mr. and Mrs. Bartlett have five children, namely: Stella A., wife of A. L. Sanderson; Edward J., who married Nettie A. Killian; Edith E.; Luella M.; and Mary M.

Mr. Bartlett has all his life taken a commendable interest in public affairs, has filled numerous minor offices, and since 1884 has been one of the trustees of Strongsville township. He is a member of Forest City Lodge, No. 388, F. & A. M., and of Oriental Commandery, No. 12, of Cleveland.

HURD, a dentist of Cleveland, was born in Trumbull Co., Ohio, November 18, 1833, a son of Joy and Nancy (Hudson) Hurd. The latter is descended from the family after whom Hudson Bay and river were named. The father was a native of Hartford, Conn., and of Holland extraction. In 1807, accompanied by his wife and seven brothers, he crossed the Alleghany Mountains in a cart, and came to the Western Reserve, locating on a farm near Warren. He afterwards moved to Geneva, Ashtabula Co., and still later came to Cleveland, where he died at the age of eighty-five years. Mr. Hurd served as drum-major during the war of 1812, went from Cleveland to Detroit on foot, but arrived after Hull's surrender. The Ohio troops regained the fort. Mr. Hurd owned one of the largest farms in the county, and was well known as an honest, worthy and respected citizen. Both he and his wife

were members of the M. E. Church. Mrs. Hurd departed this life fifteen years before her husband's death, at the age of sixty-seven years. They were the parents of eight children, six now living,—H. R., G. H., C. S., Henry, all of whom are dentists by profession; Nancy, wife of H. B. Hunt; and Henrietta, now Mrs. Elisha Dorman.

Henry Hurd, our subject, attended the common schools, and graduated at the Cincinnati Ohio Dental College in the class of 1892. He practiced his profession at Vincennes, Ind., three years, was then at Evansville, that State, next went to Memphis, Tenn., and in 1873 came to Cleveland. Mr. Hurd afterwards spent five years in Detroit.

He was married in 1878, to Miss Mary, a daughter of Elizabeth Stormoth, both natives of Scotland. Mr. and Mrs. Hurd have one son living, Henry, a pupil of the city schools. Mrs. Hurd is a member of the Presbyterian Church. Our subject is independent in his political views.

REV. B. ROSINSKI.—The stamp designating true nobility of character must ever find its ineffaceable tracery on the brow of one who sets himself apart from "the madding crowd's ignoble strife" and dedicates his life to the uplifting of his fellow-men. A more than superficial investigation is demanded when one essays to determine the mental struggle and the spirit of unselfish devotion that must animate the man who gives all that he is and all that he hopes to be to service in the great vineyard of life, seeking reward only in that realm "where moth and rust do not corrupt and where thieves do not break through and steal." Preparation for and labors in the priesthood are perforce exacting, demanding an ever ready sympathy, a broad intelligence and an unswerving fidelity. Scoffing cynicism and careless irreverence would often be silenced if only the inner life of those who minister in holy places might be laid open for inspection. Honor is due and honor will be paid when once there comes a deeper understanding of the truth.

The subject of this sketch is the priest in charge of one of the largest and most important parishes in the diocese, that of St. Stanislaus (Polish), on Forman street, Cleveland. He was born in Poland, March 20, 1860, his parents being Sylvester and Caroline (Lewandowska) Rosinski, both natives of the province of Posen, Poland. The venerable father is still living, and, at the age of three-score years and ten, has crossed the ocean from his native land for the purpose of visiting his sons (1893). He is a cooper by trade, and now, after a long life of usefulness, is enjoying a richly merited rest. His wife died about 1881, at the age of sixty-six years. He has been a life-long member of the Roman Catholic Church, as was also his devoted wife. To them were born a family of five children, three of whom are still living. Ignatius, the eldest living son, is a resident of Cleveland, the next in order of birth being our subject, and the third being Frank, who is also a resident of the Forest City.

Our subject pursued his education for five years at the gymnasia of Gnesen and Kulm, in his native country. His theological discipline and training was secured at St. Mary's Seminary, where he was under the tutorage of Dr. Moss. His ordination to the priesthood occurred in 1887, the late Bishop Gilmour officiating. He was sent to Sandusky, where he served for nearly three years as assistant at St. Mary's Church. He was then placed in charge as pastor of St. Adalbert's Church at Berea, Ohio, the congregation being of Polish constituency. In this charge he remained for two years, assuming the duties of his present pastorate in June, 1892. During his stay in Berea he effected many improvements in the equipments of the parish, among others being the erection of a fine school-house, which is the best in the place. In his present congregation Father Rosinski has nearly 1,300 families, his church being the largest in the diocese. The

church building has an extreme length of 200 feet, the width in transept being 107 feet while the width of the nave proper is eighty-six feet. The twin spires which adorn the imposing structure are 232 feet in height. The parochial school maintained is one of representative and efficient order. There are nine school-rooms and the corps of instructors comprises ten individuals, all save one being Sisters of St. Francis, from Rochester, Minnesota. One male instructor is employed. A few statistics from the parish records for the year 1893 will be of interest in the connection: the number of baptisms within the year was 531; marriages, 90; deaths, 218; confirmations, 147. The work of the parish is ably directed and is in a healthful condition.

Father Rosinski is a man of high literary attainments, being thoroughly conversant with the Polish, Bohemian, German and English languages and also well versed in the classics. He preaches in the Polish tongue, and from time to time in the German, as that race has a number of representatives in his congregation. He has had an assistant in his work for some time.

The subject of our sketch is a man of fine personal appearance, of genial and gracious address and of scholarly attainments. A true pastor to his flock and faithful to the most responsible trust that has been placed in his keeping, he merits and retains the high esteem and affection of his parishioners and the respect of all with whom he comes in contact.

PHILLIP GRAF, railroad conductor, was born August 4, 1853, in Brooklyn township, where now stands the village of Lindale. His father, Jacob Graf, was born in Uhlmit, Germany, February, 9, 1813, and died in Cleveland, February 2, 1889, at the residence of Senator Herrman, and was buried in the Riverside Cemetery. He was never sick until about three days before his death. He came to this country in 1846, landing July 19th at the point now occupied by the Cleveland Milling Company. There being no wharf then, a plank was thrown out for the landing of passengers. The senior Graf lived first in Lindale, and then purchased twenty-one acres of land in Middleburg township, and lived there until his wife died, May 11, 1886, from which time he lived with his daughter, Mrs. Herrman, until his death. During his life he was never called into a court of justice, always living at peace with his neighbors. He married Katherine Myer, a sister of Nicholas Myer, and had the following named children: Jacob, Peter, Catherine, Fred, Margaret, Carrie, Mary, Phillip, Susie and Emma,—all of whom are residents of this city excepting Carrie, who is living near Toledo; and Peter, who died in the late war. As a private in the twentieth Ohio Battery, he was crossing the Cumberland mountains one night, riding the leading team, when the gun carriage slipped down the mountain and three men were killed and the rest injured. The next morning the wounded were started in an ambulance toward Nashville, but on the way were captured and sent to Richmond, and finally to Andersonville, where Mr. Graf died, September 26, 1864, after having been a prisoner about eighteen months,and was buried in grave No. 9,813, in the national cemetry.

The gentleman whose name heads this sketch, after having received the usual common-school education, at the age of eighteen years entered the employ of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company as yard brakeman, and afterward was promoted as yard conductor and yard master, and he is now running the train carrying employees between Cleveland and Nottingham. It was named the "Bug Run" train by Mr Conch, superintendent of the eastern division.

He has two dwellings, adjoining each other, on Laurel street, in Collinwood. With reference to national issues he votes the Republican ticket. His parents were members of the Protestant Evangelical Church, and were very lib

eral in religious matters. He was married October 12, 1875, to Maggie Breem, who was born in Cleveland, in March, 1856, a daughter of Irish parents. Mr. Graf's children are Fred, John P. and Alice C.

Mr. Graf has taken great interest in educational matters. He came here in 1874, and to his best recollection there was one district school building, with two ungraded school rooms, and no superintendent; and the schools were under management of three supervisors, namely, George Elton, George Hooper, and Joseph Parks. They continued under that management until 1878. Then Collinwood was incorporated as a village and the schools were put under the management of a school board, consisting of six members, namely, Joseph Parks, Dr. Badger, Joseph Day, George Elton, D. M. Alvord, and L. A. Hall. The schools were increased from year to year till 1890, when Dr. Badger died: Mr. Graf was elected to fill the vacancy by the School Board. Mr. Graf has served as a member of that Board up to this time, which now consists of Dr. John S. Wood, Dr. A. L. Waltz, Attorney F. B. Garrett, Joseph S. Bander, Allen Tyler, besides himself.

When the village was incorporated, in 1878, the School Board then employed a superintendent,—Mr. Burns,—and authorized him to grade the schools. In 1890, when Mr. Graf became a member of the board, C. A. Hitchcock was the superintendent of the schools. Three years' high-school course was then added, which proved to be a great success, and also a great benefit to the school.

Then the schools outgrew their accommodations, and the question was put before the board to erect a new school building. It was decided by a vote of the people at a regular election to erect a school building not to exceed $25,000. The board decided to appoint a committee to consult an architect in regard to erecting a school building, and the committee consisted of Phillip Graf, Dr. J. S. Wood, Joseph Parks, and they decided to erect an eight-room school building with all the latest improvements, and have the structure fronting on Clark avenue, which they now occupy with eight full rooms.

At the present time the schools are superintended by E. E. Rayman, assisted by Miss Cora L. Swift, of Oberlin college. The grammar teachers are, Miss Counts, Miss Mämer and Miss Alexander; and the primary teachers are: Miss Counts, Miss Howell, and Miss Throssell. Mr. Jeff Blackwell, a faithful colored man, is the janitor.

There are also three other rooms, two of which are north of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, taught by Miss Sherman and Miss Stevens. The third room is situated in the old brick school building on Collamer street, taught by Miss Alice Calhoon. The school census of 1894 showed a total of 692 school children.

WILLIAM CORLETT, one of the prominent men of Warrensville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born at Newburg, this county, October 25, 1827.

William Corlett, Sr., the father of our subject, was a native of the Isle of Man and was one of the early settlers of Cuyahoga county, Ohio. After living in Newburg for seven years he removed to the farm now occupied by his son William, and here he spent the residue of his life and died in 1866, being sixty-nine years of age. By trade he was a tailor, which he followed for several years, but during the latter part of his life gave his attention to farming. He built a log house upon his farm, some years later replaced it with a more pretentious frame one, and otherwise improved and developed the place. His good wife, whose maiden name was Ann Kinley, and who was also a native of the Isle of Man, survived him a short time, her death occurring in 1867, when she was seventy-three years of age. Both were devoted Christian people and were worthy members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. They had a family of seven children, whose names are as fol-

lows: Jane Clark, deceased; William, the subject of this article; Thomas, a resident of California; John, deceased; Daniel, of Iowa City, Iowa; Kate Nichols, of California; and Josiah K., of Iowa City.

William, the second born in the family, was reared on his father's farm, and the limited education he obtained in the typical log schoolhouse of that day he supplemented by a knowledge gained in the practical school of experience. The home farm which he owns and operates comprises 117 acres, and is well improved and under a high state of cultivation. Its two-story residence is located on a natural building site and is surrounded by an attractive lawn. The commodious barn, 30 x 80 feet, has a stone basement and affords ample shelter for stock. Indeed, everything about the premises is conveniently arranged. Mr. Corlett has a wide acquaintance throughout the township, and is as popular as he is well known. Mr. Corlett was married in August, 1855, to Elizabeth Kneen, a native of the Isle of Man and a daughter of William and Ann (Quail) Kneen, both natives of that isle. Her parents had eight other children,—Thomas, William, John, Ann, Phillip, Edward, James and Kate. Mr. and Mrs. Corlett have five children, viz.: Edwin Howard, of Cleveland; Emma E.; Walter W., of Cleveland; Kittie A., of Cleveland; and Hattie E.

He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and in politics he is a Republican.

I. H. MOSES.—The surname which initiates this review is one that has been conspicuously identified with the civic history of Ohio from the early pioneer days, and the immediate subject to whom these paragraphs are devoted bears well the honors of an honored name, being a prominent business man of the Forest City. He was born in Euclid township, Cuyahoga county, in 1851, the son of Henry and Margaret Moses, being one of their three children. The father was engaged in the ship-timber and contracting business, and was one of the prominent and influential residents of the county. He owned some 900 acres of land, was exceptionally endowed with business qualifications and held a high position in the esteem of a large circle of acquaintances. His life was cut short just in his prime, his untimely death occurring in 1861, when he had attained the age of only thirty-four years. He was broad and liberal in his views, and was public-spirited to the highest degree. The Moses family is of French origin. The mother is living and in good health. It is worthy of incidental note that an uncle of our subject, Captain Moses, served under the celebrated Commodore Perry, was shot in the memorable battle, dying from the wound and being interred in the Public Square of Cleveland. Two other uncles were engaged in shipbuilding in Cleveland, and conducted the most extensive enterprise of the sort in the city.

I. H. Moses was reared in Cuyahoga county, and engaged in the lumber business at Collinwood, conducting the enterprise very successfully for a period of twelve years. In 1887 he came to Cleveland, and for three years was engaged in the real-estate business. In 1890 he purchased a one-half interest in the electrical supply business conducted by A. B. Lyman, and two months later he purchased his partner's remaining interest and assumed full control of the enterprise, which has been advanced to a representative position, being one of the most extensive of the sort in the city. The business, when he assumed control, represented about $5,000 as the sum total of its annual operations; he has widened the range and built up a trade which now reaches an annual average of $50,000. He deals extensively in all lines of electrical supplies, manufacturing the major portion of the same. He also holds the agency for the New York Safety Wire and Electrical Company. Mr. Moses put in the fine electrical appliances in the magnificent new steamboat, "Menominee," and has filled a number of other

important contracts of like order. His is the only establishment where telegraph instruments are manufactured in the West, with the exception of manufactories in Chicago.

In 1874 Mr. Moses was united in marriage to Miss Anna A., a daughter of Alonzo Chesbrough, of Niagara Falls, and late of Toledo, Ohio, where he conducted one of the most extensive lumbering enterprises in the city. Our subject and his wife have two sons: Alonzo and Sylvester. Mr. Moses is a member of the Congregational Church, as is also his wife.

Taking a consistent interest in the political issues of the day, Mr. Moses is quite actively identified with the Republican party, and it is worthy of note that he held official preferment in the year he attained his majority, serving very acceptably as Constable. Fraternally he is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having passed all of the chairs in the same.

HENRY M. WHITNEY, of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a son of the late Flavel Whitney, one of the pioneers of this vicinity.

Flavel Whitney was born in Marlborough, Vermont, September 30, 1804, and in 1816, when twelve years of age, emigrated with his father, Guilford Whitney, and family from the Green Mountain State to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, their settlement being in Strongsville township. Here Guilford Whitney passed the rest of his life and died, and here his son Flavel grew to manhood, had an active and useful career, and died, honored and respected by all who knew him. His death occurred October 29, 1877. Flavel Whitney was married several times and reared a family of children to occupy honorable and useful positions in life. He was first married in Strongsville, July 2, 1828, to Clarinda Tuttle, whose untimely death occurred July 14, 1830. November 14, 1830, he married Electa Harvey, who passed away on the sixth of October in the following year. On the fourth of November, 1832, he wedded Aurelia Allen, who was born in Norwich, Connecticut, September 16, 1812, and by whom he had four children who reached maturity, namely: Watson H., a resident of Berea, Ohio; Henry M., whose name appears at the head of this sketch; John F., a railroad engineer; and Electa, wife of William Hunniston, of Berea. The mother of these children departed this life August 22, 1843. March 28, 1844, Mr. Whitney married Mrs. Catherine A. Barnes, and some time after her death he was married to Lucy A. Cole, who died in November, 1889, his last wife having survived him several years.

Henry M. Whitney was born in the township in which he now lives, December 2, 1835, and here, with the exception of one year spent in Wisconsin, he has ever since resided, his chief occupation being farming. He owns over eighty acres of good land and carries on his farming operations by the most approved methods.

Mr. Whitney was married in Strongsville, May 29, 1862, to Sarah J. Haynes, who died September 10, 1864, leaving an only child, Gertrude S. His second marriage occurred in Litchfield, Medina county, Ohio, April 18, 1866, to Miss Mary Cole, who was born in Bethel, Connecticut, November 17, 1836. They have two children, Williston O. and Edith M. Mrs. Whitney is a member of the Congregational Church.

Mr. Whitney takes a commendable interest in public affairs.

ZIBA S. HALL, one of the prosperous farmers of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a native of this place, born November 23, 1830, fourth in the family of Charles and Lucy (Seymour) Hall, pioneers of the county. With the exception of about six years, he has been a resident of this township all his life. When he was eighteen he spent a few months in Ashtabula county, Ohio; a year

later was in Michigan about six months, and not long after that went to East Cleveland, where he learned the trade of painter and where he worked at that trade five years. With these exceptions, his life has been devoted to agricultural pursuits in Dover township, where he owns an excellent farm of one hundred acres, all well improved.

Mr. Hall was married in Euclid (now Collinwood), Cuyahoga county, Ohio, December 19, 1855, to Sarah E. Hale, who was born there August 14, 1835, daughter of John A. and Nancy (Craney) Hale, both natives of that place. Mrs. Hall is the oldest of their eight children, three sons and five daughters. Mr. and Mrs. Hall have had six children, two of whom died in infancy. The others are Metta S., who died at the age of eight years; Charles A., who lived only two years; Pearl E. and Ruby S.

Mr. Hall has taken an active part in the affairs of his township. He has served as School Director, and for seven years was Treasurer of the Dover Township Agricultural Society. He and his wife are identified with the Congregational Church, in which they are active working members. Mr. Hall is also a member of Olmsted Post, G. A. R., No. 634. During the war he was a member of Company I, One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio National Guards, he having enlisted May 2, 1864, in the one-hundred-day service.

JOHN W. WILLIAMS, who stands distinctively as one of the representative men of Rockport hamlet, is a native of Rockport township, the date of his birth being August 9, 1849. His father, the late William J. Williams, was a native of Wales, and his mother, whose maiden name was Polly M. Alger, was born in Rockport. They were married in Cuyahoga county and settled on a farm in Rockport township, where they continued to reside until their death. The mother died December 14, 1857, and the father met his death about the middle of December, 1868, at Cleveland, as the result of an accident on the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis Railroad. He died in the hospital at Cleveland. They had two children: John W., the subject of this review, and Lucy S., who was the wife of Henry Wilde, and who died in Cleveland. Philani Alger, sister of Mrs. Polly M. Williams, was the first white female child born west of the Cuyahoga river.

John W. Williams grew to maturity in Rockport township and has ever since continued his residence here. He received a good common-school education and has ever been closely identified with the farming operations of the locality, proving a capable, intelligent and successful business man. In connection with general farm work he has given special attention to dairying and has derived very satisfactory results from this enterprise. His fine farms of 183 acres gives evidence in itself that the owner is a man of energy and progressive methods.

August 23, 1871, Mr. Williams led as a bride to the altar Miss Maria Herbeson, daughter of the late Matthew Herbeson, who was one of the pioneer residents of Rockport township, where his death occurred in January, 1889. Mrs. Williams was born in New York city, in 1851, and died suddenly January 11, 1894; and her funeral was the largest ever attended in that community.

Our subject and his estimable wife have five children, by name as follows: William W., Matthew G., Royal J., May I. and Ruth L.

In his political proclivities Mr. Williams espouses the cause of the Republican party, and in local affairs he has taken an active interest and somewhat prominent part. He held the office of Township Trustee for three years, and discharged the duties of the position most ably and acceptably.

He is a zealous member of the Congregational Church, as was his wife, and takes an active interest in the work of the local society of that denomination, contributing willingly and liberally to its support. Upon men of such

thorough rectitude of character and such substantial and honest worth does the stable prosperity of our nation largely depend, and the independent yeoman, looking across his broad and fertile acres, need envy no man.

GEORGE S. IDDINGS, dealer in real estate, has been a resident of this city since 1854. He was born in Warren, Trumbull county, Ohio, May 23, 1851, a son of Hiram and Mary (Clark) Iddings. His father died in October, 1863, after having been a resident of this city for about nine years. When he (the father) first came here in 1854, the firm of Edwards & Iddings was formed, and they continued in business under that name until Mr. Iddings' death, when it was merged into that of William Edwards & Company, who conducted one of the largest wholesale establishments of the city. Mr. Hiram Iddings was a prominent citizen of Cleveland, a member of the Board of Trade, etc.

Mr. George S. Iddings, of this sketch, completed his schooling at a private establishment in the East, and at the age of sixteen years entered the employ of George Cooper & Company, hardware merchants, where he was employed for three years. He then opened the first stone quarry, on Euclid creek, which he operated for some three or four years. Next he was engaged in the grocery trade at Nottingham; later in the oil business, and still later in the brokerage business, which he conducted on an extensive basis. This he closed in order to organize the Cleveland Automatic Refrigerator Company, which is now the Cleveland Artificial Ice Company. With some others he became interested in an ice invention, to which he gave some considerable time, and which he finally sold to good advantage. Then he was one of the organizers, in 1893, of the American Encrasy Company, the outgrowth of the Encrasy Company. This company has the territory of the whole world for the treatment, by a certain method, of inebriety, the morphine and opium habit and all diseases of a like order. The treatment is such that no confinement is necessary, and no sanitarium required but home. To this business Mr. Iddings now gives his entire attention, and his success is marked.

In politics he is an active Republican, and he is a member of Thatcher Lodge, No. 46, F. & A. M., of Webb Chapter, and of Oriental Commandery, No. 12.

He was married at Euclid, April 23, 1882, to Miss Elizabeth Dille, daughter of Sanford W. Dille, and they have two children living: Paul Allen and Elizabeth Corinne. The residence is at Euclid.

Mr. Iddings' ancestry is traceable to Wales on the paternal side, while on his mother's side it is of Quaker stock. His grandmother Iddings was born in Philadelphia, daughter of Mr. Lewis, of Revolutionary stock.

EDWIN W. CHRISTY, manager for the United States Life Insurance Company of New York for the State of Ohio, was placed in charge of this office in 1891. He came to this city from Warren, Ohio, where he was born, November 29, 1864, a son of Matthias and Jane (McMullen) Christy. He was reared in Trumbull county, this State, educated at the public schools of Warren, one year at Hiram College, and finally graduated at the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, in 1887.

He then associated himself with the Equitable Life and the Pennsylvania Mutual Life Insurance Companies, representing the latter as special agent for Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee. This position gave him a thorough knowledge of the business, fitting him for the duties of general manager for such a State as Ohio. In 1888 he began operations for the United States Life Insurance Company of New York, at Warren, Ohio, taking charge of the eastern half of the State. About five months later he came to Cleveland and assumed the

management of the entire State. Before he took control the largest amount of business reached was about $100,000; during his first year he increased this to $1,300,000, and he has continued to increase the amount ever since. He has placed upward of 300 men in the field, adopting a system that has given a healthy impetus to the work; is a member of the Cleveland Fire Underwriters' Association, and is thoroughly imbued with the spirit of business, and is "up to snuff" on all points in his line. His office is located at 106 Euclid avenue. He is also a stockholder and one of the directors in the Standard Brick Company of Cleveland, which is one of the largest plants of the kind in the State.

He was married in Warren, Ohio, to Miss Jennie E. Bassett, daughter of H. P. Bassett of that city, and they have a son, named Taylor B. Their residence is at 95 Bell avenue, in the East End.

MROBINSON SWIFT, of the dry-goods house of William Taylor, Son & Company, Cleveland, has been associated with this house for the past four years, beginning in 1889.

He is a native of New York city, born January 6, 1861, a son of Edward L. and S. R. Swift, both of whom were from the oldest New England families, dating their American history as far back as 1635. The father was an extensive sugar-refiner.

Mr. Swift of this sketch at the age of seven years began to attend school in Vermont, completing his schooling at the age of seventeen. Then he became salesman for John L. Bremar & Company, dry-goods commission merchants of New York city, and continued with them for ten years; then, in 1889, he came to Cleveland as above stated, took an interest in the business of the house and assumed the management of the wholesale department. He is a resolute young man, of thorough business capacity and reliability, perfectly adapted to his position, to which he gives his entire attention.

He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, of the Union and Athletic Clubs and of the Presbyterian Church. Public-spirited, he is destined to make a permanent mark in the social and business circles of Cleveland.

ALLEN B. WARD, one of the Trustees of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Brighton, Lorain county, this State, November 11, 1846, son of Abram and Electa (Simmons) Ward, natives respectively of the town of Ashfield, Franklin county, Massachusetts, and the town of Perrington, Genesee county, New York. His parents were married in Olmsted, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and soon after their marriage settled in Brighton, Lorain county, where they lived a few years and from whence they came to Dover township, Cuyahoga county, where they have since resided. They had four children: Abigail, Allen B., Leroy and Frances.

Allen B. Ward was quite young when his parents removed to Dover township, and here he was reared and educated and has since remained. For sixteen years he was engaged in the sawmill business, and since then has carried on farming and has also worked at the carpenter's trade. He owns ten acres of land, upon which he has erected good buildings, and where he has a comfortable home in which he and his family reside.

Mr. Ward was married in Dover township, July 28, 1872, to Miss Helen Barry, who was born in Rockport township, this county, June 12, 1850, daughter of John and Ruth (Jordan) Barry. Her parents, both natives of New York, were married in the Empire State, and from there moved west to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, at an early day, and settled in Rockport township, where they lived for several years and from whence they removed to Dover township. Here her mother died in November, 1887. Her father

is still living. They had eight children, of whom Mrs. Ward was the seventh born. Mr. and Mrs. Ward have one child, Florence B.

Mr. Ward's political affiliations are with the Democratic party. He has served his township as its Trustee, Assessor and Clerk, the duties of all of which offices he has performed with the strictest fidelity. Personally, he is frank and cordial, and both he and his family have hosts of friends here.

GEORGE R. McKAY, Justice of the Peace, Cleveland, is a native of this city, born December 12, 1862, a son of Robert G. and Mary J. (Greenlees) McKay, natives of Scotland and both deceased. After his marriage, in his native land, the father became a sailor and was a navigator both on the ocean and on the lakes of America for a number of years. He settled in Cleveland in 1860, where he followed the occupation of machinist and millwright; and in 1870 he went to Chicago and was employed in the South Side rolling mills as machinist, where he was killed July 2, same year, leaving a wife and three children: Mary J., wife of L. J. Wortan, formerly of Cleveland, who died in Pittsburg in 1892; Nellie, who married Edwin D. Dean and died May 16, 1892; and George R.

When a lad of twelve years Mr. McKay was employed at the rolling mills at Newbnrg, and continued there until he was twenty-one years of age, meanwhile pursuing a course of study under the instructions of Miss Trobridge. Then, in 1883, he entered the Western Reserve Academy at Hudson, and gradnated there in 1885; then spent a year in special studies in higher branches at Oberlin College and at Ada, this State.

Striking out into business, he entered the employ of the Otis Steel Company, as assistant shipping clerk; in the spring of 1891 he became bailiff for the county sheriff, and during his service here he read law at night, under the supervision of the firm of Sherwood & Dennison; a year afterward he entered the United States marshal's office as deputy, where he remained until he graduated in law, June 6, 1889, when he was admitted to the bar at Columbus. Then, entering the law office of his former preceptors, he practiced there until he was elected Justice of the Peace in Cleveland, the only Democrat elected in the county, and that, too, when he was but twenty-six years of age, the youngest man ever elected to this office in this county. He entered upon his duties as Justice November 14, 1889; and November 7, 1893, he was re-elected to the office. All the spare time he has during the intervals of his official duties he devotes to the practice of his profession. After his term expires as Justice he expects to devote his whole time to legal practice.

In his society relations Mr. McKay is Past Grand of Cataract Lodge, No. 295, I. O. O. F., of the Cleveland Athletic Club, and of the Cleveland Gatling Gun Battery.

He was married November 8, 1893, to Miss May Kimberley, daughter of D. H. Kimberley, ex-County Treasurer, and they reside at 54 Belle avenue.

CHARLES WESLEY, proprietor of the Weddell House, Cleveland, has been a resident of this city since 1874, when he and his father took the management of this house, succeeding R. Gillett. He was born in Cazenovia, New York, in 1849, a son of George W. and Jane (Gee) Wesley, both of whom died in 1888. Five years prior to his death the elder Wesley purchased a country seat on the lake shore, where he died, having retired from active business some time before: he has been a resident of Cleveland fourteen years.

Mr. Charles Wesley was brought up in hotel life. When a lad of fifteen years he had charge of the office of the Bancroft House in Indianapolis, Indiana, and afterward of the Bates House

in the same city, and ever since 1883 he has had full control of the Weddell House. In 1887 he thoroughly remodeled the building, placed upon it an additional story, enabling him to accommodate 300 guests. He makes his home in the hotel. He has now been a hotel proprietor in this city longer than any other hotel or livery man here. He is vice president of the Cleveland Transfer & Carriage Company, a director of the Cleveland National Bank. He was initiated into Masonry in 1871, and has taken the thirty-second degree of the Scottish rite, and he is also a charter member of the Mystic Shrine, of the Cleveland Chapter, Holy Rood Commandery, Forest City Consistory and Alkoran Temple, N. M. S. He is also a director of the Roadside Club, member of the Union Club, vice president of the Cleveland Hotel-keepers' Association, member of the National Hotel-keepers' Association and of the Hotelmen's Mutual Benefit Association.

In 1870, in Saginaw, Michigan, he married Miss Hester Jerome, and they have two children,—Grace and George; the latter expects to enter Yale College next fall (1894).

M. A. HANNA.—Outside of political circles it is a rare thing to find a man whose reputation extends over so wide a scope of country as does that of M. A. Hanna of Cleveland, who is one of the city's most prominent, influential and deservedly honored citizens, and one of the foremost men of the Buckeye State. The business interests of Mr. Hanna are not confined to Cleveland or to Ohio, but are distributed over a wide territory, reaching into at least half a dozen different States, and are as diversified and important as they are extensive.

For half a century the Hanna family has been most closely identified with the commercial, financial, and industrial history of Cleveland, and its members during that time have contributed as much as those of any family toward the building up of the city and its many industries and institutions. Mr. Hanna's father, Dr. Leonard Hanna, was a leading citizen of New Lisbon, Ohio, until his removal to Cleveland in 1852, when he at once took rank with the prominent men of this city. He was one of the founders of the wholesale grocery house of Hanna, Garretson & Company, which was one of the largest and most important firms in that line in the city at that time, the partners being his brother Robert Hanna and Hiram Garretson, both of whom were then and later very prominent among the leading business men of the Forest City. This firm continued in successful business until 1863, and among the many ways in which it aided in building up the trade of Cleveland was the establishment of a line of vessels between this city and the then opening iron regions of Lake Superior.

M. A. Hanna is a native of Ohio and by birth and nature is in full accord with the best forms of Western Reserve thought and sentiment. He was born in New Lisbon, Columbiana county, on the 24th day of September, 1837, and it was in that county that his early boyhood was spent. He attended the schools of his native town, and upon his removal to Cleveland was given the full benefit of the city schools, and to the thorough public-school education he there obtained was supplemented a season at the Western Reserve College. His business career began in 1857, when he became an employee of the firm of which his father was a member. He continued with that firm and its successor, Robert Hanna & Company, until 1867, and during that time originated the Buckeye Oil Company, which he managed in connection with his other duties, thus giving evidence at that early age of the splendid business talents and capacity which have been so fully developed in later life.

On the 27th day of September, 1864, Mr. Hanna was married to Miss C. Augusta Rhodes, daughter of the late D. P. Rhodes, and three years later when the great pioneer iron and coal firm of Rhodes & Card retired from business, he became a member of its successor, the firm

of Rhodes & Company, the other members of which were Robert Rhodes and G. H. Warmington. They were heavy dealers in coal and iron and for a number of years did an extensive business, their mines being located in the Tuscarawas valley, while their trade extended all over the country. This firm was dissolved in 1885, being succeeded by that of M. A. Hanna & Company, of which Mr. Hanna became the senior member. This firm is still in business, and is one of the largest dealers in coal, iron ore and pig iron in Ohio, and as large as any in the West.

While Mr. Hanna's labors were for a number of years given to this great enterprise, he was and is interested in many ways in other lines of commercial and business activity. In 1872 he organized, in connection with other leading capitalists, the Cleveland Transportation Company, which built a line of steamers and their consorts for the Lake Superior iron-ore trade, and of this he has been a director from the first and was for several years its general manager, resigning the same when the other business interests grew to such an extent as to demand the most of his time. In 1881 he organized the West Republic Mining Company of Marquette county, Michigan, and was elected its president, which position, with that of director, he still holds. In 1882 he organized the Pacific Coal and Iron Company, with headquarters at St. Paul, Minnesota, was elected its president, and continues in the same position. He was a director in and vice-president of the Hubbell Stove Company of Buffalo. In 1882 he purchased a controlling interest in the West Side Street Railway Company, and with his usual enterprise and courage put money and management enough into it to make it a success. He was elected president of the company, and has remained at the head of that enterprise during its changes and consolidations. Mr. Hanna is a director of the Globe Iron Works, one of the largest shipbuilding concerns in the country, and to him as much as to any one man is due the credit of making Cleveland the largest shipbuilding point in the United States. He was one of the founders of the Union National Bank in 1884, and was elected one of its directors and president. This bank is one of the largest in the State, with a capital of $1,000,000, and its stock-holders comprise solid business men and capitalists of Cleveland. The people of Cleveland are indebted to Mr. Hanna for one of the handsomest houses of amusement in the West, as he is the builder and present owner of the Euclid Avenue Opera House, the leading theater of the city. In 1880, Mr. Hanna purchased an interest in the Cleveland Herald, a Republican newspaper which had been experiencing hard times for a number of years, and was chosen president of the Herald Publishing Company. His connection with this enterprise closed with its sale in 1885.

He is also interested in various enterprises and institutions in Cleveland and elsewhere, needless to mention here, as sufficient have been enumerated to show the extent and ramifications of his important business connections.

Mr. Hanna has always been a Republican and a believer in a tariff for the protection of American industry. He is one of those who believe that every business man should exercise the right influence in the conduct of affairs, believing in personal effort as a matter of right and duty, and he has been active in the politics of Ohio for a number of years, not a seeker after office but a seeker after good government administered by the best men. He is recognized to-day as one of the political leaders of the State, his advice and counsel being sought on all important occasions by those having in charge the various campaigns; and in this connection it may be said in the language of one of his friends, "M. A. Hanna is a power in Ohio politics, and he has always stood for clean and honest methods." In 1884 he was one of the delegates at large from the Republican State Convention to the National Convention in Chicago, and during that and the following years served in the Republican State Executive Committee of Ohio. In August of 1885 he was appointed by President Cleveland as one of the Govern-

ment Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad, a position unsought but accepted because it was an honorary one to which no salary was attached, and in which he could serve the public without the charge of personal motive. In the fall that year he was summoned to the West by reason of the labor troubles along the line, and gave several weeks to a careful and proper settlement of the question at issue, in connection with other directors of the road. In 1888 he was delegate to the Republican National Convention, and supported Senator John Sherman's candidacy before that convention. He labored zealously for the success of Senator Sherman, who is his warm personal friend, and to whom that gentleman owes, probably more than to any other man, his last election to the United States Senate. He is also one of Governor McKinley's warmest friends and advisers.

The best estimate of a man's powers and qualities can be found in the work he has done and in the repute in which he is held by those who know him well; and judged by these standards Mr. Hanna must be set down as a business man who has commanded the highest success while in the prime of life. He has done much for himself and his posterity, but more for Cleveland and her future. He aided in making Cleveland the largest ship-building city save one on the globe; he was instrumental in establishing one of her largest lines of lake vessels; he gave the city one of her best systems of street railways in the whole country; he gave her prominence in the coal and iron markets; he founded one of her largest and most substantial banking houses, and in a thousand ways has contributed to the growth and development of the city and her enterprises. He is one of the city's most public-spirited citizens, and is always to be found on the side of progress and in the front rank of all movements of a public and beneficial nature. His reputation as a financier is equal to that of the best in the State. He is bold and courageous in his moves upon the commercial chess-board, yet at the same time is sound and conservative. His honesty and honorable methods of business have never been questioned, and the association of his name with any enterprise generally secures the success of the same.

Mr. Hanna is an ideal citizen. He takes an interest in all that pertains to the city and her people; keeps himself in touch with all public and social questions. He is very charitable by nature and gives liberally to organized charity and to the poor and needy individually. He takes a great interest in hospital work, and is president of the Huron street hospital, to which he gives his personal attention. Personally he is pleasant and sociable in disposition, open to the approach of any one, and is a warm and steadfast friend. He is fond of company and is a magnificent entertainer, being in the height of his pleasure when surrounded by his guests.

A. H. BRAINARD, secretary of the National Union Photo-Engraving Company of Cleveland, was born in St. Paul, Minnesota, September 21, 1867, a son of Henry and Sarah (Hinkley) Brainard. His father died in 1883, and his mother is still living, a resident of Hazlehurst, Mississippi.

During his boyhood the subject of this sketch was a resident of several places, but educated mainly in the public schools of Brooklyn village, Cuyahoga county. At the age of fifteen years he went to Mississippi, where his father was living, the owner of a large plantation. The following year the latter came North, and died in Minnesota. Mr. A. H. Brainard managed the plantation four years, when he also began to entertain a desire to come North, namely, to Cleveland, at which place he arrived in 1887. In August of the next year he accepted a position as collector for the National Bank of Commerce of this city, and remained in connection with the bank for three years. He then purchased an interest in the National Photo-Engraving Company of this city, whose business was then owned by himself and W. A. McLaughlin until January 11, 1893, when they

formed a stock company, capitalized at $50,000, with W. A. McLaughlin president and treasurer, William Backus, Jr., vice president, and A. H. Brainard secretary. Their office is located on the corner of St. Clair and Ontario streets, where they employ a large force of men and turn out the finest class of photo-engraving, relief-line and half-tone work.

Although still a young man, Mr. Brainard has already become a well known figure in the business circles of Cleveland, is resolute, executive and in all his dealings honorable. In his fraternal relations he is a Royal Arch Mason, and in respect to religion he and wife are members of the Congregational Church. They reside in Brooklyn.

Mr. Brainard was married December 28, 1892, to Miss Pearl B. Prescott, daughter of William Prescott of this city.

JOEL M. MONROE, manufacturer of electrical goods, Cleveland, was born in Northampton, Massachusetts, September 4, 1851.

His father, Colonel Jonas Monroe, was a nephew of President Monroe, was in the frontier military service for eighteen years, including the period of the Seminole war, and was commissioned by General Winfield Scott as Colonel for the Mexican war, as commander of the Twenty-second Regiment of the National Guards of New York. Being an able attorney, he was for a time a member of the prominent law firm of Monroe, Wilkins & Korse of New York. He was the author of some of the best books published on the game of chess,—one, "The Success and Art of Chess," was published by the Scribners; and he also wrote a number of other works, one of the most important being unfinished when he died: its publication would probably have made him distinguished. He was educated at William and Mary's College, a classical scholar and a great linguist: was an able contributor to many of the leading journals of his time. He died in August, 1862, at the age of forty-two years. At the armory of the Twenty-second Regiment of New York is to be seen a life-sized portrait of him, taken when he was Captain of Company K, Sixth Infantry, and the late Lieutenant-General W. S. Hancock was his lieutenant. This is pointed out as indicative of the high esteem in which he was held by members of that regiment. He was of English and Scotch lineage, his ancestors coming to Virginia in the early part of the seventeenth century. He married Virginia Martin, a native of Massachusetts and a daughter of Dr. Martin, distinguished as a United States Army surgeon. She was educated at Mt. Holyoke, Massachusetts, her instructress in the classics being Miss Lyon, and she was a lady of sterling qualities of mind. She and her husband were members of the Episcopalian Church.

Their son, whose name heads this sketch, was educated in the public schools of New York, and then was engaged in the insurance business in New York city until 1871, after which he was traveling salesman until 1891, when he became interested in manufacturing in Cleveland, as general manager of the Steel Bolt Company, but afterward became the partner of Herbert S. Gray in the electrical manufacturing business.

In his political principles Mr. Monroe is a Republican, and in his fraternal relations he belongs to the orders of Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias and American Legion of Honor. He is also president of the Rialto Club of New York city, a member of Company I of the Twenty-second Regiment of New York, S. N. G., and of the Cleveland Grays.

DR. FRANK DOWD, dentist, No. 50 Euclid avenue, was born in Chautauqua county, New York, September 23, 1847, a son of Benjamin H. and Rhoda (Norton) Dowd, the former a native of Vermont, and the latter of New York. The father, a carpenter contractor and builder, came from Vermont

to New York in 1824, thence to Tioga county, Pennsylvania, and from there to Chautauqua county New York, in 1837. He was a pioneer in his business in that part of the State. He was a member of the Baptist Church for many years, dying May 3, 1879, at the age of seventy-one years. He was a useful man, extensively known and highly respected as a most worthy citizen. As a skilled workman in his line, no less than as an honored representative citizen, his death was mourned as a loss to the family, the community, and the church of his choice.

His father, B. Dowd, took part as a faithful soldier in the Revolutionary war. He was one of three brothers who came from England and settled in Vermont in the latter part of the seventeenth century. Our subject's mother, still living, was born in 1812. She is an honored resident of Cleveland and has been a life-long member of the Baptist Church. She bore her husband eight children, of whom four are now living, namely: Thirzah, widow of Chester Tanner, a farmer of Chautauqua county, New York: she has three children,—Arthur A., Rhoda and Rosabel; William E., a resident of Erie, Pennsylvania, connected with the mail service in that city: he married Julia Wheeler, and they have three children,—Edwin, John and Ada; Frank, our subject; and Dr. J. C. Dowd, of Cleveland.

The gentleman whose name introduces this sketch, was educated in Chautauqua, New York. He studied dentistry for several years before entering the dental college at Indianapolis, Indiana, at which he graduated in the class of 1885. He has practiced since 1872, for the most part in Jamestown, New York. He was demonstrator in the Indianapolis Dental College for some time.

Dr. Dowd came to Cleveland in 1885, and has been a successful practitioner here ever since. He is a skillful workman of much natural genius and is classed among the best dentists of the country; is thoroughly posted in his profession, is progressive in his views and in every way a good and enterprising citizen.

Socially Dr. Dowd is a member of the Uniform Rank of the Knights of Pythias. He is Colonel of the staff of General Carnahan, who is Major-General commanding the Uniform Rank of the K. of P. of the world. Dr. Dowd is a member of the Second Regiment of the Ohio Brigade, U. R. K. P.

Dr. Dowd was married January 6, 1877, to Miss Mary Campbell, daughter of Alexander and Agnes Campbell. The father died about 1873, at about fifty-five years of age. His wife died at about forty years of age. They were born, reared and married in Glasgow, Scotland, and came to the United States in 1858, settling in Pennsylvania. Mrs. Mary Campbell Dowd is a native of Scotland.

There were seven children in the Campbell family, two of whom died in early childhood. The living are; Alexander, a fruit-grower of North Carolina; Mrs. Dowd; Lizzie, wife of E. T. Newkirk, residing in Buffalo, New York; Don, residing in Baltimore, Maryland, connected with the Standard Oil Company; and Agnes, wife of E. F. Spalsbury, a resident of Bath, New York.

Dr. J. C. Dowd, dentist, of Cleveland, Ohio (brother of Dr. Frank Dowd), was born in Chautauqua county, New York, December 21, 1852, attended the select school in Panama, that State, completing a course in Mayville, same State. He attended a medical college two years, and practiced under a license of the State. In Cleveland he has practiced for seven years with very good success.

Dr. J. C. Dowd was married in 1873, to Miss Ella Rockwood, daughter of Deacon Rockwood of Union City, Pennsylvania. Dr. Dowd and his wife have five children, viz.: Fred E., a student in the city schools, Bennie, Frank C., Roy and Mabel.

Mrs. Dowd is a member of the Baptist Church, and Doctor of the Disciple. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias (the main lodge), also of the Maccabees; and he has been a member of several other societies. In politics he is a thorough Republican.

Dr. Dowd lived in Kansas from 1879 to 1886. He was engaged in contracting and building in that State, and while there was burned out, losing all. His location was Atchison. He was a member of the Atchison Flambeau Club that took part in the parade at St. Louis at the time of the "Unveiling of the Prophets." He carries a scar resulting from injuries received at that time, and the report came home that he was killed. The injury was caused by the accidental explosion of a bomb, by which five others also were injured. Dr. Dowd was carried to the hospital, as it was thought, in a dying condition.

DR. H. H. LITTLE, real estate dealer, residing at 1492 Euclid avenue, Cleveland, was born in Lamoille county, Vermont, in 1816. His parents, David and Lucy Little, were both natives of Litchfield, Connecticut. His father, a farmer by occupation, took part in the war of 1812, and died in Vermont, at the age of sixty-two years. He was a member of the Universalist Church, a body of people as noted for their strict morality and high sense of the golden rule as the Quakers. After his death the Doctor's mother came to Cleveland, where she spent the remainder of her days, dying at the age of eighty-eight years, in 1875, a sincere and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Dr. Little, the subject of this sketch, is the sixth of the eleven children in their family, and is the only one now living. An older brother, Dr. Lyman Little, was a physician practicing in Zanesville, Ohio, for many years, and later came to Cleveland, where he passed the remainder of his life.

Dr. Little, whose name introduces this sketch, was educated at Johnson (Vermont) Academy, graduated in medicine at the Ohio Medical College in 1844, and began practice at McConnellsville, this State. After following his profession there for twelve years, with marked success, he came, in 1856, to Cleveland; but here he engaged in real estate, finding that the city was bound to prosper for many years to come, and that dealing in realty was an easier method of earning a fortune than medical practice; and this business he has followed to the present time.

Dr. Little was first married at Sheldon, Vermont, to Miss H. M. Keyes, a daughter of Judge Ell N. Keyes, of that State. She died in 1875, aged sixty years, a member of the Episcopalian Church. Harriet L., the only daughter by this marriage, died at the age of ten years. The Doctor's second marriage took place in 1876, when he wedded Miss Laura Bascom, a native of Columbus, Ohio, and a daughter of W. T. Bascom, also of Columbus, and by this marriage there were two children: Hiram M. and T. Bascom, aged (1894) respectively sixteen and fourteen years. Dr. and Mrs. Little are members of the Unitarian Church, of which body he is a Trustee. It is well known to the public that there are no more intelligent and refined people in the world than the members of this church, and in this body the subjects of this sketch are exemplary workers. Dr. Little is a Republican in his political principles, but takes but little interest in "politics," as this term is generally understood. During the days of African slavery in the United States he was a conductor and station agent on the "Underground Railway." The Doctor is a pleasant-mannered, refined and popular gentleman, enjoying a home that any one might envy on account of its pleasant surroundings.

GEORGE FEUCHTER, of Feuchter Brothers, millers, Rockport Hamlet, is a son of the late Michel Feuchter. The parents were born in Germany, where they were married and at once emigrated to America, settling in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, Rockport township, where he died, November 17, 1886. The wife and mother still lives. They had

twelve children, seven of whom lived to grow up: George; Rosa (deceased); Gustoph, who was lost at sea while on a whale-fishing expedition; William; Anna; Frederick and Sarah.

George Feuchter was born in Rockport township, Cuyahoga county, March 21, 1849, where he was reared to manhood. He learned the carpenter's trade in Cleveland. For some fifteen years he followed his trade, also operating a threshing machine, and a portion of the time was engaged in farming. In April, 1887, in company with his brother, Frederick Feuchter, he bought the Rockport roller mills, and since then they have operated the mills under the firm name of Feuchter Brothers.

George Feuchter was married in Brooklyn, this county, December 21, 1875, to Miss Caroline Baumgartner, daughter of John and Caroline Baumgartner, and born in Cleveland, February 21, 1856. Mr. and Mrs. Feuchter are the parents of six children, five of whom are living,—Cora, William E., Nettie E., Nellie M. and Addison B. George died in infancy.

Mr. Feuchter has held the office of township Trustee for several years, and has also served for a number of years as School Director and as Constable; has taken quite an active part in local affairs, and is a Republican in politics.

JAY ODELL, senior member of the firm of Jay Odell & Sons, abstracters of land titles, conveyancing, etc., was born in Otsego county, New York, March 23, 1819. His parents, Eli and Amelia (Betts) Odell, were natives of Connecticut, and came with their family to Geauga county, Ohio, in 1828. The father was one of the prominent farmers of his community, was extensively known in his county, and carried the confidence of a large circle of acquaintances. He filled many positions of trust and confidence with great satisfaction to all concerned. He died after reaching the advanced age of eighty-one years. His wife departed this life several years later, at the age of eighty years. They were the parents of eight children, three of whom are still living: George, a resident of Minneapolis; Jay, the subject of this sketch; and LeGrand, of Chicago.

Jay Odell received but limited educational advantages. He assisted his father on the farm until 1852, and for the following six years was employed as clerk in the Auditor and Recorder's office of Cuyahoga county. Since that time he has been engaged in his present business. Mr. Odell made his own start in life, and is now recognized as one of the most reliable men in the county. He is genial, courteous, well informed, and a good and competent judge of business ventures. For many years he has held firmly to the principles as set forth in the Prohibition party. In April, 1869, Mr. Odell assisted in the organization of the party in this State, and in the fall of that year the National party was formed at Chicago, since which time he has been one of its staunch and influential supporters. Our subject was past the age to take part in the late civil war, but gave his best influence for a rigorous and successful prosecution of the same. He was one of the first to enroll in the company which was afterward called the Squirrel Hunters, who went to Cincinnati when that city was threatened by the Confederate forces in 1862. He was absent but one week, a time sufficiently long, however, to convince him he was past the age to take an active part or share his best efforts to save the nation on the tented field.

Mr. Odell was united in marriage with Miss Mary, a daughter of John and Mollie (Allen) Packard, all natives of Massachusetts. They located on a farm in Geauga county, Ohio, in 1830. Mr. Packard died from apoplexy at the age of fifty-nine years, and his wife lived to the advanced age of ninety-five years. They were the parents of nine children, three now living: Cordelia, wife of Austin Bisbee, of Greenwich, Connecticut; Lucien, a resident of Elyria, Ohio; and Mary, wife of our subject. Mr. and Mrs. Packard were devout and worthy members of

the Congregational Church in Massachusetts, but after coming to Ohio they united with the Presbyterian Church. Mr. and Mrs. Odell have had four children, namely: Howard, deceased at the age of six years; Arthur, a member of the firm of Jay Odell & Sons, married Jennie Bailey, and Howard is their only living child; Allen A., also a member of the above firm, married Miss Minnie Kreger, and their three children are: Arthur R., Margaret and Ina; Mary Ida, wife of James Robinson: they have two children,—Allen Jay and Clare W. Mr. and Mrs. Odell are members of the Congregational Church of Collinwood, in which the former has held the position of Deacon.

H. W. S. WOOD, a well-known business man of Cleveland, now retired, was born in England, August 4, 1845. He is a son of Stephen Wood, a native of London, England. He came to Hudson, New York, in 1848, and to Cleveland in 1849. Being by trade a mason, Mr. Wood at once identified himself with the city's growth and improvement as a contractor. He formed a partnership with one Davy, which was of brief duration. He became manager for W. P. Southworth, a sewer and paving contractor. Mr. Wood succeeded to the business of Mr. Southworth by purchase in 1865, at which time he launched out as a sewer contractor and paver. The next year the firm of S. Wood & Sons came into existence, his two older sons assuming a financial interest with him. This firm existed during the life-time of Mr. Wood and at his death in 1888 became Wood Bros. An enormous sewer mileage was built by this firm during its years of operation. For one decade five miles was the annual average besides the pieces of paved streets completed under their contracts.

Mr. Wood married Amelia Conil and became the father of four children: H. W. S., James, Charles and Walter.

H. W. S. Wood received a liberal school training and on beginning business for himself entered the employment of Wood, Perry & Company, lumber dealers, remaining two years. His next engagement was to enter into a partnership with his father, as previously mentioned, remaining actively in business until 1886, when he retired.

Mr. Wood was once elected a member of the Board of Education, and while serving in his official capacity was instrumental in securing the abolishment of corporal punishment from the schools by a resolution of the board. He was chairman of the building committee of the board, and, the city not feeling able to employ an architect, Mr. Wood drew plans and executed them as superintendent, in the construction of a number of buildings, saving the city a considerable item of expense thereby. Mr. Wood was twice elected to a membership on the Public Library Board, serving twice as its President. During his incumbency of the office he was influential in the adoption of the alcove system which has proven so beneficial to the institution. He also advocated establishing a branch library on the West Side. It was finally decided to try, and despite the petty drawbacks first encountered, this new branch is in a flourishing condition, exceeding even the expectations of the most sanguine members of the board.

Mr. Wood was first married in 186–, to Hattie Smith, of Livingston county, New York. Nine children were born of this union: Eleanor, May, Hattie, Maud, Libbie, Irene, Pearl, Harry and Charles. In 18— Mrs. Wood died. In 1889, February 26, Mr. Wood took in marriage Miss Clark, of Oberlin, Ohio, Principal of the Waverly Avenue School of Cleveland. Mrs. Wood graduated from Oberlin College and is a teacher of long experience.

Mr. Wood is a Director of the Arcade Savings Bank, of the West Side Savings Bank, of the Western Reserve Building and Loan Association, and of the Riverside Cemetery Association.

Although long retired from business Mr. Wood manifests a deep interest in the welfare of Cleveland and her institutions, and is found in the front rank of her progressive and prosperous men.

JAMES M. COGSWELL is one of the venerable citizens of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Indeed, he is probably one of the oldest settlers in the county. A record of his life is herewith presented.

James M. Cogswell was born in New London county, Connecticut, September 1, 1800, and in that county spent thirty years of his life. His father, William Cogswell, was the owner of a large farm and was engaged in agricultural pursuits up to the time of his death. James M. was reared to farm work, and remained at home and assisted his father until the latter's death, after which he went to Norwich and engaged in the mercantile business for some three years. Like many other ambitious and enterprising young men, he had a desirous to "go west," and the summer of 1834 found him on a prospecting tour through Ohio and Michigan. Pleased with the former State, he selected Cuyahoga county as a desirable location, and in Parma township purchased a tract of land, between ninety and a hundred acres. He then returned to Connecticut for his family and in the fall of that year came with them to their new home. His land was at that time nearly all covered with a dense forest, and the work of developing a farm and establishing a home here was no little undertaking. But these brave pioneers knew no obstacle which they could not overcome, and as the years rolled by Mr. Cogswell's place, under his well directed efforts, assumed a different appearance. To-day he has a comfortable home and can view with pardonable pride his well cultivated fields.

Of his private life, we record that he has been twice married. His first marriage was in Griswold, Connecticut, to Charlotte Coit, a native of that State. They had three children, only one of whom reached adult years—Jane, wife of Rev. C. B. Stevens, who died in Brecksville, Ohio, leaving one son. This son, William C. Stevens, is in the ministry, and is now a resident of Los Angeles, California. Mr. Cogswell married his present wife, whose maiden name was Mary H. De Witt, in Norwich, Connecticut, October 8, 1833. She was born at that place, January 14, 1815. They have had seven children, two of whom died in infancy. The others are as follows: Charlotte C., who is the widow of Thomas Whittlesey; H. DeWitt, who married Miss Martha A. Bartlett, lives in Parma township; Anna E., wife of Frank W. Brown, died in Wood county, Ohio, in November, 1878; James H., a business man of Cleveland, Ohio; and Alfred W., engaged in business in Akron, Ohio.

Mr. Cogswell took a prominent part in local affairs here some years ago and held several important township offices. He and his wife have been members of the Presbyterian Church at Parma ever since its formation.

Such is a brief sketch of the life of a worthy pioneer.

P. A. PATTERSON, chief engineer of the motive power of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company and a master at his trade, was born in Copenhagen, Denmark, May 11, 1850, and from the age of thirteen years was a student, apt and intelligent, laying the foundation for a liberal education. His father, who died in 1858, was a merchant, but only in moderate financial circumstances; and had his wife not been of force more than ordinary his two orphan children might have been thrown upon the world ignorant and penniless.

At the age of thirteen years Mr. Patterson went as a sailor before the mast in the Danish and English merchant trade, and after a time

he went aboard a fruiter plying between Italian ports and St. Petersburg; next he shipped on a bark from Nova Scotia to Archangel, and then reshipped to Buenos Ayres, South America, where he happened to be present during the war between Buenos Ayres and Uruguay. On his return voyage he stopped at the port of Bahia, Brazil. While homeward bound he encountered a severe storm in which fore, mizzen and top masts were lost, the supply of provisions was exhausted and the crew were compelled to subsist on raw sugar for seven days, with which the vessel was loaded; but the gale was finally weathered, and the trip to Falmouth, England, completed in seventy-two days.

Next Mr. Patterson shipped from Liverpool to Alexandria, Egypt, stopping at Gibraltar, Malta, and other important ports. His first trip to the United States occurred in 1872, when he went ashore at New York and joined the marching procession of Grant's supporters when the general was a candidate for his second term That fall he boarded a coffee clipper for Rio Janeiro and returned to New Orleans with a cargo of coffee. Then for four years and seven months he was in the employ of the Cunard line, making eleven voyages annually between America and Europe,—a total of 100 trips across the Atlantic. Next he was Captain of a gravel schooner in Boston harbor, and then he left salt water and was engaged in the lake trade, on many vessels and in various capacities from cook to mate.

Then he left navigation altogether, in 1875, and entered the employ of Rhoades & Company, of Ashtabula, as stationary engineer, when only six trains were running out of those docks daily, with ore. Eight years afterward he removed to Cleveland and was engineer for Hitchcock & Company at their ore docks and remained five years. Next he was temporarily with G. C. Julier, the leading baker, before joining the Cleveland Electric Company in 1888. Here he has charge of a number of men, and is responsible for the care of much valuable property. He is very efficient and reliable.

His father, Paul Patterson, left only two children, the other than our subject being Caroline, the wife of Jans Jansen of Copenhagen. In March, 1889, Mr. Patterson married, in Cleveland, Mina Collins, an American lady born in New Jersey. He is a director of a benefit association, for employees, and was made a Mason in England twenty years ago. In 1882, after an absence of sixteen years, he visited his old home, and his mother again in 1887, thus renewing his acquaintance with old ocean as well as the scenes of his childhood.

ALBERT W. DE FOREST, son of Tracy R. de Forest, deceased, was born in Cleveland, August 3, 1849, attended the Rockwell street school and graduated there when about fifteen years of age; but, instead of entering the high-school and completing the full public-school course, he launched out on his business career. For about a year he was a boy of all work for E. Decker, a photographer; next he was collector for the Merchants' National Bank under President T. P. Handy, and rose through various positions to that of paying teller in the six years of his service there.

For several months succeeding his departure for the West, he traveled about on a tour of inspection and pleasure combined, visiting Omaha, Nebraska; St. Joseph, Missouri; Council Bluffs, Iowa, etc., finally alighting at Hannibal, Missouri, where he entered into an engagement with the C. O. Godfrey Association, coal dealers and miners through the States of Illinois, Missouri, Iowa and Kansas. In a short time Mr. de Forest was made the company's traveling auditor, and of the nine years he was so engaged he spent two years at Fort Scott, Kansas, and two and a half in Des Moines, Iowa. He returned to Cleveland in 1880, remaining a year and a half, and then again went West, locating this time in Quincy, Illinois, engaging again in the coal business. In September,

1883, he again returned to Cleveland, and on the 11th of that month married Miss Delinda J. Stacey, and they resided at Quincy until 1888, and since that year they have been permanent residents of this city. Mr. De Forest engaged as an accountant and bookkeeper until April 27, 1891, when he was employed by Sterling, Welch & Company.

Mrs. De Forest was a daughter of Leroy Stacey, who died many years ago, leaving three children: Mrs. De Forest, Miss Louise and George A., accountant for the Brown Lumber Company. The mother of these children is now the wife of William Norsworthy of Cleveland. Mr. and Mrs. De Forest's children are Tracy Leroy and Lee Hewitt.

Mr. De Forest is a Knight Templar, being a member of Des Moines Chapter and Commandery.

HENRY KRATHER, one of the trustees of Parma township, was born in Germany, October 20, 1845, as a son of Ludwig and Magdalena (Rielhaller) Krather. They emigrated to America early in the '50s and settled in Brooklyn township, afterward removing to Parma township, where the father died May 31, 1891. The mother still survives. They had two children: Henry, and Sophia, the wife of Philip Kuntz.

Henry Krather was quite young, being about five years old, when his parents brought him to America, and was reared to manhood in Brooklyn and Parma townships, chiefly in Parma. He received a common-school education, and at fourteen years of age left home to learn the butchering business in Cleveland, and this business he has since followed, in connection with farming.

Mr. Krather was married in what is now South Brooklyn, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, December 7, 1866, to Miss Elizabeth G. Pfeiffer, who was born in Parma township, May 9, 1851. She is a daughter of Philip and Susan (Reehl) Pfeiffer, both natives of Germany, where the father was born December 6, 1825, and the mother February 19, 1826. They were married August 8, 1850, in Cuyahoga county, and settled in Parma township, where they have since been residents. They had eight children, two sons and six daughters. Mrs. Krather was the eldest of the family.

Mr. and Mrs. Krather since their marriage have resided on the farm where they now make their home. This consists of seventy-five acres, furnished with a nice set of buildings. Our subject and his wife are the parents of four children, three of whom are living: Katie A., Susie M. and Permelia E. The name of the deceased child is Ella M., who was the wife of Matt. Koblentzer. She died in Cleveland, Ohio, February 25, 1892.

Mr. Krather has had the office of Trustee for several years. He has also held the office of Township Treasurer for two years, and has served as School Director. He takes quite an active part in all local affairs, and is connected wit the Democratic party. Mr. and Mrs. Krather are members of the Presbyterian Church.

OLNEY P. LATIMER, a prominent citizen of Brecksville township, was born October 2, 1836, in Rock Creek, Ashtabula county, Ohio. His father, Austin Latimer, was born July 4, 1807, in New York; and the father of the latter, William Latimer, came to Ashtabula county when that section was an unbroken wilderness. Austin was fourteen years of age when his father came to Ohio, and became a great hunter. At the early age of fifteen years he killed nineteen deer in three days, three of which he killed from the cabin door of his home. Amid such wild pleasures, alternating with many privations and monotonous periods of pioneer life, was he reared to manhood.

Purchasing fifty acres of his father's place, he made it his home for a time. On this farm

a portion of the village of Rock Creek now stands. In 1838 he moved to the vicinity of Rome, same county. He died in 1848, as the result of over-exertion in expelling an idiot from the church, whose interrogation of the minister rendered such action necessary. He was buried in the cemetery at Rock Creek, Ashtabula county. In his political principles he was a zealous Whig and anti-slavery man. In Lenox township, Ashtabula county, he married Evaline Church, who was born in Cattaraugus county, New York, October 11, 1814, a daughter of Elijah and Jemima Church, who came to Lenox township, Ashtabula county, in 1830. After Mr. Latimer's death she married W. P. Holt, and by that marriage there was one child, William, now of Pekin, Illinois. Mr. Holt died, and his widow now lives with her daughter Adelaide at Rock Creek. She has been a member of the Methodist Church ever since its organization there.

Mr. Austin Latimer's children are: Adelaide C., born August 11, 1824, in Rock Creek, is now Mrs. David Baldwin; and Olney P., our subject, also born in that place. In Rome, same county, the following were born: Eleanor, December 2, 1841, who is now the wife of John Webb of Rock Creek; Neima, born August 22, 1846, yet unmarried.

The gentleman whose name heads this memoir was thrown upon his own resources at the early age of fourteen years, when he began to contribute to the support of his mother and sisters. At eighteen he hired out as a tender for a mason, John Foot, and gradually picked up the mason's trade. Later he followed the trade on his own account.

After his marriage in 1836 he rented a home in the village of Rock Creek, and followed his trade in summer and worked in a tannery in winter. Afterward he moved to Geneva, that county, next to Austinburg, same county, and then, in 1860, rented the home farm and moved upon it. He had a desire to own the home place, but the intervention of the war changed his plans.

He enlisted for the Union, with the three-months men, in Company A, Twenty-eighth Regiment; but as there were too many volunteers the married men were dismissed. August 22, 1862, in Chardon, Ohio, he enlisted in Company E, One Hundred and Fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, under Captain Byron Canfield. This regiment left Cleveland on the 21st of that month for Covington, Kentucky, to cover the retreat of Nelson after his defeat at Richmond by Joseph E. Johnston. Then the regiment moved south and skirmished at Hoover's Gap and Perryville, at which latter place the engagement was disastrous, and Mr. Latimer received three wounds, but went forward and assisted a surgeon in the work of amputation, etc. Next he was detailed to Antioch hospital for five weeks, and then rejoined his regiment at Greenville, Kentucky. He therefore, with his regiment, participated in the engagements at Stone river, Murfreesborough, Chickamauga, Chattanooga, Missionary Ridge, Atlanta campaign, Peach Tree creek, the siege of Atlanta, etc. On the night of August 31, 1864, his company marched around to the right and struck Atlanta and Montgomery, whence the destruction of the railroad to Jonesboro was effected. At the latter place, on the next night,a shell struck his left leg midway between knee and ankle, and at the same time struck a log a foot distant, and a comrade named Williams was torn all to pieces! Also the explosion of the same shell fatally wounded two others. Mr. Latimer had to have his limb amputated, and two days later he rode twenty-one miles in an ambulance in order to reach the general field hospital at Atlanta! From September 1 to November 8 he lay there, and was then moved to Chattanooga, where he remained until the 14th. Next he was taken to Nashville and remained there from November 16 to 18, when he was furloughed home. January 18, 1865, he went to Cleveland, where he was discharged March 7, 1865.

Going to Geauga county, where his wife was living with her parents, he remained there till

Augnst, when he moved to Brecksville village, where he conducted the hotel nntil 1871, and then he moved to his present location, where he has a pleasant home, on ten acres of land, which he takes a pleasnre in cnltivating. He also does some small jobs of miscellaneons work. In politics he is a zealons Republican. He is a successful manager of business affairs, progressive, public-spirited, well known and highly respected.

In May, 1856, he married Lemira Mowry, who was born in March, 1834, in Montville, Geauga county, a daughter of George A. and Mary (Spencer) Mowry, of old New England families, who settled in Ohio in 1832. Mr. and Mrs. Latimer have two children, besides the care of Myra E. Rinz ever since she was three years old. This girl is an interesting child, and her foster parents snpply her with every necessity and lnxury their own children enjoy.

JONAS COONRAD, a representative citizen of Brecksville township, was born March 11, 1837, in Rensselaer county, New York. His father, Jacob Coonrad, was a farmer and carpenter by trade, married Mary Wager, and they spent their lives in New York. At the age of eighteen years he began to learn the trade of molder in the Wager stove foundry at Troy, New York. After three years' work there, abont 1857, he came to Cleveland, Ohio, where he was employed as clerk by an older brother, Jeremiah, in mercantile business. At the end of two years he went to Quincy, Illinois, which was at that time a thriving city, and followed his trade there seven years in a stove foundry. In the fall of 1865 he married and located. At the end of a year he returned to Cleveland and entered the grocery business in company with his brother, and so continned for a year and a half. Next he settled in the southeast corner of Brecksville township, purchasing a farm of 300 acres, one of the best farms in the township. Although he had had but a limited experience in farming he soon adapted himself to his new vocation and proved a success. He has improved the place in many ways, having erected in 1875 an elegant brick residence, which from its snperb natnral elevation commands a grand view of the beantiful Cuyahoga coursing within a short distance, and some years ago starting a cheese factory and conducting it nntil the completion of the Valley Railroad to Cleveland made that market more accessible to the community in which he resides than before.

Originally, Mr. Coonrad was a Democrat in his views of general politics, bnt slavery scenes on the eastern border of Missouri where he lived for a short time so disgusted him that he turned Republican, and for the principles of this party he has ever since been an ardent advocate. However, he takes no active part in the office-seeking efforts of others. He is an attendant at the Methodist Episcopal church, to which he liberally contribntes.

In the autumn of 1865, as before stated, in Quincy, Illinois, he was nnited in marriage with Miss Catharine Morten, a danghter of David and Susannah (McKay) Morten. She was born in Brecksville township, on the same farm where she and her husband now lives and which they own. Their children are: Jessie, now the widow of Fred. Knapp; Kitty, at home; and an infant who died in Quincy.

WILLIAM BROWNELL SANDERS was born in Cleveland, September 21, 1854. His parents removed from Cleveland to Jacksonville, Illinois, when he was quite young, and his early life was passed there. When prepared for college, he entered Illinois College, at Jacksonville, Illinois, and graduated from that institntion in 1873. Subseqnently he entered Albany Law School, from which institntion he graduated in 1875, and was shortly thereafter admitted to the bar of the State of New York. In August, 1875, he came to

Cleveland, Ohio, and within a short time thereafter became associated in the practice of the law with the Hon. Stevenson Burke. This association continued for some years, when the firm of Burke, Ingersoll & Sanders was formed. In February, 1888, Mr. Sanders was appointed by Governor Foraker Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga county, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge McKinney. At the next annual election, he was nominated without opposition as the Republican candidate for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and elected, serving as Judge until January, 1890, at which time he resigned and resumed the practice of the law as a member of the firm of Squire, Sanders & Dempsey, of which firm he is still a member.

ROBERT W. HENRY, of Parma township, was born in Naples, Ontario county, New York, July 24, 1811, a son of John and Emma (Kinney) Henry. The father was a native of New York and the mother of Pennsylvania. They emigrated to Cleveland from Canada, opposite Buffalo, in the spring of 1818. They settled in Cleveland, where the father was engaged as a carpenter and millwright. He died about 1823 and his widow afterward married a Mr. Stone. She died in Kenosha, Wisconsin.

John Henry was the father of three sons and four daughters. Robert W. was the third of the family. He was about seven years of age when the family removed to Cleveland, and about twelve when his father died. His mother returned to Ontario county, New York, with the younger members of the family, and Robert was bound out to Henry L. Nobles till he was twenty-one years old, to learn the carpenter's trade. He continued with Mr. Nobles as foreman for some time after he had reached his majority, and then carried on his trade on his own account in Cleveland for some twelve years, when he traded property in the city for the farm which is now his home, and where he has resided since the spring of 1843. Until about 1885 he followed his trade in connection with farming. He owns 125 acres of land and has made upon it valuable improvements.

Mr. Henry was married in Ohio City (now West Side, Cleveland), January 24, 1835, to Frances P. Castle, who was born in York, Upper Canada, January 25, 1816. They had twelve children, namely: William M.; Jefferson T., deceased; Harrison F., who was killed at the battle of Chickamauga, September 20, 1863; he was a member of Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Regiment Ohio Volunteer Infantry; Robert M., deceased; Mary D., wife of Dr. Martin Clark, of Nebraska; a daughter who died in infancy; Henry C.; Frances E., deceased, wife of Rev. Parker Pope; John C.; Julia F., wife of Eugene Wray; Sadie E., wife of Jacob Schaffer; Susie L., deceased, and Nellie L., the wife of Henry Kuntz. Mrs. Robert W. Henry died the last of November, 1881.

Mr. Henry has held some of the minor offices in the township, and has taken a good degree of interest in all local affairs.

JACOB PFEIFFER, who owns and occupies a nice little farm in Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was reared to farm life, has always followed this occupation, has been fairly successful and is now the owner of thirty-three acres of good land, upon which he has erected nice buildings and where he is comfortably situated.

Mr. Pfeiffer was born in the township in which he now lives, November 21, 1853, third in the family of eight children,—two sons and six daughters,—of Philip and Susan (Reehl) Pfeiffer, the former born in Germany, December 6, 1825, the latter, also a native of Germany, born February 19, 1826. They were married in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, August 8, 1850, and after their marriage settled in Parma township, where they still reside.

The subject of sketch remained with his parents until his marriage, which event occurred in Brooklyn township, this county, October 16, 1884, to Miss Lizzie Hoehn. She was born in Parma township, September 21, 1862, daughter of Jacob and Lizzie (Usinger) Hoehn, residents of Brooklyn township. Her father was born in Germany, August 15, 1842, and her mother in this township, August 4, 1844. Mrs. Pfeiffer is the oldest of their five children, and their only daughter.

HON. MILO S. HAYNES, well known throughout northeastern Ohio, is a resident of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county. He was born and reared in the township in which he has ever since resided and in which he is now an honored resident, his birth having occurred July 14, 1830. His ancestry is traceable back to Walter Haynes, who came to this country from Wales, settling in Boston in 1639.

Mr. Haynes' father, the late Abijah Haynes, was born in Vermont, March 12, 1806, and his mother, *nee* Roxanna Stevens, a native of Massachusetts, was born March 18, 1806. They came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, with their parents when children, in the neighborhood of 1816, and here they grew up. They were married in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio, in 1829, and soon after their marriage settled in Strongsville township on the farm now owned and occupied by the subject of this sketch. Here they spent the residue of their lives, honored and respected by all who knew them. Mrs. Haynes died September 14, 1856, and Mr. Haynes, after surviving her a number of years passed away on the 14th of September, 1887. They had four children, of whom Milo S. is the oldest.

Milo S. Haynes improved the opportunities afforded him for an education, and at the early age of seventeen taught school one term. After that he turned his attention to work at the blacksmith trade, at which he was engaged for three years. Since then he has devoted his energies to farming and has also dealt in stock to some extent. His farm comprises a hundred acres of fine land.

Mr. Haynes was married in Parma township, this county, April 9, 1862, to Miss Elizabeth Hobbs, who was born in England, February 17, 1833. They are the parents of three children: Florence R., wife of Ellsworth Sanderson, of Cleveland; and Tamzen E. and Josephine, both popular and successful teachers.

Politically, Mr. Haynes has been identified with the Republican party ever since it was organized, and has rendered it much efficient service. He has filled various local offices, and in the fall of 1891 was elected on the Republican ticket to a seat in the Seventieth Ohio General Assembly.

CLARENCE C. HODGMAN, one of the respected farmers of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is the youngest in the family of Robert and Julia A. Hodgman. He was born in this township July 31, 1855, was reared here on his father's farm, and in this township he has spent the whole of his life, with the exception, however, of one year, when he was a resident of Brooklyn township, also in this county. All his life he has been engaged in agricultural pursuits. He owns seventy-five acres of well-improved land, upon which he has erected a nice set of farm buildings.

Mr. Hodgman was married in Parma township, December 6, 1877, to Miss Emmet Humphries. She was born in this same township, August 30, 1855. Her father, the late Henry Humphries, was a native of England. Her mother, *nee* Caroline Day, also a native of England, was born in Gloucestershire, November 14, 1823. They were married in England and came to America in 1849, their first settlement here being in Cleveland. A year later they came to Parma township, where her father

spent the residue of his life and passed away, and where her mother still resides. They had four children, of whom Mrs. Hodgman was the third born. Mr. and Mrs. Hodgman are the parents of three children: Alice M., Harvey H. and Elsie E.

Mrs. Hodgman has been a member of the Presbyterian Church from her girlhood.

JOHN. T. WATTERSON.—One of the oldest and best-known builders of Cleveland is John T. Watterson, whose history as such begins away back in the '40s, when there was only one steam engine in the city, and when the city limits bounded a village of a few hundred people.

Mr. Watterson was born in Cuyahoga county, February 12, 1828. His father, Wm. Watterson, settled on a farm there the year before. His birthplace was on the Isle of Man. He was a prominent representative citizen, active in everything conducive to the best interests of the county. He neither sought nor held public office, nor had he any history as a military man. He belonged to a training company in those good old days, and supported Henry Clay for President. He married Ann Sayde, by whom eleven children were born, and all lived to maturity. They were John T., William, Mrs. Sarah Payne, Moses G. (President of the Dime Savings Bank of Cleveland), Harrison, Joshua, Henry, Caesar, Edward, Robert and Charles. Caesar was killed in the engagement at Good Hope Church during the civil war. John T. Watterson secured only a very meager education. His opportunities were not good, being confined to an attendance at school during the winter season only. He was apprenticed early in life to J. J. Lewis, of Newburg, to learn the carpenter's trade. On completing this and not finding an over-abundance of work, he decided to try his hand at contracting, taking for his first contract, in 1857, the building of the National Oil Mills. It is interesting to note the number of the structures, and also the character of many of them, erected by his hand (so to speak) since then,—the buildings of the Rolling Mills, Otis Steel Company, Cleveland Iron Company, Cleveland Rolling Mill Company, Plate Mill, the wire, flour, and the Union Mills, at Newburg, the Emma Blast Furnace, Lampson & Sessions Nut and Bolt Works, Upson Nut Company's Works, Collins Nut and Bolt Works, Riverside Foundry, Maher & Brayton's Wheel Works, Lake Shore Foundry, the Powell Tool Company, Cleveland Spring Company, American Wire Company, Warner & Swasey's Telescope Works, Standard Sewing Machine Company's Works, and Cleveland City Forge and Iron Company's Works. He built the Valley Furnace at Sharon, Pennsylvania, the Alliance Steel Works, and many others. Important industries at Cleveland are sheltered by structures of Mr. Watterson's building. It will be noticed that his work has been confined chiefly to heavy building, yet some quite expensive residences might be mentioned as a credit to his workmanship.

Mr. Watterson is a member of the Builders' Exchange and Employing Carpenters' Association. In 1879 he was a member of the City Council of Cleveland, and did good service and made a useful and conscientious public servant.

In 1853 Mr. Watterson married, in this county, Margaret, a daughter of Robert Crennell, a Manxman, who settled in Cuyahoga county in 1827. Eight children are born of this union.

E. E. MORSE, general manager of the Morse Detective Agency of North America, with the main office in the Society for Savings building, Cleveland, was born at Virgil, Cortland county, New York May, 31, 1850, a son of Joseph C. Morse, who was a farmer in New York State during his early life. In 1852 the father brought his little family to Michigan, where he soon afterward entered the employ of the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana

Railroad, which was just being completed, being located at Three Rivers, Michigan, as their agent for eleven or twelve years, and opening and closing that branch of the road while there. He was next associated with William Griffiths in private banking and in milling. In the bank was a large safe, which seemed to be burglar-proof, but one morning they found it blown open and the contents gone! This event financially crippled Mr. Morse, although the business of the bank was continued until the "flour panic" of 1869. Soon after the robbery Mr. Morse was called to Toledo, where he was employed as trainmaster, then to Detroit, as agent of the company, which position he left on account of being compelled to work on Sundays. He then took charge of a train from Chicago to Toledo as conductor, on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, and was subsequently requested to return to Three Rivers, where he had formerly been agent. His family were located there, and the mill was still in progress, under the management of William Griffiths, and this they conducted together until the "flour panic" of 1869, spoken of, when the business went down, and Mr. Morse was again left a "financial wreck."

He next accepted a position as traveling agent for the South Shore Fast Freight Line, and shortly afterward he was appointed general agent at Toledo, and soon after that again his son, our subject,—who had some experience in detective work, was placed on the line ostensibly as traveling agent, but in reality to look after claims, etc. As traveling agent the father is still in the service of the same line, which is now known as the Erie & Pacific Despatch, the South Shore Division, and the Great Western Despatch Division,—all of which have been consolidated. He travels an average of 60,000 miles annually. Although seventy years of age he is a man well preserved and as able to fulfill his station as ever.

Mr. E. E. Morse, whose name introduces this sketch, was a lad about twelve years of ago when the bank robbery noted took place, and he took great interest in looking up the mystery, in order to obtain clues to the criminals, which he at length was successful in discovering, and which led to their capture and conviction. Thus encouraged, he thereafter made detective work a systematic study. He traveled with his father a great deal, rapidly learning the ways of the world. At the age of sixteen years he entered the Highland Military Academy at Worcester, Massachusetts, where he spent two years, when he came to Cleveland, accepted a position on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Fast Freight Line, and still continued to develop his talent for detective service.

In 1871, after the great Chicago fire, he was temporarily thrown out of his position on the railroad, and, taking a sleeper on his way to Cleveland, he happened to occupy a berth with the mayor of this city, Mr. Pelton, who at once offered him a place on the police force, which he accepted. Being a man of fine physique, weighing some 275 pounds and being six feet tall, dressing well, etc., he was immediately placed in a responsible position. Six days after he commenced his duties he was made drill-master of the police force, and continued in that department of the city government for ten years, although at first he intended to remain only through the first winter! After a few months he became so proficient in his work that he gave a drill in the rink for the entertainment of the public.

The following spring, when the police commission was formed, he was placed on patrolman's duty for a few weeks only, and then he rapidly rose, overstepping others and being appointed lieutenant of the force, which he held until he resigned his position on the police force altogether. His strict discipline while drill-master, his rapid rise to the head of the department, etc., naturally caused dissension among the envious, but he proved himself to be one of the most popular men ever on the Cleveland force. Mr. Morse is a sure "shot" with the revolver, being able with it to cut a telegraph wire from the top of the highest building.

After his resignation in Cleveland he went to Buffalo, New York, and accepted a position ostensibly as an employee in ordinary work for a company. After accomplishing his work for them, and finding things becoming "warm," he accepted the position as chief of police of Toledo, Ohio, where he found all the opposition imaginable, occasioned of course by his being "imported." However, he satisfactorily completed his task there, being "chief" in every respect. He reorganized the force, and after getting matters in good shape he resigned and "jumped" to San Francisco, California, where he accepted a position under Detective Lees, the oldest detective on the coast, for outside work. Mr. Morse was placed on work for all transcontinental and steamship lines terminating at San Francisco. Next he went to New Mexico and later to old Mexico, where he did much in his line. During the three years 1882 to 1885 he covered a vast amount of territory. In the latter year he located in Chicago, where he was engaged by the Pinkerton Detective Company for a short time, acting as drill-master for about 800 men during the great Stock Yards strike; and next for a year he was with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, where he started in again on his own account,—first in Kansas City, then in Denver, etc.

During this period he married a Cleveland lady, for whose health the altitude of Denver proved too great, and they returned East, stopping in Detroit, Michigan, in April, 1889. Purchasing the store of George L'Homedean, he engaged temporarily in mercantile business, but in the fall he opened a detective agency in the old Walker block and did a successful business. On the 1st of April, 1891, he moved to Cleveland, changing his headquarters to this city, meanwhile retaining the office in Detroit, where he has a suite of several rooms on the second floor of the Walker block, with four entrances and all conveniences for a first class office. He is therefore well prepared to transact all kinds of detective work. On coming here he brought with him two men, a woman and a boy, to aid in the work, and he has since increased his force of talent, and can supply all demands in his line. He runs the business systematically and thoroughly. Having read law two years, in the office of Brinsmade & Stone, he finds that the knowledge thus gained is of great aid. In 1893 he organized the Morse Detective Agency of North America, with a capital of $50,000: E. E. Morse, president.

In social matters Mr. Morse is a member of the Sons of the Veterans of the Revolution, and in politics is a Republican.

HON. JOSEPH C. BLOCH.—Precedence in any of the several professional lines, to whose following both pre-eminent as well as mediocre ability has been given, can be attained by no side path, but must be gained by, must be the result of, subjective and native talent, supplemented by the closest application and a breadth of intellectuality that will render possible the ready and practical use of mere theoretical knowledge. Among the large number who essay the achievement of honor and preferment in technical professions the percentage of failures is far in excess of that of successes,—a fact that but lends succinct proof of the statements just made.

An attorney of high reputation and one successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in the city of Cleveland, is he whose name initiates this biographical sketch. He was born in Hungary, October 24, 1856, the son of Edward and Lena Bloch. Though the dawn of his life was ushered in far from the scene of his present field of labor, yet so soon did he leave the land of his nativity that in sympathy, loyalty and close identification he could scarcely be more clearly a "child of the republic" than he is of the land where he has passed the major portion of his life. He came to the United States when a lad of nine years, and in his boyhood was accorded the privileges

of the common schools in the vicinity of his home. Just at that time when his character was in a formative state, and when such a test would prove the mettle of his composition, the youth was thrown upon his own resources. Undismayed by the unpropitious front presented by fortune, he went bravely forth "with a heart for any fate," accepting whatever work he could find to do, in the meanwhile struggling to improve every opportunity which could aid him to attain one great desideratum, a good education. He was ambitious and determined to fit himself for a professional career. He was not even a casuist in his youth, and soon decided upon the exact course to which he should bend his energies. He determined to prepare himself for the practice of law, and in due time was enabled, by frugality and self-denial, to matriculate at the law school of Cleveland, completing his technical studies in the University of Iowa in 1879. He had educated himself both in a literary and professional way by defraying his incidental expenses by his own earnings.

The secret of his success lies principally in the fact that he has always improved his time. He has always been an ardent and close student; he has been successful. Is this not in natural sequence? He has gained an enviable reputation not only in his profession, but has established for himself a position of honor and esteem as a good, progressive and worthy citizen. It is the record of such lives as this that should prove both lesson and incentive to rising generations, and how readily contemporary biography thus offers its own justification.

Mr. Bloch has always taken an active interest in politics, and has been an able and zealous worker in the ranks of the Republican party. In 1891 he was elected to the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, receiving a representative support and a flattering majority at the polls. He secured a larger number of votes than any other man on the ticket,—an evidence of his popularity and of the confidence in which he is held by the people of the district in which his nomination and candidacy were made. While he was in the Legislature he served on the important municipal committee of corporations and public lands and buildings. In his official capacity he gave unmistakable evidence of his ability and rendered such service as marked him as a capable legislator.

Fraternally our subject is identified with the Knights of Pythias, having passed all the chairs of that order. He is also prominent in his association with other fraternal and beneficial organizations.

The marriage of Mr. Bloch to Miss Mollie Fedder was celebrated in the city of Cleveland in 1884. They are the parents of two children, Julia and Edward.

CHARLES H. ROCKWELL.—Continued success is the ultimate criterion of merit and reliability in the world of commerce, and this fact is exemplified in the case of the enterprises with which the subject of this review is so intimately identified. Mr. Rockwell is the vice-president and manager of the Western Mineral Wool Company, and is secretary and treasurer of the Buckeye Electric Company, which corporations conduct flourishing and important enterprises in the Forest City. Mr. Rockwell has been a resident of Cleveland since 1885, in which year he came here from New York and effected the organization of the Mineral Wool Company, of which he has been vice-president and manager ever since. The inception of this industry was one of modest order, but with a keen discernment and prescience of what might be developed Mr. Rockwell succeeded in organizing a stock company and in commencing operations in an unpretentious style. The sales of the product the first year reached an aggregate of only about 300,000 pounds. At the present time the company have factories in operation in Chicago and St. Louis, in addition to the original plant in Cleveland, and the annual output has brought about the average sale of 12,000,000 pounds of the wool

each year. The success which has attended the industry bears honor to the projector, who has practically retained the entire management of operations from the start. When he came to Cleveland Mr. Rockwell was an entire stranger to the business men of the city, but with confidence in the outcome of the enterprise which he purposed to establish, he at once began the erection of a plant, utilizing his personal funds for this purpose. He thus made ready for the business before he approached the citizens of Cleveland with a request for assistance in carrying forward the undertaking. He had made sufficient progress along the line of inaugurating the business to convince those importuned of the legitimacy of the same and of the good faith of the projector. Consequently he had little difficulty in enlisting the necessary capitalistic co-operation.

The organization of the Buckeye Electric Company was mainly brought about by Mr. Rockwell, the enterprise dating its inception back to 1890. The organization was completed for the purpose of providing a suitable plant and engaging in the manufacture of incandescent electric lamps. The company's factory is located at 1927 Broadway, in this city, and the business represents an invested capital of $100,000. The undertaking has proved successful and has already yielded good returns.

In the historic old city of Tarrytown, New York, and within a stone's throw of the exact spot where the celebrated Major Andre was captured, our subject first saw the light of day, the date of his nativity being December 11, 1845. His parents were George and Sarah (Tunis) Rockwell, both of whom were descended from old Revolutionary stock, the father of the former having been an active participant in that memorable struggle when the vigorous young nation threw aside forever the heavy yoke imposed by the mother country.

The patriotic ardor of the ancestor just noted must have been transmitted to our subject, for at the age of seventeen years he was moved to take part in the nation's second great struggle for freedom, enlisting, in September, 1862, as a private in the One Hundred and Second New York Volunteer Infantry, and serving valiantly until the close of the war. He was mustered out as First Lieutenant in November, 1865. He was an active participant in many important battles, among which we name the following: the battles of the Potomac, from Chancellorsville, including that of Gettysburg and Lookout Mountain, the campaign of Sherman to Atlanta, and many other minor conflicts.

July 23, 1866, in the city of New York, Mr. Rockwell took unto himself a life companion in the person of Miss Letitia Dawnes, a daughter of George and L. Harriet Dawnes, honored residents of the Empire State. Mr. and Mrs. Rockwell have one daughter, Hattie D.

In his political adherency our subject is an ardent Republican; in his fraternal associations he is prominently identified with the A. F. & A. M. As a business man and a citizen he is held in that high esteem which comes as the reward of honorable dealing and progressive spirit.

SIR FRANCIS DRAKE, formerly one of the most prominent lake men of the city of Cleveland, was born at "Hardscrabble Hill," Union, New York, December 13, 1818. Being very young when his father died, he came West at the age of fourteen, settling at Cleveland. A year later he pushed further West, to Black River, Ohio, where he started as an apprentice in shipbuilding for William and Buel Jones, his first work being on the schooners Florida and Juniet. Subsequently he had much to do with the building of the Steamer Bunker Hill, and after its completion he made a few trips with the vessel.

He then turned his attention to sailing, and in 1840, at the age of twenty-one, he was made master of the schooner Maria; and he sailed continually for several years, commanding the Chief Justice Marshall, Herald, Meriden and

many others. Next he took charge of the vessel department for Crawford & Price, sailing during the summer seasons and during the intervening winters superintending the construction of vessels.

In the meantime he had managed to save considerable of his income, which he gradually invested in vessels, his first venture being the purchase of the Chief Justice Marshall. Afterward he had interests in the Grace Murray, Midnight, David Morris, Crawford, C. J. Magill, General Scott and many other well-known vessels.

In 1868 he leased a large tract of land at the head of the old river bed and constructed a dry dock, embarking at the same time in shipbuilding. He built and had full charge of some of the stanchest crafts on the lakes, some of which are still in service. He also owned the wrecking steamer Magnet, which at that time was the largest and most completely equipped wrecker afloat on fresh water. A few years later he retired, and has since lived a quiet life.

In 1844 he married Maria Antoinette Jones, daughter of Augustus Jones of Lorain (then Black River), Ohio, one of the first shipbuilders on these lakes. He has four children, namely: Nettie, wife of Gilbert H. Frederick, pastor of the Covenant Baptist Church of Chicago, Illinois; Ruth, who married R. G. Adams, of the firm of Koplin & Adams, of Akron, this State: she has two children,—May and Francis; Carrie, wife of M. S. Coggshall, of the firm of Hiles & Coggshall, of this city, and has one child, Saba; and Frank J., who resides in this city and is interested in several successful enterprises. He has been a member of the Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade for several years, and is also high in the secret work of several of the fraternal orders. He married Miss Nellie M. Truscott, daughter of Samuel Truscott, Esq., of Cleveland. In politics he is a most ardent Republican, as was also his father. He and his wife are members of the First Baptist Church. His father is now aged seventy-five years, and his mother died at the age sixty-six, while attending the World's Fair at Chicago. From an accidental fall down stairs she received a wound (concussion of the brain) from which she died after two hours of unconsciousness. His father is, and his mother was, an ardent member of the First Baptist Church.

WK. MAHER, Superintendent of the Cleveland Special Police, was born in the "metropolis of the lakes," November 27, 1857. He finished his school days at the Spencerian Business College, thus giving him such educational equipments as ought to be required of the "youth universal" before his entrance into competition with the business world.

On leaving his school-books he assisted his father for about three years, engaged in teaming and contracting. He was next connected with the work-house as a guard under Superintendent Patterson until 1878, when it occurred to him that a special police and detective agency could be operated to advantage and with profit in Cleveland, and he made the venture. Service was extended to protection of manufacturing, marine, merchants' and residence districts; and ere many months all these districts were under protection of patrolmen from Superintendent Maher's office. His detective agency soon found public favor, and it extended its workings to points anywhere in the United States. Both detective and patrol departments are in "touch" with the local police, and always work in harmony with them. The old Merchants' Police Company was succeeded by the Cleveland Special Police, with James T. Daugherty as president; J. C. McMillan, secretary and treasurer, and William K. Maher as superintendent and general manager.

Mr. Maher is by nature adapted to the business in which he engaged. In the first place, it is agreeable to him, and he takes a special pride in guiding and directing the movements of his men for the detection of a wrong and

the capture of the offender, although he is never known by the public to be engaged in any given piece of work. In order to equip himself perfectly Mr. Maher has spent much time in the larger cities of the United States, studying the advanced methods of patrol and detective work as practiced by the police departments of those cities, and has made the subject one of general study in order that his patrons may have the best service known to the detective world.

Our subject is a son of John Maher, a native of Ireland, who came to Cleveland and was somewhat prominent as a teamster, contractor and grader. He was married in Ireland, to Julia Kelly, who died leaving two children,—William K. and Nellie. For his second wife Mr. Maher married Miss Ryan, and they have had one son, James. Superintendent Maher was married September 21, 1881, in Cleveland, to Miss Annie Higgins, of St. Louis, Missouri, whose parents were of Irish birth. By this marriage there are the following children: John F., Julia E., Josephine M., William and Catherine.

ALVA J. SMITH, general passenger and ticket agent of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, is a worthy representative of that familiar and most numerous family, ever foremost in the history of our country, beginning with Captain John Smith at the settlement of Virginia and founding of Jamestown, just a quarter of a century before the appearance of Lieutenant Samuel Smith, eight generations in advance of our subject, and reinforced by countless numbers from all Europe during the two and a half centuries or more of our existence as a nation.

A record in possession of the family records the lineal heads of families from Lieutenant Samuel Smith, who emigrated from England in the ship Elizabeth of Ipswich, April 30, 1634. He is supposed to have died in 1680. His son Philip became one of the leading men of his community, was a lieutenant (probably from serving in the Indian wars of New England), represented his townspeople in some of their deliberative bodies and held the office of deacon in his favorite church society. He was murdered in accordance with a decree of Cotton Mather about 1685, on account of the troubles with witchcraft. His wife was Rebecca, a daughter of Nathaniel Foote.

Jonathan Smith, son of Philip, married Abigail, a daughter of Joseph Kellogg. He died in Whately, in 1734. His son Elisha married Sarah Field. The wife of Benjamin was Mehitable. Benjamin's children were: Philip, who married Eliza Graves; Rev. Paul, who married a lady of his own name, Elizabeth Smith; Silas took for his Lavina Houghton; Elisha, who married and left New England for the West; Jonathan married Elizabeth Chauncey; and Gad's wife was Irene Wait.

Roswell Smith, son of Benjamin Smith, married Mary Craft, and his following six brothers married,—Elijah to Miriam Morton, Isaac to Roxa Morton, Bezaleel to Lavina Munson, Asa to Judith Graves, Adna to Keziah Humes, and Rufus, our subject's grandfather, married Anna Munson. His son, Ashley Smith, father of Alva J., was born in Massachusetts in 1796, and November 25, 1819, married Miriam Russell, whose father, Elihu Russell, married Miriam, a daughter of Thomas Sanderson. Joseph Sanderson, an ancestor of the latter, came from Norfolk county, England, in 1637, was Master of the Mint at Boston in 1652, and made the celebrated and now very rare "pine-tree" shillings. His descendants were William Sanderson, leaving Joseph Sanderson, leaving Joseph Sanderson, born August 30, 1714, and died March 20, 1772, who left Thomas Sanderson, born in 1746, who was the father of Miriam Sanderson, who married Elihu Russell. Elihu Russell's children were Polixena, Lucy, Betsy, Delia, Miriam, Levi, Elihu, William S., Austin, Wellington, Emery, Esteven, Summer, Ashley and Mary.

Ashley Smith became a millwright and during our second war with England was a Federal soldier from Massachusetts. He emigrated to New York in 1822 and settled at Churchville, Monroe county, where he died in 1854, at fifty-eight years of age. His wife preceded him three years, aged fifty-one. Besides Major Smith, Ashley Smith was the father of Francis, who died in 1887, at sixty-eight years of age; Charles Augustus, a farmer, who died in 1894, at Merrill, Wisconsin, aged seventy-two; Levi L., at Maple Rapids, Michigan; Fidelia M., now Mrs. Benjamin T. Richmond, of Grand Rapids, Michigan; Austin R., who died in Cleveland in 1881, at forty-seven, and was ticket agent at the union depot; George W., a farmer near Grand Rapids, Michigan, and two others who died very young.

Alva J. Smith was born at Churchville, September 30, 1840, and was a pupil of the Churchville village schools until thirteen years old, when by the death of his father he was made an orphan and went to Wisconsin, where he resided for a time on a farm with his brother. He returned to his native town the next year and clerked in his brother's store until the spring of 1858, when he went to Albion, New York, and secured a clerkship, which he held till the breaking out of the Civil war.

On the 13th of April, 1861, the day following the firing on Fort Sumter, Mr. Smith in company with a number of young men organized a company for service in the Union army, but disbanded after a short period of drill. The following spring Mr. Smith enlisted at Rochester, New York, in the Fourth New York Artillery, being ordered to report at Washington, where the regiment was stationed during that summer. A complete review of his military service given without comment is as follows: Enlisted as private in Company C, July 29, 1862; promoted Corporal September 1, 1862; in service in the defense of Washington, to June 1863, Abercrombie's division, Twenty-second Corps; commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Eleventh New York Volunteer Artillery June 21, 1863; engaged in the organization of a regiment at Rochester till October, same year, where, on 16th of the same month he was transferred to Fourth New York Volunteer Artillery; and was in defenses of the capital till April, 1864, in DeRussy's division of the Twenty-second Corps. His engagements were: Wilderness, May 5 to 7; Corbin's Bridge, May 6; Spottsylvania, May 8; Ny river, May 9 and 10; Po river, May 11; North Anna, May 23 to 27; Tolopotomy, May 28 to 31; Cold Harbor, June 1 to 12, 1864; before Petersburg, June 16 to 19; Weldon Railroad, June 22 to 23; Deep Bottoms, June 27 and 28 (was promoted First Lieutenant July 27, 1864); Mine Explosion, July 30; Strawberry Plains, August 14 to 18; White Oak Swamp, August 25; Poplar Springs Church, September 30 and October 2; Boydton Road, October 27 and 28 (was promoted Captain November 5, 1864); reconnoitre to Hatcher's Run, December 8 and 9; assigned to duty as Aide on the staff of Fourth Brigade, First Division of Second Corps, December 25, 1864; relieved in February, 1865; Dabney's Mills, February 5 to 7, same year; acting Brigade Inspector, Fourth Brigade, First Division, Second Corps, February to April, 1865; Peeble's farm, March 25; Hatcher's Run, March 29; Boydton Road, March 30 and 31; White Oak Road, March 31; Sontherland Station, April 2; fall of Petersburg, April 3; siege of the same during the year, April 16, 1864, to April 3, '65; Amelia Springs, April 5, 1865; Deatonville, April 6; Sailor's Creek, April 6; High Ridge, the 7th; and Appomattox Court House, the 9th of the same month; grand review at Washington, May 23; acting Ordinance Officer of First Division of Second Corps, June 23 to 26; mustered out of service September 26, 1865; and Brevetted Major of United States Volunteers, March 13, 1865, for gallant and meritorious conduct during the war. Colonel Smith came to Ohio in 1866, and on August 4, 1877, was appointed Aide-de-camp on the staff of Governor Thomas L. Young with the rank of Colonel.

In the summer of 1866 Mr. Smith began his successful railroad career in the general ticket office of the Bee Line at Cleveland; was made chief clerk of the office the next year, and performed those duties till August of 1874, when the office of assistant general ticket agent was created for him in recognition of his faithful and efficient service; and in the same month, five years later, the office of general passenger agent was tendered to him and accepted. Upon the consolidation of the passenger departments of the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad and the Indianapolis & St. Louis Railroad in January, 1881, his jurisdiction was extended over that line. He was appointed general passenger agent of the Dayton & Union Railroad January 2, 1882. When the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton was made a part of the Bee Line, Colonel Smith was made general passenger agent of that line also, and held the office from December 31, 1881, till May, 1882, when the departments were again made separate.

March 1, 1887, Colonel Smith severed his long connection with the Bee Line and became chief of the passenger and ticket department of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company. Colonel Smith is a prominent member of the Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents, was elected its secretary in 1879, and has served continuously for fifteen years, being annually re-elected.

Colonel Smith is progressive and remarkably industrious. He understands the needs of the traveling public and has so equipped and fitted up the passenger service of his line as to make it equal to any and superior to many metropolitan lines.

September 7, 1865, Colonel Smith married, at Warsaw, New York, Miss Harriet L., a daughter of Zelotes Cornwell, whose wife was Polixena Russell. An ancestor, Susanna Robinson, who came over in the Mayflower, had a grandchild named Chapman, who married Cornwell, the father of Zelotes.

Mr. Cornwell was born in Massachusetts and was a farmer. He died in 1866, at the age of sixty-eight, and his wife in 1857, being fifty-two years old. Mr. Cornwell's children were: Darius; William; Anna Elizabeth, now Mrs. John W. Richmond; George, who died in 1888, at the age of fifty-two; Zelotes; Charles, who died in 1891, at the age of fifty; Hiram, and Harriet Louisa.

Colonel and Mrs. Smith's family consists of three children, viz.: Amy E. Smith, an art teacher in Oberlin College; Miriam C.; and Alva C.

Colonel Smith is a member of the Loya Legion and of the Grand Army of the Republic; also of Woodward Lodge, A. F. &. A. M of Cleveland.

CHARLES F. SCHWEINFURTH, a prominent architect, came to Cleveland in 1883, in which year he submitted plans for the Everett residence on Euclid avenue, which plans were accepted, and with which began his architectural work in Cleveland. Deciding to remain in Cleveland, he made a permanent location in the city, and since that date he has submitted plans for many of the most handsome and important buildings erected in the city, among these structures being the residences of William Chisolm, Samuel Mather, J. E. French and others. The excellent building of the Young Men's Christian Association in the city of Cleveland, the Lennox apartment house, the People's Savings and Loan six-story brick and stone bank building, and many other important buildings have been built according to plans submitted by Mr. Schweinfurth. He has also submitted plans upon which were built certain grand and important buildings erected in Toledo, New York, Brooklyn and other cities.

Mr. Schweinfurth was born in New York city. His father was of German birth, and was a government architect at the time of the German insurrection of 1848-'49. He came to America in 1849, and located in New York city, where he followed his profession, gaining

considerable notoriety. He is a relative of Dr. George Schweinfurth, the celebrated African explorer. Under the instruction of his father the subject of this sketch mainly gained his knowledge of architecture. Under his father he was compelled to learn also carpentering, stone-cutting and brick-laying, and thus he was made an efficient and practical architect. When entering the profession upon his own responsibility he occupied an office in New York city. His first important piece of work was the remodeling of an apartment house of thirteen stories, which he finished in 1882. Mr. Schweinfurth is an architect of marked ability and competency. He is a member of the American Institute of Architects, and was President of the Ohio Association of Architects for three successive terms.

LEVI WHERRY, a well-known contractor, has been identified with the growth of Cleveland as a builder for sixteen years. His first contract was for the construction of a residence for John Huntington. The residences of Captains Scofield and Taylor, General Leggett, George Collins, W. S. Tyler, Bishop Leonard, and many others of importance, besides numerous business blocks, have risen by the hand of Mr. Wherry. Mr. Wherry was born in West Middletown, Washington county, Pennsylvania, forty-eight years ago. His father was Noah Wherry, a man of much mechanical genius, but a farmer. In 1832 he left Pennsylvania and by covered wagon went to Iowa, becoming a well-to-do stockman and farmer. When the Civil war came on he enlisted with the "Gray Beard" Company, and served nearly two years guarding prisoners at Alton, Illinois. The plan of forming regiments of the old men was suggested to the War Governor of Iowa by Daniel Tarr, father of our subject's mother. On the adoption of the plan, Mr. Tarr was made a regimental officer, as was also Noah Wherry, and did valuable service as a soldier. He lived many years after the close of the war, dying in Iowa at the age of ninety-six years. In 1865 Noah Wherry removed to Dakota, where he now resides, and where he represented his district in the State Legislature two or three terms.

Levi Wherry enlisted in the Seventh Iowa Infantry, Colonel (afterward General) Lawmay, being succeeded in the Colonelcy by Price and Parrott. The regiment served in the campaign from Belmont, Missouri, to Fort Donelson, and was engaged at Shiloh, Corinth, Iuka, Tupelo, Jackson and Holly Springs, and was then transferred to Chattanooga, participating in the Atlanta campaign. He marched with Sherman to the sea, back through the Carolinas, and closed this long tramp with the grand review at Washington. Mr. Wherry enlisted as a private, but by promotion was carrying a Lieutenant's commission when mustered out, being then only twenty years old. Mr. Wherry married, in 1868, Martha, a daughter of Daniel Ewing. Four sons are the result of this union: William H.; H. M., a plumber; George, an architect; and Warren. Mr. Wherry is a worthy member of Army and Navy Post, G. A. R.

CHRISTIAN KASPER, a general contractor of Cleveland, located on Swiss street, has been identified with the building interests of Cleveland since 1878, his first contract being for the building of a residence on Lorain street, and thereafter he constructed many residences and store houses, and has been a most active man in his calling, achieving more than ordinary success. In 1886 he invented the Kasper Self-acting Vat Cleaner, which he manufactured up to 1892, when he disposed of this cleaner and invented the Magic Vat Cleaner, which he manufactured till November, 1892, when he sold the same. In March, 1893, he invented the Kasper Spring Halter-Hitcher, which he is now manufacturing, and which promises to be a well-demanded commodity. This last invention he is now putting

on the market, and it has received a favorable introduction, and will probably prove a source of large revenue to its inventor. Mr. Kasper came to Cleveland in 1870, coming from Pomeroy, Ohio, to where he migrated when a youth with his father, John Kasper, a carpenter and cabinetmaker. Mr. Kasper was born in Prussia, December 23, 1846. After going to Pomeroy he learned the carpenter's trade and also the mechanic's trade. He was unmarried when he came to Cleveland, and in 1872 he married Minnie Voss, of this city, and by her has four children. His business career in the city of Cleveland has been characterized by honesty, activity and success. He has not only gained the reputation of a successful contractor, but has distinguished himself as a mechanical genius and as an inventor. He has in his employ quite a number of men, and the liberal compensation and other liberalities given them mark him as a generous and fair-minded man. He has always been identified with the Republican party in politics, though he has never sought political preferment.

JULIUS RENKER, a carpenter and cooper, South Brooklyn, Ohio, is a representative of one of the pioneer families of Cuyahoga county. Mr. Renker was born in Brooklyn township, this county, September 2, 1848.

His father, Henry Renker, a native of Germany, was born September 19, 1808, and by trade was a cooper. He owned a coffee plantation in Mexico, where he spent some years and where he was married, April 4, 1837, to Bertha A. Schlechterway, also a native of Germany, her birth having occurred in Nordhausen, January 21, 1811. From Mexico they came to Ohio, first settling in Lorain county and some time later removing to Cuyahoga county and taking up their abode in the village of Brighton. Here he started a cooper shop, which he conducted up to the time of his death, which occurred in 1879. He was a member of the Lutheran Church, and in politics was a Democrat. His whole life was characterized by honest industry, and by his many excellent traits of character he won the confidence and respect of all who knew him. His good wife passed away October 3, 1869. They were the parents of nine children, six daughters and three sons, all of whom, with one exception, reached adult years, and these eight are still living, namely: Mrs. Hermina Penning, Mrs. Amelia Lind, Herman, Mrs. Matilda Brandwiller, Julius, Mrs. Bertha Love, Mrs. Emma Livingston and Mrs. Louisa Stafford.

When Julius Renker was twenty years old he began to learn the trade of cooper in his father's shop, and after his father's death succeeded him in business, continuing the same until 1886. Since then he has been engaged in contracting and building.

Mr. Renker was married May 28, 1873, to Eva C. Kline, who was born and reared in Parma township, this county. She was the sixth born in a family of thirteen children of Philip and Mary (Messersmith) Kline, both natives of Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Renker have had four children, Lula, Julia, Henry G. and Franklin A. Lula, the oldest, died at the age of three years and three months.

In political affiliations, Mr. Renker is a Republican. He served for six successive years as Assessor of Brooklyn township, and ever since the village of South Brooklyn was organized he has been a member of its Board of Health. He is one of the charter members of Riverside Lodge, K. of P., and is also identified with the I. O. O. F., having been a member of the latter organization for twenty-four years.

GEORGE GUSCOTT, Mayor of South Brooklyn, Ohio, is a native of England, but has been a resident of this country since his early boyhood and has become thoroughly Americanized. A sketch of his life will be found of interest and is as follows:

George Guscott was born in Devonshire, England, January 23, 1844, and attended a private school there until he was eight years of age, being then obliged to quit on account of ill health. In 1857 he accompanied his parents to America. Both his parents, Jason and Harriet (Glandville) Guscott, were natives of England. Upon their arrival in this country they settled in East Cleveland, where the father opened a carriage and wagon shop and conducted the same one year. Then he removed to Brooklyn village and started a blacksmith and carriage shop where S. R. Brainard's grocery store now is, next to what was then Storer's tannery. Four years later he located on a farm in Parma township, this county, where he passed the rest of his life, and died at the age of sixty-five years. He and his wife had a family of eight children, five daughters and three sons, the subject of our sketch being the oldst child.

George Guscott had begun to learn the trade of blacksmith with his father before they left England, and after they located in Brooklyn village he took up the wagon-making trade under Crawford Brainard, with whom he continued four years. At the end of this time he turned his attention to farming. After his marriage, which event occurred in 1867, he moved to Breeksville, Ohio, where he bought a farm of ninety acres and set up a blacksmith and carriage shop. The first payment he made on this property was with money which he borrowed at 10 per cent. interest. For twelve years he followed his business and farming, and then went West on a prospecting tour. While on this tour he made some valuable investments in Kansas. Upon his return to Ohio, he removed with his family to Parma, where he entered largely into farming. Subsequently he turned his attention more especially to the milk business, in which he has continued ever since. In 1887 he moved to South Brooklyn and in company with his three sons enlarged the business, making it both wholesale and retail, and running as high as five wagons.

Mr. Guscott's marriage has already been referred to. In March, 1867, he wedded Miss Mary Ann Guscott, a native of England and a daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Sims) Guscott, both born in that country. She was sixteen years old at the time they emigrated to this country, her sixteenth birthday being spent on the Atlantic, and at the time of her marriage they were residents of Alliance, Ohio. She is the only daughter in their family of four children. Mr. and Mrs. Guscott have five children: James H., Charles E., William George, Pearl M. and Daisy M., and they also reared a nephew of Mrs. Guscott—David J. Guscott.

Politically, Mr. Guscott is a Republican. In 1890, when South Brooklyn was incorporated as a village, he was elected its first Mayor, and so faithfully and efficiently did he perform his duty that in 1892 he was elected for a second term. He has also served as President of the Board of Health here. His beautiful home is one of the attractive places of South Brooklyn. To him much is due for the efforts he has put forth in various ways in advancing the interests of the town, and none are more anxious to see South Brooklyn take high rank as a Cleveland suburb than is he.

Mr. Guscott is prominent in numerous secret organizations. He is a member of Empire Lodge, No. 346, I. O. O. F., of Royalton; Excelsior Lodge, No. 5555, Foresters, of Newburg; Grangers, at Brecksville; Sons of St. George, of Newburg; Riverside Lodge and later a charter member of South Brooklyn Lodge, K. of P., and the American Protective Association.

DR. T. C. MARTIN, surgeon, of Cleveland, was born in Maysville, Mason county, Kentucky, January 5, 1864, a son of Dr. G. W. and Frances (Wilson) Martin, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Kentucky. His father was widely patronized as a consulting physician and known as such even throughout the State. He died in 1889,

at the age of sixty years, and his wife is still living, now residing on the old homestead, the Valmont farm. Her grandfather, John Wilson, was an early settler in the Blue-grass State, taking up the land that now constitutes a third of Mason and Lewis counties, having patents for it. A great-grandfather of Dr. Martin, Abram Clark, was a signer of the Declaration of Independence, and on his mother's side his grandmother, Mrs. Baker, was a daughter of Matthias Brandenburg, who had the good fortune to be exiled from Germany as a political exile from Prussia. He came to America, first settling in Maryland and afterward in Kentucky. A son of his founded the town of Brandenburg, Kentucky. Dr. G. W. Martin had six children, namely: Ella, who is now the wife of Dr. R. H. Pepper and resides at Huntington, West Virginia; T. C., the subject of this sketch; James Wilson, at present in charge of the old homestead farm at Valmont, Kentucky, where his mother lives: he married Miss Mary Charles; Mary Chamberlain; Lacon Jolly and Jennette Brandenburg.

Our subject, Dr. T. C. Martin, was educated at Center College, Kentucky, and in medicine graduated at the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College in 1886. Immediately upon graduation he was appointed resident surgeon of the Huron Street Hospital College, for one year; next he attended for a year a post-graduate course at the "Post-Graduate Medical Hospital and School" in New York city; the ensuing two years he was, by appointment from Governor Foraker, surgeon for the Ohio Penitentiary; then attended Guy's Hospital, London, England, one of the most noted in the world, and also attended hospitals at Paris; in the years 1889-'90 he was assistant physician at the Woman's Hospital, on Toho Square, in London; and during the following winter returned to Cleveland. Here he was then appointed a lecturer on surgery in the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College.

Since his last location here he has been the inventor of several surgical instruments, and has given his attention almost exclusively to surgery. Occasionally he contributes an article to the medical press. He is secretary of the Cleveland Academy of Medicine, and is a member of several other medical associations, as well as of other scientific societies.

Dr. Martin has availed himself of the advantages of many of the most noted medical and hospital institutions of the world, and has had a large and varied experience in surgery. He therefore has a bright future before him.

GOTTLIEB MERKLE, an old settler and prominent farmer of Brooklyn township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, resides at Lindale. It is appropriate that some personal mention be made of him in this work, which is descriptive of the representative men of the county.

Mr. Merkle was born in Woodenburg, Germany, November 17, 1836, son of George and Katharine (Maier) Merkle, both natives of Germany. George Merkle emigrated to America in 1858, first locating at Cleveland and afterward in Independence township in the same county. He was a farmer by occupation. He died May 3, 1862, and his wife survived him until 1881. They were the parents of thirteen children, eight of whom reached maturity, the subject of our sketch being the tenth born and the only one of the family now living.

When Mr. Merkle came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, he was sixteen years old. He attended school some in the old country, and after coming here went to school two years in Cleveland. Then he clerked in a general merchandise store in Cleveland for six years. After his marriage he settled on the farm on which he now resides and where he has since carried on general farming. This place comprises eighty-nine and a half acres.

Mr. Merkle was married in 1859 to Susan Stehling, who was born on the farm on which they now live, her people being among the early

settlers of the county. Mr. and Mrs. Merkle have had eleven children, all of whom are living except one, namely: Fred C., George (deceased), Lewis, Mary, William, Sophia, Louisa, Gustaph, Edward, Jacob and Frankie.

Politically, Mr. Merkle is a Republican, and has held various local offices. He has been a member of the School Board for about twenty-four years, served as Township Trustee one term, and for six years was Assessor. He is a member of the Evangelical Church, in which he has served as Trustee and in which he is now Treasurer.

S. A. HART, Superintendent of Delivery of Cleveland Mails, was born in Newton Falls, Ohio, January 5, 1851.

I. A. Hart, the father of Superintendent Hart, was born in Connecticut in 1826, and came to Ohio with the family in 1837, settling near Warren. He became a tailor, and in 1854 came to Cleveland and established himself in business, dying here in 1883. He married a daughter of Wm. Roberts, a pioneer of Trumbull county, a farmer and an extensive owner of canal stock. Eleven children resulted from this marriage, viz.: Elizabeth, wife of Dr. J. A. Symes, of Cleveland; S. A.; Rev. G. L., of same city; Edward, assistant foreman of the Savage Printing Company; Nellie, wife of A. Wannamaker; Grace, wife of John Rawson; and Cora, wife of Eugene Cook, all of this city. Four others are deceased.

The subject of this notice secured only a scant education from the city schools, all his practical training coming from the printing office with which he became connected soon after the war. January 4, 1863, Mr. Hart enlisted in the army and was mustered in as musician in the Second Brigade, Second Division of the Fourth Army Corps, his father being a member of the same band. This command was under General Hogan. Mr. Hart reached the scene of action just after the Stone River fight, and participated at Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, and the release of Burnside at Knoxville. Four months after his enlistment Mr. Hart was made Chief Orderly on General Hogan's staff, and so served till discharged just before the capture of Atlanta. On his return to Cleveland Mr. Hart was apprenticed to learn the printing business under Ed. Cowles, of the Leader, and remained three years. He located then with Mr. Fairbanks, of the Herald, and concluded his services with this paper fourteen years later as foreman of the office. He next associated himself with R. H. Salter and formed the Legal and Commercial Publishing Company (1885). This business relation existed until 1891, when he assumed the duties of his office in the Government service.

In 1871 Mr. Hart married, in Cleveland, Ester, a daughter of Theophilus Jones. Mr. Jones was born in Wales, came to Cleveland in 1854, and was a rolling-mill man. His children were: Ester, William S., James W. and Theophilus.

Mr. and Mrs. Hart are the parents of Salen A., Elsie May, Mildred and George. The first named married in June, 1893, Mary Gray, and is a clerk in the gas office.

WM. A. MADISON, director of accounts of the city of Cleveland, and the veteran official of the City Hall, was born in Cleveland, February 5, 1845. His natural father was Mr. Turner, born in Windsor county, Vermont, who emigrated to Cuyahoga county, and followed mercantile pursuits for many years, dying here at eighty years of age.

Wm. A. Madison's mother died at his birth. Their family physician was waiting on another patient at the same time, who lost her infant and was anxious to adopt without formality another child to assuage the family grief and fill the empty cradle. At a conference between the two officiating families, Mr. Turner not being able to care for his infant and motherless child as he would desire, decided to allow Mrs. Mad-

ison to take him with the understanding that she should raise him to maturity as her own son. He fell heir to the new family name because he heard no other and knew no other. Mr. Madison received a liberal English education from the public schools of Cleveland. In 1864 he offered his services to his country, joining Company B, One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio National Guards. Prior to this date he had been attached to a regiment of Ohio troops, but was ordered discharged because of his tender years. In the fall of 1864 Mr. Madison went south for the purpose of joining the Union army. He found it in Tennessee and met General Hazen at Murfreesborough and was made chief clerk in the department of subsistence. He was so connected with the army till January, 1866, when he was relieved at Nashville and returned again to Cleveland.

On entering civil life again, Mr. Madison became an employee of the Lake Shore Railroad Company, and remained in the freight department seven years, retiring to accept a clerkship in the water-works. In this capacity he was found at his post through succeeding administrations to 1890, when he was requested to accept the position of Secretary of the department of Public Works, which he did, and there remained till April, 1893. On the succession of Mr. Blee to the mayoralty, he offered Mr. Madison the directorship of accounts, not out of a political necessity but for the single reason that he knew the duties of the department and was amply equipped for their performance. Mr. Madison is not identified with any political party, and because he served so long with the Republicans and has now been honored with a position in the mayor's cabinet, he is good-naturedly referred to as "The Gresham of the cabinet."

September 27, 1867, Mr. Madison married in Cleveland one of his schoolmates, Miss Marian Augusta Brewster, a direct descendant of Elder Brewster. Some of them settled in New York, in which State Mrs. Madison was born. Mr. and Mrs. Madison have the following children: Fannie Laura, the wife of E. L. Fisher, Vice President of the Fisher Lumber Company, of Cleveland; Charles Brewster, who died July 18, 1893, and was buried on his twenty-third birthday; Eva Marian, who died in 1883, aged seven years; and Wm. A. Madison, Jr., now aged sixteen years.

Mr. Madison is a 32d-degree Mason, and is Treasurer of the Holyrood Commandery, Knights Templar, No. 32.

FRED M. GIESSEN, soliciting agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was born in Atwater, Ohio, November 17, 1858. His father, Fred Giessen, born in Bavaria, Germany, left his European home and came to Cleveland in 1854. He was an employee of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad for about three years, when work became scarce and he drifted out to Portage county, and spent two or three years on a farm. On his return to Cleveland, soon after our subject's birth, he was employed by Wm. Taylor & Sons as a teamster and remained with them till his death, June 30, 1893, being then sixty-two years old. Our subject's mother was Appolonia Hoffman, born in Bavaria and yet living. Her children are: Fred M.; Kate; F. A., salesman; Charles H., civil engineer; Daniel E., salesman, with W. H. Luetkemeyer & Sons; Wm. G., chief of the chemical laboratory of the West Minnesota Blast Furnace Company of West Duluth, Minnesota; and Emma M.

Fred M. Geissen was educated according to the custom of German parents, first in German schools and afterward a brief period in English public schools. At thirteen years of age he began work for Lampson, Sessions & Co., in their nut and bolt works. He remained with this company about two years when he made a change in location, going with H. A. Stephens & Sons, proprietors of the Forest City Spice Mills. Three years later his career as a railroad man began as a laborer. He soon demonstrated to his company that he was worth more

to them in other capacities, and as opportunities for promotion came he was ready for them and never found wanting. Four years ago he was given his present position, that of soliciting agent, a position requiring peculiar fitness and adaptability.

Mr. Giessen has been quite considerably interested in politics since he was twenty years of age. He allied himself with the Republican party and has been a faithful advocate of its principles since. In 1892 he was made the Republican candidate for the City Council, and although the district (the tenth) was Democratic by 700, he was elected by a majority of fifty-three votes. In the Council he is chairman of the committee on city property, a member of the committee on department examinations and of public works. He is attentive to his duties and is making a useful member

June 18, 1890, Mr. Giessen married Anna E. Veith, from Meadville, Pa. Mr. Veith left Bavaria about the time that Fred Geissen did, located in Meadville and became a wholesale grocer and provision merchant. One child is the result of this union, Norman Daniel, fourteen months old.

Fraternally Mr. Giessen is a Knight of Pythias and a member of the National Union.

H. F. TEETERS, a passenger conductor of the Valley Railroad, was born near Holmesville, Holmes county, Ohio, April 22, 1861, a son of James W. Teeters, who was employed by the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad for twenty-five years. He married Amanda Bell, and they had only one child. The wife and mother died in 1887, at the age of forty-seven years.

H. F., the subject of this sketch, received a common-school education at his native place. After reaching a sufficient age he secured the position of brakeman on the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus Railroad, between Hudson and Columbus, and in the following year was promoted to conductor of the baggage and express train, remaining in that position four years. Mr. Teeters was next employed by the Pittsburg & Western Railroad, spent three years with the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Road, and in 1888 became an employee of the Valley Railroad. During the first three years he was employed as a freight conductor, and for the past two years has been in the passenger service.

Mr. Teeters was married in Millersburg, Ohio, in August, 1885, to Minnie, a daughter of Robert Forbes. He was born in Holmes county, this State, in 1832, and is now proprietor of a meat market in Millersburg. He married Miss Angeles Cobb, born in 1848, and they have had six children. Mr. and Mrs. Teeters have one child, John D. F., born April 18, 1886. In his social relations Mr. Teeters is Assistant Chief of the O. R. C.

RT. REV. W. A. LEONARD, D. D., Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Ohio, whose see city is Cleveland, was born in Southport, Fairfield county, Connecticut, on July 15, 1848. He acquired his education in Phillips Academy, Andover, Massachusetts, St. Stephen's College, Annandale, New York, and Berkley Divinity School, Middletown, Connecticut, supplemented by study and travel in Europe. Bishop Williams ordained him a Deacon at Middletown, Connecticut, on May 31, 1871, and on July 21, of the following year, ordained him a priest at Stamford, Connecticut. In April, 1873, he married Miss Sarah L. Sullivan, in Brooklyn, New York.

In 1872, he became rector of the Church of the Redeemer in Brooklyn, and remained there nine years. In 1879, he received the degree of bachelor of divinity from St. Stephen's College. In 1880, he was elected by the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, missionary bishop of Washington, then a Territory, but declined the offer. His rectorship at Brooklyn continued until 1881, when he became rector at

St. John's Church at Washington, D. C. The free library of Brooklyn is one of the many flourishing monuments to his untiring efforts. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him in 1885, by Washington and Lee University, Virginia. In July, 1889, he was elected by the convention held at Trinity Church, Toledo, to succeed Bishop Bedell, and was consecrated Bishop of Ohio, at St. Thomas' Church, New York city, the following October. The development of this diocese under his management has been remarkable, and yet it has been a steady, healthy growth, increasing from sixty-four clergymen in 1890 to one hundred in 1894, and from twelve missionary stations to forty-two. Over one thousand persons are confirmed by him every year. He is beloved for his open, attractive manner, high Christian character, and indefatigable energy. None can listen to his brilliant oratory and choice vocabulary without being charmed.

DAVID HORIGAN, a veteran engineer of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, was initiated into railroad service on the Illinois Central Railroad in 1853, being stationed at Dunleith, Illinois. For seven years he remained with that company and drew pay as a fireman. In 1860 he returned to the Forest City which he had left on beginning his western trip. Not finding employment just to his liking, he went into the copper regions of the North, and worked in the mines at Superior until the spring of 1861, then returning again to Cleveland. He turned his attention again to railroading, securing a freight brakeman's situation on the Cleveland, Cincinnati & Chicago. In twenty months he began firing, and in 1865 was promoted to the position of engineer, since which time he has presided most creditably and steadily at the throttle, failing to respond with his signature to only two pay rolls in thirty-two years.

Mr. Horigan was born in county Limerick, Ireland, March 9, 1835. In 1847 his father, David Horigan, brought his family to the new world, and established them in Cleveland and vicinity. Their first location was on a farm near Dover, where David, Jr., obtained his first lessons in industry. David Horigan, Sr., was born with the present century and died in this county, in 1865. He married Bridget Connors, and their children are: John, deceased; Peter, a resident of Marshalltown, Iowa; James, in Grand Rapids, Michigan; Catherine, wife of James Dempsey, of Berea, Ohio; and our subject.

Young David received a rudimentary English education from the district schools, and at nineteen deserted the parental roof without consent of his father, and sought his fortune in the West, where his first railroading began.

Mr. Horigan met Miss Julia McCarty in Cleveland and they became husband and wife November 29, 1864. Her father was Patrick McCarty of county Tipperary, Ireland. Mrs. Horigan had one child, George, who is now twenty-nine years of age, and she died in 1892, aged fifty years.

Mr. Horigan is one of the original supporters of the Big Four Insurance Company, and became a beneficiary on its organization.

GEORGE A. BENNETT, who has carried on a blacksmith business in Mayfield, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, for more than a quarter of a century, is well known here, and as one of the worthy citizens of the place should have some personal mention in this work. A brief sketch of his life is herewith presented.

George A. Bennett was born in Mayfield township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, April 1, 1847. And before speaking further of him, we turn for a glimpse of his parentage. Jacob Bennett, his father, was one of the early settlers of this county. It is supposed that he was a native of New York, and while that is not certain, it is known that his father, Abram Ben-

nett, was of Dutch descent. Jacob Bennett was a blacksmith by trade, and for many years his brawny arm wielded the hammer in Mayfield. He died here March 30, 1861. He took a deep interest in local affairs, and had served as School Director and Constable. The mother of our subject was by maiden name Mary I. Tromball. She was born in New York, and was eleven years old when she came with her parents to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, she being the youngest in a family of five children. Her father was a native of Connecticut, and was by occupation a farmer.

The subject of our sketch is one of a family of five, three daughters and two sons, he being the older of the sons. He was reared on the farm on which he now lives, and his education was limited to that of the common schools. He was early trained to the trade which his father followed. Indeed, as soon as he was old enough to reach the anvil he began blacksmithing. His father's blacksmith shop was the first one in the town, and after his father's death he succeeded him in business. For a number of years he also manufactured wagons and buggies, until the larger manufactories took that line of work from him. Besides running the shop, he is also engaged to some extent in farming, owning and operating forty acres of land.

Mr. Bennett was married November 20, 1867, to Barbara A. Berg, who was born in Bavaria, Germany, October 19, 1845, and who came with her parents to this country when she was four years old. Their passage across the ocean was made in a sail vessel in which there were 1,300 passengers, their destination being reached after a voyage of thirteen weeks. She was reared in Euclid township, this county. The names of Mr. and Mrs. Bennett's children are as follows: Carrie E., wife of Frank Leslie, of Euclid township; Alford A., who married Hattie J. Thorp, resides in this township; Berton O., who married Eva R. Lentz, is also a resident of this township; Jacob C., at home; and Ida M., also at home.

Mr. Bennett is a stanch Republican. He has served as Treasurer of Mayfield township fifteen years, and as Constable eight years. Fraternally, he is both a Mason and a Knight of Pythias, having his membership in these organizations at Chagrin Falls.

J. L. MERRICK, a Lake Shore & Michigan Southern passenger conductor, was born on Monroe street, in Cleveland, January 8, 1840, passed his school days here, going through the West high school course as early as 1854; went into the service of Captain S. L. Warner, master of a sailing vessel. He sailed on all the great lakes, and was two years on salt water, along the eastern shores of the Atlantic ocean and the Gulf of Mexico, trading out of Galveston, Texas, with South and Central American ports. The rupture between the North and the South made a Northern man's life hazardous in Southern cities, and in order to feel more secure and to be among his friends, Mr. Merrick came back to Cleveland and entered the Federal army as a private in Company C, Fifty-Fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. His company saw service in north and middle Tennessee, and was in the scrimmage incident to the capture of Fort Donelson, was at Shiloh and at the siege of Knoxville, where he was discharged from service, because of sickness.

Mr. Merrick began his railroad career in 1860, on the Dayton & Michigan, now Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad, and remained there with some intermission until 1868, leaving the company as a passenger conductor. In 1868 he engaged in the oil business as a member of the firm of Merrick Bros., refiners and manufacturers. This arrangement lasted four years. He then re-entered the railroad service, this time with his present company as freight conductor: since 1883 he has been in passenger service.

Mr. Merrick is a son of A. W. Merrick, a builder, who came to Cleveland in 1834, from

Fort Carrington, Franklin county, New York. His birth occurred near Plattsburg, Vermont, and he was a volunteer soldier in the great battle of Lake Champlain. He married Agnes Erwin and died in January, 1865, aged sixty-five years. His wife was born in county Armagh, Ireland, and came to this country at fourteen years of age. She died in 1888, at the age of eighty-eight years. Her children were six in number, of whom three are now living, namely: Mrs. E. J. Clayton, of Brooklyn, Ohio; Miss Frances E. Merrick and J. L.

Our subject was married in Fremont, Indiana, February 17, 1867, to Miss C. A. Beach. Mr. and Mrs. Merrick's children are: Ellsworth M., now in Montana; Ada, a graduate of the Cleveland high school; E. W., a high school graduate and employed by the Long Distance Telephone Company; F. E., Edith and L. E.

HENRY SCHUSTER, a citizen of Rockport Hamlet, was born in Hanover, Germany, April 4, 1847. When a lad of six years he came with his parents, Henry, Sr., and Leonora (Stockhouse) Schuster, to America, who settled in Ohio City, now the "West Side" of Cleveland. Here the husband and father died in 1861; the mother is still living.

Of a family of five children Henry was the second. He was reared to manhood on the West Side. In 1877 he entered the employ of Bonsfield & Poole and began to work in their pail factory. Later he went to Bay City, Michigan, and was engaged in the same employment for seven years, when he returned to Cuyahoga county and purchased the farm of seventeen acres where he now resides, and on which he has erected good buildings. He devotes his time and attention to general farming and to gardening.

Mr. Schuster was married in Cleveland, Ohio, to Miss Kate Giest, who died in Bay City, Michigan. She was the mother of four children, Kate, wife of John Loeblin; Earnest, George, Nora and Maud. Mr. Schuster was again married in Rockport Hamlet, April 8, 1886, to Miss Louisa Weber, a native of Cleveland, and they have one child,—Charles.

Mr. and Mrs. Schuster are members of the First German Reformed Church of Cleveland. In politics Mr. Schuster is a Republican.

JAMES H. GATES, Postmaster of Mayfield, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born at Gates' Mills, this county, January 17, 1841. His father, Charles Gates, a native of Onondaga county, New York, came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, in 1836, and located in Mayfield township at what is now Gates' Mills. He was a tailor by trade, and followed his trade there until 1846, when he turned his attention to farming, and in farming he was engaged the rest of his life. He died in the fifty-ninth year of his age. Charles Gates was a son of James Gates, who was a native of New York and a descendant of Scotch ancestry. Three brothers by the name of Gates emigrated from Scotland to America at an early day, and from one of them the subject of our sketch is descended. The mother of James H. Gates was before her marriage Miss Celia Rathborn, and she, too, was a native of New York. It is supposed that her ancestors also came from Scotland. She is still living, having passed her three score years and ten. They had a family of five children, two sons and three daughters, of whom the subject of our sketch is the oldest.

James H. Gates was reared in his native township, remaining at home until he reached his majority and receiving the benefit of good educational advantages. After he had completed his studies in the common schools he was for five terms a student in the State Road Academy. He taught school in Orange township, this county, four winters. Then until 1881 he was engaged in general farming, and that year turned his attention to the merchandise busi

ness, in which he has since been engaged, having been at his present location since 1890. From 1890 until 1892 he served as deputy in the postoffice, and since 1892 has been Postmaster, serving most efficiently and to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

Mr. Gates was married January 1, 1873, to Rosa M. Shephard, a native of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and a daughter of Ira and Rhoda Shephard, who were early settlers of this county, having located here in 1831. Mr. and Mrs Gates have five children, one daughter and four sons: Rhoda M., Charlie E., Arthur S., Birten J. and Danna S.

Politically, Mr. Gates is identified with the Democratic party. He has filled various township offices, and in all the public positions to which he has been called he has discharged his duty faithfully. Mr. Gates is a member of the A. F. & A. M., No. 214, at Chagrin Falls.

JOHN W. LANDPHAIR.—Among the prominent agriculturists of Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, who are deserving of honorable mention in this connection, stands Mr. Landphair, who is a successful and substantial farmer in that locality. He was born in Brookfield, Madison county, New York, September 8, 1828, but the major portion of his life has been passed in Cuyahoga county, Ohio. He was the second in order of the five children born to Alfred and Eliza, *nee* Jordan, Landphair, who left their home in the old Empire State in 1831 and betook themselves with their family to what was then the far West, settling in Rockport township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where they passed the residue of their lives, honored and esteemed by all.

Coming to Rockport township when only three years of age, our subject was there reared to manhood, receiving a good common-school education and thereafter devoting himself to farming, and incidentally to the manufacturing of brooms and of wooden measures of all capacities.

On New Year's day, 1854, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary E. Burrington, daughter of the late Jefferson Burrington, who died in Strongsville township, in the year 1889. Mrs. Landphair was born in Truxton, Cortland county, New York, March 13, 1837, and her marriage to Mr. Landphair was celebrated in Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county. They have had four children, namely: Charles B., who died at the age of six years; Frank E.; Alta M., who is the wife of Charles E. Hatch; and Alma E., the wife of Jacob L. Beider.

After his marriage Mr. Landphair continued his residence in Rockport township for a period of three years and then removed to Middleburg township, where he has since been actively and successfully engaged in the cultivation of his fine farm of ninety-one acres, two-thirds of which is thoroughly improved. The family homestead is a spacious and substantial brick domicile of pleasing architectural design,—a place that gives the unmistakable impression of a home, and not a mere abiding place.

Mr. Landphair has maintained a lively interest in local affairs of a public and semi-public nature, has made it his aim to advance in every possible way the interests and prosperity of the community in which he lives, and has been an active and progressive citizen. He has been called to numerous local preferments of trust, among which it may be noted that he has been a most efficient incumbent as Trustee of the township.

FRIEDRICH GEISS has been engaged in farming in Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, since he settled here in 1868, and is classed with the successful farmers of his community. He owns eighty-three acres of fine land, upon which he has erected good buildings, and which he has otherwise improved.

Mr. Geiss dates his birth in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, January 10, 1834. He remained in his native land until 1852, when he severed

home ties and turned his face westward, after a successful voyage touched American soil at New York city. From there he came to Ohio. After spending one year in Marshallville, Wayne county, he removed to Stark county, and there he resided until 1868. He had learned the miller's trade in Germany, and after his arrival in America worked at that trade one year. Then he turned his attention to the jeweler's trade, which he learned and which he followed until he settled down to farming in Parma township in the fall of 1868.

While a resident of Stark county, Mr. Geiss was married in Cleveland, Ohio, July 3, 1863, to Elizabeth Meyer, also a native of Germany, her birth having occurred in Baden, May 26, 1839, and the date of her arrival in America being 1852. After their marriage they settled in Fulton, Stark county, where, as above stated, they continued to reside until 1868. They have four children: Louis H., Charles E., Frederick J. and Christian A. Their oldest son married Miss Anna Boyer.

In local affairs Mr. Geiss has taken an active part, having served as Township Trustee and School Director for several years. Both he and his wife are members of the German Presbyterian Church.

HON. THEODORE BRECK, the most prominent citizen of Brecksville township, is a descendant of New England Puritan stock. Some of his ancestors were prominently identified with the early history of Massachusetts. His father, John Breck, was a native of Northampton, Massachusetts, and in company with his brothers was engaged in Boston in the importation of iron. He served in the war of 1812, being a portion of the time in command of forces stationed at Fort Independence, Boston harbor. He was one of the original purchasers of the Western Reserve tract from the State of Connecticut, and upon its division among several owners he was allotted parts of townships in various counties. In the township named after him he originally held deeds for half of its territory. He died in 1827. His wife, whose name before marriage was Clarissa Allen, died in 1831. She was the daughter of Rev. Thomas Allen, the first settled minister of Pittsfield, Massachusetts, who was a man of deep religious principles and was very patriotic during the Revolutionary war. When General Burgoyne, for instance, was marching forward on his campaign of invasion, Mr. Allen heard of his approach during Sunday service, and he promptly left the pulpit to form a company of minute men, who hastened to the support of the Continental forces. His son, William R., was president of Bowdoin and Dartmouth Colleges during the early part of the present century. Rev. Thomas Allen's wife, *nee* Elizabeth Lee, was the daughter of Rev. Jonathan Lee, the first settled pastor of Salisbury, Massachusetts. Tracing back further, it is conclusively shown that Mr. Breck is a lineal descendant of Governor Bradford, one of Massachusetts' early colonial governors.

John and Clarissa (Allen) Breck had six children, of whom the subject of this sketch was the third son and child. He was born in Northampton, in the Bay State, November 30, 1888, took an academic course at Hadley and Amherst, in his native State, and after his father's death came West, in company with his two brothers, Edward and John, and looked after the extensive interests left by his parents. He located at Brecksville in 1830, and engaged in agricultural pursuits, and also in mercantile trade. Later he became also a Notary Public. His brothers also finally located in Brecksville. The elder engaged in the practice of medicine, and the younger in farming; both are now deceased.

Mr. Breck, whose name introduces this sketch, was originally a Whig, and has been a steadfast Republican ever since the organization of that party. He is zealous and able in the advocacy of his political principles. From 1813 to 1816

he was County Commissioner, and in 1875 was appointed to fill a vacancy in the same board. From 1846 to 1848 he represented his district in the House of Representatives of the Ohio Legislature, and from 1860 to 1861 he represented it in the Senate, and again in 1876–'77, in the General Assembly. In his official duties he gave entire satisfaction and gained the respect of the people irrespective of party. In his official career he has been associated with James A. Garfield, George B. McClellan and many other noted men. As examples of his shrewd judgement of human nature, we learn from the Cleveland Leader of December 19, 1893, that a reporter sent out by that paper, interviewed Mr. Breck at his home during the session of the Ohio Senate in 1860. His opinion of Garfield was to the effect that he was a rising young man, and one of the most promising members of the Ohio Senate; and of McClellan he said that while he was a brilliant man he was born one day too late.

Mr. Breck is a very generous man. No man in the township, even to this day is so much besieged by representatives of local benevolent and religious institutions, to all of which he liberally contributes, although he is not a member of any church himself. He is rightfully called the father of Brecksville. By his many acts of kindness he has erected a monument that will long endure, and be far more highly revered than any column of elaborately decorated marble. Mr. Breck has never been married.

G. F. DEKLYN, an artist, was born in Tarrytown, Westchester county, New York, January 10, 1865, a son of John F. and Charlotte M. (Barton) DeKlyn, natives of New York city. They now reside in Cleveland, aged fifty-three and fifty-four years, respectively. The father is a confectioner and caterer. The mother is of English and French extraction. Mr. and Mrs. DeKlyn had eight children, six now living, all in Cleveland, as follows: John (engaged in business with his father), Charlotte, Lydia, C. F., Ella (now Mrs. I. R. Hughes, of Cleveland), and Floyd.

C. F., the subject of this sketch, completed an academic course in Tarrytown, in one of the oldest schools in that part of the State. In 1882 he came with his parents to Cleveland. In 1886 he went to Paris, where he spent four years, and also spent some time in England, Scotland and Ireland, studying in the art schools. Among his noted masters were: Boulanger, Lefevre, Carmon and Mercier. During his stay in Paris he was an annual exhibitor to the Paris salon, where he received several distinctions. He received the highest number obtained in the Julien school; was placed in one of the most favorable positions allowed to exhibitors in the salon; and has several pictures in the extreme part of the globe, viz.: Japan, Scotland, Ireland, England, France, San Francisco and New York city. Mr. DeKlyn had an interesting episode in France. He was arrested as a spy, and detained in the county jail a few hours. But upon producing the credentials, which he did not happen to have at the time of arrest, he was released. It was at the time of the mobilization of the French army, which takes place in order to drill the men, and, being a much larger man than the average French soldier, his size arrested attention and he was accosted by the French police. In the prison was a miniature guillotine, to which the Frenchman pointed with a significant nod and gesture, while he uttered something in French to add terror to the lone American. Mr. DeKlyn was released on condition he should never return to that town, Quimperlé, again, but the promise he did not find necessary to keep. He returned to America in 1891, where he has since continued his profession. In due time he expects to return and reside in Paris. He has his salon picture of 1888, now in the possession of Charles Shackelton, of Cleveland, which created favorable comment in the Paris papers. Mr. DeKlyn has also several other pictures in the possession of Cleveland parties. His studio is located at 1244 Euclid avenue.

He was married October 4, 1893, to Miss Lillian B. Turner, a daughter of John and Annie Turner, of Bridgeport, Ohio. The father came from England to America about thirty-five years ago. He is one of the Councilmen of his town, and is well and favorably known. Mr. DeKlyn is a member of the Baptist and his wife a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Politically, he votes with the Republican party. He is an interesting, thoroughgoing and public-spirited citizen, as well as a distinguished artist, in whom the great city he represents may in be a just and commendable pride.

HERBERT S. GRAY, electrical manufacturer of Cleveland, is a native of this city, born January 17, 1865. His father is Hugh Gray, a machinist and foundryman. He was once in the employ of the Orinoco Steam Navigation Company, being in charge of their boats upon the rivers and bays of Venezula, South America, for six years, at the close of which period he came north and located in Cleveland, about 1860. In 1861 he married Miss Candace Wright. In Cleveland he first engaged in the machine building, foundry and boiler business, owning and operating one of the largest machine shops in the city at that time. Later he became chief engineer of the Lake Erie Iron Company, which position he still holds. He is an expert machinist. He and his wife are members of the Disciple Church.

Their son, whose name introduces this personal sketch, was educated here in Cleveland, and at the age of eighteen years entered the employ of Sterling & Company, carpet dealers, of this city. In 1886 he became engaged in music and job printing for himself, in this line becoming one of the most prominent dealers and job printers west of Philadelphia. In 1889 he sold out this business to the Eclipse Electric Type & Engraving Company, and took a half interest in the Fletcher & Fletcher Electric Company. Two years later he bought the interest of his partner, becoming sole proprietor. In November of 1891 he admitted Ira Adams as a partner for two years, at the expiration of which time he was succeeded by J. H. Monroe. The business of the concern has been of stupendous volume and signal success.

Mr. Gray is not only an active and successful business man but also manifests much interest in public affairs. In politics he is a Republican, and he has done much work in the interest of his party. He has been a delegate to several of the State conventions, as well as to the local conventions, but he has never aspired to public office. He is a member of the fraternal order of Knights of Pythias and of the order of Tonti, belongs to the Cleveland Grays, and is prominent in social circles.

JOHN W. CLEMANS, who is ranked with the prosperous farmers of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is entitled to biographical mention in this work.

Mr. Clemans was born in Charlton, Massachusetts, May 19, 1817, oldest son in the family of six children of Eli and Matilda (Owen) Clemans, natives of Charlton, Massachusetts, and Gloucester, Rhode Island, respectively. The former was born in the year 1792. They were married in Rhode Island, and from that State subsequently removed to Cuyahoga, county, Ohio, their settlement here being in 1830. Here the father died in 1863. The mother survived him until some time in the '80s, when she passed away at the age of over ninety.

John W. Clemans was thirteen years of age at the time his parents came to Cuyahoga county, and in Dover township he has ever since resided, farming and lumbering being his occupations during all these years. He owns 230 acres of well-improved land.

Mr. Clemans was married in Dover township, February 14, 1851, to Miss Mary W. Brown, who was born in Smithfield, Rhode Island,

June 16, 1822, daughter of Joseph and Mary W. (Winsor) Brown, both natives of Smithfield, Rhode Island. They emigrated from that State to this county in 1830 and settled in Dover township. Here they spent the closing years of their lives, and passed away some years ago. They had eleven children, of whom Mrs. Clemans was the seventh born. Mr. and Mrs. Clemans are the parents of four children; Henry A., Emma A., Celia O. and William E. Celia O. is a praticing physician of Canton, Ohio.

Mr. Clemans' political views are in harmony with the principles advocated by the Republican party, he having cast his vote with this party ever since its organization.

WILLIAM THOMAS, one of the prosperous and well-known citizens of Warrenville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, dates his birth in this township, January 17, 1839.

Joseph Thomas, the father of William Thomas, was one of the early settlers of Cuyahoga county, he having located here in 1824. He was a native of Massachusetts, but had lived in New York for some time previous to his coming to Ohio, and while in the Empire State had married Lydia Smartey, a native of New York. Upon their arrival in this county they established their home in a log cabin in the midst of the forest, and on the farm they spent the rest of their lives, each attaining a ripe old age, his death occurring at the age of eighty-two and hers at ninety. By trade he was a carpenter. Politically, he was a Republican. Their family consisted of six children: Catherine Wetherbee, of Newburg, Ohio; Jemima Edwards-Hester; Jane Ann; Charles; and William, the youngest, his mother being fifty years old at the time of his birth.

William Thomas was reared at the old homestead, the same farm on which he now lives, his education being received in one of the typical log schoolhouses of the day, and in the practical school of experience. He now owns 102 acres of fine farming land, one of the best farms in the township, well improved with good buildings, etc.

July 16, 1859, Mr. Thomas was married in Bedford, Ohio, to Miss Mary Caly, a native of Concord, Lake county, this State, daughter of John and Jane (Hampton) Caly, natives of the Isle of Man. Her mother died at the age of forty-two years and her father at seventy-nine. They had a family of eight children, namely: John, Hamilton, William, Daniel, Thomas, Charles, Robert and Mary. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas have had four children, viz.: Charles J., of Cleveland, Ohio; Frank W., at home; Maria, deceased wife of B. Bleasdale; and Nelly, who died at the age of seven years.

During the late war Mr. Thomas enlisted in the Union service, and as a member of the One Hundred and Third Ohio Infantry made a good record as a soldier. He is a member of Royal Dunham Post, No. 177, G. A. R., of Bedford. Politically, he is a Republican.

REUBEN A. CARPENTER, a resident of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in the township in which he now lives, June 10, 1828, a son of early pioneers on the Western Reserve. His father, Caleb Carpenter, was born in Brattleboro, Vermont, April 30, 1798, and his mother, whose maiden name was Susan Haynes, was born in Massachusetts, January 4, 1801. They came to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, about 1818, and it was here that they subsequently met and married, their marriage occurring in Strongsville township. They settled on a farm a short distance east of Strongsville Center, where they reared their family, spent the rest of their lives and died, the date of her death being October 10, 1847, and that of his, January 20, 1873. They had a family of nine children, of whom Reuben was the third born.

With the exception of two years, the subject of our sketch has spent his whole life in Strongsville township. One year he lived in Wisconsin and one year in Cleveland. Farming has been his life occupation. His political affiliations have been with the Republican party, he has taken an active and commendable interest in all local affairs, and has filled most acceptably several official positions. For six years he served as Township Trustee, and was a Justice of the Peace for three years.

Mr. Carpenter was married in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio, October 11, 1849, to Miss Matilda S. Umber, who was born in Pern, New York, April 6, 1831. Her parents, William and Betsey (Knowles) Umber, both natives of New York, came to Cuyahoga county in 1840 and settled in Strongville township. They subsequently removed to Columbia, Lorain county, thence to Berea, Ohio, and from there to Jackson, Michigan, where Mrs. Umber died. Mr. Umber died in Strongsville, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter have had six children, viz.: Alden V., William L., Eva M., wife of William Triming; Edmond R., who died at the age of eight years; Alvin M., and Frederick A.

ERNST F. WALKER, a thrifty farmer and much respected citizen of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a native of the province of Hanover, Germany, born April 19, 1837. The first seventeen years of his life were spent in his native land, and then, in company with his parents and the other members of the family, he emigrated to America. His father was Jobst F. Walker, and his mother's maiden name was Gertrude Schomborg. Upon coming to this country, they first settled at West Side, a suburb of Cleveland, Ohio, and from there in 1870 they removed to Dover township, where they passed the residue of their lives. They had six children, three sons and three daughters, the subject of our sketch being the third born.

Ernst F. Walker remained with his parents until the time of his marriage. He had served an apprenticeship of three years to the trade of mason, and for a number of years worked at that trade in Cleveland. In 1864 he removed to Dover township and settled on a farm of seventy-five acres. This farm he still owns and occupies. He has here erected good buildings and has otherwise made valuable improvements, his home and surroundings having a general air of thrift and prosperity.

Mr. Walker was married in West Side, Cleveland, February 2, 1860, to Miss Maria Boehming, who was born in Hanover, Germany, February 16, 1842, daughter of Herman and Ellen (Blase) Boehming. Her parents emigrated to America in 1844, and upon their arrival here settled in Newburg township, where they lived till death. They had a family of nine children, five sons and four daughters, Mrs. Walker being the youngest of the family. She was reared in Newburg township, on her father's farm. Mr. and Mrs. Walker are the parents of eight children, viz.: Minnie, wife of Frank Meilander; Emma, wife of August Lamp; Hermann, who married Emma Farthmann; and the rest at home—Louisa, Frederick, Henry, Christian and Otto.

Both Mr. Walker and his wife are members of the Lutheran Church. He has filled the office of Township Trustee one term.

CHARLES HATHAWAY, the veteran street railway man and a most familiar figure of Cleveland, and born at Grafton, Massachusetts, November 7, 1824. He was a farmer's son and his youthful days were spent on a well-regulated New England farm. After completing his education at Worcester College he became an apprentice in the locomotive works of Seth Wilwoth in Boston, to learn his trade. When he had become an efficient mechanic he set about learning civil engineering

for the purpose of better equipping himself for the business of railroad contracting, which he expected to engage in.

His first railroad contract was taken in 1844 and for thirteen consecutive years he followed steam-railroad construction in Pennsylvania, Delaware and the New England States, parts of the Pennsylvania, Boston & Albany, Old Colony, Troy & Boston and Hudson River lines being constructed by him.

In 1857 Mr. Hathaway turned his attention to street-railway building, his first line being put in in Philadelphia. For thirty years succeeding this he remained in constant activity, building more than 100 different lines in Canada and the United States, covering territory as far north as Minneapolis, and south to New Orleans, Louisiana. In 1860 he was associated with George Francis Train in constructing three lines of street railway in England,—in the cities of London, Burton Head and Darlington.

In 1873 Mr. Hathaway came to Cleveland and built the Broadway and Newburg line and was interested in the construction of the Payne avenue and Superior street lines. Of the last mentioned line he was president fifteen years. In 1884 he bought the St. Clair street line and operated it till its consolidation with the cable company, of which consolidation he was president.

He is now a director of the Cleveland City Railway and is giving attention to this interest and that of his real-estate in this city. He is fond of innocent amusements, like ball-playing, hunting and fishing, and is an active member of two gun clubs, a fishing club and the social clubs, Union and Roadside.

This Hathaway family is directly descended from that Hathaway of Stratford-on-Avon a daughter of whom married the poet Shakespeare. A representative of it came to America during colonial times, were farmers and noted for their longevity. Our subject's grandfather, Solomon Hathaway, reared a family of children, one of whom, Solomon, married Lucy, a daughter of Aaron Kimball, a soldier in the Revolution and a participant in the battle of Bennington under command of Colonel Stark. Aaron Kimball married a Miss Brooks.

Ten children were born to Solomon and Mrs. Hathaway, Charles being the sixth. He married, in Massachusetts, in 1847, Maria, a daughter of David Chamberlain, who with his wife was a missionary to the Sandwich Islands.

Mr. and Mrs. Hathaway have four children: Charles A., of Cleveland; George; Sarah L., wife of F. DeH. Robison, vice-president of the Cleveland City Railway Company, and president of the Cleveland Base Ball Club (and probably connected with a score of enterprises of this city); and Alfred, engaged in manufacturing in this city.

E. J. WUNDERLICH, a physician and surgeon of Cleveland, was born at Canal Dover, Ohio, April 5, 1854, a son of Rev. E. F. and Amelia (Meisshardt) Wunderlich, natives of Saxony, Germany. They came to America in 1853, locating at Canal Dover. The father, one of the pioneer ministers in the German Methodist Episcopal Church in America, has followed his calling at Canal Dover, Cincinnati, Covington, Wheeling, Toledo, Chicago, Detroit, Portsmouth, Allegheny, and for the past forty-three years has been stationed at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Mr. Wunderlich was converted in this country, and returned to Saxony, to preach. At that time Methodism had not been introduced in Saxony, and while preaching he was several times arrested and taken outside the corporation. A large crowd would follow, and when released Mr. Wunderlich would preach to his followers. He became a popular minister, was earnest and enthusiastic in his work, and has written a book on his trials in Saxony. He has now reached the age of sixty-four years, and his wife is sixty-two years of age. They have four sons and two daughters, all living.

E. J. Wunderlich, the eldest child in order of birth, received his literary education at Berea,

in the Baldwin University and the German Wallace College. He graduated at the Detroit Medical College in the class of 1874, and at the Cleveland Homeopathic College, in the class of 1882. Dr. Wunderlich began the practice of his profession at Wheeling, West Virginia, in 1875, remaining there until 1881, and since that time has been one of the leading physicians and surgeons of Canal Dover. He is Medical Examiner for the Masonic order, the I. O. O. F., the H. G., Protected Home Circle, New York Home Life, and is a member of the Round Table Club and the Ohio State Homeopathic Medical Society.

Mr. Wunderlich was married in 1877, to Miss Louisa Faubel, a daughter of George Faubel, of Wheeling. To this union has been born three children: Archie, born November 17, 1879; Edmond, who died of diphtheria in 1890, at the age of six years; and Anna, now three years of age. Mr. Wunderlich is identified with the Republican party, and both he and his wife are members of the German Methodist Episcopal Church. Our subject is a worthy and respected citizen, as well as an experienced practitioner, and has built up a large and lucrative patronage.

C. J. CRONIN, conductor on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, was born in Delaware county, Ohio, October 6, 1865, a son of Cornelius Cronin, a native of the Isle of Eviris, Ireland. He emigrated to America, locating in Delaware county, Ohio, when the Bee Line was in course of construction, and secured employment on that road. Mr. Cronin was married in his native country, to Ellen Lonohon, and they had two children, C. J. and Mary. The parents are still residents of Delaware, this State, aged respectively seventy-five and —— years.

C. J. Cronin secured only such opportunities as are ordinarily extended to sons of laboring men, and especially those of foreign-born parents, who seek the United States for greater freedom from the burden of taxation and for a more just remuneration for the toil necessary to a mere existence. He became acquainted with work in his tender years, having operated a stationary engine in his early 'teens, and also drove a hack from a Delaware livery firm. July 4, 1880, Mr. Cronin came to the Forest City, where he secured the position of brakeman on the Big Four Railroad, serving in that capacity eight years. Since that time he has been engaged as a through freight conductor.

Mr. Cronin was married December 17, 1891, to Miss Lucy Maginnis. They have one child, Mary, born in October, 1893. In his social relations, Mr. Cronin is a member of the O. R. C.

ACLAUS, a furniture manufacturer of Cleveland, was born in Brookhausen, Prussia, in January, 1857. He learned cabinet-making from his father, Henry Claus, who was a manufacturer of prominence in his native city. In accordance with a desire to join his brothers and sisters in the United States, and to avoid the three years of military duty devolving on German subjects on becoming eighteen years of age, our subject left Germany in company with his father and the remaining members of the family, and reached Cleveland without delay. He secured employment with Claus & Bush on Pearl street, and was with them about four years. J. Herig & Son were his next employers for a period of three years. Burl, Case & Company secured his services the next two years, and he was in the employ of the Singer Sewing Machine Company the succeeding two years. He subsequently became a partner in the West Side Furniture Company, on Orchard street, and six years later established himself at 629 Seneca street. He is in company with Mr. Quelles, and the value of the plant will reach $10,000. The business has increased one-third since its organization, and the men employed will average twenty. When Mr. Claus came to Cleveland

he was in debt. For a time on his first arrival he worked for his board and clothes. His energy put him on his feet in a few years and now he is building up a profitable business. Henry Claus is the father of ten children, only six of whom are now living; Henry; Frederick; John A.; Eleanor, wife of Henry Richter, of La Porte, Indiana, and Mary, married and living in Germany. Mr. Claus married in Cleveland, in 1881, Miss Ellen Geralin. Their children are: Arthur, August, Otto, Loesa, Lydia and Clara.

WALTER J. HAMILTON, son of Hon. E. T. Hamilton, of whom mention is made elsewhere within these pages, was born in Cleveland, April 14, 1865. His early education was received in the schools of Cleveland. He then attended the University of Michigan, where he graduated in 1888, receiving the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. He afterward attended Cornell College, of New York, from which institution he graduated in 1890, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws and Ph. M. Returning to Cleveland he was admitted to the Ohio Bar in October, 1890, and in February, 1891, associated himself with W. C. Ong, under the firm name of Ong & Hamilton, which firm has since gained a large and general practice of law. Mr. Hamilton was married in 1891 to Miss Jennie M. Adams, daughter of Edgar Adams, Esq., of Cleveland, Ohio.

REV. JOHN H. WEFEL, who is pastor of the St. Peter's Chapel of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in Cleveland, was born in Fort Wayne, Indiana, September 24, 1862. His parents were John and Minnie (Kleinsorge) Wefel, natives of Germany. These parents were married in the United States and settled in Fort Wayne, where they became respected and well-known citizens. The father died in 1876 at the age of sixty-one years, while the mother, who yet lives at Fort Wayne, is now past her seventieth year. Both parents became in early life members of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, in which they were from the beginning zealous members.

The subject of this sketch is the fifth of a family of seven children, four of whom married, and are now living in Fort Wayne. One child is a citizen of Nebraska and one a citizen of Kansas. Louisa, the first, is the wife of Christian Culp, Esq., of Fort Wayne, Indiana; Henry is a resident of Nebraska; William married Tillie Steinker and resides at Fort Wayne; Helena married William Fritze, Esq., of Strong City, Kansas; John H. is the subject of this sketch; Martin Wefel married a Miss Weller, and is a resident of Fort Wayne, Indiana, where also resides the seventh child, Caroline, who was wedded by August Peningroth.

At Concordia College, Fort Wayne, Rev. Wefel received his literary education. His theological education was received at the Concordia Theological Seminary at St. Louis, Missouri, where he graduated in the class of 1883. Immediately afterward he became pastor of a church at Pomeroy, Ohio, where he remained for about three and a half years. In 1887 he came to Cleveland, becoming pastor of St. Peter's Chapel, where the congregation then consisted of 150 communicants and the parochial school was attended by fifty pupils. Four hundred and fifty communicants now constitute the congregation and 130 pupils attend the parochial school, and are taught by one female and two male teachers.

Rev. Wefel is Secretary of the Middle District of The Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States, and has held this position for the last three years. The Middle District comprises Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky.

May 19, 1885, Rev. Wefel married Miss Elizabeth Anna Reuter, daughter of Valentine Reuter, of Pomeroy, Ohio, the father of the following children: Elizabeth, wife of John Heilman; Mrs. Wefel; Sophia, wife of Thayer H. Heslop; Louisa, wife of Curtis Smith;

Magdalena, wife of John Hilderman; Amelia, wife of Edward Findling; Charles; John, married to Fannie Boggess; and of the home circle there remain yet Barbara, Otto, George and Lydia.

The subject of this sketch is the father of the following children: Lydia, Walter and Amelia. Mrs. Wefel is an amiable woman, and is a zealous member of the same church with her esteemed husband, where he is a very prominent minister though a young man. Into all his work he has thrown much energy, vigor and earnestness, and his efforts have been followed by that success which has placed him among the ablest of his profession.

FREDERICK P. FARRAND, Captain of Hook & Ladder Company No. 5, of Cleveland, was born in Burlington, Vermont, March 11, 1833, a son of William and Eliza Sarah (Alford) Farrand, natives also of that State. The father, born in 1809, was a son of Jared Farrand. While in Vermont William was engaged in preparing timber for market. He came to Ohio in 1833, after which he was employed for a short time in making boats, and then became owner of a line of packets between Cleveland and Portsmouth. He lost his boats, however, by the foreclosing of a mortgage, which he made to serve a friend. He then came to this city, and from that time until 1860 found employment in the ship yards. Mr. Farrand next assumed the care of his aged father until the latter's death. He then purchased and moved to a farm in Fulton county, where he remained until his death, at the age of sixty-one years. Politically, he was first a Whig, and afterward became an ardent Republican. During the Mexican war he raised a company of soldiers, under the authority of Governor Reuben Wood, of Ohio, was appointed its Captain, but before mustered into service the war closed. The mother of our subject died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Moses G. Watterson, on Case avenue, Cleveland, at the age of eighty-six years. She was a devout member of the Second Baptist Church. Mr. and Mrs. Farrand had five children, viz.: William, deceased in infancy; Frederick P., our subject; Freeman P., of Cleveland; Helen, wife of Moses Watterson; and George, deceased at the age of five years. Three of the sons took part in the late war. The mother and sister were also very patriotic, nothing having been left undone by them that could add to the comfort, efficiency and worth of the brothers while in the service.

After completing his education, Frederick P. Farrand, the subject of this sketch, was employed as brakeman on the same train with Mayor Blee, having held that position until the opening of the late war. At Lincoln's call for 75,000 men, he enlisted in the service, and after the expiration of his term re-enlisted for three years, or during the war, in Company A, Seventh Ohio Volunteer Infantry. His first battle was Winchester, under Shields, where he was disabled, taken to Winchester, and was ordered to the hospital to take charge of the wounded soldiers of his company. The hospital was located in a hotel, but a few months afterward was moved to the Female Seminary. Being ordered to evacuate Winchester, the wounded were take in cattle cars to Frederick City, Maryland. Mr. Farrand was next ordered to report at Columbus, Ohio, was examined and discharged, after which he returned home. He was subsequently ordered to the defense of Washington, during which time he served as Sergeant of Company F, One Hundred and Fiftieth Regiment Ohio National Guards. Mr. Farrand has served in the Cleveland Fire Department since thirteen years of age, with the exception of about seven years, and is now the oldest fireman in the volunteer and pay departments in the city of Cleveland.

In 1864 our subject was united in marriage with Miss Caroline M. Dill, a daughter of Edward Dill, of Baltimore. They have had six children, namely: Edward W., who has been employed as book-keeper for the Dime Savings

Bank since its organization; Daisy E., wife of William T. Tegethoff, of Brooklyn, New York; F. Albert, agent for the Cleveland Supply Company; George D., an employe of the Standard Oil Company; and two deceased in infancy. Edward W., the eldest child, married Miss Howe, and they have one child. In political matters, our subject is an ardent Republican. He is in every way a most worthy citizen, giving good attention to the best interests of those whom he serves.

W. F. THOMPSON.—But little more than a score of years ago "Billy Thompson," as his hosts of friends familiarly refer to him, came to Cleveland and entered the employ of the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company as superintendent of the rod department of their institution. He was then a young man of nineteen, with rather unusual natural endowments, re-enforced by a fair English education. His life, as far as his business relations are concerned, is simply one long-continued story of duty well and faithfully performed and does not bristle with new events of frequent occurrence.

Mr. Thompson was born in Boston, Massachusetts, December 14, 1855. He entered the Boston Rolling Mills at thirteen, learned his trade and remained with them till coming to Cleveland. His identity with the Cleveland Mills covers a period of nineteen years. Mr. Thompson is probably best known in the political field. His training in his youth was such as to warrant his alliance with Democracy on reaching the age of political responsibility. He became early a party enthusiast, and being by nature impetuous, ambitious and invincible, he has inspired hope and confidence in his party, and gained a great personal popularity and following. In 1889 he was elected Police Commissioner of Cleveland and was legislated out of office by unprincipled opponents. Mr. Thompson has been frequently and prominently mentioned in connection with the mayoralty of Cleveland, and should such honors come to him by the suffrage of the people they would be most worthily bestowed. In April, 1893, Mr. Thompson was chosen by Director Farley as his deputy, and any man who knows Mr. Farley will be convinced that this appointment would be made solely on the basis of merit.

Mr. Thompson's father, John Thompson, came from Ireland to Boston more than fifty years ago. He was a mill man during his active life, but is now a resident of Cleveland and retired. He married in Boston, Mrs. —— McGuire, who bore him ten children, eight of whom were sons.

W. F. Thompson married in Cleveland, February 14, 1880, Anna, a daughter of John Duff, an early settler and the man who built the asylum. To Mr. and Mrs. Thompson seven children have been born; Mary, Raymond, Anna, Edwin and Edith (twins), William and John.

Billy Thompson's personal popularity is due to the effect that he is approachable, genial and kindly alike to all. He makes an exemplary city official and is loyal to his city, his party and his friends.

A. C. BURKE, an engineer on the Valley Railroad, was born on Jersey street, Cleveland, in November, 1857, a son of A. C. and Eliza (Lawson) Burke, natives of Ireland. They came to Cleveland, Ohio, in 184– and the father was a familiar figure on the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis Railroad for many years. He died while in active service, in 1888, aged about sixty years. Mr. and Mrs. Burke had seven children, five now living, viz.: A. C., E. J., Frank, William, all engaged in railroad work; and Mary, wife of O. E. Kenney, superintendent of the De Losier Wheel Works, at Toledo, Ohio. The deceased children were: Ellen, who married a Mr. Chester, and died in 1890; and Catherine, deceased in 1891, was the wife of B. R. Brassell.

A. C. Burke, the subject of this sketch, began work on the Bee Line Railroad, as brake-

man, in 1870, and four and a half years afterward was promoted to the position of engineer. During the construction of the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railroad from Norwalk to Toledo, he was engineer and conductor of the pioneer train, and on leaving that road ran the pay car on the T. C. & St. L. Railroad for three years. During the following five years Mr. Burke was engaged in the wholesale liquor and restaurant business, and during that time was one of the organizers and Secretary of the Dayton Public Athletic Club. He then resumed railroading on the Big Four Road, remaining there four years, and since that time has served on the Valley Road.

November 25, 1891, in this city, Mr. Burke was united in marriage with Miss Mary Boland, of Springfield, Ohio.

PROF. J. A. TEPAS, PH.D., was born in Cleveland, December 3, 1852. His parents were John and Paulina (DeRose) TePas. The parents are natives of Holland, being of Dutch lineage. The father in early life followed the trade of a blacksmith. Later he was engaged in stone works in Cleveland. For years he was a director in the Cleveland co-operative store. He came to Cleveland in 1849, coming from New Orleans. He was in New Orleans during the Mexican war, and afterward returned to Holland and brought thirty-seven of his neighbors with him to America. They all remained in this country and settled in Cleveland. Many of their descendants became residents of the West Side. The father is now a resident of Olmsted Falls, Cuyahoga county. He is about seventy-five years of age.

The subject of this sketch is the oldest of six children, of whom three are living. He was educated in Louisville, Ohio, and in St. Mary's, Ohio. He attended college at Rome, and was ordained to the priesthood May 11, 1880. Since 1882 he has been in the St. Mary's Seminary of Cleveland. He received the degree of Ph.D at Rome, at the Collegio Romano. In the St. Mary's Seminary he is a teacher of music, and is regarded as an educator of ability. He is a teacher also of dogmatic theology in the college, and this is the most important of his work. In philosophy and theology he is a ripe scholar. His work as an educator has been of vast importance and he is esteemed and respected by all who know him.

M. C. MALLOY, member of Council, was born in County Mayo, Ireland, September 20, 1850. He is a son of Michael Malloy, a farmer who died in Ireland but whose family came to Cleveland. Michael Malloy married Catharine Moran, who bore him ten children, six of whom are now living: M. C.; P. M.; Mary, wife of Richard O'Malley; Margaret, wife of Michael Moran, deceased; Catharine, wife of Patrick Gorman; and Julia, wife of Patrick Masterson.

M. C. Malloy came to Cleveland in 1870, and was employed on the coal docks for nine years with the Ohio & Pennsylvania Coal Company as a laborer. He was then made foreman of the dock, remaining in that capacity till 1885, when he engaged with Pickand, Mather & Co., as superintendent of their outside works, which position he still fills. About sixteen years ago Mr. Malloy became interested in politics, at which time he was elected to the city council, serving through the years 1883, '84 '85 and '86. In 1890 he was again sent to that body as representative, and again in 1892, his term expiring in 1894. The question of "Boulevard" has enlisted Mr. Malloy's attention. The opening of the river bed and the lake front also were measures which he worked assiduously to carry through, visiting Columbus as a lobbyist while the latter question was before the legislature. He was active in securing the passage of an ordinance increasing salaries in the police department of the city government. Mr. Malloy is

now serving on the committee on public officers and offices, labor, department examinations and claims, being chairman of the last named. April 13, 1879, Mr. Malloy married Catharine, a daughter of Michael Walsh. The children of this union are: Mary A., deceased; John F.; Catharine and Margaret.

Mr. Malloy is identified with the A. O. H., of which he is President; with the C. M. B. A., and is Past V. P. and Financial Secretary of the C. T. A. U. of A., and represented that lodge at the State conventions of that order. He has for twenty-one years been most active in the cause of temperance.

CAPTAIN CORNELIUS REWELL, of Cleveland, was born in Sussexshire, England, February 14, 1815, a son of Charles and Ruth Rewell. The father died in England in 1816, at about the age of thirty years. The mother afterward married John Walden. She located in Canada in 1834, came to the United States in 1845, and died March 1, 1847, at the age of fifty-three years.

Cornelius Rewell, his parents only child, began sailing on the ocean in 1832, in an old schooner called the Flora, Captain George Viney, first as cabin boy, was afterward promoted as cook, and subsequently began seaman's work. He sailed first to the bay of Honduras for mahogany, logwood, cochineal and cocoanuts; next went to London; thence to the West Indies for sugar; and later to St. Vincent in the Chieftain. Mr. Rewell then left that ship and joined the Vestal, a war vessel, which cruised around the West Indies, and was there at the death of King William. He has sailed to the coast of Labrador, and was in two whaling voyages to Van Dieman's Land, in the isle of Tasmania, where all the roughs of England had been banished. He followed the sea from 1832 to 1846, and in the latter year came to Sandusky, Ohio, where he worked on the shore for one and a half years. In 1848 he began sailing on the lakes, which he continued until 1876, and during that time encountered many hard storms. Since then Mr. Rewell has been retired from active labor.

He was married in the spring of 1849, in England, to Maria Martin, a native of that country, and who died in Cleveland in 1868, at the age of fifty-one years. George Martin, their only child, now residing in Cleveland. He married Jessie Miln, a native of this city, and they have one child, Hazel Marian. In 1869 Mr. Rewell was united in marriage with Mrs. Mary La Roe, who was born in New York, a daughter of John and Mary La Roe, natives of France. Our subject and wife have an adopted daughter, Josie, now the wife of George Warden, and they two children: Cornelius Livingston and Margaret Mary. Our subject and wife are members of the Woodland Avenue Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Rewell is a lady of rare traits of character, possessing a great love for humanity and a deep sympathy for the sufferings of mankind. She is a lady of refinement and culture, and is numbered among the worthy and highly respected citizens of the city. In his social relations, Mr. Rewell is a member of the Masonic order, and politically, affiliates with the Republican party. He is a genial and courteous gentleman, and his lively disposition and easy manners make him a favorite among his many friends.

PARKE W. STUART, M. D., practicing in Berea, Ohio, was born January 28, 1859, in Mt. Clemens, Michigan, where he was reared. He attended the common school and high school of Mt. Clemens and then took a business course in Bryant & Stratton's College at Detroit, afterward teaching penmanship in that college about two years. He then commenced the study of medicine in Toronto, Canada, completing his course in Detroit, Michigan, where he graduated, at the Detroit College of Medicine, in March, 1886. Dr. Stuart began the practice of his profession in Detroit, after-

ward removing to Cleveland, Ohio, where he continued for three years. He then came to Berea, where he has since remained and enjoys a fine and growing practice.

Dr. Stuart was married first to Miss Estella May Fuller, at Chesterfield, Michigan. She died while on a visit to her father's home, June 9, 1886, leaving one daughter, Ethel, who died the following September. The Doctor was again married September 29, 1890, in Berea, to Miss Maud E. Hutchings, who was born and reared in Cleveland.

Dr. Stuart is Health Officer for the township of Middleburg. He has taken an active part in religious work, having united with the Methodist Episcopal Church in 1882, and he is a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Royal Arcanum.

CHARLES FREDERIC MABERY, S. D., Professor of Chemistry in the Case School of Applied Science, was born January 13, 1850, in New Gloucester, Maine. His ancestors were among the first settlers in the towns of Windham and New Gloucester, and were in active service during the Revolutionary and subsequent wars. He early engaged in teaching, when nearly prepared to enter college, and during five years he taught in the various grades of the common schools and academies in Maine. When called upon to teach chemistry, natural philosophy and mathematics in Gorham Seminary, he became deeply interested in physical science, and in 1873 he entered courses of instruction in science in Harvard University.

After teaching one year in Warren Academy, Woburn, Massachusetts, preparing candidates for admission to The Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in chemistry and mathematics, he was appointed assistant teacher in the Harvard chemical laboratory. During the following eight years he developed summer courses of instruction in chemistry, which were attended by teachers from all parts of the country, and demonstrated the utility of this system of instruction, which has since been recognized as a feature of the university training. During this period he received from the university the degree of Bachelor of Science and the degree of Doctor of Science, publishing many papers on results of his investigations in chemistry.

In 1883 he accepted a position in the Case School of Applied Science, and he has since devoted his entire energy to the development of the chemical department in this institution. With the aid and cordial co-operation of the President and Board of Trustees, notwithstanding serious interruptions incident to the construction of several laboratories, and losses by fire, under his direction this laboratory now offers as good advantages for the study of chemistry as those of the older and larger institutions. Since coming to Cleveland Professor Mabery has published numerous papers in pure and applied chemistry, and he is now engaged on an extended investigation of the American sulphur petroleums. He is a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences and other scientific societies of this country and Europe.

In 1872 he was united in marriage with Miss Frank A. Lewis, whose ancestors were early settlers and influential citizens in Gorham, Maine, several of them serving in the Revolutionary war.

DAVID M. STRONG, well known as Merrick Strong, is one of the well-to-do farmers and highly respected citizens of Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. He belongs to a distinguished family of pioneers, of whom we make record as follows:

John S. Strong, in honor of whom the township of Strongsville was named, came from Marlborough, Vermont, to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, in 1816. After a short sojourn here he went back to Vermont, and with his family returned to the township which has since borne his name. Here he took claim to a large tract

of land, on which he established his home, and here he lived to the ripe old age of ninety-three years. This John S. Strong was an uncle of our subject's father, Retire Grove Strong. The latter was born in Stafford, Connecticut, June 25, 1797, and when eighteen years of age came out to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, and entered the employ of John S. Strong. For two years of service he was to have his choice of a farm in Strongsville township, and accordingly selected one in the northern part of the township. He settled on this farm—the same upon which the subject of our sketch now lives—in 1819, and here he spent the rest of his life and died, his death occurring May 14, 1859.

Retire Grove Strong was married in this township, June 24, 1819, to Miss Vina W. Whitney, daughter of Deacon Whitney and sister of Flavel Whitney. She was born in Marlborough, Vermont, June 14, 1802, and died at her home in this township, June 2, 1842. May 5, 1844, Mr. Strong married for his second wife Orra M. Merrill, who survived him a number of years, her death occurring June 9, 1877. In connection with the history of the Whitneys, it should be further stated that Vernica Whitney, a sister of Mrs. Strong, was the only woman in Strongsville in 1816, and her son, Franklin Hillard, was the first child born in Strongsville township. Retire Grove Strong and his first wife were the parents of thirteen children, seven of whom reached adult age, namely: Marcia A., wife of Robert M. Ashley, died March 30, 1853; Mary D., wife of William H. Ashley, died September 5, 1854; Sanford S., who is engaged in farming in Wisconsin; David M., whose name graces this article; Harriet E., wife of Chipman Strong, and, after his death, of E. H. Reed, died November 27, 1880; Vina W., wife of John S. Spencer, died in Edgerton, Wisconsin, March 16, 1888; and Newton G., who is engaged in farming in Michigan.

David M. Strong was born, reared, married, and has spent his life in Strongsville township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. His birth occurred August 22, 1829. He was married October 25, 1853, to Miss Almira S. Bryant, who was born in Nelson, New Hampshire, August 20, 1833, daughter of Francis S. and Betsey E. (Sprague) Bryant, natives of Massachusetts and New Hampshire respectively. They emigrated from the latter State to Ohio in 1833, settled first in Coshocton county, and eleven years later removed to Cuyahoga county and took up their abode in Strongsville township. Here both her parents passed away, her father dying July 6, 1856; her mother October 1, 1865. David M. and Almira S. Strong have had five children, namely: Francis G., who died at the age of three years; Charles M., who lived only eleven months; Hattie E. is the widow of Dr. F. M. Clark, who died in Salem, Ohio, October 8, 1892; Mary A., who died May 9, 1875; and Arthur B., a graduate of Baldwin University. There are also two grandsons, Harlan M. and Russell A., children of Hattie E. and the late Dr. F. M. Clark.

Mr. Strong has all his life been engaged in agricultural pursuits. He owns a fine farm of of 154 acres, upon which he has made many valuable improvements. In local affairs he has all along taken an active part. For eight years he has served as Township Trustee, and has also filled various other minor offices. Both he and his wife are members of the First Congregational Church at Strongsville. He has served as a Deacon in the church for more than a quarter of a century, and for twenty years was the efficient superintendent of the Sunday-school.

Such is a brief sketch of one of the leading citizens of Strongsville township.

HENRY A. MASTICK.—The subject of this sketch, a leading citizen and a prosperous farmer of Rocky River Hamlet, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, is a man of wide and diversified business experience, and is most highly esteemed in the community where he has resided for many years and with whose interests he is closely identified.

He was born in Clarendon, Geauga county, Ohio, November 19, 1828, the third in order of birth of the eight children (four sons and four daughters) of the late Colonel Benjamin and Eliza (Tomlinson) Mastick. Benjamin Mastick was born in Ballou's Falls, Windham county, Connecticut, in 1796, and his wife was a native of Derby, the same State, where she was born in the year 1802. After their marriage they emigrated to the western frontier and settled in Geauga county, Ohio, where they remained until 1831, when they removed to Cuyahoga county and settled in that part of Rockport township which is designated as Rocky River Hamlet. There they passed the remainder of their lives; the Colonel died May 14, 1872. Benjamin Mastick was a man of much ability and prominence, his military title having been conferred upon him in Geauga county, by Governor St. Clair, who commissioned him Colonel of militia. He was a farmer by occupation and brought to bear the most progressive methods in the prosecution of operations in this line.

Henry A. Mastick was about three years of age when his parents removed to Cuyahoga county, and here he was reared to manhood, receiving such educational advantages as the locality afforded. On attaining his twenty-first year he went to Cleveland and for about twelve years was employed in the post office in that city, proving a most capable and trustworthy official,—a recognition of which fact was his subsequent appointment to the position in Government employ as railway postal clerk on the route between Buffalo and Toledo, in which service he was retained during the years 1874 and 1875. Since that time he has given his attention entirely to farming, owning about ninety acres of fine land on the Rocky river.

May 10, 1854, in Newark, Licking county, Ohio, he was united in marriage to Miss Angelina C. Moull, who was a native of Newark, where she was born August 11, 1839, being a daughter of the late George Moull, who was a pioneer resident of Licking county. Mr. and Mrs. Mastick are the parents of two children: George C., and Fannie E., who is the wife of Harry N. Ravenscroft.

Mr. Mastick has taken an active interest in local and political affairs and has held many of the more important township offices. He supports the principles and cause of the Republican party. In his fraternal affiliations he is prominently identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being a member of Rocky River Lodge, No. 236.

FRED C. SMITH.—Among those men, who born and reared to man's estate in Rockport Hamlet have continued their residence in the locality where first they ope'd their wondering eyes, and who have attained to success and honor in the place of their nativity, the subject of this review merits particular recognition. He was born in that portion of Rockport township which is now known as Rockport Hamlet, on the 6th of March, 1858, being the son of Jacob F. and Frances (Wagner) Smith (or Schmidt, as the name was originally spelled). The father was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, in 1828, and the mother is also a native of Germany. They were married in Cuyahoga county, and for three years resided in Brooklyn township, removing thence to Rockport township, where the family home has ever since been maintained. Here the father died, April 5, 1891; the mother still survives. They were the parents of six children, namely: Fred C., Frances M., Louis R., Anna L., Emma E. and William.

The subject of this sketch, the oldest of the children, was reared in Rockport township, receiving his education in the common schools. In 1881 he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, serving three years and becoming a master of the business. As testifying his particular ability it may be noted that during the last eighteen months of his apprenticeship he acted as foreman for his employer. He has con-

tinued to follow this important line of occupation until the present time and his services have been in ready demand in Rockport Hamlet and vicinity, where many fine structures stand in evidence of his skill as a carpenter and builder. Since 1884 he has conducted business for himself and has met with abundant success.

Mr. Smith was married, in Rockport Hamlet, in June, 1886, to Miss Lena Klane, who was born in Cleveland. The father died in Cleveland, and the mother is still surviving. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are the parents of two children: Walter H. and Herman H.

Our subject has maintained an active interest in the general political questions and policies of the day, advocates the principles of the Republican party, and has been prominent in local affairs of a public nature.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith are zealous and devoted members of the First Congregational Church of Rockport Hamlet, and in the line of fraternal associations the former is identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being a member of Amazon Lodge, No. 567.

PROFESSOR JOHN BOLTON, professor of economics, rhetoric, chemistry, physics, botany and civics in the Cleveland public schools, was born near Hagerstown, Maryland, November 4, 1820. His parents were John and Eve (Isiminger) Bolton, natives also of that State. His mother was of Pennsylvania Dutch stock, while his father was of Irish extraction. The grandfather of our subject came from Ireland and served in the American navy during the war of the Revolution. By trade John Bolton, Sr., was a millwright, which occupation he followed for some years in Maryland and Pennsylvania. He was Justice of the Peace in New Haven, Pennsylvania, to which State he moved in 1828. In New Haven he also carried on cabinet making, later was a merchant and finally was engaged in milling. He was one of a company who built a large flouring mill. For his second wife he married Fanny Gilchrist. He was a worthy and respected citizen, of deep religious convictions and a member of the Baptist Church; his religious principles he strictly carried out in his daily life. His wife, the mother of Professor Bolton, died in 1822, leaving two children: William, who was born in 1818 and died in 1844; and John, the subject of this sketch, who was then but two years of age.

The latter received his early education in the private schools of western Pennsylvania, but is mostly self-educated, and has made his own way in the world. In early life he learned the saddler's trade, which he followed until 1850, when he began teaching public and private schools in the Keystone State. In 1843, however, he had taught a private school in western Virginia, near the Pennsylvania State line. In 1851 he taught in Morgantown Academy, then returned to his home in Connellsville, Pennsylvania, and taught in district schools until 1855; in December of that year he removed to Portsmouth, Ohio, where he was employed as instructor in the high school; next was principal of that school until 1865, when he was elected one of the two Superintendents of public schools of that city; in 1866 he became sole Superintendent, which position he held till 1872, when he accepted a call to Cleveland as teacher of chemistry and physics in the old Central building. In 1876 he was transferred to the West high school, with which he has ever since been connected.

Professor Bolton's teaching has always been of a high order and in accordance with the latest and best approved methods, as he has always kept himself abreast of the times. He has ever been a close student, a keen observer and a great lover of nature and of children. His record has not only been a very creditable but even an enviable one. He has now taught continuously for forty-four years, his services have ever been in demand, and his experience as a teacher has been a very remarkable one in this especially, he has never had to hunt for a school. In obtaining situations he has always

had a call in advance and the school was ready for him. He stands high as an educator, in Cleveland and in both the States of Ohio and Pennsylvania. He has been a member of the Ohio State Teachers' Association, and also of the Northeastern Ohio Teachers' Association.

Professor Bolton was married March 16, 1852, to Miss Martha R. McCune, daughter of Samuel McCune, a highly respected farmer of Fayette county, Pennsylvania, of which State Mrs. Bolton also is a native. She taught school in that State, and also in the primary department of the Portsmouth school. The McCune family on the paternal side, and the Cummings family on the mother's, were of Scotch descent, and early settlers in Fayette county.

Professor and Mrs. Bolton have had three children, two of whom died in early life. The surviving child is W. B. Bolton, one of the leading attorneys of Cleveland. Mrs. Bolton is a member of the Second Presbyterian Church of this city.

JOHN ROCK, a resident of Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Germany, December 5, 1838. His parents were Conrad and Barbara (Damer) Rock. The latter, born in 1805, still has her powers of mind and body well preserved, and is an honored resident of Cleveland. The father, Conrad Rock, a miller by trade, died in Germany, at the age of thirty-eight years. Their children were: Elizabeth, widow of Jacob Herman, on Pearl street; George, a merchant of Paducah, Kentucky, where he has resided for about thirty-five years; John, the subject of this sketch.

The latter educated himself as well as he could with the limited opportunities afforded him. At the age of thirteen he left home and first apprenticed himself to become a woodturner, which trade, however, he found very difficult to learn, as his employer kept him driving the horses, that being the power for the machinery. So, after three months he gave up the attempt and became a boy of all work in a boarding-house, at $5 per month, and then a waiter in a restaurant. In the spring of 1862 he, in company with I. S. Forbush, kept the Commercial House on Seneca street, and in the fall he bought out James Wright, of the Wright House, which he kept until he bought the land at the northeast corner of Woodland and Willson, and erected the building which still stands upon it.

In the fall of 1867 he opened up a general supply store, which proved a great benefit to the surroundings, as previously they were never within a mile of those corners, and to-day it is like a small town of itself: business places of almost all descriptions located there. In 1869 he bought the Baldwin property at the southeast corner of Woodland, Willson and Kinsman streets, upon which he erected the large brick building in which is located the Woodland Avenue Savings and Loan Association, which proved to be a wonder, having over one and one-half million dollars in six years' business.

The point is called "Rock's Corners," christened so by the neighbors in honor of the founder of business there, and one can get nearly everything he wants there. This busy place affords an opportunity for the public to go five different directions by street cars, and the sixth is coming, namely, the Cross-Town Road.

A few years ago Mr. Rock retired from the store he had kept so long, and now it is occupied by his nephew, George P. Herman. Mr. Rock is the owner of a large amount of real estate, to which he is giving his attention.

He was married in 1865, to Elisa Wabel, daughter of Carl Wabel, of Cleveland. Her mother, whose name before marriage was Roos, is living with him since the death of her husband, who died in 1891; also his own mother, who is nearly eighty-nine years old. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Rock are nine in number, namely: William G.; John, Jr.; George W.; Eliza, wife of O. T. Loehr; Herman A., Carl, Amelia, Clarence, and Florence Victoria, who was born on Queen Victoria's fiftieth jubilee day.

Mr. Rock has been a hard worker and has been interested in every improvement or enterprise in the vicinity. He was the owner of the Woodland Hill Street Railroad, which he afterward sold to the Woodland Avenue Street Railroad Company.

In politics he is a Republican. He and his wife are prominent members of the First German Protestant Church.

E. C. ANGELL, Councilman from the Sixth District of Cleveland, is a gentleman of wide acquaintance commercially, socially and politically. This family dates back to old colonial days for its pioneer American ancestor, and discovers him in the person of Nelson Angell, who settled in Oswego, New York, and was a machinist by trade. One of his sons, E. C. Angell, enlisted in the colonial army at nineteen years of age and served till the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown closed that historic epoch, being mustered out with a Colonel's commission. This gentleman in civil life was a blacksmith and passed his life at Oswego. His wife was Anna Brown, who bore him eight children, of whom Nelson, our subject's grandfather, was the third.

Nelson Angell became a machinist, and was for eighteen years general master mechanic of the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad. Upon retiring he moved to St. Louis, Missouri, and died in 1884, at seventy-five years of age. He married Jane Lasker, of Schoharie county, New York, an aunt of Lieutenant-Commander Wright, of the battle-ship Michigan, who died in Key West, Florida. His children were: Henry B., born March 4, 1833, and five others now deceased.

H. B. became a machinist and engineer and came to Cleveland in 1853, February 6. He was a stationary engineer for the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad in this city more than forty years.

Mr. Angell married, October 17, 1851, Agnes, a daughter of David Fitzpatrick, who came from Burlington, Vermont, fifty-eight years ago. By occupation he was a merchant tailor. He married Matilda Smith and reared seven children.

The children of H. B. Angell are: Mary Jane, wife of C. H. Warburton, ex-general master mechanic of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railroad; Nelson, superintendent of C. L. Leach's Works, of New York city; E. C., George W., Henry and John,—all practical machinists of Cleveland; Luella, wife of Peter Lanker, an engineer on the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling Railroad.

E. C. Angell secured a liberal education from the public schools of Cleveland. At seventeen he entered the shops of the Union Steel Screw Works, and during his apprenticeship studied drafting at night and became quite skillful in that line of work. He was employed as a journeyman in the shops of Warner & Swasey three years and resigned to accept the position of tool worker with the White Sewing Machine Company. This position he resigned three years later to take the position of assistant superintendent of the Standard Lighting Company. In 188– he went to the Standard Sewing Machine Company, and after serving four years as gauge-worker accepted the position of assistant superintendent with the same company, resigning it in May, 1893, to assist in the founding of a viaduct.

Mr. Angell was born August 7, 1859. Quite early in life he became an ardent Republican, and on attaining his majority became a party leader. He was nominated in January, 1892, over two other candidates to the City Council by a majority of 705 votes, and was elected by a plurality of 1,360, being 312 larger majority than any other Republican candidate from the Fourth ward, since the organization of the city. In the council of '92 Mr. Angell was chairman of the committee on lighting, a member of the committee on charities and corrections and ordinances. In 1893 he was chairman of the committee on charities and corrections, a member of the committee on labor and laborers, and of the committee on harbors. He was interested

in the passage of the transfer ordinance of 1892, compelling street railways to give transfers, and is interested in the passage of the Russell-Scofield ordinance for street railway purposes. Mr. Angell is most frequently called on to represent his constituents as delegate to county and State conventions.

August 19, 1878, Mr. Angell married Miss Neff, a daughter of Phillip Neff, born in this city. Mr. Neff was born here, and was a contractor. He died in 1872 at forty-four years of age. He reared six children, five now living Only one child was born to Mr. and Mrs. Angell: Mildred, deceased October 19, 1891, at nine years.

Mr. Angell is a charter member of the P. S. Lodge, No. 526, Knights of Pythias. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Post N. C., of Cleveland City Castle; of the No. 23 K. of G. E., and of the Temple of the Mystic Shrine. He is a Chapter Mason and one of Oriental Commandery, No. 12, K. T. He is also Past Chief Ranger of S. & L., Lodge 14, and Ohio Division, I. O. F., and member of the Grand Lodge. He is also an active member of the Woodland Club.

FRANCIS FORD, formerly a locomotive engineer, but now retired from active labor, was born at Covington, Massachusetts, May 1, 1820, a son of Cyrus and Clarissa (Whitmarsh) Ford, natives also of that State. The father conducted a station on the underground railroad in Cleveland. Francis attended the common schools, the Shaw Academy, and the Grand River Institute at Austinburg, Ashtabula county, Ohio. After completing his education he taught school four winters. July 1, 1850, he began work on the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad, spending ten years as assistant engineer, and from 1860 to 1880 was chief engineer. After the completion of the line to Indianapolis and Chicago, he began work on that branch of the road, was also engineer on the East Cleveland Road, and during that time was superintendent of the construction of the Garfield Monument three years, from the time the foundation was laid until it was completed. Mr. Ford still resides on the farm on which his father located in October, 1841, which is now laid off into town lots, and is located in one of the most beautiful spots in the city.

September 18, 1851, Mr. Ford was united in marriage with Miss Mercy A. Fuller, a daughter of Edward and Maria Fuller. The father was a real-estate dealer, also served as justice of the peace twenty years, and was well known and respected in his community. His death occurred in 1879. Mrs. Fuller now resides with her daughter, Mrs. George A. Ingersoll, at 1374 Euclid avenue, Cleveland, and is eighty-four years of age. She is a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Mr. and Mrs. Fuller had six children: Carlton A., of Toledo; Mercy A., now Mrs. Ford; Joanna M., wife of G. A. Ingersoll; Edwin, of Jersey City; Charles W., a clerk in the general ticket office of the Lake Shore Road in Cleveland; and Alvira M., who married a Mr. Beckwith, and died in 1890. Mr. and Mrs. Ford have had six children. The eldest, Frank L., is a graduate of the Rensselaer Polytechnic school of Troy, New York, and is now State agent of the Worcester, Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company. He was married in 1877, to Eva Hurlburt, and they have four children: Florence, Elizabeth, Hurlburt and Dennison. Edwin L. is engaged in the general ticket office of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad. He married Nellie, a daughter of M. R. Keith, and they had two children, Myron and Edwin L. The wife and mother died in March, 1889. Minnie was burned to death at the age of three years. She was alone in an adjoining room, when her screams revealed the terrible fact that her clothes were on fire. After hours of suffering death came to her relief. Charles L. is employed as salesman in the office of the Goff-Kirby Coal Company. Maria married Rev. W. H. Jones,

rector of the St. John's Church on the West Side. He graduated in the theological course of the Cambridge Episcopal school in the Adelline College. Fanny died in 1883, at the age of eleven years. Mrs. Ford and daughter are members of the Beckwith Presbyterian Church of Cleveland. In political matters, Mr. Ford affiliates with the Republican party.

WILLIAM S. CORLETT, of Warrensville, Ohio, is one of the representative citizens of that place. He was born on the Isle of Man, July 7, 1835, son of William and Jane (Corlett) Corlett, and came with his parents and other members of the family to America in 1845. The father was twice married. By his first wife he had one child, Ellen, who was the wife of Robert Corlett, deceased. The children by his second marriage were as follows: William S.; John A.; Robert C., who was a member of the Forty-second Ohio Infantry during the late war, and who is now a resident of Newburg, Ohio; Mrs. Jane Stevenson, who has been twice widowed and who with her five children (Samantha J., Clara, Francis D., Moses, Belle A. and Jennie C. Stevenson) lives with the subject of this sketch; Thomas E., deceased was a member of Garfield's regiment, the Forty-second Ohio, his death having occurred while he was in camp and when he was only eighteen years old; Clara, wife of Charles Murfett, of Orange township, this county; and Sylvanus J., also a resident of Orange township. The last two named are the only ones who are natives of this country. The father of our subject was born in 1803 and died in 1870, while the mother, born in 1810, died in 1889. The elder Mr. Corlett was engaged in agricultural pursuits all his life. Politically, he was a Republican; religiously, a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

On the old home farm William S. Corlett was reared. He attended the district school, later went to Oberlin and Berea colleges, and for several years was engaged in teaching. For two years—1866 and 1867—he had charge of the business department of Berea College. He also learned the trade of bricklayer, at which he worked for some years. At this writing he occupies the homestead farm with his sister Jane and her children, the place being well improved with good buildings, orchard, etc. The two-story brick residence is surrounded with a pretty lawn, the whole premises being neat and attractive.

Politically, Mr. Corlett is identified with the Republican party, and is regarded as one of its most active workers in this vicinity. For six terms he has served as Justice of the Peace, dispensing justice to all before his court in a manner suited to a higher judge. He is a member, steward and trustee of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and is also Superintendent of the Sunday-school. In political, educational and religious matters he has ever taken an active interest, and is justly entitled to the high esteem in which he is held by all who know him.

DWIGHT SMITH, deceased, formerly a farmer of Middleburg township, Ohio, was born in Amherst, Massachusetts, in 1819, and when he was a boy of seven years his parents moved to the State of New York, and four years afterward to Cuyahoga county, Ohio, settling in Middleburg township, where they passed the residue of their days.

Dwight Smith continued to reside in this township, and was married in Liverpool, Ohio, October 25, 1848, to Miss Sarah Lillie, who was born in Vermont, January 8, 1826. They commenced housekeeping in Middleburg, which was then an unsettled country. He chopped down a few trees and erected a little frame house which was occupied for many years, having been destroyed by fire on the 4th of July, 1873; he then erected a commodious residence. He was actively engaged in farming until his death, which occurred at his residence, August 22, 1881.

He had eight children: Alice, who is the wife of Wesley Humphrey, a resident of Middleburg; Solon D., deceased; Julia A., wife of Louis Busse, a resident of Middleburg; George F., who died in infancy; Clara A., wife of Willis Smith, a resident of Middleburg; Sarah L.; Burrett J., who married Gertrude Wing, is also a resident of Middleburg; and Minnie O.

Mr. Smith was very fond of music, and could play skillfully on the violin, fife and snare drum.

He was a member of the Methodist Church, and was a great worker in the church and Sabbath-school.

The father of Mrs. Smith, Anson Lillie, was a soldier in the war of 1812, where he lost a leg. He died in Liverpool, Lorain county, Ohio. His wife, whose name before marriage was Anna Dike, died in Middleburg township, Ohio.

HARVEY RICE.—An eminent citizen of Cleveland, in the person of Harvey Rice, died on the 7th of November, 1891, having completed ninety-one years and four months of life. He was born at Conway, Massachusettes, in the last year of the eighteenth century, June 11, 1800. His father was a farmer and he was bereft of his mother when he was but four years of age.

One of the most precious literary legacies which Mr. Rice left to his family and friends is a manuscript volume, written in compliance with the earnest solicitation of a friend, entitled "Leaflets of a Life-time," and completed in his eighty-seventh year. It is a beautiful photograph of his life, his sentiments, his affections, his memory of childhood, his birth-place, and the remembrance of the sad sweet face and the dying kiss of his mother. A few extracts will illustrate this record.

"The old frame house in which I was born, though sadly weather-beaten, still survives the assaults of time, of storm, and of tempest, for the simple reason, I suppose, that it is literally founded upon a rock,—a rock which, covered with a thin soil, projects from a hillside, and in its general appearance resembles the outlines of a giant's chair. When I last visited the old mansion it had assumed a lonely and forsaken aspect, a sadness of expression which touched the better feelings of my nature, and compelled me to turn away with a sorrowful heart and a tearful eye. The farm consists of about fifty acres of romantic hill and dale. The rocks, broad and black, crop out in almost every part of it and seem to contend with the small intervening space of arable land for the supremacy. The contrast, however, between rock-plat and grass-plat presents to the eye an agreeable picture, or rather landscape, penciled here and there with silver rills, whose waters are as pure and sweet as the nectar of the gods.

"In the distance are seen mountain ranges mantled in celestial blue seeming like a circular crowd of spectators lost in silent admiration of the scene. It was here within this charmed circle that I first saw the light, and here in the fourth summer of my childhood my mother died. At such an age the loss of a mother is irreparable. It was a loss which I did not then appreciate, but which I doubt not gave direction of the future of my life. Being so young at the time of her death, I remember but little in relation to her. The most I can recollect is the expression of tenderness of which she took her final leave of me and the other members of the family at her bedside, and the subsequent appearance which her funeral procession presented to my childish eye as it wound its way slowly over the hills to the rural graveyard in which her remains were deposited. It was said by those best acquainted with her, that she was not only an exemplary lady, but that she possessed for those times unusual literary attainments, and for this reason was often solicited by her personal friends and neighbors to furnish, in matters of local interest, notices for the newspaper press, especially obituaries and elegiac verses."

Five times in the course of his life Mr. Rice made a pilgrimage to the neglected old graveyard in Conway where reposes the sacred dust of his mother, the last time being in 1874. "It is," he writes, "a quiet rural spot on the hillside. Her headstone is constructed of slate rock, primitive in design and humble in its pretension, yet it is now so overgrown with moss that I found it difficult to read the inscription, but finally succeeded in deciphering the words, 'Died August 2, 1804; aged 33 years.' As if to guard the quiet of her slumbers, a native pine has grown up at her foot-stone and now breathes its pensive whispers, dirge-like, over her remains. Even her headstone, as if weary with watching, has assumed a leaning posture. From its crumbling edges I gathered a few fragments, and also culled a few of the many wild flowers that had blossomed in its shadow. These I have carefully preserved in a picture-frame. The fragments and flowers are so arranged in the frame as to give the flowers the appearance of having sprung to life, naturally, out of broken ledge of slate rock. This picture, as inartistic as it may be, now adorns the walls of my library. Simple as this device may seem to others, it is and ever will be regarded by me as a relic of priceless value."

The genealogical record of the family indicates that the first American ancestor was Edmund Rice, who emigrated with his wife and seven children from Barkhamsted, England, to America, in 1638, and settled in Sudbury, Massachusetts. Barkhamsted, about twenty miles northwest of London, is a town of great historical interest. Originally, from the first to the fourth century, it was the camp of the Roman Legions, whose vast earthworks are now visible and whose bastions are still green. It was also the first permanent camp of the Norman conqueror after the battle of Hastings in 1066, where he received the submission of London. A castle was here erected, which was a royal residence long before that of Windsor, and which is still visible in its ruins. It was the residence of the royal line of York, terminating in the death of Richard III, last of the Plantagenets, seven years before the discovery of America. But above all kings and courtiers it is interesting as the birth-place of the poet Cowper, whose father was rector of the church.

Mr. Rice's grandfather, Cyrus Rice, was the lineal descendant of Edmund. He emigrated from Worcester, Massachusetts, to Conway in 1762, being the first white man who settled in that town. His only neighbors at that time were the dusky sons of the forest. In his family was born the first white child of the town—a daughter, whose name was Beulah, and in his family occurred the first death, that of his wife. He lived to see the town generally settled, was the father of seven sons and three daughters, and died at the age of ninety-two years. One of his sons, Stephen, was the father of Harvey Rice, and his mother's maiden name was Lucy Baker. They settled on the farm adjoining that of Cyrus, the primitive pioneer, and here Harvey Rice was born. The following record is extracted from "Leaflets of a Life-time;" "My father was a man of fine physical proportions, and of great physical strength. Though not highly educated he possessed a logical mind, and rarely met his equal in debating a theological question. As the grand object of life, he never sought wealth, nor did he obtain it. Yet he managed to live in comfortable circumstances, and always sustained an irreproachable character. He died in 1850 in the eighty-third year of his age. For his memory I entertain a profound filial regard, and shall ever recall with gratitude his parental kindness and solicitude for my welfare."

The contemporaneous historical events surrounding the period of one's birth and boyhood are no less interesting to recall than those more commonly noted at the period of death. When light first gladdened the infant eyes of Harvey Rice, John Adams was president; George III still lived; Washington had been entombed at Mt. Vernon but six months; Napoleon had but recently fought the battle of the Pyramids; the then future city of his ultimate adoption had

existed, on paper only, for four years; Europe then and for twenty years thereafter, was in the throes of the French Revolution, and the current foreign news read by the youth of New England was of battles by land and sea—of Nelson and the Nile, of Trafalgar and Copenhagen, of Marengo, Austerlitz, and Lodi's fatal bridge, of Wellington and Waterloo. Poetry then more than now was read by old and young alike. While Plutarch and Gibbon were read and revered, poetry had more delightful fascination, especially for youth. Milton was associated with Isaiah; the Paradise Lost was regarded of confirmatory of and proof of Holy Writ; Pollock and Young were in every household; Cowper and Goldsmith were deemed standard poets; Gray's Elegy was in every school reader; Shakespeare suggested the sinful theater and therefore was not so generally read and appreciated as in later years; Bryant and Scott were the most popular authors; the grace of the "Lady of the Lake" and the grandeur of the Hebrew Melodies were the literary themes of New England social life. In such historical and literary atmosphere was awakened and developed the bright and reflective mind in the springtime of the life of Harvey Rice. But above all were his youth and early manhood influenced and inspired by his older contemporary, the poet Bryant, whose birth-place was the neighboring town of Cummington, and whose "Thanatopsis" was the foundation of his subsequent, pre-eminent, poetic and scholarly fame. Such were the influences that surrounded his youth and ultimately directed his foot-steps and lighted his pathway to Williams College at which he graduated in 1824. From the close of the Revolution the course of empire from the Atlantic States has ever been westward, first to Holland Purchase, next to New Connecticut or the Western Reserve, then onward still, until now, after a lapse of a hundred years, there is no more West. Immediately on leaving college Mr. Rice came directly to the Reserve,—the stage coach, Erie canal boat, and schooner from Buffalo, being in that day the most expeditious means of conveyance,—arriving at Cleveland on the 24th day of September, 1824, then only a village of 400 inhabitants. The most imposing brick structure then erected was the Cleveland Academy on St. Clair street, now (1894) occupied as headquarters by the fire department of the city. Here the accomplished young graduate immediately secured a position of classical teacher and principal. In the meantime he entered his name as student in the office of Reuben Wood, Esq., and employed his leisure hours in study. In the spring of 1826 he resigned his position in the academy and went to Cincinnati, where he continued his legal studies with Bellamy Storer, Esq. Returning to Cleveland he was admitted to the bar and commenced the practice of law in partnership with his early friend, Reuben Wood, who afterward became Chief Justice and then Governor of the State.

In 1828 he united in marriage with Miss Fannie Rice at the home of his law partner. She died in 1837. Three years later, in 1840, he married Emma Maria Wood, who was his beloved companion nearly fifty years, preceding him in death a little less than three years, in 1889. He was the happy father of sons and daughters. In 1830 he was elected representative to the legislature. Though one of the youngest members, he was honored with a place on the joint committee appointed to revise the statutes of the State, the revision of 1830 being the first ever undertaken of the Ohio statutes. In the course of this revision, many new provisions were incorporated into the laws, some of which were prepared by Mr. Rice and are still retained on the statute-book. Near the close of the session he was appointed by that body, agent to sell the Western Reserve school lands, some 50,000 acres in Holmes and Tuscarawas counties. To that end he opened an office in Millersburg. This important public service having been accomplished, in 1833 he returned to Cleveland and was appointed Clerk of the county courts, which position he held for for seven years. Within that period he was twice nominated by his party for Congress. In

1851 he was elected to the State Senate and was made chairman on the committee on schools. This proved to be the occasion of his winning an honorable and lasting fame, it being no less to the end of his life than his public recognition as "Father of the Common School System of Ohio."

The journals of the Ohio Senate furnish a complete record of the inception, draft, report, and advocacy of the school bill by Senator Rice, and the vote, almost unanimous, twenty-two to two, by which it passed that body, and ultimately the house, and thus became alike a law and a blessing to a generation of the children of the State. The leading journals of the State, without distinction of party, were unanimous in their friendly greeting of the new school law, and published his speech with editorial comments on its clearness of statement and happy illustration, and awarded the meed of approval and praise to Senator Rice for his great and beneficent work. And now after forty years it reads like a prophecy fulfilled. The following are its concluding paragraphs:

"By the provisions of this bill, it is intended to make our common schools what they ought to be,—the colleges of the people,—cheap enough for the poorest and good enough for the richest. With but a slight increase of taxation, schools of different grades can be established and maintained in any township of the State, and the sons and daughters of our farmers and mechanics have an opportunity of acquiring a finished education, equal with the more favored of the land. In this day, the elements of mind now slumbering among the masses, like a fine unwrought marble in the quarry, will be aroused and brought out to challenge the admiration of the world. Philosophers and sages will abound everywhere, on the farm and in the workshops, and many a man of genius will stand among the masses and exhibit a brilliancy of intellect which will be recognized in the circling years of the future as 'A light, a land-mark on the cliffs of time.' It is only the educated man who is competent to interrogate nature and comprehend her relations. Though I would not break down the aristocracy of knowledge of the present age, yet, sir, I would level up and equalize and thus create, if I may be allowed the expression, a democracy of knowledge. In this way, and in this way only, can men be made equal in fact, equal in their social and political relations, equal in mental refinement, and in a just appreciation of what constitutes man the brother of his fellow man.

"In conclusion, sir, allow me to express my belief that the day is not far distant when Ohio, in the noble cause of popular education and of human rights, will lead the column and become what she is capable of becoming,—a star of the first magnitude, the brightest in the galaxy of our American Union."

In the autumn of 1852, Mr. Rice made a flying trip through most of the Southern States accompanied by his wife and son. They proceeded from Cleveland by the way of New York, Washington, Richmond, Wilmington, Charleston and Savannah; and returned home by the way of Mobile, New Orleans, the Mississippi river and Cincinnati, having made a circuit of nearly 5,000 miles. A very interesting account of the journey was given in a series of letters by Mr. Rice, in a New York magazine. Later in life, after the opening of the trans-continental railroad, he visited California, and coasted along its pleasant shores, and delighted the public, through his home journal, with a charming description of the country of the Golden Gate.

Mr. Rice enjoyed a serene, placid, domestic, social and literary life. In 1871, Williams College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He often participated in the reunions of the alumni in the halls of his alma mater, and as often delivered a poem, or a more formal address. He was very industrious. Besides the almost constant and gratuitous local public service, in the council, and on boards of finance and of penal and charitable institutions, his daily life work was in his library, among the hundreds of standard volumes of science, philosophy, literature and law. His pen was

W. H. Wheelock

never idle, and the product thereof consists of several volumes of history, biography, poems and essays,—philosophical and scientific,—embracing many subjects of modern thought from women's rights to the glacial period.

In the development and preservation of local history, the industrious researches of Mr. Rice are among the most valuable and precious treasures of our historical institutions. He was the early friend and ever cherished the Western Reserve Historical Society, now holding within its noble structure the richest collection of the historical and antique in the State. The historical inspirations of his soul embraced national no less than local themes, early manifested in the erection of the colossal statue of Commodore Perry, the first suggestion of which was made by him while a member of the city council in 1857. He was made a chairman of the committee charged with the execution of the enterprise. In 1867 he erected at his own expense, in the domain of Williams College, a beautiful grove called "Mission Park," a noble monument commemorative of the pious students' service of prayer in 1806, when and where was first announced the inspired thought that led to the organization of the American Board of Foreign Missions. From its organization in 1879 until his death, he was the president and inspiring spirit of the Early Settlers' Association, and in that capacity he annually delivered a discourse, pertinent and attractive, largely historical, touching incidents and events in the lives of the oldest and most noted pioneers. Under the authority and parentage of the association he caused to be erected in the Public Square the statue of Moses Cleaveland, the founder of the city, the same being dedicated July 22, 1888. On each of those several occasions of dedications and unveiling of monuments and statues, Mr. Rice was called upon to deliver a memorial historical address. Annually during the last decade, the birthday of Mr. Rice was observed by his neighbors and many of the oldest citizens, by calls and joyful greetings; and for the last five years of his happily prolonged life, those occasions developed into something like a levee, filling his library and parlors with old and young alike, among whom he moved, the Nestor of the age, the most cheerful of the company, and the grandest example of bright intellect and happy old age. The personality of Harvey Rice commanded alike respect and reverence. Noble in stature, with a countenance reminding one of the well-known likeness of the poet Whittier, his pleasant social qualities and genial spirit awakened a sentiment of regard akin to affection.

WILLIAM H. WHEELOCK, editor of the Exponent, Chagrin Falls, Ohio, was born in New Glasgow, Canada, September 3, 1840. His father, William Wheelock, was the youngest son of William Wheelock, and was born in county Wexford, Ireland, in the year 1782, emigrated with his father's family to America in the year 1800, and settled in Florida, Orange county, New York. He was a tanner and currier by trade, and pursued that business as foreman and manager of a large tannery at Hunter, Greene county, New York, for many years. In 1837 he removed to New Glasgow, Canada, to manage a new tannery at that place, and after a little time, securing a plant of his own, he carried on the business for about ten years, when he returned to Hunter, New York, and engaged in the manufacture of chairs until 1851. The business was then transferred to Bedford, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where he lived, respected by all who knew him, until 1867, when in the fullness of years he fearlessly entered the phantom bark and crossed to the further shore. In politics he was a stanch Jacksonian Democrat, and continued to abide in that faith until the slavery question drove him from his moorings, and, under protest, he finally drifted into the Republican party.

In his domestic relations he was very fortunate, having in early life married Miss Sarah E. Curry, who was an only daughter, a descendant of the old South Carolina Huguenots, born in

Florida, Orange county, New York, and who died in Bedford, Ohio, at the age of eighty years. She was a woman domestic in taste and habits, yet an extensive reader and a vigorous thinker. The latter characteristics she stamped indelibly upon her progeny. She was the mother of eight children, three daughters and five sons: Charles, who was drowned when twelve years old; Frances, the wife of Rev. W. W. Foster, of Round Lake, Saratoga county, New York; Bloomfield J., of New York city, a pioneer in the manufacture of fine cane-seat chairs in Ohio; Wilson T., a station agent for thirty years on the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad at Bedford, Ohio; Emily, the widow of H. J. Oldman, resides in Bedford, Ohio; Sarah and William, both of whom died in infancy; and William Henry.

William Henry, the youngest and the subject of this sketch, removed from Canada with his parents to Greene county, New York, and thence in 1852 to Bedford, Ohio. He acquired the rudiments of an education in both public and private schools in Canada, mastered the "three R's" in New York, finished the course in Ohio, and added the non-essentials while in the army.

At the age of fourteen he began to learn the chair-making business, and, having both ambition and mechanical genius, he soon rose to the position of superintendent in a large manufactory. Here he remained until 1862, when he listened to and heeded the call of his country and enlisted as a private in Company G, One Hundred and Third Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He was soon promoted to be Second Sergeant, but his ambition to wear the stars was stifled by being detailed to do duty in the Commissary Department of the Twenty-third Army Corps, where he remained three years. He was mustered out in June, 1865, and is now a member of N. L. Norris Post, No. 40, G. A. R. He participated in several battles during his service and always managed to give more than he received—a condition which has continued to be characteristic of the man in all the relations of life.

Upon receiving his discharge he returned to Bedford and became foreman in the New York chair factory, and later became a stockholder in the Bedford Chair Company. Thus he went on in the even tenor of his way until 1873, when he with others went to Anderson, Indiana, and built a chair factory at that place, where he remained until 1876. He then returned to Bedford and resumed chair-making until the autumn of 1879, when the manufactory was destroyed by fire. From 1880 to 1883 he was in the chair business in Cleveland, Ohio, when he received a call from a newly organized chair company at Cambridge, Ohio, to come to their employ, which he did, and remained with the Cambridge company until 1890, when he was called to assume the responsible position of editor-in-chief of the Chagrin Falls Exponent, a newspaper of large circulation and extensive influence in northeastern Ohio.

For some years previous to his assuming the journalistic role of editor, Mr. Wheelock had been fitting himself for that business. Either as sub-editor or correspondent he had at different times been connected with the Cleveland Plain Dealer, the Guernsey Times, the Exponent and other newspapers. Mr. Wheelock was for eight years a member of the Council of the incorporated village of Bedford, and to his enlightened and liberal policy the village is indebted for many of its most valuable improvements. He also served very acceptably as a member of the Board of Education for several terms.

Mr. Wheelock was married in November, 1860, to Miss Ellen Kirkham, who was a native of Boston, Summit county, Ohio, but who came with her father and his family to Bedford while she was yet an infant. She crossed to the other side in May, 1878, leaving her husband, three daughters and one son to mourn her early demise: Jessie M., wife of F. A. Morse, of Kiowa, Kansas; Rose A., wife of James C. Cameron, of Bedford, Ohio; Hattie E., a popular and skillful teacher in the Bedford public schools, and William H., Jr., a "chip from the old block," and a chair-maker, also.

As a man Mr. Wheelock is manly. As a citizen he fills the measure of good citizenship. As a friend he abides with you in adversity as well as in prosperity. As a soldier he served his country faithfully and well. As an orator he deals more largely in logic than in rhetoric. As a politician he is a failure, for when his party leaders, in furtherance of their nefarious schemes, need him, he refuses to be "kneaded." As a writer his trenchant and facile pen is a terror to demagogues, corruptionists, plutocrats, and all enemies of the common people, of whatever species or name. As a Christian his theory is a little defective, but his practice is in the main correct.

J. K. DISSETTE, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney and acting County Solicitor, was born in Bradford, Simcoe county, Canada, September 22, 1838. He has been a resident of Cuyahoga county since 1873. His parents were John E. and Joanna (Chapman) Dissette. At his native place our subject was educated in the common and classical schools, finishing his education at Kingston. He then entered the ministry of the Wesleyan Methodist Church of Canada. In January, 1863, he came to Ohio, located at Cleveland and soon thereafter accepted the position of Chaplain of the Christian commission. He was then for one and a half years stationed at Bolivar, for one year at Millersburg, then at Ontario for three years, then at Ashland three years, at Berea three years, then at Lorain Street Methodist Church, this city, one year. The year 1876 closed his ministerial work. He had entered the Cleveland Law School in 1874, and in 1875 he graduated from this school and was admitted to the bar of Ohio by the Supreme Court. He formed a law partnership with Judge William E. Sherwood, but the partnership was of short duration. Mr. Dissette then became a partner in the practice of law with William Mitchell, Esq., which partnership was continued from June, 1878, to July, 1879. C. W. Cope then became a partner with Mr. Dissette, and this partnership lasted from July, 1880, to July, 1885.

January 1, 1885, Mr. Dissette became assistant prosecuting attorney for Cuyahoga county, having charge of the solicitor's department, and from that date to this he has with entire satisfaction to the bar and the public filled this position. Prior to entering on the duties of this position he served as solicitor four years for the village of Glenville. He is now solicitor for Collinwood. For five years he was legal editor of the "Ohio Farmer." Mr. Dissette is author as well as publisher of the well known and accepted "Ohio Farmer's Law Book." A very great deal of his time is now consumed in drafting forms for the county administration of affairs. In 1892 he organized the Collinwood Brick and Terra Cotta Company and was elected president, and still holds that position.

He is now a candidate for nomination as a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Cuyahoga county, and has recently been elected president of the Cleveland and Akron Electric Railway Company, a project that gives promise of connecting the most enterprising city of Northern Ohio with the great City of Cleveland.

As a thinker Mr. Dissette is clear and deep; as a writer he is of no mean ability, and as a speaker he is no less able.

Mr. Dissette is a member of the A. F. and A. M., being a Scottish rite Mason in the United States jurisdiction.

Mr. Dissette was married in Canada to Miss Sarah Fisher, who has borne him four sons and three daughters.

HON. E. N. THOMPSON, ex-Mayor of West Cleveland village, was born in 1839, in this city, a son of Nelson and Emeline (Ameden) Thompson, being one of two children born of these parents, the other being Calista A. For years the father was in the shingle business as a manufacturer and

dealer. When the subject of this sketch was a child of eight months his father passed away in death, and when twelve years of age he lost also his mother.

He gained a common-school education, but being thrown upon his own resources very early in life he was not permitted the best of educational advantages. When the Civil war came on he enlisted, in October, 1861, in Company G, Second Ohio Cavalry, and was honorably discharged at Columbus, in 1863. It fell to his lot to be in that division of the army whose work was that of contending with the "bushwhackers," and by reason of such service his hardships were exceedingly great. From 1864 to 1871, Mr. Thompson was engaged in the produce and commission business in the city of Cleveland. In 1871 he became engaged in the manufacture of corrugated iron and steel roofing, in which he has since been interested.

In politics, Mr. Thompson has always been a stanuch Republican. He served as a member of the West Cleveland Village Council for three terms, from April, 1883, to April, 1887, and from April, 1891, to April, 1893, and then was elected Mayor, which office he held until April 1, 1894, when by annexation the village of West Cleveland became a part of the City of Cleveland.

Mr. Thompson is also president of the Thompson Manufacturing Company, an institution of considerable importance, affording employment to a number of skilled workmen and laborers.

Mr. Thompson was married in 1864, to Miss Eliza J. Camp, a daughter of Charles L. and Clarissa Camp, and the marriage has been blessed by the birth of six children: Mary E., Charles N., Clarissa E., Frank Thatcher, David P., and Harold E., three of whom are living. Clarissa E., died in 1870, aged six months; Harold E. died in 1884, aged six months; Frank Thatcher was scalded by the steam-chest cover blowing off on the steamer Choctaw, on Lake St. Clair, April 19, 1893, and died at Marine Hospital, Detroit, Michigan, the following day, aged twenty-two years.

Mrs. Thompson is from one of the oldest and best known families, her father being one of the most prominent men of the city of Cleveland. He was vice-president of the old City Bank, now the National City Bank. He died in the year 1864. Mrs. Thompson is a member of the Episcopal Church. She received a liberal education in the public schools of Cleveland and is an accomplished lady.

JOHN H. MELCHER, funeral director at 533 Central avenue, Cleveland, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, June 7, 1850, a son of Fred Melcher. The latter was born in Germany, on New Year's day, 1821, and in 1845 came to America, locating at Euclid, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. He had been a life-long farmer. His wife died a few days after the birth of our subject, he being their only child. Mr. Melcher was again married, and to that union were born two sons and four daughters, all now living.

John H., the subject of this sketch, began making his own way in the world at the age of fourteen years. His first work was in a furniture store, for the following nine years was employed by two undertaking firms, during the next three years was engaged in teaming, followed the carpet-cleaning business six years, and August 1, 1892, embarked in his present occupation. Mr. Melcher has built up a large and lucrative trade.

In 1873 he was united in marriage with Miss Susie Glime, a native of Germany, and a daughter of Paul and Catherine Glime, natives also of that country. They came to America about thirty-six years ago, when Mrs. Melcher was three years of age, and for many years have resided at No. 30 Grant street, Cleveland, Ohio. The father, a house painter by occupation, is now seventy years old, and the mother is sixty-seven years of age. They are members of the German Lutheran Church. Mr. and Mrs. Glime have had three children: Dora, who married

Phillip Riedle, of Collinwood, Ohio, and they have six children, Phillip, Henry, Susie and Dora, etc.; Susie, wife of our subject; Henry, who died May 15, 1892, at the age of twenty-nine years, married a Miss Harvercorn, and had two sons, Arthur and Elmer. Our subject and wife have three children: Ida, Birdie and Paul. They are members of the German Lutheran Church, and the former affiliates with the Republican party. Mr. Melcher's life has been a quiet but busy one. He has always had an enviable reputation for honesty, industry and progressive spirit, and takes rank with the worthy and foremost young business men of the city.

CHARLES KOEBLER, an undertaker at 369 Woodland avenue, and 470 Prospect street, Cleveland, was born in this city, August 31, 1858, a son of Charles and Anna (Singer) Koebler, natives of Germany. The father came to America in 1838, was married in Cleveland, and his wife died in this city in 1884, at the age of forty-seven years. She was a member of the St. John's Evangelical Church. Mr. and Mrs. Koebler had five children, viz.: Amelia, wife of Phillip Hill, who resides on Wilson avenue, this city; Charles, our subject; Julius, who is employed by his brother Charles; Louis, travelling salesman for the Springfield Metallic Casket Company; and William, also employed by our subject.

Charles Koebler received his education and learned the undertaking business in his native city. During his early life he was employed as entry clerk for the firm of Morgan, Root & Co., of Cleveland, several years; spent one year in the office of the Erie Railroad; and since that time has followed his present occupation. Mr. Koebler has the largest trade in his line in the city. From January 1 to September 1, 1893, he buried 285 persons. He has two carriages, three hearses, two casket wagons, twelve horses, and two ambulance wagons, one of which is said to be the finest in the United States.

Mr. Koebler was married July 29, 1880, to Miss Margaret Keller, a daughter of Henry Keller. They are members of the Episcopal Church. Mr. Koebler votes with the Republican party, and is a member of Cleveland Chapter and of the order of Elks.

Henry Keller, a retired insurance and real-estate dealer, was born in Germany, April 13, 1810. In 1832 he came to America, locating in the Western Reserve. When he settled in Cleveland it contained about 800 inhabitants, and Mr. Keller first engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was afterward employed eight years at the Brooks House, and then drifted into the real-estate and insurance business, which he followed until his retirement. He is well and favorably known.

Mr. Keller was married in 1840, to Miss Elizabeth Hoffman, who came with friends from Germany to America in 1836. Her death occurred in 1889, at the age of seventy-three years. She was a devout member of St. John's Evangelical Church, of which Mr. Keller is also a member. They joined that organization when it contained only seven members, and, having no minister, the members took turns in reading a sermon or the Scripture. The church now contains a large membership.

R M. FULLER, electrician for the Cleveland Electric Railway Company, is a native son of Cleveland, being born here April 9, 1863. He received a scant training in the public schools of this city and at thirteen entered Forest City Business College and completed a course some months later. He soon became interested in electrical work, as an employe of the Brush Electric Company, and two years later took a superintendent's position with the same company in Nashville, Tennessee, and remained south five years. He became connected next with the Thomson-Houston Company, of Boston, Massachusetts, and put in lighting plants in many of the Southern States,

Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas and others. On returning to the Forest City in 1886, he accepted a position with the Cleveland Electric Lighting Company, and two years later accepted an offer with the Cleveland Electric Railway Company.

Mr. Fuller is a son of Robert Fuller, a native of England, a civil engineer, who came to Cleveland in 185-. For a time he was identified with the work on the original Panama canal. He was in the oil business in Cleveland and died here at seventy-two years of age. His wife, Susan, was also born in England. Three children were born to them: Mrs. F. M., widow of F. M. Belding; Martha, wife of F. J. Barns, of Painesville, Ohio, and Robert M. The last named married in this city, September 4, 1884, May Elizabeth, a daughter of Thomas Larter, of New York, but for many years a resident of this city. The children of this union are: Roberta, Edith, Catherine and Edwin.

Mr. Fuller is a Mason and a Knight of Pythias, and was vice president of the Cleveland Electric Club, in 1892. He is a director of the Ohio Construction Company, organized for doing electrical construction work, and is interested in some patents on electrical devices.

WILBUR F. DUTTON.—Among the prominent business men of Cleveland, Mr. W. F. Dutton, of the well-known firm of Hull & Dutton, occupies a conspicuous psition. Mr. Dutton was born in Ludlow, Hampden county, Massachusetts, on May 5, 1854, and is the son of Jeremiah and Julia (Fisk) Dutton. The Dutton family was founded in America by John Dutton, who came from the county of Chester, England, in 1630, and settled in the old Bay State, becoming the progenitor of the American Duttons. The Fisk family was also among the prominent early New Englanders. Our subject was reared on a farm in his native county, and was educated in the public schools and at Wesleyan Academy, Wilbraham, Massachusetts. He began his business career at the age of fifteen years as a boy in the offices of the Ellington Mills, at Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts. Next he entered the employ of D. H. Brigham & Company, clothing manufacturers of Springfield, Massachusetts, where he was initiated into the business of manufacturing and selling, and at the age of eighteen years he began traveling for that firm through the New England States. In 1876 Mr. Dutton accepted a position as salesman with C. R. Mabley, of Detroit, Michigan, who was also at that time interested with E. R. Hull in Cleveland. He next spent five and a half years in the wholesale department of a clothing house in Rochester, New York, after which he returned to Mr. Mabley, in Detroit, and nine months later became a member of the firm now known as Mabley & Company. This firm opened a large establishment in Baltimore, Maryland, and Mr. Dutton was sent to manage the same, and upon the death of Mr. Mabley he purchased a half interest in the Baltimore store, his partner being Mr. J. T. Coren, who was also one of the firm of Mabley & Coren, of Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1890 Mr. Dutton came to Cleveland and became junior member of the firm of E. R. Hull & Dutton. This firm carries one of the largest and best stocks in the State of Ohio, embracing everything in the line of ready-made wearing apparel for both sexes. Their main store on Ontario street is 80 x 120 feet in dimensions, occupying five floors and basement, besides three annexes. The west annex is 40 x 80 feet, four stories high; the south annex is 22 x 120 feet, three stories high, and the Hallowell or Michigan street annex is 25 x 100 feet, three stories high. On the ground floor are men's furnishing goods and floor rugs; on the second floor, ladies' cloaks, millinery, gloves, shoes, etc., and lunch room; on the third floor, youths' and children's clothing; and on the fourth floor, men's clothing, overcoats, etc., while the fifth floor is utilized for reserve stock for the various departments. The company employ a force of over 250 clerks, and everything moves as if by clock work, the entire establishment being conducted

upon systematic plans. This gigantic establishment is the outgrowth of a small business that was started in 1871 in a little room, 18 x 50 feet, on the opposite side of Ontario street, near High street, by Messrs. Mabley & Hull. In 1873 Mr. Mabley withdrew, and E. R. Hull was alone until 1883. The business increased rapidly and in 1875 new and larger quarters were necessary, and Mr. Hull removed to the building now occupied, where he took a portion of one floor, 40 x 80 feet. In 1883 Messrs. J. C. McWalters and S. E. Graves were admitted as partners with Mr. Hull, under the firm name of E. R. Hull & Company, and the business was extended throughout the building from cellar to garret. Mr. Graves retired in 1885, and in 1890 the old firm was dissolved and re-organized, and the present firm name adopted. From a small and comparatively insignificant business in 1871 the house has grown and expanded year by year into one of the most extended and successful establishments in the State of Ohio in 1894, with annual sales amounting to over a million and a half dollars. And at no time in the history of the house has its progress been so rapid and substantial as during the years it has been under the management of Mr. Dutton. Since coming to Cleveland Mr. Dutton has made himself felt in commercial circles both at home and abroad. Almost from the first he easily took rank as one of the city's most progressive business men. He takes an active interest in all movements and enterprises looking to the development of the city and her institutions, and is always found on the right side of the leading questions. He believes firmly that a great future is in store for Cleveland in the commercial and industrial world, and intends that both his business and himself shall keep pace with the growth of the city. His enterprise and energy are unbounded, and all in all he is considered one of Cleveland's most prominent and representative citizens and business men. Personally Mr. Dutton is a most agreeable companion and friend. He is courteous and easy of approach, and possesses a generous and sympathetic nature. His capacity for social pleasure and enjoyment is great, and he enjoys a large circle of friends. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Roadside and Athletic Clubs.

In 1884, in Baltimore, Mr. Dutton was married to Miss Adelaide Kirschner, of Detroit, Michigan, and with his family resides at his residence "Duttonwood," one of the finest homes on Euclid avenue.

ELIJAH SMITH, who was for many years identified with the building interests of Cuyahoga county, is a native of the State of Connecticut, born in New London county. He came to Cleveland, Ohio, in 1832, arriving May 20th of that year. The family had lived for six years previous to this time in New York city. His parents, Erastus and Salome (Swift) Smith, were both born in Connecticut; the father was a contractor and builder, following this business all through life. He took a deep interest in local politics, and held the office of Coroner, Deputy United States Marshal, Justice of the Peace and Constable, being widely and favorably known. He was born in 1790, and died at the age of ninety-one years; his wife died July 6, 1877. They reared a family of three sons and three daughters. The subject of this sketch and two sisters still survive. Arriving at the age of twenty-one years Mr. Smith embarked in business for himself, and since that time has filled a large and important place among builders and contractors. He has erected several handsome brick structures in Cleveland, and has won an enviable reputation for the fidelity with which he carries out his contracts to the minutest detail. He has also given especial attention to the erection of monuments for the dead, and his services have been in demand throughout Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia and Indiana. He has had no aspirations for public office but discharges his duty as a loyal citizen of the republic.

Mr. Smith was united in marriage, December 2, 1845, to Miss Emily Amelia Cheever, a daughter of Isaiah and Maria Cheever, natives of New York and Vermont respectively, both of whom are now deceased. Mrs. Smith is the oldest of a family of five children, and is the only one surviving; she is now seventy-four years of age, is active in mind and body, and disposed to view only the roseate side of life. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are the parents of six children: Maria, died at the age of two years; Jennie, died at the age of two months; Fanny is the wife of C. G. Taplin, of Cleveland, and the mother of four children; Clara L., Frank E., Farrand and Grace; Neander died at the age of thirteen years; L. W., who has succeeded to his father's business, married Miss Nail, and they have one child, Emily A.; Frank P. married Miss Katie Hiscock. Both the father and mother are consistent members of the Baptist Church, with which they have been identified for many years.

G. A. LIVINGSTONE, assistant manager of J. L. Hudson's Excelsior clothing establishment, in point of seniority antedates any clothing manager now in the city, having commenced business here twenty-six years ago, and been engaged continuously until the present time. Mr. Livingstone was born near Watertown, Jefferson county, New York, April 17, 1844, and like many of the substantial business men of to-day began the struggle of hewing out a name for himself without any of the advantages available to the youth of the present day. He began providing for himself at the early age of seven years, doing chores on a farm for his board and clothing. When twelve years of age he apprenticed himself to the firm of Middleton & Company, carriage manufacturers, and served four years. In the spring of 1862 he entered the clothing establishment of Squiers & Dodge, Oswego, New York, as salesman, remaining until the spring of 1863, when he enlisted as a private in the Twentieth New York Cavalry, commanded by Colonel N. B. Lord. He was promoted to the rank of Quartermaster Sergeant; during his time of service he participated in all of the engagements and raids in which his regiment took part in front of Richmond and Petersburg. When General Terry was ordered to take command of the expedition for the capture of Fort Fisher he, along with two companies of the Twentieth New York Cavalry, was detached from the command as escort to General Terry. After the capture of Forts Fisher and Sugar Loaf, his command led the advance, entering Wilmington February 22. After marching to Magnolia Station they were ordered to report back for duty to the regiment at Spring Hill, Virginia.

Mr. Livingstone was a valiant soldier, being twice wounded, and served his country till the close of the war, being honorably discharged at Manchester, Virginia, and mustered out at Sackett's Harbor, New York, September 11, 1865. Returning to Oswego, New York, he entered the service of his old employers, and in 1868 came with them to Cleveland, opening up a clothing establishment at 180 Superior street. In the spring of 1870 he became manager for W. L. Yates; in 1872 Mr. Yates opened the New York Store, Nos. 180 and 182, Ontario street, and placed Mr. Livingstone in charge, giving him an interest. He conducted the business successfully for five years, after which he became manager of E. M. McGillin & Company's boys' and children's department, until the spring of 1884, when he entered the employ of Messrs. Stein, Bloch & Company as manager of the Excelsior, which position he held until the firm sold their business to J. L. Hudson, in which house Mr. Livingstone is still assistant manager. He is also largely interested in real estate in Cleveland, carrying on business in this line, in connection with his son, C. R. Livingstone, under the firm name of C. A. Livingstone & Son. Mr. Livingstone has a fine residence and grounds called "Lawnview," delightfully

situated between the two beautiful parks of Wade and Gordon, in Glenville, the most picturesque suburb of Cleveland. He is a great lover of fine horses.

In his political views he is a stanch Republican; in his social relations is a member of K. of P., National Union, K. of H. and K. O. T. M.

He was married, in Oswego, New York, in 1867, to Miss Nellie Briggs, and they have had eight children, namely: Florence, wife of H. L. Sterling, contractor in paving; Nellie; Charles R., already referred to as a member of the firm of C. A. Livingstone & Son; Edith; Mabel; Etta; Harry S.; and Paul, who died in infancy.

DAVID D. BARNES, engaged in the oil business at Collinwood, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 19, 1847, a son of William and Elizabeth (Giles) Barnes, natives of England. They came to the United States in the early '30s, and for many years lived in a log house on Lake street, between Bond and Erie streets, Cleveland. The father, a carpenter and contractor by occupation, worked in and around the city, and is favorably remembered by the pioneer citizens. He died in 1849, at the age of thirty-seven years. His wife was afterward married, and her death occurred in 1884, at the age of sixty-three years. They had four children, only two of whom are now living. William M. is a resident of Cleveland, and for many years has been a conductor on the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad. He was a soldier of the late war. Mrs. Elizabeth Barnes, mother of our subject, was well and favorably known in the Forest City, and will long be remembered for her many deeds of kindness in the hospital and in private homes. Her memory will be especially cherished in the Old Ladies' Home, when she supported several inmates at her own expense. She was a devoted member of the Second Baptist Church of Cleveland.

David D. Barnes, the subject of this sketch, received his education in the public schools of Cleveland, and also spent one term in the Spencerian Business College. In the fall of 1863 he enlisted for service in the late war, entering Company F, Seventh Regiment of Kentucky Cavalry. He saw much hard service, and won the recognition and approval of his commanding officers by his courageous and soldierly bearing. Mr. Barnes took part in the Wilson raid, during which time they were on so short an allowance of rations for twelve days that starvation seemed to stare them in the face. With twenty-one others, including a captain and lieutenant, he was taken prisoner at LaFayette, Georgia, but made good his escape three days afterward. The others were taken to Andersonville, and eleven of their number suffered death on the steamer Sultana while on their way to their northern homes after being released from the prison. Mr. Barnes was honorably discharged from the service October 16, 1865. He has had a long service with the Lake Shore Railroad, both as brakeman and conductor, reaching over a period of twenty years. He closed his services with the road in 1885, since which time he has been engaged in the oil business.

Mr. Barnes was married December 24, 1869, to Miss Henrietta Fell, a daughter of Thomas and Mary E. (Conness) Fell. They have one child, Saidee, a pupil of the Collinwood school. The father of Thomas Fell was also named Thomas. He was born in Oxfordshire, England, and became a dean in the Church of England, retaining this association for several years. He married an estimable lady, Margaret Williams, of Cappa, Ireland, and in 1831 they emigrated to the United States, settling in New York. The father of Mrs. Barnes was born in Ireland, and came to the United States with his parents at the age of fourteen years. He is still living, at the age of seventy-seven years. His wife died October 15, 1891, aged seventy-three years. She was a sister of John Conness, who was a California Senator in the United States Congress for three terms, and who married the niece of the late Benjamin F. Butler. Mrs. Mary Fell was a remarkable woman, her life having been

most exemplary—active, unassuming, gentle and full of deeds of kindness. She was an excellent Christian, of refined sensibilities, and of a warm-hearted and generous disposition. Mr. and Mrs. Fell had eleven children, eight of whom are still living, namely: Mary Jane, wife of A. B. Higgins, a resident of Cleveland and a veteran of the late war; Anna Eliza, widow of J. F. Sheid, who also served in the civil war; Matilda, wife of J. Barnum, a veteran of Cleveland; Louisa, wife of J. Schlinger, of Collinwood, Ohio; Henrietta, wife of our subject; Margaret, wife of R. O. Meacham, a resident of Cleveland and a veteran of the late war; Ella, now Mrs. E. D. Scott, and a resident of Cleveland; and Emma, wife of William Mullins, also of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Barnes are members of the Congregational Church. In his social relations, the former has served as Chancellor of the K. of P., has passed all the chairs in the A. O. U. W., also in the Ancient Order of Foresters and the Union Veterans, has served as Commander of Brough Post, No. 359, G. A. R., for two years, and has been a member of the order of Railway Conductors. Politically, he affiliates with the Republican party, and has served as a member of the City Council for three years. Mrs. Barnes has held the office as Treasurer of the Congregational Church for two years; has been President of the Woman's Relief Corps and is an officer in that society. She is active in all local works of charity, and is always notable for her self-abnegation and entire freedom from selfishness in any regard, her visitations to the sick and poor being ever welcome and grateful.

E. H. KLAUSTERMEYER, a wholesale and retail dealer in groceries, flour, feed, etc., at 386 and 388 Prospect street, also at 474 Woodland avenue, was born in Hanover, Germany, in August, 1830. He is a son of Frederick and Eliza Klaustermeyer, both dying in their native country. The father, born in 1800, died in 1839, and the mother, born in 1803, departed this life about 1858. They were members of the German Lutheran Church. Mr. and Mrs. Klaustermeyer had five sons, two now living, namely: Henry, residing on the West Side, Cleveland; Carl, deceased in the old country; Martin, who died of cholera in this city, in 1851, at the age of twenty years; William, formerly a resident of Elmira, contracted consumption while in the army, and died in Cleveland; and E. H., the subject of this sketch.

The latter received his education in the old country. At the age of twenty-one years he came to Cleveland, Ohio, where he followed various occupations until 1857, and in that year opened a small grocery store on Prospect street. In the fall of 1858 he became associated in business with J. H. Melcher, but in 1884 Mr. Klaustermeyer purchased his partner's interest, and since that time has continued alone, assisted by his sons. The business at 474 Woodland avenue was purchased in 1887, and they are there engaged in the sale of hardware, groceries and supplies, and in the manufacture of brushes, small tacks, etc. Five men are employed in the brush factory, five others are given employment as clerks, one man is engaged in soliciting orders from the stores, and another employed in delivering. This branch of the business is managed by Mr. Klaustermeyer's eldest son, Henry. His Prospect street store is forty feet front, by 100 feet deep and forty-three feet in the rear. At that place he carries a full stock of groceries, flour and feed. In business circles, Mr. Klaustermeyer ranks with the leading and enterprising men of the city. He has always shown a public spirit in worthy enterprises, such as promise well for the best interests of the city.

In 1858 he was united in marriage with Miss Mary Stegkemper, a daughter of E. H. Stegkemper, a resident of East Cleveland. Mrs. Klaustermeyer died in February, 1889, at the age of fifty years. She was a member of the German Lutheran Church. Our subject and wife had eight children, namely: Emma and Maria, at home; Henry, superintendent of the

Klanstermeyer Company; Frederick, bookkeeper for his father; Martin and Edwin, employed as clerks; and Dora and Carl, attending school. Henry Klanstermeyer married Lida Sitzelman. The family are members of the Lutheran Church. In political matters, Mr. Klanstermeyer and sons are followers of McKinley.

GEORGE W. STEVENSON, a physician and surgeon at No. 1437 Woodland avenue, Cleveland, was born in this city, October 16, 1846. His father, William Stevenson, was born in Sussex county, England, September 9, 1811. At the age of sixteen years he came to America, and began work with a ship-building firm of Utica, New York, where he learned his trade. He was afterward employed at the Brooklyn Navy Yard until 1833, and in that year became one of the pioneer settlers of Cleveland. During the first few years here, Mr. Stevenson built canal boats at the Five Mile lock, was next employed with a number of the old vessel-building firms, and afterward the firm of Laffrinier & Stevenson was formed, pioneer ship-builders of this city. In 1864, after a partnership of about twenty years, Mr. Stevenson retired from the firm, and moved to a farm in Perry, Lake county, where he died suddenly of apoplexy, July 23, 1889, at the age of seventy-eight years. He was married February 3, 1844, to Miss Sarah Ann McGee, who was born in New York, in 1820. Her father, John McGee, was a Lieutenant in a New York regiment during the war of 1812. Mrs. Stevenson is now an honored resident of Cleveland, having reached the advanced age of seventy-three years. She has lived a useful life, and forms one of the happy links uniting the present with the past history of the city. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson had three children: George W., our subject; Frank I., a farmer of Lake county, Ohio, married Josephine Isabel; and Fanny, wife of William Williams, of Kearney, Nebraska.

George W. attended the public schools of Cleveland, afterward completed the studies in the business college, and in the spring of 1872 graduated at the Medical Department of the Western Reserve College. After spending two years in what is now the Lakeside Hospital, on the corner of Erie and Lake streets, he began the practice of medicine in this city. He was assistant in clinics with Dr. X. C. Scott, and had charge of the eye and ear department of the Medical College, served as Physician of the work-house two years, is a member of and medical examiner for the I. O. O. F., Royal Arcanum, the American Legion of Honor, is a member of the Cuyahoga Medical Society, and the State Medical Society. In political matters, the Doctor votes with the Republican party.

December 31, 1873, he was united in marriage with Miss Alice L., a daughter of A. and Lucretia Little. For her second husband, the mother married an uncle of President Garfield. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson have one son, Frank W., now engaged in the study of electricity and chemistry. The Doctor and wife are members of the Evangelical Association, in which the Doctor has served as Trustee. As a citizen Dr. Stevenson is progressive, public-spirited and highly esteemed, and as a practitioner stands in in the front rank of his profession.

GEORGE G. MILLIKIN, an engineer on the Valley Railroad, was born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, February 8, 1867, a son of John D. Millikin, a farmer by occupation. The latter died in 1872, at the age of fifty-seven years. He married Margaret McCoy, and they had five children: Robert, a resident of Emporia, Kansas; John T., of McPherson, that State; Sarah, who married a Mr. Van Norman; Margaret, wife of F. C. Raning, of Sharpsville, Pennsylvania; and Frances, widow of —— Davis, of Cleveland. Mr. Millikin afterward married Caroline A. Hewett, and they had six children, namely: Sophia, wife

of Charles Taylor, of Sharpsville, Pennsylvania; Nellie A.; O. L., an engineer on the West Shore Railroad, and a resident of Newbury, New York; Grace G., George G., and Della G., wife of W. C. Ripley, of Cleveland. The grandfather of our subject was born in the highlands of Scotland, but in his youth moved to Ireland, where he remained until about the beginning of the eighteenth century, and then came to America, locating in Mercer county, Pennsylvania. The Hewett family are of German ancestry, but they located in Pennsylvania as early as 1682.

George G. Millikin, the subject of this sketch, was reared in Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, but received only a limited education. He secured the position of switchman in the Cleveland yard of the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad in 1889, one year afterward became a brakeman on the Valley Road, and nine months later was promoted to the position of freight conductor.

Mr. Millikin was married in this city, in 1888, to Cordelia Logan. Her father is engaged in railroading at Sharpsville, Pennsylvania. Three children have been born to this union, only one of which is now living,—Harriet Irene, aged two years.

NOYES B. PRENTICE, a prominent physician of Cleveland, having an office in the Cuyahoga Building, was born in Ashtabula county, Ohio, November 27, 1827, a son of Noyes B. and Thalia (Prentice) Prentice, natives respectively of New York and Vermont. The father followed the saddler's trade in Ashtabula county until sixty-five years of age, next had charge of a hotel at Jefferson, in the same county, for a number of years, then lived a retired life in Cleveland, and subsequently moved to Geneva. There he met with one of the most severe afflictions in his history, in the death of his wife. Mr. Prentice then came to this city to reside with his daughter, and died in 1878, at the age of eighty-five years. In 1837 he took part in military affairs, and was Captain of a cavalry company. Both Mr. and Mrs. Prentice were members of the Episcopal Church. They were the parents of seven children, four still living, and all residing in Cleveland: Harriet, widow of Dudley Camp; Mary, wife of David Fisk, a veteran of the late war; Samuel H. and Noyes B.

Dr. Walter M., the second in the family, served in the Sanitary Commission during the late war for about two years, then became a member of a Kentucky regiment of infantry, and was promoted from Regiment Surgeon to Brigade Surgeon, under General Fry. He had charge of the hospital at Point Burnside in Tennessee. He was taken sick, and started for the officer's hospital at Louisville, Kentucky, but died during the journey, at Stanford, Kentucky, in 1864, at the age of forty-four years. The poisonous atmosphere of the hospital, his sympathetic nature and great desire to relieve the suffering even at the expense of his own strength, overtaxed his best powers of endurance, and his life was given a sacrifice in caring for the brave defenders of our nation's flag. His remains were brought to Cleveland and buried on the West Side. Dr. Prentice was a prominent member of the Episcopal Church, and was a personal friend of Bishop Bedell. His memory will live in the hearts of many worthy soldiers long after that of less important personages shall have passed away, and his name will be handed down to future generations as a synonym of all that is good and upright.

Dr. Noyes B. Prentice, the subject of this sketch, received a common school and academic education. After leaving school he read medicine with Dr. John Hubbard, of Ashtabula, Ohio, also with his brother, Dr. Walter M. Prentice, who was then practicing in Canfield, Ohio. The latter came to Cleveland in 1853, and was followed by Dr. Noyes B. in 1855. The latter graduated at the Sterling Medical College, Columbus, Ohio, in 1854, and from the medical department of the Western Reserve Medical College at a later day. In 1851 Dr. Prentice

began the practice of his profession in Canfield, Ohio, but six months afterward removed to Ravenna, Ohio, and in 1855 came to Cleveland, where he was engaged in a continuous practice in partnership with his brother, Dr. Walter M. Prentice, until the late war. In April, 1861, on Kinsman street, Dr. Noyes B. Prentice organized a hospital at Camp Taylor, Cleveland, Ohio, known as the Camp Taylor Hospital. This work was done by direction of Colonel George B. Center, who was acting under the instructions of Governor Dennison of Ohio. Three months afterward the hospital was organized on the "Heights," under the United States government, and was known as the United States General Hospital. Dr. Prentice served as acting Assistant United States Surgeon there until 1864, when he resigned the position to take charge of the United States Marine Hospital at Cleveland, remaining in the latter until 1872. In that year he was appointed United States Marshal for the Northern District of Ohio. He served two terms of four years each, in the latter position, from 1872 to 1880. His two commissions were both signed by General U. S. Grant.

Dr. Prentice served as chairman of the Cuyahoga Republican County Committee in 1872. The county gave a Republican majority of 6,300, and elected General Noyes as Governor. For this service our subject received congratulatory messages from General Grant, Honorable John Sherman, James G. Blaine, Governor Noyes, Robertson, Secretary of the Navy under General Grant, and others. Dr. Prentice was a personal friend of Senators John Sherman and Benjamin F. Wade.

In 1853, in Monroe, Michigan, he was united in marriage with Miss Georgia A. Crary, a daughter of Oliver A. Crary, who was formerly a resident of Painesville, Lake county, Ohio. They have two children: Charles A., entry clerk in the custom house in Cleveland, although a resident of Mentor, Ohio; he married Minnie L. Abbey, and they have one child, Noyes B. Mary, the second child, is the wife of Charles A. Dunklee, general manager of the Cleveland Paper Company: Georgia is their only child.

Mrs. Prentice is a member of the Episcopal Church. Socially, Dr. Prentice is a Scottish Rite and Thirty-second-degree Mason, and politically is a staunch Republican. He is a man of liberal views, well informed on the leading topics of the day, has enjoyed a wide experience, and has made much of opportunity. In all his business relations he is strictly honorable, and enjoys the confidence and esteem of all who know him.

WILLIAM CURTIS, of Strongsville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born in Chatteris, Cambridgeshire, England, July 4, 1835, son of Joseph and Jane (Canard) Curtis, both of whom spent their lives and died in their native land. Joseph Curtis was born May 24, 1801, and died May 13, 1882; he was a goldsmith by occupation. His wife, Jane (Canard) Curtis, was born October, 1807, and died August 17, 1880. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis had a family of twelve children, whose record is as follows: Mary, the oldest, now deceased, emigrated to Australia; Joseph, the second child, came to America in 1849, and in the State of Illinois resided until his death; Thomas and Henry also emigrated to Adelaide, South Australia, being ship-builders; Henery, now deceased; William, the fifth child, is the subject of our sketch; Ann remains in England; Marthey resides also in Australia; John and Jane are residents of London, England; Robert died at the age of twenty years under the parental roof; Margrette and Matilda, the two youngest, came to America and took up their residence at Lakewood, Cuyahoga county, Ohio.

It was October 11, 1854, that the subject of our sketch severed home ties, and bade adieu to the land of his nativity, and emigrated to America. After being on the water eight weeks, he landed at New Orleans, soon afterward coming north to Evansville, Indiana, and in the

spring of the following year taking up his abode at East Rockport, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Here in Cuyahoga county he has since resided. Previous to his coming to America, Mr. Curtis had learned the butchering business, but after coming here, he turned his attention to farming and fruit-raising, in which lines he has made a success and in which he has ever since been engaged, having been a resident of Strongsville township since his marriage. He has made numerous valuable improvements on his land; formerly he owned a larger tract of land than at present, and has always been recognized as a progressive and enterprising citizen.

August 20, 1860, Mr. Curtis was married, at Cleveland, Ohio, to Miss Mary C. Hall, who was born in East Rockport, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, January 13, 1841. Their only child, Mary Evaline, was born June 11, 1863, and November 30, 1882, at the age of nineteen years, became the wife of Elmer E. Ward, who was born near Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, November 25, 1861. To them one child was born, Rolland Curtis Ward, born in Strongsville township, October 22, 1883.

Mrs. Curtis's father was the son of Joseph and Rebeca Hall, and was a native of St. Ives, Huntingtonshire, England, where he was born January 25, 1793. Her mother, *nee* Sarah Curtis, a daughter of Thomas and Mary Curtis, was born in Chatteris, Cambridgeshire, England, December 18, 1799. They were married in Chatteris, about 1819; settled there, and subsequently removed from that place to America, their emigration to this country being in 1837. Previous to that year, Mr. Hall was engaged in mercantile pursuits, from which he accumulated some wealth, of which he left the larger portion in England. Upon his arrival here with his wife and five children, he settled in Rockport township, Cuyahoga county (in what is now Lakewood, Rockport township), and here he bought land, and carried on farming operations, and also the butchering business; after remaining here twelve years, he and his wife returned to England, and made a very enjoyable visit with their relatives and friends, a visit long to be remembered. They disposed of their property in England, and on their return to their home in America made large investments in land, and soon became very wealthy.

He and his good wife spent the rest of their lives in Rockport township: both have long since passed away, Mr. Hall's death occurring February 16, 1855, and Mrs. Hall's December 21, 1877. They had a family of seven children, of whom the record is as follows, beginning with the oldest: Ann C., who is the widow of James Kidney, resides in Dover, Cuyahoga county, Ohio; Joseph C. and Curtis C., are residents of Lakewood, Ohio; Sarah C., wife of John B. Barber, died in this township; Matthew C. and John C., are residents of Lakewood, Ohio; and Mary C., is the wife of the subject of this sketch.

CHARLES C. MORGAN, a dealer in real estate and agricultural implements in Cleveland, was born in this city, December 2, 1846, a son of Youngs L. and Caroline (Thomas) Morgan. The mother was a daughter of Anthony and Mary Thomas. Anthony Thomas, a farmer by occupation, died in Syracuse, New York, in 1821, at the age of fifty-four years. His widow afterward married Thomas Cox, who was engaged as a tailor in London, England, and they came to Ohio in 1842. Mrs. Cox was born in Connecticut, and her death occurred in 1850, at the age of eighty-two years. Mrs. Morgan is the only one of her parents' ten children, eight daughters and two sons now living. She makes her home with our subject in Cleveland, and is eighty-five years of age.

Charles C. Morgan attended the public schools of Cleveland, and afterward entered the Hunnistion Institute. After completing his education he was employed in civil engineering several years, followed the lumber business in Youngstown and Kansas City, and since then has been

engaged in the sale of agricultural implements. For the past eight years he has been engaged in the manufacture and sale of all kinds of pumps. Mr. Morgan's farm is now a part of the city of Cleveland. The Gartland Foundry Company, and much other valuable property in this locality was at one time a part of his father's farm. Morgan street, in this city, was named in honor of the family.

Mr. Morgan was married in 1869, to Miss Emma Shafer, a native of Youngstown, who died in 1871. She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. In 1890 our subject was united in marriage with Miss Georgia, a daughter of Louisa Warner, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Morgan are members of the Christian Church. In political matters, Mr. Morgan affiliates with the Republican party.

E. P. WILLIAMS.—Because of his identification with a number of the city's leading manufacturing and financial enterprises and important educational institutions, and because of his general worth as a citizen, Mr. E. P. Williams holds a conspicuous place among Cleveland's prominent and representative men.

Mr. Williams was born in this city in 1843, and is the son of the late William Williams, who was one of Cleveland's early and deservedly honored citizens, and of whom an extended notice appears elsewhere in this volume.

Mr. Williams was educated in the public schools of Cleveland, and at the Western Reserve College, where he was graduated in 1864 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, subsequently having conferred upon him by that institution the degree of Master of Arts. Leaving college he began his business career as a manufacturer of window glass, at Kent, Ohio, where he continued until 1870. He then became a member of the Sherwin-Williams Company, manufacturers of paints and colors, of Cleveland. At that time this firm was a small concern, but since Mr. Williams' connection with it, it has grown year by year until at the present (1894) it is considered one of Cleveland's most important and successful enterprises, and is the largest of its kind in the world. The main factory and offices are located in this city, but the company has large branches at New York, Boston, Chicago, San Francisco and other large places. Fifty tons of complete products are turned out daily from the company's works, and an army of operatives, salesmen and clerks are employed. Mr. Williams is first vice-president of the company, and to his efforts as much as to any other one man is due the phenomenal success and growth of this mammoth business enterprise. Mr. Williams is a director of the Cleveland Linseed Oil Company, another one of the city's growing manufactories, and is a Trustee in the Society for Savings and Director in the Western Reserve National Bank, two of Cleveland's important financial institutions.

Mr. Williams has always been interested in the cause of education and his efforts in that direction have been of great value. He was one of the original directors of the Cleveland Manual Training School, which is now in the care of the city, and he is also a Trustee of the University School and of the Adelbert College, of Cleveland.

Mr. Williams gave substantial evidence of his patriotism and love of country in 1862, when, before having attained his majority, he enlisted in the Union cause, becoming a member of Company B, Eighty-fifth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, under command of Captain Charles Young, now filling the chair of Astronomy in Princeton College. The same year he was honorably discharged from the service at Columbus.

Mr. Williams is a valued member of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, and has served on a number of that organization's important committees. He is also a prominent member of the Union and Country Clubs, and the Castalia Sporting Club, of Cleveland, and of the Union League Club, of Chicago.

In national politics Mr. Williams is independent, voting for men of principle rather than for party promises and straight tickets. He has always taken an active interest in the political affairs of his country and community, but has never sought preferment or has held office, save serving as a member of the Council of Glenville, in which suburban village is located his charming country home on the lake shore.

In 1869 Mr. Williams was united in marriage with Miss Louise M., daughter of S. M. Mason, of New Hartford, New York. Six children have been born of this union, four of whom are living. E. M., who is connected with his father in business; Lewis, Sarah G. and Reba L. Mr. Williams and family are members of the congregation of the Euclid Avenue Presbyterian Church.

As a man of business and of affairs Mr. Williams possesses talents and ability far above the average. He has great executive ability and is a fine organizer. He is progressive, pushing and ambitious, his interest and energy never flagging and his capacity for work far beyond what is known only to his intimate friends and business associates; and the best proof of this is the phenomenal growth of the business with which he has been so closely identified, and to which he has given his best efforts. From a small struggling concern, with very limited capital and experience, it has become, in a comparatively short time, the largest of its kind in the world, passing through two disastrous fires during its history, and weathering successfully some of the greatest financial and business panics this country has ever witnessed; and to his talent and ability in business matters is added a conservativeness and conscientiousness which have gained for him an enviable name for honor and probity in business circles.

As a citizen Mr. Williams is broad and liberal in his views, progressive in his ideas, and is always found on the right side of all public questions and movements having for their object the building up of the city and her institutions. He possesses a sympathetic nature, and is a warm friend in adversity, as well as in prosperity, and is generous with his means alike to individual and organized charity. His sociability is one of his chief characteristics. He enjoys company, and is never happier than when surrounded by his friends, and is a fine entertainer. His tastes are domestic, and his love for his family marked. Probably his chief diversion is found in the game of whist, at which he is considered by his friends an adept.

THOMAS W. JAMES, of Parma township, Ohio, was born May 21, 1845, in Dunmore Park, Ireland, a son of the late William and Rebecca (Simmons) James. They emigrated from Ireland, in 1847, to Canada, and lived there until 1859, when they came to Cleveland. He was a gardener by occupation, both in his native country and also in Cleveland. He laid out a portion of the grounds at the Newburgh Insane Asylum. He also laid out the garden there in 1860. In the fall of 1860 he removed to Louisville, Kentucky, and remained there till the fall 1861, when he returned to Cleveland, and the following spring removed to Brooklyn township, Cuyahoga county, where he pursued his calling till 1872. He then returned again to Cleveland and located on Detroit street, where he was engaged as a florist till his death, which occurred in May, 1876. His wife died in Brooklyn township, on Clark avenue, in May, 1872. They had a family of seven children, of whom Thomas was the sixth.

He continued to live with his father till the fall of 1870, and from him learned the business of gardening. He was married in Cleveland, Ohio, April 21, 1868, to Miss Stewart Young, who was born in Scotland, January 7, 1848. Her parents were William and Elizabeth (Campbell) Young. They came from Scotland in 1851 and settled in Cleveland, on the West Side. The

A. H. Callister

mother died in the spring of 1884 and the father September 8, 1889. Of a family of nine children Mrs. James was the youngest.

Mr. James continued to live in Brooklyn township for four years after his marriage, when he removed to Cleveland, where he followed his occupation of gardening for three years and then then to West Cleveland, where he remained eleven years, after which he spent four years in Independence, Cuyahoga county, finally, in the fall of 1890, settling in Parma township, where he has built a fine greenhouse and continues to pursue his chosen calling. He cultivates about thirty acres of land.

Mr. and Mrs. James are the parents of ten living children, namely: William T., Edward Y., George, Cora, Clinton D., James W., Bessie, John S., Stewart and Mary G. One child, Lewis, died in infancy.

Mr. James served as a member of the West Cleveland Council two terms. In the spring of 1893 he was elected School Director in his district. He is a member of the Masonic order.

COLONEL ARTHUR McALLISTER.—To Colonel Arthur McAllister, one of Cleveland's most prominent and honored citizens, belongs the merited distinction of being the leading contractor and builder of northern Ohio and one of the largest in the entire Buckeye State; and his career fitly illustrates what one may accomplish by persistent effort in the pursuit of definite and honorable purpose.

Colonel McAllister is a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in Delaware county, that State, in 1830. His father was Christopher McAllister, who emigrated from Ireland to Wilmington, Delaware, in 1800. The senior McAllister served in the United States Navy, and was on board the United States ship Philadelphia when that good old vessel grounded at Tripoli.

When about seventeen years of age Colonel McAllister went to Philadelphia, where he apprenticed himself to a carpenter and builder, with whom he remained four years, completing his trade. A few months later he went to New York city, where he remained until 1855, during which year he began a tour of the Southern and Southwestern States. He was in Mississippi when that State seceded from the Union, and he at once hastened North and offered his services to the Government, enlisting as a private in the Fourth New York Battery. He served in the Army of the Potomac until 1863, when he was ordered to New Orleans and operated with the Army of the Gulf in Louisiana, Texas and Florida. He was mustered out of service as Captain and brevet Major and Lieutenant Colonel in 1867, having been retained in service after his term by General Sheridan, upon special authority from the War Department, and serving the last two years of his army life upon the staff of that gallant general.

Following his discharge from the army, Colonel McAllister engaged in contracting and building in St. Louis, spending two years in that city. Subsequently he spent several years at Fort Scott, Kansas, and in 1874 he came to Cleveland. Upon locating in this city the Colonel began contracting and building, and almost at once took rank among the prominent and successful men in his line. Year by year forged ahead in his business until at the present time (1894) he is recognized as the leading contractor of the city. Many of the city's most expensive and modern structures are the product of his handiwork, among which may be mentioned the handsome residences of ex-Senator H. B. Payne, Samuel Andrews, C. W. Bingham, Charles F. Brush, S. T. Everett, Stewart and William Chisholm, A. A. Pope and George Stockley, all on Euclid avenue; of Charles J. Sheffield, on Prospect street, and the summer residence of C. W. Bingham, on the lake shore. He also erected the Second Presbyterian and St. Bridget's Catholic churches, and numerous other buildings of more or less note in Cleveland and vicinity.

In 1888 Colonel McAllister formed a partnership with Mr. Andrew Dall, under the firm name of McAllister & Dall, and the firm has erected, among many others, the following buildings, all of which will long serve as monuments of their skill and proficieney: The residences of H. R. Hatch, J. E. French and S. F. Haserot, on Euclid avenue, and the beautiful summer residence of Samuel Mather, on the lake shore east; the Calvary Presbyterian church, the Euclid avenue Opera House, the Society for Savings bank building, and the Erie County Savings Bank building at Buffalo, New York. The two latter buildings are classed among the finest in Ohio and New York State respectively, and are the special pride of Colonel McAllister and his co worker, Mr. Dall; and well they may be, for two more solid and magnificent structures cannot be found in any city in the country.

The Society for Savings building is decidedly the largest and most conspicuous in the city. It is situated on the northeast corner of the Public Square and Ontario street, standing in the very heart of the business center of the city. Although the building is ten stories high, its elevation is considerably greater than is usual with structures having that number of stories, because the first story is twenty-five feet in the clear. The size of the building upon the ground is 110 x 132 feet, and the height from grade to cornice is 151 feet and eight inches. The exterior design is French Gothic, of the thirteenth and fourteenth century type, executed, in the first story, in Missouri syenite granite; and above this is Lake Superior red sandstone. The first story, occupied by the Society for Savings for its banking room, is 75 x 100 feet in size, besides two large alcoves in an *entresol* each 25 x 60 feet, and is 25 feet high. It is wainscoted to a height of six feet with deep red Vermont marble, and floored with Roman mosaics. Its walls and ceilings are decorated in oil color applied to canvass and hung upon the stucco, and the central portion of the ceiling, a space 45 x 65 feet, is filled by a skylight designated in rich color. With the second story a great interior court is reached. It is 50 x 75 feet, surrounded by galleries of iron, with glass floors, faced from top to bottom with white marble, and covered with a skylight of lightest construction, through which the sky is plainly seen. The skeleton or vital structure is composed entirely of steel columns and beams, steel columns being placed against each center masonry pier and bolted to it by wrought-iron straps. The structure is entirely fire-proof. In every respect, design, material, arrangement and convenience, this building is surpassed by no commercial building in America.

The Erie County Savings Bank building in Buffalo is one of the largest and handsomest bank or commercial buildings in the Empire State. It is of gray granite, nine stories high on the Main street side and ten on Pearl street, exclusive of cellar and attic. The first story is very high; the second is a mezzanine story, and above this are seven stories for offices. The base lines of the building measure 157 feet each on Niagara and Church streets, 157 feet on Pearl street, and 57 feet on Main street, enclosing an area of about 17,000 square feet. The building's exterior is remarkable for the absence of sharp angles. Every corner has a tower, circular in shape, and terminating in a conical pinnacle. The building stands at the junction of two of the oldest and most important streets of the city, in the center of the business section, and is a structure of dignity, strength and solidity.

This firm also erected Cuyahoga county's beautiful Soldiers' and Sailors' Monument, which stands in the public square at Cleveland, and is one of the most magnificent monuments in the country. They also erected the Lake Shore Railway's depot at Toledo, Ohio, and at this time (1894), among other work on hand, are erecting an elegant residence in Massillon, Ohio, for Colonel McClymonds.

Colonel McAllister was married at Painesville, Ohio, in 1872, and is the father of three sons.

The Colonel has always been a Republican in politics, and takes an active interest in the affairs of his party. Under appointment from Mayor Gardner, he served for a term of five years upon Cleveland's Board of Criminal Correction. Aside from this he has held no official position, nor has he at any time sought political honors. He is a member of the military order of the Loyal Legion and of the Grand Army of the Republic, and is deeply and enthusiastically interested in those organizations. He is also a member of the Union, Roadside and Athletic Clubs.

The following estimate of Colonel McAllister's character is the consensus of the opinions of citizens of Cleveland who have known him for years. He is regarded as one of the strongest business men in the State; is of positive character, possesses great force, splendid executive ability, and has a remarkable capacity for work; and he is patriotic and public-spirited, progressive in his ideas, and ever an advocate of all public movements looking to the good and growth of the city. No man on a committee having in charge any public movement has more influence than he in accomplishing the desired end. He is by all recognized as one of Cleveland's strongest men. As a man he stands for all that is high-minded and manly, is a man of great sociability, is very popular in social circles, a firm friend under any and all circumstances, believes that "blood is thicker than water," and considers, as did the apostle, that "he who does not provide for his family is worse than an infidel." His views are decided, his likes and dislikes strong, and he has the courage of his convictions.

Socially, he is one of the most agreeable of men, refined, generous, courteous and kind to all; charitable, warm-hearted and sympathetic by nature, he is a most genial companion, and a high-minded, honorable gentleman. Fond of company and of entertaining, he is never happier than when surrounded by his friends, dispensing his generous hospitality and discharging the duties of host. He has decided taste and fondness for paintings and engravings, and the means to gratify the same, and his collection of water-colors, etchings and engravings is very choice. His memory is vigorous, and he has a great deal of literary discernment, being able to read a book or literary work and digest the contents as well as one who gives exclusive attention to study.

ISAAC M. HIMES, M. D.—Dr. Isaac M. Himes, one of Cleveland's well-known and prominent physicians, was born at Shippensburg, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1834, and is the son of George W. and Joanna (Sturgis) Himes.

Dr. Himes was educated in the University of Pennsylvania, and in Jefferson College at Cannonsburg, Pennsylvania, graduating at the latter institution in 1853. He then attended medical lectures in the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, and subsequently entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York city, receiving from the latter institution, in 1856, his degree of M. D. During the ensuing eighteen months he was a member of the house staff of Bellevue Hospital, New York city.

April 16, 1859, Dr. Himes returned to his home in Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, and began the practice of his profession. His health, however, became impaired to the extent of incapacitating him for active labors during the entire summer. In the autumn of the same year, having regained his health, he went to Randall's Island, New York, where, during 1860–'61 he was assistant physician of the Nursery and Children's Hospitals at that point.

In the spring of 1861, Dr. Himes located in Chillicothe, Ohio, and established himself in private practice, but in the following fall was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the Seventy-third Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, and a short time afterward was promoted to be Surgeon of the same Regiment, in which capacity he served until the close of the war.

The great civil conflict ended, Dr. Himes spent two years in professional study in Germany and France, several months in travel in the United States, and, in attention to private interests, residing a year in San Francisco, California. In 1871 he located permanently in Cleveland, establishing himself in practice, and here he has since resided, taking rank among the successful and leading practitioners of the Forest City. In 1863–'64 Dr. Himes held the chair of Anatomy in the Cleveland Medical College, and in 1871 he was appointed professor of physiology and physiological and pathological histology in the same institution. This position he held until 1878, when, the Cleveland Medical College having become the medical department of the Western Reserve University, Dr. Himes was made professor of pathology, pathological anatomy and bacteriology in the latter institution, a position he now fills. In 1893 Dr. Himes was acting dean of the medical department, and in 1894 he was appointed by the trustees as dean.

The Doctor is a member and President of the Board of Visitors to the Lakeside Hospital, and is physician to the Church Home, of Cleveland. He is a member of the Cuyahoga County Medical Society, of which he has twice been president, and is a member and vice-president of the Cleveland Society of the Medical Sciences. He is also a member of the Ohio State Medical Society, and of the American Medical Association. He is a member of the Ohio Commandery of the Military Loyal Legion, of Beta Theta Pi college fraternity, and of the Trinity Episcopal Church.

Dr. Himes was married in 1875 to Mary (Vincent) Read, daughter of John A. Vincent, Esq., of Cleveland.

WILLIAM H. VAN TINE, Sr., an old resident of Cleveland, was born in Skaneateles, Onondaga county, New York, March 21, 1820, a son of Robert F. and Mary B. (Chapin) Van Tine, natives respectively of Troopsburg and Prattsburg, Steuben county, New York. His grandfather, Robert Van Tine, served through the war of the Revolution, enlisting in Dutchess county, New York, January 1, 1777, and being discharged in 1780; he was wounded in the hip by a gunshot and made a cripple for life. His father came from Holland. Robert F. Van Tine emigrated to Ohio, where he spent the last twenty-five years of his life, dying in Bucyrus in 1870, at the age of seventy-six years. His wife had died in 1843, in New York State, aged forty-five years. She was a staunch Presbyterian. Our subject has been an indomitable temperance worker and advocate for the past fifty-four years, his wife being his most zealous coadjutor during her lifetime. She was prominent in church and temperance work, and it is interesting to recall the fact that in one year, while president of the Woman's Society, she succeeded in raising $1,200 for the furnishing of the church. She was a native of Utica, New York, and was converted in her childhood, at once assuming and ever after retaining a working place in the church, being a devoted member and a leader in all reforms. They had children, as follows: Lydia A., deceased, wife of Dwight Holbrook; William H.; Cornelia, widow of Daniel Spooner, of Minneapolis, Minnesota; Uriel C., a resident of Oberlin, Ohio; Helen, who died at the age of sixteen years; Francis R., a resident of Berea, this State; the next was a daughter, Laura, who died at the age of twelve years; and the last is George A. The father, by a second marriage, to Clarissa Dickinson, had two children, a daughter and a son, the former of whom is deceased, the son being a resident of St. Louis, Missouri, being one of the principal operators in the Union telegraph office,—a position he has held for many years.

Mr. William H. Van Tine was brought up to the trade of miller, being educated mainly at the academic schools. At the age of nineteen he came west to Ohio, locating at Cleveland. After spending the fall and winter here, he went in the next spring to Summit county. In May,

1840, he accepted a position in the County Auditor's office and made the first tax duplicate of Summit county. Then he followed milling for two years in that county, and then, in 1842, returned to Cleveland, where he was engaged as a dealer in produce and wool until 1857, when he took charge of the office business of the first rolling mill in this city, retaining such position for nine years. Later he became an insurance agent, and has since continued his connection with this form of enterprise, representing most reliable companies and retaining a representative clientage.

He became a member of the Congregational Church in Ohio City, in December, 1839. On returning to Cleveland, in 1842, he joined the Presbyterian Church, of which he continued a member for more than half a century, then returning once more to the Congregational Church, of which he is a consistent and acceptable member at the present time. He has always been a total abstainer from alcoholic liquors and tobacco, card-playing, theatre-going and profanity; always a conscientious citizen and a stanch Republican.

He was married in February 15, 1842, to Miss Julia M. Herrick, who died January 1, 1893, at the age of sixty-eight years. They had six children, namely: Cornelia M., wife of E. H. Perdue, of this city; Robert, who died at the age of twenty-one years; Willie, deceased in infancy; William H., Jr., who is one of the most active real-estate dealers in the city; Rensselaer R., secretary and treasurer of the Maxwell Blue Stone Company; and Julia H., who married J. P. Moody, of Syracuse, New York.

The life of Mrs. Van Tine was spared sufficiently long to permit of the celebrating of the fiftieth anniversary of her marriage of our subject. This memorable event occurred in 1892, and the occasion was held in fitting honor by the children and other relatives and friends. At the golden wedding there were present, except for the bride and groom, only two adults who had been present at the original ceremony fifty years before. No couple perhaps ever lived in more thorough harmony and their lives were spared to the blessing of one another and of all who came within the circle of their influence.

Mrs. Van Tine's mother, Maria M. Herrick, relict of Sylvester P. Herrick, celebrated her ninety-sixth birthday anniversary May 1, 1894, at the residence of her son, ex-Mayor R. R. Herrick, with whom she makes her home. She reads without glasses, her mind is clear and she keeps thoroughly in touch with the social, moral and political movements of the day.

Our subject and his wife spent their blended lives going hand in hand in all church work, and especially in the Sunday-school work, to which they devoted more than half a century each as teachers.

W. A. DIAMOND, round-house foreman and engine dispatcher of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, began his service with the company in 1872, at Buffalo, as apprentice in the shops, and upon completing his trade was employed in the locomotive department of the same shops, being assigned a regular run as fireman. Three years later he was promoted to be engineer, remaining on the road until he was given the foremanship of the Jackson shops, a few months later coming to Cleveland in the same capacity, June 1, 1887.

Mr. Diamond was born in Toronto, Canada, in June, 1857. At the age of seven he was brought to Buffalo, New York, where he received a fair education from the city high school, which he left at fifteen to begin his trade with the Erie Railroad at Buffalo. A few months with this company, and a like period in the machine shops at the same place sufficed and he went to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Company, as before stated.

Mr. Diamond's father was for many years an engineer on the Erie and Lake Shore roads, but is now a machinist in the Buffalo shops of the latter company. He is fifty-nine years old, was

born in Ireland and came to America in 1839. He removed to Toronto, Canada, after a brief residence in Buffalo, where he resided till his return to Buffalo in 1864. His wife was Mary J. Crisp, daughter of an Englishman and an inn keeper. Four children resulted from this union: J. R., chief clerk of master mechanic, of Toledo division, at Norwalk; Martha and Cora E., unmarried, and residing in Buffalo.

November 24, 1887, our subject married, in Buffalo, Miss Munhall. They are the parents of three children: Ollie M., Clarence W. and Clyde J.

Fraternally Mr. Diamond is a member of Washington Lodge, A. F. & A. M., Buffalo, No. 240, and will participate in the benefits of the A. O. U. W., Harmony Lodge, No. 13, of Buffalo.

J. T. McKEE, general baggage agent of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, is a native of the Keystone State, being born in Beaver county, that State, August 4, 1860. He attended the village schools till eighteen years of age, when he embarked on his railroad career, the exact date being December 27, 1880. His first position was baggage-master's clerk in the Union depot at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. From this position he went to the general baggage office in a similar capacity, and in 1882 came to the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company as a clerk. In October of the same year he was made chief clerk of the general passenger agent, in which capacity he served until April, 1893, when he was made general baggage agent.

Mr. McKee's father, H. P. McKee, was a Pennsylvania merchant, born in that State in 1833. He died in 1892. The family is ante-Revolutionary with respect to settlement or founding in America, and was from the Scotch Highlands. Our subject's mother was Martha Tate. Two children were born to her; a daughter, who now lives in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and J. T., our subject.

May 6, 1885, Mr. McKee was married, in Cleveland, to Miss May Quigley, whose father was one of the pioneer men of Summit county, Ohio. He is now largely engaged in mining silica sand in Millington, Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. McKee have no children.

R. R. VAN TINE, one of the proprietors, secretary and treasurer of the Maxwell Blue Stone Company, Cleveland, Ohio, was born in Cleveland, January 29, 1861.

His parents were William H. and Julia M. (Herrick) Van Tine, of whom specific mention is made elsewhere in this volume.

Mr. Van Tine was educated in the public schools of Cleveland. On leaving school he came into his father's insurance office, and there remained until 1881. In this year he went in as book-keeper for the Maxwell & McFarland Company and retained that position six years, when in 1887, he and his brother-in-law, E. H. Purdue, purchased a half interest in the Maxwell and McFarland quarry of Euclid, and formed a stock company with R. H. Maxwell as president and manager, and R. R. Van Tine as secretary and treasurer.

In 1888 Messrs. Purdue and Van Tine bought the interest of R. H. Maxwell, and thereupon Mr. E. H. Purdue was elected president, and R. R. Van Tine secretary and treasurer, the latter having sole management of the business. This company, still known as the Maxwell Blue Stone Company, employ from fifty to seventy-five men throughout the year and do a business spreading well throughout the United States. They make a pecialty of sawed flagging and building trimmings.

Mr. Van Tine has become one of the foremost young business men of the city, and his business is conducted in as systematic and concise a manner as any railway system in the State. His system of keeping accounts of the different departments of his work is the most

perfect in detail, having a place for everything and everything in its place. He is a member of the Case Avenue Presbyterian Church. His residence is 250 Franklin avenue.

In April, 1882, he married Miss Louisa Clinton, daughter of E. T. and Kate Clinton, of Philadelphia. Mr. Clinton's father established and built up the renowned Brush manufacturing concern, which is now carried on by his two sons, E. T. Clinton, and brother.

The home of Mr. Van Tine and wife has been blessed in the birth of one child, Russell H.

ASAHEL W. STRONG, a popular broker of Cleveland, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, May 23, 1856. He secured a liberal education from the public schools of this city, but at the age of fourteen engaged in business, becoming an employee of Raymond, Lowe & Company, wholesale dry-goods dealers, concluding a seven years' service with them in 1877, at which time he took a position with that most worthy and esteemed citizen, J. M. Hoyt, having charge of the real-estate department. In this service Mr. Strong became familiar with every feature of the loan and brokerage business, and in March, 1893, opened an office in the Cuyahoga building and is building up a gilt-edged profitable business. He deals in select securities exclusively, making a specialty of municipal, county and State bonds. He makes investments of Eastern capital, and is agent for and carries on business with foreign capitalists.

Mr. Strong is a son of Asahel Strong, born in Homer county, New York, in the year 1800, and seven years later brought into Erie county, Ohio, by his father, Amos Strong, a farmer. Settlement was made in Huron county, where he died.

The Strongs were originally from Massachusetts. The family was led into "York" State by the great-grandfather of our subject.

Asahel Strong married Polly Ann Poole. Mrs. Strong was born in Massachusetts, 1832, and died in 1874, two years later than her husband. Mr. Strong was twice married before this, his first wife being a Miss Bellnis, and his second wife a sister of his first. His first child, Mary Selina, wife of Charles E. Cole, was by his second wife. The children by the last marriage are: F. A., at Duluth, Minnesota, married Clara Parker, and they have three children; A. W., married May 28, 1879, in Cleveland, Minnie A., a daughter of Marvin T. Andrus (see sketch of George W. Andrus herein); A. C., of Duluth, Minnesota, married Carrie Ellen Bassett, of Cleveland.

The children of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Strong are: Helen Mabel, born May 22, 1880; Ethel Minne, born November 10, 1883; Arthur Poole, born October 29, 1886, and Paul Asahel, born January 1, 1890.

Mr. Strong and family are members of the Plymouth Congregational Church, of which Sabbath-school he is Superintendent.

WD. BARHYDT was born in Scheneetady, New York, March 31, 1849. He grew up in that beatiful city on the Hudson and spent some little time in school, but only just about enough to aggravate teacher, parents and pupil. He did not like a six-hour daily confinement, and rather than submit to it he decided to look out for his own welfare. Accordingly he ran away from home at the age of fifteen and hired out to a farmer to care for his garden and horse. Still not contented, he sought employment of the New York Central Railroad and received the position of breakman, running between Albany and Syracuse. He remained with the Central until coming to Cleveland in 1875. He was assigned to duty as brakeman on the Toledo division, being made yard-conductor, and filling that place until promoted to be yardmaster in 1886, where he has since served.

Mr. Barhydt is a son of John S. M. Barhydt, born in New York State, in 1800, and dying in

1864. He was a prominent contractor of that state, being one of the builders of the Erie Canal. The family is of German origin, the first representative of it in this country being probably Abraham Barhydt, our subject's paternal grandfather.

John S. M. Barhydt married Catherin Lighthall, and their children were: Harriet, wife of John C. Underhill, of Schenectaday; Nancy, deceased, of Albany; W. D. and Henrietta.

In September, 1884, Mr. Barhydt married, in this city, Minnie Harris. Their children are three: Ada, Grace and Willie.

JAMES P. McKINSTRY, general manager of the Cleveland Telephone Company, was born, reared and educated in Cleveland. His birth occurred January 15, 1842, and his education was obtained from the public schools. At sixteen years of age he became a messenger boy in the office of the superintendent of the Lake Shore Railroad and performed other work about the building for the company for a period of six months, and during this time learned operating. He was stationed at Geneva, Ohio, and from there worked up by degrees to the position of chief operator of the line, and was stationed in this city.

In 1861 Mr. McKinstry became an employee of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and four years later was made manager of the same company, with headquarters at Erie, Pennsylvania. This relationship existed till his transition from telegraph to telephone service, in 1877, when, at the instance of the Western Union Telegraph Company, he put in the first exchange at Erie. Cleveland put in an exchange in 1879, and this Mr. McKinstry practically planned and controlled, although he did not return to the city till the following year. In 1884 Mr. McKinstry was made general manager of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company, operating exchanges in Minnesota and the Dakotas. He was next made general manager of the Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Company, operating exchanges in Arkansas and Texas. Mr. McKinstry has been a member of the Society of Electrical Engineers of the State of New York since its organization. He is an active member of the Cleveland Electric Club, preparing treatises on branches of this interesting subject and engaging in their discussion, thereby giving the association the benefit of his long experience in electricity and electrical appliances.

Mr. McKinstry is a son of Thomas McKinstry, once chief of police of Cleveland. He was born near Belfast, Ireland, and in 1837 came to the United States and settled in Cleveland. He was once special agent of the post-office department here. He married Eraxena Dodge, born at Plattsburg, New York, a daughter of Simon Newcomb, and our subject is their second and only surviving child.

Mr. McKinstry married in this city, September 18, 1862, Emma, a daughter of A. K. Miller, of Erie, Pennsylvania. Their children are: Harry M., with the Cleveland Milling Company; Charles T., manager of the Cleveland Telephone Company; Nellie W., wife of Robert G. Pate, with the same company; Edward, Laura and Scott.

As to fraternities Mr. McKinstry is a Royal Arch and Chapter Mason, Webb Chapter. He is a Knight of Honor and a member of the Episcopal Church.

CAPTAIN W. A. COLLIER, secretary, treasurer and general manager of the Vessel Owners' Towing Company, was born in Summit county, Ohio, December 21, 1855.

He accepted employment in his father's store at eighteen years of age, as salesman, and upon retiring was placed in charge of one of his father's canal boats on the Ohio Canal. Three years later he took up the tug business in Cleveland, having come here in 1866. He first

managed individual tugs, next one of his own, and finally, in 1892, a consolidation of the business brought into existence the Vessel Owners' Towing Company, of which he was made general manager.

Captain Collier is a son of M. J. Collier, deceased, who for many years owned and operated a line of boats on the Ohio Canal. He was commissioned a Lieutenant at the outbreak of the Civil war, and assigned to the Second Ohio Volunteer Cavalry. Later on he was instrumental in organizing the Twelfth Ohio Cavalry, was made its Major, and was so mustered out. He died in Cleveland in 1888. He married in Summit county, Ohio, Miss Bell. The children of this union are: Captain Collier; Hattie L., wife of L. W. Weber; and Emma E., wife of W. C. Lawrence.

December 12, 1878, Captain Collier married, in Cleveland, Lillie G., daughter of George W. Beers, a farmer of Summit county. Their children are: Jessie, Fred, Louis, Lloyd and an infant son.

Captain Collier is a Royal Arch Mason, a member of the Royal Arcanum and of the Mystic Circle K. O. T. M., of which order he is trustee local tent. He is also grand financial secretary of the Shipmasters' Association, and a member of Cleveland Lodge.

MYRA KING MERRICK, the pioneer woman physician of Ohio, was born in 1825, in Leicestershire, England, in the vicinity of Warwick Castle, a daughter of Richard and Elizabeth King.

Her parents emigrated to America, in 1826, locating near Boston, Massachusetts, and in 1840 settling in Lorain county, Ohio. About 1841 Myra went to Elyria, Ohio, and remained for several years, attending school, and assisting in the support of the family by needle work.

In 1848, Myra King was married to Charles H. Merrick, and went to New Haven, where for a year she had a hard struggle consequent upon her husband's illness, and she determined to qualify herself for fighting the battle of life alone. She consequently took a course of lectures at Hyatt's Academy rooms in New York, there being no medical colleges at the time open to women. She then took a course of study at Nicholas Hydropathic Institute, New York, subsequently returning to New Haven, and pursuing a course of study under the well known Professor Levi Ives, of Yale.

The Central Medical College of Rochester, New York, having opened its doors to women, she, in 1851, matriculated at that institution, graduated the following year, incidentally receiving the medal offered by the State Eclectic Medical Society to the student making the most progress during the course.

In August, 1852, Dr. Merrick came to Cleveland, Ohio, locating on Miami street, near the market, and commencing the practice of medicine, which gradually and steadily increased until it became necessary, on account of her husband's absence in the army, for her to go to Lorain county, to save her husband's lumber from the sheriff's hands.

For two years a hard struggle followed and with the assistance only of her 8-year-old son, Dr. Merrick sawed, counted and sold a quantity of lumber, also selling the sawmill. In the intervals of this work she collected supplies for the soldiers and rode miles on professional duty, there being no other physician in that vicinity. She then returned to Cleveland, Ohio, and resumed her practice, which continued to increase until it reached large and lucrative proportions, and until she received recognition on every side, and entirely silenced the prejudices and opposition which women physicians encountered.

In 1876, she became president of the Women's Medical College, holding that office until it was merged into the Cleveland Homeopathic College. She was also for a number of years a member of the medical staff of Huron Street Hospital; but what she considered her chief work, and that which will be her enduring mon-

ument, was the establishment in 1879 of the Women's and Children's Free Dispensary, of which she has since been president.

To the institution of this valuable charity the late Mrs. Henry M. Flagler was one of the largest and most interested contributors, and Doctors Kate Parsons and Martha M. Stone have been most untiring and efficient aids to her in the work there successfully prosecuted.

Dr. Merrick has one son, Richard L. Merrick, of this city. Dr. Merrick enjoys vigorous health, and the years of untiring energy and almost ceaseless duty she has endured has left but little trace on features, and her successful career may be worthily cited as and notable example of the fitness of women for professional life.

REV. HARRY P. ECKHARDT is pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, known as "Christus Kirche," of Cleveland. He was born in Maryland, December 31, 1866, as a son of John and Margaret (Kilian) Eckhardt, both parents being natives of Germany. The father with his family came to America in 1840 and settled in Baltimore, Maryland. In Germany he had learned the trade of a tanner, which trade he followed in Baltimore. He died in 1893, at the age of seventy-two years. He died at Baltimore, where his widow still lives, with an unmarried daughter.

The subject of this sketch is the youngest of four children, namely: Louis C., successor to his father's business at Baltimore; Caroline, wife of Frank Siegel, Esq., of Baltimore; Lena, the unmarried daughter with whom the mother now resides; and the subject of this sketch, who was educated at Reisterstown, Maryland. Later he attended Concordia College, Fort Wayne, Indiana, where he completed a classical course in 1886. He then attended Concordia Seminary, at St. Louis, Missouri, and there took a theological course of three years, completing the same in 1889. His first ministerial work was in his present position. When he became pastor of this church ninety families constituted his congregation and fifty pupils attended the parochial school. Now his congregation consists of 190 families, and 225 pupils attend the school and are taught by one female and two male teachers. Rev. Eckhardt is a member of the Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other States.

He was married in 1891 to Miss Martha Hauser, daughter of Rev. Hugo Hauser, a prominent clergyman of Baltimore, Maryland, in the Evangelical Lutheran Church. For forty years Rev. Hugo Hauser was a member of the Missouri Synod. He died in 1886, aged about eighty years. In his synod he was a noted clergyman. He was the father of seven children, namely: Lena, who is a lecturer on art and is an accomplished and scholarly lady; Rev. Otto Hauser, the second child, is a clergyman in Connecticut; Hugo Hauser is a bookkeeper in New York city; Rev. Oscar Hauser resides in Wisconsin; the fifth child is the wife of the subject of this sketch; Syna A. Hauser is the female teacher in the parochial schools in the church of which our subject is pastor; the last child of Rev. Hugo Hauser is Freda, who is still of the home circle in Baltimore.

Rev. Eckhardt is a careful and thorough man in all his multifarious relations. He is thoroughly devoted to his work and has ever proved himself worthy of the confidence and responsibility reposed in him by a large, influential and growing church, of which he is the esteemed pastor.

FRED BEILSTEIN, an undertaker at 369 and 371 Central avenue, Cleveland, was born in this city, June 23, 1862, a son of Henry and Eliza Beilstein, natives of Germany. Fred received his education and learned the undertaking business in this city. The business was first established by his father in 1844, and in the pioneer undertaking establishment in this city. In his social relations, Mr.

Beilstein is Warden of the I. O. O. F., President of the Cleveland Council, and is a member of Woolington Lodge, K. of P., of the I. O. F., the Royal Foresters and the German Order of Harugari. Politically, he affiliates with the Republican party.

Mr. Beilstein was married in 1888 to Miss Lydia Louisa Ingraham, a native of New York; her father died when she was quite young. Our subject and wife are members of the Third Presbyterian Church of Cleveland. He is a genial, pleasant and enterprising citizen, and is deserving of the large patronage he now enjoys.

DR. SIGMUND DRECHSLER, Rabbi of the Hungarian Congregation, Bene-Jeshurun, was born in Brezowa, Hungary, March 15, 1845, a son of Isaac and Helen Drechsler, natives also of that country. The father was engaged as a woolen merchant in Hungary during his entire life. His death occurred from an accident, in 1858, at the age of forty-seven years. His wife died in 1873, aged fifty-six years. Both were members of the Hebrew Congregation, of which the father was an officer for many years. They had three sons, our subject having been the only one to come to America. One brother, Colman, resides in Hungary, and another, William, died in that country. The father was well and favorably known, and was highly respected as a good citizen. He tried to give his children the best possible advantages of the day in education and otherwise.

Sigmund Drechsler, our subject, received instructions under the best scholars of his day until his thirteenth year. Only the Talmud and Hebrew branches were taught in the city of his birth. He then spent three years under the great Rabbi, H. Hanheimer, and was afterward with the rabbi in Ungwar, where the latter died a few years since. While there he studied only the Hebrew branches and the Talmud. His father died when he was fifteen years of age, and his first effort in oratory was in giving the funeral oration, which was greatly admired by the large concourse of people present. All felt his oratorical future would be very great. Dr. Drechsler then went to Eisenstadt, Hungary, and studied under the great rabbi, Dr. Hilderheimer, who conducted the only rabbi seminary at that time. He taught Hebrew, German, Latin, Greek and mathematics. Among his assistants were Dr. Wolf and Dr. Coher. Dr. Drechsler remained there seven years, or until he graduated in all the studies, receiving his diploma as an efficient rabbi. Dr. Hilderheimer is now president of a rabbi seminary in Berlin.

After receiving his diploma, in 1866, Dr. Drechsler married Julia Zollshein, a native of Hungary, and a daughter of Leopold and Fannie Zollshein. She is descended from a family who were finished scholars for many generations, and her father was also a great scholar. He died in 1846, at the age of twenty-three years. Mrs. Zollshein is still living in Hungary, aged seventy years. Our subject and wife have six children, viz.: Josephine, wife of David Sandrowitz, a merchant of Cleveland; Isaac, engaged in clerking for his brother-in-law; Jennie, who will soon become the wife of Phillip, a brother of David Sandrowitz, and a partner in the business; William and Helen, attending the high school; and Julius, a pupil of the public school.

At the age of twenty-four years Dr. Drechsler took charge of the congregation at Kovagoears, three years later went to Nagy Vazsony, and four years afterward was called to the congregation at Peezel, as district rabbi, remaining there fourteen years. The Minister of the Hungarian Cabinet on Education, Mr. Trefort, had charge of the congregation as well as of educational affairs. He reorganized the entire state in into new districts, which lessened the district filled by our subject. He at once resolved to come to America, and accordingly arrived in New York in 1887, where he remained six weeks, during which time he preached every Saturday in the First Hungarian Congregation,

Oheb Zebeck. He then took charge of his present work in Cleveland. At that time the church consisted of only fifty members, but under Dr. Drechsler's able management has increased to a membership of over 200. He is an able expounder of the Bible, and his efforts in work and organization have been eminently successful. Under his charge, the congregation purchased the synagogue on Eagle street, which contains a seating capacity of 1,500. The Sunday-school is held in the basement, and has a membership of 250: also the same number of day pupils. Religious intructions are given ever day by three efficient teachers. The church has a large burying ground in Glenville, Ohio. Dr. Drechsler is still in the prime of life, and carries the respect of all who have the pleasure of his acquaintance. In his line of literature he is one of the most scholarly men in this great city.

REV. WILLIAM SAMPSON, Superintendent of the Children's Aid Society, Cleveland, Ohio (Detroit street, No. 1745), was born in Summerford, Wiltshire, England, February 20, 1814.

His parents were Jacob and Ann (Wicks) Sampson. These parents came to Erie, Pennsylvania, in 1833, settling on a farm where they remained a few years, when they returned to England, where they passed the remaining years of their life.

The father died in the same room in which he was born, his age being 81 years. He was a Church Warden all his life. He was a very forward man in church work, and all moral reforms. His wife was his equal—perhaps his superior—in all acts of love, and in exercise of the Christian graces. She was a woman most highly esteemed, and a valued citizen, doing much for the children, bringing them to her own home and caring for the needy and comforting the distressed. This was a very unpopular move in her day, and in her social circle, but it satisfied her conscience, was well pleasing to her, and later made her very popular. She too was a member of the established Church. Two histories in England bring out these points in full, and speak of her in unmistakable terms of praise. No tongue can speak her praise too warmly.

The lives, influence and example of these good people are an endearing heritage to their family and the church of their choice.

The mother died four years later than her husband, her age having been about the same. She was deeply interested in the matter of reform, and this engrossed her attention, not, however, to the neglect of her family.

Our subject was one of four brothers and two sisters. The brothers are all living, viz.: John resides in North Carolina; Thomas resides in Birmingham, England; our subject; James resides in California, doing a large business; Ann, the oldest sister, died in Gloucestershire, England; she was the wife of James Bryant, and died at the age of forty years; Bessie, the youngest sister, died at the age of thirty-five years.

Our subject at the age of eleven years, owing to reverses in his father's business, was apprenticed in a flouring mill as a miller. This apprenticing had to be paid for, and cost 200 pounds, which sum was paid by the minister and his daughter.

Our subject came to America with his parents in 1833.

His early education was gotten chiefly in attending Sunday-school. He learned to write on the flooring boards in the mill. Later he graduated in "brush college," riding on horseback from one appointment to another as a Methodist itinerant minister.

He was in the mill until he came to America. At fifteen years of age he took the $1 prize for dressing a mill-stone. He took charge of the mill when seventeen years of age, and a very proud moment of his life was this. By this time he had learned to read well and was teaching a class in Sunday-school.

On coming to America they made the voyage on a sailing vessel, "Earl Gray," and were nine

long weary weeks on the ocean. After the fourth week they had to strain the drinking water they used, in order to remove the little polliwigs, which had grown to some considerable size by this time.

Arriving in New York they remained there for a few days and then proceeded up the Hudson river to Albany, and thence by canal to Buffalo. The canal trip was made in a little less than five days, and as this was the quickest trip ever made between the two cities up to that time, the arrival of the boat was an event of considerable interest and importance, bands of music meeting the same at Buffalo, where there was much celebrating in honor of the occasion.

From Buffalo they came to Erie, Pennsylvania, stopped at the tavern and our subject started out to find something to do. He soon found employment with a contractor—John Justice—who was building a pier, the first ever built in that city. John gave him a two-inch auger and the first day's work in America was a good and faithful one. The facts were, he had done no work for many, many weeks, had never handled an auger for an entire hour before: such work was not in his line. He turned the auger faithfully all day, and the next morning on awaking he found it difficult to turn himself in bed, after many efforts he succeeded in getting on his feet. The board bill was accumulating at the hotel, matters began to look serious, and something must be done. He met Seth Read, to whom he told his condition and the situation, and that gentleman with other influential persons secured him a position in a mill, where he felt much at home, although milling in America was very different from what it was in England. He ever remembered Mr. Read with much pleasure and thankfulness for the service rendered a helpless boy in a strange land. He was in the mill nearly two years, when, by the help of friends, he secured a position in the mercantile business. During all these years he was an active church worker, and was superintendent of the Sunday-school.

At the age of twenty-two years he married a Yankee schoolteacher—Miss Lois C. Sullivan—with whom he studied for fifty-five years. He was ever a student, and has been all his life. The date of his marriage was in 1837. They celebrated their golden wedding in 1887, at which time every adult that was at the marriage, except the bride and groom, had passed to the world beyond.

Our subject entered the Erie Conference in 1848; when the Conference was divided, he fell on the Ohio side, and has been a member of the East Ohio Conference since its organization. He travelled on circuit for sixteen years; for ten on stations at Meadville, Pennsylvania, Hartford, Ridgeway, Windsor and Kingsville, each two years, as long as the church would allow.

Bishops Simpson, Ames and Janes all recommended his coming to the Children's Aid Society. This appointment came after he had served one year in Waring Street Church in Cleveland, Ohio. The society was in debt when he came; now it is worth $200,000 and is entirely free from indebtedness.

Our subject and wife have had nine children: J. P., who served through the entire war, was with Sherman on his noted march from Atlanta to the sea; he enlisted as private in the Ninth Iowa Volunteer Infantry, and came home as Major in the Signal Service. After passing through all these services, he came home, and was injured in a runaway with a span of favorite horses, and died soon after, leaving a wife (*nee* Sarah Davis), and three children: Nellie, William and Agnes. He was in twenty-three real battles, besides many hazardous skirmishes. He had the honor of sending the first signal into Savannah, Georgia, after its capture. Mary, Mary Jane and Mary Elizabeth, all died young, at the ages respectively of one, three, and five years; Thomas Bond, died at the age of eleven years. One child, who was unnamed, died in early life; Lois was the wife of Mr. Jones, and died at the age of nineteen years; George died in infancy, and Edwin James, the youngest, is still living, one of the principal salesmen of

the Estey & Camp piano house in Chicago. He married Anna Alden: they have one child, Walter Alden Sampson.

The wife of our subject died March 28, 1890, aged seventy-two years. She was a fine scholar and began teaching at the early age of fourteen years, and was a true woman, deeply pious and most earnestly devoted to the interests and best welfare of the Home.

In June, 1891, Mr. Sampson married for his second wife Mrs. Kate Bishop, who was for four years Assistant Matron of the Home. During these years her ability in her position was well tested and never found wanting. Since the date of her last marriage she has been the efficient Matron of the Home, and the selection has ever proved a good one. She has shown herself the right person in the right place.

Mrs. (Bishop) Sampson's children by a former marriage are Gertrude, Dom Pedro and Eva. The children are youthful, lively and doing well.

The officers of the Children's Aid Society are: T. P. Handy, president; G. H. Ely, vice-president; Samuel Mather, secretary and treasurer; S. A. Raymond, recording secretary and auditor; Rev. William Sampson, superintendent and chaplain; Miss Nellie L. Johnston, assistant superintendent; Mrs. William Sampson, matron. Teachers: Miss Helen M. Hulburt and Miss Minnie M. Terry.

For five years Mrs. Sarah Gault, formerly Mrs. Major J. P. Sampson, was assistant matron in the Home, and was a most efficient official,—one who will ever be remembered in the work.

Edwin's wife (Anna Sampson) served faithfully in the Home three years, teaching and rendering other valuable services. She is a native of Coldwater, Michigan, where she now resides. She is a fine scholar and writer, and a leader in church work..

Rev. William Sampson has been superintendent and chaplain of the Home for nineteen years, and by his present wife, as by the former Mrs. Sampson, deceased, as matrons and helpers has been greatly aided in the work. Peculiar talents are required, and they have shown great aptness in the work.

In this brief notice we can give only a few points in regard to the noble work now being done in the Home. It would take much space to do it justice.

The Children's Aid Society is the outgrowth of benevolent effort made at an early day in Cleveland, to rescue its poverty-stricken and neglected children from a life of moral degradation.

The first school was located in the front room of an old unoccupied building near the western termination on Canal street, and had about a dozen pupils gathered in from the city.

In 1854, the school was merged into its present form. The enterprise was purely benevolent in its aim, and depended then, as now, on charitable donations for its support. It was located on Champlain street, and Robert Waterson was its superintendent. The management became a corporate body in 1865.

On the 7th of July 1876, Mr. Waterson resigned the superintendency. At this crisis the Children's Aid Society re-organized the Farm School upon a new basis, under the name of the Children's Industrial School and Home, with Rev. William Sampson as superintendent, and his wife, now deceased, as matron.

The Children's Aid Society has been truly fortunate in its selection of Mr. and Mrs. Sampson as superintendent and matron. They seem to have all the qualities of head and heart that are necessary to a proper discharge of the duties. During their connection with the school they have achieved a great and good work.

From July 7, 1876, to December 31, 1893, they have received into the institution and have cared for 2,109 destitute and neglected children, and of this number, have placed 1,181 in good homes, mostly in the country: the remainder were returned for various reasons to their parents, or friends, except a few who were re-admitted and the sixty-two now on hand. In doing this they have travelled thousands of

miles, not only in placing of children, but in visiting them to see if they were properly cared for.

They have the respect and confidence of the public, and will ever be remembered with heartfelt gratitude by the hundreds of waifs whom they have reclaimed from degradation, and elevated to the dignity of a true Christian manhood. It is hoped that the lives of Mr. and Mrs. Sampson may long be spared to continue their service in this most important field of labor. The above facts are gleaned from reports of the Home, as given by President T. P. Handy, Hon. Harvey Rice and others.

Of the Home it may safely be said that it has received its prestige from the high character of its benefactors and officials. It has been managed by those of progressive, Christian spirit and noble impulses, and the great good it has accomplished, and will yet accomplish, will never be fully known until the day of final reckoning.

May we not hope that each coming year shall add a brighter luster to its efficiency?

AL. ROTNER, proprietor of the livery, feed and sale stable, 553 and 555, Woodland avenue, Cleveland, Ohio, opened this establishment in April, 1893, having erected a large frame structure especially adapted to this purpose. He keeps a full line of carriages and buggies, good horses, and a complete equipment throughout. Mr. Rotner is a native of Russia, born October 22, 1848, at Keyve, a son of Isadore and Ida Rotner. The father, who is now deceased, was a miller and farmer, and also owned large lumber interests in the empire; the mother still survives. Our subject was reared in his native land and remained a member of his father's household until twenty-five years of age; he assisted in the various lines of business of which his father was proprietor until he came to America. Upon reaching this country he went to Rochester, and near that city secured employment with a farmer with whom he remained three years, receiving wages during the summer and devoting the winter months to study. During this time he mastered the English language and familiarized himself with the customs of this country.

Entering the employ of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, Rochester, New York, he was soon promoted to the position of assistant superintendent of the Western Division, and was sent to Chicago. He continued with this corporation three years, and then embarked in the livery business in Chicago. In 1886 he came to Cleveland in the interests of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, but after six or seven months he engaged in business for himself. He first carried a line of groceries, and was afterward in the dairy business, which he operated three years; at the end of this time he again opened a grocery store, closing out the business at the end of twelve months in order to enter his present enterprise. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party. He is a member of the Knights of Pythias and of the Sons of Benjamin. A man of the most generous impulses, the needy never pass him unassisted.

He was united in marriage in Cleveland, Ohio, October 16, 1886, to Rosa Ettinger, a native of Russia. They are the parents of two children, Isadore and Belle. They are members of the Hebrew congregation of this city.

WILLIAM S. PINCOMBE was born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 6, 1855. His parents were William and Sarah (Wooldridge) Pincombe, and were both natives of Devonshire, England, where they were married. In the spring of 1853 they emigrated to the United States, settling in Cleveland, where the father was engaged in brick-making. In 1861 he purchased a farm in Middleburg township, where he has since resided. Mrs. Sarah Pincombe is a sister of Thomas Wooldridge, of

whom personal mention is made elsewhere in this volume. She was born April 5, 1817. William Pincombe was born February 26, 1830.

William S. Pincombe is the only child of his parents. He was reared in Cuyahoga county, where he has always resided. He was married in Berea, Ohio, January 31, 1876, to Miss Mary Ann Gordon, a daughter of the late John Gordon, who died in Berea, Ohio, March 27, 1880. Her mother was Elizabeth (Bailey) Gordon, who survives her husband. Mr. and Mrs. Pincombe are the parents of four children: William J., Silas H., Arthur H. and Ella May. Mr. Pincombe has been engaged chiefly in farming. He cultivates his father's farm of over 100 acres. He has held some of the offices of the township and for many years has been one of the school directors. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity.

CHARLES P. WEST was born in Rockport township, November 29, 1854. His father was the late John M. West, who was born in county Leitrim, Ireland, in May, 1811. In May, 1826, he came to America with his father, John West, and settled in Euclid township, where the son lived until about 1842, dealing in stock and farming. At this time he removed to Rockport township, settling in that part of it which is now known as Rockport Hamlet, where he continued to live till his death, which occurred February 15, 1890. He was married in Buffalo, New York, early in the '40s, to Frances N. O'Brien, who was born in Roscommon county, Ireland, about 1821. She survives and resides in Rockport Hamlet. They had eight children, two of whom died in youth, Nicholson, who died when fifteen years old, and Arthur, who died at two. The names of the six who grew up are as follows: Alice H., deceased wife of J. W. Kinney, who died in the late '80s; John W.; William L.; Fannie C., who is the wife of C. C. Southern; George W. and Charles P.

Charles P. West was reared in Rockport township, where he received a good common-school education, afterward attending the Hunnistion Cleveland Institute for three years and Oberlin College one year. Farming was his chief business until June, 1893, when he formed a partnership with H. G. Dryer, with whom he is now associated.

John M. West was a public-spirited man and was instrumental in having the Ohio City and Olmsted plank road built.

HENRY L. PHILLIPS, dealer in real estate, corner of Doan and Superior streets, Cleveland, Ohio, is one of the well-known, responsible and worthy citizens of his locality.

Mr. Phillips was born on the premises on which he now resides, December 13, 1844, son of James and Almira (Crawford) Phillips, natives of Connecticut. His parents came from the East to Ohio about 1838 and settled on a farm at Warrensville, from whence, about 1840, they removed to the vicinity of Cleveland. Here the father purchased 125 acres of land, half of which is now within the corporate limits of the city, the rest being still in the possession of the family. On this farm the senior Mr. Phillips spent the the residue of his life and died. He was a man of more than ordinary business qualifications, was well known, and filled several local offices, such as Township Trustee and School Director. His life was a life of noble impulse and progressive spirit, and well did he do his part toward opening up the frontier and preparing the way for a higher civilization which the present generation enjoys. He and his worthy companion left to their descendants what is far better than riches—the heritage of a good name. Henry L. is the youngest of their family, the others being Mrs. Hosley, William, Mrs. Jordan and Sarah.

The boyhood days of Henry L. Phillips were spent on his father's farm and in attendance at

Sincerely Yours.
Henry C. Ramsey

the public schools of Cleveland. He continued farming until 1891, when he engaged in the real-estate business, which he has since successfully conducted.

Mr. Phillips was married December 25, 1873, to Miss Frances Morgan, daughter of Calvin Morgan of New York.

When the Civil war came on, our subject was in his 'teens. February 25, 1864, he enlisted in Battery D, First Ohio Light Artillery, and was in the Army of the Ohio, which was consolidated with the Army of the Tennessee. He participated in the Atlantic campaign, and remained with his command until the close of the war, being then in North Carolina. He returned to Cleveland and was mustered out July 15, 1865. He stood the service well. Although he was under fire much of the time during the Atlanta campaign, he never received a wound. He is a member of Forest City Post, G. A. R., in which he has served in official capacities.

HENRY C. RANNEY.—One of the most prominent members of the Cleveland bar is Mr. Henry C. Ranney, who is a member of a family which for many years has held merited distinction in legal circles of Ohio. Mr. Ranney was born on June 1, 1829, in Freedom, Portage county, Ohio. His father, Elijah W. Ranney, was the eldest brother of Judge R. P. Ranney, the recognized Nestor of the Cleveland bar, and of the late John L. Ranney, a distinguished lawyer of Ravenna, Ohio. The father of Mr. Ranney dying when our subject was but six years of age, he was adopted into the family of the Hon. R. P. Ranney, then a rising young lawyer of Jefferson, Ohio. He was at once placed in school and given a good education, and then entered the office of his uncle, Rufus P. Ranney, where he began the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1852, and immediately entered into practice at Warren, Ohio, in the office with Judge Birchard. He was afterward associated with his uncle, John L. Ranney, at Ravenna, with whom he remained until the death of the latter. In 1874 he came to Cleveland and entered into partnership with his uncles, Rufus P. and John R. Ranney. Afterward a partnership was formed by these three gentlemen with Hon. Henry McKinney, who retired from the bench for that purpose, under the firm name of Ranney & McKinney. This partnership was dissolved in 1890, since which time Mr. Henry C. Ranney has been engaged in practice alone.

In 1862 Mr. Ranney was appointed by the Secretary of War, Assistant Adjutant-General of Volunteers, and assigned to duty on the staff of General E. B. Taylor, commanding the first brigade, third division, fifth army corps of the Potomac. This position he held about a year, during which time he participated in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. He then resigned and returning to Cleveland, resumed his practice, devoting himself assiduously thereto ever since. Mr. Ranney has never sought or held a public salaried office of any kind, though he has on frequent occasions been solicited to stand for election to the bench and to Congress.

No lawyer in northern Ohio has a wider circle of close and lasting friendship among his legal brethren on the bench and at the bar than has Mr. Ranney, and no lawyer in the State has a higher standing at the bar than he. Mr. Ranney has for many years been closely identified with the leading movements for the advancement of culture in literature and art, in his home city. His known sympathy with such movements, and his unquestioned probity, together with his reputation for safe and conservative business methods, have made him the natural choice as trustee for the many donations of many generous-minded persons who have devoted large sums of money to such purposes. And his own wide culture derived from study and extensive travel in his own country and abroad, render his services quite invaluable as custodian of these important interests. Mr. Ranney is one of those men whose lives are full

of unsought honors of the truest sort, and the solid, substantial and permanent rewards of unselfish lives. The love and confidence of all who know him are the crown of a long, useful and successful career.

Mr. Ramney was married September 19, 1853, to Miss Helen A. Burgess, of Ravenna, Ohio, an orphan grand-daughter of the late Hon. William Coolman of that place. Six daughters and a son were born to this union, three daughters only surviving.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS, retired, was born in Crawford county, Pennsylvania, December 17, 1837, a son of James and Almira (Crawford) Phillips, natives of Connecticut. James Phillips was born in 1804, and in 1838 removed to Ohio to make his home with his wife's parents, Luther and Elizabeth Crawford. He bought a tract of 125 acres, on which his son William now resides; thirty-eight acres are within the city limits of Cleveland. Here Mr. Phillips lived until his death, which occurred April 10, 1891. He became a conspicuous figure in the history of this locality, and was an important factor in the development of Cuyahoga county's resources. He was bound out as a child of four years, and had few advantages in his youth. As a pioneer of Ohio he is deserving of the honor and reverence due those men and women who bravely cleared the path for the oncoming generations. His wife died February 17, 1889, at the venerable age of eighty-seven years. For many years he was trustee of the township, but was not a politician. There were four children in the family: William, the subject of this sketch; Mary, the wife of O. D. Jordan; Sarah and Henry L. The mother was twice married, and had one daughter by her first union, Almira, widow of Adolphus J. Hosley.

Mr. Phillips was educated in the district school, and was reared to the occupation of farmer. He enlisted September 10, 1862, in Company D, One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, his regiment did guard duty on Johnston's Island the greater part of the time, and he was honorably discharged June 8, 1865. When the war had closed he returned to his farm and resumed the pursuits he has since followed. He has been very successful, and for many years was regarded as one of the leading market-gardners in the county.

He was married October 20, 1859, to Miss Lydia A. Barber, a daughter of Abner and Lydia Barber, both of whom are deceased. Mrs. Phillips is one of a family of five children: Elizabeth, wife of Wright Bramley, deceased; Minerva, wife of Carlton Fuller, is not living; Asa and Martin V., who was killed in a railway accident at the age of twenty-one years. Mr. and Mrs. Phillips are the parents of a family of nine children: Ella, now Mrs. Carlisle, whose history is given elsewhere in this volume; James W.; Emma; Charles R., who married Alice Middleton; Gertrude; Bert, who died at the age of two and a half years; Minerva; Frank, who died at the age of twelve months; and Ralph.

Mr. Phillips is an honored member of the G. A. R., is a man of most excellent traits, and his long and useful career in this community entitle him to the confidence reposed in him by all classes of citizens.

FRANK A. BROBST, manager of the Hollander Hotel, Cleveland, Ohio, has been connected with this establishment since 1890, and has more than proven his fitness for the position. The hotel accommodates 1,000 guests, and is conducted upon both the European and American plans. The service throughout is excellent.

Mr. Brobst was born in Norwalk, Ohio, where he was reared and educated. When a young man he went to Fremont, Ohio, taking a position in the Ball House, which he filled satisfac-

torily for a year. At the end of twelve months he went to Chicago, and during the ten years following was connected with the management of the Palmer House of that city. His ability was speedily recognized, and he was promoted to positions of responsibility in rapid succession. During the last three years of his residence in Chicago he was a member of the company managing the Palmer House. Although a young man, thirty-five years of age, he has developed superior business qualifications, and is considered one of the most successful hotel managers in the State. His experience as assistant manager of the Palmer House has been invaluable him, and has doubtless been of material aid to him in bringing the Hollander to the front. Our worthy manager is one of the stockholders of the Arcade Savings Bank, and of the C. & B. Transit Company; he also owns a considerable amount of realty in Chicago. He is a lover of fine horses, and the sporting world presents many attractions to him; his chief gratification in this line is found in a good trotter. Mr. Brobst has attained his successes through his own efforts, and is justly entitled to the confidence and esteem which he commands in business circles.

He was married in Chicago in 1886, to Miss Dizatell.

FRIEDRICH AUL, florist at Glenville, was born February 20, 1857, in Waitzenbach, Bavaria, took an academic course of education at Schweinfurt, in his native country, learned the trade of florist, served two years in the regular army, and October 23, 1881, arrived in Cleveland. During his first two years here he was employed by Mrs. Eadie, a florist: next, in company with his brother, Casper, in 1883, he opened business in his line on St. Clair street, on a rented place, and in September, 1892, he started out for himself, on St. Clair street and Gordon Park. He purchased his present property, two acres, on Doan street, Glenville, where he now has a fine establishment. He erected a good frame house, costing $12,000. The eminent success which he has attained is attributable to his diligent and close attention to the business he has so thoroughly learned, for he started without means.

In his political sympathies he is a Republican, and in religion a Presbyterian Lutheran.

September 17, 1883, is the date of his marriage to Miss Hermine Burck, who had just arrived from the old country, according to her marriage engagement. Their children are Rudolph, Henry and Otto, aged respectively eight, four and two years.

His father, a farmer of the old country, died in April, 1883, and his mother in December following. They have seven children, three of whom are in this country. The names of all are Johannes, Casper, Anne, Frederick, Henry, Katherine and John. The last mentioned lives in Cleveland.

FRANKLIN M. ROOT, a representative farmer of Middleburg township, was born March 4, 1839, in Brunswick, Medina county, Ohio. His father was the late Charles Root, a native of Pittsfield, Massachusetts. The Root family were among the early settlers of Brunswick, Medina county. Charles Root removed to Cleveland, where he kept the Pearl Street House for seven years in what was formerly known as Ohio City, and is now the West Side of Cleveland. He died in 1850. He was formerly employed in the mercantile business in Brunswick. The maiden name of his wife was Ruth A. Martin, and she survives her husband at an advanced age. They had eight sons, of whom Franklin M. was the third. When he was about two years old his parents removed to Parma, Cuyahoga county, remained one year and then removed to Ohio City (or West Cleveland). In 1850 he returned with his widowed mother and brothers to Brunswick, and remained for several years, when he came to Middleburg

township, where he has since been a resident. Agriculture has been his chief business, his present farm, a fine one, comprising nearly sixty acres.

Mr. Root married, in Middleburg township, June 22, 1865, Miss Joanna Fowles, daughter of Lewis A. and Hannah (Fish) Fowles. He was born in Middleburg township, and she in Connecticut. They are old and respected residents of this county. They had two sons and three daughters, of whom Mrs. Root was the eldest. She was born in Middleburg township, March 23, 1847, where she was reared.

Mr. and Mrs. Root have four sons: Charles L., who married Miss Ida Gray; Samuel L.; Rolland F., who married Ella M. Brainard; and Alden F., who married Miss Belle C. Goss. Mr. Root was Township Trustee for six years. He is now Postmaster at Berea, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, under the administration of President Cleveland.

CHRISTOPHER R. MAILE, proprietor of the Lakewood Brick and Tile Works, at Lakewood hamlet, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, January 27, 1862. His parents were William R. and Alice (Rose) Maile, natives of St. Ives, England. They had five children, namely: Christopher R.; Nellie, the wife of Sidney Goss; Hattie, wife of Urban Hurd; Lillie, wife of J. C. Cannon; and Warren, who was accidentally drowned by falling into a pond when four years and five months old.

When our subject was but a year old his parents removed to Rockport township, making their home in what is now known as Lakewood hamlet, and here young Christopher grew to manhood. He received a common-school education and remained with his father at home until his marriage. He was married in Cleveland, Ohio, March 1, 1884, to Miss Mary A. Kidd, a native of Cuyahoga county, Ohio. They settled in Lakewood hamlet, where they have since resided. They have had three children: Willie, who died when about seven years of age; Alice and Lulu.

In the spring of 1885, Mr. Maile, in company with his father, purchased the Tile and Brick Works, which they operated together for two years. The son then purchased his father's interest, and has since conducted the business alone. He carries on quite an extensive business.

Mr. Maile has served as Trustee for several years. He is the member of the Central Republican Committee for Rockport township, and has taken an active part in political matters as well as local affairs.

JOHN W. WISE was born near Louisville, Stark county, Ohio, September 14, 1859. His boyhood days were spent on the farm, and his education obtained from the village schools and at Mount Union College. Constant confinement in a schoolroom jeopardizing his health, he was forced to give up his studies and seek more active employment. He decided that railroading should be his business. He secured a place with the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad Company in 1882 as workman on a gravel train, expecting that he would be promoted to fireman on first vacancy, and the change was made in just four days. In 1883 he came to the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Company as yard brakeman at Newburg. In three years he was made yard conductor, serving as such till August, 1873, when he was promoted to night yardmaster.

Mr. Wise is a son of Henry C. Wise, likewise a native of Stark county, Ohio, born in 1828 and died in 1875. He devoted his active business life to the farm and the building of mills, and officially was for many years a Justice of the Peace.

Our subject's mother was Elizabeth Snyder, now living in Louisville, at seventy-six years of age. Her father was Michael Snyder, a farmer

and one of the first settlers in Stark county. He came to Ohio from Alexandria, Maryland, in 1832, and was an Ohio soldier in the Mexican war. His death occurred in 1872. The Wise family came originally from Massachusetts, and were led into Ohio by Charles Wise, who married Margaret Charles, who bore him five children, one of whom was Henry C. Wise. The latter's children were: Samuel, deceased; Amanda, deceased; Matilda, married David Harner, of Canton, Ohio; Elizabeth, wife of L. Bauman; John W., and Elvira, unmarried.

John W. Wise married, June 7, 1893, in Cleveland, Nellie Lalley, a daughter of Thomas Lalley. Mr. Wise is indebted for his success to a good stock of energy and perseverance and an evident interest in the business of his employers.

PATRICK FITZPATRICK, of Linsdale, Ohio, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, December 24, 1848. His father, Charles Fitzpatrick, was then a resident of the Forest City only temporarily, while engaged in constructing a portion of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad under contract. He was not without a contract for a portion of some one of our eastern trunk lines from the time he became a fixture as an American business man until his death near Toledo, Ohio, of cholera, in 1853. He came from Ireland to Ohio about 1847, bringing a wife—Rosa, *nee* Morgan. Five children were born to the parents, but Patrick is the only surviving son.

After the death of his parents, so suddenly, and at almost the same time, our subject was taken charge of by a farmer named Doty and kept until an uncle came on and took possession of the young orphan. He was brought to Cleveland and secured a scant parochial school training; alternating the duties of student with some kind of manual labor necessary to secure subsistence. At sixteen Mr. Fitzpatrick went to New York city and enlisted in the Sixth New York Cavalry, going to Staten Island and thence to Harper's Ferry, where the regiment was assigned to the First Division of the Second Brigade under General Deven, and saw service in the second Shenandoah valley campaign; was in the battle of Five Forks and many other less noted engagements, and after Lee's surrender came back to Roanoke river, North Carolina, to cut off Johnston. Their mission completed, the regiment returned to Alexandria, Virginia, and participated in the grand review at Washington, District of Columbia. The Sixth was consolidated with the Fifteenth New York and sent to Louisville, Kentucky, to do provost duty; remained during the summer and in November turned over all government property and were sent back to Elmira, New York, to be mustered out.

After an unsuccessful attempt to get congenial employment in New York city, our subject secured a job at getting out timber near Randolph, New York, and was so engaged one year, going then in October, 1866, to Boston, where he gratified a desire to renew military service by enlisting in the Seventh United States Infantry. Ultimately he was sent to St. Augustine, Florida, where he was assigned to Company B, Seventh United States Infantry. He was stationed at Fernandina until the spring of 1867, when, the Indians becoming hostile in the Rocky mountain country, an order took the regiment to Fort Steele, Wyoming, and some time later it was transferred to Fort Shaw, Montana, where in 1869 Mr. Fitzpatrick was discharged by expiration of term of service.

He returned to Cleveland in 1870, and the next year went to the Toledo division of the Lake Shore Railroad Company as yard brakeman. After six months' service he came to the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company in the same capacity, and in fourteen months was given a pony. In due season he was made night yard-master, serving in the Cleveland yards until 1889, when he was promoted to the position of day man at Lindale. Only one in the twenty-two years of his service

has Mr. Fitzpatrick been absent from duty at any length, and that time for a period of six months, when temporarily engaged in a merchandising venture.

Mr. Fitzpatrick married in Cleveland, Maria Campbell, of Canadian birth. Their children are: Rosa, Priscilla, Mary, Effie and Nettie.

COLONEL A. T. VAN TASSEL is one of the leading business men of the city of Cleveland. He was born at Mayville, Chautauqua county, New York, March 11, 1833. When he was six years old his parents removed to Erie, Pennsylvania. He is a son of Abram and Zenitia (Truckum) VanTassel, both being natives of New York State. His father was a soldier in the war of 1812. He was a stonemason by trade and in Erie followed the business of a contractor, and as a contractor operated upon the Erie & Pittsburg canal.

The subject of this personal sketch served an apprenticeship of four years at the tin and coppersmith's trade and when he had reached his majority he left Pennsylvania and came to Cleveland, in which city he landed in 1852, where he worked for seven years at his trade. He then embarked in business for himself. When he began work in the city of Cleveland his assets were $5, but from his earnings he saved his money and accumulated $125, which became his invested capital. When he embarked in business for himself he opened the shop on Detroit street, just opposite his present location, and since that day he has been one of the most active business men of the city. In 1865 he purchased a stock of hardware, at the same time purchasing the lot on which stands his present place of business. In 1867 he erected his business house and here he does a general tin and copper business. His work consists in marine work, plumbing, etc. Having fitted up a number of vessels for lake service, he has made marine work a specialty; however, he carries a full line of shelf and heavy hardware. His place of business is 250 Detroit street. He employs a number of workmen and his business is of no little consequence.

Aside from business he has been actively engaged in public affairs. In politics he has always been Democratic. In 1862 he was elected a member of the City Council from the old Ninth ward and since that time he has served six terms, or twelve years, in that capacity. He has been a member of the city board of improvements and he is author of the law that created the board of fire commissioners, and he became a member of the first board of these commissioners. He was appointed by Mayor Babcock to the board of workhouse directors. To the several conventions of his party he has been a delegate for some years past. He is a very enthusiastic and influential worker in the ranks of his party.

He was married at the age of twenty years, marrying, in this city, Miss Mary Rudge, a native of Hartford, Connecticut. He is prominently connected with several fraternal societies, among which are the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Pythias and other orders.

CHARLES W. FOOTE, a man of marked attainments and one occupying a position of no little prominence in the business circles of the city of Cleveland, and the subject of this sketch, may consistently be accorded attention in connection with a work which has to do with the representative citizens of Cuyahoga county.

He was born in Tripoli, Syria, in 1853, the only child of Rev. Horace Foote, who was then a Christian missionary in that far distant land, having been an honored member of the clerical profession for nearly half a century. The maiden name of our subject's mother was Rosanna Whittlesey. She was a native of Connecticut, and her husband of New York. The former died in 1854, at the age of thirty-three years,

and the latter, who was born in 1816, died August 12, 1887. Colonel Charles Whittlesey, a brother of Mrs. Foote, was a notable man and one who attained to honorable distinction in many ways.

Our subject, who is a namesake of his uncle, is a graduate of the Western Reserve College at Hudson, having been a member of the class of 1874. He supplemented his literary education by taking a post-graduate scientific course at Cornell University, receiving from that institution the degree of Master of Arts, as well as that of Doctor of Philosophy. Mr. Foote was admitted to practice at the bar in 1878, and devoted himself to the work of this profession at Akron, Ohio, until 1881, when he accepted a position as Professor of Science at Buchtel College, Akron. Subsequently he became interested in electrical work, and invented and perfected a long-distance telephone, upon which, however, he was not able to secure a patent. At that time he was residing in Youngstown, Ohio.

In 1887 he came to Cleveland as an agent representing the Sprague Electric Railway and Motor Company, whose system is now in use on the East Cleveland and Broadway & Newburg lines. He remained connected with the corporation noted until the time when its business was purchased by the Edison Company. He then became agent for the Thomson-Houston Company, with which he remained until 1892, when he resigned to accept the preferment as general manager of the Nicholson Electric Hoist Company, a concern whose interests have been advanced to a marked degree as a result of his able efforts and capable direction. Since 1889 he has also been identified with the Cleveland Construction Company, whose province of operations is in the construction and equipment of electric street railways, and who have built roads under about forty separate contracts.

He is vice-president of the Electric Club, of Cleveland, and a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, of New York city. He is also a member of the Civil Engineers' Club, of Cleveland. A man of marked intellectuality and thorough discipline, he has put his comprehensive knowledge into practical use and has early gained for himself recognition in the path along which moves the hurrying column of utilitarian advancement.

Mr. Foote was united in marriage July 30, 1879, to Miss Harriet, a daughter of Professor H. B. Hosford, of the Western Reserve College, and to them have been born three children: Fannie R., who was born in 1880; Charles R., in 1883; and Ruth H., in 1889.

WALTER JACOBI is the Cleveland general agent for the Home Life Insurance Company of New York, and in this position he has charge of northern Ohio. He has had charge of this field for a little over two years. He has been with this company since May of 1891, and through his judicious management he has worked up a good business in this field. Before becoming identified with this company he was in the employ of the Germania Life, of New York, with which company he was associated for seven years.

He was born in Berlin, Germany, June 13, 1852. He was given a classical education in his native land and served one year in the regular army. In 1875 he came to America and spent a short time in New York city, and then, coming west, located in Cleveland, in 1876. Upon coming to Cleveland he first accepted a position as book-keeper, and later he secured a position in the city schools, in which he taught until January, 1884, at which time he became engaged in the insurance business, to which he has since given his entire time and attention. He has been one of the most active and successful men in his line. Notwithstanding that he has given a very great deal of his time, thought and study to his business he has never lost interest in the cause of education, having served a period of five or more years on the board of examiners for the city schools.

Fraternally Mr. Jacobi is a member of the A. F. & A. M., Concordia Lodge, No. 345, and Webb Chapter, No. 14.

He is connected with several of the German societies of the city, and in politics he is a stanch Republican.

Mr. Jacobi was married in this city in 1878.

WILLIAM H. VAN TINE, Jr., one of the most active of the real-estate men in Cleveland, was born in this city in 1856, a son of William H. Van Tine, concerning whom specific subject-matter appears elsewhere in this volume. He received his education in the public schools and at the early age of ten years began to realize somewhat the more serious demands of life. He thereupon began carrying papers, morning and evening, devoting the middle of each day to study. When a youth of sixteen years he engaged in the real-estate and insurance business, soon dropping the latter to devote all of his attention to realty transactions.

In 1880 he commenced giving most of his time to the allotment of lands in the city and has up to date completed and improved thirty-three streets in the best locations in the residence portions of Cleveland, and covering many millions in value. During the past five years he has added to his enterprises the building and completion of modern homes, conducting to-day the largest enterprise of its kind in Cleveland if not in the State of Ohio and being acknowledged by all competitors to be the most active and successful operation in the market.

He has his architectural department, where all plans and details are made for houses of every description built to suit the purchaser and sold on easy payments, and comprising the choicest lines of work built and offered for sale. From the drawing-room his work goes to his mills and shops, where every detail of the house is constructed excepting only the plumbing and furnace work. All the different details of the work are completed in his own shops, where the different departments are found under the charge of the most skilful mechanics, including decorators of every kind in wall papers, fresco and water-color effects, etc., electrical work, mantel work, etc.

Mr. Van Tine employs the year round about 100 mechanics in all branches, and completes ready for occupancy on an average of fifty houses per year. His work is purchased most of the time ahead of the completion of the houses and during the dull times has evidently made no difference in his push and energy in building where others have dared not attempt the venture. Every detail of the work from the start to completion is under his personal supervision, and his abilities for fine work and effective interiors, as well as architectural designing has deservingly given him the title of "Designer and Builder of Modern Homes."

He is also at the head of one of the most active brokerage offices in the city as well as one of the executive committee of the Cleveland Real Estate Board.

He is the acknowledged hustler in his line of work in Cleveland and is found at his work from early morn until late at night. His business abilities and operations have led him into the confidence of all who know him.

Mr. Van Tine was married in 1878, to Katie Strong, and they have three daughters: Ray, Katie and Nellie. The family residence is at 1549 Euclid avenue.

ALFRED SMITH, general foreman of the Globe Iron Works ship yard, was born at Pembroke Dock, Pembrokeshire, Wales, April 15, 1853. He is a son of Thomas and Mary Ann (Williams) Smith, who were the parents of ten children, Alfred being the seventh son. Thomas Smith was a ship carpenter and died in Wales.

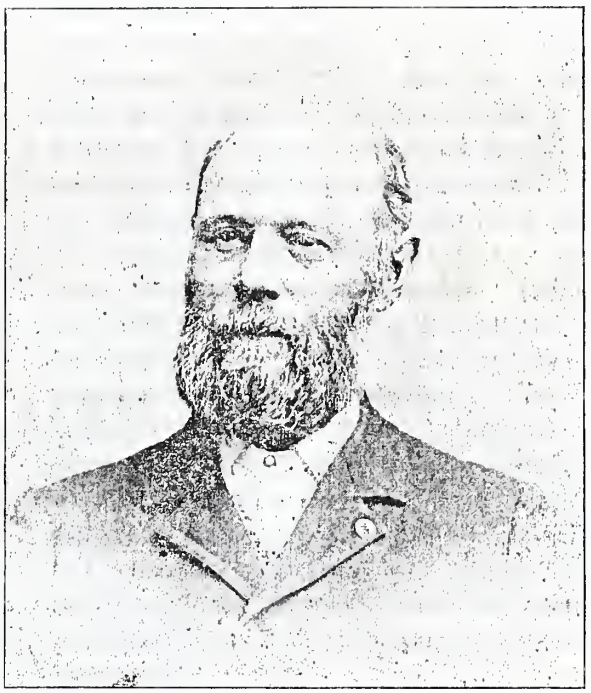
At sixteen years of ago Alfred Smith, accompanied by his brother, John H., now super-

intendent for the Globe Company, came to the United States and stopped first at Buffalo, where he learned his trade of fine shipbuilding, with the Anchor Line people. On leaving Buffalo Mr. Smith went to Pittsburg, and a few months later on to Crown Point, New York, and was there employed in a blast furnace two years. He then returned to Buffalo, and after a stay of about a year went to Point Edward, Canada, where he was engaged in the building of the steamer Huron for the Grand Trunk Railroad Company. His next employment with this company was in the building and repairing of iron bridges, and he covered in his travels most of the territory of western Canada. In 1880 Mr. Smith came to Cleveland and secured employment with the Globe Iron Works as foreman and filled that position till he was promoted as general foreman.

Mr. Smith married, April 17, 1875, at Sarnia, Canada, Ester, a daughter of Henry Nash, a ship carpenter. Of this union have been born, Henry (deceased), Charles G., William, Albert, and Irene, besides one other deceased.

C. A. ENNIS, Mayor of Bedford, Ohio, was born on the site where he now lives, December 13, 1840. His father, Solomon Ennis, was left an orphan at a very early age, married Miss Jemima Turner, had but one child, and died in 1846. Mrs. Jemima Ennis was born at Newburg, Ohio, in 1818, and died in 1878. Her father, Abraham Turner, was born in Hebron, New York, in 1783, was one of the first settlers of Newburg and a Sergeant in one of the early Indian wars. He married Susanna Gibbs, December 29, 1808, a daughter of Hiram Gibbs, who was one of six brothers that emigrated from England to America in 1760. The Gibbs family are known to be the legatees of a very large estate held in trust by the Bank of England; and but for the absence of a link or two in the genealogical chain it could undoubtedly be recovered. Hiram and all of his brothers enlisted in the Continental army, and were engaged in many of the principal battles of the war of the Revolution, and were present at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown.

C. A. Ennis was reared and educated in his native town, engaged in teaching for a time, and married, December 7, 1865, at Solon, Ohio, Miss Isabella Cuthberson, a lady of education and previously a successful and popular teacher. She was born October 29, 1839, in Auburn, New York, a daughter of James and Margaret



(Billsland) Cuthberson, natives of Scotland, who came to New York in 1838 and to Cuyahoga county in 1848; the father now lives in Kansas, and the mother is deceased. Mr. and Mrs. Ennis have one daughter, Margaret, a successful and popular teacher, who graduated at the Bedford high school in 1886, and has been teaching in the grammar school of the town for some time.

Mr. Ennis is a strong and radical Republican. Has been Justice of the Peace for twenty-four years, and Mayor of Bedford for fourteen years. Is a member of the Masonic order, Bedford

Lodge, No. 375, and of Summit Chapter, No. 74, and he is a member of the Disciple Church, in which he serves as Trustee, and has been an Elder, and is an active worker in the Sunday-school.

Mr. Ennis is frank and cordial in his manner and address, and firm in his convictions of right and wrong.

JOHN E. DARBY, a physician and surgeon of Cleveland, was born in Berkshire county, Massachusetts, August 20, 1835, a son of William and Electa (Edwards) Darby, both of English descent, and the latter a native of Rhode Island. The father was a blacksmith and farmer by occupation. Both he and his wife were regular attendants of the Baptist Church. They were the parents of seven children, three now living: Alma, wife of E. Blakeslee, of Cleveland; W. Frank, who was an officer in the late war, is now Postmaster at North Adams; and John E., our subject.

The latter, after graduating at the Williams College, in the class of 1858, came to Cleveland, Ohio, where he read medicine with Dr. Procter Thayer. He also attended the old Cleveland Medical College, now the Medical Department of the Western Reserve University, graduating at that institution in February, 1861, and immediately beginning the practice of his profession in this city. During the late war Dr. Darby served as Assistant Surgeon of the Eighty-fifth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, afterward of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry; in 1864 was promoted to the position of Surgeon, and served in that capacity in the Army of the Cumberland until the close of the struggle. He then returned to this city and resumed the practice of medicine. Before going to the war, the Doctor had served as demonstrator of anatomy in the university two years, and after his return was elected to the chair of materia medica and therapeutics, which position he still holds. Dr. Darby has written for medical journals; has been connected with the Lakeside Hospital for many years, and for the past five years has been a member of its consulting board, and has served as railroad surgeon for the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad for over twenty years. That long-continued service speaks well for the high esteem in which he is held by those who know the value of efficient service. He is fond of the study of natural history, to which he has devoted much study, and makes it a recreation from professional toil.

Dr. Darby was married in April, 1862, to Miss Frances, a daughter of Thomas Wright, of Summit county, Ohio. The wife died in 1867, having been a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. She was a graduate of the Cleveland Institute, and was a teacher before her marriage. In 1872 the Doctor was united in marriage with Miss Emma M. Cox, a daughter of Charles L. Cox, of this city. They had two children,—John Charles, a student in Adelbert College; and Maybell Claire, attending the city schools. Mrs. Darby departed this life June 2, 1888. Dr. Darby votes with the Republican party, and in professional relations is a member of the State and County Medical Societies. He carries the respect and confidence of the profession, has led a busy and useful life, and his extensive knowledge in all the affairs of life makes his friends as numerous as his acquaintances.

A. D. WALWORTH, vineyardist at Nottingham, Cuyahoga county, was born in Jefferson county, New York. His father, a farmer, during the last war with Great Britain, literally left his plow in the furrow and hastened to Sackett's Harbor, then besieged by the British, and manfully defended the place for two weeks, when the conflict there was over and he returned to his plow.

Mr. A. D. Walworth, whose name introduces this sketch, moved from New York to Ohio,

settling in Euclid township, this county, where he now owns a flourishing vineyard. In his political views he is a Jacksonian Democrat. He has been Justice of the Peace for nearly twenty years, and, though in advanced life, he is hale and hearty. By his temperate habits he has well preserved his inherited constitutional vigor.

TRUMAN P. HANDY was born in Paris, Oneida county, New York, January 17, 1807. After gaining a liberal English education he accepted a clerkship in the Bank of Geneva, at Geneva, New York. Subsequently he removed to Buffalo, where he assisted in organizing the Bank of Buffalo, in which he held the position of teller for one year. In 1832 he came to Cleveland, Ohio, to accept the position of cashier in the re-organized Commercial Bank of Lake Erie, which had lately been purchased by George Bancroft, the eminent historian. The bank was prosperous under the excellent management of young Handy until 1842, when the State Legislature refused to renew the expired charter.

In 1843, Mr. Handy organized a private banking house under the firm name of T. P. Handy & Company, whose business was a prudent and successful one. In 1845 the State Bank of Ohio was established and thereupon Mr. Handy organized the Commercial Branch Bank. He was greatly the largest stockholder, and was its chief executive during the entire period of his connection with it. Its charter extended through a period of twenty years, during which it prospered, paying on an average more than twenty per cent. upon the capital stock. The Commercial National Bank succeeded to its business in 1865.

In January, 1862, Mr. Handy accepted the presidency of the hitherto unprosperous Merchants' Branch Bank. Soon after he assumed control of the bank it began to gain a new and better business, and old losses were soon made good; and in a little more than one year it was upon a solid, dividend-paying basis, and in 1865, at the expiration of its charter, it was one of the most prosperous banks in the State. From the organization of the Merchants' National Bank, in February, 1865, to this date, Mr. Handy has been its president. Its management has been characterized by the exercise of prudence and wisdom, and it has from the first continued one of the foremost national banks of the country. It has been a United States depository from its organization, and to the government it has rendered much aid in negotiating all its loans. This bank has paid regular dividends, averaging nearly ten per cent. per annum, and at the same time it has accumulated a surplus of more than thirty per cent. of its capital. His careful management, his sapient business qualities, his success as a banker, have placed him among the most eminent of bankers and financiers. He will always be best known as a banker, but he has also been largely identified with railroads, mining, and manufacturing enterprises. He was an influential friend of the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad. He was its treasurer from its organization till 1860, when he resigned, and since that time he has been a director and member of its executive committee. For many years he has been a stockholder and director in the Cleveland Iron Mining Company, also a large stockholder in the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company, and other industrial concerns.

Mr. Handy has always been a Republican in politics, but has uniformly declined to accept any political preferment. He has always advocated the system of protecting our domestic industries against foreign competition, and of establishing just relations between labor and capital. During the progress of the Civil war he was a steadfast supporter of the policy of President Lincoln, and rendered much aid to the sick and disabled soldiers then and since. From the organization of the Cleveland branch of the Sanitary Commission he served as treasurer.

He has always been a warm friend of the church, education and charity. For ten or more years he was a member of the Board of Education, and with others rendered much aid in organizing the present system of graded schools in Cleveland, and establishing the Central High School. He has been for many years a trustee of the Western Reserve College. He is also a trustee and liberal benefactor of Lane Theological Seminary. Very largely through his efforts was built the present elegant and commodious building of the Homeopathic Hospital, of which he is president.

Since boyhood he has been a devoted member of the Presbyterian Church, of which he has been an Elder for nearly fifty years. For many years he was a corporate member of the American Board, which position he resigned at the reunion of the old and new branches of the Presbyterian Church. He was a very earnest advocate of that re-union, and was a member of the joint committee which framed the articles of union.

Mr. Handy married, in March, 1832, Miss Harriet N. Hall, of Geneva, New York. There were born to them two children: a son who died in infancy, and a daughter, who married Hon. John S. Newberry, of Detroit, Michigan. Mrs. Handy died July 5, 1880.

JAMES HOSSACK, Secretary of the Board of Control and Mayor's Secretary, was born in Cobourg, Canada, March 5, 1841. He secured a collegiate education, graduating from Victoria University in 1860. Upon leaving college Mr. Hossack set about preparing himself for the law, and in November, 1864, was called to the bar, and engaged actively in practice there until his removing to Cleveland, when he opened an office here. Mr. Hossack identified himself at once with the Democratic party and became a strong advocate of Democratic principles and a leader and moulder of public sentiment. Upon the accession of Democracy to power in Cleveland in 1883, Mayor Farley appointed Mr. Hossack his private secretary, and on the expiration of his term of office was appointed private secretary to Senator H. B. Payne, serving till 1891, when he again entered law practice. In 1893 Mayor Blee invited Mr. Hossack to become his private secretary, and he accepted, assuming his duties in April. In 1879 Mr. Hossack was a candidate for City Attorney, but the Republican strength was too invincible and he met defeat.

Mr. Hossack is a son of James Hossack, born in Scotland. He came to Canada when a young man and engaged in farming. He married Miss Bethune, born in Edinburg, and became the father of eleven children, five of whom are now living.

Our subject became attorney for the Cleveland Mutual Investment Company, in February, 1893. He is a Knight Templar.

FRANK HESOUN, Jr., city salesman for A. J. Wenham & Sons and a member of the City Council, was born in Bohemia, June 29, 1862. His father was a baker in the old country. He came to the United States in 1865, making Milwaukee his home till 1869, when he brought his family to Cleveland. He married Rosa Schacha, who bore him four children, Frank, Jr., being the oldest.

Frank Hesoun, Jr., attended the city schools of Cleveland till thirteen years of age, when it became necessary for him to lend a helping hand in the maintenance of the family. He secured employment in the cooper shops of the Standard Oil Company and remained there for four years. At this time he entered the employ of A. J. Wenham & Sons as packing clerk, and later on as city salesman, which position he has now filled most acceptably thirteen years. Mr. Hesoun has had a fancy for politics since his youth, and on becoming of age cast his fortunes and his first ballot for Democracy. He was elected to the Council in 1888, served

through that year, 1889–'90 and a part of '91, when a change to the Federal plan created a vacancy in all the offices. April 4, 1893, he was again elected to represent the district, receiving a majority of 850 votes and succeeding a Republican in office. Mr. Hesoun is chairman of the committee on lighting, and is serving on the committee on public works.

Mr. Hesoun married, in 1885, Elizabeth, a daughter of Peter Malley. Their children are: Frank, Jr., Gracie and Lilly.

Mr. Hesoun is P. C. of K of P., is a member of the Bohemian Turning Society and of the Drummers' Association.

W. H. WEBBER, superintendent and treasurer of the Huron Street Hospital, 66 Huron street, Cleveland, Ohio, was born on the island of Malta, October 7, 1866, a son of John H. and Ann (Lecudi) Webber; his mother was the daughter of a Greek sea captain. His father was a pay-sergeant in the English army. There are four children living: W. H.; Joseph W., an actor; Susanah, wife of F. Lopez; and James.

Mr. Webber came to Cleveland in 1880 and entered the Rockwell school, where he was a pupil until twelve years of age. He then began to take care of himself, and for some years worked for $3.50 a week, attending sessions of the night schools whenever practicable. He was employed as clerk for R. Arnold five years, and filled the same position with P. O'Brien during a like period. In 1891 he assumed the duties of the position he has since so ably filled. The Huron Street Hospital was founded in 1867, and was supported mainly by subscription for many years. A vast amount of charity work is done, almost one-half the accommodations being devoted to the poor. Since the office of superintendent has been created the usefulness of the hospital has been widely extended, and the services of Mr. Webber are highly appreciated by the Board of Managers. He is a man of excellent judgment and generous impulses, is a careful financier, and under his management the establishment has been placed upon a most satisfactory basis.

The staff of physicians and surgeons is without a superior in the State, and patients are treated according to any desired school of medicine. The training-school for nurses is recognized as one of the most thorough, the attendance at present numbering twenty-five.

Mr. Webber was married in 1889 to Miss Ida E. Hutchins, and of this union three children have been born: Philip H., who died at the age of three and one-half years; the second child, Edna G., lived only one year; Dorothea M. is the youngest. Mr. and Mrs. Webber are members of the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church. Mr. Webber is active in the work of the Y. M. C. A., to which he has belonged since he was a lad of twelve years. He is a Mason, being now Junior Deacon of Cleveland City Lodge; belongs to Cleveland Council, No. 36, R. & S. M., and to the commandry; he also belongs to the Independent Order of Foresters.

JOHN MURPHY, Lake Shore & Michigan Southern yard-master at the Union Depot, has given twenty-one years of continuous service in the yards of this company. He entered the service as yard brakeman in 1872, and was promoted to conductor three years later, serving until his elevation to yard-master in 1880. His faithfulness and devotedness to duty is testified to by the fact of his having been absent from his post only five weeks during that long period, and that, to take much needed and deserved vacations. Mr. Murphy was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, March 31, 1853. His father was a lake captain, who was lost in 1860 by the boiler explosion on The Lady of the Lake. He was of Canadian birth and of Irish parentage, his father locating in Toronto, on leaving the Emerald Isle.

In 1840 his father came to the United States —then sixteen years of age—and located in Cincinnati, becoming a steamboat captain on the Ohio river. In 1857 he removed his family to Buffalo, New York, where they remained till 1859. He married Miss Gleason, a daughter of Thomas Gleason, of Cincinnati, Ohio, and of the children born to them, John, our subject, is the only one living.

John Murphy left the graded schools at the age of fifteen and became an employee of Taft's shingle mill on Center street; leaving this service he entered the Novelty Iron Works, where he commenced his trade. He joined McNarry & Clafflin's Works; eighteen months later completed his trade and then came to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company.

Mr. Murphy married in 1881, in Cleveland, Miss A. O'Connor, a daughter of James O'Connor, a mechanic, an old resident of Irish birth. Four children resulted from this union: Charles, Raymond, Richard and Sarah.

Mr. Murphy is a careful, industrious and ambitious man, popular with his men and favored by his company, and will receive his share of the good things as they are passed around.

THEODORE A. CLOSSE, an importing merchant tailor, with his business place at 138 the Arcade Building, Cleveland, Ohio, has been engaged actively in this business since 1868, becoming successor to his father's business in the year 1883. Before passing to a review of his career it will be appropriate to make mention of his father, Andrew Closse, who was born in Lothringen, Germany, July 26, 1822, a son of P. and Elizabeth (Reiñ) Closse. He was sent to school until he was fourteen years of age and at this age he began his career at the tailor's trade. He worked three years in his native town and then went to Mitz, Nasse and Paris. In the city of Paris he spent four years. He was then called to the German army, in which he served three years, in the Ninth Hussars regiment, known as the Light Cavalry. Upon the close of his army service he came to America, landing in New York city, where he spent a few days, and then visited several of the principal cities of the East, finally deciding to come westward. He landed in Cleveland in the winter of 1845 and since that date has been a resident of the city. For the first twenty-two years of his life here he was engaged as a cutter for various tailoring establishments in the place, but in 1867 he opened up a business of his own, at the corner of Superior and Union streets. Later he opened an establishment just opposite the Weddell Hotel; there he was burned out in 1886 and since that time he has assisted his son as a cutter. He has been an active business man of the city of Cleveland for forty-eight years. He married in this city in 1850, wedding Miss Hannah Eckerman, who is still living. Unto this marriage eleven children have been born, of whom six survive, and the following are their names: Eugene, Theodore A., Lydia E., Emma, Willie F. and Hannah G. At first Mr. Closse affiliated with the Democratic party, but later became convinced that the principles of the Republican party were safer and went over to it. He and his good wife are consistent members of the German Reformed Church.

Theodore A. Closse, the immediate subject of this personal sketch, was born in Cleveland, March 20, 1855, and in this city and in its schools he was brought up and educated. Early in life he learned the business of his father, that of a merchant tailor, and while rather young became associated with him in the same business, in which he has been engaged ever since. For a number of years he and his father were located opposite the Weddell House, where they operated a large tailoring and clothing establishment, their business taking rank as one of the leading concerns in the city. In 1886 the same was destroyed by fire, and thereafter the father decided not to resume business again. However, in 1886 the son

opened up a merchant-tailoring establishment on the Public Square and in 1890 located in the Arcade, in room 138, and here he conducts and enjoys a large remmnerative business. He employs a very great deal of help in the prosecution of his work.

Mr. Closse is one of the progressive and active workers in the ranks of the Republican party, and at the recent writing he is a popular candidate for the nomination of his party for the office of County Clerk.

Fraternally he is a member of the A. F. & A. M., belonging also to the Cleveland Chapter, No. 148; Holy Rood Commandery, No. 32. He is also a member of the Knights of Pythias, Lake Shore Lodge, No. 10; also of the Cleveland Athletic Club, of the Cleveland Wheel Club, and many other social clubs in the city.

He was married in 1876 to Miss Nellie Sterling, a native of Troy, New York, and a daughter of George Sterling. Mr. and Mrs. Closse have one daughter, Gertrude by name. They are members of the Disciple Church.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.—The life of the late William Williams, of Cleveland, Ohio, was filled with many incidents that illustrate life in the wilderness at an early day in western New York. He was born on June 2, 1803, in East Windsor, Connecticut, the son of Ebenezer Williams, of a family long and well known in New England. His early days were passed in the sheltering care of a comfortable home until he was eight years of age, when his father decided upon a change of location that had an effect of some consequence upon all the after life of his son. That step and the reasons leading to it are referred to in the following language of Mr. Williams, in a note prepared a few years previous to his death, in obedience to the request of his children: "It was in the fall of the year after my eighth birthday, that my father determined to remove with his numerous and growing family of children to New Connecticut, as it was then called in contradistinction to the term Old Connecticut. That he had in view, mainly, the well-being of his family, in a venture so serious at that time, cannot be questioned. The subject of removal must have been pondered by him for some time previous, and all its serious duties well weighed. The well-being and prosperity of his family was doubtless the mainspring of action. His character was such as to insure his fidelity to his trust, and nothing, I am sure, could induce him to put it in jeopardy for a moment."

In accordance with this decision, all his arrangements were made for departure, and with his family and household goods in two large double wagons, he turned his face toward the unknown and trackless west. Albany and intermediate places were at last left behind on the slow and heavy march, and Buffalo, then on the outer limit of civilization, was safely reached. "It was not far from the first of December of the year 1811," Mr. Williams writes, "and such were the representations made to my father of the utter hopelessness of working an ox or a horse team and wagon successfully through the Cattaraugus woods at that season of the year, that he decided to sell his oxen, horses and wagons, and to ship himself, family and goods aboard the new and staunch schooner Little Belt, then lying at anchor in the Niagara river, waiting a favorable wind to move it up the rapids into the lake for a voyage. After embarking it was nearly three weeks before a favorable wind was secured to move the vessel from its moorings. I remember while lying wind-bound in the Niagara river and near the Canadian shore the long walks taken by my father up and down said river, and at one time in particular of visiting Fort Erie, which was then fully garrisoned and quite in readiness for action in anticipation of a rupture of the peace at that time prevailing, and was expected at any moment to be succeeded by active war."

The long wait at last came to an end, but when finally out on the waters of Erie a season

of stormy and boisterous weather was encountered. The ship finally came in sight of the shores of their destination, but was unable to land its passengers because of the roughness of the sea. The storm finally drove them back to Port Presque Isle (Erie), where Mr. Williams and his family disembarked. Means of conveyance were found, and the long journey finally came to an end by their arrival at Painesville, Ohio, where they were most hospitably received by a few people there located. Shelter was found for the winter in a comfortable log dwelling owned by General Paine, where they remained until the following spring, making pleasant acquaintances among the settlers in the regions about them, and arranging plans for the future. Early in the year following, 1812, the elder Williams purchasing the old courthouse in the village of Painesville, with some twenty or thirty acres surrounding it—the county seat having been removed to Chardon—and moved his family into it; and in that building, remodeled for family use, the father lived for the remainder of his life.

The son attended school during this winter in a primitive structure near by; and after a time, when a school was regularly opened in a building erected for that purpose, he was one of the most eager recipients of its benefits whenever he could be spared from labor at home. A natural desire for knowledge, quickened by an industry that was one of the gifts from his New England ancestry, led him to make the best use of these opportunities. "I was often to be found," he says, "engaged in drawing maps of different countries, or on winter evenings, by the light of the tallow wick, poring over some knotty problem in Pike's or Adams' arithmetics, and thus trying to store up knowledge which might serve me in the near future. Neither cold nor heat seemed to abate or diminish my ardor in this pursuit, as I well remember giving whole evenings to study in some dark corner, with very little light and under great disadvantages; and thus passed away, without much change, a large portion of my early boyhood." One recollection of those early days cannot be passed by because of the historic value that attaches thereto. When Hull surrendered Detroit to the British, it will be remembered, word went all through northern Ohio that the British and Indians were making a descent upon the important frontier to the south of Lake Erie, and that boat-loads of them had been already seen on their way down the lake. When the news reached Painesville, there was a quick gathering of the people to discuss the best course to pursue, which he, boy-like, of course attended. "Although not all agreed as to the best measures to take for the general safety, they all seemed ready to prepare in some way for resisting the foe; and so all, without exception, were busy, some running bullets, some looking up and burnishing every musket and rifle to be found among the villagers, and repairing every old and unused weapon of assault or defense which was known or could be heard of among the inhabitants of the village; while some, moved with fear, were conversing how best they could escape collision with the foe by conveying themselves and families into the interior until the danger had passed. It was confidently expected by all that it could not be more than a day or so before the hooting Indians and British would be upon us, for it was reported as a fact that immediately after the surrender of Hull they were seen to embark on this adventure in large numbers and in open boats. After a day or so news was sent that what was first supposed to be the embarkment of the enemy, with designs of plunder and murder, those open boats, which were making their way as best they could along its shore were loaded with the paroled prisoners of war who had surrendered on the capitulation of Hull."

The youth made such progress in his studies and especially with the pen, that an unexpected opening for advancement in life soon presented itself as an outcome of his labors. Elihu Spencer had been sent from Connecticut to Warren, Ohio, where he settled, as an agent for the sale of lands belonging to Eastern parties, the

payment of these taxes, and a general care and oversight of their interests. He had been for some time looking for a suitable person whom he could safely introduce into his business, and who could, after a time, relieve him of a part of his many labors. On one occasion when Mr. Spencer was stopping at the tavern then kept in Painesville by the elder Williams, he saw some of the school work prepared by the boy, and was greatly impressed by the quality it possessed and the promise it gave of better work in the future. He finally proposed to take the boy, to fit him for the work required, and in fact to adopt him for his own child, and to leave him such inheritance as a son might justly claim. Mr. Spencer was a member of one of the best families of Connecticut, well educated, a graduate of Yale, whose character was above reproach, and after careful consideration the father consented, led thereto only by his desire for the good of the boy. Accordingly, in June, 1818, a few days after his fifteenth birth day, he was taken to his new home in Warren, then, as now, the seat of Trumbull county, and made a member of Mr. Spencer's family, which consisted only of his wife and himself. His residence there was a pleasant and happy one, his work in the office being excellently and industriously performed. He was often sent long distances on business suited to his age and abilities, and always with apparent satisfaction to his employer. He also accompanied the surveyors sent to lay off some piece of land which Mr. Spencer had sold, which furnished him many interesting studies in that line. By direction of Mr. Spencer he commenced his studies once more, under competent instructors, and was on the sure road to an exceptional education for those days, when an event occurred that made a sudden change for the present, and had its effect in the future. On July 20, 1819, Mr. Spencer, who was consumptive, was taken with severe hemorrhage of the lungs, and although help was speedily summoned, it was of no avail, and death came almost immediately to his relief. This event so sudden and so sad, changed all of the youth's expectations, and no doubt materially altered the whole tenor of his life. "It so happened," said Mr. Williams, "that Zalmon Fitch, the then cashier of the Western Reserve Bank, was at the suggestion of Mrs. Spencer appointed administrator of Mr. Spencer's estate, and hence into his possession passed all the valuable documents and papers of the deceased. It was not, however, possible by any order or decree of the court, in the matter of administration, to affect my condition for better or for worse. It left me, in fact, quite helpless, exposed to be driven hither and thither by the rough storms of life which blasted my prospects and removed by sudden death my best and only support and helper." But it so happened that Mr. Fitch needed an assistant in the bank and the position was offered the young man and accepted. The chief blessing that came from the change, however, was the fact that he became a member of Mr. Fitch's family, and there found a home and shelter of a kind not often given to a young man after his departure from beneath the parental roof. Here he remained until January, 1825, when he removed to Buffalo, New York, under an expectation of bettering his financial condition, and there took a position in the revived Niagara Bank, an institution that had seen a season of prosperity followed by one of reverses, to be again set going under new auspices. This bank underwent a second collapse during Mr. Williams' connection with it, and its doors were again closed, and following this he and another gentleman were appointed receivers of the same during the winter of 1826–'27, and during his administration as such the bank's business was wound up in a most satisfactory manner. In 1825, during Mr. Williams' early residence in Buffalo, the opening of the Erie canal occurred. During the same year he attended the reception tendered to LaFayette upon the occasion of that great man's visit to Buffalo. While in Buffalo and busily employed in the affairs of the bank, Mr. Williams' shrewd foresight led him to make certain investments in land, the increased value of which laid securely the foundation of what-

ever competency he was afterward to accumulate. He became a member of the firm of Bennett & Williams, and for some time devoted himself with great success to the handling of real estate, a business for which the partnership was formed. In May, 1827, Mr. Williams returned to Warren, Ohio, where on the 23d he was joined in marriage to Miss Lucy Fitch, the daughter of his former chief in the Western Reserve Bank, a pleasant home was soon made in Buffalo, and the dream of a long life of happiness with his first love was only entered upon when it was shattered by a sudden blow—death claiming the young wife on August 30, 1829. On May 30, 1832, he was again married, to Miss Laura Fitch, a sister of his first wife whose life ended on September 30, 1852. Mr. Williams remained in Buffalo until reverses, caused by the panic of 1837, led him to remove with his family to Cleveland, where he afterward continuously resided. He made his home in the comfortable frame dwelling that stood on Euclid avenue, where Bond street is now located, and remained there until the street improvement caused the old structure to be torn down some twenty-two or -three years ago, when he removed to his late home on Euclid, between Perry street and Sterling avenue.

After coming to Cleveland, Mr. Williams devoted himself to various interests of a mercantile and manufacturing character, and was a useful and busy member of the community in many ways. He also brought into market a large tract of land on Garden street, and Case and Euclid avenues, opening and naming Grant and Williams streets, and doing much to improve that section of the city. During the latter years of his life he lived in quiet ease, giving his mind to occupations and pastimes for which he had little leisure in the early days. He read and studied much, and as a writer showed a vein of philosophy and a power of observation and description that would have made him successful had he chosen the profession of letters as his life work.

In politics Mr. Williams was a Democrat of the Jackson school until the aggression of slavery led him to join the Free Soil party upon its creation; and when that party was merged into the Republican party he became and afterward remained an earnest supporter of the principles advocated by the latter organization. He became a member of the Presbyterian Church during his residence in Warren, and was an upright and faithful member of that denomination all through life. Modest and retiring, he declined in both civil and church affairs to allow his name to be used in connection with any office whatever. The unflinching honesty, faithfulness to duty, and industry, that were the leading principles of his life, need no extended discussion, and it may only be said that he was a true and faithful worker all through a long life, and that in the feebleness of poor health and old age he awaited the summons into that higher life to which so many of his beloved friends had been already called. He died on December 14, 1888.

DR. H. K. STONER, a physician and surgeon of Cleveland, was born at Berlin, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, a son of John O. and Lizzie W. (Kimmell) Stoner, natives also of that State. The father owns valuable coal lands, and is engaged in mining and shipping. In political matters, he is an active worker in the Prohibition party, but would never accept public preferment. He has reached the age of fifty-four years, and his wife is one year younger. Both are devout and worthy members of the Methodist Church.

H. K. Stoner, their only child, received his education in the common schools, and in an academy at Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, under Dr. Shumaker, a noted educator and one of the best instructors of his day in the State. Mr. Stoner also graduated at the Allegheny College of Meadville, Pennsylvania, in 1882. After reading medicine for a time he took a course at

the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, graduating at that institution in 1885. Since that year Dr. Stoner has been engaged in the practice of medicine in Cleveland. He has had excellent hospital experience in the Jefferson Medical Hospital. Success has attended his efforts, and he stands well in the profession. In his social relations, Dr. Stoner is Examining Surgeon of the I. O. F.; politically, is an active worker in the Prohibition party; and religiously, is a member of the Epworth Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church of Cleveland. The Doctor is one of the promising young physicians of the county.

EDWARD M. ANTHONY, deceased, to whom this memoir is dedicated, was for many years one of the prominent and honored residents of Rocky River Hamlet. Being one of the old residents of the township and one who did much to advance its interests and further its development, it is eminently fitting that this tribute be accorded him,—the tribute of representation in a volume devoted to the leading citizens of Cuyahoga county.

Edward M. Anthony was born in Brookfield, Madison county, New York, January 18, 1826, passed his boyhood days in Rockport township and here increased in stature and knowledge, greeted the dawn of his young manhood, finally married and saw a family of children grow up about him, continued an active and ambitious worker in his chosen field, found his hair silvered by the flight of years, and then, full of honor and reverend in age, was gathered to his fathers, lamented by all who had known him and appreciated his sterling worth of character. December 13, 1857, in Amherst, Lorain county, Ohio, he was united in marriage to Miss Sophronia L. Tyler, a native of Ridgeville, that county, where she was born April 9, 1834. Her father, David Miles Tyler, familiarly known as Miles Tyler, was a well-known and prominent resident of Lorain county, where he died March 10, 1864. Her mother, whose maiden name was Polly Farrell, died March 10, 1878.

After his marriage Edward M. Anthony settled on the old parental homestead, where he continued to live until the hour of his death, which occurred September 12, 1891. Mr. and Mrs. Anthony were the parents of eight children, namely: Hubert M., who married Miss Ada M. Bradley; Estella M., who is the wife of Willard Jordan; Charles E.; Carrie A., wife of Ernest Brown; Alice A., Florence B., William G. and Harry M.

Mr. Anthony devoted his entire life to farming. He erected good buildings and made substantial improvements upon his place, which comprised at the time of his death eighty acres. He was a man of much intelligence and ability, was held in high esteem in the community and his memory will be retained in lasting honor. Mrs. Anthony still resides upon the old homestead, whose acres are hallowed by the associations of many years.

His father, John S. Anthony, emigrated from his Eastern home with his family when Edward M. was but six years of age, coming to Cleveland on the steamboat Daniel Webster and settling on forty acres of land in Rockport township, or at Rocky River Hamlet, as it is now known. He was a stanch close-communion Baptist and had much to do with establishing the Baptist Church in Rockport, remaining a Deacon of it until his death. He was a man well informed and a good writer, being often called upon to write wills and other documents. For his wife he married Miss Lydia Mason.

The following lines were written by himself with a request that they be preserved:

LAST LINES ON MYSELF.

Adieu, dear friends, my glass is run,
My work is, like a hireling, done;
My bounds were set; I could not pass
The last pulse beat; I fell like grass.
Death aimed his dart, the fatal deed was done,
And I lie sleeping in the silent tomb.
I leave a world of strife and sore disease
For a more friendly soil of health and peace.
Our days fly like the weaver's shuttle—fast;
We scarcely glimpse the present: all is past.

Such is poor mortal man in his best state,—
Nothing but vanity, and death his fate;
Thus our first parents well entailed to all
The sad effects experienced by their fall.
Reverse the scene, and prospects bright arise:
The second Adam points above the skies.
A substitute, he suffered in our stead,
Then conquered death in rising from the dead.
O Death, where is thy sting? Thy reign shall cease;
Thy grasp on captive millions quick release;
A general jail delivery will take place,
Comprising all of Adam's numerous race.
Last will and testament confirms each heir
By name and title to an ample share.

On J. S. Anthony (himself).

Christ is my only hope
To raise me from the tomb.
Anxious I wait and cry in death,
Lord Jesus, quickly come!

On A. M. Coe (a Universalist neighbor).

All men were born to die:
All men will rise again:
I died in faith that all mankind
Shall with my Savior reign.

Epitaph on R. Millard.

When that bright morn shall usher in
My sleeping dust shall rise
And with transporting joy embrace
My Savior in the skies.

Epitaph on B. Stedson.

This stone a monument shall stand
Informing where I lie.
Reader, reflect thy fate is sure:
All men were born to die!

PAUL SCHNEIDER.—One of the important and conspicuous manufacturing enterprises of Cleveland is that conducted by the Schneider & Trenkamp Company, manufacturers of gasoline and gas stoves, and at the head of this concern, which is one of the most extensive of the sort in the Union, stands the subject of this review. He was born at Frankfort-on-the-Oder, June 27, 1844, being the son of Henry and Wilhelmina Schneider, the former of whom was a lithographer by trade and occupation and a man of considerable note in his native land. He died in 1859, at the age of sixty-two years.

Paul Schneider acquired a good common-school education in Germany, and there learned the trade of machinist, becoming an expert and particularly intelligent workman. When the German government became involved in war with Austria and later with France (1866 and 1870 respectively) Mr. Schneider bore arms in his country's cause, serving faithfully and valiantly on the field of battle. In 1874 he came to the United States and at once located in Cleveland, which city has since continued to be his home and the scene of his successful business operations. After a few years passed in other lines of work, he engaged in the manufacture of stoves, and the enterprise, which was of very circumscribed order at the time of its inception, prospered to a wonderful degree, in fact being the nucleus of the magnificent industry of which he is the prime factor to-day. He brought to bear diligence, earnest application to work and marked business ability, all of which conspired to bring his ventures to a successful issue. A number of inventions, made after careful experiment, were eventually put into practical application and added greatly to the value and superiority of the stoves manufactured, and incidentally to the success of the undertaking.

To recapitulate, we may say that for the period of fifteen years Mr. Schneider devoted his attention to the manufacturing of optical and mathematical instruments, and that he then became concerned in practical electrical work with C. F. Brush, with whom he remained four years. It is a noteworthy fact that he personally made the first arc light turned out by the Brush Electric Company. Subsequently he left the employ of the Brush Company and entered into a partnership with Henry Trenkamp, for the purpose of manufacturing vapor stoves, of which products he may practically claim to have been the originator. His wonderful skill as a mechanic and his ready discernment in regard to points where improvements were demanded and could be

made, resulted in the placing on the market stoves that were far superior to anything ever before produced in the line, and eventually in developing a business of magnificent proportions. The business of the Schneider & Trenkamp Company has experienced an almost phenomenal growth, standing to-day as an enterprise of stupendous importance. The buildings of the plant cover nearly two acres of ground, and in the carrying forward of the work of the institution a corps of 400 workmen is employed. Mr. Schneider, who has been president of the company since the time of its organization, has secured a number of patents on original inventions applied to the vapor stoves; and largely to his skill and scientific mechanical knowledge do the products of the factory owe their marked precedence over all others of the sort.

Mr. Schneider is identified with several other important organizations and enterprises in Cleveland. He is a director of the Phœnix Paint Company, is president and director of the Germania Hall Company, of which he was one of the organizers, and was formerly president of the North American Sængerbund. He has been a member of the Cleveland Gesangverein since 1878; was elected president of the same in 1887, a position which he resigned after serving for three terms.

Starting out in life without any financial resources or support, Mr. Schneider stands as a true type of the self-made man, having attained to honor and success by virtue of his integrity, intelligence, industry and economy,—one whose life is worthy of emulation.

The marriage of our subject was solemnized in 1870, when he was united to Miss Anna Dohle. They have five children: Hans, Grethe, Anna, Freida and Freddie.

LON ZEAGER, of Rocky River hamlet, was born in Denmark, January 13, 1859, where he passed the early years of his life, coming to America about the year 1873. He made a short stay in Cleveland and then came into Rockport township, where he worked out by the month for several years, and then rented a farm for eight years, carrying on the business of gardening. He finally bought the farm of forty-four acres where he now lives. It is mostly improved. He was married in Rockport township, January 17, 1884, to Miss Mina Knudson, who was also a native of Denmark. They have five children, namely: Julius, Emma, Louis, Maria and Loura. Mr. Zeager was elected one of the Trustees of Rocky River hamlet in the spring of 1893, and was chosen President of the board, or Mayor.

MICHAEL HOUCK of Rocky River Hamlet was born in what was Ohio City, but is now known as the West Side of Cleveland, June 29, 1839. His father was the late Andrew Houck, who was born in Bavaria, Germany, and came to America when a young man of about twenty years. He lived in Buffalo, New York, for a few years and then removed to Ohio City, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where he resided till his death, which occurred March 1, 1875. He was a machinist by trade and in the employ of the Cuyahoga Steam Furnace Company for thirty-five years. The mother of our subject was Catherine Pfaltzgraff who was also a native of Bavaria, Germany. They were married in Cleveland by the Rev. Mr. Allard, who was one of the first German preachers of Cleveland. The mother still survives. They had a family of nine sons of whom Michael was the eldest. He was reared on the West Side in Cleveland. He enlisted in the summer of 1862 in the Nineteenth Ohio Light Artillery and served three years, till June, 1865. By being thrown from a horse in Covington, Kentucky, he was seriously injured, losing the sight of his left eye.

Mr. Houck was married in Cleveland, Ohio, May 9, 1870 to Miss Frederica Gehring, who was born on the East Side in Cleveland, December 14, 1849. Her parents were K. A. and

Wilhelmina (Fetter) Gehring, natives of Wurtemburg, Germany. Of a family of four children Mrs. Houck was the eldest. Mr. and Mrs. Houck are the parents of two children: Louisa, who married Major Patingale, and died in Rocky River Hamlet, May 3, 1889; and Minnie.

For many years Mr. Houck, in company with his brother John, operated a spoke and felloe factory on the West Side. The firm was known as Houck Bros. Michael afterward kept a meat-market for five years, until the spring of 1885, in December of which year he removed to the farm where he now makes his home. This comprises eighteen acres of well-cultivated land, with valuable improvements. Mr. Houck is a man who takes a good degree of interest in all local affairs. He is a Republican in politics.

MRS. JOHN MARSHALL.—The subject of this review, who is the widow of the late John Marshall, a well-known and prominent pioneer of the Forest City, resides in her spacious home at 1047 Detroit street, West Cleveland.

John Marshall gained pre-eminence and success in the business of gardening, being a most capable business man and acquiring a competency as the result of his well-directed efforts. Before the time of his death he had become quite an extensive property-owner. He was one of the pioneer settlers in Ohio and among these who first took up a residence in the now populous and powerful city of Cleveland. He located in Cleveland in 1840, having come to America from Cornwall, England, where he was born. His family was one of prominence, and of the sixteen children of his parents he was one of the nine who came to the United States, six boys and three girls having taken up their residence in this country.

Mr. Marshall was a Republican in politics, having taken a somewhat active interest in the work of his party. He held for some time the position as member of the City Council. He was a prominent member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and devoted in his allegiance to the Protestant Episcopal Church, of which he was a most liberal supporter. His death occurred on the 8th of February, 1890, at the old home where he and his wife had lived for nearly half a century. He was sixty-nine years of age at the time of his death, leaving a widow and one child, Eldrid M., who is the wife of A. Andrews, of Cleveland.

Mrs. Marshall was born in Lancashire, England, being the daughter of Henry and Eliza Crocker, and the fifth in order of the seven children born to them. Her parents were people of influence and prominence in their native land. Our subject came to America in 1830, and was united in marriage to Mr. Marshall in 1850. She has long been a devout and zealous adherent of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and she is well known and most highly esteemed in the city, of which she has been so long a resident.

GD. KLOST, superintendent of the parks of Cleveland, dates his service with Cleveland parks at 1883, when he was placed in charge of Wade Park. This beautiful spot is the result of ten and a half years of unremitting care and painstaking arrangement and landscape gardening of Mr. Klost, and his promotion to general superintendent is a merited recognition of his ability to fill a more responsible position.

Mr. Klost was born in Chemung county, New York, October 17, 1854. His father, Sanford Klost, a native of Herkimer county, York State, was born near Little Falls in 1809. He became a civil engineer and spent his life in land surveying and construction work, on the Erie Railroad. He died in 1891. His antecedents are believed to have been from Holland. Our subject's mother's maiden name was Millie Petrie. Seven children resulted from this marriage: George, deceased; Monroe, deceased; Peter, at Elmira, New York; Jarvis, at Antigo, Wisconsin; Ester, the wife of William Decker; Fan-

nie, who married Jacob Sheppie, and C. D. At sixteen Mr. Klost left the common schools and took up the burdens of life independently. He came west and made Cuyahoga county his stopping place, working on the farm of L. R. Streeter. From this place he came to Cleveland, as superintendent of Wade Park, as before stated.

Mr. Klost was married September 16, 1876, to Aggie Haycox, whose father, John Haycox, reared eight children. They came originally from Husk, England. Mr. Klost's children are: Ebba, sixteen years; Monroe, eleven; and Jarvis, seven.

Fraternally Mr. Klost is a member of Holy Rood Commandery, No. 32, Knights Templar. He is also a Knight of Pythias.

THEO. ENDEAN, one of the most talented photographers of the State, occupies a studio at 122 Euclid avenue, Cleveland, Ohio. He was born in Birmingham, England, a son of Theo. and Matilda (Duckett) Endean, natives of France and Scotland respectively. The father, an Episcopalian clergyman, was born in Paris and was the son of a leading journalist of that metropolis; the maternal grandfather was an attorney of Edinburgh, Scotland. The parents of our subject emigrated to the United States and located in Massachusetts: both are now deceased. Young Endean received his education in the East, and at an early age displayed an aptitude and taste for art that brought him an opportunity for cultivating the talent he possessed. He was sent to the Academy of Design in New York city, and also studied photography in that city. Having mastered this branch of art, he left New York and has operated in the principal cities in this country from Boston to Galveston, Texas. His efforts have won some of the highest honors that have been conferred upon the members of his profession, securing the first prize at Brunswick, Germany, where a convention of prize-winners in photography was held, and in St. Louis, Missouri, received a gold medal for superior excellence in photographic work.

In 1886 Mr. Endean came to Cleveland, and the following year designed and fitted up his studio, said to be the most complete in the United States, employing only the most skilled talent in all branches. He has under his supervision artists who work in pastelle, crayon and water-color. His inventive genius has also found play in his work, and a photographic chair has been the result, a chair which is the most perfect of its kind. An artist by nature, years of study and travel abroad have added culture and refinement and exalted all his conceptions. In Mr. Endean the profession has a most faithful and conscientious member whose efforts will ever be toward its advancement. Although he does not take an active interest in politics, he casts his suffrage with the Republican party.

SYLVESTER BRADLEY, for five years engine dispatcher and foreman of the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio roundhouse, was born in Blairsville, Pennsylvania, September 29, 1849. He was reared in Brady's Bend and Altoona, Pennsylvania, to which latter point his father, James Bradley, removed in 1861. He served a machinists' apprenticeship in the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's shops at Altoona, beginning in 1867. During the Centennial year he went into the shops at Oil City, remaining only a short time before going to Meadville, and entering the service of Dick & Church, proprietors of the Phenix Iron Works. Two years later he cast his lot with the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad Company, first as machinist, later as gang foreman and finally, in 1888, as engine dispatcher. James Bradley was a locomotive engineer, running between Altoona and Harrisburg for the Pennsylvania Company. He was born at Blairsville in 1819, and died in November, 1887. The family

name is of Irish origin, our subject's grandfather, Cornelius Bradley, emigrating from Erin's Isle to Pennsylvania. Sylvester Bradley's mother was Ann Harkins, a daughter of Hugh Harkins, a canal man. The children born to James and Ann Bradley were: John, in the tobacco business in Altoona, Pennsylvania; William, with the Baldwin Locomotive Works, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Sylvester; and Albert, a machinist of Altoona.

February, 1872, our subject married, in Altoona, Pennsylvania, Miss Mary, a daughter of John Haney, of Irish birth, and an old employee of the Pennsylvania Company. Mr. and Mrs. Bradley's children are: Stella, who died in 1879; Catherine, now aged sixteen years; James, aged thirteen; and Frank Sylvester, who died in 1891, aged four years.

COLONEL A. C. McILRATH was born at Morristown, New Jersey, September 19, 1811, a son of Alexander and Rhoda McIlrath. When he was a child of five years his parents emigrated to Ohio and settled on 600 acres of land, portion of the present site of the city of Cleveland. The log cabin which sheltered this sturdy family of pioneers was situated on the south side of Euclid avenue near the present entrance to Lake View cemetery. The only neighbors were the families of Benjamin Jones, Samuel Cozad and Mr. Doan. Mr. McIlrath became prominently identified with the growth and development of the frontier country, and when the town of Cleveland was founded, laid out Euclid avenue, one of the most famous thoroughfares in this country. He was a Deacon of the Presbyterian Church and established one of the earliest societies in northern Ohio. Politically he was an old-line Whig. He reared a family of five children: Fennetta, born August 24, 1802, became the wife of Damon O'Conner; she is now deceased; Sarah, born October 4, 1803, married Andrew Stewart, and now resides in Missouri; Michael, born September 20, 1805, died in 1893; Isabella, born January 27, 1808, married Benjamin Sawtelle; she is deceased; Colonel A. C. McIlrath, the youngest of the family. He grew to manhood amid the wild scenes of the frontier. He received his early instruction from his father, who was a well educated man, and mastered the profession of civil engineering. He was also a cooper by trade and in connection with this business gave some attention to agricultural pursuits. In 1832 he erected the hotel known in pioneer days as the McIlrath Tavern, and for forty-four years acted as host of this hostelry. For many years he was Justice of the Peace and was filling that position at the time of his death. He was a man of large stature, measuring six feet, seven inches; he bore a character for integrity and rectitude that was also the full measure of a man. He married Eliza Picor, a daughter of Dr. Picor, one of the pioneer physicians of this city. Colonel and Mrs. McIlrath had born to them a family of thirteen children: James, deceased, was a soldier in the late war and for twenty years was in the secret service of the United States; Wealthy is the wife of Judge Price, of Chicago; Fennetta is deceased; Philip resides in McMinnville, Tennessee; Josephine is deceased; Oliver is engaged in business in this city; Adelaide is the wife of Eli S. French, of East Cleveland; Condit is deceased: Ida married Abraham Bigelow of this city; Webster A. is a resident of Cleveland; Horace Ackley is deceased; William B. is a resident of Coitsville, Ohio; Sarah is the wife of William Robinson, of this city.

Webster A. McIlrath was born on the old homestead in 1852, and received his education in the Shaw Academy at Collamer. He continued a member of his father's household until he had passed his majority when he entered the employ of the Cleveland Clothing Company; for some time he was manager and later became partner in the business. At the end of nine years he severed his connection with this establishment and embarked in real-estate business, representing the Shaker Heights Land Com-

pany and the Continental Development Company. Under his direction and management the old Shaker society erected the Lake View flats, of which he is now in charge. He is one of the most active business men of the city and is held in the highest regard in commercial circles. Politically he adheres to the principles of the Republican party.

JAMES K. MEAHER is a son of Timothy and Mary Meaher, who went from Lincoln county, Maine, to the Southern States in the early '30s. The father had been a sailor, but on going to New Orleans he engaged in the business of rolling cotton. He was a poor

man, and in order to maintain and support his family he relied simply on his daily labor, but through pluck and energy he became so successful in life that on the breaking out of the Civil war in 1861 he was the owner of thirteen steamers on the Alabama river, of two large plantations in Alabama, and 127 negro slaves. He resided at Mobile, Alabama, where the subject of this personal sketch was born, July 15, 1859.

The gentleman whose name heads this sketch received an academical education in Mobile, and leaving school at the age of eighteen embarked in the timber business along the gulf of Mexico, being an agent for Epping, Barrs & Company, of London, England, in whose employ he remained for five and a half years. He then accepted a position with George McQuestion, an extensive lumber dealer of East Boston, Massachusetts. Subsequently he went to Portland, Maine, where he read law for three years in the office of Hon. John J. Perry. In 1884 he came to Cleveland. He had not been admitted to the bar in Maine, and according to the laws of Ohio he was compelled to read law two years longer, and for one and a half years, therefore, he read law under the instructions of W. W. Andrews, and for six months under Hon. Henry C. White; and while under the preceptorship of the latter he was admitted to the Ohio bar, in May, 1886, at which date he began his successful career as a lawyer. Since January, 1892, he and Joseph E. Farrell have practiced their profession in an association as partners.

July 15, 1891, Miss Emily L. Glidden, daughter of Francis H. Glidden, of Cleveland, became his wife.

CHARLES E. WARNER, one of the representative liverymen of the city of Cleveland, is the proprietor of the feed and sale stable at 120 Woodland avenue. He was born in Huron county, Ohio, in 1846, and is a son of Lorenzo and Serena (Daily) Warner, natives of the state of New York. They had one other child, a daughter. Charles E. was reared and educated in Lorain county. At the age of sixteen years he had the misfortune to lose his left leg; two years later he engaged in business for himself. He drifted into buying and selling

horses for the home market, making his home at Elyria until 1890, when he came to Cleveland. During the period from 1883 to 1886 he was interested in the grain business, operating in Indiana, Illinois and Michigan, but aside from this has given his entire attention to dealing in horse-flesh.

Mr. Warner was married in 1867 to Miss Jennie Koppelberger, who died leaving two children: Edward, bookkeeper in a savings bank in this city, was married December 12, 1889, to Miss Minnie Stansbury; Ella is the wife of Orin Cook, of Elyria, and is the mother of three children, two sons and a daughter. Mr. Warner was married again, the second union being with Della Gleason; they have one child. Our worthy subject is actively interested in the leading political events of the day and is thoroughly well posted upon current topics. He is a man of excellent business qualifications, employing only the most honorable methods, and commands the respect of all with whom he has dealings.

DANIEL DUTY, president of the Forest City Ice Company and a member of the firm of Duty & Company, brick manufacturers, is a brother of Edwin Duty, mentioned in this volume, and was born in Oneida county, New York, September 20, 1832. He was educated in this city at Shaw's Academy, and spent some time in Grand River Institute, at Austinburg, Ashtabula county, winding up his career as a student in Ohio University, an institution now defunct, founded by President Mahan, of Oberlin College.

Mr. Duty became a brick-maker under his father's tutorage and soon after embarking in business independently this became an important branch of it. In 1876 he became engaged in the ice business, becoming a partner in the Cleveland Ice Compay, which changed its name in 1881 to the Forest City Ice Company, and became a stock company with a capital of $150,000. This is one of the leading ice firms of the city, and was originally established in 1852. This product is procured from Put-in-Bay, Lakes Huron, Congress and Geauga. Its officers are: Daniel Duty, president; G. A. Weitz, manager; H. J. Weitz, treasurer; and A. L. Hyde, secretary.

During our Civil war Mr. Duty was a member of an independent company of "Squirrel Hunters," enlisting at Wooster, Ohio, for the purpose of defending Cincinnati against rebel attack.

May 12, 1875, Mr. Duty married, in Cleveland, Sarah L. Cozad, whose father, Andrew Cozad, became a resident of Cleveland as early as 1802, six years after its founding by General Cleaveland.

Andrew Cozad was born in New Jersey, March 7, 1801. During his active career he owned and operated a farm of 100 acres in East Cleveland, the whole of which farm is now in the corporate limits of the city. Mr. Cozad was most familiarly known as "Squire Cozad," from his long and efficient service as magistrate of his township. He married Sallie Simmons, May 12, 1825: her father, Justus Simmons, was likewise a pioneer, and came from New York State. Nine children were born of this union, only three of whom are now living: Justus L. and Marcus E, of this city, and Sarah L. Duty, the last named being born July 22, 1844.

Mr. and Mrs. Duty's children are: Horace A., Spencer M. and Alice. Edith, a six-months infant, died February 6, 1883.

The family are identified with the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church.

WA. MINER, Mayor of Collinwood, Ohio, was born at Portland, Connecticut, November 24, 1839, the son of Selden H. and Anna (Shepherd) Miner, also natives of Connecticut. The father was a farmer by occupation, and was widely and favorably known in Connecticut. Three of his brothers, Sidney, Culvert and Edward, emigra-

ted to Ohio, but Edward is the only one surviving; he is now a resident of Minnesota. Selden H. Miner died in September, 1883, at the age of sixty-seven years; his wife died in February, 1883, aged seventy-eight years; they had resided in Lake county, Ohio, ten years previous to their death, although they had first settled in Mayfield township, Cuyahoga county. Mrs. Miner made a visit to this State in 1826, returning in the autumn of that year, and it was not until 1840 that she and her husband came here to reside. They reared a family of four children: Belle, the wife of O. M. Gates, is the mother of two children, Walter and Anna; W. A., the subject of this notice; Maria, the wife of Lewis Ackley, died in 1893, the mother of one son, Martin; F. L. Miner, of Mayfield, is the father of three children: Sterling, Stanley and Halley.

W. A. Miner embarked in the lumber business at Mayfield, where he conducted a successful trade ten years; during his residence there he also served two years as Clerk of the township. In 1879 he removed to Collinwood, where he continued to handle lumber; he also has in operation a planing-mill, which turns out a large product each year. He was elected Trustee of Euclid township and held the office one year. In 1890 he was the choice of the people of Collinwood for Mayor, and was re-elected in 1892. He has discharged his duties with marked efficiency and ability, commending himself to the best classes of citizens.

In the spring of 1864, while a student at Oberlin College, Mr. Miner enlisted in the hundred-day service, Colonel Hayward's regiment. He participated in the three days' fight with the Confederate General Early, and at the expiration of his term of enlistment was honorably discharged. After his return from the war he resumed his studies at Oberlin, where he finished his three years' course. Since coming to this county he was engaged in teaching for one year.

He was united in marriage October 31, 1883, to Miss Libbie Ormsbey, a daughter of James and Elizabeth (Loomis) Ormsbey, natives of New York and Ohio respectively. Mr. Ormsbey died at the age of thirty years, but his widow survives him at the age of sixty-five years, an honored resident of Pike county. Mrs. Miner is the younger of two children; her brother David is a resident of Columbus, Ohio, and has a family of six children: Bertha, Sadie, James, Arthur, Myrna and Edith. Both Mr. Miner and wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He belongs to Brough Post, No. 359, G. A. R., Collinwood.

DR. A. FLETCHER, a veterinary surgeon, with an office at 118 Perry street, Cleveland, Ohio, has been located in this city since 1889. He is a native of Portage county, Ohio, having been born in the town of Ravenna on May 20, 1853. He is a son of John and Elizabeth (Lowrie) Fletcher, both of whom are descendants of Scotch ancestry. In Ravenna Dr. Fletcher was brought up and there he attended school. When a lad of only fifteen years he began life for himself in the railroad business, this being due probably to the fact that his father was a railroad man, having been such all of his life, and naturally the son had a desire to follow the pursuit of his father. He rose rapidly in railroad work, and soon became assistant road master, being assistant of his father, remaining such for twelve years, in the employ of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railroad, after which he commenced farming, upon one of his father's places, and for three years he was a farmer. He then decided to prepare himself for the profession of veterinary surgery, a profession to which he inclined from early childhood. He attended the American Veterinary College at New York city and graduated in the spring of 1888, and immediately thereafter he entered upon the practice of his profession at his old home at Ravenna, where he remained one year. In the spring of 1889 he came to Cleveland, and formed a partner-

ship with Dr. Yonkerman. In October of 1890 he bought out the interest of his partner and since that date has practiced alone. In October of the same year he became interested in stock inspection for the State Board, in the northern portion of Ohio, and in June of 1891 he was appointed State Inspector of Live Stock, which position he still holds. He is thorough and proficient in his profession and has already achieved wonderful success in its practice.

He was married at Alliance, Ohio, July 10, 1872, to Miss Lessetta L. Lamborn, daughter of Dr. L. Lamborn. They have one child, Jennie L. Dr. Fletcher and wife are members of the Presbyterian Church and are among the respected families of the city.

F. W. LANDFEAR, one of the prominent and successful business men of Bedford, is justly entitled to the space that has been accorded him in this history. He is a native of Ohio, born at Freedom in 1852, a son of Charles and Emily (White) Landfear; they reared a family of four children: F. W., Mary E., wife of J. E. Murray, of New London, Wisconsin; Milton E., a citizen of Cleveland, Ohio; and Lizzie L., wife of E. L. Sanderson of Cleveland, Ohio. The maternal grandfather, Willard White, was a native of New England, born in the State of Vermont. Charles Landfear is now deceased. He was a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and in politics gave his allegiance to the Republican party. The boyhood of F. W. Landfear was passed in his native town. His first experience in the business world was in the employ of J. B. Harris, who was the proprietor of a hardware store and tinshop at Bedford; there he remained three years, and during this time gained a valuable knowledge on this particular phase of commerce. He returned to Summit county in 1875, and three years later went to Canal Fulton, Stark county, where he embarked in the hardware business, which he conducted successfully for a period of seven years. He then went out as traveling salesman for an Akron firm, his territory embracing Ohio, New York, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Kentucky. Resigning this position he located permanently in Bedford, where he has established a prosperous business, dealing in lumber, pine and hard wood. He is a man of excellent business qualifications, and is recognized as a man of integrity throughout the commercial world in which he moves.

Mr. Landfear was married December 31, 1876, to Maria R. Cook, the ceremony being solemnized at Bedford, Ohio. Mrs. Landfear is a daughter of Daniel Cook, a highly respected citizen of Bedford. Two children have been born of this marriage: Lucius R. and Helen R. Mr. Landfear is a member of Bedford Lodge, No. 374, A. F. & A. M. In his religious faith he adheres to the doctrines of the Baptist Church, and is one of the ardent laborers in the Sunday-school of the denomination. Politically he supports the issues of the Republican party. Deeply interested in all phases of education, religion and temperance reform, he is faithfully discharging his duty as a citizen of the Republic of the United States.

THE SCHMEHL-STEARNS PRINTING COMPANY, with its main place of business at 1661 Pearl street, with a branch office in the thriving town of Berea,—from which place Mr. Stearns hails,—is the most important publishing house on the West Side. W. F. C. Schmehl, the senior member of the firm, located at 1661 Pearl street nearly five years ago, and since that time has built up an excellent printing business. About the same time D. C. Stearns built up a very good business in Berea and published a paper known as the Berea Grit. In the spring of 1893 the two concerns were consolidated and the printing machinery of Berea removed to Pearl street, to the office of the then Mail and News. The two

newspapers were consolidated and given the name of the County News, with separate full-page headings for Cleveland, Brooklyn and Berea. This was probably due to the fact that the new paper had the largest circulation of any west of the river in these towns, and also in the country adjacent, and was therefore entitled to the name of County News. Within the short space of time that has elapsed since the consolidation the circulation of the News has rapidly grown, and this gives evidence that the people are pleased with the paper.

Aside from the publishing of the News and several other periodicals, the News office is equipped for all classes of commercial printing. The company has the advantages of large resources in the line of type, and their machinery is of the latest improved style. The immense circulation of the News should invite advertisers to its columns, for the paper is purely a family one, giving news and not sensations.

FRANCIS SOUTHACK HOYT, D. D., a Presiding Elder of the Sandusky (Ohio) District, and formerly Presiding Elder of the Cleveland District, is a minister in the Methodist Episcopal Church of learning, prominence and marked ability. He was born at Lyndon, Vermont, November 5, 1822. He received his early education in the various towns of Vermont and New Hampshire, in which his father had his home in the capacity of pastor or Presiding Elder; he also attended the seminary at Newbury, Vermont, which was afterward removed to Montpelier. In 1840, at the age of eighteen, he entered the Wesleyan University at Middletown, Connecticut, from which he was graduated at the age of twenty-two years. After his graduation he was engaged in teaching for six years at different places in the east.

In 1850 he was sent to Oregon by the missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal Church to take charge of the Oregon Institute at Salem, which was established by the missionary society with a view of developing it into a college. Here he remained eleven years, and during his stay the institute was chartered as a college and became one of the foremost educational institutions of the Pacific coast; it is now known as Willamette University.

Mr. Hoyt was sent in 1860 by the Oregon Annual Conference as a delegate to the General Conference held at Buffalo, New York; and in the summer of the same year he was elected professor in the department of Natural Science in the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware. He was transferred to the chair of Biblical Theology at his own request six years later, and held the position until 1872. He then became editor of the Western Christian Advocate at Cincinnati, and was connected with this journal until 1884. Since that year he has been Presiding Elder of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and for six years has been located at Cleveland as the Presiding Elder of the Cleveland district, North Ohio Conference. In 1890 he was appointed the Presiding Elder of the Sandusky district, his present position. This district includes twenty-seven charges, each of which he visits every three months, preaching and conducting other services from one to three times at each point.

Mr. Hoyt was married December 25, 1848, to Miss Phebe Martha Dyar, of Farmington, Maine. Of this union six children have been born, all of whom are living: Frances, Charles A., Edgar F., William W., Francis C. and George B.

The degree of Doctor of Divinity was first conferred upon Mr. Hoyt by the Baldwin University; and two years later, in 1873, by the Ohio Wesleyan University. Since 1885 he has been President of the Board of Trustees of the Baldwin University at Berea, Ohio.

A. J. WEBB, freight, station and express agent for the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad Company at Bedford, has held this responsible position since 1892, giving excellent satisfaction to the officials and

patrons of the road. He has had an experience of thirteen years in the railroad business, and six years of that time has been in the employ the C. C. & S. Railway Company. He was born at Coshocton, Coshocton county, Ohio, June 20, 1859, a son of Henry D. and Elizabeth (Hinton) Webb; the father was born in the city of Indianapolis, Indiana, and the mother was a native of Guernsey county, Ohio. Both are deceased, and our subject was left an orphan at an early age. He received a fair education, and at the age of sixteen years secured a position in the Steel Works at Coshocton. This occupation not being entirely to his liking he learned telegraphy, and for eleven years was a successful operator.

Mr. Webb was united in marriage June 15, 1882, to Laura E. Shepler at Coshocton, Ohio. Mrs. Webb's parents are A. J. and Nancy (Gray) Shepler, who belong to old families in Coshocton county. The paternal grandfather was one of the earliest settlers in that locality. Mr. and Mrs. Webb have one child, a son named Harry B.

In politics Mr. Webb supports the measures of the Democratic party. He is a member of the Masonic order, belonging to Summit Lodge No. 239, A. F. & A. M., and to Summit Chapter No. 74, R. A. M.; he has belonged to the fraternity since 1891. He is a man of strict integrity, capable and prompt in the discharge of his duties, and worthy of the many warm friends he has in this community.

NEHEMIAH MARKS, of Warrensville, Ohio, is probably as well known as any man in the township, and few if any are held in higer esteem.

Mr. Marks was born in Newburg, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, in the year 1833, son of Nehemiah Marks, Sr., and grandson of Abraham Marks, natives of Connecticut and members of a prominent old family of that State. Grandmother Marks was before her marriage Miss Content Mervin. The senior Nehemiah Marks was born in 1798, and was a young man when he came out to the Western Reserve to make a home and grow up with the country. After his arrival here he returned to Connecticut on foot, making the journey, a distance of 600 miles, in thirteen days. On his return with an ox team and a horse it took him thirty-three days to make the journey. Here he bought a hundred acres of land, and devoted his energies to its improvement, and on it he spent the rest of his life. His wife, Clarissa, was a daughter of William Palmiter, a soldier of the Revolutionary war. Grandfather Marks also participated in the struggle for independence. Clarissa Marks was born, reared and educated in Vermont, and was for some time engaged in teaching there. She drove a horse and wagon from the Green Mountain State to Cuyahoga county, to pay her passage hither, and after her arrival here taught school in Newburg. Both she and her husband lived to a ripe old age, he being eighty-two at the time of death and she eighty-three. They had a family of six children, viz.: Louisa, who married Jacob Flick and is deceased; Lafayette, a resident of Newburg; Caroline, who married A. J. Palmer, of Tecumseh, Michigan, and is deceased; Marilla Falk, of Newburg; Rosetta, wife of A. P. Holliday, of Clinton, Michigan; and Nehemiah, Jr. This aged couple was respected and esteemed by all who knew them; their lives were adorned by Christian graces, and they reared their family to occupy honored and useful positions in life.

The subject of the sketch was reared on his father's farm, but for the last twenty-five years has lived on Miles avenue, at Sorrento Park, three miles east of Newburg. He was married February 24, 1867, to Miss Maria Wells, a daughter of Curtis and Harriet (Russell) Wells. They have three children, namely: Rosetta, wife of J. S. Wherrit, of Great Falls, Montana; Carlotta was being educated at Berea University, and would have graduated, but studied too hard and died of typhoid fever May 6, 1885, aged 17 years; Hattie Bell, is a music teacher;

and Vivian is attending college in Cleveland. Most of the family are members of the Disciple Church.

Personally, Mr. Marks is a man of fine physique, being six feet and four inches in height. Of genial nature, frank and jovial, he makes friends wherever he goes. A man of the strictest integrity, a friend of education and religion, he is one of the leading men of the community, and his influence is always directed for good. Politically, he is a Republican. For five years he has served as a Justice of the Peace, and has served several terms as a member of the Board of Education. Mr. Marks has several ancient relics, but the most conspicuous one is an old French fusee, a relic of the French and Indian war that also did service in the Revolutionary war. The initials of his grandfather, Abraham Marks, are cut in the stock. Many a wild turkey and deer has been killed by this old flintlock fusee. Mr. Marks has killed seven turkeys at three shots in one week with it. Another relic that Mr. Marks has in his possession is a letter from old John Brown, written to his father in December, 1845.

GEORGE W. MARTIN, a veteran employee of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, and for twenty-seven years a passenger engineer, was born near Goshen, Orange county, New York, August 31, 1835. He was brought up on a farm and consequently had all the advantages that free, open-air exercise gives one's physical and mental make-up. He left the plodding farm life, the scenes of his boyish rambles and the fireside of his parents, at about twenty, and at Buffalo, New York, began his railroad career as a locomotive fireman on the C. B. & C. R. R. He was made an engineer in 1862 and since 1866 has covered the Cleveland and Erie Division as his run. Mr. Martin has witnessed a wonderful development of a mighty railroad system since he first stepped into an engineer's cab. In place of the double track of steel rails, on a magnificent road, superbly equipped with modern rolling stock, capable of spinning off at will a mile a minute, there was, thirty-eight years ago, a single track with strap rails laid upon the timbers on a sand and clay foundation. Toy rolling stock was used to do the business this company and the time was scarcely considered a factor in a long journey. A trip would begun by a passenger, and if it ever ended he considered himself in luck.

Of the men who managed the company's affairs when Mr. Martin came to the road not one is now alive. Not even the directors or stockholders are on the stage of action, and very few of the employees are yet on the company's payrolls.

Then the Vanderbilts first came into possession of the Lake Shore Road, and Cornelius the first was its president, Mr. Martin used to pull his favorite car over the road on his tours of inspection. He performed like service for William H., his son, and after his demise for his sons, the present owners of the road.

President Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas have ridden behind his engine, likewise Presidents Garfield and Cleveland.

Mr. Martin's father was J. Martin, born in the same county, of New York. He lived an uneventful farm life and died in 1873, aged sixty-five years. His wife was Martha Crator, of New Jersey birth, who died in 1878, aged sixty-six. Her children were J. R., deceased; G. W.; Mrs. Martha Hitchcock and Julia, deceased.

Our subject enlisted in Company E, First Ohio Volunteer Infantry, Cleveland Grays, in 1861, and went into camp at Wheatland, Pennsylvania, camping there two weeks, and two in Philadelphia, where they were equipped and ordered to Washington, D. C. They went into Virginia without much delay and rebuilt the Alexandria & Leesburgh Railroad. On an expedition in the interior the forces met the enemy and were somewhat worsted, withdrawing to Fairfax C. H., and soon after were engaged in the first battle of Bull Run. Mr.

Martin's three months' enlistment having expired he returned to Cleveland and was mustered out of service.

In 1863 Mr. Martin married in Erie, Pennsylvania, Matilda Daugherty, who is the mother of two children: Jennie, wife of W. D. Briggs of Erie, Pennsylvania; and Harry, a clerk in the Lake Shore general offices, whose wife was a Miss Clark.

FRANK R. CONNELL, passenger conductor on the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad and for more than twenty-seven years a faithful employee of the company, was born in Ashland county, Ohio, September 15, 1848. He had not more than reached that age when a boy becomes most interesting as a student when he left off his boyish frivolities and became a volunteer soldier to defend the Stars and Stripes and preserve the unity of the States. He enlisted at Salineville, Ohio, in September, 1863, in Company B, Twelfth Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, under Colonel Bentley. They were ordered to Cleveland for camp duty and later to Camp Chase for the purpose of guarding prisoners. Another order took the company to Dennison, Ohio, where arms and horses were furnished and the command then took the field, going into Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, meeting the enemy first at Mount Sterling, Kentucky, and then at a point in Virginia, where Mr. Connell was wounded and taken prisoner, October 2, 1864. He lay in Emory and Henry hospital and in a Richmond hospital by transfer until he was well enough to be initiated into Libby Prison, remaining in that historic Rebel death-trap until March, 1865, when with others he was exchanged at Annapolis, Maryland. Mr. Connell made an effort to find and join his regiment, but was not able to find it until within a few weeks of the close of the war. He was mustered out of service in 1865, at Columbus, Ohio, returned home, and March 7, 1867, entered the employ of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Company as a freight breakman. In September, 1868, he received a promotion to freight conductor, and in 1887 became a passenger conductor.

Mr. Connell is a son of Dr. Aaron Connell, born in the State of Maryland. He was educated in Ohio and in his early life was a teacher. He studied medicine, graduating at a university, and practiced in Ashland county and vicinity. During the civil war he was on duty in the hospital at Cairo, Illinois, and in Cleveland. His death occurred in 1877, at the age of seventy-two years. His first wife was Miss ——— Davidson, who bore five children, viz., Clint, James, David, Benjamin and John. His second wife was Sarah A., daughter of Samuel McClelland, a Pennsylvania farmer, who was an early settler in Columbiana County, Ohio. The children of this union were Samuel, killed in a battle in the State of Mississippi; George; Maria, wife of Dr. Lindsay, of Salineville, Ohio; Frank R.; and Annie, who married J. C. McIntosh, of Monroeville, Ohio.

Frank R. Connell married, in Bayard, Ohio, October, 1869, Lucinda H. Emmons, a native of Virginia. Two children are born to Mr. and Mrs. Connell,—Ada F., born January 23, 1890; and Albert, born August 1, 1892.

JOHN F. FRITZ, a most faithful and reliable engineer of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, possesses as such a record unsurpassed or seldom equaled for careful, painstaking service. He began railroading in 1865, and for three years was fireman. Since 1868 he has manipulated the throttle of numerous engines, both freight and passenger, being engaged in the passenger service since 1873. For a few months during 1865 he was in the military service of the Federal Government, being a member of Company A, One Hundred and Ninety-eighth Ohio Volunteer Infantry. He was mustered into the army at Cleveland, taken to Camp Chase at Columbus, and thence with his company to the field.

Truly yours.
A. J. Michael

Mr. Fritz was born in Wurtemburg, Germany, in April, 1845. His father, Michael Fritz, left his fatherland in 1854, and sought free and unrestricted liberty in the United States. He located in Cuyahoga county, and gave his exclusive attention to agricultural pursuits. He is now living retired, aged seventy-seven years. His children were: Joseph, an engineer; Lue, a Lake Shore passenger conductor; George, a railroad man; Hermon; Bart, a Lake Shore freight conductor; and the subject of this sketch.

Mr. John F. Fritz was married in Norwalk, Ohio, April 6, 1875, to Miss Barbara Measdey, and they have had two daughters,—Bertie May and Edna,—promising young ladies of school age. Mr. Fritz is a member of the B. of L. E.

A. J. MICHAEL occupies a prominent position among the well-known lawyers and citizens of Cleveland. He is a native of Ohio, and was born on the 12th day of October, 1849, in Ross county, one of the counties forming the "Virginia Military District" of the Buckeye State. His father's family came to this part of the State from Baltimore, Maryland, while his mother's family came from Leesburg, Virginia, in about 1820. Both of his parents were born in this State. On the father's side the family line reaches back to the Jefferson family, the grandmother of our subject being a niece of President Thomas Jefferson; on the mother's side the line runs back to the family of Governor McDowell of Virginia. Mr. Michael was reared on the farm, and secured his early education in the country district schools and in the public schools at Chillicothe, passing from the latter to the Ohio University. Being ambitious of securing a good education in as short a time and at as small an expense as possible, and being of a studious and energetic nature, he averaged while at the university fifteen and one-half hours of study a day, and, during his entire senior year carried eight regular studies. He maintained, throughout his entire course in the university, a high rank in his classes. This close application to his studies enabled him to finish a six-years course in three years and two terms, and to graduate with honors. While in his Sophomore year his own class in Latin recited to him for nearly an entire term, during the absence of the professor who occupied that chair; and at another time, during his course of study at the university, he had charge of and heard the recitations of the class next below his in solid geometry. Mr. Michael finished his education in Harvard College at Cambridge, Mass. Being compelled to educate himself by his own efforts, he found at the close of his university life an indebtedness of $650 against him, without any means whatever to draw upon save his education. Anxious to liquidate his indebtedness he accepted the position of Superintendent of the Monroeville (Ohio) public schools, and for five years discharged the duties of that position with entire satisfaction, establishing a reputation for himself which extended all over the State. During the above time he was an active member of the Northeastern Teachers' Association of Ohio and one of its executive committeemen. He was also a member of the Ohio State Teachers' Association, of the Department of Superintendents, and of the National Teachers' and National Superintendents' Associations. He studied most thoroughly the public-school systems of this and other States, and received letters from leading public-school superintendents, as well as from college presidents and professors, stating that they were personally acquainted with his work and his fitness for the same, and that they considered him one of the most promising young men in the school work of the State.

Having educated himself for the profession of the law Mr. Michael had taken a broad field of reading along the line of subjects kindred to his chosen profession, and when in a position to take up his legal studies found

himself well equipped for the same, and his progress was rapid. His preceptor in the study of law was the Hon. C. E. Pennewell, of the Cleveland bar, for whose eminent ability as a lawyer and jurist he has the highest admiration. During Mr. Michael's first year in practice he was able to and did receive fees enough to live upon, but since then his practice has continued to increase from year to year until it is second to that of no young lawyer in the city, and he finds his profession both a lucrative and pleasant one. He is thoroughly in love with the legal profession, to which he is peculiarly fitted, and his progress in it has been all that he and his friends could desire for the time he has been in active practice. He is the the owner of one of the best law libraries in Cleveland, and also owns what is considered one of the best private libraries in the State. His habits of study which were acquired during his student life in the university have been retained, and his work is seldom laid aside until ten p. m., and frequently not until a later hour.

For several years Mr. Michael has been quite prominent in municipal affairs, and has filled a number of honorable and important official positions, in which his services have been of great benefit to the city. He has for several years been President of the Board of Examiners of public school teachers of Cleveland. He has served a term of two years in the City Council, one year of which he was President of that body. He served as a member of the City Park and Boulevard Commission during the first year of its organization, and the present members of the commission bear evidence to his valuable service on that important body during the most trying days of its history, when it was beset on all sides by pitfalls and snares of every description, and when its policy was shaped and its present work made possible. He is a prominent and active member of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce and Chairman of its Committee on Municipal Matters, and a member of the General Finance Committee having in charge the raising of money and preparing of plans for the new Chamber of Commerce building. Mr. Michael is a member of the Tippecanoe Club, the strongest Republican political club in Ohio.

As a lawyer Mr. Michael occupies a prominent place at the Cleveland bar, and is considered one of the city's strongest and most promising attorneys. He is recognized as one of the foremost citizens of the Forest City, being progressive and at all times ready and willing to lend his influence and assistance to all movements in the interest of good government and to the promotion of the city and her best interests. He is broad-minded, energetic and enterprising in all matters, and is usually to be found upon the right side of all public questions and movements. Socially he is a most agreeable gentleman. Warm-hearted and sympathetic by nature, kind and affable to all, easy of approach, he is deservedly popular and has a wide circle of friends and acquaintances, all of whom esteem him as a man of ability, strength and sterling character.

JOHN FREEMAN, secretary of the Taylor Chair Company, of Bedford, Ohio, has been connected with the business for twenty years. He was born at Poughkeepsie, New York, October 31, 1859. His parents were William and May E. (Wheeler) Freeman. The father was a native of England. They are still living.

John was a boy of nine years when he came to Bedford. Here he received a limited education, at thirteen beginning to work in the chair factory of the Taylor Chair Company. His first work was sand-papering the chairs at 50 cents per day. By doing his work well and faithfully he secured a position as office boy in the establishment and later as shipping clerk. At twenty-one he went on the road as traveling salesman for the firm. His territory extended from the Atlantic coast southwest to St. Louis, including seventeen States. In the spring of

1887 he left the road and accepted his present position of secretary of the Taylor Chair Company. As secretary and book-keeper of the company he does his duty in an able manner. Mr. Freeman is a self-made man and to his own exertions is due his present position of trust and honor. He was married in June, 1887, at Chagrin Falls, Ohio, to Flora Stevenson, daughter of J. M. Stevenson. Mr. and Mrs. Freeman have one child, a daughter,—Helen Flora.

Mr. Freeman is a Republican, an active and zealous worker in his party. He has served two terms as treasurer of the school board of Bedford. He is a member of the Masonic Order,—Bedford Lodge, No. 370, and Summit Chapter. Mr. Freeman has the frank, genial, jovial ways which are so serviceable in business.

FREDERICK A. COLBRUNN, a loyal citizen of the United States, is an adopted son of the nation, his birth-place being Westphalia, Province of Lippe-Detmold, Germany: there he first saw the light of day August 20, 1836, the fifth of a family of seven children of Edward and Augusta Colbrunn. His father was a manufacturer of linen goods, and was also in the employ of the East India trade. On account of the Revolution of 1848 the family decided to emigrate to America, and on the 10th day of October of that year the mother with the children sailed from Bremen, bound for the United States. After a voyage of forty-two days they landed in the port of New York, and thence came directly to Ohio by way of the Hudson river to Albany, thence to Buffalo by rail, and from that city by the lakes to Cleveland, arriving December 25, 1848. After a short stay in Cleveland Mrs. Colbrunn came to Rockport township, where she purchased a tract of 100 acres of good farming land, on which she settled with her family. In 1850 she was joined by her husband, who had been detained in the old country by business affairs. Mr. Colbrunn built a sawmill soon after his arrival but disposed of it in 1861, and in the same year removed to Cleveland, where he and his wife passed the remainder of their lives. He was born March 10, 1799, and died January 10, 1868; Mrs. Colbrunn was born December 13, 1800, and died March 4, 1874. They reared a family of seven children: Leopold F. was born May 3, 1827; Adelaide, born January 7, 1830, is the wife of Frederick Klane; Theodore was born February 13, 1832; Minnie, born August 9, 1834, is the wife of B. Strong, of Cleveland; Frederick A. is the fifth-born; Emma, born July 2, 1838, is the wife of Nicholas Elmer; John Edward was born March 9, 1841.

Frederick A. was a lad of twelve years when when he was brought to this country. His youth was spent in assisting his father in the cultivation of a frontier farm, which was increased to 300 acres, and he also superintended the sawmill until it was sold, in 1861. He then engaged in building plank and rail roads, which he carried on extensively for some years. He assisted in the construction of the Nickel Plate railroad, and secured the contract for the plank road from Ohio City to Olmstead; he rebuilt this road in 1873, and has since been superintendent for the company owning the road. He now resides on a fine farm of seventy-five acres, a portion of his father's purchase after coming to Cuyahoga county. In the spring of 1894 he built a race track one-half mile long on this farm, for the purpose of training blooded horses.

By his first marriage Mr. Colbrunn had five children: Emma, the wife of John Elber; Elizabeth, the wife of John Fischer; Jennie, the wife of Winthrop Dunham; Edward, a member of the Cleveland Fire Department; and George E., who died at the age of nineteen years. Mr. Colbrunn was married to his second wife August 11, 1870; her name was Anne Dueker, a daughter of Isaiah and Elizabeth Ducker, natives of Essex, England, who emigrated to the United States early in the present century: Mr. Ducker died in 1866, but his wife survives. There were three children born of this union:

Frederick A., Jr., William W. and Anna M. The mother died July 31, 1882. Mr. Colbrunn was married again July 8, 1885, to Miss Jennette Ducker, and they have had born to them two children: Eva F. and Wilbur G.

Mr. Colbrunn has always taken a deep interest in the affairs of State, and has represented his township in many offices of trust and responsibility: he has been President of the School Board twenty-five years, has been township Trustee and Assessor, and in April, 1893, was elected President of the Board of Trustees for Rockport Hamlet. His strict integrity and indefatigable attention to public business have won him the respect of all who know him. Politically he adheres to the principles of the Republican party. Mrs. Colbrunn is a most worthy member of the Congregational Church.

O. H. MANN.—Classed among the old and faithful men of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company, is O. H. Mann, who is completing his twenty-fifth year of service since he became a fireman, and his twenty-first year as a "knight of the throttle." Mr. Mann was born in this city, October 31, 1851. He attended school at the corner of St. Clair and Ald streets, and left off his studies to do time as journeyman carpenter. He had almost finished his trade when a notion seized him to engage in railroading, which he did, in 1869, being made a locomotive fireman at once. For the past eighteen years he has been a yardmaster and responds to his duties without loss of time.

Mr. Mann's father was Stephen Mann, who emigrated to Cleveland from Vermont, his native State. In his early experience in Cleveland he was engaged in the grocery trade near the foot of Superior street. Bent on retiring from this business he entered the lake trade as steward of a vessel and followed the water twenty-five years. His death occurred in 1874, at the age of seventy-five years. His second wife, the mother of our subject, was Miss Snedaker, of French extraction. By a former marriage, to Miss White, one child was born. Of the second marriage, there were three children, viz.: Anna E., who married John Burgess, a lake captain; Oliver P., an engineer for the Cleveland & Pittsburg Road, at Wellsville, Ohio; and O. H.

Mr. O. H. Mann was married in this city in 1874, to Sophia, a sister of Captain Loftus Gray and a daughter of Charles and Sophia Gray, of English birth. Their children are: Bertha R., deceased; Oliver P., deceased, and Edith May. Success has come to Mr. Mann because of his unceasing devotion to business, the key note to success in any calling.

HENRY HOFFMAN, an undertaker at 733 Clark street, Cleveland, was born in this city, February 20, 1860, a son of Henry and Christina (Nuss) Hoffman, natives of Germany. They came to Cleveland in 1843, were married at Independence, this county, in 1847, and in 1849 returned to this city, locating at the corner of Walton and Rhodes streets. The father, born in 1825, died in 1881, and was then serving his third term as Councilman of the old Twelfth ward, now the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth wards. He was also employed as shipping clerk at the depot for many years, and, owing to his fluency in both the English and German languages, rendered a most valuable service. Mrs. Hoffman departed this life in 1863, at the age of forty-one years. She was a member of the Independence Protestant Church. Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman had six children, viz.: Mary, wife of H. A. Heimsath, of Cleveland; William, a resident of Michigan, but was married in Cleveland; Helena, wife of Herman Imbery; John, of Cleveland, was united in marriage with Frances Burkhardt; Henry, our subject; and Dora, wife of Herman Herkle.

Henry Hoffman began work for himself at the age of twenty-one years, at the undertaking business, and has since followed that occupation.

He is also engaged in real-estate transactions. Mr. Hoffman was married in 1881, to Miss Antoinette, a daughter of John Karda, who has resided in Cleveland for the past fifty-five years. He had three children: Frank, deceased in 1892, at the age of forty-seven years, served as a member of the City Council for two terms, and was Assistant Police Clerk for six years; August G., a resident of Cleveland; and Antoinette, the wife of our subject. Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman have six children: Antoinette, Henry, Emma, Mamie, Stella and Grover. Our subject is identified with the Democratic party. In his social relations he is a member of the Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, of the Foresters, and the Willkommen Union. Mr. Hoffman has also served as member of the Board of Education, and was chairman of the repair committee.

R. A. BALDWIN, one among the Cleveland coterie of Cleveland & Pittsburgh passenger engineers, is a representative of that famous Baldwin family distributed throughout the East and northern Ohio.

The subject of this notice was born in Erie county, Pennsylvania, November 28, 1843. As this branch of the family was made up of agriculturists, with few exceptions, R. A. was born on a farm. He secured a liberal education from district school and academy, beginning his career as a business man at nineteen. His first duty about this time was to enter the army, enlisting at Conneaut, Ohio, in the Second Ohio Battery, which was assigned to the Army of the Southwest. The command rendezvoused at St. Louis, Springfield and Jefferson City, Missouri, for short periods, on its way into the Confederate country in southern Missouri and northern Arkansas. They met the enemy at the battle of Pea Ridge, routed them and proceeded to Helena, on the Mississippi river, where Mr. Baldwin was discharged from service, October 12, 1862.

In June, 1863, Mr. Baldwin engaged with the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad Company as fireman; in January, 1865, was promoted to the place of engineer. For several years he has been on a passenger run between Cleveland and Pittsburgh. When annual prizes were paid by the company to engineers, Mr. Baldwin received the second one given in 1875, and a good share of the monthly premiums issued thereafter.

The paternal grandfather of Mr. Baldwin was Remus A. Baldwin, born in New Milford, Connecticut. He brought his family to Pennsylvania when our subject's father, L. Baldwin, was a small boy. L. Baldwin continued to reside in Erie county, Pennsylvania, until 1873, when he removed to Conneaut, Ohio, where he now lives, aged eighty-four, with his wife, *nee* Rosina Battles, aged eighty-one. Mr. Baldwin's maternal grandfather, was an early settler near Girard, Pennsylvania, being there when the land where the city now stands was public domain.

L. Baldwin was the father of twelve children, eight of whom are still living, namely: R. A.; Byron, of Chicago; the wife of James Moorehead, of Erie county; Georgiana, who married Mr. Gould, of Prescott, Arkansas; Susan, wife of Mr. Goddard, of Conneaut, Ohio; K. K. Baldwin, of Chicago; and Elmer, of Conneaut, Ohio.

In 1865 R. A. Baldwin married, in Erie county, Pennsylvania, Adaline, a daughter of William Foote, a farmer. Mr. Baldwin's children are: William L., born in 1867; Brainard, born in 1870, a fireman on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad; Marion, born in 1873; Charles, born in 1877, a machinist; and Ethel, born in 1880.

FRANCIS A. COSGROVE, A. B., Superintendent of the Schools at Brooklyn Village, Ohio, was born August 26, 1856, at Defiance, Ohio. He is a son of Elliott and Emily (Berkshire) Cosgrove. His parents were natives of Cumberland county, Pennsylvania.

The father is a farmer by occupation and is a man of advanced years. He is a pioneer of Defiance county, where he is esteemed and respected as one of their best citizens. His wife died in April of 1877. She was a beloved woman.

Upon the farm Professor Cosgrove was brought up. He first attended the country school and at the age of sixteen years entered the Wesleyan University at Delaware, and there graduated in 1884 with the degree of A. B. Before his graduation he took up school-teaching and taught at several places, including South Brooklyn, Farmersville and other places. At Farmersville he spent four years and at South Brooklyn one year. In 1880 he returned to college and there remained until he graduated. He was then elected Superintendent of Schools at Prospect, Ohio, where he remained one year. He was then for a time engaged in the insurance business at Delaware, Ohio. Two years later he was elected Superintendent of Schools in Brooklyn village and still holds that position.

As an educator he has been remarkably successful. He is a student possessed of an analytical and philosophical mind and is well fitted for the training and nurturing of the youthful mind. He is a man of excellent moral habits and thus is a man of influence, not only among his pupils but among his patrons. Since his taking charge of the schools at Brooklyn Village these schools have wonderfully increased in their excellency and importance, an excellent building has been erected, a number of the best teachers are employed, and the number of pupils enrolled is over 1,000. Thus it may be observed that this his work has not been one of little importance, but in the execution of his work he has been remarkably successful.

In politics he is not active nor ardent, nor zealous, but casts his vote with the Republican party. Fraternally he is a member of the Masonic order and of the Knights of Pythias.

He was married immediately after his graduation, in 1884, to Miss Belle Waite, of Wellington, Ohio. She was a student also at Delaware, with himself. Unto the marriage there were born three children, of whom one is deceased. These children are,—I., born in 1885; E., born in 1887; and Belle, who died in 1890, in infancy. March 22, 1890, the mother of these children was called away in death. She was a beloved wife, mother and friend, an estimable woman, and an active Church worker.

E. E. ARNOLD is the secretary and general manager of the Bedford Chair Company, one of the most prosperous manufacturing concerns in the county. The company was organized in December, 1890, with C. J. Milz as president; G. L. Bartlett, vice-president; W. O. Gordon, general superintendent, and Mr. Arnold, secretary and general manager. The success of this enterprise has been almost phenomenal from the first, and is due in a large measure to the practical knowledge the officers have of the business and to their wide experience in the commercial world.

Mr. Arnold is a native of the State of Michigan, born in Clinton township, Lenawee county, February 23, 1863. His parents were N. C. and Lucy Jane Arnold, the father being a native of New England, and the mother of New York. They reared a family of three children, one of whom is deceased; Fannie is the wife of James Flick, of Bedford, Ohio. E. E. Arnold received his education in the public schools of Tecumseh, Michigan, completing the course in the high school of that place. In March, 1885, he entered the employ of the Taylor Chair Company of Bedford, and the relationship continued more than five years. He then took a position with Burbank & Ryder, wholesale manufacturers, as traveling salesman, his territory including New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. In 1890 he became a member of the Bedford Chair Company, as stated above.

June 14, 1893, Mr. Arnold married Miss Emma Dawson, a daughter of James William Dawson, a

respected citizen of Bedford. Mrs. Arnold is a consistent member of the Disciple Church, and is a woman of superior intellectual attainments. In politics our subject adheres to the principles of the Republican party. He belongs to Bedford Lodge, No. 375, A. F. & A. M.; to Summit Chapter, No. 74, R. A. M., and to Holyrood Commandry, No. 32, K. T. He is a man of excellent business qualifications, and is worthy of the confidence reposed in him by his associates in commerce.

J. P. CURRY, auditor of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, is a gentleman of nearly thirty years' experience in railroad business, beginning with a minor clerkship in the auditor's office of the Pittsburg, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad Company at Steubenville, Ohio, when, in contrast with the present, railroading was practically in its incipiency. At the expiration of his second year in the office, Mr. Curry dropped railroading to engage in the queen's-ware trade and opened out a business in Steubenville. Three years of merchandising sufficed, for the fascinations of the railroad again impelled him to enter its service. He took up the work with his old company under the name of the Pittsburg, Columbus & St. Louis Railroad, resuming his clerkship in the auditor's office, stationed for a time at Columbus, but later on moved to Pittsburg. He remained in this office four years, when he accepted the position of chief clerk in the office of the auditor of the Chicago, Danville & Vincennes Railroad. In April, 1877, he retired from this position to accept the position of secretary and auditor of the Scioto Valley Railroad at Columbus, Ohio, continuing in that capacity till September, 1882, when he accepted his present office, being the first auditor of the road.

Mr. Curry was born in Jefferson county, Ohio, May 26, 1845. His first and early impressions were received in the country, for his father was a farmer, and he sent his son to the rural school until the age of fourteen, when he placed him in the public schools of Steubenville. At the early age of fifteen Mr. Curry began to contribute to his own support materially by engaging to clerk for a firm of leather dealers at Steubenville, Ohio. Some months later he became book-keeper and traveling salesman for a paper-mill, remaining until he entered the service of the Pittsburg, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad as before stated.

James Curry, our subject's father, married Miss Sarah Hartford. Their children were four in number, only two of whom are now alive: J. P. and Mrs. J. W. Renner, of Allegheny, Pennsylvania.

February 23, 1880, Mr. Curry married, in Columbus, Ohio, Miss Pugh, a daughter of Judge Pugh, an old and prominent resident of that county. They have two sons only, Renner P. and James P., Jr.

R. H. ST. JOHN.—Among the representative citizens of Cleveland is R. H. St. John, the well-known inventor and vice president of the St. John Typobar Company. Mr. St. John is a native of the Buckeye State, having been born in Cincinnati, in 1832. He is of English lineage, his ancestors having come to America from England about 1700. His father was Ebenezer St. John, who was born in 1803 and died in 1859. His wife was born in 1805 and died in 1888.

While our subject was a boy his family removed from Cincinnati to Springfield, Ohio, where he received a common-school education and learned the trade of watchmaker and jeweler. He followed watchmaking and the jewelry business in Bellefontaine, Ohio, until 1860, in the meantime having invented and placed on the market, in 1855, the first foot lathe for watchmakers, known as St. John's Universal Chuck Lathe, which had quite a sale.

Upon the breaking out of the Civil war Mr. St. John closed out his business and was appointed by the Governor a member of the County Military Committee, in which capacity he served throughout the war. In 1863, he was appointed Provost Marshal for the Fourth district of Ohio, a position he held until the close of the war. After the war he engaged in the sewing-machine business, and in 1870 patented the St. John Sewing Machine. He organized the St. John Sewing Machine Company, at Springfield, Ohio, and was superintendent of that company's works until 1880, when he sold out his interest in the company and removed to Toledo, Ohio. In the latter city he organized the Union Sewing Machine Company, and had charge of the works of the company for five years, when he sold out and removed to Cleveland, and engaged for several years in the sewing-machine business in this city.

Many years ago Mr. St. John's attention was directed to the necessity and advantages of a type-setting machine, and much of his time after coming to Cleveland was devoted to the origination of such a machine. In 1889 he commenced the construction of a machine on an entirely new principle, making a line of type by cold pressure. In 1890 he patented the machine known as the St. John Typobar, and the same year organized the St. John Typobar Company, of which he is the vice president. The machine has been a success in every particular, and will work a revolution in type-setting by machinery. It is operated somewhat upon the principle of the type-writer, by means of which the characters are produced in lines upon cold metal by compression, which may be used repeatedly without waste of material. By the use of this machine, one operator can within eight hours set from 30,000 to 40,000 ems, or about four times the amount a man can set up in the same length of time, and do it as correctly, if not more so than can the man. The plan of the machine is simple, practical and automatic. It is the first of its kind with which the line of type may be made by compression. Mr. St. John is a mechanical engineer and a genius, and has given to the world many useful and practical inventions, those in the sewing-machine line having won him recognition all over the the industrial world.

While a citizen of Bellefontaine, Mr. St. John served as Coroner of the county, and was recognized as one of the deservedly honored citizens of the community. He is a prominent member of the Odd Fellows' fraternity, being a member of the Grand Lodge of Ohio. In politics he is a stanuch Republican. Mr. St. John was married in 1852, to Miss Rebecca Poland, and to their union four children have been born, two of whom are living. The children are as follows: Charles P., of Chicago; Ida, the wife of E. A. Shafer, of Cleveland; Sallie S. and Edmund, the two latter deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. St. John and family are members of the Presbyterian Church.

PETER LIGHTHALL, assistant general yardmaster of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company, was born in Eureka, New York, January 1, 1846. His father was Peter Lighthall, born in Schenectady, New York, in 1813. He followed the business of contracting and was for a time a hotel keeper, dying in Utica, New York, in 1861. His wife was Mary Warren, a daughter of James Warren, of Rochester. She died in 1865, at forty-two years of age. Eleven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Lighthall, five of whom are still living: John and William, in Utica and Syracuse respectively; Hattie; Josephine, widow of H. P. Bennett, of Green Isle; and Peter.

At eleven years of age our subject left school and began work in a grocery in Utica, remaining till 1861, when he volunteered his services to the United States, enlisting in the Forty-third New York Zouaves, and went to Clifton Park, Staten Island, thence to Annapolis, Maryland.

The Zouaves participated in Burnside's expedition to Hatteras inlet; returned to Annapolis by way of Hampton Roads, Virginia, and were in camp but a brief period at the Maryland navy yard, when they were ordered to Washington, District of Columbia; and in three weeks were disbanded because of mutiny among the officers. Mr. Lighthall entered the service again in 1862, enlisting at Utica in the One Hundred and Seventeenth New York Volunteers. Went to Washington, District of Columbia, via Rome, New York; ordered to Tarrytown, where he did picket duty along the Harper's Ferry turnpike, three months; crossed the Potomac river and remained till spring, when ordered to Norfolk, Suffolk and over into the fight at Black river. Returned to Norfolk and took transports for Hilton Head, South Carolina; disembarked and went to Folly island, and remained till the following spring, doing duty in siege of Charleston. Assisted in the capture of Morris, Block Seabrook and Kiowa island and Fort Wagner and John's island, South Carolina, and left for Bermuda Hundred, Virginia. On May 21, at Drury's Bluff, first attack on Petersburg. Went up the Peninsula and North Anna river and back to the engagements at White House Landing, Cold Harbor and back to Petersburg for a three months' siege. Deep Bottom and Chapin's Farm came next, followed by the Darbytown Road fight, October 27, 1864. Went with General Butler to Fort Fisher, but returned in two days to Chapin's Farm, and a week later went back under General Terry, and on January 10 attacked the fortification, and on the 15th captured the fort; marched then to Smithfield, North Carolina, Fort Anderson, Sugar Loaf Mountain works and Wilmington. Two weeks later went to Coxbridge, crossing the Neuse river; met General Sherman's army and engaged Johnston at Bentonville; heard of Lee's surrender there, and followed Johnston to Raleigh, there getting news of the President's assassination. In two weeks was mustered out of service; marched to City Point, Virginia, took boat for Albany, New York, and train home, and was mustered out of service at Syracuse, June 23, 1865.

On taking up civil pursuits Mr. Lighthall engaged in the New York Central freight house at Utica, as tallyman, and remained till 1867, when he went on the road as brakeman between Syracuse and Albany, and in time was promoted to conductor. In 1871 he joined the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad Company as brakeman, but remained only six months, coming then to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, in same capacity, and was given a run on the Toledo division. In eighteen months he came into the Cleveland yard and broke two days, when he was given a pony. In 1880 he was made assistant yardmaster at Collinwood, and two years later was transferred to Cleveland as assistant day man. He was promoted to night yardmaster in 1883, and to day man in 1888, and in 1891 was made assistant general yardmaster.

Mr. Lighthall holds a membership in the Grand Army of the Republic.

JEROME J. SHEPARD, an extensive manufacturer of and dealer in fire brick, was born in this city near what is now No. 423 Franklin avenue, September 1, 1861. He is an only son and second child of Joseph Shepard, who came to this city in 1826 aboard a French man-of-war. He was then a boy of thirteen before the mast, and had been in the French navy some time. Although Mr. Shepard was born in France, his ancestors were all English. His father moved his family from the British Isles to the land of the Bonapartes a few years prior to the famous battle of Waterloo. On leaving the French man-of-war Joseph Shepard entered the American navy and sailed every sea and visited every prominent port, encircling the entire globe probably three or four times before his retirement in 1851. He was present as an officer of the United States during the war with Mexico, being Captain of the brig

Cumberland. Upon his retirement to civil pursuits he engaged in heavy contracting, confining his work to railroad contracts mainly. He was an industrious man and possessed a good capacity for making money, and although his means came easily they went in a similar manner, and his death in 1872 found him in only good financial circumstances.

He married, in 1857, Mariette, a daughter of Captain John De Mars, a noted Cleveland pioneer. Captain De Mars secured the first license given by the city of Cleveland to run a ferry across the Cuyahoga river, became afterward a large boat-owner, and engaged extensively in the lake-carrying trade. From this business and from an investment in real estate at Detroit in its infancy, Captain De Mars amassed a snug fortune, which he left to his heirs. He was born in Montreal, Canada, in 1793, and died in Cleveland in 1879.

Jerome Shepard, when only thirteen years of age, engaged to work for William Lacy, of this city, the largest manufacturer and dealer in fire brick. Three years later he changed employers, engaging with G. H. Barstow, a brother of ex-Governor Barstow, of Wisconsin. While serving with these two gentlemen Mr. Shepard mastered the most intricate features of the business, and on the death of Mr. Barstow became by purchase proprietor of the entire business. In 1889 he bought out the business of John Colahan, and, desiring to further enlarge, he purchased in 1893 the large business of his former employer, Captain William Lacy.

Mr. Shepard's trade is most extensive and is distributed throughout the breadth of our continent. To supply the great demand made on him from this broad market, he operates two large warehouses, one in Detroit, and the other in Cleveland. These warehouses are supplied from his factory at Wellsville, Ohio. He has other interests, diversified and extensive. He is a stockholder in the Central Pressed Brick Company, in the Cleveland & Buffalo Steam Navigation Company, and in the Backus Wire-Nail Company, all of Cleveland. He is a director in the Vulcan Clay Company, of Wellsville, Ohio, and a stockholder in the John Parter Company, of New Cumberland, West Virginia (the most extensive paving brick works in the world); also a director of the Argyle Gold-Mining Company, of Central City, Colorado,—one of the few mining companies that pay satisfactory dividends.

In October, 1882, Mr. Shepard married, in Cleveland, Tracy, a daughter of James Dempsy, an old railroad man, who has since been general freight master of the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad. Of this union there are five children: Mary E., Bertha S., Frank R., Jerome J. and Helen.

Mr. Shepard is a thorough business man. His standing in the commercial world is unembarrassed by questionable or unprofitable investments, and those with whom he deals place unbounded confidence in his ability and integrity.

T. E. MILLER, Trustee of Olmsted township, elected in the spring of 1886 and now serving his third term, came to this place in 1872, locating on his present farm, after having resided in Cleveland two years.

He was born in Mahoning county, Ohio, June 1, 1850, a son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Lower) Miller, both also natives of that county. His father, a farmer, lived in Springfield township, that county, but sold his place there and purchased a place in Beaver township, same county, where he passed the remainder of his life, dying June 1, 1887; his wife survives, and still resides there. They brought up six children, namely: Sarah Ann, wife of William Winter, of Indiana; T. E., our subject; Wilson, married and resides on the old farm in Beaver township; Celeste, now the wife of Issac Easterly, of Columbiana county, this State; Melissa, now Mrs. Joseph Herrold, of Mahoning county; and Laura, the wife of Isaac Chapple, of Leetonia, Ohio. The grandfather,

Henry Miller, came to Mahoning county when a young man, with his father, and they were the first pioneers of the county, built the first log cabin in that section of the county, and made the first clearing. Mr. Miller, our subject, was reared in Mahoning county to the age of twenty-one years, attending school meanwhile, and then he came to Cleveland and engaged in the dairy business. Afterward he moved, having married, to Olmsted and settled on the old farm, whereon he has erected a fine, large two-story dwelling, and also a large barn, having a capacity of 100 tons of hay. A gas well on the place supplies all the material necessary both for heating and lighting, and also for the school house. The farm comprises eighty acres. Mr. Miller has seen many changes in the improvement of his neighborhood since his settlement there. He takes an active interest in the public welfare and in national politics, as a Republican. He has been a member of the School Board for sixteen years.

He was married at the age of twenty-three years in Olmsted township, to Miss Catherine Onocker, a daughter of Rudolph and Mary (Oswalt) Onocker, who in an early day came to Cuyahoga county, locating south of Cleveland, and were burned out there, losing five children in the fire. Mr. Onocker died at the age of ninety-seven years, September 28, 1890; the widow still survives. Mr. and Mrs. Miller have three children,—Mary E., Emma and Emmet. Mrs. Miller is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Olmsted Falls.

HON. JOHN M. COOLEY is a gentleman whose honorable and upright life and the prominent part he has taken in public affairs entitles him to biographical mention among the leading men of his section of the country.

Mr. Cooley's father, Deacon Asher Cooley, was one of the earliest pioneers of northern Ohio, he having come with his wife and five children to Dover township, Cuyahoga county, prior to the '20s, and located at the place where the subject of this sketch now resides. Asher Cooley was born in Hawley, Massachusetts, January 9, 1787, and was married there, December 1, 1808, to Lydia Smith, a native of Chatham, Connecticut, born October 4, 1789. They came to Ohio from Ashfield, Massachusetts, and upon their arrival here settled on a farm just south of Dover, and on this farm they spent the rest of their lives and died, his death occurring June 2, 1853, and hers March 30, 1866. Other children were born to them after they came to this frontier home, their family comprising ten, of whom John M. is the youngest.

John M. Cooley was born in Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, November 20, 1830; was reared here, and has been a resident of this place all his life, farming being his occupation. He owns the old Cooley homestead, which comprises over 100 acres of fine land, well improved with good buildings, etc.

Mr. Cooley was married in Plymouth, Ashtabula county, Ohio, January 26, 1854, to Miss Lucy Seymour, daughter of Bennett Seymour, who removed from Connecticut to Ashtabula county at an early day. They had a family of three children who grew up to occupy honorable and useful positions in life: Arthur S., George L. and Lucy E. Lucy E. is now the wife of H. Z. Blenkhorn, of Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. Cooley departed this life April 28, 1887. April 6, 1893, Mr. Cooley suffered a stroke of paralysis, in consequence of which he is now confined to his room, being unable to walk or converse.

While farming has been his life occupation, Mr. Cooley has all along given considerable attention to public affairs. During the war he was a member of Company I, One Hundred and Fiftieth Ohio National Guards, and was in the 100-day service, having enlisted in May, 1864. He has filled various township offices, was Postmaster of Dover for a number of years, and served one term in the Ohio State Legislature,

having been elected to the last-named office in the fall of 1874, on the Republican ticket. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity and of Olmsted Post, No. 634, G. A. R. For many years he has been a member of the Congregational Church; his wife was a devoted member of the Episcopal Church of Ashtabula.

DR. A. S. COOLEY, the eldest son of Hon. John M. Cooley, was born in Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, June 11, 1858. He remained upon the home farm until after his majority, farming summers and teaching school during the winter months. He then took a course in veterinary medicine, graduating from the Chicago College of Veterinary Surgery. He located in Cleveland, and began the practice of veterinary science, and although still a young man his celebrity as a veterinary practitioner is wide-spread and his record as a manipulator of the surgeon's knife and skill in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of domestic animals is unapproached. He has erected a perfectly equipped equine hospital, which is a model of its type.

He was married May 10, 1894, to Miss Flora A. Arnold, and resides at 1,224 Curtis avenue.

GEORGE L. COOLEY, son of the Hon. John M. Cooley, was born in Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, January 14, 1861. He was reared and educated here, and here he has resided all his life. Up to the time he reached his majority he remained on the farm with his father. Then he turned his attention to teaching school and to contracting and building, and for eight years he has taught school during the winter and worked at his trade through the summer.

Mr. Cooley was married, December 28, 1887, to Miss Clara E. Hall, daughter of Reuben Hall, a prominent and highly respected citizen of Cuyahoga county. She was born in Dover township, this county, December 29, 1862. Mr. and Mrs. Cooley are the parents of three children: Paul N., Lucy M. and an infant.

Like his father, Mr. Cooley affiliates with the Republican party, and takes an active interest in political affairs. He and his wife are members of the Congregational Church.

L. M. JOHNSON, M. D., has been engaged in the practice of his profession at Bedford for thirty-five years. He was born in Jefferson county, Ohio, October 28, 1832, a son of Thomas and Mary (Mullin) Johnson, natives of Ireland. The paternal grandparents lived and died on the "Emerald" Isle, both remarkable for their longevity; the grandfather attained the age of 102 years, and the grandmother 101 years. Thomas Johnson emigrated to the United States after his marriage, his first residence being in New York. Later he removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and thence to Jefferson county, New York, where he and his wife passed the remainder of their lives; he died at the age of ninety years, and she was eighty-seven. Joe Johnston, the famous Rebel general, was a first cousin to Thomas Johnson.

Dr. Johnson is one of a family of nine children, six sons and three daughters. He began the study of medicine under the instruction of Dr. Ramsay, of Jefferson, Ohio, and received his degree of M. D. in 1864. His first practice was at Bloomington, McLean county, Illinois, but at the end of two years he went to Fort Scott, Kansas; there he had a most successful career as a physician and surgeon, and during the time was connected with the hospital at Kansas City, Missouri. Returning to Jefferson county, Ohio, he resumed professional work, and in 1892 came to Bedford, where his excellent reputation has followed him. He is fully abreast of the times in all discoveries pertain-

ing to the science of medicine, and is regarded as one of the most skillful physicians in the county.

The Doctor was united in marriage, at the age of twenty-two years, to Ann Boyd, at Coshocton, Ohio. Mrs. Johnson is the daughter of John Boyd and is a native of the State of New York. Four children have been born of this union: James L., William B., John and David W. The mother died in 1871. Dr. Johnson was married a second time in 1884, to Eliza J. Porter, a daughter of Joseph Porter. The Doctor's sons are all residents sf Bonrbon county, Kansas.

SAMUEL M. HAMILL, son and namesake of the late Rev. Samuel M. Hamill, D. D., widely known as the principal of the famous Lawrenceville school, is the secretary and general manager of the Brush Electric Company. The name of Hamill has for many years been identified with our best educational interests, and for several generations it has been connected with the ministry of the church. Through the achievements of the subject of this sketch the name has become distinguished in the electrical world.

Rev. Samuel M. Hamill, D. D. was born at Morristown, Pennsylvania, in 1812. He married Matilda Green, born at Lawrenceville, New Jersey, 1812. Their marriage was consummated in 1838. They had nine children, three of whom are living. The mother is yet living and resides in Trenton, New Jersey. The father died in 1889. For fifty years he sustained prominent relations as an educator, being connected with several famous institutions of learning.

The subject of this sketch was prepared for college at his father's school. He was graduated at Princeton College—an institution founded by Jonathan Dickinson, its first president, Mr. Hamill's ancestor—with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in the class of 1880. Since that time he has received the degree of Master of Arts from the same institution. For more than three years Mr. Hamill was a successful teacher in the Lawrenceville school, and during that period he first gave evidence of his administrative capacity in the practical management of the affairs of that large institution, and in the discipline and control of its students. Subsequently he studied law with the expectation of becoming admitted to the bar in New Jersey, but an attractive future was at this time opened to him in railroad life, through the influence of a relative highly connected with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, and to this field he turned. He entered actively upon the duties of this new position, and served that company in its freight department, its pay master's department and in the office of the first vice president of the road, at Chicago, and the year 1886 found him in charge of the large grain elevators owned by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company in Peoria, Illinois. Mr. Hamill severed his connection with the railroad company to accept the position of assistant secretary of the Brush Electric Company of Cleveland, Ohio, where he now resides. Three years later he became secretary of that company with his office in New York city, where he took charge of its business affairs in the East. Later he became director of the company and its secretary and general manager, which position he now holds. He also fills a similar position for the Short Electric Railway Company. He is vice president of the Swan Lamp Manufacturing Company, president of the Geneva Brush Electric Light & Power Company, of the Ellsworth Maine Illuminating Company, of Geneva, of the Waterloo Street Railroad Company, and to the Trenton Electric Light Company of Ontario; he is also secretary of the Brush Electric Power Company, being a director in each of the above named concerns.

Mr. Hamill is possessed of decided ability both theoratical and practical, and hence is well fitted for the various positions in the several

electrical, gas and other companies which he holds in the different parts of the United States.

Mr. Hamill is a member of the Electric and University Clubs of New York, and of the Electric, Union and Country Clubs of Cleveland. While at Princeton he was one of the founders of the Ivy Club.

MAPES BROTHERS are among the well-known, honorable and respected familes of Orange, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Their grandfather, John D. Mapes, was born in Seneca county, New York, December 20, 1807, a son of Seth and Julia (Smith) Mapes, natives also of that State. Two of their sons, William and Samuel, were soldiers in the war of 1812. John D. Mapes came to Ohio at the age of ten years, and seven years afterward located in Orange township, Cuyahoga county. His death occurred on the farm on which he had located in 1831, in October, 1885, at the age of seventy-eight years. Mr. Mapes was married May 10, 1831, to Henrietta Patchen, a native of New York, and a daughter of Noah and Sarah (Jenne) Patchen, who were born in Vermont, but their deaths occurred in Pennsylvania. They were the parents of nine children. John D. Mapes and wife had eight children: Edwin, Alvin and Alameda, deceased; Alpha, Perry, Rial, Sarah, and Jenny. Six of the children were successful school teachers. Mrs. Mapes still resides on the old homestead in Orange township.

Edwin Mapes, father of our subjects, was born on the home farm, November 27, 1833, and received his education at Chagrin Falls. In 1858 he went to Ogle county, Illinois, where he remained three years, and then returned to this place. He was an active worker in the Republican party, and for a number of years held the position of Justice of the Peace. Mr. Mapes was married September 17, 1856, to Mary Thorp, a native of Massachusetts, and a daughter of Ferris and Mary Ann (Bell) Thorp, the former born in Massachusetts, and the latter in Russell, Geauga county, Ohio. They had six children: Perry E.; J. P.; Charles A.; Hortense Strait, of Otsego, Michigan; Gertrude Jenks, a resident of Bainbridge, Ohio; and Fred E., at home. One child, Frank, died in infancy. Four of the children were school-teachers. Edwin Mapes died on the old homestead, September 1, 1884.

Perry E. Mapes, a son of the above and a member of the firm of Mapes Brothers, was born August 3, 1857. He received his education at this place and at Austintown, Ohio. He was united in marriage with Dolly Segebeer, a native of Cleveland, and they have two children, Lucy May and Theodore Perry.

John P., of the firm of Mapes Brothers, was born in Ogle county, Illinois, January 15, 1859. He received his education in the district schools of Austintown, and for the following nine years was a successful and popular teacher. He was married August 16, 1885, to Anna J., a daughter of Robert McFarland, of Solon, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Mapes have one son, Edwin G.

The Mapes farm is one of the most valuable places in Orange Township, contains fine springs of pure cold water, and many valuable improvements. In addition to general farming, the Mapes brothers have been extensively engaged in the dairy business for many years. They conduct a business amounting to $12,000 per annum, in milk, cream and maple syrup. Their beautiful residence was built in 1889, at a cost of $30,000, and contains all the modern improvements.

DYER W. NICHOLS, of Rockport, township, is a son of Loren D. and Marilla J. (Bassett) Nichols, residents of Rockport Hamlet. The father was born in this township in 1832, the mother in North Adams, Massachusetts, in 1830. They had nine children, of whom our subject is the eldest. He was born in Rockport Hamlet,

Cuyahoga county, Ohio, October 18, 1856, where he was brought up, receiving a common-school education. At fifteen years of age he was employed by the Lake Shore Railroad Company as brakeman, for four years. He then engaged in the milk business for five years, and since that time has followed the occupation of a carpenter.

He was married in Cleveland, Ohio, December 3, 1878, to Miss Minnie F. Schmidt, daughter of Jacob F. Schmidt, who died in Rockport Hamlet in January, 1891. Mrs. Minnie F. Nichols was born in Rockport Hamlet, November 22, 1859. Mr. and Mrs. Nichols have had three children: Fred, who died when five years of age; William J. and Hazel H.

Mr. Nichols was elected Clerk of Rockport township in the spring of 1892 and Clerk of Rockport Hamlet in the spring of 1893. He has held the office of Township Assessor for some twelve years and is also Clerk of the School Board. He has taken quite an active part in local and political affairs.

BENJAMIN F. PHINNEY, of Cleveland, a member of the Board of Equalization and Assignment, was born in Avon, Lorain county, Ohio, August 3, 1845. He is a son of Benjamin Phinney, who devoted his life to mercantile pursuits, beginning in Dover and concluding his career at Rockport in 1865. He was born in the old Bay State in 1805, and nine years later immigrated to this new western country with his father, Sylvanus Phinney, and located in Dover. Sylvanus Phinney was a tanner and carried on that business thirty-nine years in Dover, dying there at seventy years of age.

The Phinney family were among Massachusetts' first settlers, and found their way to that new country from the British Isles. Their occupations have not been numerous, as is generally the case where the family have a large connection, but they have confined themselves to merchandising and manufacturing in the main. Sylvanus was twice married, his first wife being the mother of his five children.

Benjamin Phinney was a merchant from early manhood, and was a useful and esteemed citizen. In early times he was a member of a militia company, but was never called into active service. For his first wife he took in marriage Miss —— Thompson, one child resulting from the union, Elmira, now Mrs. D. L. Oviatt. For his second wife Mr. Phinney married Susan Perry, who bore him three children, as follows: Helen, who died young; Benjamin F. and Theodore, who died at two years.

Our subject's youthful days were spent in about the usual way—attending the village school and in addition spending one year in Berea College. Possessing a rather restless, adventurous nature, the breaking out of the Civil war offered just such an opportunity as young Benjamin wanted—to break away for a time from the humdrum of school work and feast on new sights and experiences. Accordingly in August, 1861, when about seventeen, and without the consent of his father, he stole away at night, and, accompanied by a cousin of like age, proceeded to Ridgeville Center, Lorain county, where a company was being raised, enlisted and was sworn in before morning, thus precluding the parental interference. The company was raised by Lieutenant (afterward Captain) Benham. Upon order it reported at Camp Chase, and was assigned to the Forty-second Ohio, in command of Colonel James A. Garfield.

While the company was being drilled and made ready for active service Mr. Phinney contracted the measles and only became convalescent in time to accompany his regiment in December on its first expedition. They were ordered to Big Sandy valley to drive Humphrey Marshall out of that region. Afterward the Forty-second was ordered to Louisville to join the Army of the Ohio for a movement against the Confederates in southern Kentucky, meet-

ing them at the historic Mill Springs, where General Zollicoffer, of Confederate honors, was killed.

Proceeding thence to Cumberland Gap, the regiment was engaged in fortifying the place during the greater part of 1862. In September of that year the army succeeded in getting in rear of the gap and cut off the garrison's supplies and it became necessary to abandon the place. Tents were burned at night and the garrison proceeded to make its escape toward the Ohio river.

For fourteen days while crossing Kentucky not a ration was issued, the boys supplying themselves individually from the corn-fields and grating their corn into coarse meal and cooking it in their tin cups. Had this been their only hardship they would have fared fortunately, but they had no clothes and were ragged and had to walk, making progress necessarily slow. They reached the Union lines at Portsmouth and were warmly received by the populace for miles around bringing food and raiment.

When again ready for duty the regiment was ordered up the Kanawha into West Virginia to Charlestown and there received another order returning them to Cincinnati where they received six months' back pay.

A new order placed the regiment in the Department of the Mississippi and they transported it down the Mississippi river to Memphis, and up every night to avoid the possibility of a collision with the Confederates, who were always in close proximity. General Sherman was at Memphis preparing to move onto Vicksburg. The Forty-second Ohio was made a part of his army and the whole was landed at the mouth of the Yazoo river and immediately found an engagement on its hands. In the second day of the fight, Mr. Phinney was struck on the head with a piece of a shell and was reported killed in battle. He was placed in the hospital at Memphis and later transported to Benton Barracks, Missouri, being in both from January until April. Before he was pronounced convalescent he was given option of remaining in the hospital, taking a furlough or joining his regiment. He chose the last and found his company before Vicksburg at Milliken's Bend. From the day after his arrival to the surrender of the city the Forty-second Regiment was under fire daily.

On leaving Vicksburg, Mr. Phinney went to Jackson with his regiment, drove off the enemy and tore up the railroad. The regiment was in camp by orders for a number of weeks and while there Mr. Phinney was Deputy Provost Marshal under Marshal Benham. He was next ordered to report to General Lawler's headquarters in Morganza Bend, Louisiana, and was appointed the general's chief clerk. He performed his duties creditably and in 1864, not liking such inactivity, made application for his discharge, then three months over-due. He was ordered to Columbus Virginia of Chicago and mustered out and returned home the first time since the night of his sudden departure three years and three months before. On taking up civil affairs again Mr. Phinney entered Berea College and prosecuted his duties two years.

On the death of his father he assumed his business and conducted it successfully eighteen years, then retiring.

In a public capacity Mr. Phinney has done a fair share of service. In 1875 he was chosen Treasurer of Rockport township, serving six years. Centennial year he was appointed Postmaster of Rockport and performed the duties of the office till 1887. In 1881 he was elected a Commissioner of Cuyahoga county and re-elected in 1884, serving as president of the board the last two years, his term expiring in 1887, which year he removed his family to Cleveland.

January 1, 1888, Mr. Phinney engaged in building iron bridges, his work extending through the States of Maryland, New York, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio. His appointment as a member of the Board of Equalization and Assignment in May, 1892, severed his connection with the bridge industry and made him

once more a public official. He holds an interest in two corporate companies of Cleveland. He is a Royal Arch Mason, a member of the Army and Navy Post, G. A. R., and of the National Union.

Mr. Phinney married, in Rockport, Ava A., daughter of John Barnum. Three children blessed the union: Arthur Barnum and Alice May, twins, eighteen years of age, and Belle June, eleven years of age.

FRED R. BRIGGS, general passenger agent of the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad, is one of the younger railroad men who are coming rapidly to the front as the result of faithful and painstaking service, and a desire to render to his company the full measure of service which his exceptional ability makes possible.

He started out in life without extraordinary equipments, except his natural endowments of good sense and a grim determination to succeed. He left the public schools of this city at sixteen and for nearly two years was variously employed; lastly and just before entering railroad work he became an employee of the Cleveland City Forge, rather in response to a desire of his mother that he should learn a trade, since her brothers were all iron men and prosperous.

Five weeks sufficed to convince young Fred that handling iron bars was not his forte nor to his liking, and he decided to try railroading, going to the Valley Railroad as a brakeman. His service was so satisfactory that in two years the management placed him in charge of a passenger train, he being then only twenty years of age.

In September, 1882, Mr. Briggs left the Valley road and accepted a similar position with the Connotton Valley Railroad, now the Cleveland, Canton & Southern Railroad, duplicating his record with the Valley Railroad as an efficient servant. February 15, 1892, the management rewarded Mr. Briggs with the position of assistant general passenger agent, promoting him to his present office May 12, 1892.

The passenger service of the Cleveland, Canton & Southern is in better condition than at any time during its history as a result of Mr. Briggs' thorough, judicious advertising. He is conversant with the needs of his road and meets them at every point. Having been in the ranks in the operating department of the road he sympathizes most heartily with those under him and is an exceedingly popular official.

Mr. Briggs was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, June 22, 1862. He is a son of R. D. Briggs, a native of Ohio, born in 1837. When a boy of five years he came to Cleveland with his father, Erastus Briggs, who was for many years proprietor of the Franklyn House on the West Side. He began railroading when a young man, for the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad, as a brakeman. He became later a passenger conductor on the Fort Wayne road, and in the spring of 1866 left off railroading entirely and engaged in the livery business in Cleveland. He prospered in this business and in 1873

erected a new barn to accommodate his growing trade. But at this juncture the panic came on and so did the epizootic, stagnating business and creating havoc among his stock. Being somewhat reduced by these reverses he retired from the business, about 1880, and again gave his attention to railroading. He ran a train for two years for the Valley and was then made train-master and served one year. He came to the Cleveland, Canton & Southern in 1883 and served till 1886, retiring as master of transportation. He is now general agent of the Hartford Steam Boiler Insurance Company of Cleveland.

Erastus Briggs was born in Massachusetts in 1807, and came to Ohio in 1820, and followed occasional farming as well as hotel-keeping.

He married Sallie Hunt, and they both died here, the former in 1884, the latter in 1883. Eight children were born to them, five of whom are living. The mother of Fred R. Briggs was Mary E. Kaighen, whose father, William J. Kaighen, came to America from the Isle of Man in 1821. He was a ship carpenter, and died in 1886, at the age of eighty-five years. R. D. Briggs' children are,—Fred R., Kittie F., Bessie C., and Ralph E., Fred R. Briggs married, October 6, 1886, in Cleveland, Carrie A., a daughter of John Lowrie, a West Side baker and a pioneer from England. To Mr. and Mrs. Briggs were born Ruth and Nadine.

Mr. Briggs is a member of the General Passenger Agents' Association, but the press of business renders his time too limited to affiliate as yet.

FRANCIS JOSEPH WING, attorney at law, was born at Bloomfield, Trumbull county, Ohio, September 14, 1850.

Mr. Wing is a son of Joseph Knowles Wing, the youngest child of Bani and Lucy (Clary) Wing, who had nine children. Bani Wing was a son of John Wing, whose father was John Wing, a son of Ananias, the oldest son of John Wing, the second son of John Wing and his wife Deborah Batchelder, who with their four sons, John, David, Daniel, Stephen and Matthew arrived at Boston from England in the ship William Francis, on the 5th day of June, 1632, and first settled in Saugus, New Lynn, Massachusetts, but later emigrated to the region known as the Peninsula of Cape Cod.

Bani Wing, the grandfather of our subject, was pensioned as a Revolutionary soldier, and the pension was continued to his widow.

The father of our subject was born at Wilmington, Vermont, July 27, 1810. In the spring of 1831 he came to the Western Reserve of Ohio, and located at Bloomfield, where he now resides. In October, 1842, he married Mary, a daughter of Ephraim and Mary (Huntington) Brown.

At the outbreak of the Civil war President Lincoln appointed Mr. Wing as assistant quartermaster, with the rank of Captain. Afterwards he was successively commissioned Major and Lieutenant-Colonel by brevet.

His wife died at her home, December 15, 1887. She was born at Westmoreland, New Hampshire, May 28, 1812, and at the time her parents removed to Bloomfield, Ohio, she was in her fourteenth year. There were born unto Joseph K. and Mary (Brown) Wing the following children: Mary Huntington, Elizabeth Brown, Pancoast, George Clary, Francis Joseph, Julia King (deceased), and Annie Margaret.

Francis J. Wing, the subject of this sketch, first attended the public schools at Bloomfield, and from a private tutor went to Phillips Academy at Andover, Massachusetts, and then was under a private tutor at Cambridge, Massachusetts; then entered Harvard College, which he left during his junior year.

Next he studied law with Caleb Blodgett for one year at Boston, Massachusetts. Later he studied under Judge Buckingham, of Newark, Ohio, then under Edward O. Fitch, of Ashtabula, Ohio.

Mr. Wing was admitted to the bar in January, 1874, and then came to Cleveland, and for

the first two years practiced alone. He then became a member of the law firm of Coon & Wing, which continued till 1880. He then served for one year as assistant United States Attorney. Thereafter his brother, George C. Wing and he practiced law together till 1892, when Edwin L. Thurston, his present partner, became his professional associate.

September 25, 1878, Mr. Wing married Miss Mary Brackett Remington, a daughter of Stephen G. Remington, Assistant Auditor of the Lake Shore Railroad. Mr. and Mrs. Wing have three children, namely: Virginia, Maurice and Stephanie.

Mr. Wing has been very successful in the practice of law and has been retained in many important cases of litigation. He has always been prominent as a Republican in politics, and shares the esteem and confidence of the bar and the public.

ASA DUNHAM, retired farmer of Bedford, Ohio, is one of the best known citizens in that locality, and is a representative of one of the prominent pioneer families of Cuyahoga county. He was born at Independence, near Bedford, Ohio, on July 14, 1819, and was the fifth son and sixth of ten children born to John and Elizabeth (Hungerford) Dunham, both of whom were natives of Herkimer county, New York. John Dunham was the son of an early settler of New York. He was reared on the farm, and after his marriage removed to Ohio in 1817, and settled in Independence township, Cuyahoga county. Locating upon an unimproved tract of land near where a brother-in-law named King had previously settled, he cleared up eighty acres northwest from Bedford, and moved his family upon the same, and this farm is now owned by our subject. Dunham street, on which this land is situated, was so named in honor of the old gentleman. He assisted to organize Bedford township, and held various public positions of trust and responsibility. His death occurred in 1847, at the age of sixty-three years. His widow survived him and died in the eighty-third year of her age. She was in early life a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but later was a Disciple. The children of John Dunham were as follows: Ambrose, who died at the age of seventy-three years; Chester, of Steuben county, Indiana, died at the age of eighty years; Alonzo, of Steuben county, Indiana, now in his eightieth year; Laura, the widow of Turner Hubbell, of Bedford, now in her seventy-eighth year; John, of Bedford, now in his seventy-seventh year; Asa, our subject; Phebe, the widow of Mr. Thompson, now in her seventy-second year; Jehiel, of Strongsville, now in his sixty-seventh year; Lorenzo, of Steuben county, Indiana, now in his sixty-fourth year, and Eliza, wife of William Wheeler, now in her sixty-second year.

Asa Dunham was reared on the farm, and his education was obtained at a subscription school held in the primitive log schoolhouse of the early days, working on the farm during the summer and attending school during the winter months. He resided with his parents until he reached his majority, and then started out in life without means, but blessed with good health, energy and determination to make his own way through life without calling upon his parents for assistance. When he left home he had but few clothes and his wardrobe did not include necessary covering his feet. Mr. Dunham was married, in 1850, to Miss Lucinda Ransom, who was a native of Warrensville, Ohio, and the daughter of Oliver and Rachel (Hollister) Ransom, both of whom came to Ohio from Connecticut, and were pioneers of Warrensville. Two children were born to Mr. Dunham and his wife: Lud and Lloyd, both of whom are prominent farmers on Dunham street. Mrs. Dunham died June, 1887, at the age of sixty-seven years.

Mr. Dunham served for twenty years as trustee of the township, and has held various local offices of trust. He is a member of Bedford Lodge, No. 375, A. F. and A. M. Politic-

ally he is a Republican, but was originally an old line Whig. Mr. Dunham is one of the most prominent farmers and citizens of his township. His life has been an active and busy one, during which he has accumulated large property. But, best of all, he has built up a reputation for honesty and fair dealing which will outlive money or property, and has so lived that he has always commanded the respect and esteem of his neighbors and all of know him. He is a self-made man in all that term implies. Beginning life with only a limited education and with no means at all, he has succeeded in climbing the ladder rung by rung until now, in his declining days, he is surrounded by friends and relatives, and enjoys the well earned fruits of a long and honorable life.

J. E. PENDER, was born in Cleveland, December 27, 1847. His Father, M. Pender, was a mason by trade and become a resident of Cleveland in 1845. He was direct from Ireland, where he was born in 1827. He was a member of the Hibernian Guards of this city, an organization of a semi-military character. His wife was Mary Stines, whom he married in Ireland, and to them were born four children: M., yardmaster for the stock yards at Chicago, Illinois, Jacob E.; William, yard-conductor on the Cleveland & Pittsburg Road; and Elizabeth, wife of George Measer, of Cleveland. J. E. Pender received liberal training from the Brothers' school of this city, cutting short his career as pupil to begin his railroad career. He was given the place of brakeman by the Cleveland & Pittsburg Railroad Company, and was the youngest employee on the road in that capacity. In less than four years he was made a yard-conductor and in six years more earned and secured the position of yardmaster, having been in the position now just twenty years. During this whole period he has never met with an accident resulting in the loss of a joint. Mr. Pender married, in Cleveland, Kate E. Clark, a daughter of Barney Clark, of Irish birth. They are the parents of three children: Mary, wife of James McCarty; J. E. Jr.; and Viola, who died September 25, 1890, at the age of seventeen. Mrs. Pender died August 26, 1893, at forty-eight years of age.

Mr. Pender is a member of the Order of Railroad Conductors, Cleveland & Pittsburg Company's Relief, and is I. D. S. of the Order of Railroad Conductors. He is a consistent member of the late Father Sidley's congregation.

JAMES KIRKLAND, deceased, was born in Scotland, August 22, 1847, a son of Alexander and Margaret (Laughlands) Kirkland. In 1854 James sailed with his family, the father having previously crossed the ocean on the City of Glasgow to New York, but immediately resumed the journey to Ohio, where he was reared a farmer boy in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county. Being a very energetic and hard-working young man, he began to accumulate property early in life, and at his marriage, in May, 1884, had a comfortable home provided. His wife was Emma Naaf, born in Brooklyn Village, Cuyahoga county, April 18, 1855, a daughter of John W. and Barbara (Bittner) Naaf.

After marriage, Mr. Kirkland resided on the old homestead in Royalton township until moving to the farm where he met his tragic death. He had bought an excellent place in the northern part of Royalton township, erected a beautiful residence, fine barns, and moved to that farm in December, 1892. An old brick house which had formerly stood near the new residence had been partially torn away, and, to add to the appearance of his beautiful home, Mr. Kirkland concluded to complete the task of removing the old structure. While thus engaged, July 3, 1893, the shaky old walls fell, he being caught in the crash, and death resulted almost instantly. His only child, Margaret B., who was born October 21, 1880, stood within a few

feet of where her father met his death. Mr. Kirkland was buried in the Royalton Cemetery. He was a hard-working, industrious farmer, and was a self-made man in every particular. His untimely death cast a gloom over the entire community, and was an abrupt ending of what would have been a successful career. Since his death, his wife has managed the farm in a manner suggestive of much business sagacity. Mr. Kirkland was a Republican in his political views, although not a politician, and was an attendant at the Methodist Church.

CALVIN MANNING, one of the highly respected farmers of Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, was born near Portage, Summit county, Ohio, May 14, 1829, a son of John Manning, who was born and reared in Pennsylvania. When a young man he was united in marriage with Sophia Coggswell. In 1809 this young couple crossed the Alleghany mountains for the then far-distant west and after a long and tedious journey in a wagon located in an almost unbroken forest in Summit county, Ohio. Their family then consisted of the following children: Joel, John, William, Gerard, Alfred, Calvin, Erastus, Sally, Lucinda, Lorena and Matilda. Only four of the children are still living: Matilda, Erastus, Calvin and William. Mr. and Mrs. Manning died in Summit county, after sharing the innumerable hardships necessary to pioneer life.

Calvin Manning, the subject of this sketch, attended school during only a few months in the winter seasons. When a young man he went to Akron, Ohio, to learn the trade of moulder in one of the old shops of that city. He began business for himself at Wadsworth, this State, but soon afterward sickness in the family obliged him to abandon all ideas of working on his own account, and he returned to the employ of others. Mr. Manning then followed his trade in Cleveland for a number of years. In 1881 he came to Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, and purchased a farm near Bennett's Corners.

In Summit county, Ohio, when a young man, our subject was united in marriage with Nancy A. DeLong, a native of Copley, that county, and a daughter of P. L. DeLong. To this union has been born one child, Jennie, who is still at home. They have also reared an adopted child, Fred Parker. For many years Mrs. Manning had been a great sufferer, and had been pronounced incurable by prominent medical men. By the influences of a faith cure or Spiritualistic she has entirely recovered, and is now a comparatively robust lady. In political matters, Mr. Manning cast his first presidential vote for a Democratic candidate, but has since joined the Republican ranks, of which he is now a staunch supporter. He has amassed a comfortable competence, and has succeeded in retaining the respect and esteem of the entire neighborhood.

W. S. JAMES, M. D., has an office at No. 1519½ Lorain street, Cleveland (West Side). He is one of the young practitioners of the city, being born October 16, 1858, at Warren, Ohio. His parents, Seely and Catharine James, were long time residents of Warren, and the father, who is of Welsh descent, resides there at present; and the mother, who is of German lineage, died in 1885.

At Nelson Academy Dr. James acquired a preliminary education, which was supplemented by a course at the Western Reserve Seminary, and he also took a course at Oberlin College; meanwhile he was also engaged in teaching school. He attended the Wooster Medical College, graduated at the Columbus Medical College, and is also an alumnus of the Starling Medical College. He has had considerable hospital practice, and when he entered upon the practice of his profession in this city he was equipped for his work. He is a member of the

Cuyahoga County, Cleveland and Ohio Medical Societies, and fraternally is a member of the I. O. F., and of other fraternal and beneficiary associations.

Dr. James is a Republican in politics, and he is a religious man, being a member of the Gorgon Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church. December 16, 1882, he wedded Miss Sarah Thomson, of Middlefield, Geauga county, Ohio.

HIRAM BRADLEY, of Middleburg township, was born January 11, 1821, in Perry, Lake county, Ohio, where he passed the days of his boyhood until eleven years of age, when his father, Thomas Bradley, removed to Cuyahoga county, settling in Middleburg township; he died in Lenawee county, Michigan.

Mr. Hiram Bradley has continued to reside in Middleburg township to the present time. He was married in Olmsted township, this county, December 14, 1842, to Miss Abigail Gage, who was born in Vermont, March 28, 1825, a daughter of George Gage, who was an old settler of that township, and died in 1867. After his marriage Mr. Bradley settled in Olmsted, where he lived a short time, and then located in Middleburg township. He has had seven children, as follows: Henry G., Wilbur, Alice, Joel (deceased), Amy A., Arthur (deceased) and Hiram B.

JOHN GRAY, of Middleburg township, was born in Euclid, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, April 21, 1822. His father, William Gray, came to this county from Virginia when a young man. He was married in Euclid, to Miss Clarissa Porter, who was born in New Hampshire, and was a young girl when she came with her parents to this locality. Mr. Gray's parents, after their marriage, settled in Euclid and lived there until about 1831, when they removed to Rockport township and resided there several years, and then located in Middleburg township, where Mr. Gray operated a sawmill till the most valuable timber was nearly exhausted. Selling out, he moved to Berea, where he passed the remainder of his days. His wife had died in Rockport township. They had nine children who grew up to years of maturity: two died when young.

Mr. John Gray was nine years old when he came with his father and family to Rockport township, and when thirteen years of age he began work on the Ohio canal, where he continued ten years. He was married in Middleburg township, April 4, 1847, to Sophronia Greenough, who was born in Vermont, November 13, 1827. Her father, Daniel Greenough, was also a native of that State, and her mother, whose name before marriage was Wealthy Kellogg, was born in Vermont, and the parents come to Cleveland in 1831, and lived there two years. Mr. Greenough was a painter by trade, residing at different places, and died in Elyria, Ohio. His wife died in Huntington, this State. Of a family of three children Mrs. Gray was the eldest.

After his marriage Mr. Gray settled in Middleburg township, on the farm where he still continues to reside. Of his thirteen children eight grew up, namely: Albert, Helen, Lovina, Mabel, John M., Emma, Merritt and Arthur.

REV. HIRAM COLLINS HAYDN, D. D., LL. D., pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of Cleveland, Ohio, is one of the oldest, if not the oldest, resident minister now filling a pulpit in this city, though but a little past sixty years of age.

The first representative of the Haydn family in America was a resident of Windsor, Connecticut. The Doctor's parents, David Ellsworth and Lucinda (Cooley) Haydn, were natives of New York, the father being a farmer and a natural mechanic. He died at the age of

seventy-five, and his wife some years later, at about the same age. Both were Christian people and by their many sterling qualities endeared themselves to all who knew them. They had six children, two of whom died in early life. Those living are: Caroline, wife of George W. Haskell, Washington city; Hector C., resident of Connecticut; Lucy H., wife of Richard Bishop, of Leslie, Michigan; and the subject of this sketch. The family name was originally spelled Hayden, but for special reasons the "e" was dropped when Hiram C. was a boy.

Hiram C. Haydn was educated at Pompey Academy, and at Amherst College, where he graduated in 1856; and also at Union Seminary, New York, where he graduated with the class of 1859. His ministerial work has been at the following places: Montville, Connecticut; Meriden, Connecticut, where he served in the First Congregational Church; Painesville, Ohio, in the Congregational Church; and Cleveland, from 1872 until 1880. In 1880 he was appointed Secretary of the American Board of Foreign Missions at New York city, and served in that capacity until 1884, when he was recalled to the pulpit he had formerly occupied in Cleveland and which he has since filled most acceptably. During this time he was President of the Western Reserve University three years, and while serving in that capacity he founded the College for Women, which has proved eminently successful. He is still Vice President of the University and a Professor in the College for Women.

Dr. Haydn has all his life taken an especial interest in the young people of the Church. In 1893 he published a book entitled "Brightening the World." This volume is dedicated to the Christian Endeavor societies, the Epworth and Westminster Leagues, Student Volunteers, and similar organizations of young people. In the seventies he published "Lay Effort," especially addressed to the young men of the Christian Associations. In 1879 the Fletcher prize essay on Amusements was written and published; later, a booklet—The Blessed Man. He received the title of D. D. from Wooster University; of LL. D. from both Amherst and Marietta Colleges.

In May, 1861, Dr. Haydn was married to Miss Elizabeth B. Coit, of Norwich, Connecticut, and a daughter of Daniel and Harriett Coit. She died leaving an only child, Elizabeth, now the wife of E. W. Haines, of Cleveland. His second marriage was to Sarah J. Merriman, of Meriden, Connecticut, a daughter of Howell Merriman, the date of their marriage being January, 1864. They have three children: Charles R., Howell M. and Ruth E.

FRED SAAL, County Recorder for Cuyahoga county, was elected to that office as a Republican candidate, in November, 1891, and January 1, 1892, took charge of the office for a term of three years. Mr. Saal is rather a young man, but is, nevertheless, possessed of good business qualities and is well fitted for the public trust he holds. In 1890 he was appointed on the Board of Equalization, and was serving on that board when he was elected County Recorder.

Mr. Saal was born in Cleveland, September 10, 1859, son of George and Barbara (Orth) Saal. His parents were born in Langfield, Germany. They were married in Cleveland, he having come to the United States and to Cleveland in 1852, and she in 1853. The father died in 1884, aged fifty-one years. He was one of the first police commissioners elected in Cleveland, and served as such for six years.

He was a stanch Republican in politics, and a well-known and respected man. For many years he merchandised in Cleveland, being first a grocer and confectioner, then a hardware dealer. His son, whose name forms the caption of this article, was given a common-school education and was brought up in the store of his father, thus gaining early in life a business experience. He was associated with his father in the grocery

and confectionery business up to the year 1875, when they sold their business interest and removed on to a farm on the West Side of Cleveland. Subsequently they again embarked in mercantile pursuits, opening a hardware store at 313 to 317 Detroit street, under the firm name of George Saal & Son. Upon the death of the senior Saal in 1884, the son succeeded to the business and continued the same till elected County Recorder in November, 1891, when he sold the business he had so successfully conducted.

In December, 1881, Mr. Saal was married to Florence Jackson, of Cleveland. A son and daughter are the happy issue of the marriage.

Mr. Saal is a Knight-Templar Mason, and is one of the most popular young men of the city and county.

A. H. SHUNK, Superintendent of the Cleveland Protestant Orphan Asylum, of Cleveland, was born in Fredericktown, Knox county, Ohio, October 24, 1834, a son of John Shunk. The latter was born in Maryland in 1797, came to Ohio in 1833, and his death occurred at Cardington, this state, in in 1862. He married Rebecca Wolf, a native of Union Bridge, Maryland, and they had the following children: Edwin, a retired farmer of Delaware county, Ohio; Aborilla, widow of Henry Bailey, and a resident of Marysville, Ohio; Mary E., widow of Mr. Badger, resides in this city; Susan E., widow of Mr. Nicholas; Thomas E., served as First Lieutenant of the Ninety-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and died in Louisiana, during General Banks' Red river campaign; Anna M., of Marysville, Ohio, is widow of Dr. Mills; James G., deceased at Norwalk, this State, in 1892; and A. H., our subject. The Shunk family are of German origin. Three brothers of that name emigrated to America, locating in Pennsylvania, Maryland and Canada, and one of the brothers was the grandfather of our subject.

A. H. Shunk was taken by his parents to Cardington, Ohio, in his youth, where he obtained the foundation for a liberal English education. When the Cleveland & Columbus Railroad was built to this city, his father received the position of station agent, and when the latter was elected auditor of the county, our subject was appointed to succeed him as agent. He performed the duties of that office until 1870. Mr. Shunk then started on a western trip, for the benefit of lung trouble, and having friends in Kansas, went to that State. He went from Ottawa, then the terminus of the old L., L. & G. Railroad, to Iola by stage, a distance of fifty miles, and found his friend at a rude western village called Geneva. After visiting there a few days, Mr. Shunk crossed the prairie on horseback to visit another old Ohio neighbor, expecting to return to Ottawa in a few days and continue his journey westward to California. While on his way to his friend he chanced to pass a strikingly beautiful grove of young walnut timber on a small creek. On the following day his friend suggested they look at a claim in the neighborhood, which happened to be the same walnut-grove farm. Mr. Shunk was asked to make a bid on the place, which he did reluctantly, not caring to own real estate there, offering about one-half of the owner's price. The next morning the pioneer settler notified Mr. Shunk that he had bought a farm. He then decided to locate there, returned to Geneva for a yoke of oxen, two pigs and household goods, and on the return trip he was obliged to camp out during the night. He remained in Kansas about three years, and during that time grew decidedly better of his lung trouble. He then returned to Cleveland, Ohio, for medical treatment, and soon afterward received the appointment of superintendent of the Cleveland Protestant Orphan Asylum.

In this institution Mr. Shunk met a lady who had given three years of her life to the care of the motherless and friendless children. She was a daughter of Judge Warren, of Warrensville. In April, 1873, they were married, and

their history since that time has been identical with that of the grand institution over which they preside. In her address accepting the new building, the venerable president of the board of managers, Mrs B. Rouse, said: "It is but justice to our valued superintendent and matron to make mention here of their marked ability and faithfulness. Their love to the children is as near parental as possible. They give them the most tender care, especially in sickness, and as a board we tender them most cheerfully our confidence, regard and sympathy in all their varied and responsible duties.

DR. F. H. BARR, physician and surgeon, corner of Wood avenue and Wilson street, Cleveland, Ohio, has been identified with the medical profession of this city for a quarter of a century. As one of Cleveland's eminent physicians, a sketch of his life will be of interest to many, and is herewith presented:

Dr. F. H. Barr was born in Tomkins county, New York, January 11, 1849, son of Dr. D. T. and Harriet (Blake) Barr, both natives of the Empire State. For nearly fifty years his father has conducted a successful practice throughout central New York, from Auburn to Ithaca, and is well known and highly respected. Now in his eighty-second year, he is still quite vigorous and is frequently called in consultation. For a number of years he has made his home with his son, Dr. W. H. Barr, who is following in the footsteps of his honored father and who has already gained an enviable reputation throughout his native State, where he has traveled, making surgery a specialty. The mother of our subject died in 1872, aged fifty-two years. She was a woman of many estimable qualities, and the sweetest of Christian graces were hers. Like her husband, she was a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal Church. He was leader of the choir for half a century, and, indeed, he and his wife have been leaders in all that is good and noble. Their family is composed of four sons and one daughter, the subject of our sketch being the second son. David, the oldest, has been in the hardware business the past thirty years, having had as a partner for the last fifteen years his youngest brother, Fred, their business being conducted under the firm name of The Barr Bros., Ithaca, New York. Dr. William H. Barr, who has already been alluded to, the owner of Ladoga Park, New York, is in partnership with his father, and has a most extensive practice in his profession. Myra W., the only daughter in this family, is married, and her husband has been connected with the United States Express Company in an official way for more than thirty years.

Dr. F. H. Barr received his education in the the Ithaca Academy, State University of Michigan (medical department) and the Cleveland Medical College, being a graduate at the latter with the class of 1871. He at first read medicine under his father's instructions, and afterward in the office of Drs. Beckwith & Brown, of Cleveland. As above stated, he has been engaged in the practice of his profession here for twenty-five years, and his career has been one of eminent success. He is a frequent contributor to various medical journals; was lecturer on Hygiene and Sanitary Science in the Cleveland Medical College for some time, and is still connected with that institution. He is also physician for the Protestant Orphan Asylum of Cleveland.

Politically, the Doctor is a Republican. Four terms he served as a member of the City Council, from the Fourteenth ward, and was a member of the Republican Central Committee for three years. He belonged to the "Centennial City Council," which was composed of thirty-six members, there being eighteen wards in the city at that time. This council agreed to keep up a yearly meeting until the last member should come alone, and those meetings have been held annually ever since 1876. At this writing about half of their number have been called to the Council on the other shore. The late Judge Sherwood was the youngest of the

thirty-six, and the subject of our sketch comes next. Fraternally, the Doctor is identified with the I. O. O. F. Both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Barr was married in 1872 to Miss Frances Wooldridge, daughter of Richard Wooldridge, of Cleveland. They have three sons and one daughter,—Frank, Harry, David W. and Marguerite.

N. S. AMSTUTZ.—There is probably no field of human achievement in which more rapid and brilliant progress has been made within the past two decades than in the line of art and mechanical depicture. From the crude and ineffective drawings that formerly were utilized in the illustrating of the leading periodicals of the day has sprung forth an art which causes its prototype to pale into almost ludicrous insignificance. The illustrations appearing in our periodicals at the present time are marvels of beauty and perfect fidelity, while from one or two primitive processes have been evolved a full score of methods, each of which may justly claim precedence in certain lines. Of course this improvement has had an equally marked influence outside of the one province to which reference has here been made.

The subject of this sketch, who is widely recognized as an artist draftsman of unmistakable talent, is now a resident of Cleveland, the scene of his nativity having been a farmstead in Wayne county, Ohio, where his father, John Amstutz, was a prominent and highly esteemed citizen. The maiden name of our subject's mother was Fannie Steiner. Mr. and Mrs. John Amstutz were the parents of seven children, of whom four are now living.

N. S. Amstutz received a fair common-school education and early in life became a mechanical draftsman, which occupation he followed successfully for five years. He then gave his attention to the profession of a patent solicitor, and while thus engaged his interest in electrical work was enlisted. He also gave special attention in an incidental way to telegraphic and telephonic work as well as scientific photography. He made quite a number of experiments in the reproduction of photographs, and the results attained were very gratifying. His method of reproduction was by the use of gelatine, and in this line he discovered an improved process of transmitting a photograph. To make a practical application of the results of his experimentation he gradually became interested in the engraving business, and by his productions in this line he has gained considerable distinction.

Mr. Amstutz's residence in Cleveland dates back from the year 1883, and among the artist draftsmen of the city there are none more thoroughly qualified for the execution of work in the line of the profession than is he. It is generally conceded that the gentleman well merits the distinguished success that has attended his efforts, for the former is the diametrical result of the latter as applied with careful study and perfect familiarity with all the details of the work. As a draftsman he stands pre-eminent, and as an artist in his particular line he is unexcelled. He was for some time the special artist of that excellent publication, the New York Daily Graphic, whose only fault, resulting in the failure of the venture, was that it was ahead of the times in its methods and aims. Mr. Amstutz's work in the connection elicited much attention and met with the highest endorsement. Maintaining an office at 506 Cuyahoga Building, he makes a specialty of Patent Office drawing for photo and wood engraving, bird's-eye views, mechanical depictures and scenery. His drawings of complicated machinery and his facility of execution in other exacting lines allied to this are so widely recognized that his services are in ready demand,—the most perfect evidence of appreciation.

In closing it will be apropos to call attention to certain points by which our subject has gained particular distinction in the several lines of work to which he has devoted himself. In the line of electrical appliances he has brought out an

original idea in regard to the practical lighting of isolated buildings by the use of individual dynamos; in prosecuting his experiments in photographic reproduction he discovered the method of substituting wax in the place of tinfoil; he has made a number of successful and valuable experiments in composite photography and in gelatine relief printing from photographic plates. Mr. Amstutz is young, ambitious and persevering, taking a keen interest in his work and ever aiming to improve upon results already attained. Thus fortified, his success is but the legitimate outcome of his labors.

HON. EDWIN TIMOTHY HAMILTON, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, was born in Newburg (now a part of the city of Cleveland), Ohio, July 13, 1830. His father, Justus Hamilton, was born in Massachusetts, March 17, 1792, and died in Newburg township, Cuyahoga county, April 6, 1864. He was a son of Samuel Hamilton, one of the very first settlers of Cuyahoga county, migrating from Massachusetts, his native State, in 1801, settling at Newburg. He was descended from an old New England family which traced its lineage to a sturdy race from northern Ireland. When his parents came to Ohio, Justus Hamilton was a youth of nine years. Growing to manhood, he married and settled down in life on a farm in Newburg township, where he lived for many years. He was a farmer by occupation, and as such he was very successful. He held several positions of honor and trust, serving for many years as magistrate in Newburg. He was esteemed for his strict character for probity, and bestowed great care upon the training of his family, inculcating their minds with loftiest and strictest ideas of honor and integrity. He had a wife worthy of his good name and character. She was by maiden name Salinda Brainard, whom he married January 29, 1826. She was born in Connecticut, March 16, 1793, and died at Newburg, Ohio, September 8, 1859. She was a daughter of Amos and Rachel Brainard, and they were pioneer settlers of Cuyahoga county and were among that sturdy class of settlers who came from New England. The Brainard family is descended from Daniel Brainard, who, when eight years of age, was brought to this country from England, and who became, in 1662, the largest landholder in Haddam, Connecticut.

Unto Justus and Salinda Hamilton there were born three sons and one daughter; and of one of these sons, Edwin Timothy Hamilton, this personal mention is made.

He was brought up on a farm, receiving his early scholastic training in the public schools of Newburg, and was then sent to Allegheny College at Meadville, Pennsylvania. Leaving college in 1851, he took up the study of law under the guidance of Kelly, Bolton & Griswold, then a very strong law firm of Cleveland. In the year 1854 he was admitted to the bar and in the same year went West, being admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Iowa. Locating at Ottumwa, Iowa, he there took up the pretice of his profession. Six months later, on account of failing health, he returned to Cleveland, and regaining good health he then resumed the practice and won an enviable reputation in a profession peculiarly suited to his tastes and character of mind.

In 1862, Mr. Hamilton enlisted in Company D of the Eighty-fourth Ohio Regiment, Volunteer Infantry. Serving four months, he returned home and resumed the practice of law.

In 1873, the town of Newburg, then the place of his residence, having been incorporated with the city of Cleveland, as the Eighteenth ward, he was one of two who were elected from that ward as members of the City Council. In 1875 he was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas. His career on the bench gave such universal satisfaction that he was honored with a re-election in 1880, and by two subsequent elections he has been kept on the bench, now serving his fourth term as Judge of the Court of Common Pleas.

In politics, Judge Hamilton is a Republican, having been such from the organization of the party, though the etiquette, dignity and usefulness of his position on the bench forbid him taking active part in politics. Of Judge Hamilton it may be said that he is a man without reproach, in both his private and public career. As a lawyer, he was of force and influence at the bar. As a judge, he is fearless, fair and strictly conscientious. He is of keen perception and insight, and is possessed of a clear and logical mind, thoroughly conversant with the law in all its bearings. He is a ripe scholar, possessed of a quiet dignity and commanding presence.

February 10, 1863, Judge Hamilton was united in marriage with Mary E., the daughter of John and Mary Ann (Mason) Jones. In 1865, there was born unto the marriage a son, Walter J., a practicing attorney of Cleveland; and in 1866, a daughter, Florence A., was born.

HENRY BORN, manager of the Born Steel Range and Manufacturing Company, and one of the representative business men of Cleveland, was born in Bavaria, Germany, February 25, 1845, a son of Frederick and Johanna Born, natives also of that country,—the father born February 14, 1805, and the mother April 13, 1807. They emigrated to America in 1847, coming direct to Cleveland, where the father embarked in the tin and stove business on Water street. The enterprise grew in importance, and in 1852 Mr. Born made his son, C. P., his partner, the firm name becoming F. & C. P. Born. In 1859 the senior member of the firm retired from active labor, and removed to Liverpool, Medina county, Ohio. C. P. Born then continued the business alone until 1868, when his brothers, F. & H. Born, became his partners. Five years later F. & H. Born established a business of their own, with a capital stock of $6,000, which afterward became known as the Born Steel Range and Manufacturing Company. The enterprise was incorporated as a stock company in 1891, and during the same year F. Born died. Henry Born then became manager of the company, with F. C. McMillin, of Cleveland, as president; A. M. Metheney, vice-president; and Charles B. Coon, secretary. The Born Steel Range and Manufacturing Company manufacture excellent ranges and furnaces, employ a large number of mechanics, and their goods are sold in all the principal cities of this country. The city of Galion donated land for their factory, which was erected at a cost of $40,000, and they employ 135 laborers. The salesrooms and general office are located in Cleveland. Their ranges and urns were exhibited at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, and were given the only medal awarded on the merits of ranges and urns. It is but just to claim that to the genius of Mr. Born is due the excellency of the goods. He is the inventor and patentee of six different inventions on the steel ranges manufactured by the company, and is also patentee of a coffee urn. His patents were sold for $30,000 to the company at the time of its organization.

Henry Born is one of ten sons and daughters, two of whom died in infancy. The father departed this life in 1883, and the mother in 1885, aged seventy-eight and seventy-nine years respectively. Their son, C. P. Born, died in 1879. He is still remembered in Cleveland as an active and successful business man and a representative citizen. Frederick Born died in 1891, after having achieved an enviable reputation as a business man. William Born enlisted in the United States army, and while serving in the defense of his country died of yellow fever at Galveston, Texas, in 1865; Mary, a sister, married Henry Schneider, of Glenville, Ohio; Frederica is the wife of William Schweitzer, of Chicago; and Minnie is the wife of William Helbick of Cleveland.

Henry Born, our subject, attended the schools of this city until thirteen years of age. He then learned the tinner's trade from his father,

engaged in that occupation eight years, and was then a salesman for his brother until engaging in his present business. October 25, 1879, Mr. Born was united in marriage with Lonisa B. Cook, a daughter of George and Louise Cook, of German origin. To this union has been added two children,—Henry, born November 2, 1880; and Louisa, born May 13, 1884. In his social relations, Mr. Born is a Knight Templar, and a member of the Knights of Pythias. Politically, he affiliates with the Republican party.

F. O. SPENCER.—On the 14th day of May, 1859, in the city of Cleveland, was born the subject of this sketch. Mr. Spencer is a son of Albert K. and Charlotte M. (Polley) Spencer. He attended the public schools of the city and graduated from the Central High School in 1876. He then went to Yale College, from which college he graduated in 1880. During vacations in the meantime he remained in the bank with his father, and after his graduation he entered the First National Bank, where he was engaged for one year, at the close of which he entered the law office of Judge Baldwin, of this city, under whose guidance he took up the study of law, at which he continued for one year. He then became interested as an investor in the Leader Sewing Machine Company, of which he became secretary, remaining as such for two years. Then selling out his interest he engaged in the commission business, dealing in stocks and bonds, with success, covering a period of seven years. In 1887 he was elected to the City Council, as a member of which body he served for four years, being twice elected president of the Council, being the youngest man who had ever shared that honor in the city of Cleveland. His success in private affairs and the popularity of his public services were such as made him a proper candidate for the legislature in 1891, in which year he was elected to the Seventieth General Assembly of the State of Ohio, as a member of the Senate. He at once took an active and prominent part in the deliberations of that body, becoming chairman of the committee on municipal affairs, the committee being designated as No. 1, and its work in the main considered such as concerned the cities of Cincinnati and Cleveland. He was also a member of the committee on federal affairs, and became also chairman of the committee on penitentiary. Mr. Spencer is now a representative of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, in which capacity he has already given evidence of ability and success.

Politically he has always been an ardent Republican. Fraternally he is a member of the order of Knights of Pythias, belonging to Pearl Lodge, No. 123.

JOHN FOOTE was born in the city of Cleveland, in January, 1844. He was left an orphan at a very tender age and at that particular period in life where a youth needs the most and best of parental care. He obtained a decent education from the primary grades of the public school. He was thrown upon his own resources almost from the age of twelve years and turned his hand to any honest employment that would yield income sufficient to feed and clothe him. When the government at Washington was calling for soldiers to preserve the Union, Mr. Foote enlisted in Company C, Eighty-sixth Ohio Volunteer Infantry, three months' men, and saw service in West Virginia at Clarksburg and Parkersburg, doing good duty. On the expiration of his term of enlistment, he returned to Cleveland, and engaged in railroad work, first on the Mahoning Division of the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio, and later as fireman on the Cleveland, Cincinnati & Chicago Railroad. In 1864, he came to the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Company in the same capacity. In three years more he was promoted to be an engineer and since 1873 has been in the passenger service.

In his whole twenty-nine years of service for this company he has not lost a day except when absent on leave to visit the World's Fair. During this present summer it has fallen to his lot to run the fastest train ever put on the Lake Shore Road, namely, the "Exposition Flyer," a mention of which train is sufficient to recall at once its character.

Mr. Foote is a son of John Foote, Sr., who died in 1854. He married Miss Decker, who bore him only one child and died in 1845.

Mr. Foote was married in Cleveland, in 1865, to Anna Orr, a lady of German parentage. Their children are: Charles, chief clerk of Master Mechanic, Lake Shore shops; Anna, now Mrs. Long; Cora, a school teacher, and a graduate of the city high school and the normal; Edward George, in the Lake Shore office; and Raymond and Mabel, twins.

FRANK M. COATES, M. D., was born in Richfield, Summit county, Ohio, July 26, 1848. When he was about five years old his parents removed to Brecksville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where he was reared on his father's farm. He attended the common schools and high school at Brecksville and also Oberlin College, afterward becoming principal of the high school at Brecksville for one year. He then took up the study of medicine with Dr. Knowlton, of Brecksville, for one year, then entered the office of Dr. W. J. Scott, of Cleveland, where he studied about two years and attended lectures. He was a charter member of the old Wooster Medical College of Cleveland. He practiced medicine one year at Brecksville and in June, 1872, came to Berea, where he has since been in constant practice. For two years he held the chair in the Department of Pharmacy in Baldwin University. He enjoys a good practice in his profession.

Dr. Coates was married at Northfield, Summit county, Ohio, May 28, 1872, to Miss Annie M. E. Chaffee, who was born in Summit county, Ohio, and who was for some time a student in Baldwin University, being well known in society circles. They have one son, Frank M.

Dr. Coates has been for many years a member of the Board of Health of Berea. He has taken an active part in local affairs and is a Republican in politics. He is an active member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

CHARLES FERDINAND STEARNS, Trustee of Olmsted township, elected in the spring of 1893, was born in that township in August, 1846, a son of Elijah and Martha (Usher) Stearns, his father a native of Vermont and his mother of Massachusetts. His father came when a young man to Cuyahoga county, in 1828, settling in Olmsted township, and made it his home until his death, which occurred in June, 1891. Of their eleven children eight are still living, namely: Mary E., who married James Romps and died in 1865; Usher, who died in 1867, in Olmsted township; Asher, married and residing in the same township; Orphelia and Orfila, twins,—the former now the wife of George Stearns in Ashtabula county, and the latter the subject of another sketch in this volume; Elijah, Jr., married and a resident of that township; Cassius, married and also a resident of the same township; Charles F., our subject, is the next in order of birth; William, who died in infancy; Myron, who is married and resides in Ridgeville township; and Louis, who enlisted in Company I, in an Iowa regiment, in 1861, and was killed at Vicksburg in 1863 and buried on a Southern battle-field.

Mr. Stearns, whose name commences this memoir, has been engaged in farming all his life, in Olmsted township. He now owns a fine farm of seventy-five acres, which he bought in 1886 and located upon in 1891. His system of cultivation is scientific and remunerative. As a Republican he takes a zealous interest in the political questions of the day.

March 21, 1879, is the date of his marriage to Miss Elizabeth Bromley, a native of Olmsted township and an adopted daughter of Wright Bromley, who came from England in an early day to this township and died in 1879. Mrs. Stearns died about 1885, leaving one child, Mary by name.

SAMUEL J. CLARK, deceased, was one of the highly esteemed citizens of Bedford township, and it is due him and his posterity that his name be recorded among the honored pioneers of Cuyahoga county. A native of the Empire State, he was born in St. Lawrence county, September 4, 1823, a son of Linneus and Huldah (Bunnell) Clark, natives of New Hampshire. The family is descended from English ancestry. In 1830 they emigrated to this county, when Samuel J. was a boy of seven years. Here he grew to maturity amid the wild surroundings of a frontier farm, gaining his education in the primitive log schoolhouse where the foundation was laid for many noble careers. He was himself a teacher for many years, but finally retired to the old homestead where he devoted his energies to husbandry. He died May 17, 1887, aged sixty-four years.

He was married September 17, 1857, at Orange, Ohio, to Harriet A. Boynton, a daughter of Amos and Alpha (Ballon) Boynton, natives of New York and New Hampshire respectively. Mr. and Mrs. Boynton were married at Newburgh, Ohio, and to them were born seven children: Henry B.; Harriet A.; Phœbe M., widow of John H. Clapp, who was a prominent citizen of Warrensville, Ohio; Dr. Silas A., of Cleveland; Cordelia M.; Arnold, deceased, and Bently, who died at the age of fourteen months. These children enjoyed superior educational advantages, being students at Hiram College. Mr. and Mrs. Clark had a family of five children: W. B., born March 29, 1859, was a member of the class of 1881 at Hiram College; he is now the principal of the grammar department of the Bedford schools; he was married July 14, 1886, at Ravenna, Ohio, to Hattie E. Marryman, daughter of Henry and Eliza (Bruce) Marryman; she was born in Randolph, Ohio; they are the parents of four children: Paul, M. Blanche, Mabel Anna and Logan Ballon; Harriet A. Clark was born January 31, 1863; she is the assistant superintendent of the Bedford High School; Cora M., born November 28, 1865, is a graduate of Hiram College, finishing with the class of 1888; she is now a teacher in her Alma Mater; Linneus B. was born April 23, 1868; Bertha A. was born October 4, 1872; she is now a student at Hiram College, having finished the high-school course at Cleveland. The family occupy a pleasant home on the farm of seventy acres, situated near the village of Bedford. They are all progressive in their ideas, and are laboring earnestly in the cause of education, religion and temperance reform.

ADAM FURNISS, a successful farmer of Cuyahoga county, was born in Royalton township, this county, September 17, 1846. His father, William Furniss, was born in Manchester, England, July 17, 1800, was employed as a tallow-chandler in his native country, and when a young man came to the United States. December 31, 1829, in Utica, Oneida county, New York, he was united in marriage with Elzina Russell, who was born in Madison county, that State, October 14, 1808, and was then employed in a factory. After locating in the United States, Mr. Furniss began agricultural pursuits. In 1833 he came to Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, where he purchased a small farm in the dense woods, and immediately began clearing his place. On account of over-work he lost his eye-sight, and was blind for forty years, but his remarkable conception enabled him to go anywhere in the town, and he could distinguish his children by their walk! On coming to Royalton township the family of Mr. and Mrs. Furniss consisted of two children: Nathaniel, now

a farmer of this community; and Jane, deceased, was the wife of William Brown. Eight children were born to them in this county, namely: Martha, the wife of Ezekiel Edgerton, of Brooklyn village; William, a grocer by occupation, died at Titusville, Pennsylvania, in 1889; John, a prominent stock-buyer, carpenter and postmaster of Nashville, Michigan; Charles, also a resident of that city; Adam, our subject; Ezra, deceased at the age of twenty-six years; and Edwin, who died in infancy. Mrs. Furniss died March 11, 1874, and her husband survived until January 27, 1885. Both were members of the Disciple Church. In political matters, Mr. Furniss was a stanuch Republican.

Adam Furniss, the subject of this sketch, received only limited educational advantages. At the age of fifteen years he was employed as a farm laborer by William Reed, of Hinckley township, Medina county, for which he received small wages. August 21, 1862, he enlisted at Cleveland for services in the late war, entering Company A, One Hundred and Third Ohio Volunteer Infantry, was immediately sent to Cincinnati to intercept Bragg in his northward march, took part in the engagements at Knoxville, Bull's Gap, Resaca, was with Sherman through the Atlanta campaign, took part in the battle of Spring Hill, sent to North Carolina, was discharged at Raleigh, June 12, 1865, and was present at the Grand Review in Washington, District of Columbia. Mr. Furniss was taken prisoner at Eastport, Georgia, August 23, 1864, while engaged in foraging with a company of seven men. Three of the company were killed, three taken prisoners, and one wounded. Mr. Furniss was confined in Andersonville prison until September 28, 1864. After returning from the army he was employed as a butcher by William Reed, of Hinckley township, Medina county, several years. After his marriage he lived with his father three years, and in 1877 came to his farm of 100 acres in Royalton township, where he is engaged in general farming. He was formerly employed in buying and selling cattle.

July 5, 1874, Mr. Furniss was united in marriage with Mary Granger, who was born in Royalton township, December 11, 1846, a daughter of Aaron and Eliza (Darrall) Granger. Our subject and wife have three children: William A., Jessie E. and James B. In political matters, Mr. Furniss has been a life-long Republican, his first presidential vote having been cast for General Grant. He holds the position of Township Trustee. In his social relations, he has been for many years a member of Hampton Post, No. 499, G. A. R.; of Royalton Center. Mrs. Furniss is a member of the Free-will Baptist Church.

S. L. WILKINSON, Notary Public, is one of the well-known citizens of Chagrin Falls, having been a resident of the place since 1841. He was born in Geauga county, Ohio, November 27, 1831, a son of Lysander and Permelia (Johnson) Wilkinson. Both father and mother are deceased, the former at the age of seventy-eight years, and the latter at the age of seventy-two. Young Wilkinson was a mere lad when he came to live at Chagrin Falls; here he received his education, and began his career in the commercial world, his first employment being in the woolen mills, where he remained three years. Later he secured a position as clerk in a dry-goods store, and afterward was traveling salesman for the E. G. Norris Patent Medicine Company; his territory embraced Ohio, Indiana, and Michigan, where he succeeded in establishing a large and profitable business. Resigning this position he embarked in the book, stationery and wall-paper trade, but later disposed of his stock. At one time he was engaged in the job-printing business, but sold out to the Exponent office.

Mr. Wilkinson is an ardent supporter of Republican principles, and in 1858 was elected by that body as Justice of the Peace; he was re-elected to the office, serving two terms with marked ability. After this he was made Notary

Yours L. Cannon

Public, and for many years he has been Postmaster of Chagrin Falls. He was a member of the Town Council for ten years, and it was during this time that the cemetery grounds were laid out. He belongs to Golden Gate Lodge, No. 245, A. F. & A. M., and of Chagrin Falls Chapter, R. A. M.; he is Secretary of both the lodge and chapter.

At the age of twenty-eight years our worthy subject was united in marriage with Miss N. P. Earl, who is now deceased. His second marriage was to Mrs. Laura Lander Bullock.

DR. CORWIN G. WARDEN, a prominent physician of Berea, Ohio, dates his birth in Columbia, Lorain county, Ohio, October 24, 1857.

He is a son of S. T. and Amanda M. (Wood) Warden. His father was born in Waterbury, Connecticut, removed from there to Palmyra, New York, and in 1826, when only six years old, came with his parents to Ohio, their settlement being made in Liverpool, Medina county. That section of country was then all a wilderness, and the Wardens settled down to the work of clearing and developing a farm. They endured all the hardships and privations of pioneer life, and were ranked with the prominent and well-to-do families of their vicinity. The Doctor's father took an active part in church work and also in political affairs. He was first a Whig and afterward a Republican.

Dr. Warden was reared to farm life, was educated in the district schools and at Oberlin College, and for several terms was engaged in teaching. His medical education was secured in the Wooster Medical University, where he graduated with the class of 1878. Immediately after his graduation he went west and began his professional career at Leadville, Colorado, where he remained until 1880. That year he returned to Ohio, and has since been engaged in the practice of medicine at Berea. Here he has met with eminent success, to-day holding rank with the leading physicians of the county. Like his father, the Doctor's political views are in harmony with the principles of the Republican party. He received the appointment of Postmaster of Berea under the Harrison administration, and in that capacity rendered efficient service.

Mr. Warden was married, September 4, 1879, to Elizabeth B. McClure, daughter of H. A. and Martha (Williams) McClure, natives of Pennsylvania, whose ancestors were among the earliest settlers of Cleveland. The Doctor's maternal ancestors were represented in the ranks during the Revolutionary war, and his mother's father was a soldier in the war of 1812. Such is a brief sketch of one of the well-known physicians of Cuyahoga county.

GROVE G. CANNON, the subject of this sketch, was the only child of Alonzo S. and Delia Rebecca (Hawkins) Cannon. He was born May 8, 1855, in Warrensville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. Mr. Alonzo S. Cannon, the father of Grove G., was born in Aurora, Portage county, Ohio, June 19, 1829. His father, Victor M. Cannon, was born in Massachusetts in 1784, and died in 1857. Victor M. Cannon was married to Miss Caroline Baldwin in 1828. Mrs. Victor M. Cannon was a daughter of Samuel S. Baldwin, and was born in Newburg, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, in 1808. She is living with her son, Artemas, in Streetsboro, Portage county, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Victor M. Cannon had a family of seven children: Alonzo S., Hannah, Austin V., Willson B., Artemas M., Cornelia and Allen P,—five of whom are living, Austin and Allen being dead. Mrs. Alonzo S. Cannon is a daughter of Jesse G. and Sally C. (Hubbell) Hawkins, and was born in Otsego county, New York, December 6, 1827. They had a family of eight children, three sons and five daughters: Mary, Lucy R., Delia R., Lewis R., Sarah L., Crayton L., and Lillie and Lynn (twins); six are living.

Jesse Hawkins and family came to Ohio in 1834, making the journey in little less than two weeks' time, and they settled in Streetsboro, on a farm on which Lynn now resides. Mr. Alonzo S. Cannon bought the farm on which he now lives, located at the center of Warrensville, opposite the high-school building, in 1853. He married in 1854, and immediately moved to the farm. Mr. Cannon has been largely engaged in buying and selling stock, as well as managing the farm on which he lives, and another in Orange, which he subsequently purchased. He has always been an upright, honorable dealer, an active, industrious, energetic man, and commands the respect of the entire community in which he lives. The best evidence of this is the fact that, although a Democrat, living in a township with a large Republican majority, he has been repeatedly elected to offices of both honor and profit.

Grove G. Cannon spent the first fifteen or sixteen years of his life in attending school, in assisting his father in his business of buying and selling stock and in labor upon the farm. As a boy he was quick to discern the right thing to do, prompt and energetic in doing it, and happy if it had his own approbation when done. In the autumn of 1871 he went before the Board of County School Examiners, obtained a certificate authorizing him to teach, then engaged the school in the Murfett district in Orange, and bravely entered upon his winter's work of managing and teaching young men and women, many of whom were older, and, as they thought, wiser than the boy teacher. After a few days of experience they comprehended that they had both a teacher and a master. Although highly successful as a schoolmaster, he did not like the business, and his first term ended his career as a schoolteacher.

During the summer of 1872 he worked on his father's farm, and in the fall of that year went to Cleveland and entered the service of Babcock, Hurd & Company, wholesale grocers on Water street. The first year of his connection with the firm was spent mainly in the warehouse as porter and general utility man. About this time the firm thought they had discovered signs of superior business ability in young Cannon, and accordingly promoted him to the position of traveling salesman. It is said of him, by one who know him well, that by his tireless energy and industry he made a reputation as a salesman, of which any man, young or old, might well be proud. Thus he went on in the even tenor of his way until 1879, when, on the 30th day of September, he was married to Miss May Tarbell, daughter of Leverett and Mary H. Tarbell, of Bedford, by the Rev. A. T. Copeland, then pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Bedford. Mrs. May T. Cannon was born in Bedford, October 15, 1858. At the age of eight years she began attending school in Bedford, and continued her education in the public schools until 1875, when she began teaching. In 1876 she attended school in Willoughby. In 1877 she taught in Bedford. In the fall of 1878 she entered the Ohio Wesleyan University at Delaware, Ohio, took two years' work in one, and graduated at that institution in June, 1879. She is an active and exemplary member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and is deeply interested in the work of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and other kindred organizations.

Mr. Cannon continued his business for the firm as traveling salesman until the end of 1886, when he was given the control of his firm's local business in the city of Cleveland, which he retained until his death, January 5, 1888, which was caused by inflammation of the middle ear, produced by a severe cold previously contracted, together with violent exertion three days previous to his death,—a case almost exactly parallel to that which caused the death of Roscoe Conkling.

Immediately after their marriage they went to Wellington, Lorain county, where they boarded until the fall of 1880, when they returned to Bedford, where they remained with her parents until April, 1881. They then re-

moved to Marion, Ohio, where they commenced housekeeping. Here were born to them Tom T., August 8, 1881, and Herbert Grove, April 10, 1883. In the fall of 1883 they removed to Bedford, where he had a house nearly completed, adjoining her parents' residence, and into it they moved in December. The youngest son, Dana Alonzo, was born here, May 26, 1885.

Grove G. Cannon was initiated in Bedford Lodge, No. 375, F. & A. M., February 21, 1881; passed to the degree of F. C. March 7, 1881, and raised to the sublime degree of M. M. March 21, the same year. He became a member of Summit Chapter, No. 74, on dimit from Marion Chapter, No. 62, R. A. M. He subsequently became a member of Holyrood Commandery, No. 32, K. T.

Mr. Cannon was a member of the village council during the excitement consequent upon the attempt to pass an ordinance to prohibit the sale of intoxicants in the village of Bedford. He was first and foremost in the fight for the passage of the ordinance, and he won, as he usually did. He was prominently identified with all those who sought to advance the best interests of all the people. In politics he remembered the teachings of his father, and from principle rather than policy he adhered to the Democratic faith. Grove G. Cannon was a forceful, self-reliant, honorable and industrious man, a kind husband and father, a patriotic, law-abiding citizen, and his death at the early age of thirty-three years was an almost irreparable loss to his employers and to the community in which he lived.

C. E. TILLINGHAST, of Cleveland, Ohio, has during his more than twenty years of connection with the insurance business met with eminent success, has had marked distinctions shown him by his co-workers, and is to-day one of the most prominent managers in the ranks of life insurance.

Mr. Tillinghast is a native of Windham county, Connecticut, born November 24, 1840. In 1871 he engaged in life insurance as general agent of the Phœnix Mutual at Providence, Rhode Island, and in 1876 he was appointed manager of the New York Life for Kansas, Nebraska, Texas, and Colorado, and removed to Leavenworth, Kansas. In 1881 the Equitable Life secured him as manager for the southern portion of Ohio and he then located in Columbus, where he remained until the spring of 1886. At that time he was promoted to the position of manager for the whole State, with the exception of Hamilton county. During the following six years his unerring judgment as a manager, together with his untiring energy and strict fidelity to the best interests of the company, met with unparalleled success in the territory named.

At this writing C. E. Tillinghast & Son are managers of the Central Department of the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, this department embracing Ohio (except Cincinnati district), western Pennsylvania and the whole of Indiana, having been actively opened in October, 1892. To give an idea of the volume of business now being produced, it is only necessary to say that a single month's record now amounts to more than the former annual collections from the Cleveland office.

Mr. Tillinghast's executive ability has been fitly recognized by the National Association annually since its organization. At the first convention, in Boston, he was elected a member of its executive committee. At the second, in Detroit, he was made chairman of this committee, and at the last annual convention, in New York, he was elected to the presidency, and his administration has been a highly satisfactory one, as will, we believe, be demonstrated at the forthcoming annual convention, in Cleveland. At home he has been equally honored, for he has filled every office within the gift of the Cleveland Association, and was unanimously endorsed by that body for the presidency of the National Association.

As a producer of business, the facts given above show Mr. Tillinghast to be no less successful and prominent, and the Manhattan Life is certainly to be congratulated upon enlisting his services. Associated with him are his sons, Elbert R. and Edward M. Tillinghast. They give promise of becoming as shining lights in life insurance later on as is their father to-day. They are both graduates of Yale College and amply endowed with the qualifications necessary to become successful in the business which they have elected to make a life profession.

While no figures of accurate nature can be given at this time, it is safe to announce already that the business of the Manhattan Life in its Central Department in 1893 will be several times as much as has ever been received from the same district in a single year. It may not be superfluous to add that C. E. Tillinghast & Son are offering such contracts and territory to first-class reliable men as cannot fail to win them, and it will pay such to investigate for themselves.

REV. ROBERT MOFFETT, a minister of the Disciple Church, and a resident of Cleveland, Ohio, dates his birth in Rolling Prairie, La Porte county, Indiana, November 9, 1835.

His parents, Garner and Mary J. B. (Davis) Moffett, were natives of Washington county, Virginia. His father was born in 1807, was a farmer and preacher, and while a resident of Illinois served as a member of the Constitutional Convention of that State. His mother was born September 14, 1814, and is still living, her home being in Illinois near the Mississippi river. Her family of five children are all residents of Illinois, except the subject of this sketch. He received his education at Bethany College, Brooke county, West Virginia, where he graduated in 1859. Previous to his graduation he had taught school for several years, having begun teaching in Illinois when he was sixteen and continued that occupation at intervals until he completed his education.

After his graduation he entered the ministry. Previous to this time he had been ordained and had been preaching for two years. His first work was as an evangelist in Carroll, Whiteside and Ogle counties, in the State of Illinois. From 1860 until 1865 he filled a pulpit in Wooster, Ohio, and from there he moved to Mount Vernon, where he served as pastor until 1870. From January, 1870, until May of the same year he was at Bedford, Ohio. Then receiving the appointment of corresponding secretary of the Ohio Christian Missionary Society he served in this capacity until June 1, 1884, traveling all over the State and at the same time looking after the interests of the Sunday schools. From 1882 to 1884 he acted in the double capacity of corresponding secretary of the General Christian Missionary Convention and corresponding secretary of the Ohio Christian Missionary Society. Dropping the latter in 1884, he continued the former until November 1, 1893, its work taking him from Boston to the Pacific and over much of Canada. This position, although one of great responsibility, was filled most efficiently by him and to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

Mr. Moffett was married September 13, 1859, to Miss Lucy A. Green, of Norton, Summit county, Ohio. Their nine children are as follows: Wilbur Garner, born November, 1860, died October, 1888; Mary Adel, wife of Duane H. Tilden, an attorney of Cleveland, the date of her birth being October, 1862; Almon Green, M. D., D. D. S., was born in 1864 and was drowned while bathing at Chautauqua, August, 1891; Dr. Charles Campbell, born in March, 1867, is practicing medicine at Avon, Ohio; Robert Stover, born in April, 1869, and died in April, 1875; Lucy Pearl, born in June, 1871, and died in April, 1875, she and Robert S. dying of scarlet fever and being buried in the same grave; Burnett E., born in August, 1873, died in infancy; Nellie C., born in September,

1876, died in March, 1894; and Roy Ryburn, born in April, 1879. The family are all members of the Christian Church.

Mrs. Moffett's parents, Rev. A. B. Green and wife, *nee* Mary Burnett, came to Ohio from New England and were among the early settlers of Summit county. Her father was born in 1808 and died in 1886. Her mother, born in 1811, died in 1869.

Politically, Mr. Moffett is a Republican.

LEONARD HOHLFELDER, a boot and shoe merchant of South Brooklyn, Ohio, is one of the enterprising business men of the place.

Mr. Hohlfelder was born in Bavaria, Germany, April 17, 1836, son of Frederick and Dora (Wells) Hohlfelder, both natives of Germany. The family emigrated to America in 1847 and located near Cleveland, Ohio. There the father purchased a tract of land, and on it was engaged in gardening the rest of his life. He died in 1891, aged eighty-four years. The mother passed away when in her seventy-seventh year. They were the parents of seven children, of whom Leonard is the oldest.

Leonard Hohlfelder was in his twelfth year when he came with his parents to Cleveland, and at that early age he started out to do for himself. He was employed to work on a farm in Parma township, this county, and the first year earned only his clothes and board. After this he worked in Brooklyn township and received some wages. When he was sixteen he began to learn the shoemaker's trade in Brooklyn, getting $50 for the first two and a half years' work. Having completed his apprenticeship, he worked a year longer for the same man, Mr. John Laux. Next he spent six months working as a journeyman in New York, but at the end of that time came came back to Brooklyn and again entered the employ of Mr. Laux. Finally he bought out the business of this man, and has conducted it successfully ever since.

Mr. Hohlfelder was married in 1858 to Miss Lizzie Riese, a native of Germany. They have four children, namely: Anna, wife of Jacob Ewing; Fred and Lettie, twins, the latter being the wife of Charles Johnson; and Lizzie, at home. Mr. Hohlfelder built his present residence in Brooklyn in 1879, it being erected at a cost of $3,000.

His political views are in harmony with the principles advocated by the Democratic party. For five years he served as Township Treasurer and was a member of the Council of Brooklyn four years. He is a member of the Evangelical Church, and also of Glenn Lodge, I. O. O. F. Mr. Hohlfelder is a man of excellent business qualifications, and his business career has been one of marked success. His many estimable traits of character have won for him hosts of friends.

CAPTAIN MARCO B. GARY, one of Cleveland's best known citizens and attorneys, and Collector of Customs under General Harrison's administration, was born in Genesee, New York. His father was Aaron Gary, who was a soldier in the war with Great Britain in 1812–'14, and his grandfather was Oliver Gary, who served in the Continental army from the beginning to the close of the Revolutionary war.

Captain Gary was educated at the common and academic schools at Albion, Pennsylvania, and in the year 1856 he entered the law office of Judge L. S. Sherman, at Ashtabula, Ohio, as a law student. He was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1859, and immediately thereafter opened a law office at Geneva, Ohio. Geneva being an active and growing town, situated near the line between the counties of Lake and Ashtabula, the young lawyer found himself in the enjoyment of a growing and profitable practice from these two contiguous counties, at the time of the breaking out of hostilities between the Government and rebel States in the spring

of 1861. For a number of years prior to that event there existed at Geneva a one-gun artillery company, and in the State there were five other similar organizations, mostly located in Cleveland. Our subject was not a member of this organization, but when upon the first call of President Lincoln for troops, in April, 1861, these several companies tendered their services for immediate action, he took the place of a member of the Geneva company, and, closing down his law office, went with the company to Western Virginia, where it had the honor of firing the first artillery shot at the enemy after the fall of Fort Sumter. Returning to Geneva with the company after the close of the first three months' service, our subject united with the Captain of the above company in the organization and enlistment of a full six-gun battery for a term of three years, and in the month of October, 1861, he returned to the field at Camp Dick Robinson, Kentucky, as senior First Lieutenant of the battery, and was soon afterward promoted to the Captaincy of the battery, and being engrafted into the grand old Army of the Cumberland, went with it, participating in all its campaigns and battles from the Ohio river to the Potomac, including the famous march to the sea, and up the coast to Richmond and Washington, re-enlisting his men "for the war" on the way, at the expiration of their three years' term of service. After participating in the grand review at Washington city he returned with his company and disbanded at Cleveland. He then returned to his law office at Geneva, for the first time after closing it in the month of April, 1861. In the year 1873 Captain Gary removed to Cleveland, forming a law partnership with George S. Kain, and was afterward associated with Charles D. Everett in the law firm of Gary & Everett, and later with N. A. Gilbert and A. T. Hills, under the firm name of Gary, Gilbert & Hills.

In February, 1889, Captain Gary was appointed by President Harrison Collector of Customs for the District of Cuyahoga, embracing the important lake ports of Cleveland, Ashtabula, Fairport, Lorain and Conneaut. At the present time (November, 1893) he is still holding this office, after having served over his regular term of four years, with entire satisfaction to the Government and the people. But anticipating the termination of his official duties, he has formed a law partnership with O. C. Pinney, and under the firm name of Gary & Pinney has located in the Perry-Payne block and re-entered the general law practice. Up to the time of his appointment as Collector of Customs, Captain Gary had been actively engaged in the practice of his profession, and as counsel had participated in some of the most closely contested cases ever tried at the Cleveland bar, among which was the well remembered, famed case of J. R. Timms vs. Morehouse and others, which was three times tried, the last time occupying the jury for a period of forty-two days. In this case he contended successfully against the famous Irish lawyer, John McSweany, and Loren Prentiss, in the lower courts, and Judge Raney in the Supreme Court, resulting in full vindication of his client, Timms, as well as heavy damages against defendant and liberal fees for himself.

He was also the leading counsel for defendants in the quite famous "Breck will case." That he was a hard-working and uncompromising fighter in the interest of his clients every member of the Cleveland bar will readily admit.

JOHN J. STANLEY, superintendent of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company, has grown up with the railroad service of the city of Cleveland. He became connected with it in 1881 on the Broadway & Newburg line as conductor and was promoted not long afterward to the assistant superintendency of that line, and succeeding to the superintendency in 1887; in 1890 was made vice president of the same.

Upon the consolidation of the lines forming the Cleveland Electric System, in 1893, Mr. Stanley was elected to the office of general

superintendent, an honor most worthily bestowed. He is a large holder of Cleveland Electric stock and a member of the board of directors.

Mr. Stanley was born in Cleveland, March 5, 1863. He received a liberal education from the public schools of Cleveland, leaving them at seventeen years of age to engage in street railroad work.

Mr. Stanley is a son of Joseph L. Stanley, deceased, who came from Chester, England, to Cleveland in 1853. He engaged in the brick and tile business and afterward was interested in an oil refinery in this city for some years, and disposing of his oil interests he became connected with street railroads. He was elected president of the Broadway & Newburg line and served until his accidental death in 1890 at the age of sixty.

He married in England Miss——— Bragg, who bore him six children. Those living are,—John J.; Charles H.; Mrs. John Sweeney, of Detroit; Mrs. Charles J. Seabrook of Cleveland; and Lilly V., single.

Superintendent Stanley married in Cleveland Miss Rose, a daughter of Philetus Francis, an early settler and a transfer man. Mr. and Mrs. Stanley's children are,—Francis, Eliza and Rhoda L.

Mr. Stanley is a thirty-second-degree Mason, and was first made a Mason in Cleveland.

L. E. BEILSTEIN, assistant secretary of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company, and for seven years connected with railroad business in Cleveland, is a native son of the Forest City, being born here in August, 1867. At fourteen years of age he left school, and his first efforts in a business way were exerted in behalf of the East Cleveland Railway, a few years later in the capacity of clerk, but he soon became secretary and treasurer of the road and remained so until the formation of the Cleveland Electric Company, in February, 1893, when he was made assistant secretary.

Mr. Beilstein is a son of a well-known citizen of Cleveland, Adam Beilstein, born in Hessen Darmstadt, Germany. He came to Cleveland in 1849 and established a tailoring business here, conducting it until his retirement from business, and being succeeded by his son, John W. Beilstein.

Adam Beilstein married, in Cleveland, Julia, a daughter of Mr. Rauch, a German farmer and an early settler of this county. L. E. Beilstein is the youngest of six children, four now living, viz.: Mrs. Eliza ——, Julius, John W. and L. E.

February 4, 1893, Mr. L. E. Beilstein married Emily R., a daughter of Charles Reeder, a large stone dealer and proprietor of Reeder's stone quarry, who operates the East End Ice Company.

Mr. Beilstein is a gentleman of great energy, and though young in years his experience in railroad matters is extended and renders him a most capable and valuable man.

REV. JOHN C. WEIDMANN, Superintendent of the German Methodist Orphan Asylum at Berea, Ohio, was born in Senssen, kingdom of Bavaria, Germany, March 1, 1834, where the early years of his life were spent. He attended the common schools in his native country. At the age of eighteen he emigrated to America and for nearly one year was employed as a carriage trimmer at South Bend, Indiana, afterward following the same occupation at La Porte, same State, for some three years, and at Greencastle, also in that State, for some time.

During this period he took up the study of theology, and while residing in Greencastle was made a local preacher in the Methodist Church, in 1858. In 1860 he entered the Southeastern Indiana Conference, where he remained till 1864, at which time the German Conference of the Methodist Church was organized. His lot fell to the Central German Conference. In

1860 he was assigned to the charge at Goshen, Indiana, where he labored for two years. From 1862 to 1864 he filled the pulpit of the Methodist Church at Kendallville, then that of Madison, both in that State, next at Portsmouth, Ohio, three years, and two years at Newport, Kentucky. In 1871 he was chosen Presiding Elder over the North Ohio District, where he served two years. He was then stationed at Toledo, Ohio, for three years, then at Evansville, Indiana, for three years, then at New Albany, same State, for one year, and at Wheeling, West Virginia, for three years. He had charge of the Everett Street Church in Cincinnati, Ohio, from 1883 to 1886, and for the two following years of the Race Street Church in the same city, which is the mother church of German Methodism in this country.

In 1888 he was appointed superintendent of the German Methodist Orphan Asylum at Berea, Ohio, which position he has since filled acceptably to all. The asylum was founded in 1864. At the present time there are nearly 100 children receiving the benefits of the institution.

The asylum, which is a commodious and handsome structure, built of sandstone, at a cost of nearly $50,000, is beautifully located in a lot of about twenty acres, almost surrounded by fine trees and truly a fit place for such a noble institution. The management may congratulate themselves on having secured an able man to superintend its interests. The institution is supported entirely by the German Methodist Church at large, and children are received from the remote East to the Mississippi river. The donations received for the maintenance of the asylum are all liberal gifts. There is not a dollar of indebtedness on the institution, although there is but a small endowment fund. Up to the present time 354 children have been received and cared for.

Mr. Weidmann was first married in La Porte, Indiana, to Miss Kate Ribbe, who died in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1886. Five children came to bless this union, of whom William H., the eldest, is a business man of San Francisco, California; the second, Carl, is employed in the Methodist Book Concern at St. Louis; Otillia is a teacher in the German Orphan Asylum at Berea; Rose is a student at Baldwin University, and is also a teacher in the kindergarten at the asylum; while Anna, the youngest child, is a student in the Berea high school.

Mr. Weidmann was married to his present wife, Mrs. Julia Blymeier Weber, in 1888. Mrs. Weber was the widow of the late Rev. Philip Weber, the former superintendent of the German Methodist Asylum. After the death of her husband she assumed the duties of superintendent until her present marriage.

Mr. Weidmann is a man well adapted to the position which he so ably fills. He takes a keen interest in educational matters, and is a member of the Board of Education of Berea, of which body he has been chosen clerk.

CHARLES H. HALL, of Dover township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, was born on the farm on which he now lives, November 4, 1817, and is ranked with the venerable citizens of the township.

His father, Barnabas Hall, who was born in Lee, Berkshire county, Massachusetts, in 1791, came with his father, Moses Hall, to Ashtabula county, Ohio, in 1811, and shortly afterward settled in Dover township, Cuyahoga county. That same year, 1811, he was married in Lee, Massachusetts, to Hannah Phelps, who was born near Hartford, Connecticut, about 1792. They continued to reside in Dover township the rest of their lives. He died May 29, 1863; she, September 19, 1873. They had two children: Harriet E. and Charles H. The former, wife of Hiram Burrell, died in Sheffield, Lorain county, Ohio.

As above stated, Mr. Hall was born on the farm on which he now lives, and here his whole life has been spent, his career an active and useful one. He was first married, November 30, 1836, in East Cleveland, Ohio, to Miss

W. H. Lawrence

Samantha Ingersoll, who was born there January 2, 1815. They had three children who grew up, namely: Chauncey D.; Harriet, wife of George Miner, died in Olmsted township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, June 17, 1879; and Hannah, wife of Jesse Burrell. Mrs. Samantha Hall departed this life in Sheffield, Ohio, and some time afterward Mr. Hall married Mrs. Adelia Stone Bradley, widow of Dr. Jason Bradley and daughter of Jonas and Elizabeth (Hatslat) Stone, her birth having occurred in Petersham, Massachusetts, September 29, 1826.

Mr. Hall has filled the offices of Justice of the Peace, Assessor and Township Trustee.

WILLIAM R. HUNTINGTON, of the Huntington Coal Company of Cleveland, was born in 1857. He is the son of John and Jane (Beck) Huntington, and is one of seven children. The parents were married in 1852, and the father died in 1893, at the age of sixty years; the mother in 1882, at the age of fifty. They were born in Princeton, England, and came to America in 1853. They were of the Episcopal Church persuasion. The father was for a time in the business of slate and gravel roofing in Cleveland. In the year 1868 he became interested in the oil business as one of the firm of Clark, Payne & Company, now the Standard Oil Company. John Huntington was a man well known in Cleveland. In his early life he had learned navigation, and to this field of business his attention was largely turned. He was a large vessel owner and was the originator of what is now the Cleveland Stone Company, a company in which the subject of this sketch is a shareholder. He was a remarkably successful business man. He was prominent in political circles and was for fourteen years a member of the City Council. He was a prominent thirty-two-degree Mason and a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

Our subject formerly dealt in oil, and in various other business he has from time to time been interested. After 1878 he was for a time Deputy County Treasurer, and in 1882 he became one of the hardware firm of McIntosh, Huntington & Company, but five years later he gave up active business life on account of failing health. In 1890 he became engaged in the wholesale coal business, and to-day the Huntington Coal Company is one of the largest dealers of Cleveland. Mr. Huntington is also interested in manufacturing, being identified with the Ludlow Manufacturing Company of this city, and with an incandescent light manufacturing company of Newark, Ohio.

In politics Mr. Huntington is an active Republican. By Governor McKinley he was appointed Fish and Game Commissioner for Ohio. He is a thirty-second-degree Mason, and in the order of Masonry he has filled all of the chairs. He belongs to the ancient order of the Mystic Shrine and to other fraternal and benevolent orders.

In 1854 Mr. Huntington married Miss Morice, a daughter of J. C. Baldwin, of Houston, Texas, and a granddaughter of the late Judge Horace Foote, of Cleveland.

In a social way Mr. Huntington is prominent. He is a member of the Ottawa Shooting Club and of the West Huron Sporting Club. He is a genial and popular man.

WASHINGTON H. LAWRENCE, as president of the National Carbon Company, the Sperry Electric Railway Company, the Brush Electric Company, and its subordinate branches, occupies a prominent position among Cleveland manufacturers. He was born in Olmsted, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, January 17, 1840, and enjoys the advantages of a descent from that New England blood which has carried the fame of American manufacturers and inventions around the world. His father was Joel B. Lawrence, of Pepperell, Massachusetts, who, with his cousins, Amos and Abbott Lawrence, were descendants of John

Lawrence, one of the early settlers of the Massachusetts Bay colony, having landed in 1635 and settling in Wolverton, Massachusetts. All these Lawrences are descendants of Robert Lawrence, of Lancashire, England, who was knighted by Richard 1st for bravery displayed at the siege of Acre. Mr. Lawrence's mother was Catherine Harris, whose parents lived at Little Rest, Dutchess county, New York. Joel B. Lawrence moved to Olmsted, Cuyahoga county, in 1833, and endured all the privations incident to life in the Western Reserve in the first half of the present century. He owned a large tract of land and a flouring mill in Olmsted at the time of his death, which occurred in 1851, his wife dying two years later.

Left an orphan at thirteen years of age, Mr. Lawrence began life as a clerk at Berea, where he continued his studies, which had been begun in the common schools of Olmsted. He at the same time pursued a course of study at Baldwin University, and gained both a college as well as a business education by reserving a portion of his time to himself.

When nineteen years of age, the Hon. John Baldwin associated his son Milton with Mr. Lawrence in the management of large milling and real-estate properties in Kansas. Milton Baldwin's death, before the enterprise was fully inaugurated, left the entire burden of the care of the properties upon Mr. Lawrence's shoulders.

In the latter part of 1859, Mr. Lawrence concluded his connections with Mr. Baldwin, and desiring to be his own master, engaged in business with his brother at Hannibal, Missouri. While so engaged, he was compelled to travel through much of western Missouri and eastern Kansas, and saw much of the border warfare that followed the struggle for Kansas, as well as the early days of the Rebellion, having many narrow escapes himself from the assaults of the guerrilla.

He returned to Olmsted late in 1861 to manage the family property there, and in 1864 removed to Cleveland, where he became associated with Messrs. N. S. C. Perkins and W. A. Mack in the manufacture of the Domestic Sewing Machine. This business proved very successful, as Mr. Lawrence succeeded in triumphing over the sewing machine combination in all their patent litigations, and ultimately sold his interest to his associates.

He had charge of the sales of the Howe Sewing Machine Company, his territory including five States, and was at the same time engaged in manufacturing bolts at Elyria, Ohio, in what is now known as the Cleveland Screw & Tap Company. He disposed of all these interests in 1874, and, noticing the great importance of electricity in commercial pursuits, he in 1874 became a large stockholder in the Telegraph Supply Company, and retained his interests through its various changes until it was finally merged into what is now the Brush Electric Company.

It is difficult for people to realize the enormous steps that have been taken since the first introduction of electricity in a commercial sense in 1878. Mr. Lawrence was associated with Mr. Charles F. Brush at the inception of the Brush Electric Company, furnishing a large portion of the original investment, and even in the darkest hours remained firm in his conviction of the ultimate success of their undertaking. The same pluck and energy that had characterized his early connection during the dark days of the company was continued until the Brush Electric Company had a capital of $3,000,000, and as its general manager Mr. Lawrence had charge of the largest electrical manufacturing establishment in the world.

After twenty years of most exacting business life, Mr. Lawrence in 1882 resolved to take a much needed rest. Severing his connection with the company, and, selling or exchanging the greater part of his interest, he invested largely in real-estate properties in Cleveland and elsewhere, and for several years devoted his leisure to its management. Although possessed of real-estate interests large enough to require all the time of most men, he was still unable to resist the charms of

active manufacturing management, and in 1886, after carefully looking the field over, decided to turn his attention to the manufacture of electric-light carbons, as this product was now used in every part of the globe in connection with arc lighting. Early in the history of the Brush Electric Company, he spent much time in their carbon department, and now returned to it with renewed zest, and became associated with W. W. Masters in the manufacture of carbons at what is now the Willson Avenue factory of the National Carbon Company. Mr. Masters, through failing health, was anxious to retire, and Mr. Lawrence with his associates, Messrs. Myron T. Herrick, James Parmlee and Webb C. Hayes, became the owners of the entire business, under the name of the National Carbon Company. After four years of very successful business, it was found necessary to largely increase the capacity, and in 1891 the company purchased 115 acres adjoining the Lake Shore Railroad Company's right of way in the hamlet of Lakewood, just west of what is now the city limits of Cleveland. On this tract of land has since been erected the largest carbon factory in the world, with an estimated capacity of 20,000,000 carbons per month.

Mr. Lawrence has not only been a manufacturer in the sense of an organizer and manager, but he has also shown great inventive capacity and a genius for constructing machinery adapted to factory use. The present factory just completed displays in a marked degree the improvements and inventions that have been made by him in this industry in the past few years. The processes of manufacture have been radically changed, and the improvement very marked when the factories of five years ago are taken into consideration.

Mr. Lawrence is still the embodiment of indomitable energy, perseverance and ability, and, in addition to the task of constructing the present large factory, as well as supplying carbons from the old factories, he has within the last year taken upon himself the presidency and management of his old company, the Brush Electric Company, of this city, as well as that of the Sperry Electric Railway Company, which in a marked degree shows the latest improvements in electrical equipment for street-car purposes.

Mr. Lawrence was married in 1863 to Harriet E. Collister, of Cleveland, daughter of William Collister, and has seven daughters. He spends much of his time at his summer home at Dover Bay Park, where several of his associates in business have erected cottages.

DR. C. A. ARCHER, physician and surgeon, No. 261 Pearl street, Cleveland, Ohio, dates his birth in Carlisle, Canada, September 18, 1857. He is a son of William and Clara (Foster) Archer, both natives of Canada. When the Doctor was a child his father died, aged thirty-five years. His venerable mother is still living, having passed her threescore years and ten, and for one of that age being well preserved, both mentally and physically. They had a family of seven children, C. A. being the sixth born and one of the five who are still living. Three of his sisters reside in Cleveland, viz.: Martha; Clara, wife of A. D. Coe; Emma, wife of Attorney O. L. Osborn. The mother lives in Cleveland.

The subject of our sketch received his early education in the public schools of Cleveland. For two years he was a student in the Western Reserve Medical College of this city, and afterward he spent one year at St. Louis, Missouri, in the American Medical College. He graduated at the latter place in 1890. Upon completing his medical course, Dr. Archer entered upon the practice of his profession in Cleveland, making a specialty of the diseases peculiar to women and children, and up to the present time he has met with marked success. He is a frequent contributor to the American Medical Journal of St. Louis.

Dr. Archer was married in 1879 to Miss Sarah Ward, a native of Geauga county, Ohio,

and a daughter of Marcus L. Ward. They have no children of their own, but have one adopted daughter, Lillie Nina. Mrs. Archer is a member of the Disciple Church.

The Doctor is prominently identified with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of which he is Past Grand. He was the first one who ever gave the unwritten work in Chagrin Falls, Lodge, No. 290. Republican in politics, he takes an active interest in the same and is identified with the best elements of his party. On several occasions he has served as a member of the Republican Central Committee.

M B. STURTEVANT, one of the most efficient and capable engineers in the State, is a native of Ohio, born in Erie county, June 17, 1853. His parents, S. C. and Lonisa (Humphrey) Sturtevant, were natives of Maine and Ohio respectively: the father was chief engineer for the Northern Transportation Company for nineteen years, and later brought out the Winstow, a passenger steamer which he ran on the lakes one year. After that he owned a small interest in the H. B. Tuttle, on which young Sturtevant had his first experience as an engineer. This was his last work; his health was impaired, and two years after leaving the water, in August, 1848, he passed from this life to the unsounded ocean of futurity. He was a man of admirable traits, and was one of the most popular engineers that ever traveled the lakes. There were two children in the family, the subject of this biographical sketch, and a brother two years younger, who died at the age of thirteen years.

Mr. Sturtevant acquired a practical education in the common schools of Cleveland, and was also a student of Oberlin College, Ohio. His taste and inclinations were for mechanics and not literature, so he went to Chicago and there served an apprenticeship in a machine-shop. This ended he returned home, and for four years sailed on the H. B. Tuttle, having entire charge of the vessel the last year. This was the beginning of a career upon the lakes which extended over a period of fifteen years. He was second engineer on the steamer Peerless for two years; this was one of the finest vessels on the lakes in those days, and there were many other elegantly equipped boats with which he was connected. He was employed as a locomotive engineer on the Lake Shore road four years, and for nine years was one of Bradley's engineers, serving as chief six years of that time. During the construction of the Society for Savings building he came to Cleveland to represent the owners with no expectation of remaining after the completion of the building. However, sufficient inducement was offered, and for the last eight years he has filled the position of chief engineer; he has most comfortable quarters, the room being above ground and fitted up with all modern conveniences. The building is one of the finest in the State, ten stories high, and contains three hundred and sixty-six rooms.

Mr. Sturtevant was married in 1877, on Thanksgiving day, to Miss Russella Hubble, a daughter of O. C. Hubble, of Cleveland: three children were born of this union, Chandler, deceased, Fred and Bessie.

Mrs. Sturtevant is a member of the Disciples' Church. Our worthy subject is a very popular member of the M. E. B. A., No. 2 (Marine Engineers' Benefit Association), and has filled all the offices of the organization; for three years he has been Treasurer, to which office he was elected without opposition. Politically he is an ardent adherent of the Republican party. He is enterprising and progressive, and like his honored father commands the respect of all with whom he mingles.

JAMES H. MELCHER, of Cleveland, was born in Hanover, Germany, September 27, 1827, a son of Harmon Melcher. James H. attended the village school of Rabbler, his native town, eight years, was confirmed there, and in 1845 came with his father's family to America. They located on the farm purchased

from a Mr. Stafford, in what is now South Euclid, Ohio. The father had sold his farm in Germany to a neighbor, Holtzgrave, for $3,300. In 1868 our subject returned on a visit to his native country, and at that time another neighbor wanted the farm, for which he was willing to pay $9,000. By the laws of that country at that time, Mr. Melcher could have redeemed the farm by returning Mr. Holtzgrave the $3,300, and was importuned by others to do so, but his reply was: "Mr. Holtzgrave paid a little more for the farm at that time than others were willing to give, and he shall never be disturbed in his right of possession by any unforeseen technicality by myself or any of my father's family." Thus the matter was forever dropped.

After coming to America, Mr. Melcher remained at home during the winter, and then secured work from Dr. Everett, of Cleveland, for four dollars a month. After remaining with that gentleman two years, he was employed by Edwin Clark two and a half years, having been engaged as a hostler in both positions. During that time Mr. Melcher also learned the cabinet-maker's trade, and for the following ten years worked in the carpenter shop of Sebnrn & Hempy. He next embarked in the grocery business on Prospect street opposite where he now lives, and continued in that occupation until 1888. In that year he was elected a member of the Erie Street Cemetery, the duties of which required his entire attention, and he sold his interest in the grocery business to his partner, E. H. Klaustermeyer, but still holds one-half interest in the building.

In 1851, Mr. Melcher was united in marriage with Miss Mary Hempy, a daughter of John F. Hempy, who came from Hanover, Germany, to this city at the same time as our subject's family, when Mrs. Melcher was thirteen years of age. To this union have been born six children, viz.: Harmon, deceased at the age of two and a half years; J. G. Henry, who studied law, was admitted to the bar, and is now bookkeeper for J. W. Rainey, engaged in the coke business in Pennsylvania; Mary Elizabeth at home; Joseph A., who spent twelve years in the Bank of Commerce, of Cleveland, is now cashier of the Lorain Street Savings Bank; Charles A., a graduate of the Cleveland high school, is employed in the Union National Bank, on Superior street. Mr. and Mrs. Melcher are members of the Lutheran Church, in which the former has served as Trustee for thirty-four years. In political matters, he is a staunch Republican. His character has ever been above reproach in all qualities of honorable manhood, has ever been a man of the strictest integrity, a neighbor of the kindest impulses, and a friend of humanity.

J. M. HENDERSON, a member of the law firm of Henderson, Kline & Tolles, No. 520 Cuyahoga Building, Cleveland, Ohio, has been identified with the legal practice in this city for thirty years. As a prominent and influential lawyer and as one of the leading citizens of Cleveland, it is eminently fitting that some personal mention be made of him in this work, the aim of which is to portray the representative men and women of the county.

J. M. Henderson was born in Richland county, Ohio, April 14, 1840, son of Dr. J. P. and Anna (Moreland) Henderson, natives of western Pennsylvania and descendents of Scotch-Irish ancestors. For nearly sixty years Dr. Henderson practiced his profession in Newville, Richland county, Ohio. He was a man of many sterling traits of character and was honored and respected by all who knew him. Not only as a physician and surgeon did he gain pre-eminence: he served in the Ohio Legislature several terms and was a member of the Constitutional Convention which framed the present constitution of the State. He was enterprising and public-spirited and gave his influence unreservedly in educational and religious matters and whatever was in his opinion intended for the best interests of the commu-

nity. He died July 1, 1890, after an active and useful life, aged eighty-seven years. His wife died some years before, at the age of fifty-three years. Both were members of the United Presbyterian Church.

The subject of our sketch is the only survivor of the family, the other children born to his parents having died in early life. He spent three years in Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio, and subsequently, in 1862, graduated at Miami University, Oxford, this State. He began the study of law at Mansfield, Ohio, under the instructions of Judge Dirlam, afterward attended a law school in Cleveland, where he graduated, and in 1864 began the practice of his profession here. And, as above stated, he has spent thirty years in the practice of law in this city. His scholarly attainments and his special fitness for his chosen profession soon brought him into prominence and secured for him a standing among the leading members of the bar. This high position he has ever since maintained.

Mr. Henderson was married June 20, 1872, to Miss Anna R. Cary, daughter of Freeman Cary, of College Hill, Ohio. They have a family of seven children, viz.: William C., Grace M., Anna, Rebecca, Jannet, Florence and Ruth. Their son is a member of the Freshman class at Gambier. Mrs. Henderson is a lady of rare culture and refinement. She is a graduate of College Hill Female Seminary, and for several years previous to her marriage was a popular and successful teacher.

Politically, Mr. Henderson is a Republican.

FREDERICK BULLINGER was born March 16, 1836, in the kingdom of Wurtemburg, Germany, where he was reared and lived until 1863, when he emigrated to America. He lived in New York about three months and then enlisted in Company K, Twenty-fourth New York Cavalry, serving one year. After leaving the United States Army he went to Mexico and enlisted in the Mexican Army, where he served about six months. He then went to Idaho and engaged in buffalo hunting for several months, after which he came to Rock Island, Illinois, remained there six months, and then came to Cleveland, Ohio, and was employed in a meat market for a short time. He then moved to Berea, about 1875, since which time he has been engaged in contracting and building.

Mr. Bullinger was married in Cleveland, Ohio, to Rosanna Stiger, a native of Germany.

He is the owner of much property in the city of Berea and stands well in his chosen occupation.

H. C. APPLEGARTH, D. D., pastor of the Euclid Avenue Baptist Church, Cleveland, Ohio, is one of the most prominent ministers in the city.

He was born in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1853, and was educated in the Baltimore City College, Johns Hopkins University and Crozer Theological Seminary, completing a course of study in all these institutions. He received the degree of D. D. from Denison University.

Dr. Applegarth's first ministerial work was at Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania. He came to his present charge early in 1893, coming here from the Fourth Avenue Church of Pittsburg, where he had served three years. Previous to that he was for nearly eight years located in New Brunswick, New Jersey. The Euclid Avenue Baptist Church is one of the oldest churches in the city as well as one of the strongest. The number of its members is about 800, with a constituency of nearly 2,000, while in its two Sunday-schools are about 900. Both the church and Sabbath-school are enjoying an era of great prosperity.

Dr. Applegarth was married in 1878 to Miss Mary P. Tyson, daughter of Hon. Edward Tyson, of Chester, Pennsylvania, and an ex-Senator of that State. They have one child, Margaret Tyson Applegarth.

Aside from his regular church work, the Doctor devotes considerable time to other religious and educational interests, being prominently connected with various institutions. He is a trustee of the Crozer Theological Seminary and of the Denison University; a life director of the Baptist National Missionary Society of Home and Foreign Missions; president of the Ministers' (Baptist) Conference of Cleveland; and trustee of the State Society for Missions.

R. F. SMITH, President of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, was born in Windham, Connecticut, June 20, 1830. His father, Edwin Smith, a merchant, brought his family to Cleveland in 1840. Here he resided until 1870, when he returned to Connecticut. He died in July, 1873, aged seventy-three years. Pursuing his genealogy still further, we find that Nathaniel Smith, grandfather of our subject, was a soldier in the Colonial army, and among the battles participated in by him was the one at White Plains, New York. He was born in Windham, Connecticut, and died there in 1823, aged sixty-three years. His wife was Submit Huntington, who bore him eleven children. Edwin Smith married Amanda Frink. Five children resulted from the union, one of whom besides our subject was a railroad man. It was Edwin Smith, Jr., who was for some years with the Cleveland & Pittsburg Company, but lastly with the Southern Pacific Company, and died in East Oakland, California, in 1892.

R. F. Smith is the sole living member of his father's family. He was educated liberally in public and private institutions and at fifteen years of age began life as a clerk in a hardware store conducted by George W. Penny & Company, at Newark, Ohio. He assisted his father for two years after this, and in 1851 engaged with Raymond North & Company as bookkeeper and cashier, and continued with this firm in this city four years. Then his railroad career began: it was in 1855, and his first position was in the capacity of paymaster for the company. He filled this until 1865, when he was promoted to be auditor for the company. Four years from that date he was elected vice-president of the company, continuing to act as auditor until 1871. That year he assumed the duties of vice-president to the exclusion of any other work, and when upon the leasing of the road to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company the office of vice-president was abolished Mr. Smith became assistant general manager under the new company. He was previous to this a director of the company for a period of one year, and again became a director in 1886, continuing until the present time. In 1887 he was made general agent of the lessee company. In 1889 he was made superintendent of the relief department of the lessee company, which position he still holds. In February, 1891, President McCullough died, and Mr. Smith was elected as his successor in that office in May of the same year.

On September 30, 1856, Mr. Smith was married, in Colchester, Connecticut, to Rebecca W., a daughter of General John T. Peters. Four children were born by this union, viz.: Clifford C., a mechanical engineer; Augustus F., chief clerk of the Pennsylvania relief department; Carrie Belle, student in Painesville (Ohio) Seminary; and the other, the first born, died in infancy.

Mr. Smith has been a member of the First Presbyterian Church of this city since 1851, and was for six years superintendent of the Sabbath-school, and has been an Elder in the same since.

DERMOTT O. SWEET, a worthy citizen of Rocky River Hamlet, is a son of John and Catharine (Parks) Sweet, and was born in Rockport township, near Rocky River Hamlet, May 23, 1840. Mr. Sweet has always resided in that township. April 2, 1862, in Dover township, Cuyahoga county, he married

Miss Gertrude Coe, a daughter of the late Edwin W. and Harriet (Peck) Coe,—her father native of Connecticut and her mother of Cuyahoga county. They died in Dover township, where they settled after marriage. Mrs. Sweet was born December 31, 1842. Mr. and Mrs. Sweet are the parents of four children: George R., Hattie B., John and Frank D.

Mr. Sweet has held the office of Township Assessor, and also other local offices.

A. R. RUMSEY, general shipping master of the Lake Carriers' Association, is a most familiar figure in Cleveland, where he has resided nearly twenty years.

From his boyhood he was strong and active and possessed a liking and adaptation for athletics, a subject in which he is still greatly interested. He believes as much in man's physical as in his mental culture and spent many years in that branch of instruction, his first school, twenty years ago being at the corner of Seneca and Superior streets. His tutors in this art were Professor Bigelow of Boston and Professor Gainsley of Buffalo. Boxing and wrestling were his favorite sports and these he taught all over the United States and Canada. He is the oldest boxer now in commission. Mr. Rumsey was once a great dumb-bell lifter, his heaviest bell 175 pounds, and in a contest with Pennell in 1883 was beaten, Pennell's bell weighing 201¼ pounds.

Mr. Rumsey was born on a farm in this State in 1847, and is a son of R. T. Rumsey, night inspector of customs in Cleveland. He sailed the lakes many years and retired from the water at an advanced age.

A. R. Rumsey left home at fourteen and became a sailor. He rose by merited promotion, being mate of nearly all prominent crafts leaving this port and finally bore a captain's commission.

Upon deserting the lakes Mr. Rumsey served five years in the police department of this city rendering that efficient service which prompted the vessel owners to present to him a handsome gold watch and chain; and Miles & Company presented him with a fine solid gold badge, inscribed "Special Police," all in recognition of faithful official service.

Mr. Rumsey's mother was Rebecca Phelps, who bore six children, as follows: A. R.; Lawson, at Lawrence, Kansas; Alice, wife of Lewis Todd; Carleton; Ida, who married Ralph Wilcox; and Ella, wife of Rev. Hamilton, a Presbyterian minister of this State.

A. R. Rumsey was married in Sharon, Pennsylvania, to Miss Mollie Messersmith, a daughter of Jacob Messersmith, a hotel man. They have no children.

JOHN E. De OTT, a popular conductor on the Erie railway, was born in Prescott, Ontario, September 4, 1859, a son of Captain C. N. De Ott, now engaged in trimming ore vessels at Ashland, Wisconsin. The latter was for many years a lake captain, one of the oldest yet living. He was born in Ontario, Canada, a son of Francis F. De Ott, who is still living, now aged eighty-three years. His occupation was that of carriage-maker. He is of French descent, his ancestors coming to the New World several generations ago. Captain C. N. De Ott was born in 1828, and his children were: C. N., Jr.; John E. and Mrs. Albert Raymond.

John E. De Ott, our subject, secured his education at the Kentucky Street school in Cleveland, and it was limited to that. When very young he went aboard his father's craft and for six years sailed on the lakes, the last year of which time he was mate of the vessel named William Grimsby: he was then the youngest mate on the lakes. On leaving the water in 1878 he began as a brakeman on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railroad, then on the Atlantic & Great Western road with Conductor J. H. Archer; and after four years' ser-

vice he was promoted conductor, in which capacity he has proved himself most capable and efficient, and is indeed a favorite of his employers and co-employees.

He was married, in Cleveland, September 28, 1887, to Miss Mamie, a daughter of Gerhard Smith, deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. De Ott have one child, Norma Marie, born April 24, 1893.

Mr. De Ott is a member of the O. R. C., a Master Mason, being a member of Biglow Lodge, and also of the ladies' auxiliary branch termed the Order of the Eastern Star.

P. J. COONEY, the efficient secretary of the Director of Public Works, was born in Cleveland in 1855. The days of his youth were spent within the walls of public and private schools. When he had attained a certain advancement his brother, John Cooney, placed him in an educational institution of Dayton, Ohio, where he spent two years. On leaving this school he entered Notre Dame University at South Bend, Indiana, and pursued his studies until it was decided that a more suitable place for a year's study just at this stage of his preparations, would be in a European institution. In accordance with these plans he sailed for Ireland and entered St. Patrick's College in county Cavan. He returned to the United States in 1877 and re-entered Notre Dame University, graduating there in 1878 from a classical course.

For many years Mr. Cooney filled responsible positions with leading firms in this city. He was bookkeeper for the McGillin Dry Goods Company for three years; served in the same capacity for the Excelsior Clothing Company for three years; served in the same capacity for the Excelsior Clothing Company an equal period, and flattering offers have been tendered him from leading business houses to accept responsible places, but it was not convenient for him to do so.

In politics Mr. Cooney is very strongly Democratic. From his first ballot the cause of his party has been one of much moment to him. He has been twice a candidate for Justice of the Peace and twice a candidate for Representative to the Legislature, but was unsuccessful because the Republican strength could not be overcome. He made a successful race for alderman and served one term, under the old regime.

In 1893 Mr. Cooney was appointed by Director Farley to his present office.

John Cooney was born in Ireland in county Cavan. He left there about fifty years ago, coming to Cleveland, and for the greater part has been a retail liquor dealer here. He married in Cleveland Jane Clark, born also in Ireland. Their children are: P. J.; Rosa; Jennie; J. E., in railway mail service; Bessie and Kittie, One other is deceased. Mrs. Cooney died January 11, 1886.

The family all make their home under the paternal roof, all being in Cleveland and all unmarried.

KILIAN EGERT, a leading barrel manufacturer of Cleveland, and a well known German citizen, was born in what is now Nassau, Prussia, September 9, 1834, and at eighteen years of age joined the army for three years, according to the custom of the country. He then came to the United States, stopping in Canton, Ohio, where he learned the cooper's trade; and in 1861 he came to Cleveland, where in 1864 he established a small factory on Longwood avenue, employing a few men. His business grew with the development of the country, and in 1877 he began manufacturing staves at Ridgeway, this State, turning out 50,000 a year, the most of which he consumes in his own factory, to meet the increasing demand in his trade. In 1878 he erected a large factory on Wilson avenue, near the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railway depot, with a capacity for 500 barrels per day, and employ-

ing, when there is a full force, fifty men. The Scoville, Sherman & Company's oil works consume the product of Mr. Egert's factory.

Mr. Egert has been prominent and active in connection with the Saengerfast, being seven years its vice-president and four years its treasurer. He is a thoroughgoing American, giving a conspicuous stimulus to an important industry.

His father, a farmer, died in 1848, at the age of thirty-four years. Three of his five children are living, namely: Kilian (our subject); Conrad; and Lizzie, married. In September, 1863, Mr. Egert married Frederica Baner, of Cleveland, but born in Wurtemburg, Germany. The children by this marriage are: Lizzie, now Mrs. Fred Dietz; Minnie, who married Louis Scherdel, of this city; Flora; Herman, deceased; William, Henry and Edith.

HOWARD H. BURGESS, City Clerk of Cleveland, is one of the prominent young men of the city and one of the leading Republicans of Cuyahoga county.

He was born in Huron county, Ohio, on September 10, 1859, and is the son of Rev. Oliver Burgess, a retired Methodist minister of Cleveland. Rev. Burgess was born in Frederick county, Maryland, in 1817, and is the son of William Pitt Burgess, who removed to Mount Vernon, Ohio, when his son was a boy, and there engaged in merchandising. Rev. Burgess began his ministerial labors at a very early age, delivering his first sermon on April 15, 1835, near Norwalk, Ohio, while a student at Norwalk Seminary. During his long career in the pulpit he was stationed at many places throughout northern Ohio, and going West continued his ministry for a few years in Michigan and Iowa. In the history of his first work he appears as an itinerant minister, and is pointed to as one of the early ministers of the Methodist Church in Ohio. He has been and is a frequent contributor to religious journals, and his articles have always been well received and highly prized.

He was married near Norwalk, Ohio, to Caroline M. Cogswell, who was at the time a student of Norwalk Seminary. Five sons and six daughters have been born to this union, all of whom, with one exception, are still living. Rev. Burgess removed with his family to Cleveland in 1870, where he has since resided and is one of the honored citizens of the Forest City.

Mr. Howard H. Burgess came with his parents to Cleveland in 1870. He was educated in the Cleveland public schools, in Brooks' Military Academy, and at Baldwin University, at Berea, Ohio. In 1880 he began his newspaper career in the office of the Cleveland Herald. Beginning as "copy holder," he was soon occupying a position on the local staff, and eventually was promoted to a position as political writer. He was detailed to represent his paper on a portion of Blaine's tour in 1884, and is credited with some fine newspaper work on this occasion, as well as during his newspaper career. Upon the consolidation of the Herald and Plain Dealer in 1885, Mr. Burgess took charge of the Sunday Voice. The same year he was appointed Assistant City Clerk of Cleveland, in which capacity he served until 1887. In 1889 he was elected by the City Council to the position of Clerk of the city, and an endorsement of his administration has come at the end of each term by a re-election, in 1891 and 1893. He is the only Republican at the head of a department in the city government of Cleveland at the present time, which fact speaks volumes for his ability and popularity.

Mr. Burgess is a stalwart Republican, and although young in years he has been very active in his party's service, and is one of the leaders in the city of Cleveland and Cuyahoga county, and is well and favorably known among the leaders of the party throughout the Buckeye State. In 1888 he was closely identified with the Hon. T. E. Burton in the management of that gentleman's successful Congressional canvass. He was secretary and treasurer of the committee in the campaign which resulted in

the election of the Hon. William G. Rose as Mayor of Cleveland in 1891; was Secretary of the Union League and was Secretary of the Garfield Club, at that time one of the strongest Republican organizations in the city. He is at the present time Treasurer of the Tippecanoe Club, one of the largest and strongest Republican organizations in the State of Ohio. He was for several years Treasurer of the Press Club of Cleveland and Secretary of the Edgewood Park Association of the Thousand Islands in the St. Lawrence river. He is a member of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, and is one of that body's committees on Ways and Means and Entertainment. He is also a member of the Masonic and Knights of Pythias fraternities. Is a director in the Cleveland Tanning Company, is president of the Cleveland Desk Company, and is in other ways identified with the industries of Cleveland.

Mr. Burgess was married, in 1885, to Miss Alice Hill, daughter of Colonel H. E. Hill, of the well-known firm of H. E. Hill & Company, of Cleveland. One child, a daughter—Helen—has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Burgess.

JAMES B. McCONNELL, M. D., Strongsville, was born July 27, 1838, in Ottawa, Canada, where he passed his boyhood days up to the age of twelve years. He then made his home in New York State for four years, where he attended the Oneida Institute, at Cazenovia, a portion of two years; and he also attended the Port Edward (New York) Institute about a year and a half.

Entering the office of Dr. Hiram Hoyt, he read medicine about a year, and finally graduated at the National Medical College at Washington, District of Columbia, in 1860. He opened practice in Cleveland, where he practiced until December, 1876, when he removed to a point about a mile south of Strongsville, and here has a good patronage.

In Waverly, Massachusetts, in 1869, he married Miss Mary F. Turner, who died in Cleveland in 1872; and he was again married, in Waverly, to Miss Harriet Turner, and by this marriage there were five children: James T., Ruth H., Agnes, Edith and Leila, which last mentioned died when three years old. The mother of these children died in Strongsville, August 10, 1891, and the Doctor, in February, 1893, married for his present wife Mrs. Clara M. Sanderson, the widow of Burton Sanderson, who died in Strongsville.

H. C. LORD, the young and popular yard master of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, began railroading in Cleveland with the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Company. Four years of faithful service concluded his career with the Erie, and he was placed on the pay-roll of the Nickel Plate and given the position of weigh-master. One year later he was given the position of yard clerk, next ——— clerk, and some months later was given a clerkship in Superintendent Kimball's office, remaining until 1890, when he was promoted to be chief clerk for Division Engineer Vaughn, which position he filled most acceptably, and was promoted to be general yard master October 9, 1893.

Mr. Lord was born in New Jersey, November 1, 1864. Four years later the family came West and located in Cleveland, the father, L. D. Lord, securing a clerkship in the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio yard office, where he may still be found, having completed an uninterrupted service of twenty-five years. He married Miss Esther H. Clark, born in Northampton, Massachusetts. Their children are: Minnie, wife of E. E. Styles, of Cleveland, and Harry C.

H. C. Lord left the grammar school of this city at fifteen years of age, and began his railroad work at once.

August 18, 1886, Mr. Lord married, in Cleveland, Anna J., a daughter of Jacob Decker, deceased. One child resulted from this union, Howard Morgan, born April 1, 1890.

Reward is sure to come to him who strives to excel and conducts the business of his employers with the same interest that he would manifest in his own private affairs.

CHARLES HAROLD HUBBELL was born October 16, 1836, in Warrensville, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, the son of Jedidiah Hubbell and Sally (Parshall) Hubbell, the oldest of five children, two sons and three daughters, his grandparents being the early pioneers of this then new country, "The Western Reserve." At the age of five years his parents moved to Chagrin Falls, Cuyahoga county, where the most of the time he has since lived; received his education at Chagrin Falls and Hiram Eclectic Institute; was married to Miss Mariam E. Russell, August 24, 1862.

When Abraham Lincoln made his call for "300,000 more" he was one of the first to respond, leaving his young wife, and enlisting in Company D, One Hundred and Third Ohio Volunteer Infantry Regiment, Captain J. T. Philpot's company and Colonel Jack Casement's regiment. He was in several engagments and with his company until after the siege of Knoxville, Tennessee, when by an order issued February 3, 1864, by Major General Foster, commanding the Department of the Ohio, he was ordered to report to Captain John A. Dixon, Assistant Quartermaster of the department, as clerk, in which capacity he remained until November, when by a special order from the department he took the quartermaster's records to Louisville, Kentucky, and reported to Lieutenant-Colonel H. C. Ransom, Adjutant-General, and assigned to duty as chief clerk in the quartermaster's department at General John M. Palmer's headquarters, where he remained until April, 1866.

The business of that department being completed and returning to his home, Mr. Hubbell remained until March, 1873, when he joined a colony from Geneva, Ohio, and with his family went to Pawnee county, Kansas, then the extreme out-post of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, and helped construct the first buildings of the new town, called Garfield, in honor of our loved and lamented President and teacher. Here his third son was born, the first white male child of the new town. After one year's stay, on account of the grasshopper scourge, he returned to his old home in Ohio, where he has since lived and has filled several positions of trust: was Secretary of the County Fair for several years, City Clerk, etc. Mr. Hubbell is a member of N. L. Norris Post, No. 40, Grand Army of the Republic, and is a member of the official board of the Christian Church. In February, 1891, he received a commission as Postmaster at Chagrin Falls, in which capacity he served his term with credit to himself. In politics he is a Republican.

Five sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hubbell, viz.: Charles J., of Ravenna, Ohio, married and has one daughter Susie, and one son, Harold; Melvin J., married and has a daughter, Mildred; Walter H., attending college at Hiram; and Leon S. and Frank N., at home attending school.

Mr. Hubbell's brother and sisters and marriage connections are: Alice L., married George M. King; James E., married, and died March 7, 1876, leaving a widow and two sons, Herman and Willie; Julia R., married Samuel A. Worley; Frankie E., who married William E. Rogers and has a daughter, Gracie by name.

JOHN HURST, an old resident of Middleburg township, but now of Cleveland, was born in Leicestershire, England, July 28, 1822, and was five years of age when his father, William Hurst, and family emigrated to America. After a short residence in New York city they settled in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, where they, the parents, spent the remainder of their days.

Mr. John Hurst, our subject, grew to manhood in Royalton, and there married Miss

Paulina Avery, a native of Utica, New York. After they lived in Royalton a year Mr. Hurst came, in 1846, to Middleburg, where he has since resided, until the spring of 1893, when he moved to Cleveland, and he is now enjoying a retired life. He cleared the farm upon which he spent the most of his life and made upon it many valuable improvements. His children are Ransome D., Ada E. and Eliza A.

ANDREW M. WHITAKER, the subject of this sketch, was born in the same house in which his father was born, in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 6, 1823.

James Whitaker, the paternal grandfather of Andrew M. Whitaker, was born in the Colony of Maryland in the year 1723, and died in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1788. The Colony of Maryland was founded by Lord Baltimore in 1634. James Whitaker married Catherine Par Tee, who was born in the Colony of Maryland in 1729. She descended from the French Huguenots, and died in Pennsylvania in 1813. Near 1767 they emigrated from Maryland to Washington county, now Allegheny county, in western Pennsylvania, and settled in what is now Mifflin township on the Monongahela river, eight miles above Fort Pitt, then called Fort Duquesne, and almost exactly across the Monongahela river from what is historically known as "Braddock's Field." They took possession of their plantation, about 800 acres, just twelve years after Braddock's defeat, and were the first white settlers in Mifflin township. On the farm on which they first located, they reared a family of five children: Aaron, Isaac, Charlotte, Elizabeth and Abraham.

Abraham Whitaker, the father of Andrew M. Whitaker, was born in 1780, and in 1809 married Mary McClure, who was born in 1786. Mary McClure Whitaker, the mother of Andrew M. Whitaker, was a woman of more than ordinary ability. She was a devout Christian woman, and in many ways patterned after Susanna Wesley in the care of her household and in her relations to the church. Abraham Whitaker was a man of sterling qualities and much above the average man of his day in both education and general intelligence. He was appointed Justice of the Peace by Governor Snyder of Pennsylvania, and afterward elected and re-elected by the people for a period of twenty-five years; and judging from the large number of marriages solemnized by him, a list of which the writer has seen, his house must have been a veritable Gretna Green. Abraham and Mary Whitaker had seven children who lived to maturity, viz.: Margarett, James, Charles, Alfred, Catharine, Andrew and Lewis, only two of whom, Andrew and Lewis, are living. Abraham Whitaker answered the last summons April 6, 1832, in Mifflin, Pennsylvania, and the mother, Mary Whitaker, August 8, 1862, in Bedford, Ohio.

Andrew McClure, the maternal grandfather of Andrew M. Whitaker, was born in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, in 1756, married Margaret Barnett and removed to western Pennsylvania in the spring of 1785. They had a family of nine children, six sons and three daughters. Andrew McClure died in 1799.

Andrew M. Whitaker spent the earlier years of his life on his father's farm, in attending school, in teaching in the public schools and as a clerk in the village store. He moved to Ohio with his mother and her family in the spring of 1847, remained about one year and then went to his old home in Pennsylvania and entered a store in his old capacity as clerk. Here in 1849 he met and married Mary Jane Smith, daughter of Joseph and Phoebe Smith, of West Brownsville, Pennsylvania. West Brownsville on the Monongahela river is noted as being the birthplace of James G. Blaine. The Blaine and Smith families were neighbors for many years. Mary Jane attended school with the Blaine children. The Smith family consisted of nine children, four sons and five

daughters. Mary Jane Whitaker was born in West Brownsville, Pennsylvania, in 1831. She is noted as a woman of remarkable energy and is a prodigious worker. Andrew M. Whitaker and his wife soon after their marriage, or in 1850, moved to Ohio and located in Bedford, which has always been their home. They were the parents of six children, two of whom died in infancy. Mary Emma, the eldest, was born in May, 1850. She is married to H. O. Courtney, a contractor and builder. They have one child, Allen, and live in Bedford.

Alfred Whitaker, the second child, was born near Hillsboro, in Highland county, Ohio, August 3, 1851, where his mother's parents resided, they having moved from West Brownsville, Pennsylvania, to Ohio. The Smith family came to their new home with their household goods and cattle by the way of the Monongahela and Ohio rivers in what was known in those days as a flat-boat. Alfred received his education in the Bedford village school with the exception of a short period spent at Mt. Union College. Early in life he formed habits of industry, which with energy and push have been his best capital. During the war he was the village newsboy of Bedford, at the same time, while attending school, being janitor of the school building. He worked at different times for farmers in Bedford township. Afterward he worked in the Bedford rolling mill and later entered the village store and postoffice kept by Lillie & Marble, as clerk, receiving $250 for the year's work and paying $100 to his parents for the year's board. In the spring of 1871 he went to Cleveland and was employed by Smith, Dodd & Company, shoe dealers, for two years. He then accepted a position for one year as traveling salesman for the American Lubricating Oil Company, at that time managed by Judge E. J. Blandin. In the autumn of 1875, Mr. Whitaker went to Philadelphia and remained a little over one year. During the six months of the Centennial Exposition of 1876, held in that city, he was connected with this great national celebration and was present every day, Sundays excepted, during the six months the exposition was held. In January, 1877, he returned to Cleveland, and the following fall organized the Brooks Oil Company, of which he is the proprietor; and it may be said of him, in this connection, that he is one of the very few men who have built up and successfully carried on an oil business outside of and in competition with that commercial monstrosity, the Standard Oil Company. He has traveled in the interest of his company over nearly every State in the Union, having visited the Pacific coast twice and Europe once. Mr. Whitaker is an uncompromising Democrat, and has been one of the conservative and safe leaders of his party, in both local and State politics, for several years. He has declined a nomination, by his party, for Congress on two occasions, and accepted a nomination for County Treasurer in 1885, and in the same year declined, on account of his business demanding his attention, to accept the appointment of Collector of Internal Revenue under President Cleveland. Mr. Whitaker has never married, and when free from business lives quietly on his farm, "Pine Hill," near Bedford. He is an active member of the Methodist Church at Bedford, is Trustee, a member of the board of Stewards and Sunday-school superintendent.

Charles Bennett Whitaker, second son of Andrew M. Whitaker, was born in Bedford, Ohio, July 6, 1855. He married Alice Parke. They have three children, Charlotte Hazel, Florence Nightingale and Helen Parke. Charles Bennett's occupation is that of foreman in one of Bedford's largest chair factories. He is an active and prominent Knight of Pythias.

Margaret Maud was born January 8, 1864, educated in the Bedford high school, and for a time worked in the office of the Brooks Oil Company, of Cleveland. She is unmarried and cares for the home of her father and mother.

Andrew M. Whitaker has been engaged for about fifteen years in assisting his son Alfred in the conduct of his extensive oil business.

He was originally a Democrat, but being an ardent temperance man has embraced Prohibition principles. He is a lover of good books and is a great reader. He keeps himself well informed on all the leading questions of the times. He is a member of the Methodist Church and is a constant attendant on the services of the sanctuary. During his long residence in Bedford he has been elected to the office of Justice of the Peace, member of the Board of Education and Corporation Clerk. He is an honorable man, a good citizen and is highly respected by the community in which he has lived forty-two years.

WILLIAM SHURMER, a prominent farmer of Strongsville township, was born in Wiltshire, England, December 15, 1825, and emigrated to America in the spring of 1855, landing at New York. He lived in Cleveland and vicinity until 1873, being employed a large portion of the time by J. H. Hussey in the copperas smelting works, and afterward engaged in farming in Newburg township. In 1873 he settled upon a farm near Strongsville, where he now lives, prospering in his occupation of farming, and also in the added occupation of cheese-making, which he has followed for the last fifteen years. His farm buildings and improvements are plentiful in number and models in arrangement. His farm comprises 167 acres.

He was married in Wiltshire, England, January 20, 1847, to Miss Ann Townsend, who was born in that shire February 12, 1827. By this marriage there have been seven children, namely: Richard C., who married Ella Cain and is now a farmer in Warrensville township; Charles H., who married Belle Ridelsperger and is engaged in the oil business in Pennsylvania; John H., who resides in Strongsville township; Jane, who died in infancy; Mary Elizabeth; Susan; and William C., who is also employed in the oil business in Pennsylvania. John H. has held the office of Township Treasurer for four years, and has been a member of the Republican central committee for three terms—six years. He is a leading and representative citizen, active and public-spirited in public and benevolent movements.

FE. DELLENBAUGH, one of Cleveland's well-known attorneys, was born in North Georgetown, Columbiana county, Ohio, October 2, 1855, but since infancy has been a resident of Cleveland, his parents removing to this city when he was one year of age. He was educated in the district schools of East Cleveland, in the Cleveland Academy, the East High School and the Western Reserve College. He read law in the office of his uncle, Charles D. Everett, and subsequently in the office of E. Coppe Mitchell, dean of the law faculty of the University of Pennsylvania, in which institution he was also a student in the law department. In 1878 he had the honorary degree of Bachelor of Laws conferred upon him by the Union Law College of Cleveland, and was admitted to the bar in March, 1878. The Centennial Commission appointed him inspector of the finance department of the Centennial Exhibition in 1876, which position he filled from May 1st to September 29th.

For two years after Mr. Dellenbaugh's admission to the bar he practiced alone, and then formed a partnership with Albert H. Weed, which was dissolved two and a half years later. He then became associated with Capt. M. B. Gary and Charles D. Everett, under the firm name of Gary, Everett & Dellenbaugh, which was in existence about two years, and was then changed to Everett & Dellenbaugh. Two years afterward, Mr. Albert H. Weed, his original partner, entered the firm, forming the present one of Everett, Dellenbaugh & Weed.

Mr. Dellenbaugh is a lawyer of indefatigable energy, and his ability is of an order which places him conspicuously in the front among

the legal lights of the Cleveland bar. He has devoted himself faithfully, conscientiously and zealously to his profession, and has never sought political honors. Though his practice is general, he makes a specialty of commercial and corporation law.

HON. ROBERT BLEE, Mayor of the city of Cleveland, was born in Cuyahoga county, Ohio, January 31, 1839. His father, Hugh Blee, was born in Londonderry, Ireland, came to New York city when a boy, and when a young man he came to Cuyahoga county, settling on a farm. In this county he married Mary B. Porter, who, though American born, was of Irish origin also. She bore her husband eight children, of whom the subject of this sketch is one. To farming Hugh Blee devoted the greater portion of his life, but during his later years he resided in Cleveland, where he died in 1886, aged seventy-six years.

His country home was near the village of Glenville, and here young Robert was brought up and educated. He gained a fair academical education, leaving school at the age of seventeen years to accept employment with the Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad as a brakeman. He was soon promoted as conductor of freight trains, and later as passenger conductor. In 1863 he became assistant superintendent of the above named road, and in 1867 he became superintendent of the "Bee Line," succeeding Superintendent E. S. Flint. In 1890 he became general superintendent of the "Big Four" lines, and one year later he resigned this position and thus ended a brilliant, successful railroad career of thirty-five years.

After quitting the railroad business, Mr. Blee was engaged in looking after personal business affairs till the spring of 1893, when he was called into the political arena by being nominated for Mayor of Cleveland by the Democratic party, of which he has always been an active member. By reason of his fitness for this high office, together with his personal popularity, he was elected to the office by a majority of 1,800, notwithstanding the fact that the city had nearly always in past years gone Republican. As Mayor, Mr. Blee is regarded as a man of unusual executive ability and competency. This position is the only public office he has held save one, that of Police Commissioner, which position he held one term in 1875.

In several ways has Mr. Blee won prominence and high station. One of many very meritorious deeds he has done was that of his organization of the Bee Line Insurance Company, of which he was president for twenty-two years. During his incumbency of this office his disbursements of charities to dependent ones footed up hundreds of thousands of dollars. His private funds are most frequently appealed to, and of it he gives unstintedly and without ostentation, never losing an opportunity to lighten the load of needy and deserving persons by a cheering word or a substantial donation. At present he is the president of the Ohio Building & Loan Company, and in other important business concerns he has large interests.

Thus as a business man Mr. Blee has always been active, and as a citizen the high position which he now holds is pointed out as evidence of that esteem and confidence on the part of his fellow citizens he enjoys.

THOMAS C. GOSS, a member of the popular insurance firm of O. M. Stafford, Goss & Company, Cleveland, Ohio, is one of the rising young business men of the city, who is becoming widely and favorably known. He was born at Edinburg, Portage county, Ohio, April 22, 1862. His early education was received in the village school, and his business training in the Spencerian Business College of Cleveland, which he entered after a two years' course at Union College, Alliance, Ohio.

In May, 1881, he began his career in the commercial world as assistant bookkeeper for the Hull Vapor Stove Company, with which he remained until August of the same year, he then accepted a proposition from Thomas H. Greer, one of the leading insurance men of the city, and entered his employ. In June, 1885, he became connected with the Mercantile Insurance Company as bookkeeper and cashier, filling the position most efficiently until March 15, 1887. At that time he resigned and went to Omaha, Nebraska, where he engaged in the real-estate business with his brother, Hon. Charles A. Goss, under the firm name of Goss Brothers. This vocation did not prove congenial to him, and, receiving a proposition from Mr. Stafford to return to Cleveland and become associated with him in the insurance business, he accepted the offer and July 27th of the same year entered upon his duties as manager of the insurance department of the Broadway Savings & Loan Company. January 1, 1891, the banking business and insurance business were separated. Mr. Goss entered into partnership with O. M. Stafford, and the firm of O. M. Stafford, Goss & Company came into existence. Under the excellent management of Mr. Goss the interests of the firm have been widely extended, and he has aided materially in bringing the company forward from a position of comparative obscurity to one of prominence in local insurance circles.

The ancestors of Thomas C. Goss emigrated to Massachusetts about 1820. Daniel Goss, the paternal grandfather, was born in London, England, while his wife was a native of Edinburg, Scotland. Upon their arrival in Massachusetts they settled at Fall River. There they had a son, Alfred R. Goss, father of Thomas C. In 1838 Daniel Goss, who was a typical freedom-loving Englishman, came farther West, and stopped for a time in Cincinnati, Ohio. After casting about for a place of permanent location, he settled in Portage county, Ohio, where he passed the remainder of his life.

Alfred R. Goss married Martha Carr, a daughter of the Rev. Thomas Carr, a Scotchman by descent and a circuit preacher of the Methodist Church. There were four children born of this union: Thomas C.; Charles A., a prominent attorney of Omaha, who has served as a member of the Nebraska Legislature, and who married Miss Carrie Shimp, a daughter of Samuel Shimp, of Alliance, Ohio; Margaret F., who is the wife of H. L. Day, of Omaha, Nebraska; and Hattie, a student in Lake Erie Seminary, Painesville, Ohio.

Thomas C. Goss was united in marriage, in Cleveland, Ohio, October 8, 1889, to Anna M., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Calvin, of this city. Their only child is Leonard K., aged three years. Mr. Goss is a member of Forest City Lodge, A. F. & A. M., of Webb Chapter, R. A. M., and of Oriental Commandry, K. T.

ALEXANDER PATTON, deceased, was a self-made man and was for many years connected with the interests of Cleveland, Ohio. He was an uncle of James A. Patton, of this city.

Mr. Patton was born and reared in Alloa, Scotland, and was a fisherman in his native land. In the early forties he came to America and settled in Cleveland, Ohio. When he landed here he had only two pennies in his pocket. He put up at the hotel located on the site now occupied by George Worthington's building, and as he had no money he left his trunk for security while he went out to secure employment. On starting out he met George Whitelaw, who, learning his condition, gave him a dollar. A day's work brought in another dollar, and from another Scotchman he received a "needy dollar," which dollar was to be given to any needy Scotchman he might meet after he could spare the same. Thus did he come into the possession of $3 on his first day in America. Soon he secured permanent employment, collecting soap-grease and ashes for a

soap factory. Later he set up in the soap business on his own account, under the name of A. Patton, his factory being located on the flats. This business he subsequently sold to his nephew, John Buchan, who is now a member of the Buchan Soap Company, Cleveland, Ohio. During his life in this city Alexander Patton accumulated a competency, and always had a dollar for a needy Scotchman. He was well known all over the county, and by his many sterling qualities he won the respect of all who knew him. He died in April, 1879, at the age of seventy-five years.

Mr. Patton was married, but had no children. His wife, *nee* Eliza Hannah Johnson, was the daughter of an Englishman. She was a member of the Baptist Church and was a most estimable woman. Her death occurred in 1869, at the age of fifty-two years.

WILLIAM HILLMAN BUTTON, the subject of this sketch, was born in Bedford, Ohio, May 14, 1838, where he still resides. He traces his ancestry to Matthias Button, who came to America with Gov. John Endicott, and first settled at Salem, Massachusetts, where he landed September 6, 1628. His son, Matthias, was born at Haverhill, Massachusetts, in 1657. Matthias Button, the third, was born at Haverhill in 1689, and Matthias, the fourth, was born at Canterbury, Connecticut, in 1727, and was a Captain in the Revolutionary army. He died in Rutland county, Vermont, in 1811.

Shubal Button, son of Matthias, the fourth, was born in Canterbury, Connecticut, 1770, and married for his first wife, Polly Tower, and for his second, Anna Skiff. The children of the first wife were: Polly, born 1794, died 1795; Matthias, born 1796, died 1829; Ira, born 1798, died 1862; Elizabeth, born 1799, died 1883; Otis, born 1801, died 1884; Mary, born 1803, and is still living; Laura, born 1805, died 1827; Joel, born 1807; Shubal, born 1808; and Charlotte, born 1810. The children of the second wife are: Anson E., born 1823; George W., born 1825; Martha Ann, born 1826; Joel Y., born 1828; Orrin O., born 1831, and Susan Elmira, born 1834.

Shubal Button died at Fredonia, New York, in 1840. His widow, Anna Skiff Button, married for her second husband, Asa Button, brother of Shubal Button. She died at Fredonia, and in 1844 her husband, Asa, died at the same place.

Otis Button, son of Shubal Button and father of William Hillman Button, was born in St. Lawrence county, New York, August 2, 1801, came to Bedford, Ohio, in the spring of 1831, and July 4, 1832, he married Miss Anna Hillman, who was the daughter of Seth and Clarissa (Butterfield) Hillman. Seth Hillman was born in 1784, married in 1808, and died in 1828. Clarissa B. Hillman was born in Wilton, Hillsborough county, New Hampshire, September 22, 1784. Mr. and Mrs. Hillman had four children who lived to mature age: Mary W., Anna H. (mother of William H. Button), Ruth, and William B. Mrs. Hillman married for her second husband, Hezekiah Dunham, who was born in Massachusetts, December 9, 1779. She was his second wife, and they were married July 4, 1831, his first wife, Betsey Burroughs, having died in April, 1831. Hezekiah and Betsey (Burroughs) Dunham had a family of eleven children, four only of whom lived to maturity: Silas B., born 1807; David B., 1810; Betsey, 1816; and Lydia, 1820.

Hezekiah Dunham died in 1861, and Anna (Hillman) Button, wife of Otis Button, in 1884.

Otis Button began his business career as water boy on the Erie canal, under his father, who was a contractor; from water boy he advanced until he was a contractor on the same canal, and afterward took contracts on the Chesapeake & Ohio canal, and made canal contracting his business until he came to Bedford, Ohio, to settle. Soon after settling in Bedford he leased of Captain Daniel Benedict (who named the township of

Bedford) a sawmill situated on Tinker's creek, nearly opposite the present cemetery, said lease extending over four years. Shortly before its expiration he moved to a farm about one mile west of Bedford village, which he subsequently purchased and upon which he lived forty-two years, leaving there in June, 1878, to return to the village to live. Upon moving upon this farm he ran a sawmill on Tinker's creek at the foot of one of the longest, steepest and most picturesque hills in Cuyahoga county, known as "Button Hill."

In 1835, Robert Lucas, Governor of Ohio, issued to Mr. Button his commission as Captain of the militia. Captain Button for many years was a prominent figure at company and general trainings. Mr. Button was an old-time Democrat in politics. He possessed the confidence of the entire community, and was many times elected one of the Trustees of Bedford. He united with the Baptist Church about the time of the organization of that body in Bedford, and from it he went to the Disciple Church about the year 1849, and remained a member of that body until his death, June 14, 1884, being an honest, conscientious, devoted Christian.

Otis and Anna Hillman Button had the following named children: Clarissa Elizabeth, born May 11, 1835, died February 22, 1857; William Hillman Button, born May 14, 1838; and Charlotte E. Button, born in 1841.

William Hillman Button was born in Bedford and educated in the public school. His entire life has been spent upon the farm on which he now resides. He has been Assessor four terms, and is at this time serving as Trustee in a township with a large Republican majority, himself being a Democrat, strongly tinctured with prohibition. He has been for many years a faithful and earnest member of the Disciple Church. He is a quiet, unassuming man, holding to a high standard of morals for himself as well as others.

June 9, 1878, he purchased of his father the old homestead upon which he was born, and June 27 of the same year, he married Miss Celeste Adelle Knapp, daughter of William Herman and Deborah L. Wightman Knapp, of Independence, Ohio. Mr. Knapp traces his ancestry to Roger de Knapp, who received a coat of arms granted by Henry VIII of England to commemorate his skill and success at a tournament in Norfolk, England, in 1540, in which he unseated three knights of great skill and bravery. Continuing in this line we come to Nicholas Knapp, who came to America with Winthrop and Saltonstall's fleet in 1630; then following this line we come to Joshua Knapp, who was born in Danbury, Connecticut, February 5, 1716: he married Abigail (Bostwick) Dibble, a widow, who was born in Brookfield, Connecticut, in September, 1725, and was the first white child born there. She died October 7, 1812: her husband, Joshua Knapp, died August 8, 1798.

Joshua Knapp, who was a Presbyterian Deacon and a bachelor, being reminded by his church of the Scriptural injunction that a deacon should be the husband of one wife, could think only of the widow Dibble. Feeling the Lord had directed him to her, he mounted his horse on Monday morning, rode to her home and found her washing in the yard between the house and street; and, riding up to the fence and without dismounting he stated his case, adding that he felt the Lord had directed him to her, and her reply was, "The Lord's will be done;" and they were married the following Wednesday. Their second child, Daniel, was born July 2, 1763, and married Lucy Gray, and they had twelve children.

William Herman Knapp, the tenth child of Daniel and Lucy (Gray) Knapp, and the father of Mrs. Button, was born in Danbury, Connecticut, February 16, 1801, came to Ohio in 1826, was an engineer in building the Ohio canal, and May 4, 1828, married Deborah Ledyard Wightman, who was born in Groton, Connecticut, November 6, 1808, and came to Newburg, Ohio, in 1811, with her parents, Captain John and Deborah C. Morgan Wightman. John

Wightman was a direct descendant of the Rev. Valentine Wightman, who was the founder of the first society of Baptists in Groton, Connecticut. He began preaching for them in 1710. At his death his son Timothy occupied the same pulpit until his death in 1796; then his son, John Gano, succeeded him for nearly forty-five years, until his death, in 1841. After a period of three or four years, John Gano's grandson, Palmer G. Wightman, occupied the same pulpit until 1875. This is believed to be without a parallel in American history of pastorates. Mrs. Knapp's mother was Deborah Calibia Morgan, daughter of Col. Christopher and Deborah Ledyard Morgan, a direct descendant of James Morgan (see history of James Morgan and descendants), a family of prominence. Deborah Ledyard Morgan was a niece of Colonel Ledyard, who commanded Fort Griswold when it was surrendered to the British, and Colonel Ledyard was killed with his own sword in the hand of the officer to whom he had surrendered!

Mr. and Mrs. William Herman Knapp, moved to Independence in 1833, where Mr. Knapp for a short time kept a supply store for the packets that were run on the canal. He was Postmaster for many years. He was so anxious for the education of the masses that he taught a school in his own house without any stipulated remuneration, letting them pay little or nothing, as they were able. Several married men and women went to school to him, it being their only opportunity. By profession Mr. Knapp was a civil engineer. He was County Surveyor of Cuyahoga county from 1839 to 1844, and again from 1864 to 1866 inclusive. In politics he was a Whig originally, and subsequently an ardent Republican. He united with the Disciple Church in 1837, and remained a member of that church until his death, being a stanch advocate of its faith and doctrines. Mrs. Knapp was first to unite with the same church, being baptized in 1835, when the first yearly meeting of this denomination was held, on her father's farm, on what is now known as Broadway, Cleveland, then called Newburg. She had one of the kindest hearts, always doing for others and being happy in making others so,—a woman of excellent judgment, very conscientious, and a devoted Christian wife and mother to the time of her death, December 26, 1880, at her home in Independence, where she had lived nearly fifty years. She was truly a pioneer of Cuyahoga county, distinctly remembering listening to the boom of the cannon at the time of Perry's victory, also the inhabitants of the vicinity of Cleveland going into the town for protection the night after John O'Mick was hung, fearing an attack by the Indians, John O'Mick being the first person hung in Cuyahoga county. She was the oldest of eight children, namely: Deborah Ledyard, born November 6, 1808, died December 26, 1880; John Griswold, born July 12, 1810, died 1834; Isaac Avery, born May 23, 1812, died March 5, 1867; Lucy Adelaide, born March 17, 1814, died February 1, 1893; David Long, born August 17, 1817, died July 18, 1887; Sherburn Henry, born August 28, 1819; Horace Fayette, born April 12, 1821, died September 9, 1868; and Harriet Lueretia, born June 5, 1825, died June 30, 1878.

William H. and Deborah L. Wightman Knapp had three children: Cornelia Adelaide, born in Cleveland, April 27, 1830, married November, 4, 1868, Levi Allen, of Akron, Ohio, who is a descendant of Major Spicer; and Jonah Allen, who came from Connecticut and settled in Akron ron at the same time Captain Morgan and John Wightman came to Cleveland. The four families, being friends in Connecticut, continued the friendship to the present time, there being many intermarriages. Cornelia Adelaide and Levi Allen have two daughters: Cornelia Adelle, born January 13, 1870; and A. May Deborah Allen, born May 14, 1871, and married, August 17, 1893, Rev. J. Dorsey Forrest of Baltimore, Maryland, and now pastor of the Central Christian Church of Columbus, Ohio. Herman John Knapp, born in Independence, April 9, 1836, died December 15, 1846; Celeste Adelle Knapp, born in Independence, August 17,

1848, and received her education in the district school and in the public schools of Akron, Ohio: She united with the Disciple Church in Bedford, in 1865, and is still an earnest worker in that church, and has been a member of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union from its organization in Bedford.

The biographer of Mr. and Mrs. Button desires to say that they, in giving this history, do so more to honor their ancestry than themselves, feeling that their own lives have been very uneventful indeed. Their desire is to have a home and farm, well cared for, to which their friends can come with pleasure, where peace, harmony, love and Christian grace may abound and where every living creature may be comfortable and happy.

WILLIAM BACKUS, JR.—Prominent among the younger and most progressive men of Cleveland is he whose name initiates this biographical sketch, his record of achievements in several lines of work being one of particular distinction.

A native of the city where he still retains his residence, Mr. Backus was born August 24, 1860, a son of Captain William and Madeline (Strobel) Backus. He was reared and educated in the city of his birth, and at an early age developed into an indefatigable student and investigator. The study of the law, medicine and literature proved particularly engrossing to him. In 1882 he became editor of the West Side Spur. In 1884 he established and was editor of the Sunday Courier, which soon became noted for its vigorous political work. The financial outcome of this venture not proving satisfactory, he accepted a position with the Cleveland Press as a special writer. The thought, wit, and pronounced individuality displayed in his writings soon gained for him a wide reputation. His health becoming impaired after several years' work, a temporary change of vocation became necessary.

His investigating mind then turned to the new and mysterious art of photo-engraving. He organized the Union Photo-Engraving Company, of which he became president. His experiments and investigations resulted in a number of new discoveries, and he was the first to introduce in Cleveland the art of reproducing photographs upon a metal printing block by chemical action. He organized branch photo-engraving establishments in various cities, including Chicago and San Francisco. He also established and edited at this time the American Union newspaper and the Magazine of Science and Art. During all this time he had pursued a careful and earnest study of the law, with the purpose in view of adopting the pratice of law as a profession. In 1889 he disposed of his interests in the journalistic and other enterprises, with which he had become identified and devoted his time and attention for a time to the organization of private corporations under the laws of Ohio and other States. He is an officer in various corporations: among others, he is president of the Cumberland Tennessee Land Company; president of the American Oil Burner Company; vice president of the National Union Photo-Engraving Company; secretary of the Lactine Manufacturing Company.

Having been admitted to the bar Mr. Backus engaged in the general practice of law, in which he has met with marked success.

In the matter of national and municipal politics our subject has maintained a lively interest, and has been duly active in working for the principles and men whose cause he had espoused. He originally cast his suffrage with the Democratic party, but in 1888 he withdrew from that organization and swung into line with the Republican party, whose policies and principles he had become convinced were such as would best conserve the greatest good to the greatest number,—the true governmental function.

In 1892 the public dissatisfaction with the management of school affairs led to a revolution in the system of government of Cleveland's

great school system. Mr. Backus was one of the seven men elected at large by the people as a member of the new Board of Education, and soon made his influence felt by the vigorous manner in which he combated the influence politics and the interference of politicians in school affairs. He is one of the younger yet representative citizens of Cleveland: has always been alive to industrial interests and to such other developments as have been conducive or promising to the interests of the city and to the public welfare. In his profession he infuses into all his work life, energy, intelligence and discrimination, inspiring absolute confidence in all with whom he comes in contact. In the line of fraternal affiliations Mr. Backus is a member of the order of the Knights of Pythias.

In 1879 he was united in marriage with Miss Sarah A. Mullin, of this city, and two children, Edna Lois and Cecil Degmar, are the sunshine of the home: William, the third child, is deceased.

STEVENSON BURKE, who in the active field of professional practice, upon the bench, and in the circles of railway management and control, has won a fame that is part of the history of the Cleveland bar, was born in St. Lawrence county, New York, on November 26, 1826. He is a man who by the free working of his superior intellect would have attained wealth and influence in any country or under almost any conditions of organized society. He is one of the few men endowed with the capacity to mold surrounding circumstances to suit his purposes. His career, like that of many other Americans of this generation, has demonstrated that industry and perseverance will open a way from the humblest beginning to a manhood crowned with honor and all that is most cherished in civilized society.

In 1834 the family of Stevenson Burke removed to North Ridgeville, Lorain county, Ohio, where he worked for an education and was so successful that at the age of seventeen he was teaching a district school. The indomitable will, pluck and energy that nature implanted in him was strengthened by his struggles with adversity. His mastery of the branches taught in the select school was rapid and he soon entered the University at Delaware.

He was admitted to practice law in 1848, and entered upon the exercise of his professional duties in Elyria, Lorain county. His advance was as brilliant as it was sure, and when only twenty-six years of age he had a better business than any other lawyer in the county. In 1862 he took his seat upon the bench of the Common Pleas, having for ten years previous to that time been substantially engaged in every case of consequence in Lorain county, and in many cases in the adjoining counties. He was counsel in nearly every case, if not indeed every case, taken from his home county to the Supreme Court. In 1866 he was re-elected for a term of five years; resigned in 1869; removed to Cleveland and at once entered upon a legal career that has been crowned with abundant success, and has long since won him national fame. He was in partnership first with F. T. Backus and E. J. Estep, and later with W. B. Sanders and J. E. Ingersoll.

When able to give more time to the profession than at present, Judge Burke was engaged in a large number of the most important cases in northern Ohio, not confining himself to any one branch of practice, but trying, in the different counties of the Reserve and elsewhere, any and all cases of consequence in which he was retained. Space will permit only a glance at some of the most important of these: The immense cases growing out of the Atlantic & Great Western Railway troubles, where he represented the Erie Railway; the great Utah silver mine cases of the "Nez Perces" and "Old Telegraph" Mining Companies, which he won; the Oberlin–Wellington slave rescue case; the case involving the consolidation of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis Railway with the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton; that involv

ing the constitutionality of the Scott liquor law; that of Kimberly vs. Arms, in which a large sum of money was at stake; the series of intricate cases connected with the foreclosure of mortgages upon the Indianapolis & St. Louis Railroad; the great Hocking Valley Railroad arbitration case; and a large number of equal or less importance that cannot be even mentioned here. Railroad litigation soon led Judge Burke into railroad ownership, and he is now recognized as one of the largest and ablest of the railway owners and capitalists in the West. For many years he was general counsel of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, & Indianapolis Railroad Company, a member of its board of directors, chairman of its financial and executive committees, vice-president and president; general counsel of the Cleveland & Mahoning Valley and president of the same; vice-president and president of the Indianapolis & St. Louis. He was also a director for years in the Cincinnati & Springfield, the Dayton & Michigan, the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis, the New York, Chicago & St. Louis and the Central Ontario Railway Companies. It was Judge Burke who conceived and carried into effect the consolidation of various weak lines into the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo Railway system. He took an active part in its management, holding the position of vice-president and president, and in all the movements of that corporation he was the financial genius and the mainspring of energy. It was Judge Burke who conducted for William H. Vanderbilt the negotiations which resulted in the purchase of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railway. Judge Burke is now engaged in a number of great enterprises the direction of which is entirely in his hands. He is, and for many years has been, the president of the Toledo & Ohio Central, the Cleveland & Mahoning Valley, the Kanawha & Michigan and the Central Ontario Railway Companies. He is a large owner in and the president of the Canadian Copper Company, a concern which owns probably the largest mines of nickel in the world, and has furnished all the nickel thus far used in the construction of nickel-steel armor for the United States Government. He is also president of the Anglo-American Iron Company, of the Republic Coal Company and several other iron-mining and coal companies. While his name does not appear he is the most important partner in the large iron-ore firm of Corrigan, McKinney & Company, and with them controls iron mines and furnaces to the value of several millions of dollars.

Judge Burke's intimate acquaintances who know the profoundness and correctness of his views on all great national and economic questions, regret that his far-reaching business interests have deprived the nation of his services in the arena of public affairs. They believe that if he had devoted himself to a political career his name would have held a place beside our greatest statesmen. Engrossing business occupations have not, however, prevented him from cultivating by study, reading and travel the broad faculties of mind and heart that nature endowed him with. While he is yet a leading practitioner of the Western bar, he is also the animating and controlling spirit of the Cleveland School of Art, and is as ready to speak, when called upon by his fellow citizens, upon art, education, questions of finance, or matters of State, as he is to argue a question of law, which is his main occupation and thought as it was his first love. He is still in the complete enjoyment of physical and mental vigor, and bids fair to prolong his active and useful career for many years to come.

Judge Burke was married April 26, 1849, to Miss Parthenia Poppleton, a daughter of Rev. Samuel Poppleton, of Richland county, Ohio. She died April 7, 1878. He was again married June 22, 1882, to Mrs. Ella M. Southworth, of Clinton, New York. He has been very happy in his married relations, and being very domestic in his habits has found his chief pleasure in the family circle. In his youth he found in his first wife the good sense, prudence and kindness, judgment and womanly grace, so useful to the

struggling young lawyer. Her death was to him an overwhelming sorrow. In his maturer years he has found in his second wife all those qualities of head and heart so essential to a happy home life. She possesses in an eminent degree the sweetness, amiability, discretion and judgment which such a man most values. She has not only made her home a model, but has done much to cultivate all that is best in art and in social life. In the family and in social life Judge Burke is among the most amiable of men. Whatever battles he may have to fight outside he is always kind, considerate and indulgent in his family and in the social circle.

DR. E. P. BANNING, physician and surgeon, Stone building, Cleveland, was born in Titusville, Pennsylvania, January 1, 1835. His father, Dr. Edmond P. Banning, was a native of Canfield, Trumbull County, Ohio, and, being very young when his parents died, was brought up and educated by his mother's brother, Archibald Tanner, the father-in-law of Gleni W. Scofield, late Judge of the Court of Claims and Register of the United States Treasury under Grant's administration, and Congressman from 1856 till he accepted the position in the Treasury Department. Dr. Banning (father of our subject) graduated at the medical college at Fairfield, New York, and entered upon the practice of his profession in the oil town, Titusville, Pennsylvania, then a hamlet of only five houses, with no roads excepting trails and bridle paths. He was accordingly a pioneer in his profession there, and the oldest physician in the vicinity.

In 1827 he became impressed with the fact that there was a class of chronic diseases that invariably resisted the action of medicine for their relief; and by special investigation he discovered that the reason for the failure of medicine in such cases was the fact that they were displacements of internal organs, and needed only mechanical treatment. He worked his way to Pittsburg, on a lumber raft, and presented to the Allegheny Medical Society his views, together with some rude appliances that a horseshoer had made under his direction for the correction of the displacements. He thus became the discoverer of mechanical pathology, the founder of mechanical therapeutics. His inventions constitute to the present day the foundation of all appliances for the support of the spine. He is known and quoted as "the father of mechanical therapeutics" throughout the civilized world. It has been estimated that no discoverer in the series of inventions has so benefited humanity. To him is due the discontinuance of the burning and blistering for spinal diseases formerly so greatly in vogue in this country; and so firmly did he construct and conscientiously perfect his mechanical devices that two years after his death they were exhibited at the great World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, and secured the only award among 134 competing exhibitors; and this is the only instance in the whole exposition where a sole award was given. Dr. Banning, born in 1800, died January, 1891, full of years and full of honors, esteemed as one of earth's greatest benefactors.

After leaving Pittsburg in 1827 he moved to New York, in 1854 to Cleveland, Ohio, and in 1859 returned to New York city, where he resided until his death. Four of his ten children are living, namely: Emily, wife of Tompkins Mann, a celebrated composer and musician of New York city; Dr. E. P., our subject; Dr. A. T. Banning, the Health Officer of Westchester county, New York, and a very prominent operating surgeon; and Carrie, wife of Dr. C. G. Clark of Centerville, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

Dr. E. P. Banning, whose name introduces this memoir, received his professsonal training at the Evansville (Indiana) Medical College. On the commencement of the war he left Cleveland and enlisted at New York in the United States Marine Corps serving until 1871, during which period he was promoted as Lieutenant in

the same service,—the only instance on record where an enlisted marine received a commission in this, the oldest, corps of the service. His appointment was personally urged by Admirals Farragut, Porter, Dahlgren and Dupont, under which officers he had served, the two latter personally stating to President Lincoln that it was a "fit recognition for gallant and meritorious service at Tampa Bay, Cedar Keys, New Berne, Charleston, Vicksburg and Fort Philip." In 1871 he resigned from the service and entered upon the practice of medicine with his father in New York city.

He was first married at the Pensacola Navy Yard, Florida, in 1866, to Miss Florida Morrill. She died in New Orleans in June, 1869. He was again married in 1879 to Miss Carina Carpenter, a daughter of Dr. Calvin Carpenter of Geneva, New York, a niece of Stephen H. Carpenter, professor of rhetoric and literature in the Wisconsin State University. Of Dr. Banning's four children, three are living, namely: Carina Carpenter, aged twelve; Florida Jenette, aged ten; and Dahlgren, aged five. Mrs. Banning is a graduate of the scientific department of the Wisconsin State University, also of the Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery, formerly the Homeopathic Hospital College, at which her husband is special lecturer on "Diseases of the Spine." The Doctor's residence is at Willoughby, Ohio, where Mrs. Banning is engaged in the general practice of medicine and surgery, the Doctor confining himself to his specialty and visiting his office in Cleveland daily.

JOHN SWEET, of Rocky River Hamlet, was born August 24, 1807, in Brookfield, Madison county, New York, where his father, Samuel G., died. In the same county our subject married Catharine Parks, also a native of that county, born May 30, 1812. They emigrated to Cuyahoga county in 1838, settling in Rockport township, making the journey with a horse and wagon; and at this place Mr. Sweet has ever since resided, engaged in agricultural pursuits. His wife died February 21, 1873. They had only one child, Dermott O., whose sketch appears elsewhere.

JOSEPH ISAACS, general cashier of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company, having in charge the financial records and being responsible for the funds of the entire northeastern end of this system of roads, came into this city nearly fifteen years ago, as a clerk of this company. He had been transferred from St. Louis, Missouri, where his railroad career was inaugurated six years before. His first work was for the Indianapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company, as general utility man, receiving promotions as his experience would warrant, becoming a clerk and city collector for the company before his transfer to Cleveland. In 1883 Mr. Isaacs was made general cashier and station accountant, and has completed one decade of faithful service in this capacity.

Mr. Isaacs was born in St. Louis, Missouri, January 1, 1856. He received his school training at the public city schools, and entered Yale College in 1871, expecting to complete a university course, but was deterred by the sudden and unexpected death of his mother and only parent after one year's work. His prospects for a collegiate course being thus blasted, he turned his attention to business, securing employment for a brief period on the Journal of Agriculture, a paper owned and issued by ex-Governor Marmaduke of Missouri. He became next a "Knight of the Grip," representing the Excelsior Varnish Company of New York city, covering western territory and devoting six months time to the business. Railroading then attracted his attention and he accepted employment in the service of the Indianapolis & St. Louis Company, as before mentioned.

Mr. Isaacs' father, John Isaacs, settled in St. Louis in 1847, and was from Edinburg, Scot-

land. He was a dealer in stencils and art goods, and died in 1867, at forty-eight years of age. He married Miss Clara Louis, at New York city, a daughter of Ralph Louis, a manufacturer of furs, of Hamburg, Germany. Five children were born in this family: D. J., a varnish manufacturer of New York city; B. F., agent of Langfield Brothers & Company, dealers in leather goods at New York city; L. J., representing a hosiery house of New York city; Joseph; and a daughter, Mrs. Isaac Wilbraham, of Chicago, Illinois.

January 16, 1876, Mr. Isaacs married in St. Louis, Missouri, Miss Fena, a daughter of A. Marcus, a merchant of Litchfield, Illinois, but formerly of Columbus, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Isaacs are the parents of John D., aged seventeen, employed by the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company; Effie, in the first year in high school; Clara, who died in 1880, aged two months; and Birdie, aged nine.

VALERIUS C. STONE, of Berea, Ohio, was born in Hinesburg, Chittenden county, Vermont, March 2, 1820, son of Joshua and Betsey (Blackman) Stone, who emigrated to Cuyahoga county about 1832, settling in Strongsville, where they continued to reside until their death. They had three children.

Our subject, the youngest of the family, was thirteen years old when his parents settled here, and he here grew to manhood as a farmer's son; and he followed agricultural pursuits until 1883, since which time he has made his home in Berea, living a retired life. He was married in Strongsville township, January 25, 1855, to Miss Huldah C. Haynes, a native of this township, born January 20, 1836, the youngest of the seven children of Abiel and Huldah (Carpenter) Haynes, both her parents being natives of the Green Mountain State. Her father came to Cuyahoga county with his father, Abijah Haynes, when he was about thirty years of age. Mrs. Stone's mother died in February, 1836, and her father in Berea, in 1891.

Mr. and Mrs. Stone have had six children, of whom two died in childhood. The names of the living are Clara E., Frederick V., Sarah J., and Bertha B.

RUFUS P. RANNEY.—The late Judge Rufus P. Ranney not only stood at the head of the Cleveland bar but was also recognized as one of the ablest lawyers and most profound judges in the State of Ohio.

He was born at Blandford, Massachusetts, on October 13, 1813, and in 1824 came with his family to Ohio, they making their home at Freedom, Portage county, a place at that time in the heart of the wilderness. As Judge Ranney grew in years he grew in ambition and determined upon securing an education, a purpose in which he succeeded only by intense application upon his own part. After a course at Nelson Academy he entered Western Reserve College, but before graduation he proceeded to Jefferson, Ashtabula county, where he entered upon the study of law in the office of Giddings & Wade. His progress was so rapid that at the close of the first year he bore the requisite examination and was admitted to the bar. Mr. Giddings having been elected to Congress, Judge Ranney became the partner of Mr. Wade, the firm being Wade & Ranney, as strong a legal combination as was ever seen in the West. In 1845 Judge Ranney withdrew and opened a law office in Warren, Ohio, where he immediately took a place in the front rank of the bar of Trumbull county.

The Democrats of that district placed him in nomination for Congress, in 1846, and also in 1848, but as his party was largely in the minority he failed of election. In 1850 he was elected by a great majority as a member of the convention called for a revision of the State constitution, in which capacity he served with distinguished ability. He was at about this time chosen by the Legislature as a Judge of of the State Supreme Court, and when the old

constitution expired and the new one came into force, in 1851, he was elected by the people to the same position, which he held until 1857, when he resigned and again took up the practice of his profession in Cleveland. In 1857 he was appointed United States Attorney for Northern Ohio, but held the position only two months when he resigned. The people, however, would not consent to his permanent retirement from public life, and he was again, in 1862, elected to the Supreme Bench. He accepted with reluctance, but again resigned in 1864, and returned to his practice in Cleveland. The record he made while upon the Supreme Bench, a portion of which time he served as Chief Justice, proved him to be one of the great lawyers of the country. In 1859 Judge Ranney was the Democratic nominee for Governor of Ohio, but was defeated by William Dennison.

In 1871 the Western Reserve College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

Judge Ranney died in December, 1891. During his life he held many positions of honor of various character, outside of his legal labors; but the chief aims of his life were in connection with his profession, which he followed with an industry and ability that made him one of the great advocates known in the history of American jurisprudence.

M E. GOULD, a passenger engineer on the Valley Railroad, was born in Ashland county, Ohio, March 16, 1844. He secured a district-school education, and at the age of seventeen years began his railroad career. In 1859 he became a fireman for the C. C. & C. Railroad, running from Cleveland with engineer John Buell until 1865; was then an engineer on the Erie Division of the L. S. & M. S. Road, and in 1875, desiring to travel through the West, went to Omaha, Nebraska. While there Mr. Gould secured the position of engineer to the U. P. Railroad, and during his eight months' service worked on three divisions of the road. While on a visit to his friends in Ohio, he was offered the pioneer engine on the Valley Railroad, then being built, and has since remained with that company. Mr. Gould is efficient, steady and faithful to his trust, and is highly esteemed by his employers.

August 3, 1868, in this city, he was united in marriage with Lottie, a daughter of Michael Bander. They had one child, Alta May, who died at the age of seventeen years. In his social relations, Mr. Gould is a member of the Adjustment Committee of the B. of L. E.

R ICHARD BACON, one of the well-known and representative attorneys of Cleveland, and a member of the law firm of Hobart & Bacon, was born at Simsbury, Hartford county, Connecticut, on March 2, 1854. His father was Charles Bacon, who was also a native of Simsbury, Connecticut. The Bacon family came from England in 1645 and located first in Massachusetts, thence removing to Connecticut, where the family continued to reside for generations and became prominent in local public affairs. Richard Bacon, the grandfather of our subject, was quite prominent during the anti-slavery days. The mother of Mr. Bacon was Ann Putnam, who was born at Brooklyn, Connecticut. Her father was William Putnam, who owned the farm adjoining the one owned by General Moses Cleaveland, for whom this city was named. William was the son of Daniel, who was the son of General Israel Putnam, of Revolutionary war fame.

About 1850 Charles Bacon came to Cleveland, and for a few years was engaged in the shipping business. He returned to his boyhood home in Simsbury, and there died in 1867. His widow survives him, and resides at her old home at Brooklyn.

The early life of Mr. Bacon was spent in Connecticut. His first schooling was in the

public schools of Hartford. In the fall of 1869 he entered Cornell University at Ithaca, New York, being at that time but fifteen years of age. He was graduated at Cornell in 1873. He next read law with the Honorable Rufus P. Spalding, of this city, and in 1876 was admitted to the bar. He at once entered upon a general practice and has met with more than ordinary success, practicing in all the courts, including the United States Supreme Court.

The partnership with M. M. Hobart was formed in 1888. This firm is considered as one of the strong ones of the city. They give especial attention to corporation law, though engaged in general practice.

Mr. Bacon is one of the most prominent Odd Fellows in the State. He is a member of Tyrian Lodge, No. 740, I. O. O. F., and in 1886-'87 he served as Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ohio, being the youngest man ever to hold that position.

Mr. Bacon was married in 1875 to Florence Coman, daughter of Colonel Lucian D. Coman, of New York city. Mr. and Mrs. Bacon have a son, Richard Bacon, Jr.

JOHN BARTHELMAN, a representative agriculturist of the county, was born in Parma township, July 8, 1847, a son of John C. and Johanna (Groll) Barthelman, the former having been born January 27, 1811, the latter January 17, 1822, both of German birth. Subsequent to their marriage, they first settled in Parma, later removing to Rockport township, where Mr. Barthelman died December 16, 1877, and his wife survives. They had six children, four of whom are living, viz.: John, Katie, Frederick and Mary. William and George are deceased. The parents were highly respected and possessed qualities which made them a favorite with a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The subject of this sketch passed the early years of his life upon the farm, being five years old when his parents settled in Rockport township. His education was limited to the common schools, which he attended principally during the winter months. To the business of farming he has devoted his entire life and not without reward, for he owns seventy-five acres of good land, well improved, which by his intelligent cultivation yields abundant harvests

His marriage to Miss Lizzie, daughter of Charles and Mary Haase, in Cuyahoga county, occurred May 6, 1886. They have one child, namely,—Emma Mary, born July 25, 1888.

Mrs. Barthelman was born in Middleburg township, Cuyahoga county, March 17, 1864, and her father died in this county, January 25, 1888.

Mr. and Mrs. Barthelman are acceptable members of the Lutheran Church, and their lives are consistent with their profession.

E. SHRIVER REESE.—One of the best-known and most popular insurance men of Cleveland is Mr. E. Shriver Reese, manager of the Middle Department of the American Employers' Liability Insurance Company.

Mr. Reese was born in Baltimore, Maryland, on September 7, 1858, and is the son of William Smith Reese, who was a director of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company during the war period, and was also Naval Officer of the Port of Baltimore, and subsequently Collector of Customs of the same port.

E. S. Reese graduated from the University of Maryland with honors, and became a member of the Baltimore bar in 1879, before he had attained his majority.

He practiced law in Baltimore until 1890, with success, at which time, after an illness of many months, and finding that during his sickness his practice had been divided among other attorneys, he undertook writing employers' liability insurance as a means of bridging over until he could get his practice together again.

After two months' experience in that line he recognized the larger opportunities afforded by the business, and he decided to make it his permanent occupation for the future. He was given the Baltimore agency for the company he now represents, and such was his success that in less than sixteen months he was promoted five times, and then given the position of manager of the Company's Middle Department, with headquarters in Cleveland.

Since coming to Cleveland Mr. Reese has succeeded in building up a fine business for his company, and has established for himself a reputation both in business and social circles enjoyed by but few men in his or any other line on so short a residence.

Mr. Reese was married on June 2, 1892, to Miss Edith Eugenia Crawford, daughter of James B. Crawford, Esq., president of the Third National Bank of Baltimore.

DOCTOR CHARLOTTE ELIZABETH MURRAY, practicing at No. 526 Prospect street, was born at Niagara Falls, Niagara county, New York, in 1855, daughter of Andrew and Charlotte (Moody) Murray, natives of Canada, the father of Scotch and the mother of Irish extraction. Mrs. Charlotte M. Murray was born on the river Credit in 1833, having been the first white child born in that locality. Mr. and Mrs. Murray now reside at Niagara Falls, New York, Mr. Murray being now at the advanced age of seventy-seven years. His father also lived to an extreme old age, and with his brother, our subject's great uncle, were pioneers in the Hudson's Bay Fur Company, and for ten years they braved the hardships and dangers of pioneer life in a country where their subsistence depended entirely on the products of fishing and hunting. The great-uncle served the Crown during the Revolutionary war.

Dr. Murray received her education at Niagara Falls, and read medicine under Dr. K. Parsons, of Cleveland, graduating in the class of 1890, after three years study a post-graduate course at the Homeopathic Hospital College of Cleveland, Ohio, now the University of Medicine and Surgery. In 1889 Dr. Murray served as assistant in the Woman's Dispensary and was physician in charge of that institution in 1890. She conducted a general medical clinic in the Good Samaritan, and in the Woman's Dispensary in 1892 was physician to the "Open Door" on Erie street during the last year of its existence, and was appointed physician to the new establishment of that name recently opened on Ontario street; she is also a member of the medical staff at the Maternity Home on Huron street, and is a member of the Round Table Club, composed of representative physicians of both sexes in the Homeopathic school.

Dr. Murray is well read in her studies, is progressive and enterprising, a lady of pleasing address, and shows that refinement and culture which are born only of close kinship with books and the best they contain.

In religious matters she is an Episcopalian, and is much interested in rescue and charitable work.

ROBERT McLAUCHLAN is a native of Buchlyvie, Stirlingshire, Scotland. His father, William McLauchlan, was an earnest worker and public advocate of the temperance cause at its commencement there, and later of Galt, Ontario, where he died in the ninetieth year of his age, greatly beloved and widely respected.

The subject of our sketch was for eleven years connected with coal and iron-ore industries at Airdrie, Lanarkshire, Scotland, as manager of the important works of William Fernie Buist & Company. In July, 1851, he married Margaret, daughter of Mr. John McEwan, merchant, Buchlyvie, and widow of Dr. Daniel Kennedy. Three years later, on account of her failing health, and by medical advice, they came to America and settled in Cleveland,

where he has been connected with various enterprises. On the death of David Morris, in 1862, he took charge of that estate as executor, and for many years successfully managed the extensive mining interests of the testator. In 1870 he purchased a home at Flat Rock, Henderson county, North Carolina, where he and his wife spent their winters, and where she died, in March, 1886.

In October, 1892, Mr. McLauchlan was united in marriage to Miss Mary D. Campbell, daughter of Mr. Peter Campbell, of Youngstown, Ohio, whose life has been principally devoted to educational pursuits, having held prominent positions in Cleveland, Portsmouth and Youngstown, Ohio, where for ten years she was preceptress of the Rayen School. Happily she cherishes the same blessed hope of her husband, and together they strive for and in defense of the "faith once delivered to the saints."

Mr. McLauchlan's religious belief is so different from that commonly accepted, and so liable to be misunderstood, that he desires very briefly to say that notwithstanding the early religious training of himself and wife, they were led to believe that "the wages of sin is death," not everlasting torment, and that "the gift of God is eternal life, through Jesus Christ our Lord;" that instead of men being immortal by nature, as taught by pagan philosophers, Christ has commanded his followers to SEEK for immortality. The whole Bible teaching, by direct testimony as well as by analogy and figure, agrees with this. The account of the creation of man, and the penalty attached to the law of Eden proves it, and the object of the expulsion, after the transgression, seals it, as stated in these words: "Now, lest he put forth his hand and take also of the tree of life, and eat and live forever, *therefore* the Lord God sent him forth from the garden of Eden."—Gen. iii, 22.

If man had been immortal by nature, as claimed by popular theology, how absurd to put him under a law having a death penalty attached to it, and equally useless to exclude him from the tree of life, lest by eating of it he should become immortal. The teaching of Christ and his apostles is in entire harmony with this. Paul says, "Christ brought life and immortality to light through the gospel." This sets aside the claim of Socrates and Plato. Their theory, now so commonly accepted, is the myth of science. "Life in Christ" is the truth of the gospel and the fact of Scripture; hence we can understand Paul's masterly reasoning in 1st Corinthians, xvth chapter, where he makes a future life contingent on a resurrection from the dead, and to which he says he is striving to attain.—Phil. iii, 11.

This opposition to the teaching of the religious world naturally isolated Mr. McLauchlan and his wife from the various religious communities, and the result was that weekly meetings were held in their own house till enough of like faith had been gathered to form a little church, which was organized in 1863. From time to time additions were made to their numbers, and now they are known as the "Church of the Blessed Hope," meeting in their commodious building on Woodland avenue, opposite Longwood, of which Mr. Maurice Joblin is the evangelist, who has been abundantly blessed in winning souls to Christ. There are many churches of like precious faith scattered throughout the United States, Canada, Great Britain, Australia, India and other Asiatic countries. Their distinguishing characteristic is a return to the neglected truths of the word of God, which have been buried for ages beneath the rubbish of human tradition. That word teaches life immortal only in and through Christ; the literal destruction of all who reject eternal life on the conditions proposed,—faith and obedience; and the final extinction of all sin, suffering and death from the world, which, purified and renewed, will become the everlasting home of the saints, instead of heaven above the clouds, which is nowhere promised in the Book of God. In this way the character of God is vindicated, the harmony of his word maintained, and his purpose in creation and redemption unfolded.

According to divine testimony, "God is love;" "God is light;" and in him is no darkness at all,"—"a just God and a Savior." Popular theology professes to believe these features in the Divine character, but practically it denies them by teaching that sinners live eternally, and are doomed to endless woe.

As a tribute of gratitude for deliverance from sectarian bondage, and especially from the depressing influence of Calvinism, Mr. McLauchlan desires to put this brief statement on record, hoping that thereby many may be induced to investigate the foundation of their faith, to see whether it stands in the wisdom of men, or the power of God,—the good news of the kingdom of God ere long to be established on the earth according to divine promise.—Dan. vii, 27; Luke i, 32, 33; Rev. v, 9, 10.

GIDEON PEASE, a citizen of Rocky River hamlet, Ohio, was born in Rockport township, this county, November 7, 1837, a son of Solomon and Mary E. (Rodgers) Pease, who were early settlers of Rockport township, emigrating from Chautauqua county, New York, about 1826 or 1827. They died in Rockport township,—the father November 14, 1846, and the mother August 24, 1888. They had five children, of whom Gideon was the third. He came to Cuyahoga county with his parents when about nine years old, and has since continued to reside in Rockport township or Rocky River hamlet, with the exception of three years, when he lived in Erie county, Ohio. He was married in Castalia, Erie county, Ohio, March 20, 1860, to Miss Mary J. Giddings, who was born in Rockport township, September 27, 1841, and is a daughter of the late Calvin and Mary (Bennett) Giddings, who were former residents of Rockport township, but who in the spring of 1859 removed to Erie county, Ohio. Mr. Giddings died in Virginia, while there on business, May 4, 1875, and Mrs. Giddings in Rockport township, December 24, 1890.

Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Pease have had eight children, of whom five are living, namely: Jennie, Lillie, Mabel, Edna and Calvin. Two children died in infancy, and another, Mary E., when thirteen years old.

Mr. Pease filled the office of Township Trustee for some ten years.

FREDERICK HAUSSERMAN, deceased, was for many years one of the respected citizens of Parma township, Cuyahoga county, Ohio. A brief record of his life is as follows:

Frederick Hansserman was born in Wurtemburg, Germany, November 5, 1823, and in his native land he remained until 1846. That year he emigrated to America. Upon his arrival in this country he located in Cleveland, where for some three years he was engaged in the butchering business, and for over a year he ran a meat market there. After this he returned to Europe, remained about eight months, and upon coming back to Ohio settled in Cuyahoga county, on a farm in Parma township. Here he was engaged in agricultural pursuits the rest of his life, in connection with which he also carried on a butchering business for a number of years.

Mr. Hansserman was married in Parma township, May 29, 1850, to Miss Angeline Snell, who was born in Medina county, New York, April 8, 1827, daughter of John J. and Nancy (Thumb) Snell. Her parents came to Cuyahoga county and settled in Parma township in 1834, and here spent the rest of their lives and died. Mr. and Mrs. Hansserman became the parents of eight children, namely: F. A. Eliza, wife of D. M. Johnson, is deceased; Helen L., wife of K. K. Hodgman, resides in Parma township; Sarah L.: Dora M., wife of M. H. Bailey, Parma township; Frederick J. M., married Rinda Fuller, and lives in Brooklyn, this county; William G.; Sherman G.; Angie E., wife of J. L. Stadler, Brooklyn, Ohio.

After an active and useful life, during which he gained the respect and esteem of all who

knew him, Mr. Hausserman passed to his reward, his death occurring June 28, 1891. He was an active member of the German Evangelical Church, and exemplified in his life the teachings of the Christian religion.

J. W. TAYLOR, a retired banker of Cleveland, was born in this city, June 2, 1824, a son of Elisha and Ann (Dunlap) Taylor. The father was a native of Otsego, New York, and was married in that vicinity. He came to Cleveland in 1816, where he was engaged as a general merchant until 1826, and for the following seven years resided on a farm in Cherry valley, New York. He next removed to New York. Mr. Taylor was an ardent temperance worker, and did great good in that line, having organized temperance societies and edited the Temperance Recorder, then the only strictly temperance paper in the State. He returned to Cleveland in 1843, where he followed merchandising four years, and then, in partnership with J. M. Hoyt, embarked in the real-estate business. They purchased out-land tracts, which they converted into lots to suit the purchaser. Mr. Taylor remained in this city until his death, in April, 1861, at the age of seventy-five years. He was a charter member and officer in the Presbyterian Church, and was a member of the building committee of the Euclid Avenue Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Taylor died in this city in 1824, at about thirty years of age. She was also a life-long member of the Presbyterian Church.

J. W. Taylor, the youngest and only survivor of nine children, five of whom died in early life, graduated at Union College in 1843. He afterward clerked in his father's store for seven years, was then employed as bookkeeper in what is now the National City Bank, next removed to the southern part of the State, and for the following fifteen years was engaged in different positions in the bank. During the late war he spent four years in Louisville. Returning to Cleveland in 1866, Mr. Taylor was engaged in the settlement of his father's estate, completing the same in 1893.

In 1847 he was united in marriage with Miss Anna Sexton, and they had one child, Anna, now the wife of George W. Lutton, of Florida. The wife and mother died in October, 1849, at the age of twenty-two years. Mr. Taylor was again married, in 1871, to Belle, a daughter of William Cresling, an attorney of Springfield, Ohio. One child has been added to this union, Edith, attending college at Northampton, Massachusetts. Mr. Taylor is a member of the First Baptist Church. In political matters he is a stanch Republican. Is a thorough scholar, a true gentleman, and enjoys the abiding confidence and respect of his acquaintances for his manly character and unimpeachable integrity.

F. W. TRUMPER, general agent for the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Boston, Massachusetts, has been a resident of the city of Cleveland since 1891. In August, 1892, he associated himself with the company he now represents in eastern Ohio. A man of energy and good business ability, he has extended the operations of his corporation and greatly advanced its interests.

Mr. Trumper is a native of Canada, born at Belleville, April 4, 1844, a son of Richard and Jane (Howe) Trumper. He was reared in the Dominion and received his earlier education there. Later he pursued his studies in Rochester, New York, and in 1863 embarked in business. For eighteen years he gave his attention to the nursery trade, abandoning this enterprise to go into the oil regions of Pennsylvania. There he remained less than two years, going to Philadelphia to enter the employ of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company. He was with this corporation twelve years, filling the position of general agent. At the end of this period he took charge of the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company's business in Ohio, to which he has given the most faithful attention.

He was married in 1869, to Miss Laura M. Mackey, and they have had three children: Fred J., Richard T. and Grace. The family are exemplary members of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church, and Mr. Trumper belongs to the I. O. O. F.

WALSTENE D. PUDNEY was born at Sherburne, Chenango county, New York, February 22, 1846, and from the time he was ten years of age until he was sixteen he worked as a farm-hand summers and boarded at home in the winter, attending the common district school.

In the fall of 1861 he offered his services as a recruit in the Sixty-first New York Infantry, but was rejected on account of his age, and was told by the recruiting officer to go home and grow two or three years. He did not wait, however, that long before he began preparation so as to be of service when his age would permit. He at once began with several others to study the manual of arms, and to drill under the instruction of one of the returned officers of the three-months service. In February, 1863, he enlisted in the Fifth New York Heavy Artillery, and served continuously until August 1, 1865, when he was discharged as First Sergeant of Battery H, same regiment, participating in the many battles of the Army of the Potomac until the summer of 1864. The second battalion of the regiment was detached and sent with General P. H. Sheridan into the Shenandoah Valley, participating in every battle of that year where such brilliant successes made Little "Phil." so famous.

After receiving his discharge he returned home, where he remained until March, 1866, when he went to Fort Dodge, Iowa, and worked at farming, until the Dubuque and Sioux City Railway was extended, when he became a sub-contractor for the building of five miles of that road; at the end of a year his contract was completed and accepted, but he found that the contractors were hopelessly insolvent, and he sold off what personal property he had and mortgaged his land for every dollar he could, and paid his help. When this was done he had $12 in his pocket and two Ohio notes of $320, each turned over as a part of the assets of the contractors above named. He then started for Ohio to see about the value of the two notes, and upon arrival at Columbus, Ohio, found that the maker of the notes was dead and his estate worse than insolvent! He also found that if he expected to reside there he would have to find work, as his available cash was less than a dollar, and that in Uncle Sam's "shin-plasters."

Upon consultation with a policeman he learned that they were building a big sewer near State street and wanted help, at which place he obtained employment, where he worked several weeks. One day when it was too wet to work, he entered the gallery where the House of Representatives was in session and listened to the speeches of the members on the bill then pending which changed in Ohio the rate of interest from ten per cent. to eight per cent. per annum, little thinking that in twenty years he would sit as a member of that same body for two terms. One day, hearing an elderly man say he wanted to hire help on his farm, he hired out to a very large land owner near Plain City, Madison county, Ohio.

In the winter of 1868 he began the study of law, reading Blackstone whenever he could and going to the county seat occasionally to recite and receive instructions. He continued this another year, when he hired out to work only one-half of each week, the remainder of the time being spent in necessary study preparatory to entering the office of some attorney when opportunities were much better. In the spring of 1871 he entered the office of Hon. J. L. Cameron, of Marysville, Ohio, and was admitted to the bar a little over a year later. While in Marysville he served two terms as City Solicitor.

He resigned during the summer of 1877, and came to Cleveland and formed a partnership with Judge A. M. Jackson, where he has

since resided and been engaged in the practice of his profession. He has been also in the occasional employ of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company in the legal department, assisting in buying right of way and settlement of claims, and for the last few years has been in the employ of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company in their legal department.

He was nominated and elected as a member of the Sixty-ninth General Assembly of Ohio in the fall of 1889; renominated and re-elected to the Seventieth General Assembly at the election in the fall of 1891, serving two full terms, during which time he missed no days of any session, and but very few hours of any, and was the champion of the "Australian ballot law" and "good country roads," and was the author of the present most excellent law for building roads in this county by contract instead of the old way of putting money in a mud-hole by taxation and calling it "working the roads."

He has been connected with the following law firms: Jackson & Pudney, Jackson, Pudney & Athey and Pudney & Thieme, and at present is in the law department of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Company.

ST. LE BARON, who has been a resident of Cleveland since 1871, is a New Englander by birth, Montpelier, Vermont, being the place where he first saw the light of day: the date, January, 1835. His father, Apolis Le Baron, descended from Dr. Le Baron, a physician of the French army, who emigrated to America in the seventeenth century. Our worthy subject spent his boyhood and youth among the hills of the Green Mountain State, and at the age of twenty-one years set out for the western frontier. He was accompanied by his brother, William Le Baron, their mission being to erect the Atwater block in this city. In 1857 he entered the employ of the Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railway Company, and for eleven years had charge of a passenger train on this road out of Chicago. He returned to Cleveland in 1871, and embarked in the real-estate business, to which he has since devoted his time and attention. He has been a most active dealer, making several additions to the city and transacting a large brokerage business.

Independent in politics, he casts his suffrage for men rather than promised measures. He has been a member of the Masonic fraternity since 1862.

He was united in marriage, in this city, in 1863, to Miss Jennie McVean, a native of Cleveland. Mrs. Le Baron died in May, 1892, aged fifty years. They had one child, Harold S., who is associated with his father in business. The family residence is at 309 Crawford Road. In religious matters Mr. Le Baron is not pronounced, but has a preference for the expression of faith taught by the Unitarian society.

SU. TARBELL, deceased, for many years a prominent member of the medical profession in Cuyahoga county, is entitled to the space that has been accorded him in this history. He was born in Colchester, New London county, Connecticut, April 17, 1817, a son of Abner and Lucy P. (Jones) Tarbell, and the eldest of three children. The other children bore the names of Leverett and Lucynthia. In an early day the family removed from the Nutmeg State to Ohio, making the journey with wagon and horses. Thirty-four days and nights were consumed in coming to Ohio, but all the hardships and privations of pioneer life were borne with that courage characteristic of the first settlers in an untried country. The father survived to the age of seventy-eight years; the mother died in 1836. The maternal grandfather, Asa Jones, was a soldier in the Revolutionary war and fought in that conflict seven years.

Young Tarbell passed an uneventful youth on his father's farm, attending the short terms of school during the winter. When he began

the study of medicine it was under the direction of Dr. Delamater, of Cleveland. He acquired a thorough knowledge of the science, and after he engaged in practice at Bedford won a large patronage. His death occurred at the age of sixty-two years, ending a useful career.

Dr. Tarbell was united in marriage January 20, 1855, to Lucy A. Gray. Mrs. Tarbell was born at Ravenna, Ohio, in 1824, the daughter of Silas Gray, a native of the State of Connecticut. In his youth Mr. Gray was bound out, and, although he was deprived of the loving care of parents, received a superior education. He was married at Rensselaerville, New York, to Sally Watson, a daughter of Benjamin Watson, and they afterward taught school for some time at Albany. In 1813, they emigrated to the West, settling at Ravenna, Ohio, when that spot was marked by a few log houses. They first settled on the Dr. De Wolf farm, and later removed to the village of Bedford, where Mr. Gray became the host of the "Checkered Tavern," one of the best hotels between Cleveland and Pittsburg. They reared a family of twelve children, seven sons and five daughters. The mother died at the age of seventy years; the father survived to the age of seventy-five. He was a member of the Masonic order, belonging to the blue lodge and chapter.

Mrs. Tarbell is a woman of good business ability, and takes a deep interest in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the village. Of a generous, sympathetic nature, she is ever ready to respond to the cry of the needy, and has a host of friends in all the walks of life.

SANFORD GRAY, a successful farmer of Middleburg township, was born in Euclid, this county, June 2, 1831, and reared in Rockport and Middleburg townships, which have always been his home. For thirteen years he was engaged in running a sawmill, but otherwise he has followed agricultural pursuits and dealt in live stock, being one of the successful men of Cuyahoga county.

He was married in Middleburg township, November 14, 1851, to Miss Sarisa Alexander, a native of Rockport township, and a daughter of Thomas Alexander, deceased. Mr. Gray has held many of the local offices of his township, and is a highly respected citizen.

ROBERT HODGMAN, deceased.—The father of our subject was the late Amos Hodgman, Sr., who came from the State of Maine with his family of wife and seven children, in the autumn of 1821, settling in Parma township, where he died in 1828. Robert Hodgman was born in Lincoln county, Maine, May 20, 1810, and was eleven years old when he came with his father and family to Cuyahoga county. He was reared to manhood in Parma township, agriculture being his chief business, although for several years he owned and operated a sawmill on his farm. He was a quiet and unassuming man, respected by all for his honor and uprightness.

He was married in Parma township, September 16, 1847, to Miss Julia A. Beels, who was born in Royalton township, Cuyahoga county, May 10, 1823, daughter of Abner Beels, deceased, a native of Herkimer county, New York, who came with his family to this county as early as 1821, settling in Royalton township, but in 1825 moved to Parma township, where he resided most of the time till his death. He, as well as his wife, died in Mason, Cass county, Michigan, at the residence of their daughter, Mrs. Harriet E. Stevens.

Robert Hodgman had six children, of whom two died in infancy. The living are: Roderick N., a resident of Parma township; Alice C., wife of B. O. Stroud, of the same township; Kendrick K., who married Helen L. Hauseman and resides in Parma township; and Clarence C., who married Miss Emmet E. Humphries and lives in Parma township. Mrs. Hodgman has been a member of the Presbyterian Church ever since she was sixteen years of age.

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